



ABITURIYENT KUTUBXONASI
2020

OPTIMA 2019

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12

INGLIZ TILI

fanidan mavzulashtirilgan
savollar to'plami



Eng zarur
Eng saviyali
Eng samarali
topshiriqlar

OPTIMA

to'plamida

SPECTRUM

NASHRIYOTI

Oliy o'quv yurtlariga kiruvchilar, akademik litsey
va kasb-hunar kollejlari talabalari hamda umumta'lim
maktablari o'quvchilariga mo'ljallangan

ABITURIYENT KUTUBXONASI

INGLIZ TILI

**fanidan mavzulashtirilgan savollar to'plami
1996–2019**

O'rta umumta'lim maktablari hamda akademik litsey
va kasb-hunar kollejlari o'quvchilari, oliy o'quv
yurtiga kiruvchilar uchun

1. Nouns plurals nouns including irregular plural nouns

1. (01-1-60) Choose the appropriate word for the blank.

When will the ... take place?

- A) married B) marry
C) marriag D) marrying
E) marital

2. (v6-153-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The two missing ... have been found safe and sound.

- A) exploration B) exploring
C) explorer D) explorers

3. (v8-126-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I am watching TV and a good film is interrupted every twenty minutes or so by a series of eight or ten ... I always turn the sound off.

- A) advertisements B) advertised
C) advertising D) advertise

4. (v9-125-6) Choose the right answer.

We would be happy to send you information about our new vacuum cleaners; our leaflets contain a complete ... of the latest models.

- A) description B) describe
C) descriptive D) describing

5. (v11-138-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Many mythological stories tell of heroes' fights with giants or dangerous animals. In one story, the ... fight with a dragon saves a village from destruction.

- A) hero B) hero's
C) heroes D) heroism

6. (v12c-127-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In 1938 Pearl S. Buck became the first American ... to receive the Noble Prize for Literature.

- A) women B) woman's
C) woman D) women's

7. (v14-102-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It is ... right to know what the city is going to do about the housing problem.

- A) people's B) peoples'
C) people D) peoples

8. (v16-114-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most ... work more than ten hours ... at home.

- A) housewives / the day
B) housewives / a day
C) housewives / a day
D) housewife / day

9. (v16-121-13) Choose the right answer.

These ... are of vital importance for considering your work as a good one.

- A) criteria B) criterias
C) criterion D) criterions

10. (v17-101-10) Choose the correct answer.

Do you fancy a game of ... ?

- A) card B) a card
C) the cards D) cards

11. (v17-101-15) Choose the correct answer.

Rainbow is one of the interesting ... of the nature.

- A) phenomena B) phenomenon
C) phenomenons D) phenomenas

12. (v17-102-3) Which of these nouns has identical singular and plural forms?

- A) corps B) corpus
C) crisis D) criterion

13. (v17-102-11) Which of these nouns has identical singular and plural forms?

- A) datum B) deer C) die D) dwarf

14. (v17-103-11) Which of these nouns does not have identical singular and plural forms?

- A) Series B) Sheep
C) Species D) Shelf

15. (v17-103-20) Which of these nouns has identical singular and plural forms?

- A) Memorandum B) Millennium
C) Moose D) Mosquito

16. (v17-104-7) Choose the correct answer.

Six weeks ... a long time to wait for exam results.

- A) is B) were C) are D) has

17. (v17-107-22) Choose the correct answer.

According to the latest ... the birth rate is slowly rising Europe.

- A) date B) data
C) datums D) datas

18. (v18-1) Do you like your new flat? Yes, it's small but it ... my needs perfectly.

- A) settles B) meets
C) supplies D) fills

19. (v19/20-128-17) Choose the correct answer.

Grace is a very absent-minded girl. She is always losing her keys, ... and other small things.

- A) handkerchiefes B) handkerchiefs
C) handkerchieves D) handkerchievs

2. Countable and uncountable nouns

1. (v8-119-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27-28 in the text.

An aerosol is a container in which a (27) ... such as wall paint or perfume (28) ... under high pressure so that it can be sprayed.

- A) liquid B) oil C) water D) food

2. (v8-119-28)

- A) is kept B) were kept
C) is keeping D) are kept

3. (v8-128-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Psychologists have developed many different kinds of tests. A "personality test" is used to evaluate an ... personal characteristics, such as friendliness or trustworthiness:

- A) individuality B) individualize
C) individual's D) individuals

4. (v9-108-19) Choose the right answer.

If you make a good ... at the interview, you will get the job.

- A) impress B) impression
C) impressed D) impressing

5. (v16-117-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He took a ... of cigarettes out of his pocket.

- A) packet B) parcel C) block D) dozen

6. (v17-101-12) Choose the correct answer.

My friend is only twenty five, but he has ...

- A) a little gray hair B) a little gray hairs
C) a few gray hairs D) a few gray hair

7. (v17-101-13) Choose the correct answer.

The day was very stressful and I decided to listen to ...

- A) some music B) some musics
C) any musics D) many musics

8. (v17-104-8) Choose the correct answer.

Mumps ... a series of illness for many older people.

- A) are B) has C) is D) become

9. (v17-104-19) Identify nouns that can be both countable and uncountable.

- A) music, art B) advice, information
C) tea, coffee D) love, news

10. (v19/20-109-13) Choose the correct answer.

How many ... do you have?

- A) childrens' B) childrens
C) childs D) children

11. (v19/20-115-6) Choose the appropriate article.

He had broken the law before the police officer arrived. There was no evidence. That was ... true dishonesty.

- A) - B) a C) the D) an

12. (v19/20-115-10) Choose the correct answer.

- How much ... money do you want?

- Give me ... 10 dollars.

- A) - / - B) a / - C) - / the D) the / a

13. (v19/20-123-8) Choose the correct answer.

In Italy, ... wine is taxed as ... food.

- A) - / - B) the / a
C) - / the D) a / a

14. (v19/20-124-7) Choose the correct answer.

They visited several ... that ...

- A) discos / nights B) discos / night
C) disco / nights D) disco's / night

15. (v19/20-125-10) Choose the correct answer.

... mathematics is well taught at that school.

- A) An B) A C) The D) -

16. (v19/20-126-7) Choose the correct answer.

We've got ... note from the company.

- A) advice B) advices
C) some advices D) an advice

3. Compound nouns

1. (v5-133-35) Choose the right answer.

My daughter's husband is my ...

- A) cousin B) son
C) brother-in-law D) son-in-law E) nephew

2. (v9-116-8) Choose the right answer.

To become an air-hostess I had to attend a ... training course, which included waitressing, swimming and first aid.

- A) three-month B) three-month's
C) three-months' D) three-months

3. (v17-105-9) Which compound noun is not comprised of adverb + verb?

- A) Output B) Overthrow
C) Upturn D) lookout

4. (v17-105-14) Which compound noun is not comprised of adjective + noun?

- A) greenhouse B) blackberry
C) small talk D) breakwater

5. (v18-2) Most conspiracy theories are completely ...believable.

- A) dis- B) im- C) un- D) -

6. (v18-3) They watched a ... on TV last night.

- A) war film B) war's film
C) film about war D) film of war

7. (v18-4) Choose the correct answer. Do you have suitable ... for this job?

- A) piece of experience B) experience
C) some experiences D) experiences

8. (v19/20-101-1) Choose the correct answer.

Would you like to have a ... soup or fish?

- A) drink B) breakfast
C) meal D) chicken

9. (v19/20-108-9) Choose the correct answer.

The road is seventy kilometres. It's a ...

- A) seventy-kilometre road
B) seventy kilometer roads
C) seventy kilometres road
D) seventy-kilometres road

10. (v19/20-115-17) Choose the correct answer.

The banquet tables were decorated with ... in white glass vases.

- A) lily-of-the-valleys
B) lilies-of-the-valley's
C) lilies-of-the-valleys
D) lilies-of-the-valley

11. (v19/20-115-18) Choose the correct answer.

He'd like a job with good ... prospects.

- A) promotes B) promoters
C) promoted D) promotion

12. (v19/20-116-12) Choose the correct answer.

It was a ... selling

- A) shops / videos B) shop / videos
C) shop's / video D) shop / video's

4. Forming the possessive

1. (v7-190-7) The doctor's ... were waiting outside the office.

- A) patients B) patients'
C) patient D) patient's

2. (v8-105-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I borrowed the ... pen to fill in the application form.

- A) secretary's B) secretariat
C) secretaries D) secretary

3. (v8-118-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Texas is a leading producer of petroleum and gas. It's one of the ... largest storage areas.

- A) worlds B) worlds'
C) world D) world's

4. (v8-129-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The ... favourite part of the circus programme was the trapeze act.

- A) child B) childhood
C) children D) children's

5. (v11-149-13) Choose the best answer.

On July 21, 1954, Walt Disney started building his dream park on 160 ... in Anaheim, California, not far from Los Angeles.

- A) acre's B) acre C) acres' D) acres

6. (v12c-108-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This photo was taken in my friend's garden. It was their ... birthday party.

- A) twins' B) twins's C) twins D) twin's

7. (v12c-129-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I got home I found an envelope on the table. In it was a ... card from Aunt Alice for passing my French exam.

- A) congratulations B) congratulation
C) congratulation's D) congratulations'

8. (v12c-146-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When you go to the supermarket can you get four ... chops, a bottle of mineral water, and some eggs.

- A) lambs B) lamb's
C) lamb D) lambs'

9. (v13-133-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I spoke to ... daughter yesterday.

- A) Tim and Mary's B) Tims and Mary's
C) Tim and Mary D) Tim's and Mary

10. (v17-106-3) Choose the right answer.

This is a machine of the tailors.

- A) This is the tailor's machine
B) This is the tailors machine
C) This is the tailors' machine
D) This is the tailors's machine

11. (v17-106-11) Choose the right answer.

This is a book of Francis.

- A) This is Francis's book
B) This is Francis's book
C) This is Francis' book
D) This is the Francis book

12. (v17-107-11) Choose the right answer.

I am bad at drawing, so this all is nice only

- A) in my minds eye B) in my mind's eye
C) in my minds' eye D) in my mind eye

13. (v17-107-20) Choose the right answer.

I hope I'll not be here

- A) in a year's time B) in a years' time
C) in a year' time D) in a year time

14. (v19/20-127-4) Choose the correct answer.

We are going to stay with ... when we are in Navoi.

- A) Kamol's cousin's
B) the cousin of Kamol's
C) Kamol cousin
D) Kamol's cousin

5. Indefinite article a/an

1. (96-1-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

... girl from ... farm came once ... week to help to clean ... house.

- A) A / a / the / the
B) The / a / the / the
C) The / the / a / the
D) The / a / a / a
E) The / the / the / a

2. (96-1-55) Choose the appropriate articles.

We had ... good talk with him about ... weather, ... literature and other things.

- A) - / the / the B) a / the / -
C) a / - / the D) the / the / a E) a / a / -

3. (96-1-56) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... apple ... day keeps ... doctor away.

- A) An / a / the B) An / - / a
C) The / a / a D) A / a / the
E) An / the / the

4. (96-12-58) Choose the appropriate articles.

For ... past hundred years ... parties at their house had been held according to ... same pattern.

- A) a / a / a B) the / the / the
C) the / the / a D) a / the / the
E) the / a / a

5. (96-13-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

One day she left without ... word.

- A) the B) a C) no
D) an E) some

6. (96-13-116) Choose the appropriate article.

France covers ... area of 551 000 sq. km.

- A) the B) a C) is D) an E) one

7. (97-1-61) Choose the appropriate articles.

"... Queen Mary" is one of ... biggest ships in the world.

- A) - / a B) - / the
C) the / the D) - / - E) the / a

8. (97-2-63) Choose the appropriate article.

Uzbekistan is one of ... biggest countries in Central Asia.

- A) a B) the C) an D) - E) any

9. (97-5-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Egyptians and ... neighbouring people cultivated sports many centuries B.C.

- A) the / - B) - / - C) - / the
D) - / a E) a / -

10. (97-9-64) Choose the appropriate articles.

... fog was so thick that we couldn't ... see side of ... road.

- A) A / the / a B) The / - / -
C) The / the / the D) - / the / a E) The / a / a

11. (97-10-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

Once ... pupils of ... fifth form read ... book about Robin Hood.

- A) - / the / a B) a / an / the
C) the / the / a D) an / a / the
E) - / the / an

12. (97-12-8) Choose the appropriate articles.

We had ... very nice meal ... vegetables were especially good.

- A) - / - B) - / the
C) a / - D) a / the E) the / the

13. (97-12-9) Choose the appropriate articles.

... soum is ... currency of Uzbekistan.

- A) a / a B) - / -
C) the / a D) a / - E) the / the

14. (98-3-4) Choose the appropriate article.

Susan should learn to play ... tennis better.

- A) a B) - C) the D) an E) any

15. (98-3-5) Choose the appropriate article.

Let's have ... good breakfast and start the day right.

- A) the B) - C) any D) a E) an

16. (98-3-53) Choose the appropriate articles.

I went to ... school ... two years ago.

- A) the / the B) - / a
C) - / the D) - / - E) a / an

17. (98-4-8) Choose the appropriate articles.

When I lived in Paris some years ago I used to buy ... copy of Le Mond every evening at ... same local newspaper kiosk.

- A) - / - B) a / the
C) a / a D) the / a E) the / the

18. (98-6-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

- Are you afraid of ... him?

- Not ... bit.

- A) the / a B) - / a C) - / -
D) the / - E) an / a

19. (98-6-92) Choose the appropriate articles.

At ... first they began to look for ... dry place.

- A) the / a B) - / a C) a / the
D) an / a E) the / -

20. (98-7-80) Choose the appropriate articles.

... shortest man in ... world and ... tallest man in ... world live in ... Africa.

- A) The / the / the / the / -
B) The / the / - / an / an
C) - / the / - / an / an
D) The / a / - / - / an
E) The / - / - / - / -

21. (98-9-64) Choose the appropriate articles.

She ordered ... fried chicken with ... green salad and black coffee for ... dessert.

- A) - / - / - B) the / - / -
C) an / the / - D) - / a / the
E) a / an / the

22. (98-9-68) Choose the appropriate articles.

There was ... good restaurant near ... cinema and Joan decided to have ... dinner there.

- A) the / a / - B) - / the / -
C) an / - / the D) a / a / the E) a / the / -

23. (99-2-1) Choose the appropriate article.

... sailor I met in the train has crossed ... Atlantic more than ... hundred times.

- A) the / the / the B) a / an / a
C) the / the / a D) a / the / a
E) a / a / a

24. (99-3-6) Choose the appropriate articles.

He died at ... age of seventy-one after ... long illness.

- A) - / the B) an / a C) the / a
D) the / - E) the / the

25. (99-3-7) Choose the appropriate articles.

Then there followed ... couple of ... most delightful hours I have ever spent.

- A) tie / the B) a / a
C) a / the D) the / - E) - / -

26. (99-4-11) Choose the appropriate article.

... third man entered ... room.

- A) - / the B) a / the
C) a / a D) the / the
E) the / -

27. (99-6-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

There was ... man talking to ... woman outside my house. ... man looked English but ... woman was foreign.

- A) a / the / a / the B) the / the / a / a
C) a / a / a / the D) a / a / the / the
E) the / a / the / a

28. (99-6-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

I saw ... film last night. ... film was about ... soldier and ... girl ... soldier was in love with ... girl but ... girl loved ... teacher.

- A) a / a / the / the / a / the / a / the
B) a / the / a / a / the / the / the / a
C) the / a / a / the / the / a / the / the
D) the / the / a / a / a / the / the / the
E) a / the / the / a / a / the / a / the

29. (99-8-12) Choose the appropriate articles.

I was in ... village which is ... suburb of ... New Bedford several years ago.

- A) the / the / - B) a / the / the
C) - / - / - D) a / a / the
E) a / a / -

30. (00-1-23) Choose the appropriate articles.

Article was published in ... Times on April 14th.

- A) The / the / the B) - / the / -
C) The / - / - D) The / the / -
E) An / an / the

31. (00-6-11) Choose the appropriate articles.

... little way off, he saw his wife in ... long chair talking with ... Davidsons.

- A) the / a / an B) - / a / the
C) the / the / the D) a / a / the
E) an / a / the

32. (00-6-12) Choose the appropriate articles.

... captain spoke ... Indian like ... native.

- A) the / - / a B) a / a / an
C) the / the / a D) the / an / -
E) - / - / the

33. (00-9-58) Choose the appropriate article.

He went to ... hospital to visit his brother.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an E) an, a

34. (01-1-74) Choose the appropriate articles.

... museum has 14 doors, which have been made in ... ancient traditional ... style.

- A) the / the / a B) the / the / the
C) the / the / - D) the / an / a
E) a / an / -

35. (01-1-75) Choose the appropriate articles.

It is almost twelve o'clock by ... clock on ... wall.

- A) the / the B) a / a
C) - / the D) the / - E) - / -

36. (01-2-52) Choose the appropriate articles.

I asked who told him ... news, he answered "... gentleman called Mr. Brown".

- A) - / - B) the / a
C) - / a D) the / - E) the / the

37. (01-2-53) Choose the appropriate articles.

Nobody seemed to have heard ... sound of ... shot.

- A) a / a B) - / a
C) the / the D) - / - E) a / -

38. (01-4-38) Choose the appropriate articles.

There is one channel for holders of ... European Community passports, and ... second channel marked "Other Passports at London Heathrow Airport".

- A) - / a B) - / -
C) a / a D) the / the E) - / the

39. (01-5-6) Choose the proper articles.

Do you like ... Navol theatre? By ... way I like it too.

- A) - / a B) the / the
C) the / - D) - / the E) the / a.

40. (01-9-42) Choose the appropriate articles.

Astronomers believe that ... expanding universe is ... result of ... enormous and powerful explosion called the Big Bang.

- A) an / - / the B) the / - / an
C) - / the / - D) the / a / the
E) the / the / an

41. (01-10-2) Choose the appropriate article.

Uncle Ikrom was ... old man with ... white hair.

- A) the / a. B) an / - C) an / the
D) an / a E) the / the

42. (01-10-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Amu-Darya flows into ... Aral Sea.

- A) The / the B) An / an
C) - / - D) The / an E) The / -

43. (01-10-25) Choose the appropriate articles.

Father takes his son to the doctor and says, "... doctor is ... very good and kind man".

- A) a / a B) the / the
C) the / - D) the / a E) - / a

44. (02-2-52) Choose the best answer.

... Man proposes ... God disposes.

- A) - / - B) A / the
C) The / the D) - / the E) The / -

45. (02-3-47) Choose the best answer.

... Swiss Alps are a good place to go if you like skiing. There is usually plenty of ... snow during the winter months.

- A) - / a B) - / the
C) - / - D) The / the E) The / -

46. (02-4-37) Choose the best answer.

A few years ago ... crew of ... Japanese fishing-boat were rescued from ... wreckage of their boat in the sea of Japan.

- A) the / a / the B) a / a / the
C) the / the / the D) a / a / a
E) the / the / a

47. (02-4-38) Choose the best answer.

... Koran is ... holy book of ... Islam.

- A) - / a / - B) the / a / -
C) the / the / - D) a / a / -
E) - / the / -

48. (02-8-30) Choose the best answer.

... Christmas is ... most colourful holiday of ... year.

- A) The / the / - B) - / the / -
C) A / - / tie D) - / the / the
E) - / - / -

49. (02-10-22) Choose the best answer.

... main duty of ... present generation is to preserve ... peace.

- A) A / a / - B) The / the / -
 C) The / a / the D) The / the / the
 E) A / a / the

50. (04-1-51) Choose the right answer.
 He'd like to express his gratitude for ...
 advice you gave me. It was ... good piece of
 advice.

- A) an / a B) the / a
 C) an / the D) the / - E) - / the

51. (v4-102-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

In 1991 ... independence of ... Uzbekiston
 was proclaimed.

- A) - / the B) an / an
 C) the / the D) the / -
 E) - / -

52. (v4-110-2) Choose the best answer.
 What ... beautiful pictures!

- A) a B) - C) an D) very E) the

53. (v4-111-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

It's ... pity that my birthday comes only once
 ... year.

- A) a / a B) - / a C) a / -
 D) an / the E) the / a

54. (v4-115-17) Choose the appropriate articles.

A lot of tourists go on excursions to ...
 ancient towns of ... Uzbekiston.

- A) - / the B) a / - C) an / -
 D) the / the E) the / -

55. (v4-120-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

There was ... man talking to ... woman
 outside my house. ... man looked English but
 ... woman was foreign.

- A) a / a / a / the B) the / a / the / a
 C) a / the / a / the D) a / a / the / the
 E) the / the / a / a

56. (v4-121-32) Choose the appropriate article.

To call ... spade ... spade.

- A) a / - B) - / the
 C) a / a D) - / an E) a / the

57. (v4-128-36) Choose the appropriate articles.

She ought to marry ... American or ...
 Portuguese.

- A) an / a B) an / a
 C) a / a D) the / a E) the / the

58. (v4-130-27) Choose the appropriate articles.

I have ... idea to go on ... hiking as far as ...
 Black Sea.

- A) a / a / the B) an / - / the
 C) an / a / - D) - / - / a
 E) the / the / the

59. (v6-141-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The doctor said ... child must eat ... apple
 ... day.

- A) a / - / a B) the / - / a
 C) a / an / the D) the / an / a

60. (v6-145-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Oh look! That man's just missed his train.
 What ... pity!"

- A) a B) so
 C) the D) such a

61. (v6-154-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The British national anthem is called "God
 save ... Queen".

- A) a B) an C) - D) the

62. (v6-156-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He was ... only child in their family.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

**63. (v7-168-9) I was afraid of cold but it
 was ... summer night and ... fine weather.**

- A) a / - B) - / a C) a / a D) the / the

**64. (v7-183-2) This is a beautiful painting.
 Do you know who's ... artist?**

- A) the B) - C) an D) a

**65. (v7-188-2) - I am so glad we left early.
 ... music in that disco was terrible, don't you
 think?**

- A) The B) An C) - D) A

66. (v8-114-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

One evening she was in such ... hurry to get
 there on time that she had ... accident.

- A) a / a B) the / an C) a / an D) - / the

67. (v8-115-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tommy wants to be ... engineer when he
 grows up. He wants to follow his father's
 footsteps.

- A) the B) an C) a D) -

68. (v9-106-21) Choose the right answer.
 I've got to go to the doctor's. I've got ...
 appointment this afternoon.

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

69. (v9-110-21) Choose the right answer.
 Michael felt hot and thirsty. "Peggy, can I
 have ... glass of water, please", he asked his
 daughter.

- A) - B) a C) an D) the

70. (v9-117-8) Choose the right answer.
 He was elected president to ... five year term.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

71. (v9-125-16) Choose the right answer.
 Though Sarah is rich now, I remember
 ... time when she worked in a restaurant,
 washing dishes.

- A) any B) a C) - D) some

72. (v10-101-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most mirrors are made from ... glass to which
 a thin layer of silver or aluminium is applied.

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

73. (v10-104-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The TV news report says that ... oil tanker
 spilled oil into the sea, damaging wildlife.

- A) the B) an C) - D) a

74. (v10-106-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There is a splendid view of ... Lake Geneva
 from this hotel.

- A) - B) a C) an D) the

75. (v10-110-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Could you pass me ... salt, please?

- A) the B) an C) - D) a

76. (v10-122-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you see a man standing near the door? I
 saw him ... other day driving a big red Porsche.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

77. (v10-129-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I am in a hurry. Turn to the left in High Street
 and drive me to ... East End", I ordered
 taking my seat in a taxi.

- A) an B) the C) - D) a

78. (v10-130-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Practically old people have no very important
 advice to give ... young.

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

**79. (v11-146-1) A group of farmers were
 sitting in a village house, and among ... other
 things they began talking about echoes.**

- A) a B) an C) - D) the

80. (v11-150-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He was running and carrying not only his
 box, but somehow balancing ... full tray of
 papers on his arm.

- A) the B) an C) - D) a

81. (v12z-101-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I've noticed that ... Spanish eat a lot of
 vegetables.

- A) the B) an C) a D) -

82. (v12z-104-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

That's the last time I go to ... horror film. I was
 scared to death watching those monsters.

- A) a B) an C) the D) -

83. (v12z-121-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Please, close the window. It is very cold in
 the street. I am ... cold.

- A) the B) an C) - D) a

84. (v12c-102-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll have to convince him that I'm telling ... truth.

- A) the B) - C) an D) a

85. (v12c-121-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We wanted to look round ... church, but it
 was locked.

- A) some B) - C) a D) the

86. (v12c-139-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Animals used to come out of the jungle into
 the village. ... morning I woke up to see a
 tiger walking across my garden.

- A) The B) A C) Some D) One

87. (v12c-143-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The islands were discovered by the Dutch.
 Their motherland, the Netherlands, used to
 be ... sea loving nation.

- A) an B) at C) the D) a

88. (v12c-154-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If you keep a horseshoe in your house, it'll
 bring you ... luck!

- A) - B) a C) an D) the

89. (v12c-154-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The planet that circles the sun most rapidly
 is ... Mercury, which makes a full circuit in
 87,6 days.

- A) some B) a
 C) - D) the

90. (v12c-155-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I travel overseas, ... sleep becomes a big problem for me.

- A) a B) the C) - D) an

91. (v12c-158-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I don't believe you. I think you are telling ... lie.

- A) the B) - C) a D) an

92. (v13-121-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The biggest bird in the world, ... ostrich, can kill a person with one kick.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

93. (v13-134-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She has traveled all over ... British Isles, France and the Netherlands.

- A) the B) a C) an D) -

94. (v14-115-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. They used to go to the valley at ... dawn and there they enjoyed observing the sun rise.

- A) a B) some C) - D) the

95. (v14-116-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. If you keep a horseshoe in your house, it'll bring you ... luck!

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

96. (v15-102-1) Choose the correct answer. Yes, it's ... wonderful news. Congratulations!

- A) a B) the
C) an D) -

97. (v15-124-2) Choose the correct answer.

Is ... Times a daily newspaper?

- A) a B) that C) the D) -

98. (v17-108-8) Choose the correct answer.

My close friend Mark Nicolson was awarded with ... honorary degree last week.

- A) the B) a C) an D) -

99. (v18-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I didn't want to eat any supper because I had such ... big dinner.

- A) an B) - C) a D) the

100. (v18-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The fairy tale begins on ... quiet afternoon at the end of July.

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

101. (v19/20-103-3) Choose the correct answer.

It was ... expense that we had never even thought about.

- A) - B) any C) a D) an

102. (v19/20-103-15) Choose the correct answer.

That was ... interesting game. I used to play it from ... morning till evening.

- A) an / - B) a / the
C) - / the D) the / -

103. (v19/20-106-1) Choose the correct answer.

We need to buy ... football for the game tonight.

- A) the B) a C) - D) an

104. (v19/20-107-18) Choose the correct answer.

He has ... great ability to present all in ... very diplomatic way.

- A) - / the B) a / the
C) the / the D) a / a

105. (v19/20-111-18) Choose the correct answer.

Sara, bring ... umbrella. It is going to rain.

- A) these B) an C) a D) -

106. (v19/20-112-3) Choose the correct answer.

Yesterday evening Brian and Mary went out for ... meal.

- A) - B) an C) the D) a

107. (v19/20-112-16) Choose the correct answer.

They went to ... hall and replaced ... draperies.

- A) the / - B) the / the
C) a / a D) - / a

108. (v19/20-113-5) Choose the correct answer.

It was ... unusual request of theirs.

- A) an B) a C) - D) the

109. (v19/20-115-1) Choose the correct answer.

There was ... faded photograph and ... ash-tray on ... desk.

- A) the / a / the B) a / - / -
C) a / a / a D) a / an / the

110. (v19/20-116-10) Choose the correct answer.

I generally read ... paper of some sort on the train.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

111. (v19/20-116-11) Choose the correct answer.

My parents always have ... TV on too loud.

- A) - B) the C) a D) some

112. (v19/20-119-2) Choose the correct answer.

John has ... appointment in ... afternoon.

- A) the / the B) an / the
C) - / an D) a / the

113. (v19/20-123-7) Choose the correct answer.

It was ... expense that we had never even thought about.

- A) an B) a C) - D) any

114. (v19/20-123-9) Choose the correct answer.

This movie was ... huge success.

- A) the B) - C) a D) an

115. (v19/20-123-10) Choose the right answer

... European was accused of stealing money

- A) A B) The C) - D) An

116. (v19/20-124-12) Choose the correct answer.

Let's go to ... park to admire the nature.

- A) - B) an C) the D) some

117. (v19/20-126-11) Choose the correct answer.

Presently ... Browns arrived. They brought with them ... small child and ... dog.

- A) the / a / a B) a / a / -
C) - / the / the D) the / - / a

118. (v19/20-126-15) Choose the correct answer.

I cannot understand how ... person like him can be elected ... chairman.

- A) the / a B) an / the
C) a / - D) - / -

6. Definite article the

1. (96-6-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

Jack London, ... great American novelist, was born in ... city of San Francisco and spent ... first years of his life there.

- A) the / a / a B) an / a / the
C) the / an / a D) a / the / the
E) the / the / the

2. (96-8-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Covent Garden Theatre is famous with ... best English singers and dancers.

- A) a / an B) - / the
C) the / - D) the / the E) a / the

3. (96-8-60) Choose the appropriate articles.

Helen passed ... entrance exams to ... Institute with ... excellent marks.

- A) a / the / the B) the / the / -
C) an / an / the D) - / a / the
E) the / a / -

4. (96-9-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

Italy is in ... South of ... Europe, isn't it?

- A) an / a B) the / -
C) the / the D) the / an E) an / the

5. (96-9-60) Choose the appropriate article.

They went on ... expedition to ... North.

- A) a / the B) an / the
C) - / the D) the / the E) the / a

6. (96-13-117) Choose the appropriate article.

... Penguins live in the South Pole.

- A) a B) an C) s D) the
E) some

7. (96-13-171) Choose the appropriate articles.

... new production of ... "War and Peace" by Bondarchuk is ... first-class.

- A) A / - / the B) The / the / -
C) - / - / the D) The / - / -
E) The / - / a

8. (96-15-165) Choose the appropriate articles.

There are many interesting collections in ... Tower of ... London.

- A) a / the B) - / a C) the / -
D) an / the E) the / the

9. (97-1-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

When will ... next bus be? ... next will be tomorrow morning.

- A) - / - B) the / The C) a / A
D) a / The E) the / A

10. (97-2-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

Many tourists go on ... excursion to ancient towns of ... Uzbekistan.

- A) an / - B) the / -
C) - / the D) the / the E) a / -

11. (97-2-64) Choose the appropriate articles.

... capital of Uzbekistan is Tashkent ... old and beautiful city.

- A) - / an B) - / -
C) the / the D) the / an E) the / -

12. (97-3-60) Choose the appropriate article.

They took part in ... demonstration in ... Independence Square.

- A) - / the B) a / a
C) the / - D) - / - E) the / the

13. (97-6-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

I remember an episode in ... my life when I had to spend ... month in the country.

- A) a / - B) the / a
C) - / an D) - / a E) an / the

14. (97-7-4) Choose the appropriate article.

... Sahara is in the northern part of Africa.

- A) - B) a C) an D) the E) any

15. (97-11-6) Choose the appropriate article.

Washington is situated on ... Potomac River in ... District of Columbia.

- A) - / - B) the / -
C) - / the D) the / the E) a / an

16. (97-12-22) Choose the appropriate articles.

Stella is ... nurse. She looks after ... patients in ... hospital.

- A) a / the / the B) the / - / -
C) a / - / - D) the / the / the
E) a / - / a

17. (98-2-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

Did you come by ... air? No, I came by ... sea. I had a lovely voyage on ... Queen Elizabeth II.

- A) an / the / the B) - / - / the
C) an / a / a D) the / the / the
E) - / - / a

18. (98-3-54) Choose the appropriate articles.

My aunt lived on ... ground floor of ... old house on ... River Thames.

- A) the / an / the B) - / the / a
C) the / the / - D) - / an / the
E) a / an / a

19. (98-4-9) Choose the appropriate articles.

... idea of helping ... man was unpleasant in itself.

- A) - / the B) The / the
C) The / a D) - / - E) A / a

20. (98-5-8) Choose the appropriate articles.

... night being sharp and frosty, we trembled from ... foot to ... head.

- A) The / the / the B) The / - / -
C) A / - / - D) - / a / a
E) - / - / -

21. (98-5-10) Choose the appropriate articles.

On ... bright January morning ... telephone kept ringing in my office.

- A) the / the B) a / the
C) - / - D) - / the E) the / -

22. (98-6-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

R. Peary was ... famous American polar traveller. He was ... first to reach ... North Pole in 1909.

- A) a / the / the B) the / the / -
C) a / the / a D) - / the / -
E) an / the / a

23. (98-6-53) Choose the appropriate articles.

Where there's ... will, there's ... way.

- A) a / a B) - / -
C) the / the D) a / the E) the / a

24. (98-7-14) Choose the appropriate articles.

... most favourite game is cricket, which is called by ... English "... greatest game in ... world".

- A) the / the / the / the B) the / a / the / the
C) - / the / - / the D) a / the / - / the
E) the / an / - / the

25. (98-7-81) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Moon has no ... light. It is bright because ... Sun shines on it.

- A) The / - / the B) The / a / the
C) A / the D) The / the / the
E) A / an / the

26. (98-9-67) Choose the appropriate articles.

Kate had ... meat with ... vegetables for ... second course.

- A) - / - / the B) a / the / -
C) the / a / the D) - / an / -
E) an / - / a

27. (98-10-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Severn is ... longest river in Great Britain.

- A) The / the B) - / the C) The / a
D) The / - E) A / the

28. (98-11-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

New Year is one of ... oldest holidays in ... world.

- A) - / the B) the / - C) an / the
D) the / the E) the / a

29. (99-3-8) Choose the appropriate articles.

During ... World War II there perished more people than during ... Civil War.

- A) the / the B) the / a
C) - / a D) - / the E) the / -

30. (99-3-9) Choose the appropriate articles.

... letter written by John in ... pencil is difficult to read.

- A) the / the B) - / -
C) the / - D) a / a E) a / -

31. (99-5-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Brooklyn Bridge goes over ... East River.

- A) the / the B) - / the
C) a / the D) the / - E) - / -

32. (99-6-3) Choose the appropriate articles.

We went out for ... meal last night ... restaurant we went was excellent.

- A) a / the B) the / a C) a / a
D) the / the E) - / the

33. (99-6-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

Did ... police find ... person who had stolen your car?

- A) a / the B) the / the C) a / a
D) the / a E) - / the

34. (99-7-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

Would you rather live in ... town or in ... country?

- A) - / a B) a / the
C) the / - D) the / the
E) a / a

35. (99-7-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

You can get a vaccination against ... measles and ... polio.

- A) the / - B) - / - C) the / the
D) - / the E) the / a

36. (99-7-7) Choose the appropriate articles.

... French spoken in ... Quebec is different from ... French spoken in Paris.

- A) - / - / - B) the / - / the
C) - / the / - D) the / the / -
E) a / - / a

37. (99-8-8) Choose the appropriate articles.

... man who is paid to drive and look after ... private motor-car is called ... chauffeur.

- A) - / the / the B) a / a / a
C) the / the / a D) the / a / the
E) the / the / the

38. (99-8-9) Choose the appropriate articles.

Don't sit in ... draught; you'll catch ... cold.

- A) - / - B) a / the
C) the / a D) - / a E) the / -

39. (99-9-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

Did you receive ... letter I sent you from ... Netherlands.

- A) a / - B) the / -
C) the / the D) - / - E) an / the

40. (99-10-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

- Betty is not well today.

- Oh, that's ... pity. What's ... matter? It isn't ... flu, is it?

- A) a / a / a B) a / the / the
C) the / the / a D) the / the / the
E) a / a / the

41. (00-3-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

You should visit ... Science Museum when you are in ... London.

- A) a / - B) the / -
C) - / - D) - / the
E) the / the

42. (00-3-6) Choose the appropriate articles.

When we were in Washington D.C., we visited ... White House, ... Lincoln Memorial, and ... Smithsonian Museum.

- A) - / the / - B) the / - / the
C) - / - / - D) - / - / the
E) the / the / the

43. (00-3-9) Choose the appropriate articles.

Professor Smith teaches ... course on ... literature of ... Middle Ages.

- A) a / the / the B) a / a / the
C) a / the / a D) a / - / the
E) a / - / a

44. (00-4-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

Today is ... May first ... last month was April.

- A) the / the B) - / The
C) the / - D) a / - E) - / -

45. (00-5-3) Choose the appropriate articles.

There is a sitting-room, a bedroom and a study in our flat ... study is ... small room with ... bookshelves on ... walls.

- A) a / a / the / the B) the / the / the / the
C) - / a / - / the D) a / the / - / -
E) the / a / - / the

46. (00-5-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

At ... weekends ... Londoners often go to ... Brighton.

- A) the / the / - B) - / the / the
C) - / - / - D) - / the / -
E) - / - / the

47. (00-7-6) Choose the appropriate articles.

... aeroplanes are ... popular means of travel.

- A) the / the B) the / a
C) - / a D) - / the E) - / -

48. (00-8-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

Young doctor: Why do you always ask your patients what they have for ... dinner? Old doctor: It's ... most important question, for according to their menus I make out my bill.

- A) - / the B) the / the
C) a / - D) the / a E) - / -

49. (00-9-3) Choose the appropriate articles.

Yesterday we were at ... meeting organized by ... organisation ... "Kamolot".

- A) - / - / the B) a / - / the
C) - / the / - D) the / the / the
E) a / the / -

50. (00-9-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

Did you know that ... Hawaiian Islands were seized by ... United States and made ... colony in 1898?

- A) - / the / the B) the / the / the
C) the / - / - D) the / the / a
E) the / the / -

51. (00-10-6) Choose the appropriate articles.

Don't stay in ... sun for ... long time: you'll get sunburnt.

- A) a / the B) the / -
C) - / the D) the / a E) a / -

52. (01-1-51) Choose the appropriate articles.

There are, on ... average, over 700000 fires ... year in homes and apartments in ... United States.

- A) the / a / the B) the / - / the
C) on / the / the D) - / a / the
E) the / a / -

53. (01-2-54) Choose the appropriate articles.

She has ... perfect command of ... English language.

- A) a / - B) the / -
C) the / the D) - / the E) a / the

54. (01-3-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

Between ... Bronze Age and about ... 6th century BC, Britain was inhabited by Picts and European Celts.

- A) a / the B) the / the C) - / the
D) - / a E) the / -

55. (01-3-4) Choose the appropriate articles.

... region of present-day Uzbekistan was ... site of the ancient Persian province of Sogdiana.

- A) The / the B) A / the C) A / -
D) A / a E) The / a

56. (01-4-56) Choose the appropriate articles.

At the moment Anna is staying with a cousin in Putney, ... suburb of London ... two girls do not get on well together.

- A) a / The B) the / - C) the / A
D) - / The E) the / The

57. (01-5-4) Choose the proper articles.

I like ... music by Shostakovich. Dasha likes ... same music.

- A) - / - B) a / - C) the / the
D) - / the E) a / a

58. (01-6-3) Choose the appropriate articles.

... town towards which we are moving is ... one 1 used to live in.

- A) the / - B) the / a C) - / -
D) the / the E) a / -

59. (01-7-3) Choose the appropriate articles.

... ignorance is like ... delicate exotic fruit: touch it and the blume is gone.

- A) - / the B) An / the C) - / the
D) - / a E) The / the

60. (01-7-6) Choose the appropriate articles.

I own ... house in ... Belgrave Square.

- A) a / - B) the / the C) the / -
D) - / - E) a / a

61. (01-8-1) Choose the appropriate articles.

... war is as old as ... mankind.

- A) A / the B) The / the C) - / the
D) - / - E) - / a

62. (01-9-44) Choose the appropriate articles.

Forty percent of ... drugs, are derived from ... plants and most of those come from ... tropical rain forests and from ... Amazon.

- A) the / - / a / - B) - / - / the / the
C) a / a / the / a D) - / the / - / an
E) the / the / the / -

63. (01-10-3) Choose the appropriate articles.

... first thing we must do is to have some food and then go out for ... long walk.

- A) A / the B) The / a C) the / the
D) A / a E) The / -

64. (01-11-5) Choose the appropriate articles.

Everybody knows that ... ships don't stop at Ata, but once ... Mary Jane suddenly changed her course and went towards the island.

- A) - / the B) the / -
C) a / the D) the / a E) - / -

65. (01-11-22) Choose the appropriate articles.

... ground was still quite wet after ... rain.

- A) The / the B) - / the
C) A / the D) The / a
E) The / -

66. (01-12-11) Choose the appropriate articles.

Braille is ... system of reading and writing by touch for ... blind.

- A) the / - B) a / -
C) a / the D) a / a E) the / the

67. (01-12-13) Choose the appropriate articles.

... Golden Gate Bridge connects ... San Francisco with ... Mann County.

- A) - / the / - B) The / - / -
C) The / - / the D) - / - / the
E) A / - / -

68. (02-2-50) Choose the best answer.

... nuclear threat is frightening.

- A) The B) A C) An D) - E) Those

69. (02-4-40) Choose the best answer.

In 1519 ... Portuguese navigator, Ferdinand Magellan, persuaded ... Spanish king to pay for an expedition to explore ... Pacific Ocean.

- A) a / the / the B) a / a / the
C) - / a / the D) the / a / the
E) the / the / -

70. (02-7-1) Choose the best answer.

He had left his hat on the table, ... tall hat, in which he always went to ... church.

- A) a / the B) the / a
C) the / - D) a / the E) - / the

71. (02-7-59) Choose the best answer.

... tiger has always had ... reputation of being ... man-eater.

- A) A / a / a B) A / the / the
C) The / the / a D) The / a / the
E) - / a / a

72. (02-8-31) Choose the best answer.

... most common type of ... celebration is ... New Year Party.

- A) The / a / the B) The / - / a
C) - / the / a D) The / - / -
E) - / - / -

73. (02-10-17) Choose the best answer.

... foot of Edinburgh is ... Leith, from, where trade is carried on with Baltic and European parts.

- A) A / - B) The / a C) - / the
D) - / - E) The / -

74. (02-10-19) Choose the best answer.

"This is not ... cattle market, this is ... bridge of the Imperial State Destroyer" he said at last.

- A) the / - B) a / a
C) a / - D) - / - E) the / the

75. (02-10-24) Choose the best answer.

... Mount Cook, the crown of ... New Zealand Southern Alps, rises to 3756 meters above the surrounding land.

- A) The / a B) - / a
C) - / the D) - / - E) The / the

76. (03-2-8) Choose the best answer.

... Ulschaks are buying rather ... expensive flat and have to put down ... deposit.

- A) The / an / a B) The / a / -
C) - / an / the D) The / the / the
E) A / - / an

77. (03-10-1) Choose the best answer.

Do you know that ... Sudan is in Africa, ... Saudi Arabia in Asia, and ... Netherlands in Europe?

- A) - / - / - B) - / the / -
C) - / the / the D) the / - / the
E) - / - / the

78. (04-1-31) Choose the right answer.

The problem of ... unemployed has not been solved in ... India yet.

- A) an / - B) the / - C) - / the
D) the / the E) an / the

79. (04-1-35) Choose the right answer.

... life is difficult for ... poor.

- A) - / - B) a / the
C) the / a D) - / the E) the / -

80. (04-1-44) Choose the right answer.

Toshkent is in ... North of Uzbek Republic. ... Bozsou River flows through it.

- A) - / - B) the / - C) - / The
D) a / - E) the / The

81. (04-1-52) Choose the right answer.
... traffic of Toshkent is awful - particularly m
... centre of the city.

- A) - / a B) A / the
C) A / - D) - / the E) The / the

82. (05-1-55) Choose the appropriate articles.

My son, ... sooner you go in for sports, ...
stronger you will be.

- A) - / a B) the / a C) - / -
D) the / the E) the / -

83. (v4-107-17) Choose the right answer.

A lot of participants of the Bank Forum
stayed in ... Intercontinental Hotel. They
visited ... Amir Temur Museum.

- A) - / the B) the / the
C) - / - D) - / a
E) the / -

84. (v4-111-17) Choose the appropriate article. ... coal is ... mineral.

- A) the / the B) - / a
C) a / a D) - / - E) a / the

85. (v4-118-17) Choose the appropriate articles.

Susan sat down at ... piano and played ...
same piece that she had played yesterday.

- A) the / the B) the / - C) a / a
D) the / a E) a / the

86. (v4-124-17) Choose the appropriate articles.

If you live in ... foreign country you should try
and learn ... language.

- A) - / a B) the / a C) a / the
D) the / the E) - / -

87. (v4-125-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

Olim picked up ... nut from ... hole.

- A) a / the B) an / a
C) an / the D) the / an E) a / an

88. (v4-126-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

In England ... Severn is ... longest river.

- A) the / a B) - / a C) the / the
D) the / - E) - / the

89. (v4-127-2) Choose the appropriate articles.

Ann bought ... new type of ... coffee.

- A) - / a B) a / -
C) - / the D) a / a E) the / a

90. (v5-152-13) Choose the appropriate articles.

"... boy is all right", his mother said in ... low
voice.

- A) A / the B) The / - C) The / a
D) The / the E) - / the

91. (v5-158-2) Choose the best answer.

... editor looked through ... translated article.

- A) an / the B) a / a
C) the / a D) a / - E) the / the

92. (v6-124-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... old woman in ... picture seemed familiar
to me.

- A) a / an B) - / the
C) an / a D) the / the

93. (v6-140-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Tate Gallery is ... main modern art
museum in ... London.

- A) - / - B) a / - C) the / D) the / the

94. (v6-146-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Psychiatrists spend a lot of time studying ...
mind. So do ... psychologists.

- A) a / - B) the / -
C) the / the D) a / the

95. (v6-151-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They always honor ... memory of their
grandfather killed in ... World War II.

- A) the / - B) a / -
C) a / the D) the / the

**96. (v7-162-9) There are many deserts
all over the world Sahara is one of the
biggest deserts in the world.**

- A) The B) - C) A D) An

**97. (v7-177-2) She was quite familiar with
... literature and ... history.**

- A) - / - B) - / the
C) a / a D) the / the

**98. (v7-182-2) - Oh, you look really good.
Did you have ... good time in the country?
- Oh, yes. ... weather was absolutely great.**

- A) a / - B) the / The
C) the / A D) a / The

**99. (v7-184-2) On Sunday our family went
to ... country for a picnic.**

- A) an B) the C) a D) -

**100. (v8-101-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentences.**

I'm fond of ... painting, especially
landscapes. ... Levitan picture is hanging in
my living-room.

- A) a / The B) - / A
C) the / The D) - / The

**101. (v8-104-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

In the north of ... Scotland there is a very
famous lake - ... Loch Ness. It is not the
largest lake in Britain, but it is thirty-five
kilometres long.

- A) the / the B) the / -
C) - / the D) - / -

**102. (v8-108-14) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentences.**

In 1860, a man called Russell started the Pony
Express. First of all he bought six hundred
horses. Then he found men to ride them. Next
he organized stations every ten or fifteen miles
along the route. At these stations ... riders and
horses could get food and rest. So the Pony
Express was started. On a 1960 USA stamp
there is ... picture of a Pony Express rider,
galloping on his way.

- A) - / the B) the / -
C) the / the D) the / a

**103. (v8-122-14) Choose the answer
which**

correctly completes the sentences.

Of course he's having difficulty in catching
up with ... rest. He's been in ... hospital for
three months.

- A) - / - B) the / the
C) the / a D) the / -

**104. (v8-124-1) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**
Venice ... north of Italy. It stands on 118
islands.

- A) - B) some
C) the D) a

**105. (v8-124-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

Of course he's having difficulty in catching
up with ... rest. He's been in ... hospital for
three months.

- A) - / - B) the / the
C) the / a D) the / -

**106. (v8-128-14) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

When I went to visit her, I was shocked to
find her wrapped in bandages from ... head
to ... toe.

- A) - / - B) the / the
C) the / a D) - / the

**107. (v8-129-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

Some people like studying at ... night,
whereas others find the early morning is ...
good time to get things done.

- A) - / a B) the / a
C) the / the D) a / -

**108. (v8-130-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

About a thousand years ago there were
very few people living in ... British Isles
Towns and villages were very small and in ...
countryside people lived far from each other.

- A) the / the B) - / -
C) - / the D) the / -

109. (v9-115-16) Choose the right answer.

I wish I could speak English like ... English

- A) an B) a C) - D) the

110. (v9-128-6) Choose the right answer.

Many people emigrated to the United States
because they saw it as ... land of opportunity.

- A) - B) a C) the D) some

**111. (v10-105-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

- Why were you late for your meeting?
- Well, I took a taxi from the airport, and ...
driver got completely lost.

- A) a B) - C) an D) the

**112. (v10-107-21) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

The island was named by a Dutch explorer
who landed there on ... Easter Day in 1722.

- A) the B) a C) - D) an

**113. (v10-114-7) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

After a fortnight of bad weather it cleared.

"Let's see how the weather turns out", he
said and look a chair nearer at ... hand.

- A) a B) an C) the D) -

**114. (v10-118-2) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

I have been playing ... flute for ten years.
It is one of the romantic musical instruments
I have known.

- A) some B) a
C) the D) -

**115. (v10-120-21) Choose the best
answer.**

Did you watch yesterday's TV programme?
It was about a man who got lost in ... Sahara
Desert

- A) an B) a C) - D) the

**116. (v10-123-15) Choose the answer
which correctly completes the sentence.**

It is accepted that the formation of ... Sun,
the planets, and other stars began with the
condensation of an interstellar cloud.

- A) any B) the
C) a D) -

117. (v10-127-2) Choose the best answer.

At a cost of 17 million dollars, Walt Disney gave his park rivers, waterfalls, mountains, moon-rockets and ... Mississippi river boat.

A) an B) a C) - D) the

118. (v12z-102-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You can get on the boat at Westminster Bridge near ... Houses of Parliament.

A) - B) some C) the D) a

119. (v12z-115-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People who live in glass houses shouldn't throw stones.

A) - B) some C) the D) a

120. (v12c-116-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I've got an idea. Let's go to ... new Greek restaurant in Main street.

A) - B) an C) the D) some

121. (v12c-122-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

How many hours do you work on ... average every week?

A) the B) an C) a D) -

122. (v12c-137-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most people celebrate ... Thanksgiving Day by gathering with family or friends for a holiday feast.

A) - B) a C) some D) the

123. (v12c-138-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you think they'll ever send a spaceship with a man to ... Venus?

A) some B) a C) the D) -

124. (v12c-146-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mountain ranges vary in age. The Alps are only fifteen million years old but ... Highlands of Scotland are 400 million years old.

A) a B) - C) the D) some

125. (v12c-156-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I wasn't an ideal child, soon my parents lost ... patience and sent me to my granny.

A) the B) - C) an D) a

126. (v13-106-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Benjamin Franklin said that ... turkey should be the national bird of the Americans.

A) the B) a C) an D) some

127. (v13-131-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mark and Susan met during their holiday in Sweden. It was love at ... first sight.

A) - B) the C) an D) a

128. (v14-110-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm so glad. This trip to the Urals is ... once-in-a-lifetime opportunity

A) an B) the C) - D) a

129. (v14-113-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mountain ranges vary in age. The Alps are only fifteen million years old, but ...

Highlands of Scotland are 400 million years old.

A) some B) a C) the D) -

130. (v15-102-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They used to go to the valley at ... dawn and there they enjoyed observing the sun rise.

A) a B) the C) some D) at

131. (v15-117-21) Choose the best answer. ... airplane has made the world ... small place.

A) The / a B) The / the C) An / a D) An / -

132. (v15-126-9) Choose the correct answer.

Have you ever climbed ... Alps in winter?

A) that B) - C) an D) the

133. (v15-127-3) Choose the right answer.

They must have ... second race to decide who is the real winner.

A) the B) a C) some D) such

134. (v15-128-10) Choose the best answer.

A friend of mine, who is a Frenchman by nationality, told me a lot of interesting things about ... French.

A) - B) an C) the D) a

135. (v16-129-11) Shakespeare was skilled in ... art of poetry.

A) - B) the C) a D) an

136. (v17-101-1) Choose the best answer.

... dawn is ... perfect time for jogging.

A) A / the B) - / - C) The / the D) The / a

137. (v17-102-16) Choose the correct answer.

... Hermitage is one of ... richest art museums in ... world.

A) The / the / the B) A / the / the C) - / the / the D) The / the / a

138. (v17-103-9) Choose the correct answer.

Environmentalists are making efforts to save ...

A) the whale and a panda.
B) whale and panda.
C) the whale and the panda.
D) a whale and a panda.

139. (v17-104-5) Choose the correct answer.

Our office is in ... centre of ... city.

A) the / the B) a / the C) the / - D) an / -

140. (v17-108-4) When you press ... button, ... screen appears.

A) - / - B) the / the C) a / a D) the / -

141. (v17-108-19) Choose the correct answer.

Mrs. Pandey was such ... good speaker that she held the students' attention every minute of ... two-hour lecture.

A) a / a B) a / the C) - / - D) a / -

142. (v18-7) Could you get ... drinks when you go to the shops, please?

A) - B) any C) the D) a

143. (v18-8) Could you get ... drinks when you go to the shops, please?

A) - B) an C) a D) the

144. (v18-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you know who invented ... fridge?

A) a B) - C) the D) an

145. (v18-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She'll have to persuade him that she's telling ... truth.

A) a B) the C) an D) -

146. (v19/20-101-2) Choose the correct answer.

... chocolates which I ate last night tasted very strange.

A) An B) A C) The D) -

147. (v19/20-101-17) Choose the correct answer.

Brian is ... cleverest person I know.

A) a B) - C) an D) the

148. (v19/20-102-8) Choose the correct answer.

We are waiting until we get back all ... replies to our request.

A) - B) a C) the D) an

149. (v19/20-104-15) Choose the correct answer.

My neighbour will be ... next to answer.

A) - B) a C) the D) an

150. (v19/20-105-10) Choose the correct answer.

Excuse me, but I need to answer ... phone.

A) a B) - C) the D) an

151. (v19/20-106-4) Choose the correct answer.

... highways are free of ice, but I am worried about ... bridges being slippery.

A) - / the B) - / - C) The / the D) the / -

152. (v19/20-111-15) Choose the appropriate articles.

... rich will never understand ... poor.

A) the / the B) a / a C) the / a D) a / the

153. (v19/20-111-17) Choose the correct answer.

I contacted ... agency that I had seen advertised in a trade journal.

A) some B) a C) the D) -

154. (v19/20-127-9) Choose the correct answer.

I couldn't hear her because of ... noise of the train.

A) a B) an C) the D) -

155. (v19/20-128-16) Choose the correct answer.

In autumn the school re-opened. ... same students came to George's classes.

A) A B) An C) The D) -

7. Article with common nouns

1. (02-2-49) Choose the best answer.

Our team is ... third in the standings.

A) - B) the C) a D) an E) on

2. (02-10-20) Choose the best answer.

The words echoed through ... Luke's mind, all ... way back to ... Coroscant.

A) - / - / - B) the / a / - C) - / the / - D) a / - / a E) - / a / a

3. (02-10-29) Choose the best answer.

Mother cut ... bread with ... care, then put it into the box with other food.

A) - / a B) a / the C) the / the D) the / - E) - / the

4. (02-12-1) Choose the best answer.

The road to ... prison was blocked by ... policemen.

- D) the / - B) - / the C) the / the
A) - / - E) a / the

5. (03-10-2) Choose the best answer.

Scientists have discovered that ... drug which lowers cholesterol could prevent ... third of all heart attacks and strokes, and save thousands of lives ... year.

- A) the / a / the B) the / the / a
C) a / a / a D) the / the / the
E) a / the / a

6. (04-1-58) Choose the best answer.

Sanobar has got ... bad cold and she has to keep ... bed for some days.

- A) a / a B) a / -
C) a / the D) the / a E) the / the

7. (v4-101-2) Choose the best answer.

Tom sat down on ... chair nearest ... door.

- A) the / - B) - / -
C) a / the D) the / the E) a / a

8. (v4-114-17) Choose the best answer.

You are ... very person I need.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an E) that

9. (v5-117-13) Choose the best answer.

They always honour ... memory of their grandfather killed in ... World War II.

- A) an / the B) the / the
C) a / the D) the / - E) the / a

10. (v5-137-18) Choose the best answer.

The United States of America ... a federal state consisting of 50 states, every of them ... different.

- A) is / is B) am / is C) was / being
D) are / are E) were / was

11. (v5-155-13) Choose the best answer.

Once ... Mary Jane suddenly changed her course and went towards ... island.

- A) the / an B) the / -
C) the / the D) a / an
E) the / a

12. (v7-163-9) I am not surprised that Mike is in ... prison. He robbed ... bank two years ago.

- A) - / the B) the / - C) - / a D) a / the

13. (v7-181-9) In 1905 ... revolt broke out on the Potemkin, one of ... battleships of the Black Sea Fleet.

- A) a / - B) a / the
C) the / the D) the / -

14. (v9-101-4) Choose the right answer.

Olaf is a Finn. I don't speak Finnish and so can't talk to him.

- A) a B) the C) - D) an

15. (v9-116-10) Choose the right answer.

The energy that the body needs at different ... times in our lives changes and is different for males and females

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

16. (v9-120-3) Choose the right answer.

He was running and carrying not only his ... box, but somehow balancing a full tray of papers on his arm.

- A) the B) - C) a D) this

17. (v15-110-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I think that before the plan is carried out, it must be studied in ... detail.

- A) the B) an C) - D) a

18. (v16-102-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. ... election had to be held again after it was found ... result was rigged.

- A) the B) an C) - D) a

- A) an / a B) an / the
C) the / the D) the / a

19. (v16-103-10) Choose the best answer.

Susan recovered from her illness and is now out of ... danger.

- A) the B) an C) a D) -

20. (v16-105-19) Choose the right answer.

We don't go to ... theatre very much these days. In fact, in ... town where we live there is isn't ... theatre.

- A) the / the / the B) a / the / the
C) the / the / a D) a / the / -

21. (v16-110-16) The only thing we could do, was to go to ... clothes shop.

- A) a B) the C) - D) such a

22. (v16-111-7) She was ... company director when she went to London.

- A) the B) - C) an D) a

23. (v16-116-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Did you hear ... noise just now? No, I didn't hear anything.

- A) the B) an C) a D) -

24. (v16-120-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. - Do you have ... pen I could borrow? - Yes, I have two. ... black one and ... green one.

- A) a / The / the B) a / - / -
C) - / A / - D) a / A / a

25. (v16-123-8) Choose the correct answer. Thank you for such ... precious advice.

- A) a B) the C) an D) -

26. (v16-126-6) Choose the correct answer. The situation in France is critical. ... president needs to do something.

- A) The B) A C) Some D) An

27. (v16-127-20) It is not as good ... place, as it used to be.

- A) I B) the C) an D) a

28. (v16-130-19) Choose the best answer. Mr. Black ate ... whole meat pie last night, so he's feeling sick now.

- A) some B) a C) the D) -

29. (v17-101-14) Choose the correct answer. I left ... school at 17, went to university and got ... degree in ... economics.

- A) the / - / the B) - / a / the
C) a / a / an D) - / a / -

30. (v17-102-18) Choose the correct answer. Simon learned to play ... violin when he was at ... university.

- A) a / - B) the / - C) - / the D) the / the

31. (v17-103-10) Choose the correct answer. I don't think that ... life has changed a lot in the last year.

- A) an B) - C) a D) the

32. (v17-104-10) Choose the correct answer. ... English drink more ... tea than any other nation.

- A) An / - B) The / - C) The / a D) - / -

33. (v17-105-2) Choose the correct answer. I don't usually have lunch but I always eat ... good breakfast.

- A) a B) - C) the D) such

34. (v17-106-6) Choose the correct answer. Jane comes from ... Netherlands but she studies in ... Paris.

- A) - / the B) the / -
C) the / the D) - / -

35. (v17-107-9) Choose the correct answer. George has ... part-time job. He works three mornings ... week.

- A) a / - B) the / a C) a / a D) a / the

36. (v17-108-5) Choose the correct answer. They say ... sugar is bad for you.

- A) The B) A C) - D) An

37. (v17-109-9) Choose the correct answer. As ... unemployment is very high at the moment, it's very difficult for people without working experience to find ... work.

- A) an / the B) an / a C) - / - D) the / a

38. (v17-109-14) Choose the correct answer. - You remember my brother Bruno? - ... one who has always been afraid of ... cockroaches.

- A) - / the B) The / -
C) The / the D) - / -

39. (v17-109-15) Choose the right answer. ... most people in this area suffer from lungs deceases.

- A) The B) A C) - D) Of the

40. (v17-110-3) Choose the right answer. He could not answer the question even though he read the article from ... to ... bottom.

- A) - / - B) the / the C) a / a D) the / -

41. (v17-110-11) Choose the right answer. The only thing I am afraid of is talking to the murderer ... face to ... face.

- A) - / - B) the / the C) a / a D) the / -

42. (v17-110-23) Choose the right answer. The young couple were walking ... hand in ... hand.

- A) - / - B) the / the C) a / a D) the / -

43. (v17-111-3) Choose the right answer. I organize charity concerts for ... deaf.

- A) the B) - C) a D) about

44. (v17-111-11) Choose the right answer. Scientists have recently proved ... influence of ... alcohol on human's body.

- A) The / - B) The / the
C) An / the D) The / an

45. (v17-111-20) Choose the right answer. Don't use the bottle as ... vase.

- A) the B) - C) an D) a

46. (v17-112-8) Choose the right answer. ... woman looked angrily at ... her husband.

- A) - / - B) - / the C) the / - D) the / the

47. (v17-112-19) Choose the right answer. ... doctor examined ... patient meticulously.

- A) The / the B) a / a
C) the / a D) the / -

48. (v17-112-24) Choose the correct answer. This old house is going to be used as a shelter for ... poor.

- A) a B) any C) the D) -

49. (v17-113-18) Choose the correct answer. As he approached Cleopatra's Needle he saw ... man leaning over ... parapet.

- A) the B) a C) an D) a

- A) an / a B) a / the
C) a / - D) - / -

50. (v17-114-16) Choose the correct answer.

There was ... interesting article about our school in ... local newspaper.

- A) an / - B) - / the C) the / a D) an / a

51. (v17-116-23) Choose the correct answer.

Professor Walter, ... man who discovered ... new drug that everyone is talking about, refused to give ... press conference.

- A) the / - / a B) the / the / a
C) - / a / a D) a / a / a

52. (v17-117-3) Choose the correct answer.

Is ... happiness of ... majority more important than ... rights of the individual?

- A) the / - / - B) - / - / -
C) a / - / a D) the / the / the

53. (v17-120-5) Choose the correct answer.

... most philosophers seem to think that ... life is ... mystery.

- A) The / the / a B) - / a / -
C) The / a / - D) - / - / a

54. (v17-122-19) Choose the correct answer.

There is in ... life without ...

- A) the B) an C) a D) -

55. (v17-124-5) Choose the correct answer.

The company promised ... good salary for the right person.

- A) - B) an C) a D) the

56. (v17-125-2) Choose the correct answer.

I've invited five people to ... business lunch. Out of ... five people, only Mr. Lee and Ms Kerry could come, ... others couldn't.

- A) a / a / an B) an / - / -
C) the / the / - D) a / the / the

57. (v17-128-12) Choose the correct answer.

Joseph Conrad ... famous English novelist, couldn't speak English until he was 47.

- A) - B) the C) an D) a

58. (v17-129-8) Choose the correct answer.

I live in ... single-parent family and my mother is ... only person who takes care of me.

- A) the / the B) a / the
C) - / the D) a / an

59. (v17-130-18) Choose the correct answer.

We had to hold ... second competition to make up a decision who would be the best student.

- A) an B) the C) - D) a

60. (v18-11) You can't buy ... happiness.

- A) - B) a C) the D) any

61. (v18-12) You can't buy ... happiness.

- A) - B) a C) the D) any

62. (v18-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

May I drive you to ... university? It's on my way.

- A) - B) the C) some D) a

63. (v18-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

For those of you new to the company, this leaflet is full of ... valuable information.

- A) an B) A C) - D) the

64. (v18-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They used to go to the valley at ... dawn and there they enjoyed observing the sun rise.

- A) a B) the C) - D) some

65. (v18-16) Choose the correct answer.

They suggested going to ... cinema, but I preferred to go for ... walk.

- A) the / a B) - / -
C) the / the D) a / a

66. (v18-17) Choose the correct answer.

Did you see ... man that I told you about?

- A) an B) a C) - D) the

67. (v18-18) Choose the correct answer.

All ... children of the boarding school were in ... bed.

- A) the / the B) - / a
C) the / - D) - / the

68. (v18-19) Choose the correct answer.

His office was in ... fine, gay, busy, little street.

- A) the' B) a C) an D) -

69. (v18-20) Choose the correct answer.

I have ... information that ... group will be interested in.

- A) the / a B) - / -
C) an / the D) some / the

70. (v19/20-103-6) Choose the correct answer.

I don't use ... sugar when I'm cooking.

- A) a B) the C) an D) -

8. Articles with proper nouns

1. (v11-111-7) Every year, thousands of students come to Cambridge from overseas to study ... English.

- A) the B) - C) a D) an

2. (v11-114-2) I disagree with saying that ... British are not very friendly.

- A) the B) an
C) - D) a

3. (v14-111-12) The price of petrol has gone ... again; the cost of running a car is increasing.

- A) out B) without
C) up D) into

4. (v17-101-6) Choose the correct answer.

«I am in ... hurry. Turn to ... left in ... High Street and drive me down to ... East End», I ordered taking my seat.

- A) a / the / the / the B) - / - / - / -
C) the / a / the / an D) a / the / - / the

5. (v17-102-13) Choose the correct answer.

I am reading ... Agatha Christie at the moment.

- A) a B) an C) the D) -

6. (v17-103-24) Choose the correct answer.

Mike: I work in ... Dona's Pub. And you?

Brian: I work in ... White Bear. It's also a pub.

- A) - / the B) the / -
C) an / a D) the / the

7. (v17-104-12) Choose the correct answer.

In 1929, three years after his flight over ... North Pole, ... American explorer R.E. Byrd successfully flew over ... South Pole for ... first time.

- A) the / an / the / a B) the / the / the / the
C) the / the / - / the D) - / the / the / -

8. (v17-105-7) Choose the correct answer.

... Luigi's restaurant is between ... Albany Hotel and ... Jimmy's Wine Bar in Cambridge Road.

- A) - / an / - B) A / the / -
C) The / - / - D) - / the / -

9. (v17-106-10) Choose the correct answer.

... Titanic, a British steamer, sank in the North Atlantic in 1912.

- A) The B) A C) One D) -

10. (v17-107-10) Choose the correct answer.

... Guardian is my father's favourite newspaper.

- A) A B) The C) An D) -

11. (v17-108-10) Choose the correct answer.

Well, I saw Azamat the other day and he was driving ... big red Porsche.

- A) an B) a C) - D) the

12. (v17-109-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Last summer our company organized a trip to ... Sahara Desert.

- A) the B) an C) a D) -

13. (v17-112-4) Choose the correct answer.

... is in danger of becoming extinct.

- A) The panda B) A panda
C) Panda D) Pandas

14. (v17-113-9) Choose the correct answer.

My close friend Ian Nicholson is a graduate of ... Harvard School of Business.

- A) - B) a C) an D) the

15. (v17-113-14) Choose the right answer.

They agreed to meet anywhere but ... High Street.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

16. (v17-113-15) Choose the right answer.

It is very difficult to survive in ... Sahara desert.

- A) the B) a C) - D) An

17. (v17-114-3) Choose the right answer.

... Victoria Falls is a waterfall in southern Africa.

- A) The B) A C) - D) An

18. (v17-114-11) Choose the right answer.

Unlike ... Kamchatka, ... Balkan Peninsula does not belong to one country.

- A) - / the B) The / the
C) The / - D) - / -

19. (v17-114-23) Choose the right answer.

... Capitol Hill, in addition to being a metonym for the United States Congress, is the largest historic residential neighborhood in Washington.

- A) The B) A C) An D) -

20. (v17-115-3) Which of these names should be written with the definite article «the»?

- A) Cape Horn
B) Cape Chelyuskin
C) Cape of Good Hope
D) Cape Canaveral

21. (v17-115-11) Which of these names should be written with the definite article «the»?

- A) Lake Michigan B) Lake Ontario
C) Utah Lake D) Great Salt Lake

22. (v17-115-20) Choose the right answer.

... Kilauea volcano is a currently active shield volcano in the Hawaiian Islands, and

the most active of the five volcanoes that together form the island of Hawaii.

- A) The B) A C) An D) -

23. (v17-116-4) Choose the right answer. - It is ... Berdiyev who came to see us three days ago.

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

24. (v17-116-8) Choose the right answer. ... Rome of ... 15th century was not yet ... capital of Italy.

- A) The / the / the B) - / the / a
C) The / the / - D) - / - / the

25. (v17-116-19) Choose the right answer. I must ask ... Mother for a permission.

- A) an B) a C) the D) -

26. (v17-120-10) Choose the correct answer. ... Prime Minister's residence is at ... Downing Street 10, close to the Whitehall.

- A) The / a B) - / the
C) The / - D) A / -

27. (v19/20-123-17) Choose the correct answer. Do your parents still live in ... Vermont?

- A) - B) an C) a D) the

9. Articles with nouns in set expressions

1. (v15-103-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Can you drive me to ... university? Is it on your way?

- A) a B) - C) the D) some

2. (v16-111-18) Choose the correct answer. They went to ... Philippines on their honeymoon.

- A) - B) a C) the D) into

3. (v16-115-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You must visit ... Science Museum when you are in London.

- A) - B) the C) a D) an

4. (v17-101-18) Choose the right answer. We presented our countries at ... beginning of ... conference.

- A) the / a B) the / -
C) the / the D) a / the

5. (v17-101-22) Choose the right answer. Each book has ... grain of ... truth.

- A) the / a B) the / -
C) the / the D) a / -

6. (v17-101-23) Choose the right answer. He was the best captain over on ... land and ... sea.

- A) - / - B) the / the C) a / a D) the / -

7. (v17-117-9) Choose the correct answer. «You are driving too fast.» «Sorry, I'm...»

- A) hurrying B) must be hurry
C) in hurry D) in a hurry

8. (v17-117-14) Choose the correct answer. Love is ... way of life, happiness is ... aim of it.

- A) the / the B) a / the
C) - / - D) a / an

9. (v17-118-3) Choose the correct answer. As ... rule, Margot goes for a walk before bedtime.

- A) a B) the C) - D) an

10. (v17-119-11) Choose the right answer.

Pupils are on ... point of ... sitting entrance exams.

- A) the / a B) the / -
C) the / the D) a / the

11. (v17-119-20) Choose the right answer.

Where is my bag?

It's in ... middle of ... room.

- A) the / a B) the / -
C) the / the D) a / the

12. (v18-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Would you please, close the door. It is very cold in the street. I am ... cold.

- A) the B) An C) a D) -

13. (v18-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm so glad. This trip to the Urals is ... once -in -a - lifetime opportunity.

- A) - B) an C) a D) the

14. (v18-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The hall in our institute was long and it was lit from ... end to end with neon lights.

- A) the B) a C) - D) an

15. (v18-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The survival of some large mammals is being put at ... risk by global warming and other disasters.

- A) a B) an C) - D) the

16. (v18-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Babur went down the stairs making two steps at ... time.

- A) a B) some C) the D) -

17. (v19/20-114-14) Choose the correct answer.

This writer has ... sharp eye for detail.

- A) an B) - C) a D) the

10. Personal pronouns / Objective pronouns

1. (96-1-14) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

He didn't take many clothes with ... - only a few skirts.

- A) them B) him C) his D) your E) ours

2. (96-8-68) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Did the students come to ... classes yesterday earlier than the teacher did, or later?

- A) her B) my C) their D) its
E) him

3. (96-8-70) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

How much time does ... spend on ... homework?

- A) we / our B) he / his
C) me / her D) them / their
E) her / she

4. (96-9-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

But now we are both happy and we love ...

- A) us B) each one
C) everyone D) each other
E) another

5. (96-15-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Father watched ... crossing the street.

- A) he B) we C) him
D) yourself E) himself

6. (96-15-67) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... met ... in the street and ... told ... all about it.

- A) They / him / he / me
B) He / him / them / they
C) They / him / he / them
D) He / them / she / him
E) She / her / he / them

7. (97-1-14) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Next year famous Toscanini came to the town to see Dr. Smith again. But ... couldn't find

- A) she / him B) they / her
C) he / her D) she / her
E) he / him

8. (97-1-69) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

- Where is the hen?

- ... is sitting on ... nest.

- A) She / hers B) He's / his
C) She's / her's D) It / its
E) It's / his

9. (97-2-75) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

The work done by ... is very important.

- A) lie B) she C) we D) they
E) you

10. (97-3-13) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

"What has Ann?" "... has a very nice cat".

- A) We B) It C) She D) He
E) Them

11. (97-5-13) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I have a cat ... is very nice.

- A) you B) they C) it D) its E) who

12. (97-9-74) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... friend is going to make a report today ... say ... will be very interesting.

- A) My / he / it B) Her / we / its
C) His / they / it D) Our / she / he
E) Your / it / it

13. (97-11-14) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... read the book and ... took it to the library.

- A) He / me B) I / he
C) You / her D) She / her
E) We / them

14. (98-2-15) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... say that he is leaving ... native town tomorrow.

- A) he / his B) we / us C) they / his
D) she / his E) I / him

15. (98-2-16) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I have found ... lost pen. I don't need ...

- A) his / me B) we / they
C) her / its D) your / it
E) your / them

16. (98-4-17) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

... was not a marriage that could last.

- A) My B) Her
C) Them D) Theirs E) Our

17. (98-5-18) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... was evident that ... wanted ... to drop the subject, ... I did accordingly.

- A) She / she / I / who B) I / she / me / that
C) It / she / me / which D) They / theirs / me
E) That / us / him / -

18. (98-6-82) Choose the appropriate pronouns to the underlined words.

The eighth of March is Women's Day.

- A) It / their B) It / her C) It / his
D) It / our E) She / her

19. (98-10-15) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

When Peter told ... about ... I didn't believe ...

- A) her / her / her B) they / me / them
C) him / it / her D) me / it / him
E) as / you / her

20. (99-2-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Did ... want ... to help ...?

- A) you / he / her B) you / me / them
C) they / her / he D) them / her / he
E) he / his / him

21. (99-2-14) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I've never heard ... speak to ...

- A) she / he B) them / they
C) her / him D) they / him
E) you / they

22. (99-8-23) Choose the proper pronouns.

- Please, stay a little while.

- Of course, mum, ... was going to suggest

- A) he / it / myself B) we / us / ourselves
C) it / it / itself D) I / it / myself
E) she / us / myself

23. (00-2-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

If ... has a high temperature, she will stay at home.

- A) I B) they C) she D) you E) we

24. (00-6-21) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

To most of ... a tomato is a vegetable.

Botanists classify ... as a fruit.

- A) her / it B) our / her
C) them / she D) us / it
E) him / he

25. (01-1-56) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Before the committee took a stand on the issue, ... went into the matter carefully by taking ... member's opinion into account.

- A) its / every B) they / them
C) he / his D) it / each
E) it / others

26. (01-2-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

The manner in which the old man was groping ... way towards ... made me realize that he was blind.

- A) my / him B) his / himself
C) his / me D) our / me E) my / us

27. (01-4-7) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

He came to see ... off ... was very kind of ...

- A) her / when / me B) him / who / me
C) his / whom / him D) me / which / him
E) me / whose / him

28. (01-6-14) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

- Did ... watch the football match between ... institute and the University?

- Yes, I did ... was great fun.

- A) we / our / it B) you / our / it
C) they / their / he D) he / his / it
E) I / his / I

29. (02-2-7) Choose the best answer.

I'm fond of young Toddy. ... is a great charm about the boy. ... was Lucy who told his address.

- A) He / she B) There / there
C) It / there D) It / it
E) There / it

30. (02-3-22) Choose the best answer.

Jane nearly burst into angry words but ... managed to pull ... together in time.

- A) she / herself B) she / himself
C) she / yourself D) he / himself
E) we / herself

31. (02-5-11) Choose the best answer.

"Well, it is just as ... have been telling ... Mr. Holmes", said Wilson wiping ... forehead.

- A) we / us / her B) you / you / his
C) I / you / his D) they / his / his
E) he / him / his

32. (02-7-10) Choose the appropriate pronouns to replace the underlined words.

Send John the money.

- A) him / them B) he / it
C) he / them D) him / it
E) his / they

33. (02-10-41) Choose the best answer.

When mother entered the room, ... was ... again.

- A) we / herself B) them / their
C) he / ourselves D) it / myself
E) she / herself

34. (03-6-40) Choose the best answer.

Why haven't ... bought ... cheese?

- A) she / any B) we / no
C) you / some D) you / any
E) he / some

35. (03-6-41) Choose the best answer.

If ... calls, ask ... to wait for ...

- A) somebody / him / it
B) anyone / them / me
C) we / us / anything
D) something / her / we
E) someone / anybody / some

36. (04-1-108) Choose the right answer.

The pupil on duty will inform ..., if ... happens.

- A) our / something B) us / something
C) us / anything D) we / something
E) our / anything

37. (04-1-110) Choose the right pronouns.

He will let ... know if ... calls you.

- A) you / somebody B) you / anybody
C) your / anybody D) your / somebody
E) anybody / you

38. (04-1-115) Choose the best answer.

If ... applies for a job, tell ... to fill in an application.

- A) somebody / they B) somebody / them
C) anybody / them D) anybody / him
E) somebody / their

39. (04-1-117) Choose the best answer.

If ... takes pears from my garden, I shall punish ...

- A) somebody / their B) anybody / them
C) somebody / them D) anybody / their
E) anybody / they

40. (04-1-121) Choose the best answer.

If ... of us comes earlier, ... makes supper.

- A) some / they B) any / her
C) any / she D) some / her
E) some / we

41. (04-1-122) Choose the best answer.

If you see ..., give ... love to them.

- A) anybody / me B) anybody / my
C) somebody / me D) anybody / I
E) somebody / I

42. (04-1-126) Choose the best answer.

If you are fond of ... of books by this author, you may order ... in our library.

- A) some / they B) any / it
C) any / them D) any / its
E) some / its

43. (04-1-127) Choose the best answer.

If ... asks for this newspaper, tell him that ... has been taken.

- A) anybody / they B) anybody / them.
C) anybody / it D) somebody / them
E) somebody / they

44. (04-1-128) Choose the best answer.

If ... of the pupils asks the principle, tell ... that he is at the Ministry.

- A) any / he B) some / her
C) some / his D) any / him
E) any / his

45. (04-1-130) Choose the best answer.

If you have ... new records, give ... to me, please.

- A) any / them B) any / their
C) some / their D) some / it
E) some / they

46. (04-1-131) Choose the best answer.

If he has ... new video films, he will give ... to me.

- A) some / their B) any / them
C) any / they D) any / their
E) some / they

47. (v4-101-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Leave the girls alone.

- A) them B) us C) they D) its E) us

48. (v4-107-4) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Will ... please give me your pen.

- A) you B) them C) he D) him E) she

49. (v4-112-27) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

She told ... to help ...

- A) he / me B) we / her
C) me / her D) your / me
E) you / they

50. (v4-113-4) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... are going to give Kate and Bob a washing-machine for ... wedding.

- A) we / their B) we / her
C) they / his D) you / your
E) I / her

51. (v4-114-4) Choose the best answer.

I'm not going to do it for ... can do it.

- A) them / them / they
B) he / I / myself
C) him / he / herself
D) you / you / yourself
E) you / you / yours

52. (v4-115-20) Choose the best answer.
If ... has ... questions, I'll be pleased to answer ...

- A) anything / any / them
B) everybody / every / its
C) somebody / any / him
D) anyone / any / them
E) Anybody / some / its

53. (v4-117-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun to complete the sentence.
Rose put the map in front of ...

- A) he B) she C) him D) my E) they

54. (v4-118-4) Choose the appropriate pronouns.
I used to do ... lessons with ... friends.

- A) our / ours B) his / him
C) his / me D) hers / her
E) my / my

55. (v4-118-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.
Let ... take ... bag, please.

- A) her / your B) I / my
C) his / her D) me / him
E) him / -

56. (v4-120-20) Choose the proper pronouns.
He felt ... becoming irritated by ... words.

- A) myself / that B) who / which
C) itself / them D) them / theirs
E) himself / her

57. (v4-122-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun.
After the Colonel's death it was necessary to have the diamond valued.

- A) it B) your C) him D) their E) his

58. (v4-125-25) Choose the appropriate pronouns.
"I'm going out with my friend", she said. She said that ... was going out with ... friend.

- A) they / their B) we / our
C) I / my D) you / your
E) she / her

59. (v4-126-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.
- Oh! Look, is that ... book over there?

- No, it isn't ... , it's ...
A) my / yours / mine B) ours / your / mine
C) your / my / yours D) mine / my / yours
E) your / his / my

60. (v5-108-12) Choose the best answer.
Mr. John made the boy promise not to steal money any (longer) more.

- A) it / it B) him / its
C) him / it D) his / it E) he / it

61. (v5-138-16) Choose the best pronoun.
The waitress brought a tray with many things: Knives, plates, forks, spoons, napkins.

- A) it / them B) her / its
C) she / he D) she / it E) he / it

62. (v5-145-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.
A friend of ... came to see ... on Sunday. I was repairing ... bicycle.

- A) me / me / a bicycle B) ours / them / his
C) my / me / mine D) our / we / a
E) mine / me / my

63. (v5-153-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun.
Although Margaret has several assistants during her long investigations of Samoa the bulk of the research was done by ... alone.

- A) her B) her's
C) she D) hers E) herself

64. (v5-155-4) Choose the best pronoun.
Are ... standing here for a long time? - No, I have just come. I'm waiting for my sister. ... must have gone to a language lab.

- A) he / you B) it / they
C) I / he D) you / she
E) they / we

65. (v5-156-4) Choose the best answer.
I'm sure Mike and Ann will get married soon. Mike fell in love with Ann.

- A) they / she / he B) he / she / he / her
C) they / he / she D) they / he / her
E) they / him / her

66. (v7-174-3) Don't do everything for ... , he must learn to do things for ...

- A) her / herself B) me / him
C) himself / him D) him / himself

67. (v8-104-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The crowd at the soccer game was huge ... exceeded 100,000 people.

- A) Its B) It C) They D) She

68. (v8-125-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We know ... well. They are friends of ...

- A) her / him B) them / ours
C) she / hers D) they / theirs

69. (v8-126-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In the first six months of 2006 ... Londoners left 5,874 mobile phones in taxis.

- A) they B) - C) a D) these

70. (v8-128-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
They live in the country ... house isn't big, but ... is comfortable.

- A) Their / its B) They / it
C) Their / it D) They / he

71. (v8-130-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Pubs are an important part of life in Britain, but ... aren't open to everyone.

- A) it B) he C) they D) its

72. (v9-101-19) Choose the right answer.
The earth's environment is getting worse ... say that the ozone layer is being depleted more and more every year.

- A) its B) they C) it D) she

73. (v9-102-10) Choose the right answer.
I forgot to take the spaghetti out of the water and ... went soft.

- A) he B) it C) they D) she

74. (v9-113-19) Choose the right answer.
I've just heard the weather forecast and ... say there's going to be more snow.

- A) they B) he C) we D) it

75. (v9-114-5) Choose the right answer.
Maybe Jane will come to stay with ... in August.

- A) our B) we C) ours D) us

76. (v9-114-16) Choose the right answer.
I don't want all this money - take ... back.

- A) this B) them C) its D) it

77. (v9-116-21) Choose the right answer.
Maybe Jane will come to stay with ... in August.

- A) we B) us C) ours D) our

78. (v9-117-18) Choose the right answer.
It was all Mike's fault. It was ... who chose the wrong turning.

- A) he B) - C) his D) himself

79. (v9-118-9) Choose the right answer.
Nadya didn't join the rest of ... She sat in the back of the room by herself.

- A) our B) ours C) hers D) us

80. (v9-121-14) Choose the right answer.
I forgot to take the spaghetti out of the water and ... went soft.

- A) it B) he C) they D) she

81. (v9-126-10) Choose the right answer.
Most monkeys don't like water, but ... can swim well when they have to.

- A) they B) it C) them D) their

82. (v9-129-10) Choose the right answer.
I forgot to take the spaghetti out of the water and ... went soft.

- A) he B) it C) they D) she

83. (v9-130-18) Choose the right answer.
It was all Mike's fault. It was ... who chose the wrong turning.

- A) - B) himself C) he D) his

84. (v10-115-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If you want to save your money, keep ... in the bank.

- A) its B) it C) they D) them

85. (v10-118-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He didn't take many clothes with ... - only a few shirts.

- A) him B) them C) you D) his

86. (v10-119-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I forgot to take the spaghetti out of the water and ... went soft.

- A) they B) it C) he D) she

87. (v10-122-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
May be I'll call you when ... get back home.

- A) I B) it C) he D) she

88. (v10-124-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Most women live longer than men. ... have an average life expectancy of 77 years.

- A) They B) He C) She D) Them

89. (v10-125-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
"I'm sorry I forgot your birthday," I said to her. I said that I was sorry I had forgotten ... birthday.

- A) your B) his C) her D) my

90. (v12z-114-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The lights in the office turn ... off automatically as soon as everybody leaves it.

- A) itself B) themselves
C) it D) them

91. (v12c-106-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
My uncle sent me some money, but I don't think ... will be enough to pay all my debts.

- A) their B) them C) they D) it

92. (v12c-131-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When I looked at ... in the mirror, I thought my hairdo looked terrible.

- A) myself B) me C) mine D) my

93. (v13-126-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When you have any problems just tell someone and ... will help you.

- A) it B) her C) he D) they

94. (v13-128-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Please tell Mrs. Bailey to come in." "But I don't know ..."

- A) him B) she C) her D) them

95. (v13-134-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If these stockings are neither ... nor my sister's, they must be mine.

- A) he B) hers C) him D) she

96. (v13-136-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He doesn't want to harm anybody, unless ... harm him.

- A) she B) it C) they D) he

97. (v14-115-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Unless ... harm him, he doesn't want to harm anybody.

- A) he B) it C) she D) they

98. (v17-101-24) Choose the correct answer.

He decided to save money and put ... in the bank.

- A) it B) their C) its D) them

99. (v17-102-1) Choose the correct answer.

Don't get off the train until ... stops.

- A) you B) some C) it D) its

100. (v17-120-8) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

The phone rang and I answered ...

- A) him B) her C) it D) its

101. (v17-120-19) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

The waiter served wonderful meal. ... were satisfied with ...

- A) us / him B) us / it
C) we / it D) we / him

102. (v18-26) I know her sister ... a good student.

- A) is B) has been
C) to be D) was

103. (v18-27) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Uncle Salim sent us some money, but we don't think ... will be enough to pay all my debts.

- A) they B) it C) their D) them

104. (v19/20-102-6) Choose the correct answer.

Have you heard that ... are going to close the hospital?

- A) he B) one C) they D) our

105. (v19/20-103-7) Choose the correct answer.

Look at the fish. ... is alive!

- A) She B) He C) They D) It

106. (v19/20-104-17) Choose the correct answer.

The picnic won't be any fun without you and ...

- A) their B) them C) they D) themselves

107. (v19/20-115-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

The show was so interesting and all the visitors like ...

- A) them B) it C) itself D) themselves

108. (v19/20-116-16) Choose the correct answer.

I don't know anything about ...

- A) their B) mine
C) themselves D) them

109. (v19/20-121-17) Choose the correct answer.

The children are coming out of school in a minute. I need to go and pick ... up.

- A) us B) it C) her D) them

110. (v19/20-122-4) Choose the correct answer.

The thieves have taken the money. Please run after ...

- A) they B) them C) she D) him

111. (v19/20-127-3) Choose the correct answer.

You have to tell ... what happened.

- A) themselves B) them
C) theirs D) their

11. Possessive pronouns

1. (96-6-13) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Tom gathered all ... friends to the farewell party.

- A) he B) her C) his D) hers E) its

2. (96-8-15) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

He wanted ... to ring ... up.

- A) they / them B) her / your
C) you / him D) them / their
E) us / his

3. (96-8-9) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... presidents elected in years ending in zero died in ... office.

- A) His / her B) Everybody / their
C) Our / her D) All / their
E) Their / all

4. (96-12-66) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

It's going to rain. I'd better take ... raincoat.

- A) he B) hers
C) my D) they E) ours

5. (96-12-69) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Then she saw ... father. He had laid ... fishing rod and was taking something from ... pocket.

- A) his / her / its B) her / his / his
C) them / his / his D) its / his / its
E) they / his / his

6. (96-13-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

They all ran out of the hotel except ...

- A) mine B) his C) hers D) one
E) nobody

7. (96-13-180) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

He caught me by ... arm.

- A) his B) her C) your D) our E) my

8. (96-15-121) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Dorothy was happy when she found ... in a magic country.

- A) her B) she
C) hers D) herself E) himself

9. (97-1-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I want ... to answer ... question.

- A) her / the B) their / our
C) her / him D) you / his
E) you / hers

10. (97-1-68) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

"I didn't see ... puppies, Dad". - "... are with ... mother", said Alice's father.

- A) yours / It is / its B) our / They / ours
C) my / They / your D) my / Them / their
E) their / It's / its

11. (97-3-67) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

- Have ... finished ... work?

- Yes, we have. We've done ...

- A) she / her / it B) they / there / it
C) you / your / it D) you / their / this
E) he / your / -

12. (97-7-14) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Aziza doesn't like her friend's dog. ... thinks ... is better.

- A) He / his B) It / its C) She / it
D) He / hers E) She / hers

13. (97-9-72) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Here is ... text-book. Where is ... ?

- A) her / ray B) his / their
C) my / them D) my / yours
E) it / its

14. (97-9-75) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Have you heard that a friend of ... went to the seaside?

- A) my B) mine C) her D) their E) its

15. (98-1-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

The alarm clock rings at 4.30. I get up and go to wake up Warren. Then ... go downstairs, make ... tea and take a cup of tea up to Warren. He has been living with ... since he came over here from New Zealand ten years ago, and ... are like brother and sister now.

- A) he / any / you / he
B) I / some / us / we
C) his / this / them / our
D) she / that / we / us
E) it / those / it / they

16. (98-2-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Here is ... notebook, but I can't find ...

- A) my / your B) you / mine
C) your / their D) his / her
E) your / mine

17. (98-4-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... own hand shook as ... accepted a rose or two from ... and thanked ...

- A) His / he / hers / her
B) My / they / theirs / her
C) Her / we / ours / us
D) Their / us / we / they
E) Our / he / his / himself

18. (98-5-17) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... eyes were as bright as ...

- A) Mine / you B) His / hers
C) Its / she D) Hers / his
E) Ours / our

19. (98-8-16) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

If this hat is ..., where have you put ...?

- A) your / mine B) his / hers
C) mine / her D) ours / their
E) hers / my

20. (98-11-12) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Wales is situated in the West of Great Britain. ... territory is 20 thousand square kilometres.
A) Him B) His C) Theirs D) Its E) Their

21. (99-6-19) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

- Isn't that ... friend over there?

- Oh! No, she isn't ... friend, she is ...

- A) your / my / yours B) your / his / my
C) my / yours / mine D) mine / my / yours
E) ours / your / mine

22. (99-6-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

- Did you meet ... friends at the party?

- No, I met ...

- A) some of yours / no B) any of your / none
C) any of your / no D) some of your / no
E) any of you / none

23. (99-8-24) Choose the proper pronouns.

... doesn't like to be reminded ... mother lives in a farmhouse.

- A) He / what / her B) I / - / my
C) She / that / her D) We / what / their
E) Her / which / her

24. (99-10-21) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I don't think this pen is ..., it's ...

- A) my / yours B) mine / your
C) his / my D) yours / mine
E) their / hers

25. (01-1-55) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Usually, people are attracted to places where ... can make a good living for ... and ... families.

- A) it / itself / its
B) we / ourselves / our
C) they / themselves / their
D) their / them / us
E) they / themselves / them

26. (01-5-14) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... said ... enjoyed ... stay at the hotel.

- A) every / his / his
B) everybody / they / their
C) something / they / their
D) she / them / its
E) we / theirs / they

27. (01-6-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Don't be so upset. If you have broken pen ... I can give you ...

- A) my / your B) your / yours
C) her / our D) your / mine
E) his / their

28. (02-3-23) Choose the best answer.

All this was so interesting that ... forgot my duty and left ... post on the east-side.

- A) he / his B) I / my
C) our / we D) she / her E) we / our

29. (02-7-12) Choose the best answer.

... felt somebody tap my shoulder, and then grab ... by my arm.

- A) He / him B) I / me
C) I / my D) I / him E) I / his

30. (03-4-52) Choose the best answer.

Lend them ... dictionary; they have left ... at home.

- A) your / theirs B) their / mine
C) him / her D) they / theirs
E) theirs / your

31. (03-5-4) Choose the best answer.

Everybody likes ... freedom.

- A) one's B) our C) his
D) her E) their

32. (03-6-5) Choose the best answer.

- Which of the typewriters is Bess!

- ... is the new one.

- A) Hers B) His C) Yours D) Theirs
E) Its

33. (04-1-109) Choose the proper pronouns.

If ... calls me, please let ... know.

- A) anybody / me B) anybody / I
C) somebody / me D) anybody / my
E) somebody / my

34. (v4-104-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Summer in ... place is much cooler than in ...

- A) their / ours B) his / my
C) my / her D) mine / yours
E) our / their

35. (v4-109-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Nodira has lost ... crayons. Could you give

- A) her / his / yours B) my / me / their
C) yours / her / my D) our / him / its
E) her / her / yours

36. (v4-110-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

- Can I use your dictionary?

- I'm sorry. I've lost ... Where is ... ?

- I've left ... at my friend's.

- A) your / yours / mine
B) mine / your / mine
C) mine / it / mine
D) it / yours / mine
E) mine / his / mine

37. (v4-119-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I envy him and ... well-behaved children.

- A) you B) them C) my D) his E) hers

38. (v4-129-20) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I saw ... in the mirror.

- A) myself B) mine C) me D) my E) its

39. (v5-101-16) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... met ... in the yesterday.

- A) she / its / him B) hers / it / its
C) he / her / it D) she / her / it
E) her / it / he

40. (v5-146-16) Choose the best pronoun.

Do they prefer to rest in ... village or in ... ?

- A) his / her B) their / ours
C) my / her D) mine / theirs
E) our / their

41. (v5-153-16) Choose the appropriate answer.

I love going to the theatre but when the curtain goes up everyone around me seems to start unwrapping ... candies.

- A) they're B) theirs C) his
D) their E) there

42. (v6-147-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Is your flat ... or ... than that of your friend's?

- A) more / bigger B) bigger / small
C) more / less D) bigger / smaller

43. (v6-147-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Would you prefer to stay in ... flat or in ... ?

- A) mine / theirs B) our / their
C) his / her D) their / ours

44. (v6-153-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The children were having tea. Kate was late for ... as usual but Mary and Steve were having ...

- A) she / their B) hers / theirs
C) her / theirs D) her / their

45. (v6-154-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Although Margaret had several assistants helping her, the biggest part of the research was done by ... alone.

- A) hers B) herself C) her D) she

46. (v6-157-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Could you give me ... pen please as ... is not working.

- A) my / your B) his / hers
C) our / their D) your / mine

47. (v7-184-11) I wonder whose car it is. Is it ... or is it ... wife's?

- A) his / her B) her / his
C) my / his D) yours / your

48. (v8-114-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

That book is ... Yours is over there.

- A) herself B) she C) her D) hers

49. (v8-124-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What's ... phone number? May I phone you?

- A) your B) you
C) yourself D) yours

50. (v8-124-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My friend asked to borrow my car because ... was in the garage for repairs.

- A) their B) his C) it D) its

51. (v9-102-21) Choose the right answer.

John is a caretaker, his job is to look after the building of ... school.

- A) us B) mine C) our D) ours

52. (v9-117-16) Choose the right answer.

It is more shameful to distrust ... friends than to be deceived by them.

- A) his B) ourselves
C) ours D) one's

53. (v9-121-15) Choose the right answer.

"I'm sorry I forgot your birthday." I said to her. I said that I was sorry I had forgotten ... birthday.

- A) my B) her C) his D) your

54. (v9-125-13) Choose the right answer.

Jane is very thoughtful. She is always willing to help ... friends in every possible way.

- A) us B) them C) her D) hers

55. (v9-127-21) Choose the right answer.

John is a caretaker, his job is to look after the building of ... school.

- A) us B) mine C) our D) ours

56. (v10-101-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

That butterfly looks like a flower. Aren't ... wings wonderful?

- A) its B) it's C) hers D) she

57. (v10-107-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nadya didn't join the rest of ... She sat in the back of the room by herself.

- A) our B) ours C) us D) hers

58. (v11-142-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When Paul saw his neighbours' new car, he decided that he had to have one just like ... He had never seen such a beautiful machine.

- A) theirs B) they C) mine D) their

59. (v16-103-19) Choose the best answer.

Everyone has ... own ideas.

- A) theirs B) it C) its D) their

60. (v17-101-4) Choose the correct answer.

... is in the parking lot.

- A) Peter and Mary new car
B) Peter and Mary's new car
C) Peter's and Mary new car
D) Peter's and Mary's new car

61. (v17-102-15) Choose the correct answer.

Take your feet off the table. ... legs aren't very strong.

- A) its B) His C) Your D) It's

62. (v17-121-9) Choose the right answer.

Your toys are old, ... are new.

- A) my B) mine
C) of mine D) mine one

63. (v18-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I came across a friend of ... at the volleyball match yesterday.

- A) their B) you C) us D) mine

64. (v18-29) Choose the correct answer.

... was a true love story.

- A) Their B) Yom C) You D) Theirs

65. (v19/20-105-4) Choose the correct answer.

My brother and I will spend ... weekend at the lake.

- A) his B) our C) ours D) my

66. (v19/20-107-16) Choose the correct answer.

They are going to London with some students of ...

- A) you B) theirs C) their D) her

67. (v19/20-111-16) Choose the correct answer.

Everybody has a right to ... own opinion.

- A) their B) them C) hers D) our

68. (v19/20-116-6) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Our car is faster and more stylish than ...

- A) they B) theirs C) them D) their

69. (v19/20-123-6) Choose the correct answer.

Is there any place for me in this heart of ... Merilene?

- A) yours B) mine C) you D) her

70. (v19/20-123-12) Choose the correct answer.

Bob and Helen smiled at each other. ... smile was as affectionate as ...

- A) Their / hers B) Her / his
C) His / their D) His / her

71. (v19/20-123-18) Choose the correct answer.

As the population of Africa continues to grow, animals will continue to lose ... native habitat.

- A) it's B) its C) theirs D) their

72. (v19/20-125-14) Choose the correct answer.

Both ... mothers came to the school-leaving party.

- A) Jim's and Jane B) Jim and Jane's
C) Jim's and Jane's D) Jim and Jane

12. Reflexive pronouns

1. (96-8-14) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I enjoyed the music, but I didn't like the play ...

- A) yourself B) herself C) myself
D) itself E) himself

2. (96-12-14) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Father gave ... son a brief-bag for ... birthday.

- A) it / her B) himself / her
C) his / herself D) your / her
E) his / his

3. (96-15-174) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Let the boys clean the room ...

- A) them B) himself
C) their D) theirs
E) themselves

4. (98-6-17) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Did you all do the grammar exercises ... ?

- A) yourselves B) yourself
C) herself D) themselves
E) ourselves

5. (98-7-43) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

He will sit in the room to keep ... warm.

- A) himself B) herself
C) themselves D) yourself
E) myself

6. (01-2-10) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I wanted to buy a coat for ... There were many coats on sale but ... suited me.

- A) herself / none of them
B) myself / some of them
C) oneself / any of them
D) yourself / not any of them
E) myself / none of them

7. (02-12-4) Choose the best answer.

Boys! Did you enjoy ... last night?

- A) yourself B) yourselves
C) themselves D) itself
E) ourselves

8. (02-12-6) Choose the best answer.

Everyone should ask ... if ... are doing enough.

- A) him / he B) oneself / we
C) themselves / they D) myself / they
E) himself / they

9. (03-6-37) Choose the best answer.

He put the plate before ...

- A) himself B) herself
C) yourself D) themselves
E) oneself

10. (03-11-3) Choose the best answer.

I enjoyed the party, but I didn't like the people ...

- A) herself B) myself
C) himself D) itself E) themselves

11. (v6-153-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I've spoken to everyone except for ...

- A) him B) himself C) he D) his

12. (v8-122-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

— Did Mr. Yun's secretary answer the phone? — No. Mr. Yun ... answered the phone.

I was very surprised.

- A) he's B) himself
C) him D) his

13. (v9-109-18) Choose the right answer.

I had always wanted to meet Mr. Anderson.

When I saw him at the party last night, I walked over and introduced ... to him.

- A) itself B) myself
C) herself D) himself

14. (v9-112-1) Choose the right answer.

Your are tired after your journey, I'll do the flat ... , I think.

- A) yourself B) mine
C) yours D) myself

15. (v10-126-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Your face is so dirty! Just look at ... in the mirror.

- A) you B) yourself C) your D) yours

16. (v10-128-10) Choose the best answer.

Thanks to Vancouver's many attractions, visitors enjoy ... immensely.

- A) ourselves B) itself
C) themselves D) oneself

17. (v12c-115-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I've made a delicious cake. Sue, please help ... with some of it.

- A) your B) yours
C) you D) yourself

18. (v12c-134-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My father always told me to handle my problems ... and not to expect others to solve them.

- A) myself B) mine C) me D) him

19. (v13-114-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't worry. We can manage by ... , thank you very much.

- A) ourselves B) alone
C) us D) them

20. (v13-130-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Did you enjoy ... last night, you two?

- A) themselves B) yourself
C) yourselves D) them

21. (v13-135-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Somebody left ... book on the desk.

- A) his B) everybody
C) her D) their

22. (v15-103-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He was horrified that there was red paint on his nose when he saw ... in the mirror!

- A) me
B) himself
C) itself
D) you

23. (v15-117-15) Choose the correct answer.

– Do you need help?

– No, thanks. I can do it ...

- A) on my own
B) on myself
C) by my own
D) with yours

24. (v15-118-7) Choose the correct answer.

Paranooids talk to ... a lot. Talking to oneself is the first sign of madness.

- A) oneself
B) themselves
C) each other
D) himself

25. (v15-120-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There was no-one in when he came home, so he made ... a cup of tea and sat down to read newspaper.

- A) himself
B) themselves
C) him
D) her

26. (v15-132-16) Choose the correct answer.

– Do you want me to give you a helping hand?

– Thank you I can do it ...

- A) myself
B) by my own
C) on myself
D) without your hand

27. (v16-111-3) Choose the correct answer.

I enjoyed ... holiday. Did you enjoy ... too?

- A) me / yours
B) my / yourself
C) mine / yours
D) my / yours

28. (v16-124-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tourists to the ancient part of the city could easily lose ... in the maze of historical places.

- A) himself
B) themselves
C) yourselves
D) ourselves

29. (v17-102-9) Choose the correct answer.

I often like to spend time ...

- A) on myself
B) myself
C) on me own
D) by myself

30. (v17-103-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They told ... there was nothing to be afraid of.

- A) themselves
B) theirs
C) their
D) they

31. (v17-104-17) Choose the correct answer.

Scientists have discovered remarkable new evidence showing how the body rebuilds ... while we sleep.

- A) yourself
B) themselves
C) itself
D) ourselves

32. (v17-121-14) Choose the right pronoun.

Cary burnt ...

- A) himself
B) herself
C) itself
D) myself

33. (v18-30) They closed the door behind ...

- A) itself
B) them
C) themselves
D) ourselves

34. (v18-31) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Every time I go to the supermarket I ask ... why I go shopping so often.

- A) mine
B) my
C) they
D) myself

35. (v18-32) Choose the correct answer.

Jack went to the meeting ... His brother stayed at home with guests.

- A) by his own
B) on himself
C) for himself
D) himself

36. (v18-33) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tourists to the ancient part of the city could easily lose ... in the maze of historical places.

- A) yourselves
B) ourselves
C) themselves
D) himself

37. (v18-34) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

As soon as everybody leaves it, the lights in the office turn ... off automatically.

- A) itself
B) them
C) themselves
D) it

38. (v18-35) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ralph decided to give ... a birthday present when everybody else forgot his birthday.

- A) he
B) himself
C) him
D) his

39. (v18-36) Choose the correct answer.

In fact, he considered ... to be in command of the situation.

- A) himself
B) themselves
C) yourselves
D) herself

40. (v19/20-102-3) Choose the correct answer.

Children can usually dress ... by the age of five.

- A) themselves
B) herself
C) myself
D) himself

41. (v19/20-103-10) Choose the correct answer.

She was pleased with ... when she got such a good job.

- A) hers
B) herself
C) themselves
D) itself

42. (v19/20-107-17) Choose the correct answer.

She allowed ... to be led from the room.

- A) themselves
B) ourselves
C) himself
D) herself

43. (v19/20-118-9) Choose the correct answer.

She got ... in trouble.

- A) myself
B) hers
C) theirs
D) herself

44. (v19/20-119-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Although she was really rude. She didn't notice this feature of ...

- A) herself
B) her
C) she
D) hers

45. (v19/20-123-14) Choose the correct answer.

Who knows better than Mark ... what he should do?

- A) itself
B) themselves
C) himself
D) herself

13. Demonstrative pronouns

1. (96-12-68) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Do you see ... bushes on the ... side of the river?

- A) this / other
B) that / another
C) them / other
D) those / other
E) some / other

2. (97-1-16) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

– Yesterday I found a watch. I don't know whose watch was ...

– ... was ... if you found it in the garden.

- A) this / That / our
B) they / This / his
C) that / That / mine
D) these / Those / hers
E) that / This / your

3. (99-4-22) Choose the appropriate pronouns to Complete the sentence.

Why didn't you ask ... to help ...?

- A) somebody / your
B) anybody / you
C) anyone / yourself
D) somebody / yourselves
E) anybody / somebody

4. (01-6-15) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I think ... book is more interesting than ...

. Give it to me, please.

- A) those / these / ones
B) this / those / ones
C) that / that / one
D) this / that / one
E) these / this / one

5. (03-11-30) Choose the best answer.

Children who go to school every day usually learn faster than ... who are absent.

- A) those
B) these
C) ones
D) that
E) the one

6. (v5-102-24) Choose the right answer.

... is no place like home.

- A) it
B) here
C) this
D) that
E) there

7. (v6-152-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– I think I can take ... book. Can I take ...?

– No, you'd better take ... one.

- A) this / it / that
B) its / it / those
C) these / that / that
D) this / that / it

8. (v8-119-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This man is injured. Is there ... here who is a doctor?

- A) anyone
B) everyone
C) nothing
D) something

9. (v9-124-4) Choose the right answer.

This university's programs are second only to ... of Harvard.

- A) those
B) them
C) this
D) that

10. (v10-106-11) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.

– Where have you put the money?

– ... in my bag. Take some if you need.

- A) This is
B) There are
C) It is
D) They are

11. (v17-102-10) Choose the correct answer.

A dog's intelligence is much greater than ... of a cat.

- A) it
B) what
C) its
D) that

12. (v17-103-21) Choose the correct answer.

... are only seven stations on this metro-line.

- A) This
B) It
C) There
D) These

13. (v17-104-23) Choose the correct answer.

... funds are limited, so each will probably pay half the cost of a new watch band.

- A) They're
B) There
C) There's
D) Their

14. (v17-122-3) Choose the right answer.

Are ... your tickets?

- A) that B) this C) such D) those

15. (v17-122-11) Choose the right answer.

People have to wear ... hats under direct sunlight.

- A) there B) their C) theirs D) them

16. (v19/20-116-5) Choose the correct answer.

I'm wearing the leather jacket ... my mother gave to me on my birthday.

- A) that B) what
-
- C) who D) why

14. Negative no / none / not any / nobody / nothing / something**1. (97-6-14) Choose the proper pronouns.**

- Do you want to read ...?

- Yes, give me ... book you have.

- A) something / any B) anything / any
-
- C) anything / some D) some / anything
-
- E) nothing / some

2. (97-12-30) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

It was ... he didn't want to remember.

- A) anything B) nobody
-
- C) anybody D) anyone
-
- E) something

3. (99-7-17) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I haven't read ... of these books but Karim has read ... of them.

- A) none / some B) no / some
-
- C) any / some D) any / any
-
- E) any / no

4. (01-7-19) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

She has spent ... the money you gave her.

- A) no B) none C) any
-
- D) some E) all

5. (02-12-7) Choose the best answer.

"Why does Kate always go round with Sue?"

"Because she doesn't know ..."

- A) nobody B) nothing
-
- C) someone D) no one
-
- E) anybody

6. (03-11-1) Choose the best answer.

There is ... on the shelf. I don't know what it is.

- A) any B) some
-
- C) something D) somebody
-
- E) anybody

7. (v4-108-20) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

There was ... in my suitcase so I could carry it without ... effort.

- A) anything / some B) some / any
-
- C) something / no D) nothing / some
-
- E) nothing / any

8. (v4-114-20) Is ... clear to ... ?

- A) everything / his
-
- B) everything / you
-
- C) everything / somebody
-
- D) everybody / nobody
-
- E) everybody / somebody

9. (v5-144-16) Choose the best pronoun.

The window is very dirty. You can see ... through it.

- A) nothing B) anywhere
-
- C) anything D) anybody
-
- E) something

10. (v5-146-4) Choose the right answer.

I guess there is ... inside as the door is locked on the inside.

- A) nothing B) someone
-
- C) something D) no one
-
- E) anybody

11. (v6-148-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- What did you have for breakfast?

- ... I didn't have ... for breakfast today.

- A) Anyone / anybody B) Any / none
-
- C) Nothing / anything D) None / any

12. (v6-159-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I arrived at my friends' house, there was ... to meet me, so I left ... a message.

- A) anybody / them B) somebody / some
-
- C) nobody / them D) anybody / him

13. (v8-107-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Look here! There is ... in the clothes basket. It's empty.

- A) anything B) no
-
- C) something D) nothing

14. (v8-112-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The opera "Rigoletto" was ... composed by Mozart; it was composed by Verdi.

- A) none B) - C) not D) no

15. (v8-114-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I can do it by myself. I need ... help.

- A) any B) -
-
- C) no D) neither

16. (v9-104-14) Choose the right answer.

I'm sure, there can hardly be ... doubt that he is the best tennis player in the world.

- A) nothing B) any
-
- C) some D) something

17. (v9-115-4) Choose the right answer.

She was a teacher from ... near Frankfurt

- A) somebody B) somehow
-
- C) somewhere D) anywhere

18. (v9-121-5) Choose the right answer.

With this variety of dishes on the menu you will surely find ... to your taste. That's why we come here.

- A) somebody B) nobody
-
- C) something D) nothing

19. (v9-126-21) Choose the right answer.

A big "thank you" to You all did a wonderful job.

- A) someone B) anybody
-
- C) everyone D) each

20. (v10-108-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The water of the Dead Sea is so salty that ... can live in it.

- A) anything B) nothing
-
- C) no D) any

21. (v10-108-21) Choose the answer which correctly competes the sentence.

You can take this road or that one; they ... go to Tashkent.

- A) both B) neither
-
- C) either D) every

22. (v10-120-9) Choose the best answer.

Ann is very secretive. She talks to ... about her problems.

- A) everybody B) nobody
-
- C) somebody D) anybody

23. (v12z-110-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If you want to contact ... of them, try to do so before lunch break.

- A) no B) any
-
- C) none D) someone

24. (v12c-153-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The house looked deserted. There were ... lights on anywhere.

- A) some B) any C) no D) none

25. (v13-123-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I have seen two James Bond films and ... of them were good.

- A) none B) neither
-
- C) both D) most

26. (v13-140-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She always looks unhappy. ... in the world can please her.

- A) Something B) Anything
-
- C) Anybody D) Nothing

27. (v13-142-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I am afraid there are ... vacancies in the company at present.

- A) neither B) not C) none D) no

28. (v14-103-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She's found your office without ... difficulty.

- A) any B) none C) some D) no

29. (v15-105-21) Choose the right answer.

Fortunately, there is ... unemployment in our city.

- A) a few B) little C) none D) a little

30. (v15-112-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Since 1969 there have been a number of attempts ... a political solution to that country problem.

- A) finding B) to find
-
- C) being found D) to have found

31. (v15-114-2) Choose the best answer.

I was paid very little last month. I want to work here

- A) any longer B) any more
-
- C) no further D) no more

32. (v15-120-19) Choose the correct answer.

Your roommate is really noisy. If I ... with him, I'd talk to him about the problem.

- A) live B) would live
-
- C) lived D) will live

33. (v16-113-16) ... isn't telling the truth.

- A) Anybody B) Nobody
-
- C) Somebody D) Anyone

34. (v16-114-4) ... any force was needed to press the button.

- A) Some B) Not C) But D) No

35. (v16-116-6) ... of my cousins went to the library.

- A) Not B) No one
-
- C) No D) None

36. (v16-116-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The opera "Rigoletto" was ... composed by Mozart; it was composed by Verdi.

- A) not B) no C) none D) -

37. (v16-122-6) We play golf on Wednesday and so ... they.
A) are B) go C) do D) have

38. (v17-102-21) Choose the correct answer.

We are looking for ... who wants to make money.

- A) none B) someone
C) anything D) some

39. (v17-103-23) Choose the correct answer.

Their said that ... is sadder than a smart child ... does not try.

- A) nothing / whose B) nothing / who
C) everyone / that D) anything / where

40. (v17-104-15) Choose the correct answer.

You can often make ... something through persuasion.

- A) someone do
B) someone to do
C) someone's to doing
D) someone doing

41. (v17-105-21) Choose the correct answer.

Sometimes parents criticize their children without ... reason.

- A) some B) no
C) any D) none

42. (v17-123-20) Choose the correct answer.

Peter had no money, so he bought...

- A) anything B) something
C) everything D) nothing

43. (v18-37) Did you know everybody at the party? No, nobody ... the host.

- A) except B) apart
C) other D) rather

44. (v18-38) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When they first moved to Paris ... of them spoke a word of French, it was difficult.

- A) no B) some C) any D) none

45. (v18-39) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When there were no people around and she was certain that ... could hear her, she began singing at the top of her voice.

- A) somebody B) no-one
C) nowhere D) anyone

46. (v18-40) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Snakes are not able to shut their eyes because they have ... eyelids. And although they rest, they do not actually go to sleep in the same way fish do.

- A) a lot B) Any C) no D) none

47. (v18-41) Choose the correct answer.

... our friends did ... home task yesterday.

They all came to school without preparing.

- A) None of / theirs B) None / them
C) None / theirs D) None of / their

48. (v18-42) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He went to see the doctor about a pain in his stomach, but he assured him, there was ... to worry about.

- A) anything B) everything
C) something D) nothing

49. (v18-43) Choose the correct answer.

– Which CD shall I give you?

– ... will do.

- A) Any B) Some
C) Anything D) Nothing

50. (v19/20-107-8) Choose the correct answer.

It was a public holiday, so there were ... shops open.

- A) no B) none C) some D) any

15. Quantifiers

1. (96-13-182) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

That's the sort of job ... boy like doing.

- A) every B) many C) all
D) anybody E) another

2. (96-15-123) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Have you ever loved ...?

- A) someone B) none C) anyone
D) something E) nobody

3. (97-4-21) Choose the appropriate answer to the question. What kind of power has the Queen of Great Britain?

- A) no power B) a little power
C) unlimited D) limited
E) a few power

4. (97-5-16) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Has ... read the text?

- A) any B) anybody
C) someone D) some E) we

5. (97-8-46) Choose the appropriate word.

If ... rings me up, tell them that I'll be in at 5.

- A) anything B) nobody
C) everything D) something
E) somebody

6. (97-9-13) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

If you know ... about the accident inform us as soon as possible.

- A) anybody B) something
C) nobody D) anything E) some

7. (97-9-103) Choose the appropriate word or phrase.

I'll be very glad if you invite ... else to join us.

- A) somebody B) one more
C) friend D) aunt E) something

8. (99-4-21) Choose the appropriate pronouns to complete the sentence.

... want ... matches. Have ... got ...?

- A) She / any / any / they
B) I / some / you / any
C) They / any / we / some
D) I / some / you / some
E) He / some / you / any

9. (99-6-23) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

We asked her to tell us ... interesting, but she refused to tell us ...

- A) anything / anything
B) anything / nothing
C) anything / none
D) something / nothing
E) something / anything

10. (99-7-16) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

If ... has ... questions, I'll be pleased to answer them.

- A) someone / any B) anyone / any
C) none / any D) anyone / none
E) someone / none

11. (99-10-22) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

– Have you ever met ... by this name?
– I'm not sure but I know ... whose name is Mr. Murdstone.

- A) someone / nobody
B) anybody / someone
C) anyone / anybody
D) nobody / somebody
E) somebody / anyone

12. (99-10-23) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Those who know ... will tell ... to those who know ...

- A) nothing / it / everything
B) everything / it / nothing
C) anything / something / anything
D) something / nothing / anything
E) it / anything / something

13. (00-9-25) Choose the appropriate word.

Of all things, I hate boasting ...

- A) most all B) most than all
C) the more D) more of all
E) the most of all

14. (01-2-12) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Nick hasn't read ... books by this writer. So he'll take ... book you have.

- A) any / some B) any / any
C) some / any D) some / some E) any / –

15. (01-2-69) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

... has left ... book.

- A) Anyone / its B) Something / it
C) Someone / them D) Someone / hers
E) Someone / his

16. (01-4-5) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Why didn't you ask ... to help you?

- A) somebody B) something
C) nothing D) no one E) anything

17. (01-4-66) Choose the appropriate words.

You must eat ... bread and spend ... time walking.

- A) little / many B) few / much
C) fewer / less D) less / more
E) more / fewer

18. (01-5-13) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Let me know if ... happens.

- A) some B) anything
C) somebody D) anybody
E) somewhere

19. (01-7-22) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Would you like ... coffee?

- A) some B) any C) nothing
D) anything E) something

20. (01-9-26) Choose the appropriate words.

Sally likes nothing better ... on the telephone with her friends.

- A) more than talk B) than talk
C) than talking D) to talk than
E) than talked

21. (01-10-27) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

– Did you see ... in the field?

– No, I saw ... there.

- A) something / anything
 B) somebody / something
 C) anybody / nobody
 D) anything / something
 E) nothing / anything

22. (01-12-27) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

I should find ... who can give me ... information on this question.

- A) anything / any B) any / something
 C) somebody / some D) something / some
 E) any / anything

23. (02-1-30) Choose the best answer.

Write to me and tell me ... about your holiday in Switzerland.

- A) much B) even
 C) al D) some E) few

24. (02-3-81) Choose the best answer.

There isn't ... food left but there are ... drinks.

- A) any / - B) some / some
 C) some / any D) any / any
 E) any / some

25. (02-7-14) Choose the best answer.

Let's go ... today as I have a splitting headache.

- A) somewhere B) nowhere
 C) anywhere D) everywhere
 E) somehow

26. (03-2-17) Choose the best word.

Some of Ulschak's friends were discussing the shortness of some people. "How long should a man's legs be?" someone asked Mike. "Well" he said, "they should be at least ... to reach the floor.

- A) long enough B) enough tall
 C) too long D) a little long
 E) a bit high

27. (03-4-57) Choose the best answer.

Did you pay ... money for your watch?

- A) much B) many
 C) some D) none E) few

28. (03-4-58) Choose the best answer.

How ... times have you been there?

- A) much B) some
 C) any D) many E) a lot of

29. (03-5-16) Choose the best answer.

It wasn't ... of a room; about fifteen feet square.

- A) most B) the most
 C) more D) many E) much

30. (03-11-38) Choose the best answer.

If you brush your teeth every day, you will have ... cavities.

- A) less B) fewer
 C) more D) a few E) many

31. (04-1-452) Choose the best answer.

We wanted to play basketball, but there weren't ... of us.

- A) too few B) every
 C) much D) enough E) little

32. (04-1-463) Choose the best answer.

I have to put on a pair of ... as I am going to sports hall.

- A) scissors B) hammers
 C) pincers D) spades
 E) spectacles

33. (05-1-137) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I have brought ... food for you.

- A) any B) anyone
 C) some D) someone
 E) which

34. (v4-106-4) Choose the best answer.

Can I have ... cold water?

- A) if B) something
 C) any D) no E) some

35. (v4-106-20) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

The word "Germans" was ... to be frightened of.

- A) anything B) someone
 C) somebody D) any
 E) something

36. (v4-107-20) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

He always looks unhappy. ... in the world can please him.

- A) nothing B) someone
 C) anybody D) anything
 E) something

37. (v4-127-20) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

Is there ... interesting in the newspaper today?

- A) somebody B) no one
 C) anything D) someone
 E) anybody

38. (v5-112-24) Choose the right answer.

If what you say is true, there is ... we can do about it.

- A) few B) some
 C) little D) a few E) less

39. (v5-122-24) Choose the best answer.

I couldn't get on the bus, because there were ... people on it.

- A) a lot B) no
 C) too much D) plenty
 E) too many

40. (v5-129-4) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Mother asked me why ... hadn't bought ...

- A) I / anybody B) her / not anything
 C) She / something D) me / any
 E) I / anything

41. (v5-139-10) Choose the best answer.

- Can I ask you a little favor?

- I'm sorry. I have ... time.

- A) a few B) some
 C) little D) a little E) few

42. (v5-143-17) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

The boy, a newcomer to this place, had ... friends here.

- A) much B) any
 C) little D) few E) a little

43. (v5-145-4) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

There was ... tea in the cup. It was empty.

- A) Near B) Many
 C) No D) Some E) Some

44. (v5-152-27) Choose the appropriate answer. I wanted to discuss a very important problem with John but he couldn't talk to me because he

- A) didn't have much time B) had many time
 C) didn't have a lot time D) had a little time
 E) had few time

45. (v5-160-24) Choose the best answer.

I have eaten too much. Now I feel sick. I should have eaten ...

- A) more B) a bit
 C) much D) little E) the least

46. (v6-123-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There was ... food left after the party.

- A) so few B) a lot of
 C) a lot D) many

47. (v6-143-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The first thing we have to do is to eat ... and then go out for a long walk.

- A) something B) some
 C) anything D) any

48. (v6-148-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... was said but ... was done.

- A) Such / much B) Much / little
 C) Less / much D) Many / little

49. (v6-149-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I've lost my bag. I can't find it ...

- A) everywhere B) somewhere
 C) nowhere D) anywhere

50. (v6-157-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There is so ... traffic in the streets of big cities during rush hours.

- A) few B) much
 C) more D) many

51. (v6-158-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The boy, a newcomer to the village, had ... friends here.

- A) little B) few C) much D) any

52. (v6-159-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Could you send me ... information about your hotel?"

- A) some B) few C) an D) -

53. (v6-160-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You've made ... mistakes in this report.

- A) a lot B) too many
 C) a little D) very much

54. (v6-160-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Although the question was difficult ... students were able to answer it

- A) a few B) little
 C) few D) a lot of

55. (v7-116-2) You do not see ... traffic in the city center.

- A) much B) little C) many D) a lot

56. (v7-138-22)

- Does she have ... nephews or nieces?

- She has ... nephews.

- A) any / several B) some / some
 C) some / several D) any / any

57. (v7-170-11) Excuse me, would you like ... mineral water with your dinner?

- A) many B) some C) few D) no

58. (v7-170-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In 1855 Castle Garden was turned into an immigration center. Thirty-five years later, it was no longer big enough to manage the ... of new immigrants arriving daily.

- A) many B) thousands
 C) thousand D) much

59. (v7-175-11) The lawyer gave me ... advice, but not enough to solve my problem.

Life is difficult for me, because I earn ... money.

- A) any / a few B) some / little
C) a few / a little D) a little / much

60. (v7-178-3) We are going to make a cake tonight. There are ... eggs in the fridge but you will need to buy ... milk.

- A) any / no B) no / any
C) no / some D) some / some

61. (v7-179-3)

– What's the matter?

– I can't find ... of the books I need, not a single one.

- A) any B) little C) enough D) no

62. (v7-180-11) There are dozens of islands around Greece: big islands with hundreds of thousands of people, small islands with ... thousands of people, and islands with very ... people and even with no people at all.

- A) a few / few B) a little / a few
C) few / a few D) little / few

63. (v7-183-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The ceremonial opening of Disneyland took place on July 17, 1955, 30.000 invited guests could not get into the theme park because there were so ... false tickets.

- A) few B) more C) many D) much

64. (v7-188-11) London only gets ... snow in the winter.

- A) not much B) not many
C) a little D) a few

65. (v7-188-27) In 1855 Castle Garden was turned into an immigration center. Thirty-five years later, it was no longer big enough to manage the ... of new immigrants arriving daily.

- A) many B) thousands
C) thousand D) much

66. (v8-101-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I have an urgent message for Jane. I've tried phoning, but every time I phone there's ... in.

- A) anybody B) everybody
C) nobody D) somebody

67. (v8-108-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Colour" is spelled with a "u" in the British English, but there is ... "u" in the American English spelling "color".

- A) no B) any C) – D) some

68. (v8-113-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I am not quite sure of her sincerity. There are ... reasons for thinking she didn't tell us the truth.

- A) few B) a few C) little D) a little

69. (v8-118-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We enjoyed our visit to the museum. We saw ... interesting things.

- A) much B) a lot of
C) much more D) a lot

70. (v8-119-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There have been ... accidents on this corner this year since the traffic lights were fixed.

- A) little B) any of
C) a good deal of D) hardly any

71. (v8-124-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This dull room needs ... pictures to brighten it up.

- A) much B) fewer C) a little D) a few

72. (v8-129-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Your English is very good. You make very ... mistakes.

- A) few B) much C) little D) many

73. (v9-115-10) Choose the right answer.

I'd like to get a job I can do in my spare time and earn ... money. I've got a few ideas.

- A) some B) the C) any D) a

74. (v9-121-17) Choose the right answer.

The talks were difficult ... effort had been made before the peace treaty was signed.

- A) Few B) Many C) Little D) Much

75. (v9-124-19) Choose the right answer.

We've been back to Turkey ... times now, and we always enjoy it.

- A) a few B) a little C) little D) few

76. (v10-101-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This year there have been ... accidents on the corner this year since the traffic lights were fixed.

- A) little B) hardly any
C) a good deal of D) any of

77. (v10-116-15) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

We are broke. We have ... money to buy grandpa a gift.

- A) some B) few C) no D) any

78. (v10-118-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I know you speak some German, but do you speak ... French?

- A) none B) some C) no D) any

79. (v10-122-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jon seems to have very ... luck. Nothing ever goes right for him.

- A) few B) a little C) little D) a few

80. (v10-128-15) Choose the best answer.

Don't worry — there are ... jobs to keep everybody busy.

- A) little B) few C) a few D) a little

81. (v11-144-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Can I ask you for a favour?

– I'm sorry. I have ... time.

- A) some B) few C) any D) no

82. (v12z-101-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I find it difficult to talk to Alan because we have so ... in common.

- A) less B) small C) little D) few

83. (v12z-103-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Color" is spelled with a "u" in the British English, but there is ... "u" in the American English spelling "color".

- A) no B) some C) any D) –

84. (v12z-114-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We must go shopping. There's very ... food in the fridge.

- A) few B) lots of C) little D) much

85. (v12c-103-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The watchmaker must have made a hundred clocks in his life, but only ... of them ever worked properly.

- A) little B) a little C) a few D) much

86. (v12c-104-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'd like to make ... remarks in connection with the topic under discussion.

- A) much B) little C) a few D) a little

87. (v12c-110-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Helen is always alone.

– No, she isn't. She's got ... friends.

- A) lots B) much C) few D) a lot of

88. (v12c-114-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He never puts ... sugar in his coffee.

- A) no B) any C) anything D) some

89. (v12c-115-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Our manager said that we needed ... of this material, but it was hard to get.

- A) any more B) much more
C) any D) many

90. (v12c-123-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's raining today, so there are ... people in the park.

- A) few B) a little C) little D) a few

91. (v12c-128-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let's go shopping together. I've got ... spare time today.

- A) lots B) many C) little D) a lot of

92. (v12c-133-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I was nervous in the exam and made far too ... silly mistakes.

- A) few B) lots
C) many D) much

93. (v12c-135-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I was nervous in the exam and made far too ... silly mistakes.

- A) few B) many C) lots D) much

94. (v12c-136-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People say that the Loch Ness Monster doesn't look like ... other animal alive today.

- A) any B) some C) anyone D) no

95. (v12c-139-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I can make an apple pie. I've got ... apples.

- A) few B) a little C) lots D) a few

96. (v12c-145-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There are ... people giving up smoking these days than ten years ago.

- A) any more B) much
C) any less D) many more

97. (v12c-149-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Our manager said that we needed ... of this material, but it was hard to get.

- A) many B) any more
C) much more D) any

98. (v12c-150-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People say that the Loch Ness Monster doesn't look like ... other animal alive today.
A) some B) any C) anyone D) no

99. (v12c-151-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I've found your house without ... difficulty.
A) no B) any C) some D) none

100. (v12c-154-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. – Do you think we'll catch ... fish? – Yes, I do. It looks like a good spot. (place)
A) lots B) many C) few D) little

101. (v12c-155-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Can you give me ... to eat? I'm very hungry.
A) something B) nothing C) anything D) what

102. (v12c-155-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I'm bored. There's very ... to do on Wednesday evenings.
A) much B) little C) few D) a little

103. (v12c-156-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. In geography, a desert is an area which receives ... rain and which loses a lot of its moisture through evaporation.
A) a few B) a little C) little D) few

104. (v12c-156-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The mixture looks rather dry. Maybe you should add ... water.
A) little B) a lot C) many D) a little

105. (v12c-160-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Generally speaking, people should have ... education as they need.
A) more B) as many C) most D) as much

106. (v12c-160-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It was often very cold during the years I spent in Sweden, and ... winter the temperatures fell to around –30 degrees Celsius during the day.
A) a B) one C) some D) the

107. (v13-107-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Sam is a very dull person. He's never got ... interesting to say.
A) anything B) something C) nothing D) some

108. (v13-108-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I didn't want to think about ... else but English.
A) nothing B) everywhere C) someone D) anything

109. (v13-116-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Her brothers seem to grow more ... as they get older.
A) like B) alike C) the same D) as like

110. (v13-122-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He's afraid it's rained ... times this summer, and the grass is turning brown and dying.
A) few B) a lot of C) some D) many

111. (v13-123-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We'll finish our work in the morning. We're ... tired to work tonight.
A) too B) as C) much D) such

112. (v13-124-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He shouldn't spend so much. He will end up without ... money one day.
A) some B) any C) the D) no

113. (v13-126-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You have such pretty eyes that ... admires them.
A) anybody B) someone C) nobody D) everyone

114. (v13-127-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I'm keen on Indian culture and I can speak ... Hindi.
A) a few B) few C) a little D) little

115. (v13-127-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Sometimes students fail to do well on examinations because they are ... nervous to concentrate.
A) that B) many C) such D) too

116. (v13-147-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Today's modern TV cameras require only ... light as compared with earlier models.
A) a little B) little C) few D) a few

117. (v14-105-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. If anything happens to the children, you may go to ... hospital to get medical aid.
A) some B) any C) several D) no

118. (v14-105-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Colour" is spelled with a "u" in the British English, but there is ... "u" in the American English spelling "color".
A) some B) any C) little D) no

119. (v14-106-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Laziz couldn't find the ticket ... , but was sure he had left it on his table.
A) nowhere B) everywhere C) somewhere D) anywhere

120. (v14-106-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There is hardly ... place in this house where we can talk privately.
A) some B) any C) – D) no

121. (v14-112-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. If anything happens to the children, you may go to ... hospital to get medical aid.
A) no B) several C) any D) some

122. (v14-113-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Rose hardly knew ... in this big city to ask for help.
A) anybody B) everybody C) somebody D) nobody

123. (v15-101-21) Choose the correct answer. Please invite ... you like to the reception.
A) ones B) anyone C) all D) these

124. (v15-102-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She is very nervous before ... exams, but not when she feels she's done enough revision.
A) some B) every C) each D) no

125. (v15-104-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People say that the Loch Ness Monster doesn't look like ... other animals alive today.
A) any B) no C) some D) anyone

126. (v15-104-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I couldn't get into the concert hall, because there were ... tickets left.
A) no B) none C) some D) any

127. (v15-104-11) Choose the correct answer. We never touched ... of the money.
A) none B) no C) any D) some

128. (v15-105-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There aren't ... places left on the course, so you'd better apply soon.
A) little B) much C) few D) many

129. (v15-106-3) Choose the best answer. Islam, who was a captain of the ship, was ... interested in what I said.
A) enough B) very much C) very many D) a great many

130. (v15-109-2) Choose the correct answer.

We've only got ... milk left so get some when you go shopping.
A) a few B) few C) little D) a little

131. (v15-110-18) Choose the best answer. The second man spoke once ... , in a whisper that was almost a hiss.
A) more B) much C) most D) many

132. (v15-114-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Luckily, only ... of the medicine got spilt.
A) few B) little C) a few D) a little

133. (v15-121-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Of Dan Brown's many novels Code do Vinci is perhaps ... interesting one.
A) more B) the more C) much D) the most

134. (v16-105-9) Choose the best answer. The hotel is only ... miles from here, you should walk ... ahead.
A) few / little B) few / little C) a few / a little D) a few / little

135. (v16-114-17) Choose the right answer. The forces were unequal, they were ... but we were
A) many / little B) a lot / much C) many / few D) much / few

136. (v17-101-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. – Are there ... science fiction books in the library? – No, there are ...
A) some / any B) some / no C) any / no D) any / some

137. (v17-103-15) Choose the correct answer. ... in my group likes the teacher.
A) Everyone B) All pupils C) Every one D) All people

138. (v17-104-16) Choose the correct answer. Would you mind if I ask you ... questions about your new project?
A) a lot B) little C) a few D) few

139. (v17-105-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. They were allowed to come at ... time that was convenient to them.

- A) none B) some C) any D) no

140. (v17-107-24) Choose the correct answer.

There isn't ... sense in what you suggest.

- A) few B) any C) a few D) many

141. (v17-108-12) Choose the correct answer.

... people think that The Twelfth night was not written by Shakespeare.

- A) Some B) Any C) Anyone D) They

142. (v17-114-18) Choose the correct answer.

I'll meet you in half an hour.

— I've got ... e-mails to write first.

- A) little B) a few C) little D) few

143. (v17-116-15) Choose the correct answer.

There is no use asking her. She hardly knows ... about it.

- A) anything B) nothing
C) something D) everything

144. (v17-123-3) Choose the correct answer.

This book was written by a ... known writer.

- A) less B) lesser C) few D) fewer

145. (v17-123-11) Choose the correct answer.

I know him very well. I do not know ... times we have met at various conferences.

- A) how much B) how often
C) how many D) many often

146. (v18-44) Jane likes working at night because there isn't ... noise where she lives.

- A) much B) a few C) enough D) a little

147. (v18-45) I'll manage with ... help from you.

- A) not many B) a little
C) a bit of D) several

148. (v18-46) I can't come to the party because I've got ... work to finish.

- A) much B) so many
C) millions of D) masses of

149. (v18-47) Can I help? Yes, I'd like ...

- A) the information B) to inform
C) any information D) some information

150. (v18-48) I'd like some coffee. I'm afraid there isn't ...

- A) more B) anything
C) any D) some

151. (v18-49) Why are you running? There isn't ... time. The film's going to begin soon.

- A) many B) any C) much D) some

152. (v18-50) Did you do any homework?

Yes, but only ...

- A) any B) not much
C) a few D) a little

153. (v18-51) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Has anybody rung me up? No, but ... sent you a letter.

- A) anyone B) nobody
C) no D) somebody

154. (v18-52) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She's found your office without ... difficulty.

- A) no B) some C) any D) a

155. (v18-53) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We have a lot of good hotels in Scotland.

While traveling, you may stay in ... of them:

- A) every B) neither
C) any D) each

156. (v18-54) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Babur never puts ... sugar in his coffee.

- A) some B) any
C) anything D) no

157. (v18-55) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Rose hardly knew ... in this big city to ask for help.

- A) nobody B) somebody
C) everybody D) anybody

158. (v18-56) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When Babur was asked by the police about the robbery at the bank, he said that he hadn't been ... near the bank at the time.

- A) everywhere B) anywhere
C) nowhere D) somewhere

159. (v18-57) Choose the correct answer.

They say that these 4 books are worth reading. But I didn't like ... of them.

- A) neither B) either
C) none D) any

160. (v18-58) Choose the correct answer.

Hardly ... missed his presentation, but Guli refused to say ... on environment protection.

- A) anybody / something
B) somebody / something
C) anybody / anything
D) somebody / anything

161. (v18-59) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Laziz couldn't find the ticket ..., but was sure he had left it on his table.

- A) nowhere B) everywhere
C) anywhere D) somewhere

162. (v18-60) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

— What did you have for dinner?

— Nothing. I didn't have ... for dinner today.

- A) none B) anything
C) any D) something

163. (v18-61) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Elton, could you bring me ... books if you pass over the library?

- A) little B) much C) no D) some

164. (v18-62) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If you want to get in touch with ... of them, try to do so after dinner.

- A) none B) any
C) no D) someone

165. (v18-63) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She is very nervous before ... exams, but not when she feels she's done enough revision.

- A) every B) no
C) some D) each

166. (v18-64) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You can base your geography assignment on ... country, it doesn't matter which.

- A) no B) any C) some D) none

167. (v18-65) Choose the correct answer.

The north of California is ... moister on the average than the south. Furthermore, summers are drier than winters, especially in the south.

- A) any B) much C) many D) some

168. (v18-66) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There aren't ... places left on the course, so you'd better apply soon.

- A) many B) little C) much D) few

169. (v18-67) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because it contains ... salt, people can't drink seawater.

- A) much B) A lot C) little D) many

170. (v19/20-102-12) Choose the correct answer.

... of his paintings, even the smallest, would today sell for thousands of pounds.

- A) Any B) Every C) No D) Some

171. (v19/20-102-16) Choose the correct answer.

... of these apples are rotten. Don't eat them.

- A) Somebody B) Any
C) Anything D) Some

172. (v19/20-106-6) Choose the correct answer.

There was never ... question that she would leave her job.

- A) some B) any C) another D) no

173. (v19/20-106-12) Choose the correct answer.

Most people in this city have jobs—there isn't ... unemployment.

- A) much B) many C) little D) a lot

174. (v19/20-107-11) Choose the correct answer.

How ... times did Mary call you?

- A) little B) many C) few D) much

175. (v19/20-108-16) Choose the correct answer.

Would you like ... tea?

- A) none B) any of C) some D) any

176. (v19/20-110-4) Choose the correct answer.

Mushrooms should be gathered with care as ... can be very poisonous.

- A) any B) some C) no D) all of them

177. (v19/20-112-2) Choose the correct answer.

Mike has ... time so he can have a rest.

- A) little B) few C) a few D) a little

178. (v19/20-112-8) Choose the correct answer.

«Which type of envelope do you want?»

«... envelope is fine; it's only to post a bill.»

- A) No type B) Some
C) Nor D) Any

179. (v19/20-112-17) Choose the correct answer.

There are ... textbooks in our library this school year. In fact there are less of them than last year.

- A) not so many B) much more
C) not so much D) as much

180. (v19/20-113-1) Choose the correct answer.

Shall I give you ... more coffee, Ralph?

- A) any B) some C) no D) much

181. (v19/20-117-6) Choose the correct answer.

Ann loves children and always tells me that she wants to have ... children.
A) much B) many C) few D) less

182. (v19/20-120-18) Choose the appropriate pronoun

There is not ... milk left in the fridge
A) many B) much C) little D) few

183. (v19/20-122-8) Choose the correct answer.

... the work was done before dinner.
A) Much B) A lot
C) Many of D) Much of

184. (v19/20-124-16) Choose the correct answer.

I've learned that there are ... simple rules about how to make life easier both before and after your journey.
A) few B) a lot C) a few D) much

185. (v19/20-126-16) Choose the correct answer.

Simon has ... of experience working in the publishing industry.
A) as if B) many C) a few D) a lot

186. (v19/20-128-8) Choose the correct answer.

... bicycles parked in this area will be removed by the police.
A) Some B) Every C) None D) Any

187. (v19/20-129-4) Choose the right adverb of certainty.

He was ... shy when he had just entered the room. After some time he was in the center of the party.
A) a bit B) a little C) really D) very

188. (v19/20-129-6) Choose the correct answer.

Is there ... strange in what Jane is saying?
A) any B) somebody
C) no D) anything

189. (v19/20-130-1) Choose the correct answer.

Most of the town is modern. There are ... old buildings in it.
A) little B) a lot of
C) few D) many

16. All / all of most / most of no/ none of etc

1. (v15-104-21) Choose the best answer.

She shook hands with him ... they had known each other all their lives.
A) in spite of B) as though
C) even if D) provided that

2. (v15-106-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There's hardly ... milk left. I could not make an omelette.
A) some B) any C) no D) not any

3. (v15-131-11) Choose the correct answer.

Rachel has hardly ... sympathy for her brother's drinking problem.
A) no B) many C) any D) some

4. (v17-124-8) Choose the correct answer.

... what the man said was ironical.
A) Almost B) Most of
C) The most D) Most

5. (v17-124-19) Choose the correct answer.

Emma was sick yesterday. She spent ... of the day in bed.
A) most B) none C) a few D) little

17. Distributives – Both / both of neither / neither of either / either of

1. (96-6-41) Choose the appropriate word.

She didn't see anyone she knew, and ... did Nick.
A) either B) or C) neither D) still
E) too

2. (96-8-96) Choose the appropriate word.

The weather is nice here, it's not cold in October ...
A) still B) either C) neither D) or E) yet

3. (97-2-68) Choose the appropriate synonym. She is a doctor and a student.

A) else B) too C) either D) neither
E) so

4. (97-5-41) I have never been to England.

...
A) Me so B) Neither was I
C) Neither have I D) Neither did I
E) So have I

5. (98-3-28) Which of the given sentences can be responded by "Neither did I"?

A) I'm having a party on Sunday
B) I got a Christmas card from Angela
C) My girlfriend hasn't written to me for ages
D) I didn't have breakfast this morning
E) I've got a cold today

6. (01-5-12) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I've seen ... one of those films.
A) each B) enough
C) every D) not all E) which

7. (01-5-38) Choose the proper response to the statement.

I can hardly remember 5 words at a time.
A) So can I B) Neither do I
C) Nor we could D) Neither can I
E) So am I

8. (01-5-40) Choose the proper response to the statement.

I should like to have an ice.
A) So am I B) Neither like I
C) So should we D) So does my brother
E) So have we

9. (02-7-13) Choose the best answer.

Mrs. Curry was shown two ready-made suits, but she didn't like ... of them.
A) either B) neither
C) some D) every
E) none

10. (02-7-44) Choose the best answer.

– I might be able to go to London next Thursday. – ...
A) So can I B) I might too
C) So shall I D) I will too
E) Neither can I

11. (02-10-80) Choose the best answer.

Yesterday I had to keep late hours.
A) So had I. B) I had too.
C) So did my mother. D) So was I.
E) We had to either.

12. (02-10-82) Choose the best answer.

I have already written my composition.
A) So did I. B) My father didn't.
C) Neither have I. D) So have I.
E) I hadn't either.

13. (03-6-42) Choose the best answer.

– ... book would you like: the green one or the red one? – ...
A) What / Both
B) Which / Either
C) Whose
D) What colour / The others
E) Which colour / That one

14. (03-8-27) Choose the best answer.

– I can hardly find enough money for buying a car.
– Shake! ...
A) So can't I B) So do I
C) I can too D) Neither can I
E) Either can I

15. (03-11-4) Choose the best answer.

I asked two people on the way to the station but ... helped me.
A) both B) neither of them
C) either of them D) either
E) either ... or

16. (03-11-5) Choose the best answer.

I was invited to two parties last week, but I didn't go ...
A) either B) either ... or
C) neither D) either of them
E) both

17. (03-11-6) Choose the best answer.

– What day is it today?
– The 18th or the 19th ... it is the 20th.
A) Both B) Either C) Neither
D) Either of E) Both of

18. (03-11-7) Choose the best answer.

– Where is Kate? Is she at work or at home?
– ... She's away on holiday.
A) Neither B) Either C) Neither of
D) Both E) Neither ... nor

19. (04-1-453) Choose the best answer.

He was so tired that he could ... read ... write.
A) neither / nor B) either / or
C) both / and D) as / as
E) not as / as

20. (v4-106-36) Choose the appropriate word.

Is your friend British or American? – ... he is Australian.
A) Neither B) Nor
C) Either D) Both of
E) Both

21. (v4-124-36) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The exam was very easy ... could have passed.
A) anybody B) none C) someone
D) nobody E) somebody

22. (v5-155-36) Choose the best answer.

We didn't go to Humson for the week-end.
A) Neither we did B) Neither haven't we
C) So we did D) So didn't we
E) Neither did we

23. (v5-159-36) Choose the best answer.

None of us has any money.
A) So haven't I. B) Neither had I.
C) I had not, either. D) So had I.
E) Neither have they.

24. (v6-152-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People use ... words and hand signals to express their feelings.

- A) also B) either C) as D) both

25. (v6-156-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... John ... Bill is going to the beach today.

- A) Neither / or B) Either / nor
C) Either / or D) Neither / nor

26. (v6-156-18) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.

– Brian has never visited France.

- A) Neither is she. B) So is she.
C) Neither have I. D) So have I

27. (v8-122-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let's sell this car. We've had ... trouble with it already.

- A) enough B) many C) several D) any

28. (v9-106-2) Choose the right answer.

Both roads lead to the centre. You can take ... one.

You won't miss it.

- A) both B) neither C) every D) either

29. (v9-107-13) Choose the right answer.

About 70 percent of all students entering this university graduate ... four years.

- A) within B) both C) none D) either

30. (v9-113-8) Choose the right answer.

They have never liked ... It is rather strange, because they have so much in common.

- A) every other B) each one
C) neither of them D) each other

31. (v9-118-13) Choose the right answer.

Mary loves going to the cinema and

- A) I do neither B) so I do
C) neither do I D) so do I

32. (v9-119-17) Choose the right answer.

I can't go to the conference. There are only two flights and there are no seats left on ... of them.

- A) each B) neither C) either D) every

33. (v10-104-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Trade Fair is important. We need ... Sue and Mike on the stand.

- A) both B) either C) neither D) none

34. (v10-117-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

— Which burns longer — a black candle or a white candle?

— ... one.

Both burn shorter.

- A) Another B) Every
C) Neither D) Either

35. (v10-127-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You can take this road or that one: they ... go to Tashkent.

- A) both B) every C) neither D) either

36. (v12z-116-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Diana baked three cakes of them was a chocolate cake

- A) Both B) All C) None D) Neither

37. (v12z-117-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tom and Ann stood in front of the mirror and looked at ...

- A) both B) every other
C) themselves D) each other's

38. (v12c-101-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence He drove with one hand and used ... to draw diagrams in the air.

- A) other B) another
C) the other D) others

39. (v12c-118-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Where is Kate? Is she at work or at home?

... She's away on holiday.

- A) Neither B) Either
C) Neither of D) Both

40. (v12c-118-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Will Sam, Bob and Roy come to the zoo with us?

– No, ... of them wants to come.

- A) both B) neither C) all D) none

41. (v12c-121-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People use ... words and gestures to express their feelings.

- A) both B) also C) either D) neither

42. (v12c-122-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ann couldn't find the cheque ... , but was sure she had left it on her desk.

- A) nowhere B) somewhere
C) anywhere D) everywhere

43. (v12c-155-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Do Eric and Tom like fish?

– No, ... of them likes fish.

- A) both B) neither C) all D) each

44. (v13-120-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Have you seen All recently?

– Yes, I saw him just ... day.

- A) the other B) other
C) either D) another

45. (v13-128-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Even though they are both grown in the United States and exported abroad, corn is not native to America and winter wheat ...

- A) isn't neither B) is either
C) isn't either D) neither is

46. (v13-130-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Television should not become a replacement for good teachers, and ... computers.

- A) should neither B) neither should
C) either should D) should either

47. (v13-132-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Employers often require that candidates have not only a degree ... two years of job experience.

- A) but also B) as well C) also D) both

48. (v13-135-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Television should not become a replacement for good teachers, and ... computers.

- A) should either B) neither should
C) either should D) should neither

49. (v13-138-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Dick can't ski and he can't skate ... I see no point inviting him to the mountains.

- A) else B) neither
C) also D) either

50. (v14-107-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They don't want to leave their job. They don't want to move to another city ...

- A) either B) neither C) too D) also

51. (v14-114-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She is very nervous before ... exams, but not when she feels she's done enough revision.

- A) no B) every C) some D) each

52. (v15-109-22) Choose the correct answer.

As the reporter says, the ... country will see the rain by early evening.

- A) whole B) all C) everyone D) either

53. (v15-116-15) Fill the gap with the appropriate word.

He has got two cars. One is a Rover and ... is a Mini.

- A) one other B) the other
C) other D) another

54. (v15-124-6) Choose the best answer.

We visited two new restaurants yesterday. ... restaurant was expensive.

- A) None B) Neither C) All D) Both

55. (v15-127-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His brother decided to stay for ... three weeks though Hans had spent much time in the mountains.

- A) the other B) other
C) another D) others

56. (v15-128-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We have a lot of good hotels in Scotland. While traveling, you may stay in ... of them.

- A) neither B) any C) each D) every

57. (v15-133-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Employers often require that candidates have not only a degree ... two years of job experience.

- A) also B) but also C) as well D) both

58. (v16-109-18) Neither of them ... won this year.

- A) hasn't B) hadn't
C) haven't D) have

59. (v16-112-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I never read newspapers ...

- A) So I do B) So do I
C) Neither do I D) Either I do

60. (v16-117-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The children shouldn't take that medicine, and ... should she.

- A) neither B) either C) so D) too

61. (v16-122-10) Choose the right answer.

– what colour would you chose for the wallpapers, orange or green?

– Take ... I like ...

- A) neither / both B) either / both
C) both / neither D) neither / either

62. (v17-103-5) Choose the best answer.

Robert can't afford to buy a new house.

- A) Ann neither can. B) Ann can't neither.
C) So can Ann. D) Neither can Ann.

63. (v17-105-22) Choose the correct answer.

I'm a teacher and ... my husband.

- A) is a teacher B) so is
C) is he D) such is

64. (v17-106-13) Choose the correct answer.

There was a lot of post today but ... you,

- A) there's nothing for either of
B) there's nothing for neither of
C) it's nothing for either
D) it's nothing for either of

65. (v17-107-6) Choose the best answer.

I am looking for opportunities ... in this country and abroad.

- A) no B) either C) both D) none

66. (v17-114-13) Choose the correct answer.

Where do you prefer to go on holiday?
London or Paris?

... is fine with me.

- A) Both B) All C) None D) Either

67. (v17-116-16) Choose the best answer.

We have discussed ... the contract about the wheat delivery and the condition of saving it for 3 months of winter.

- A) either B) both C) neither D) so

68. (v17-117-2) Choose the correct answer.

Nodir and Aziza are my classmates ... are good at chemistry.

- A) them both B) both they
C) both of them D) both of they

69. (v17-125-9) Choose the correct answer.

«The sun is shining. I do not think we need these umbrellas.» «I do not think so, ...»

- A) too B) anyway
C) neither D) either

70. (v17-125-14) Choose the correct answer.

She was offered fish or chicken, ... which she likes.

- A) some B) all
C) few of D) neither of

71. (v17-126-3) Choose the correct answer.

I don't like tennis.

No, ...

- A) I don't neither B) I don't like it either
C) Either do I D) I don't like it neither

72. (v18-68) Tony's daughter has his red hair but ... of his sons look like him.

- A) both B) some
C) neither D) each

73. (v18-69) Tony's daughter has his red hair but ... of his sons look like him.

- A) both B) all C) each D) neither

74. (v18-70) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People use ... gestures and words to express their ideas and feelings.

- A) also B) neither
C) both D) either

75. (v18-71) Choose the correct answer.

... these dishes are very different from British food, partly because ... contains meat or potatoes.

- A) Both / both B) Both / neither
C) Neither / all D) Neither / both

76. (v19/20-101-11) Choose the correct answer.

— We weren't at work when the accident happened.

— ...

- A) They weren't neither
B) They didn't either
C) So weren't you
D) John wasn't either

77. (v19/20-107-9) Choose the correct answer.

We could not remember ... the name of the author or the title of the book.

- A) either B) both C) also D) neither

78. (v19/20-110-3) Choose the correct answer.

— I can't wait for the summer holidays.

— ...! I'm going to Spain with my family.

- A) I can't also B) Can't I either
C) Neither can I D) Nor I can

79. (v19/20-110-11) Choose the correct answer.

Daniel won't be going to the conference, and ...

- A) neither won't his colleagues
B) his colleagues will neither
C) will his colleagues either
D) neither will his colleagues

80. (v19/20-119-12) Choose the correct answer.

— I've just bought a new mobile phone.

— ... Mine has a camera.

- A) Nor have I. B) So have I.
C) Neither have I. D) So had I.

18. All, every and whole

1. (97-9-104) Choose the appropriate word or phrase.

It's very quiet in the office today. There's ... here. ... is on holiday.

- A) anybody / Everybody
B) anything / Nothing
C) nobody / All of them
D) somebody / Nothing
E) nobody / Everybody

2. (v6-148-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... the boys ran very fast in the school race, but Peter was the fastest.

- A) All B) Whole C) Each D) Every

3. (v6-149-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Does ... know this person? He looks suspicious.

- A) nobody B) everybody
C) anybody D) somebody

4. (v13-114-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We were talking to some Londoners in the street the ... evening when a policeman told us not to block the passage.

- A) every B) other
C) each D) another

5. (v14-111-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This is no parking area, and ... bicycles parked here will be removed by the police.

- A) some B) every C) any D) no

6. (v14-116-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You can discuss them with your group leaders if you have any problems. They can answer ... questions.

- A) something B) no
C) every D) any

7. (v17-105-23) Choose the correct answer.

... of the class was not ready for the test and the teacher was disappointed.

- A) The half B) A half's
C) An half D) Half

8. (v17-126-11) Choose the right answer.

— Why do you expect me to do ... for you?

You are already a grown up!

- A) all B) whole
C) everything D) all about

9. (v17-126-23) Choose the right answer.

Tom's written today is an essay.

- A) all B) whole
C) everything D) all about

10. (v17-127-20) Choose the right answer.

Popular singers should practice singing ... the time.

- A) all B) whole C) every D) each

11. (v18-72) I wonder if John ... this evening.

- A) to phone B) will phone
C) is phoning D) phones

12. (v18-73) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Olympics are held ... four years.

- A) every B) each C) all D) both

13. (v19/20-113-8) Choose the appropriate pronoun to complete the sentence

She was listening the same track on her walker ... evening

- A) each B) all C) every D) the whole

19. Each, every, other and another

1. (98-9-89) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

She always thinks of ... happiness.

- A) another B) others C) other
D) another E) others'

2. (99-9-19) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

... told ... a strange "Good bye" and looked at ...

- A) he / my / one another
B) which / them / it
C) we / me / us
D) they / their / them
E) they / me / each other

3. (01-12-28) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

"Have you got ... books on this subject?" "I am sorry, but there are ..."

- A) some other / no other
B) any other / others
C) some others / no others
D) any other / no other
E) any other / no others

4. (02-9-9) Choose the best answer.

... salad is so tasty. Give me ... helping, please.

- A) My / other B) His / the other
C) Her / some more D) Your / another
E) Our / other

5. (03-11-45) Choose the best answer.

He drove with one hand and used ... to draw diagrams in the air.

- A) another B) other
C) the other D) others
E) the others

6. (v5-141-17) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

These three boys help ...

- A) each another B) one another
C) each other D) to one another
E) to each other

7. (v7-166-11) He comes here every ... day. He is looking forward to receiving important news.

- A) other B) the other
C) others D) another

8. (v8-103-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentences. One of the countries I would like to visit is Sweden. ... is Mexico. Of course, besides these two countries there are many ... places I would like to see.

- A) Another / other B) Other / another
C) Other / others D) Another / others

9. (v8-109-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Please give me ... copy of the book. This one has many pages missing.

- A) another B) others
C) other D) one another

10. (v8-121-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentences. I received three letters. One was from my father. ... one was from my sister. ... letter was from my girlfriend.

- A) Other / Another
B) The other / The other
C) Another / The other
D) Another / Others

11. (v8-130-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was the first time that the two players faced ... across the chess board.

- A) all other B) each other
C) every other D) one other

12. (v9-107-9) Choose the right answer. He is diligence itself. But forgets one thing: the difference between a good worker and a bad worker is that one works with his heart and ... - with his hand.

- A) other B) the other
C) another D) others

13. (v9-127-19) Choose the right answer. It was clear he was hungry. He ate a considerable amount of fried meat far quicker than the others and asked for ... helping.

- A) other B) others
C) another D) the other

14. (v9-128-4) Choose the right answer. I travel to Portland every ... month. I go there to visit my grandmother.

- A) another B) other
C) the other D) others D) the other

15. (v10-111-21) Choose the best answer. Do you and your wife tell ... everything what happens during the day?

- A) one other B) each other
C) you D) her

16. (v11-122-14) Choose the best answer. The old man left the hearth, and after stumbling about the room returned with two candlesticks which he thrust one after ... into the fire.

- A) other B) others
C) the others D) the other

17. (v11-147-21) Choose the best answer. The old man left the hearth, and after stumbling about the room returned with two candlesticks which he thrust one after ... into the fire.

- A) the others B) the other
C) others D) other

18. (v12z-114-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You have to press both buttons at once. Nothing ... seems to work in this machine.

- A) either B) else C) each D) neither

19. (v12z-122-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. This book is divided into 20 units and ... of them has a different title.

- A) each B) no C) some D) every

20. (v12z-128-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There are thirty people in the room. Twenty are from Latin America and ... are from other countries.

- A) another B) other
C) the others D) others

21. (v12c-130-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I get very nervous before ... exams, but not when I feel I've done enough revision.

- A) some B) no C) every D) each

22. (v12c-141-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I've tried two phones so far but ... of them was out of order.

- A) every B) another C) some D) each

23. (v12c-142-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. This pen isn't working. Please, give me ... one.

- A) others B) more C) other D) another

24. (v12c-145-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. If we hadn't helped ... we couldn't have finished the project so quickly.

- A) themselves B) one other
C) each other D) every other

25. (v12c-147-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. - Are your parents going out tonight? - Yes. Actually, they are ... going to Grandma's birthday party.

- A) each B) none C) all D) both

26. (v13-117-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We would like some more magazines on this subject. Do you have any ... that you could lend us?

- A) another B) the others
C) others D) the other

27. (v13-124-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We saw beautiful mountains, fields and lakes on our trip. In ... words, we saw beautiful scenery.

- A) others B) the other
C) other D) another

28. (v13-130-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He's afraid he can't answer all my questions ... so little of the country.

- A) saw B) to see
C) having seen D) seeing

29. (v13-134-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When I was in Agra I bought for ... of my relatives a souvenir.

- A) another B) others
C) every D) each

30. (v14-115-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We couldn't have finished the project so quickly if we hadn't helped ...

- A) one other B) themselves
C) every other D) each other

31. (v14-117-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I've tried two phones so far, but ... of them was out of order.

- A) another B) every
C) some D) each

32. (v15-117-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We have to press both buttons at once. Nothing ... seems to work in this machine.

- A) each B) else
C) neither D) either

33. (v15-131-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. This book is divided into 20 units and ... of them has a different title.

- A) every B) some C) each D) no

34. (v15-132-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It was only ... day that he got a telegram from his old friend inviting him to the wedding.

- A) the other B) others
C) other D) another

35. (v16-107-2) Choose the right answer. There are many types of peaches in the market. Some are from California, but ... are not.

- A) others B) other
C) the other D) another ones

36. (v16-119-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I have two cousins. ... is six years old. ... is three years old.

- A) Other / Another B) One / Another
C) One / Other D) Another / The other

37. (v16-120-11) Choose the right answer. This year university teams are considered to compete with ...

- A) us B) themselves
C) the animals D) each other

38. (v17-105-1) Choose the correct answer. It seems to me that they always enjoyed ... company.

- A) any other's B) each other's
C) every other's D) one another's

39. (v17-106-1) Choose the correct answer.

Carol had been offered two jobs, one from her former employer, and ... from a new company.

- A) another B) the other
C) others D) other

40. (v17-107-21) Choose the correct answer. ... employee at our office has got a bilingual dictionary.

- A) None B) All
C) Either D) Each

41. (v17-109-21) Choose the correct answer.

Would you like ... sweet?

- A) Other B) others
C) another D) the others

42. (v17-114-1) Choose the correct answer.

There were five applicants for the job. An application form was given to ... of them.

- A) each B) everyone
C) every D) each of one

43. (v17-117-7) Choose the correct answer.

Could I have ... coffee?

- A) Other B) others
C) another D) the others

44. (v17-122-17) Choose the correct answer.

The teacher told us to work in pairs and to ask ... questions.

- A) each other's B) one's another
C) each other D) one another's

45. (v17-127-11) Replace underlined words.

The boy wanted an ice-cream, the boys wanted biscuits.

- A) the other B) the others
C) another D) anothers

46. (v18-74) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The managers interviewed ... candidates in turn among five people.

- A) every of B) each
C) every D) each of

47. (v18-75) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I've tried two phones so far, but ... of them was out of order.

- A) another B) every
C) some D) each

48. (v18-76) Choose the correct answer.

As the pair of trousers didn't fit properly, he asked the shop assistant for ... one.

- A) another B) other
C) the another D) others

49. (v18-77) Fill the gap with the appropriate word.

They have got two cars. One is a Rover and ... is a Mini.

- A) another B) one other
C) the other D) other

50. (v19/20-102-4) Choose the correct answer.

David is not very intelligent, but on ... hand he is the most hard-working guy I have ever met.

- A) others B) another
C) the other D) the others

51. (v19/20-102-13) Choose the correct answer.

Our two children walk to school together, so they can look after ...

- A) one anothers B) one other
C) another one D) each other

52. (v19/20-107-12) Choose the correct answer.

Most people take up painting in oils or watercolours, ... start with acrylics or pastels.

- A) other B) another
C) the other D) others

53. (v19/20-119-11) Choose the correct answer.

The bride had several bracelets on ... wrist and rings on ... finger.

- A) each / each B) every / each
C) every / every D) each / every

20. Adjectives and adverbs, sentence completion

1. (96-6-18) Choose the appropriate words.

Are the streets ... and ... than they were some years ago?

- A) wide / cleaner B) wider / cleanest
C) widest / cleaner D) widest / cleanest
E) wider / cleaner

2. (96-9-17) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Her love must be ... than mine.

- A) the deepest B) most deep
C) deepest D) deeper
E) deep

3. (96-9-18) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Your dictation is ... of all.

- A) bad B) worse C) good D) well
E) the worst

4. (96-9-66) Choose the appropriate antonym for the underlined word.

Emily was in ... temper.

- A) large B) great
C) excellent D) narrow E) miserable

5. (96-12-71) Choose the appropriate form of the adjectives.

The soup smells ... and it tastes ...

- A) well / well B) best / good
C) worse / best D) well / good
E) sweet / bad

6. (96-13-19) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Actions speak ... than words.

- A) loudest B) less louder
C) most loudest D) louder E) loudly

7. (96-13-129) Choose the appropriate adjective. The twenty second of December is ... day of the year.

- A) short B) much shorter
C) shorter D) the shortest
E) less short

8. (96-13-130) Choose the appropriate adjective.

He is ... strong ... his brother.

- A) as / like B) similar / as C) as / as
D) strong / than E) so / as

9. (96-13-184) Choose the appropriate adjective.

I wanted to ask you both what you thought of my ... films if you saw them.

- A) last B) latest
C) late D) the latest E) later

10. (96-13-185) Choose the appropriate adjective.

He is ... among his classmates.

- A) old B) taller
C) the youngest D) short
E) higher

11. (96-15-17) Choose the appropriate adjective.

English grammar is ... than Russian one.

- A) easy B) easier
C) the easiest D) as easy as
E) not so easy

12. (96-15-71) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

It is ... work I've ever done.

- A) bad B) worse
C) better D) the worst E) best

13. (96-15-124) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

The weather today is ... than yesterday.

- A) good B) bad C) fine D) worse
E) the worst

14. (97-3-72) Choose the appropriate article.

Are the streets of London ... or ... than the streets of Belfast?

- A) the narrowest / wider
B) narrow / wide
C) narrower / wider
D) more narrow / wide
E) most narrow / most wide

15. (97-5-18) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Our garden is ... than that of the neighbour's.

- A) little B) the least
C) most difficult D) the best
E) less

16. (97-7-17) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Do you need any ... help?

- A) much B) more C) many D) most
E) the most

17. (97-8-17) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

The story I have read is ... in this book.

- A) the most interesting
B) more interesting
C) less interesting
D) much interesting
E) few interesting

18. (97-8-18) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

This room is ... than that one.

- A) large B) little C) the smallest
D) the least E) smaller

19. (97-9-16) Choose the appropriate form of the adjectives.

Do you have ... or ... rain this autumn than the last one?

- A) many / little B) more / less
C) more / fewer D) much / less
E) more / few

20. (97-9-77) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

This question is ... than the first one, let's discuss it tomorrow.

- A) important B) less important
C) the most important D) the least important
E) -

21. (97-10-17) Choose the appropriate adjective.

Which is ... country in the UK?

- A) industrial B) the most industrial
C) more industrial D) most industrial
E) industrial

22. (97-12-36) Choose the appropriate adjective.

Unfortunately her decease was ... than we thought at first.

- A) more serious B) serious
C) the most serious D) most serious
E) –

23. (98-2-18) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- I make ... mistakes now than last year.
A) few B) fewer
C) – D) the fewest E) fewest

24. (98-3-15) Choose the appropriate form of the adverb.

- Can't you speak ...?
A) equally B) nearly
C) badly D) dearly E) far

25. (98-3-66) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- It was ... music I have ever heard.
A) more beautiful B) less beautiful
C) the most beautiful D) beautiful
E) most beautiful

26. (98-4-21) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- It's ... in here than it is in the street.
A) hot B) the hottest
C) hottest D) hotter E) hottest

27. (98-5-21) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- This exercise is ... than the last one.
A) – B) good C) best D) better
E) the best

28. (98-6-44) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- John is ... of all to act.
A) quickest B) quick
C) – D) quicker E) the quickest

29. (98-9-17) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- The higher is the fence, ... is the neighbour.
A) better B) the best
C) best D) good E) the better

30. (98-9-91) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- The longer the way the ... tired we are.
A) most B) more
C) the most D) –
E) much

31. (98-9-95) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- Both of them are skiing very badly, but she is skiing even ... than he is.
A) bad B) –
C) worse D) the worst E) worst

32. (98-10-33) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- My dress is ... than yours, isn't it?
A) long B) –
C) the longest D) longest
E) longer

33. (98-10-34) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- This is ... rule in this book.
A) difficult B) more difficult
C) most difficult D) the most difficult
E) much difficult

34. (98-10-35) Choose the appropriate form of the adverb.

- Try to do this work as ... as possible.
A) quickly B) –
C) more quickly D) most quickly
E) the most quickly

35. (98-10-36) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- The Thames is ... river in Great Britain.
A) the longest B) long
C) longest D) – E) longer

36. (98-11-32) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- Lake Baikal is ... lake in the world.
A) deeper B) the deepest
C) deep D) deepest
E) –

37. (99-3-20) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- My room is ... than yours.
A) large B) the large C) larger
D) the largest E) largest

38. (99-4-23) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- Yesterday was ... day we've had this summer.
A) hotter B) hot
C) the hottest D) hottest
E) much hotter

39. (99-4-24) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- I have ... money today than I had yesterday
A) – B) least C) less D) little
E) the least

40. (99-7-22) Choose the appropriate words.

- A ... fire spread ... through the ... house.
A) terrible / fastly / old
B) terribly / fast / old
C) terrible / fast / old
D) terribly / fastly / old
E) terrible / fast / older

41. (99-7-23) Choose the appropriate words.

- It's ... today ... it was yesterday.
A) a little warmer / that
B) little warm / than
C) more warmer / that
D) a little warmer / than
E) the warmest / than

42. (99-9-20) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- I think, today the Russian television programme "Wonder field" is ... popular of all the TV programmes in the CIS.
A) more B) much
C) the most D) – E) most

43. (99-10-44) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

- Please, give me his bouquet of flowers. I think it is ... than the rest ones.
– But it's ...
– Never mind. I'll buy it.
A) beautiful / expensive
B) more beautiful / more expensive
C) the most beautiful / most expensive
D) beautiful / most expensive
E) most beautiful / most expensive

44. (00-5-21) Choose the appropriate form of the adverb.

- He was in a hurry. So he finished his work as ... as possible.
A) quick B) quickly C) quicker
D) quickest E) the quickest

45. (00-6-8) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- The winter in Britain is ... than the winter in Paris or Milan.

- A) the warmest B) warm
C) warmer D) –
E) warmest

46. (00-6-44) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- In mountain areas ... by ice, there are often large piles of ... rock.
A) affecting / broken B) affected / broken
C) affect / breaking D) to affect / to break
E) affected / breaking

47. (00-7-49) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- Many people would say that my job must be ... component of my life.
A) less stressful
B) stressful
C) the most stressful
D) much more stressful
E) more stressful

48. (01-2-64) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- He is twice as ... as I am.
A) taller B) the tallest C) tallest
D) tall E) the taller

49. (01-2-65) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- This year we have grown three times as ... cotton as last year.
A) many B) much C) more D) most
E) the most

50. (01-2-66) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- This task is ... than I expected.
A) the easiest B) easiest
C) easy D) much easier
E) most easy

51. (01-2-67) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- That chair is ... than the other ones.
A) comfortable
B) most comfortable
C) the most comfortable
D) the least comfortable
E) less comfortable

52. (01-4-40) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- Bringing up children is one of ... jobs in the world.
A) hardest B) the harder
C) more hard D) harder
E) the hardest

53. (01-4-41) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- Martin is certainly ... person I've ever met.
A) unuasleat B) unusual
C) wore unusual D) the most unusual
E) most unusual

54. (01-7-16) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- We were almost ... when we saw her at the station.
A) as shocked B) shocked
C) more shocked D) less shocked
E) most shocked

55. (01-7-18) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

- The task you gave me was ... I have ever done.
A) little difficult B) the most difficult
C) as difficult D) not as difficult
E) more difficult

56. (01-11-51) Choose the appropriate form of the adverb.

Does he speak English as ... as you do?

- A) well B) a well
C) the most well D) mast well
E) more well

57. (01-12-24) Choose the appropriate adjective or adverb.

This book is ... interesting than that one.

- A) the most B) the more
C) more D) most
E) much most

58. (02-1-5) Choose the best answer.

... experience of working in an office environment is essential for this job.

- A) Earlier B) Initial C) First
D) Previous E) Last

59. (02-1-8) Choose the best answer.

The estate agent spent a ... deal of time trying to persuade me to buy the house.

- A) large B) big C) wide D) great
E) numerous

60. (02-1-21) Choose the best answer.

The plane crashed into a bridge because it was flying too ...

- A) slow B) deep C) high D) low
E) fast

61. (02-4-54) Choose the best answer.

Sharon cried all night. She's ... disappointed about missing the school trip.

- A) bitterly B) highly
C) deeply D) deadly E) strictly

62. (02-8-20) Choose the best answer.

Mr. Brown's translations are always ... done. His wife is a ... translator.

- A) well / good B) good / good
C) best / bad D) well / bad
E) badly / good

63. (02-8-24) Choose the best answer.

Salima arid Karima were getting treatment in the ... hospital. Their cases were ...

- A) same / similar B) similar / same
C) best / same D) bad / same
E) bad / best

64. (02-10-36) Choose the best answer.

The weather is beautiful. The day is ...

- A) enough warm B) as warm
C) less warm D) so warm
E) such warm

65. (03-1-12) Choose the best answer.

- We must hurry up. Can you walk a bit ...?

- I'm walking as ... as I can.

- A) fast / fastest B) faster / fast
C) fastest / faster D) faster / fastest
E) faster / faster

66. (03-5-63) Choose the best answer.

His advice sounded ...

- A) sincerely B) enough sincerely
C) enough sincere D) sincere enough
E) sincerely rather

67. (03-8-51) Choose the best answer.

It's ... cold today. Put on warm clothes.

- A) quite B) quiet C) rather
D) much E) strongly

68. (04-1-419) Choose the best answer.

A: It was surprising, wasn't, it? B: Yes, it was absolutely ...

- A) amazing B) interesting
C) terrifying D) exhausting
E) thrilling

69. (04-1-429) Choose the best answer.

A: It's a beautiful day, isn't it? B: Yes ...

- A) isn't it fantastic
B) absolutely miserable
C) as bad as yesterday
D) absolutely awful
E) absolutely terrible

70. (04-1-469) Choose the best answer.

The river is a kilometre ...

- A) tall B) high C) long D) big
E) small

71. (v4-101-5) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Anvar was ... of all the runners in the race.

- A) - B) quickest
C) the quickest D) quicker
E) quick

72. (v4-104-36) Choose the appropriate adjectives.

Of all the wonderful things in the world, the atom is perhaps ... and ..., because inside the atom there are the smallest things we know, much smaller than we can imagine.

- A) the strangest / the less interesting
B) strangest / interesting
C) very stranger / the most interesting
D) strange / not interesting
E) the strangest / the most interesting

73. (v4-106-21) Choose the appropriate adjective.

Helen has ... time to do the work than Ben does.

- A) little B) the least C) least
D) less E) -

74. (v4-107-5) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Ann is ... of all girls.

- A) - B) pretty
C) prettiest D) the prettiest
E) prettier

75. (v4-112-26) Choose the best answer.

A: Was it tiring? B: Tiring? It was ...

- A) frightening B) worrying
C) thrilling D) surprising
E) exhausting

76. (v4-114-21) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Unfortunately she was ... seriously hurt than we thought at first.

- A) the most B) - C) more
D) most E) much

77. (v4-120-5) Choose the best answer.

He took a ... train to Sochi.

- A) quickly B) long
C) fastry D) fast E) slowly

78. (v4-123-21) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

I'm sorry, Ariana, ... I can stay is three hours.

- A) more longer B) much longer
C) long D) the longest
E) longer

79. (v4-123-31) Choose the appropriate adjective.

The British Parliament is one of ... in the world and is ... part of Britain's system of government.

- A) older / the most important
B) the eldest / the most popular
C) the oldest / the most important
D) old / important
E) the oldest / the important

80. (v4-124-12) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

The silence as the two men stared at one another was ... than thunder.

- A) loudest B) not loud C) loud
D) the loudest E) louder

81. (v4-128-13) Choose the appropriate form of the adverb.

Can't you type ...?

- A) hardly B) completely C) shortly
D) nearly E) more carefully

82. (v4-129-26) Choose the best answer.

A: What dreadful weather! B: Absolutely ...

- A) marvellous B) fantastic C) terrible
D) lovely E) beautiful

83. (v5-111-11) Choose the best answer.

The house is low. It is only about two 20 cm ...

- A) low B) large C) high D) long
E) short

84. (v5-126-11) Choose the right answer.

Can you tell me the ... time?

- A) exactness B) exactor C) exact
D) exactless E) exactly

85. (v5-141-24) Choose the appropriate word or phrase.

We were moving ... towards the hill.

- A) nice B) well C) slow D) nicely
E) slowly

86. (v5-142-24) There are five answers after each sentence.

Anyone is correct. Choose the most suitable word to each sentence.

Nodir is a ... boy that is why he is behind the class.

- A) yard B) brilliant C) hard-working
D) lazy E) industrious

87. (v5-149-17) Choose the appropriate adjectives.

Do you Know ... or ... Uzbek words than your classmates?

- A) more / fewer B) much / less
C) many / few D) bigger / smaller
E) more / little

88. (v5-151-35) Choose the best answer.

They were so ... that they only had one ... a day.

- A) good / plate B) small / basket
C) poor / meal D) bad / pot
E) rich / dish

89. (v5-156-17) Choose the right adjective or adverb.

Please shut the door ...

- A) noise B) clearly C) quiet
D) noisily E) quietly

90. (v5-158-11) Choose the right answer.

It doesn't take me long to get to work because I live ... the office.

- A) near to B) nearer
C) near D) close E) nearly

91. (v5-159-5) Choose the appropriate adjectives.

Washington, DC is the capital of the US but New York is ... city.

- A) bigger B) more big
C) big D) the most biggest
E) the biggest

92. (v5-159-17) Choose the appropriate adjective.

Mrs. Brown's got 3 children, and her ... has just started school.

- A) the oldest B) eldest C) oldest
D) the eldest E) older

93. (v5-160-30) Choose the appropriate adjectives.

The job, offered by them, was ... worse than David had expected.

- A) much B) more C) many
D) a few E) very

94. (v6-146-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Pluto is ... of all the planets.

- A) the coldest B) most cold
C) cold D) colder

95. (v6-160-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mr. Lopes is a ... policeman.

- A) politely B) polite
C) most polite D) more polite

96. (v7-188-10) The trees overhanging the remote country road made things even blacker.

- A) far away B) close by
C) busy D) quiet

97. (v8-106-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Please don't go too ... the edge of the platform. It's very dangerous.

- A) nearest B) nearer
C) near D) nearby

98. (v8-114-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John appeared ... at the end of the party.

- A) unexpectedly B) expecting
C) expect D) to expect

99. (v8-124-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The President spoke ... to Congress than to his helpers.

- A) more calmly B) calm
C) most calmly D) calmly

100. (v9-101-21) Choose the right answer. If a dirty spot on the clothes cannot be removed by ... water and soap, pour on boiling water.

- A) warm B) warmly
C) warming D) warmer

101. (v9-109-21) Choose the right answer. I have two very different dogs. Rex is brave and ... while Evelyn is small and shy.

- A) largely B) large C) largest D) larger

102. (v9-112-2) Choose the right answer. It won't do you any ... to spend more time outdoors.

- A) harmful B) harmless
C) harm D) harms

103. (v9-122-9) Choose the right answer. I have two very different dogs. Rex is brave and ... while Evelyn is small and shy.

- A) large B) largely
C) larger D) largest

104. (v9-126-8) Choose the right answer. The harp has always been a very ... musical instrument in Ireland.

- A) most important B) importantly
C) important D) more important

105. (v10-127-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The two brothers have found ... solutions to the problem. I'm not sure who is right.

- A) different B) the most different
C) more different D) differently

106. (v11-135-13) Bicycle tires are ... smaller and cheaper than automobile tires.

- A) considerable B) more considerable
C) more considerably D) considerably

107. (v12z-102-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If what you say is true, there is ... we can do about it.

- A) a few B) few C) little D) less

108. (v12z-103-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Third time lucky! After two ... attempts Mark has finally passed his driving test.

- A) successful B) success
C) unsuccessful D) succeed

109. (v12z-103-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Young people are fond of rock music which was ... a mixture of country music, rhythm and blues.

- A) originating B) originate
C) original D) originally

110. (v12z-109-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jelly fish are probably ... predators on Earth.

- A) many numerous
B) the most numerous
C) most numerous of
D) most numerous

111. (v12z-110-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Something has happened to Julie. She seems rather ..., but she tries to smile cheerfully.

- A) sadness B) sadden
C) sadly D) sad

112. (v12c-111-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Books differ from magazines and newspapers because they are not published on a ... schedule.

- A) month B) months'
C) month's D) monthly

113. (v12c-134-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The cottage was beautiful and the smell of ... roses filled each room.

- A) fresh B) freshness
C) freshen D) freshly

114. (v12c-150-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The province of Newfoundland has ... history than any other region of North America in which the first language is English.

- A) the longest B) the longer
C) long D) a longer

115. (v12c-150-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tony always drives too Yesterday he was fined for speeding.

- A) faster B) slowly
C) fast D) quick

116. (v12c-152-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In the ... 1990s several companies introduced electronic books, or e-books.

- A) latest B) later C) last D) late

117. (v12c-153-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They entered the room. John looked at them ... but said nothing.

- A) sad B) sadness
C) sadly D) sadden

118. (v12c-158-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Then Freddy got up from his chair and walked ... to the door like a tired man.

- A) slowly B) slowing
C) slowest D) slow

119. (v12c-159-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Kiwi is New Zealand's national symbol. It's an ... bird that cannot fly.

- A) usually B) unusual
C) usual D) unusually

120. (v13-115-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The works of Picasso were quite ... during various periods of his artistic life.

- A) differ B) different from
C) differentiate D) different

121. (v13-118-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Dear Monica. Thank you for letting me stay in your villa in Spain last month. It was ... holiday I've ever had.

- A) as good B) a good
C) the best D) such a good

122. (v13-121-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ann is extremely careless - she loses something ... every day.

- A) nearer B) next
C) near D) nearby

123. (v13-127-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John always arrives ... for his chemistry class even though he leaves his dormitory in plenty of time.

- A) lately B) latter C) late D) later

124. (v13-129-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We got to business without ... delay.

- A) farther B) furthest
C) far D) further

125. (v13-131-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When he fell awkwardly it felt like he had broken his ankle, but fortunately the injury wasn't ... he first thought.

- A) as serious as B) more serious
C) serious D) the most serious

126. (v13-132-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This book is so exciting. We can hardly wait to get to the ... chapter.

- A) late B) latest C) last D) later

127. (v14-110-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Something has happened to Mike. He seems rather ... but he tries to smile cheerfully.

- A) sad B) sadly
C) sadden D) sadness

128. (v14-116-16) Choose the best answer. Either the well was very deep, or she fell very ... for she had plenty of time as she went down to look about her.

- A) slow B) slower
C) slowly D) the slowest

129. (v15-101-1) Choose the correct answer.

They all work extremely ...

- A) hardly B) harden
C) hard D) harder

130. (v15-103-7) Choose the right answer.
All the cars looked very ... , so it was difficult to make the final decision.

- A) attractively B) too attractive
C) attractive D) attractive enough

131. (v15-106-21) Choose the best answer.
Does it sound ... ?

- A) correctly B) more correct
C) most correct D) correct

132. (v15-130-7) Choose the right answer.
The food looked perfectly ... to me.

- A) nicely B) deliciously
C) well D) good

133. (v16-101-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The team has won the championship with a seven-goal advantage over its opponents. It's their best performance...!

- A) forever B) ever
C) sometimes D) never

134. (v16-102-10) Choose the best answer.

It was a bit ... but an interesting topic.
A) argumented B) arguing
C) argumentative D) argument

135. (v16-106-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mr. Edwards has proven to be ... most talented managers that can be imagined, even in the headquarters.

- A) one of the B) one of
C) one D) of one

136. (v16-109-3) Choose the best answer.

Put these batteries in the recycling bin; they're not ... so we can't use them again.

- A) rechargeable B) reasonable
C) biodegradable D) disposable

137. (v16-110-12) Choose the best answer.

Our team was ... during the first half, but we lost in the last ten minutes.

- A) sluggish B) behind
C) inactive D) ahead

138. (v16-111-13) Choose the correct answer.

The cupcake tastes ...

- A) nicely B) well
C) suspiciously D) wonderful

139. (v16-116-11) Choose the correct answer.

The plot moved both ... and ... throughout the movie.

- A) swiftness / art B) to swiftly / to artful
C) swiftly / art D) swiftly / artfully

140. (v16-121-19) Choose the correct answer.

The actors were both ... and ... in their performances.

- A) engaged / skillful
B) to engage / to engage
C) engaging / skillful
D) engaged / skill

141. (v16-123-12) The government's ... report.

- A) economical B) economizing
C) economy D) economic

142. (v16-124-4) Choose the right word and complete the sentence.

The police found him ... on the floor in his study.

- A) unknown B) unconscious
C) unaware D) unsure

143. (v16-124-6) Choose the correct answer.

... you say, I won't believe you.

- A) Whoever B) Whatever
C) No matter D) Whichever

144. (v16-125-11) Choose the correct answer.

I was glad to see ... smiles on the children's faces.

- A) happy B) happiness
C) happily D) unhappy

145. (v16-127-10) Choose the right answer.

John was ... kind to me when I came to this country.

- A) wonderful B) wonder
C) wonderly D) wonderfully

146. (v16-128-20) I'm ... to lift up weights.

- A) enough tall B) tall enough
C) enough strong D) strong enough

147. (v17-101-8) Choose the right answer.

A ... walk made me feel very tired that day.

- A) three mile B) three miles
C) three-mile D) three-miles

148. (v17-101-21) Choose the right answer.

We drank some ...

- A) Delicious Georgian red wine
B) Delicious red Georgian wine
C) Georgian Delicious red wine
D) Red Delicious Georgian wine

149. (v17-102-20) Choose the right answer.

It is the ... ship.

- A) old, white, Norwegian, wooden
B) white, old, Norwegian, wooden
C) old, white, wooden, Norwegian,
D) old, white, Norwegian, wooden

150. (v17-102-22) Choose the right answer.

We never wear ... dresses.

- A) bad oversize old rectangular black Chinese silk
B) bad oversize old rectangular Chinese black silk
C) bad old oversize rectangular black Chinese silk
D) bad oversize old black rectangular Chinese silk

151. (v17-105-24) Choose the correct answer.

The journey was really ... I enjoyed it.

- A) excite B) excited
C) excitingly D) exciting

152. (v17-106-17) Choose the correct answer.

Some latest statistics on demographic trends do sound ... to me.

- A) well B) too well
C) good D) better

153. (v17-107-23) Choose the correct answer.

Gulshoda has passed her exams. I think she has ... free time

- A) a little B) a lot C) many D) little

154. (v17-108-17) Choose the correct answer.

I would sleep ... if I weren't worried about Tom.

- A) more peaceful B) peaceful
C) more peacefully D) less peacefully

155. (v17-109-8) Choose the correct answer.

Charles Dickens was ... young when he published his first short story.

- A) quite B) such
C) even D) enough

156. (v17-110-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Garcia Lopez de Cardenas ... discovered the Grand Canyon while he was looking for the legendary Lost City of Gold.

- A) accidentally B) accident
C) accidental D) accidance

157. (v17-111-1) Choose the right answer.
Polly ... to buy food.

- A) probably has forgotten
B) has probably forgotten
C) has forgotten probably
D) forgotten has probably

158. (v17-111-12) Choose the right answer.
Parents ... right.

- A) are certainly B) certainly are
C) will certainly D) certainly will

159. (v17-111-13) Choose the right answer.

Which word cannot go with word expression

- A) cowardly B) friendly
C) silly D) early

160. (v17-112-1) Choose the right answer.

- A) The kids were playing quietly in the room yesterday
B) The kids were quietly playing in the room yesterday
C) The kids were playing quietly yesterday in the room
D) The kids were playing yesterday quietly in the room

161. (v17-112-9) Choose the right answer.

- A) Can you now repair my watch?
B) Can you my watch repair now?
C) Can you repair my watch now?
D) Can you repair now my watch?

162. (v17-113-6) Choose the right answer.

He must have hurt his leg. He runs too ...

- A) hurriedly B) quickly
C) rapidly D) slowly

163. (v17-113-13) Choose the right answer.

My husband earns twice as ... money as I do.

- A) well B) tall C) much D) good

164. (v17-114-20) Choose the right answer.

I think, Bobur's ... injury is of no importance.

- A) slight B) accidental
C) fatal D) serious

165. (v17-114-22) Choose the right answer.

Buying a new house is a very serious step and cannot be decided ...

- A) carefully B) eventually
C) immediately D) meticulously

166. (v17-115-2) Choose the right answer.

Although we were passionate about our trip, we were waiting for it ...

- A) permanently B) patiently
C) anxiously D) clumsily

167. (v17-115-13) Choose the right answer.

The teacher explained everything so ... that the hourly lecture ended in 20 minutes.

- A) vaguely B) imprecisely
C) indefinitely D) briefly
- 168. (v17-116-1) Choose the right answer.**
The scholarship is awarded to the student.
A) worried B) concerned
C) relevant D) affected
- 169. (v17-116-6) Choose the right answer.**
He replied ...
A) cold B) coldly C) coldest D) colder
- 170. (v17-116-21) Choose the right answer.**
This is ... far the best book I've ever read.
A) with B) by C) at D) from
- 171. (v17-117-21) Choose the correct answer.**
Four out of five people in the USA live as members of family and they value their families ...
A) higher B) high
C) highly D) more highly
- 172. (v17-120-12) Choose the correct answer.**
Sanam looked at Bobur ...
A) angriness B) angrily
C) angriful D) angry
- 173. (v17-122-16) Choose the right word and complete the sentence.**
I was ... amused when he told me those lies about his family.
A) great B) enormous
C) greatly D) such
- 174. (v17-123-24) Choose the correct answer.**
It's time to get down to training your skills. Why do you look so ...?
A) tiring B) tiresome C) tired D) tiredly
- 175. (v17-124-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Dogs make very ... pets. They'll always stay by your side.
A) loyal B) mental C) digital D) private
- 176. (v17-125-7) Choose the best answer.**
Now that the room is painted yellow, it looks ... and ...
A) loving / brightly B) loving / bright
C) lovely / brightly D) lovely / bright
- 177. (v17-127-3) Choose the correct answer.**
The storm came ... and did a lot of damage in the area.
A) rapid B) surprisingly
C) in hurry D) suddenly
- 178. (v17-128-4) Choose the correct answer.**
It is ... concert, coming to us via satellite from New York.
A) alive B) a live
C) a lively D) a life
- 179. (v17-128-8) Choose the correct answer.**
It is ... surprising that your stomach hurts. You did not eat anything all day.
A) lately B) hardly
C) well D) badly
- 180. (v17-128-19) Choose the correct answer.**
Mr. Lawrence is a ... driver. I feel safe when I'm in his car.

- A) carefully B) more carefully
C) careful D) less careful
- 181. (v17-129-9) Identify a mistake**
A) fantastically B) prolifically
C) magnetically D) publically
- 182. (v17-129-14) Choose the right answer.**
They look ...
A) shyly B) shy C) shying D) shyest
- 183. (v18-78) 'I think Jim is a bit ...' 'I agree. He's not the brightest person I know.'**
A) silly B) thick
C) interesting D) funny
- 184. (v19/20-102-11) Choose the correct answer.**
I can't understand him. He doesn't speak very ...
A) clearly B) clear
C) more clear D) most clearly
- 185. (v19/20-104-6) Choose the correct answer.**
The singer of the band sang very ... during the concert.
A) the worst B) worse
C) badly D) bad
- 186. (v19/20-107-14) Choose the correct answer.**
You are old enough to discuss this ... and ...
A) the calmest / more intelligently
B) calmer / intelligently
C) calm / intelligently
D) calmly / intelligently
- 187. (v19/20-108-11) Choose the correct answer.**
... this is done, the better.
A) The soonest B) The sooner
C) Sooner D) As soon
- 188. (v19/20-108-15) Choose the correct answer.**
... the treatment is started, ... the chance of recovery is.
A) Sooner / better
B) The sooner / the better
C) The soonest / the best
D) The sooner / the well
- 189. (v19/20-109-2) Choose the correct answer.**
I spoke ... than ever.
A) eager B) most eager
C) more eagerly D) eagerly
- 190. (v19/20-112-6) Choose the correct answer.**
The weather was ... in this place last summer.
A) hot extremely B) extremely hot
C) extreme hot D) hot extreme
- 191. (v19/20-112-15) Choose the correct answer.**
I was now a more experienced man and it was not ... to deceive me.
A) easily B) the easier
C) easiest D) easy
- 192. (v19/20-120-11) Choose the appropriate form of adjectives and adverbs**
Keiko likes driving ... so her parents are afraid about their only child
A) slow B) fastly C) fast D) slowly
- 193. (v19/20-124-18) Choose the correct answer.**
Please talk a bit ... and ... aggressively.

- A) quiet / little B) quieter / less
C) quietly / a little D) quieter / a little
- 194. (v19/20-127-13) Choose the correct answer.**
The police officer made sure that she got home ...
A) safely B) the most safe
C) safe D) more safely
- 195. (v19/20-128-11) Choose the correct answer.**
You don't remember some details, you should study the papers ...
A) more closely B) closer
C) a bit closely D) much closely

21. Adjectives ending -ing and -ed (boring / bored etc.)

- 1. (v4-127-26) Choose the best answer.**
B: Was it an exciting match? Yes, it was ...
A) frightening B) tiring C) thrilling
D) exhausting E) alarming
- 2. (v5-154-11) Choose the best answer.**
You have really got to stop leaving the door ... or one day someone will just walk in and steal things.
A) unlocked B) pointed
C) slammed D) locked
E) closed
- 3. (v6-144-22) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.**
- All the students went to the show yesterday.
- I heard it was really ...
A) laughed B) laughing
C) amused D) amusing
- 4. (v13-119-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
The weather had turned ... stormy.
A) unexpected B) unexpectedly
C) unexpected D) unexpecting
- 5. (v13-127-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
I was in a hurry to catch a ... bus to Bukhara.
A) last B) later C) latter D) latest
- 6. (v13-135-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
I'm starting a new job next week. I'm quite ...
A) exciting B) excited
C) excite D) excitedly
- 7. (v14-105-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Malika looked good in jeans and a black sweater and her hair was ... washed after her gym class.
A) fresh B) fresher
C) freshen D) freshly
- 8. (v14-106-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.**
Because his map was very ..., he couldn't find the way to my house.
A) confused B) confusion
C) confuse D) confusing
- 9. (v17-130-3) Choose the correct answer.**
Sandra works with students at university. Her job is very ... and she often feels ...
A) depressing / tiring B) depressed / tired
C) depressing / tired D) depressed / tiring
- 10. (v18-79) Leo and Rose left the cinema because the film was ...**
A) bored B) boredom
C) borings D) boring

11. (v18-80) It was a really ... journey.
A) tiring B) tirenger C) tire D) tired

12. (v18-81) My husband was really ... when I got sick.
A) worrying B) worry
C) worrying in D) worried

13. (v18-82) We were all feeling ..., hungry and rather fed-up.
A) tire B) tired
C) tiring D) tiringer

14. (v18-83) My nephew got ... by the neighbour's dog.
A) frightened B) frightening
C) fright D) frighten

22. Adjectives and adverbs quick / quickly, well / fast, with exceptions well hard

1. (02-1-36) Choose the best answer. Today's newspaper has ... interesting article on space travel.

A) so an B) nearly an C) apparently
D) an almost E) quite an

2. (02-4-52) Choose the best answer. Smoking in the airports is ... prohibited.
A) deeply B) strictly C) highly
D) hardly E) strongly

3. (v5-102-5) The glasses were ... full, so Ann carried them very ...
A) much / carefully B) very / carefully
C) as / carefully D) very / carelessly
E) very / careful

4. (v7-172-7) The teacher lives ... to the school.
A) close B) nearby
C) nearby D) closely

5. (v8-124-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Father said "no" so ... that we understood that he would never change his mind.
A) firmness B) firmly
C) firmer D) firm

6. (v10-129-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Does this music sound as ... as that music?
A) the most well B) good
C) badly D) well

7. (v11-104-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Cats can survive falls from great ... because of their ability to turn themselves up the right way and spread the impact of landing across their whole bodies.
A) height B) higher
C) highly D) high

8. (v11-135-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I wear jeans to school. They are ..., and they always look good.
A) comforting B) comfortably
C) comfort D) comfortable

9. (v12z-111-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. All members of the cat family are ... adapted for grasping and tearing.
A) highest B) higher
C) high D) highly

10. (v12c-132-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The antique collector must be able to distinguish ... antiques from later imitations, which can be either reproductions or fakes.
A) really B) real C) reality D) realize

11. (v12c-148-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. If an athlete wishes to achieve success in his field he must show mental ... as well as other qualities.
A) strengthen B) strongly
C) strength D) strong

12. (v13-138-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The window is very dirty. You can ... see anything through it.
A) well B) hard C) hardly D) badly

13. (v14-104-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I didn't sleep ... last night. I feel tired this morning.
A) best B) better C) well D) good

14. (v14-107-6) Fireweed received its name because it ... after a forest fire.
A) quickly grown B) grows quickly
C) quick growth D) growing quickly

15. (v15-107-1) Choose the right answer. Saodat is ... good with animals.
A) more amazing B) amazed
C) amazing D) amazingly

16. (v15-111-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Will you raise your hands a bit ..., please? I can't see them.
A) highly B) highest
C) higher D) the highest

17. (v15-121-12) Choose the correct answer. "Oh, I beg your pardon!" cried Alice ... than it was necessary.
A) hastilier B) hasty
C) more hastily D) most hastily

18. (v15-125-16) Choose the best answer. The Prime Minister could not return ... this compliment, so said nothing at all.
A) more honest B) honest
C) honestly D) honest

19. (v15-132-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. People usually can get a ... amount of the calcium their bodies need from the food they consume.
A) suffice B) sufficiently
C) sufficiency D) sufficient

20. (v15-133-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When the wind started to blow, I grew ... because it might damage old trees in the garden.
A) anxious B) anxiety
C) anxiously D) more anxiously

21. (v16-126-9) Choose the right answer. Unfortunately, we found only ... mushrooms in the wood.
A) little B) a little C) few D) a few

22. (v17-106-16) Choose the correct answer. You should buy this skirt. The material washes very ...
A) good B) bad C) well D) better

23. (v17-107-15) Choose the correct answer.

A good accountant should be able to add up ...
A) to quick B) quicken
C) quickly D) quick

24. (v17-110-10) Choose the correct answer. He threw away the key with a ... motion of his hand.
A) quick B) quickly
C) more quick D) quicken

25. (v17-130-11) Choose the right answer. My grandparents lived very ... to city center.
A) close B) closely
C) closed D) enclosely

23. So and such, enough and too the same, as

1. (02-10-38) Choose the best answer. We couldn't make up our minds what to do. It's ... problem.
A) enough B) so
C) such D) such a E) as

2. (v5-159-11) Choose the best answer. The dress was ... beautiful that I bought it immediately.
A) really B) such C) very D) so
E) much

3. (v7-157-20) She was ... intelligent, she always came top of the class.
A) so B) such an C) such D) so an

4. (v7-184-12) What a great beach - no other beach has ... good sand as this one.
A) less B) such C) as D) more

5. (v7-185-24) It was ... hot weather that everyone stayed indoors.
A) such a B) so a C) so D) such

6. (v8-128-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She opened two bottles of perfume. The perfume in the oval bottle smelt ..., that reminded her of late summer; the former had a strange smell.
A) such sweetly B) such sweet
C) so sweetly D) so sweet

7. (v10-111-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. West Indians are one of the many minority ethnic groups who help to make life in the UK so ... and colorful.
A) richer B) rich C) richest D) richly

8. (v12c-138-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Your car is the same make ... mine.
A) then B) than C) as D) from

9. (v12c-159-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The few trees looked as dusty and dry ... fence posts.
A) as B) like C) such D) so

10. (v13-121-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When Dilbar was writing her report she used ... much paper that the wastebasket was full of it.
A) as B) such C) so D) that

11. (v13-124-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He is speaking ... loudly and disturbing the other students.
A) that B) a little C) such D) too

12. (v13-126-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Isaac Newton was ... scientist that many of his colleagues had to study for years to form opinions about his theories.
A) such a brilliant B) so a brilliant
C) as brilliant a D) so brilliant

13. (v13-132-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It is ... heavy luggage that I can't carry it.
A) so B) such a C) so a D) such

14. (v13-139-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. A chameleon is a tree lizard that can change colors ... to conceal itself in the vegetation.
A) so B) in order
C) that D) such

15. (v13-145-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Geese are not the same ... ducks. Geese are usually larger and have longer necks.
A) so B) as C) like D) such

16. (v14-104-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It's ... lovely day! We should go for a picnic.
A) such a B) such
C) so a D) so

17. (v15-109-21) Choose the right answer. When I have a cold, I feel ...
A) such miserable B) such miserable
C) so miserable D) so miserably

18. (v15-117-1) Choose the right answer. The journey was twice ... we had expected.
A) so longer B) longer than
C) as longer as D) as long as

19. (v16-102-9) Choose the best answer. Yesterday it was ... terrible weather that there were hardly any people out in the streets.
A) so B) too C) such D) such a

20. (v16-104-19) Choose the best answer. A present! For me? You're ... kind!
A) so many B) such a
C) so D) such

21. (v16-114-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. In the fifteenth century people knew nothing about ... big continent as America.
A) a / such B) such / a
C) so / as D) so / a

22. (v16-122-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There is no need to hurry. We have ... time.
A) many B) too C) such D) enough

23. (v17-101-9) Choose the correct answer. The forecast promises such ... good weather, but I don't believe it.
A) an B) - C) the D) a

24. (v17-103-19) Choose the correct answer. For an extra \$500, you could buy a much ... motorbike.
A) more powerful B) powerfully
C) powerful D) most powerful

25. (v17-106-18) Choose the best answer. Van Gogh was regarded ... the greatest painter of his time.
A) quite B) so C) like D) as

26. (v17-108-23) Choose the correct answer.

I have never seen such ... men!
A) the tallest B) a tall
C) taller D) tall

27. (v17-109-22) Choose the correct answer. In the afternoon he had ... headache that he could not even drink his coffee.
A) quite B) such a
C) a little D) enough

28. (v17-110-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Hotels have developed ... restaurants in recent years.
A) more rapidly as B) as rapid as
C) as rapidly as D) so rapidly that

29. (v17-117-11) Choose the correct answer. Katy is ... kind woman, you cannot imagine.
A) so B) such C) such a D) so a

30. (v17-117-12) Choose the right answer. They are very skilled designers. They decorated the flat with such ... taste!
A) the B) a C) - D) of the

31. (v17-118-12) Choose the right answer. This phone is the same ... my husband's.
A) as B) that C) for D) so

32. (v17-118-14) Choose the right answer. Mary types ... fast that she won a contest.
A) such B) as C) so D) too

33. (v17-123-6) Choose the correct answer. The shoes are ... fashionable!
A) so a B) so C) such D) such a

34. (v17-124-12) Choose the correct answer. You can use the pool ... many times as you like in a week.
A) enough B) as C) like D) too

35. (v17-128-17) Choose the correct answer. It was ... late when I got home that I didn't have dinner.
A) such B) so many
C) such a D) so

36. (v17-130-23) Choose the correct answer. I have never seen ...
A) such a handsome man
B) so handsome man
C) such handsome man
D) as tall man

37. (v18-84) The sweater wasn't ... to wear in winter.
A) so warm B) as warm
C) much warm D) warm enough

38. (v18-85) Has he got ... enthusiasm for the job?
A) enough B) many
C) a few D) not much

39. (v18-86) It was ... great film that we saw it twice.
A) what a B) her only
C) such a D) so

40. (v18-87) It was ... great film that we saw it twice.
A) - B) what a C) her only D) such a

41. (v19/20-113-14) Choose the correct answer. Gifted children are often viewed ... «the smart ones» who should know everything.
A) as B) alike C) like D) as if

42. (v19/20-115-12) Choose the right adjective modifier. The girl shouted: «... cute», «... a wonderful puppy» when she saw the host's dog.
A) so / such B) such / so
C) so / so D) such / such

43. (v19/20-128-5) Choose the correct answer. Your handbag is ... fashionable!
A) such B) such a C) so D) so a

24. Comparative adjectives

1. (96-12-18) Choose the proper form of the adjective. In the second half, the team played ... and the game ended in a draw.

A) earliest B) the worst
C) interesting D) the most interesting
E) worse

2. (97-6-17) Choose the right form of the adjective.

Girls are much ... than boys.
A) quiet B) the quietest
C) so quiet D) quieter
E) too quiet

3. (98-6-93) Choose the appropriate forms of the adjectives.

"Why do you always buy five loaves, no ... and ...?"

A) many / little B) less / fewer
C) more / much D) more / less
E) most / less

4. (98-8-18) Choose the appropriate forms of the adjectives.

Your English is much ... now. You've made ... mistakes this time.

A) best / least B) better / less
C) the best / less D) good / less
E) best / the least

5. (00-3-10) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective and adverb.

... expensive the hotel, ... the service.
A) The more / the better
B) The most / the best
C) More / best
D) More / the better
E) The more / the best

6. (00-10-29) Complete the sentence.

The harder you work ...
A) the more you will earn
B) you will earn the more
C) that much more you earn
D) you will earn the most
E) the most you earn

7. (01-4-2) Choose the appropriate forms of the adjectives.

Selfridge's is a very expensive department store, that is why ... Londoners have to go to ... shops.

A) most / cheaper
B) many / the cheaper
C) more / cheapest
D) much / more cheaper
E) many / most cheapest

8. (01-6-20) Choose the appropriate forms of the adjectives.

Collins knew the ... he worked the ... results he could achieve and so he did his ...
A) hardest / best / good
B) harder / better / best
C) hardest / better / better

- D) harder / better / the best
E) hard / good / best

9. (02-5-14) Choose the best answer.

This film is much ... interesting than the one we saw last week. No doubt, it is ... film I've seen this year.

- A) - / the better B) less / a good
C) most / the best D) more / the best
E) least / most worst

10. (02-5-15) Choose the best answer.

— Who is ... boy in your class?
— Pete is. But I am ... than he is.

- A) a cleverer / cleverer
B) a clever / cleverest
C) the cleverest / cleverer
D) cleverest / more clever
E) cleverest / most clever

11. (02-7-65) Choose the best answer.

Texas alone is ... than France, and Alaska is twice as ... as Texas.

- A) larger / big B) large / bigger
C) large / big D) largest / biggest
E) the largest / bigger

12. (02-9-22) Choose the correct answer.

Lesson 10 is much more difficult than Lesson 9 ... difficult the lesson is ... you should work at it.

- A) more / harder
B) the more / the harder
C) more / hardest
D) most / harder
E) the most / the hardest

13. (02-11-4) Choose the best answer.

Remember that ... time you spend on training, ... it will be to make progress.

- A) the more / easier
B) most / the easiest
C) the most / the easiest
D) the more / the easier
E) more / easier

14. (03-1-13) Choose the best answer.

This book is too ... for me. Can you give me an ... one?

- A) difficult / easiest
B) more difficult / easy
C) difficult / easier
D) most difficult / easiest
E) more difficult / easier

15. (03-3-35) Choose the right form of the best answer.

Mike is ... than Amonjon.

- A) more polite B) the politer
C) most polite D) the politest
E) polite

16. (03-4-48) Choose the best answer.

Silver is ... than copper.

- A) heavier B) the heaviest
C) heaviest D) heavy
E) the heavier

17. (03-5-17) Choose the best answer.

... you do your homework ... you go for a walk.

- A) Soon / soon
B) Sooner / sooner
C) The sooner / soonest
D) The sooner / the sooner
E) The soonest / the soonest

18. (03-8-7) Choose the best answer.

Let's stay at this hotel. I don't think we'll find a ... one.

Besides, it's ... one to the centre of the city.

- A) cheap / near
B) cheaper / nearer
C) cheapest / nearest
D) cheaper / the nearest
E) cheap / the nearer

19. (04-1-145) Choose the best answer.

The market centre was as ... crowded as usual on Saturday. But before a holiday, it is ... crowded than usual.

- A) the most / much B) most / most
C) the more / the more D) more / more
E) -/more

20. (04-1-148) Choose the best answer.

Toshmat's fence is ... than ours. Our fence is as ... as Rano's.

- A) the higher / high
B) the higher / the higher
C) higher / high
D) highest / higher
E) the highest / high

21. (04-1-154) Choose the best answer.

This brief-case is ... than that one, but the black one isn't as ... as the second one.

- A) heavier / heavy B) a heavier / heavy
C) heavy / heavier D) heavier / heaviest
E) -/heaviest

22. (v4-108-5) Choose the best answer.

The second book is much ... interesting than the first, and the third is still ... interesting.

- A) more / the most B) the most / much
C) more / much D) the most / more
E) more / more

23. (v4-112-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the adjectives.

Charles Darwin, one of ... and ... English scientists, was born on February 12, 1809.

- A) more great / the most popular
B) great / more popular
C) the greatest / most popular
D) most great / the popular
E) greater / most popular

24. (v4-125-21) Choose the right answer.

That bouquet of flowers is as ... expensive as this one.

But that one is ... than both of them.

- A) - / the cheapest
B) most / cheaper
C) the more / the cheaper
D) more / cheaper
E) - / cheaper

25. (v4-128-21) Choose the right form of the adjective.

My daughters are much ... than my boys.

- A) so quiet B) quietest
C) quiet D) quieter
E) the quietest

26. (v4-130-21) Choose the right answer.

Umar is ... than Rustam, but he isn't as ... as Sherzod.

- A) tall / taller B) tall / tallest
C) a taller / tall D) tallest / tall
E) taller / tall

27. (v5-105-5) Choose the best answer.

Our new three-roomed flat is ... than the old one.

- A) the most comfortable
B) comfortable
C) comfortable
D) more comfortable
E) the comfort ablest

28. (v6-154-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His loss is ... than mine.

- A) greatest B) the greatest
C) great D) greater

29. (v8-105-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The almonds, which I bought in the shop near our office lasted ... so I threw away nearly half of them.

- A) more bitterly B) most bitterly
C) bitterly D) bitter

30. (v8-115-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She put her ... clothes into her bag and walked out of the house forever.

- A) few B) fewer C) a little D) less

31. (v8-129-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Will you raise you hands a bit ... please? I can't see them.

- A) the highest B) higher
C) highest D) highly

32. (v8-129-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The President spoke ... to Congress than to his helpers.

- A) more calmly B) calm
C) most calmly D) calmly

33. (v10-104-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The river is flowing very fast today – much ... than usual.

- A) faster B) the fastest
C) fastest D) fast

34. (v10-110-16) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.

— How old are you?

— Nine.

— I'm ... than you. I'll be ten on May 14.

- A) elder B) as old
C) older D) the eldest

35. (v12z-101-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Since Indians in the high Andes Mountains live in thin air, their hearts grow to be ... than an average size.

- A) the largest B) larger
C) large D) largely

36. (v12z-103-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The cars which use gas go ... than ones which use petrol, but a slow car is better than nothing.

- A) quickly B) more slowly
C) faster D) slow

37. (v12z-109-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I like both of them, but I think Tim is ... to talk to.

- A) easiest B) easier
C) easy D) the easiest

38. (v12z-126-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She had to give us ... information though she wasn't willing to at first.

- A) farther B) further
C) far D) farthest

39. (v12c-102-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The colder the weather gets, ... I feel.

- A) more sicker B) the sickest
C) the sicker D) sicker

40. (v12c-117-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When the wind started to blow, I grew ... because it might damage old trees in the garden.

- A) anxiously B) more anxiously
C) anxious D) anxiety

41. (v12c-118-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
A great aviation pioneer, Amelia Earhart was already ... when she set out on her ill-fated attempt to circle the globe in 1937.

- A) the more famous B) more famous
C) a famous D) famous

42. (v12c-131-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The smaller a garden is, ... it is to look after.

- A) the easier B) easier
C) more easy D) more difficult

43. (v12c-134-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In a hot, sunny climate man acclimatizes to the heat by eating less, drinking more liquid and wearing ... clothing.

- A) lighter B) most light
C) more lighter D) lightest

44. (v12c-135-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
– What do you think of this dress, Julia?

- It's lovely. It's ... of all you've tried on yet.
A) nicer B) nice
C) the nicest D) the nicer

45. (v12c-137-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The more distant a star happens to be, ... it seems to us.

- A) the dimmer B) the dimmest
C) the dim D) dimmest

46. (v12c-142-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Geysers have often been compared to volcanoes because they both emit ... liquids from below the Earth's surface.

- A) much hotter B) hot
C) hottest D) hotter

47. (v12c-144-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Wellington has been the capital of New Zealand since 1865, and is one of its ... parts.

- A) busiest B) more busy
C) busy D) busier

48. (v12c-160-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The harder you work at your English, ... chances you have to pass your tests

- A) the more B) many
C) the most D) more

49. (v13-118-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
As a rule, the smaller the town, ... it is to park your car.

- A) the cheaper B) the cheapest
C) cheap D) cheaper

50. (v13-129-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He's talked about it many times. Any ... discussion, is useless.

- A) far B) farthest
C) furthest D) further

51. (v13-133-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This is my ... son.

- A) elder B) the eldest
C) older D) oldest

52. (v13-163-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When we took a three day trip to Detroit last month, we took twice ... clothes as we needed.

- A) more than B) as many
C) much as D) many as

53. (v14-111-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The job Lola got was ... better than she had expected.

- A) most B) more
C) many D) much

54. (v14-113-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
– Why do you want to go to Egypt?

– Because it is much ... than France.

- A) warmer B) warmest
C) as warm D) warm

55. (v15-105-7) Choose the best answer.
He drove ... and ... till we told him to stop.

- A) the fastest / the fastest
B) fast / fastest
C) faster / the fastest
D) faster / faster

56. (v15-107-17) Choose the correct answer.

This suit is very expensive. I want something ...

- A) much cheap B) more cheap
C) cheaper D) cheapest

57. (v15-108-11) Choose the best answer.
This book is very difficult. Give me an ... one.

- A) easier B) more difficult
C) more easier D) easiest

58. (v15-117-22) Choose the best answer.

A few ... months will make no difference. As for the protection surrounding the boy, I believe my plan will be ...

- A) many / effective B) more / effectually
C) more / effective D) less / more effective

59. (v15-118-12) Choose the correct answer.

You are working too slowly. You'd better work ...!

- A) a bit more fast B) more fast
C) a bit faster D) a piece faster

60. (v15-122-8) Choose the right answer.
Jasur is getting ... day by day.

- A) too weaker B) much weaker
C) so weaker D) more weaker

61. (v15-131-3) Choose the correct answer.

Because of the excellent faculty, King High students go far, ... than students in other high schools.

- A) more far B) less further
C) much further D) much far

62. (v15-131-21) Choose the correct answer.

I can't stand this weather. It's getting ...

- A) further and further B) coldest and coldest
C) worse and worse D) more and more

63. (v16-125-20) Your performance is ... today than yesterday.

- A) less perfect B) not so perfect
C) no so perfect D) perfect

64. (v17-103-1) Choose the right answer.

We never travel ... than this town.

- A) far B) farthest
C) farther D) further

65. (v17-103-13) Choose the right answer.
Could you speak ... than now?

- A) slower B) slower
C) more slowly D) slow

66. (v17-106-15) Choose the correct answer.

... he takes the medicine, ... he will feel.

- A) The sooner / the better
B) Soon / well
C) The soonest / the best
D) Sooner / better

67. (v17-107-18) Choose the correct answer.

The ... you engage in reading the ... you become.

- A) more / much clever
B) more / cleverer
C) most / cleverest
D) much / more clever

68. (v17-110-1) Choose the best answer.

Cars are becoming ... and ... expensive.

- A) more / more B) the most / most
C) much / more D) most / the most

69. (v17-118-20) Choose the right answer.

Kate is my ... sister.

- A) elder B) older C) farther D) further

70. (v17-122-18) Choose the best answer.

... you run, ... you can be.

- A) The more / the slimmer
B) The more / the slimmest
C) The more / slimmer
D) more / the slimmer

71. (v17-125-21) Choose the correct answer.

– How do you like your coffee?

– ...

- A) More strong more good
B) The stronger the better
C) The strong the good
D) More stronger the better

72. (v17-127-6) Choose the correct answer.

In my opinion, the new waiters are ... than the old ones.

- A) friendly B) friendliest
C) most friendly D) friendlier

73. (v18-88) ... he gets.

- A) The richer, the more friends he has
B) Richer, more he has friends
C) Richer, more friends he has
D) The richer, the more he has friends

74. (v18-89) It's ... if you take the train.

- A) quicker B) the quicker
C) quickest D) the quickest

75. (v18-90) Is Peter ... Ali? No, I don't think so.

- A) more taller than B) so tall as
C) taller than D) tall like

76. (v19/20-101-8) Choose the correct answer.

He found the work ... than he had expected.

- A) easy B) the easiest
C) easily D) easier

77. (v19/20-118-5) Choose the correct answer.

Jane has been living in Turkey for five years. Now her Turkish is ...

- A) good enough B) less good
C) worse D) well enough

78. (v19/20-118-6) Choose the correct answer.

All his life he had taken pains to be ... and ... than his fellows.

- A) strong / more brave
B) stronger / braver
C) strong / brave
D) strong / bravest

79. (v19/20-120-6) Choose the correct answer.

John is ... than his sister.

- A) less musical B) the musical
C) musical D) most musical

80. (v19/20-127-15) Choose the correct answer.

Nothing could be ... than buying such an expensive car. You will have to be ... with your money in future.

- A) more extravagant / more careful
B) extravagant / careful
C) most extravagant / most careful
D) the more extravagant / the more careful

81. (v19/20-129-14) Choose the correct answer.

She had the kind of heart trouble that comes to much ... people.

- A) the old B) oldest C) older D) elder

82. (v19/20-130-5) Choose the correct answer.

Mark, the more you do now the ... will be left for tomorrow.

- A) more B) less C) least D) little

25. Superlative form (the fastest, the best, the most beautiful)

1. (97-1-72) Choose the appropriate form of adjective.

It's ... weather anyone can remember.

- A) better B) the worst
C) bad D) worse E) least

2. (00-3-14) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective and adverb.

Why do you always come to see me at ... moment?

- A) the worst possible
B) the worse possible
C) the better possibly
D) the best possibly
E) worst possible

3. (01-11-23) Choose the appropriate forms of the adjectives.

It became ... and ... difficult to make a goal and they were made rather seldom.

- A) more / more B) more / most
C) more / much D) much / most
E) most / the most

4. (02-7-64) Choose the best answer.

10 Wall Street is a narrow street with big houses, but is well-known all over the world as ... street in the USA.

- A) busiest B) the busiest
C) a busy D) the most busy E) busier

5. (v4-111-5) Choose the appropriate form of adjective.

"Nancy looks ... than when I first saw her," he said.

- A) the most thin B) not as thin
C) thinnest D) thinner
E) the thinnest

6. (v4-125-5) Choose the best answer.

This is ... interesting ... book I have ever read.

- A) most / - B) - / the most
C) the / est D) the most / - E) the / -

7. (v5-153-5) Choose the best answer.

This is ... theatre in London.

- A) an older B) the eldest C) older
D) the oldest E) more old

8. (v5-156-5) Choose the right answer.

Bill Gates is said to be ... in the world.

- A) the richest B) rich C) the rich
D) a richer E) the richer

9. (v7-139-3) Of the three girls, this one is

- A) prettier B) the prettiest
C) pretty D) more pretty

10. (v7-141-10) One of Bernard Shaw's

Pygmalion was adapted for the musical My Fair Lady.

- A) the greatest work B) the greatest works
C) greatest work D) greatest works

11. (v7-167-12) People say English is one of ... languages, because verbs and other words have ... forms than in most other languages.

- A) the simplest / fewest
B) more simple / less
C) simple / less
D) the simplest / fewer

12. (v7-175-4) Mountain McKinley is one of ... mountains in the world.

- A) higher B) highest
C) high D) the highest

13. (v8-103-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Bringing up children is one of ... jobs in the world.

- A) the hardest B) most hard
C) hardest D) harder

14. (v8-128-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jill climbed the ... of all the climbers. He saw a wonderful view.

- A) highly B) high
C) higher D) highest

15. (v9-111-11) Choose the correct answer.

Penrith is a historic town, one of the ... in the north of the Lake District.

- A) elder B) old C) oldest D) eldest

16. (v12z-102-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because folk ballads stem from the everyday life of common people, ... themes are love, revenge, disaster and adventure.

- A) the most popular B) more popular
C) popularly D) populate

17. (v12z-122-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This is the ... difficult of the four cases.

- A) fewer B) less C) little D) least

18. (v12c-108-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The black widow is ... spider because its bite can kill a man in a few minutes.

- A) the most dangerous
B) more dangerous
C) most dangerously
D) dangerous

19. (v12c-149-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The wind could prevent us from taking off. So we had to choose the time when there was the ... probability of having wind.

- A) least B) latest C) later D) last

20. (v12c-151-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Of the two brothers Martin was the ... in the family.

- A) best talented B) most talented
C) talented D) more talented

21. (v15-115-7) Choose the right answer.

What is ... treatment for a cough of all?

- A) more effective B) the most effective
C) most effective D) the more effective

22. (v16-109-12) Choose the right answer.

Will you repeat ... sentence?

- A) the latest B) the latter
C) the last D) the least

23. (v17-106-9) Choose the correct answer.

Alice wasn't ... of the Liddle girls. There were three of them if I'm not mistaken.

- A) youngest B) the eldest
C) younger D) the elder

24. (v17-108-15) Choose the correct answer.

Nurses handle babies gently, but new mothers handle them the ... of all.

- A) gentlier B) most gently
C) more gently D) most gentle

25. (v17-119-2) Choose the correct answer.

I have a terrible headache. Do you know ... treatment of all?

- A) more effective B) the most effective
C) effectivest D) the more effective

26. (v17-119-4) Choose the correct answer.

This is ... book I have ever read.

- A) the most interesting
B) more interesting
C) interesting
D) the more interesting

27. (v18-91) What was the most ...

experience of your adventure?

- A) frightening B) frightened
C) frightening D) fright

28. (v18-92) It was the most ... lesson I have ever had in my life.

- A) bored B) boringer
C) boreder D) boring

29. (v18-93) This is ... (expensive) dress that I own.

- A) the more expensive
B) the most expensive
C) the expensivist
D) more expensive

30. (v18-94) Choose the correct answer.

The ... child in then family is fond of playing football.

- A) most old B) older
C) elder D) eldest

31. (v18-95) Choose the right answer.

Umm, I love the smell of freshly ... coffee.

- A) grind B) grounded
C) grinded D) ground

32. (v18-96) Choose the correct answer.

A: This bag is very cheap.

B: Yes, but look. This one is even

- A) cheaper B) twice cheap
C) so cheap D) the cheapest

33. (v19/20-101-5) Choose the correct answer.

This is ... winter I have ever had for 20 years.

- A) the worst B) bad
C) the worse D) worse

34. (v19/20-105-2) Choose the correct answer.

The exam we passed yesterday was ... difficult of all.

- A) the least B) little C) a little D) less

35. (v19/20-110-6) Choose the correct answer.

It was a very bad mistake. In fact it was ... mistake she had ever made.

- A) worse B) badly
C) the worst D) bad

36. (v19/20-118-16) Choose the correct answer.

The soldier was given a medal for his courage. He was

- A) the most courageous
B) courageous
C) courage
D) courageously

37. (v19/20-121-15) Choose the correct answer.

My sister always wears the ... fashion.

- A) late B) latest C) the latest D) last

38. (v19/20-124-13) Choose the correct answer.

He didn't want anyone to see him so he took a seat in ... corner of the room.

- A) the farthest B) the father
C) the further D) a farther

39. (v19/20-126-3) Choose the correct answer.

It is ... method of all, but it is naturally

- A) more effective / costly
B) effective / cost
C) the most effective / costly
D) the most effective / cost

40. (v19/20-129-12) Choose the correct answer.

Rose: How much did you pay for that bag?

Kate: \$15. It was ... one I could find.

- A) cheaply B) the cheapest
C) cheaper D) cheap

26. Comparison – much better / any better / the sooner... the better

1. (01-2-37) Choose the appropriate words.

Our new garage is not ... for 2 cars.

- A) too new B) too big
C) enough wide D) wide enough
E) enough long

2. (02-3-54) Choose the best answer.

The higher a mountaineer climbs,

- A) the better it will boil
B) the thinner the book will become
C) the greater the danger will become
D) the thinner the land will become
E) the less the danger will become

3. (04-1-139) Choose the right answer.

That bus is as ... modern as this one, but it is ... expensive than that one.

- A) – / more B) the more / the more
C) more / the most D) the most / the most
E) – / more

4. (v4-110-36) Complete the sentence.

The song was ... the dance.

- A) much better than B) much the best
C) no worse than D) good than other
E) more and more

5. (v6-158-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was ... difficult to reach our goals because we had ... experience.

- A) less / many B) less / much
C) more / many D) more / more

6. (v16-107-13) Choose the correct answer.

In some ways walking is ... than travelling by bus or car.

- A) much more healthier B) much healthier
C) more less harmful D) less harmfully

7. (v16-129-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– That test was completely impossible to solve.

– I agree. It was a lot ... I had expected.

- A) not as impossible as
B) the most impossible
C) more impossible than
D) as impossible as

8. (v17-103-18) Choose the best answer.

Let's go by bus. It is ...

- A) a lot more expensive
B) much cheaper
C) much more expensive
D) less cheaper

27. Comparison – as...as, not so...as, like, than

1. (96-13-94) Reply the following question.

Nick is not so stupid as you think.

- A) So is Ann. B) So has Ann
C) Neither is Ann. D) Neither are we
E) Ann did so.

2. (00-3-11) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective and adverb.

It's ... today than yesterday. It isn't ... cold today ... it was yesterday.

- A) warmer / as / than B) warm / as / as
C) warmer / as / as D) warmest / as / as
E) the warmer / as / as

3. (00-9-9) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

Her luggage wasn't as ... as it looked.

- A) heavier B) more heavy
C) heavy D) heaviest
E) the heaviest

4. (02-3-55) Choose the best answer.

Namangan isn't quite ... far from Tashkent ... Nukus is.

- A) so / so B) as / as
C) – / as D) so / like
E) – / like

5. (02-7-15) Choose the best answer.

– We don't have much time.

– I'm hurrying ... I can.

- A) faster than B) the fastest
C) as fast as D) more fast than
E) so fast as

6. (02-10-34) Choose the best answer.

They paid ... for the book ... for the dictionary.

- A) as ... as B) twice as much so
C) half as ... as D) half as much than
E) half as more as

7. (02-12-5) Choose the best answer.

Louisa's work is much more interesting than ... or ...

- A) my / Anna B) me / by Anna
C) mine / Anna's D) by me / of Anna
E) of me / Anna's

8. (03-6-24) Choose the best answer.

He handed in his paper ... as the topic was rather difficult.

- A) lately B) as usually C) as usual
D) usually better E) later than usual

9. (03-8-8) Choose the best answer.

– I think Kate is as ... as you.

– Oh, no. She is twice as ... but she really looks much ...

- A) old / older / young
B) older / old / younger
C) oldest / older / youngest
D) old / old / younger
E) old / old / young

10. (v4-126-21) Choose the best answer.

That armchair over there is as ... comfortable as this one.

- A) most B) more C) much
D) the most E) –

11. (v4-127-21) Choose the best answer.

She is as ... as her sister.

- A) the cleverest B) cleverer C) –
D) a clever E) clever

12. (v5-119-25) Choose the appropriate answer.

Jack kissed his wife and said that he would return ...

- A) at the nearest early possibility
B) by any possibilities
C) as early as it would be possible
D) as soon as possible
E) at the earliest that it could be possible

13. (v5-128-35) Choose the best answer.

In the fifteenth century people knew nothing about ... big continent as America.

- A) a such B) as a C) so / as
D) such a E) so a

14. (v5-148-17) Choose the best answer.

She is ... clever ... her brother.

- A) as / like B) clever / than
C) similar / as D) so / as
E) as / as

15. (v6-155-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Traveling by train isn't ... traveling by air.

- A) as expensive as
B) more expensive as
C) as expensive like
D) most expensive like

16. (v7-106-3) Your car is the same

make ... mine.

- A) then B) From C) than D) as

17. (v7-174-4) Because aluminum is lighter and cheaper ... copper, it is often used for high-tension power transmissions.

A) than B) then C) as D) from

18. (v9-129-16) Choose the right answer.

Do you mind using this saucer ... a plate? No plates are left."

A) for B) as if C) like D) as

19. (v10-109-13) Choose the best answer.

In April 1775, when ships full of British soldiers landed in Boston, the United States did not exist ... an independent country.

A) such B) as C) though D) despite

20. (v12z-118-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John O'Scales, who was very anxious to get the whole estate, reminded him that the house he stood in was no longer his and that ... he left it the better.

- A) the sooner B) as soon as
C) the soonest D) sooner

21. (v12c-143-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Did you like the black shoes?
– Yes, but the brown shoes are ... the black ones.

- A) cheap as B) cheaper
C) twice cheaper than D) twice as cheap as

22. (v13-125-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The roots of the old tree spread out ... 30 meters in all directions and damaged nearby buildings.

- A) as many as B) as much as
C) as few as D) as little as

23. (v15-102-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

As they get older, her brothers seem to grow more

- A) like B) the same
C) alike D) as like

24. (v16-103-6) Choose the best answer.

The traffic was ... heavy that he was late for work.

- A) so B) too C) as D) such

25. (v16-110-14) Choose the best answer.

Pete has answered more questions than ...

- A) he was B) I have
C) we did D) you could

26. (v16-118-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Frost occurs in valleys and on low grounds ... on adjacent hills.

- A) more frequently than
B) frequently than
C) more frequently as
D) as frequently than

27. (v16-122-20) He got a lot more money than I

- A) had B) was
C) did D) have

28. (v17-104-2) Choose the correct answer.

Francesca solved the puzzle ... than everybody else.

- A) quickly B) quicker
C) more quickly D) more quick

29. (v17-120-21) Choose the correct answer.

After finding a good job, Jane has ... problems now than before.

- A) less B) lesser C) few D) fewer

30. (v17-121-11) Choose the correct answer.

Margot is ... than I thought her to be.

- A) clever B) cleverest
C) cleverer D) more cleverer

31. (v18-97) Choose the correct answer.

Your handbag is ... fashionable!

- A) such a B) so
C) so a D) such

32. (v19/20-106-8) Choose the correct answer.

Barno is nearly ... old ... her friend.

- A) so / than B) as / as
C) much / than D) so / so

33. (v19/20-110-8) Choose the correct answer.

Women are twice ... likely to get depression ... men.

- A) as / so B) the same / than
C) as / as D) so / as

34. (v19/20-112-7) Choose the correct answer.

When he had left Paris, it was as ... as in winter there.

- A) cold B) coldly
C) the coldest D) colder

35. (v19/20-114-5) Choose the correct answer.

Motorbikes are as ... cars.

- A) more expensive
B) expensive as
C) expensive than
D) more expensive as

36. (v19/20-114-17) Choose the correct answer.

My father plays golf just for fun, although sometimes he plays ... some professionals.

- A) so skilful that B) more skilfully
C) the most skilful D) as skilfully as

37. (v19/20-116-15) Choose the correct answer.

– John is as ... as a girl.

– Yes, he is very touchy.

- A) sensible B) sensitive
C) more sensihle D) more sensitive

38. (v19/20-124-5) Choose the correct answer.

What has happened to John? He is playing ... a beginner.

- A) as B) like C) within D) unless

28. Word order verb + object; place and time

1. (02-4-8) Choose the best answer.

It wasn't as good as ...

- A) I would see something like that
B) I'd expected actually
C) even minute out
D) particularly well
E) see it again

2. (v7-153-20) I bought a great CD ...

- A) this month B) yesterday
C) in my life D) over the years

3. (v9-125-4) Choose the right answer.

He goes there every day. You can find him it ... time between ten and twelve.

- A) none B) each C) both D) any

4. (v16-125-12) Choose the best answer.

To be honest, Harry has ... than you have.

- A) considerably been helpful
B) been more helpful considerably
C) been more considerably helpful
D) been considerably more helpful

5. (v17-104-1) Choose the right answer.

- A) Pavel bought 4 rare Chinese purple bikes
B) Pavel bought Chinese 4 rare purple bikes
C) Pavel bought 4 Chinese rare purple bikes
D) Pavel bought 4 rare purple Chinese bikes

6. (v17-105-18) Choose the right answer.

- A) Birds eat crops in the fields in summer
B) Birds eat crops in summer in the fields
C) Birds in summer eat crops in the fields
D) Birds eat in summer crops in the fields

7. (v17-122-12) Choose the right answer.

- A) We had 5 wonderful big new red bouquets in our hands yesterday
B) We had 5 big wonderful new red bouquets in our hands yesterday
C) We had 5 wonderful big new red bouquets in our hands yesterday
D) We had 5 wonderful new big red bouquets in our hands yesterday

8. (v18-98) Where are the flowers ... I sent you?

- A) where B) which C) whose D) –

9. (v18-99) Choose the correct answer.

... did he have to spend much money on?

- A) How B) What C) Where D) Whose

10. (v19/20-110-16) Choose the appropriate order of the sentence.

- A) John has taken the courses on archery recently.
B) John has recently taken the courses on archery.
C) Has John taken the courses on archery recently.
D) John has taken the courses on archery yet.

29. Still / yet / already / any more / any longer / no longer / even

1. (98-7-45) Choose the appropriate synonym.

I have been to Tashkent a number of times.

- A) several times B) sometime
C) the same time D) anytime
E) in no time

2. (05-1-415) Choose the appropriate conjunction. He did not study for his exams, ... he passed it.

- A) so B) as C) thus D) for E) yet

3. (v7-179-1) We have known each other ... 1974. We studied together at school.

- A) almost B) since C) before D) for

4. (v9-126-1) Choose the right answer.

I don't think Frank has ... been to a live concert. Why don't we take him to one for his birthday?

- A) ever B) never
C) yet D) still

5. (v10-125-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– This perfume is very expensive.

– Yes, but it smells ...

- A) exceptionally well B) exceptionally good
C) exceptional good D) exceptional well

6. (v11-148-11) Some English words have the same pronunciation ... they are spelled differently, for example, dear and deer

- A) though B) if C) since D) unless

7. (v13-116-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We invited Peter for dinner yesterday, and he came round ... we were eating.

- A) as soon as B) while
C) during D) till

8. (v15-124-14) Choose the correct answer.

Don't worry, we are quite flexible and can make changes at ... time whatsoever.

- A) any B) no C) some D) one

9. (v17-104-9) Choose the correct answer.

George couldn't stand it any ... He walked out and did not go back.

- A) long B) longest
C) much D) longer

10. (v18-100) Choose the correct answer. Have Tim and Jane bought the new house ...?

- A) just B) ever C) never D) yet

30. Viewpoint and commenting adverbs

1. (v5-141-10) Choose the best answer.

What do you think of her?

– ... I liked her a lot.

- A) I do certainly. B) Of course.
C) She's lovely. D) Certainly of her.
E) Certainly. Lovely. Why?

2. (v7-180-20) Her cousin is ... related to the Hapsburg family.

- A) near B) closely
C) nearly D) close

3. (v12c-150-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because of the extreme cold and the lack of native people, forests and land animals, the continent remained ... neglected for decades after discovery.

- A) largest B) largely
C) large D) larger

4. (v16-102-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The eagle flew so high that we could ... see it.

- A) hardest B) hard C) hardly D) harder

5. (v18-101) We are more concerned than ever, it seems, ... the water we drink and the air we breathe, and are smoking less, though not yet drinking less alcohol.

- A) then B) or C) about D) hence

6. (v18-102) Come in from the rain – you're ... soaking.

- A) quite B) very
C) absolutely D) so

31. Adverbs of certainty

1. (01-5-35) Choose the appropriate words to complete the sentence.

– She is very diligent.

– I know her pay is not ... for the amount of work she does.

- A) enough good B) as good enough
C) enough D) good enough
E) good as enough

2. (v5-116-11) Choose the right answer.

Don has not been able to sleep ...

- A) in the winter B) in two days
C) recently D) a fortnight ago
E) yesterday

3. (v7-155-22) The man in the window obviously recognised Alan. ... Alan also recognised the man.

- A) After B) Then
C) While D) When

4. (v7-166-24) She is famous ... in the north of the USA, ... in the south of the country.

- A) also / and else B) also / else
C) not only / but also D) not only / and also

5. (v7-187-20) He continued taking banknotes out of the safe ... it was empty.

- A) while B) as soon as
C) until D) before

6. (v9-127-11) Choose the right answer.

Robert finds his job very boring; day ... day he has to do the same thing, that's why he wants to apply for another one.

- A) from B) for C) after D) with

7. (v11-145-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Bicycle tires are ... smaller and cheaper than automobile tires.

- A) more considerably B) more considerably
C) considerably D) considerably

8. (v15-120-3) Choose the best answer.

My children were alone only for 2 hours but it was enough to make ... the whole house.

- A) up and down B) upside down
C) up to D) down to

9. (v15-133-3) Choose the best answer.

Nodira, whose father had been working as a baker for a long time, lives ...

- A) quit near B) quiet nearby
C) quiet near D) quite near

10. (v18-103) My sister ... regretted turning down the chance of having an internship in that company.

- A) absolutely B) also
C) entirely D) bitterly

11. (v18-104) Come in from the rain – you're ... soaking.

- A) quite B) some C) very D) absolutely

12. (v18-105) Choose the correct answer.

It was ... a boring film that he almost fell asleep.

- A) so B) much C) such D) as

32. Numerals

1. (96-9-45) Choose the appropriate ending. Great Britain consists of:

- A) one part B) two parts
C) three parts D) six parts E) five parts

2. (98-11-37) Choose the appropriate word.

The territory of Uzbekistan is 447000 ... kilometres.

- A) – B) thousand
C) square D) hundred E) million

3. (01-4-3) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

... should be careful when crossing the street.

- A) one B) two C) both D) whom
E) some

4. (02-2-1) Choose the best answer.

I'll be with you in ...

- A) a quarter of one hour
B) one quarter of an hour
C) a quarter of an hour
D) a quarter of hour
E) a quarter and a half

5. (v5-113-24) Choose the appropriate form of.

Chopin began to take piano lessons ...

- A) at 6 years old B) by 6 ages
C) in the age of six D) at the age of 6
E) at 6 age old

6. (v6-145-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She has got a ... daughter.

- A) ten years of age B) ten-year-olds
C) ten-year-old D) aged ten years

7. (v6-159-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John F. Kennedy was the youngest president of the United States and ... to be murdered.

- A) four B) the four
C) fourth D) the fourth

8. (v7-129-27) On April 25, 1990, the Hubble Space Telescope was sent, into orbit. On its ... anniversary, Hubble was in trouble. Without any repair, Hubble could stop working very soon.

- A) the fifteen B) fifteenth
C) fifteen D) fifteen's

9. (v10-109-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Are you really ready to pay five ... for a camera?

- A) hundreds pound B) hundred pounds
C) hundred pound D) hundreds pounds

10. (v10-130-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

To become an air-hostess I had to attend a ... training course, which included waitressing, swimming and first aid.

- A) three-months B) three-month
C) three-month's D) three-months'

11. (v15-108-5) Choose the best answer.

When Eva was ... diagnosed with diabetes she was twenty.

- A) the first B) first C) firstly D) at first

12. (v17-109-23) Choose the right answer.

That magnificent ... temple was constructed by the Chinese.

- A) eight-centuries-old B) eight-century's-old
C) eight-century-old D) old-eight-centuries

13. (v17-110-15) Choose the correct answer.

Mary was ... child when her parents began to live separately from her grandparents.

- A) a four-year's-old B) a four-years-old
C) a four-year-old D) a four-years-old

14. (v17-117-8) Choose the best answer.

In Pittsburgh more than ... local students do the dishes in cafes, pubs to make a living.

- A) thousand of B) a thousand
C) an thousand D) the thousand

15. (v17-123-2) Choose the right spelling of the numeral 25,005.

- A) Twenty five thousand five
B) Twenty-five thousand and five
C) Twenty-five thousands and five
D) Twenty-five thousands five

33. Verb. Sentence completion – suitable verb

1. (96-6-75) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... a very experienced teacher.

He ... French for 15 years.

- A) to be / tough
B) am / is teaching
C) is / has been teaching
D) will be / was teaching
E) was / are teaching

2. (96-12-53) Choose the proper word.

If it is not right, do not do it; If it is not true, do not ... it.

- A) fool B) say C) begin D) laugh E) do

3. (96-13-76) Choose the right form of the verb.

She ... this book this week and she ... discuss it now.

- A) read / can B) has read / could
C) had read / can D) have read / can
E) has read / can

4. (96-13-77) Choose the right form of the verb.

He said that he ... school and he ... to enter the Institute.

- A) finished / was going
B) has finished / is going
C) had finished / was going
D) finishes / are going
E) finish / was going

5. (96-13-80) Choose the right form of the verb.

We ... ready when you ... home.

- A) are / will come B) shall / come
C) shall be / will come D) shall be / come
E) will be / came

6. (97-2-41) Choose the proper form of the verbs.

As soon as we ... the house we ... to it.

- A) shall build / move
B) build / shall move
C) will build / shall move
D) built / shall move
E) build / move

7. (97-6-23) Choose the right form of the verbs.

Do you ... that woman in the corner? She ... her coffee.

- A) see / is having B) saw / was having
C) to see / is having D) see / has
E) seen / have

8. (97-6-25) Choose the right form of the verbs.

He wanted me to go to the skating-rink together. As he ... I ... my skates he ... me his brother's.

- A) knows / broke / offer
B) knew / broke / offers
C) knew / had broken / offered
D) know / had broken / will offer
E) knew / has broken / offered

9. (97-6-30) Choose the right form of the verbs.

The special information ... in an hour or so, that's why it ... in the newspapers yesterday.

- A) brings / didn't publish
B) will bring / don't publish
C) will be brought / wasn't published
D) will be brought / didn't publish
E) brought / wasn't published

10. (98-7-57) Choose the appropriate form of "to be".

A: What I like about these modern flat ... those built in closets. B: Pardon, madam. They ... not closets, they ... rooms.

- A) is / are / are B) was / are / were
C) are / is / are D) to be / are / are
E) is / are / to be

11. (98-12-29) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

Julia has overslept again. She is going ... late to her work. "I had better ... a taxi", she thinks.

- A) being / take B) to be / take
C) be / to take D) to be / to take
E) to be / taking

12. (99-5-39) Complete the sentence.

Why ... nothing ...?

- A) has / been done still
B) hasn't / been done yet

- C) has / been done yet
D) was / done yet
E) have / been done yet

13. (00-6-7) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Benjamin Britten ... writing music as a child, later he ... a great deal of music for young people.

- A) begin / write
B) has begun / has written
C) begins / is writing
D) began / wrote
E) is beginning / writes

14. (00-7-55) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The woman ... over there is my boss.

- A) stand B) standing C) to stand
D) is standing E) stood

15. (00-10-31) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Allison couldn't finish her shopping because her wallet ... stolen.

- A) had been B) will be C) was being
D) is being E) has been

16. (01-1-82) Choose the appropriate tense forms of the verbs.

The tree ... as tall, strong and powerful as its roots ... strong and deep.

- A) will be / are B) shall be / are
C) will / will D) are / is
E) is / is

17. (01-3-16) Choose the appropriate word.

When ... was skating, I ... and broke my leg.

- A) raised B) fell C) felt D) filled
E) stood

18. (01-9-13) Choose the best suited pair of words for the blanks.

Even if you ... to a crime, ... still depends on the seriousness of the crime.

- A) admit / proposal
B) approve / order
C) acknowledge / offer
D) realize / verdict
E) confess / sentence

19. (02-1-1) Choose the best answer.

He was so tired that he ... asleep in the chair.

- A) fell B) felt
C) went D) became
E) lost

20. (02-1-6) Choose the best answer.

The witness told the court that he ... the accused before.

- A) had never seen B) had ever seen
C) hasn't seen D) didn't see
E) doesn't see

21. (02-1-15) Choose the best answer.

The shirt I wore that day was torn, but I don't think anyone ...

- A) watched B) noticed
C) mentioned D) remarked
E) learned

22. (02-1-20) Choose the best answer.

I don't know what to do this weekend. Perhaps I ... at home and do some work.

- A) will stay B) would stay
C) am staying D) stay
E) should stay

23. (02-1-26) Choose the best answer.

He is a little bit ... in his left ear, but if you speak clearly he will hear what you say.

- A) dead B) diseased
C) deaf D) disabled E) bad

24. (02-1-32) Choose the best answer.

He's intelligent but he ... common sense.

- A) misses B) lacks
C) fails D) wan is E) needs

25. (02-1-44) Choose the best answer.

He sat there with his arms ... doing nothing waiting for us.

- A) twisted B) flapped
C) turned D) folded E) beyond

26. (02-1-45) Choose the best answer.

It was a secret – you weren't supposed to ... anyone anything.

- A) tell B) say C) speak D) talk
E) cheat

27. (02-1-75) Choose the best answer.

On July 20, 1969 Astronaut Neil Armstrong ... down into the Moon, the first person to set foot on another celestial body.

- A) was stepping B) has stepped
C) was stepped D) is stepping
E) stepped

28. (02-1-83) Choose the best answer.

The train ... to arrive at 11.30, but it was an hour late.

- A) is supposed B) supposed
C) supposes D) to suppose
E) was supposed

29. (02-2-12) Choose the best answer.

Who ... you ... for? I ... for Ann. We must ... in ten minutes.

- A) are / waiting / am waiting / leave
B) do / wait / wait / be leaving
C) were / waiting / am waiting / leave
D) must / wait / can / leave
E) have / waited / waited / be leaving

30. (02-2-18) Choose the best answer.

I ... television last night when my friend rang.

- A) will watch
B) watched
C) have been watching
D) have watched
E) was watching

31. (02-2-23) Choose the best answer.

The children ... to the Zoo.

- A) were enjoyed taken
B) were enjoyed taking
C) enjoyed being taken
D) enjoyed taking
E) were enjoying taken

32. (02-2-43) Choose the best answer.

– You seem tired this afternoon.

– Yes, but I don't know ... tired.

- A) why am B) because I am
C) why she is D) because I was
E) how he is

33. (02-3-28) Choose the best answer.

Ted and Jack, who are about fourteen, ... usually ... by their parents to go to the country by train for a day.

- A) have / been allowed
B) has / been allowed
C) are / allowed
D) is / allowed
E) had / been allowed

34. (02-3-32) Choose the best answer.

The boy was told that he ... to go out until his home-work to be done carefully.

- A) would allow B) will be allowed
C) wouldn't be allowed D) was allowed
E) would be allowed

35. (02-3-34) Choose the best answer.
The children ran back when they heard their ... them.

- A) mother was calling B) mother's calling
C) mother had called D) mother calling
E) mother to call

36. (02-3-36) Choose the best answer.
Jim takes after his father. They are both fond of nature and enjoy ... about in parks and woods.

- A) walking B) walk
C) to walk D) were walking
E) are walking

37. (02-3-49) Choose the best answer.
They never received packages that they ...

- A) had ordered B) has ordered
C) were ordered D) will be ordered
E) have ordered

38. (02-3-89) Choose the best answer.
Excuse me, I ... at you for a long time, because your face seems familiar to me. I have a feeling that, we have met somewhere before.

- A) have been looking B) were looking
C) had looked D) had been looking
E) has been looking

39. (02-4-16) Choose the best answer.
Some urgent measures were taken while the doctor ... for.

- A) waited B) was being waited
C) was waiting D) was waited
E) is waited

40. (02-4-19) Choose the best answer.
We decided to wait till they ...

- A) will return B) would return
C) return D) returned
E) have returned

41. (02-4-21) Choose the best answer.
She seemed at times ... with an uncontrolled irritation and would say sharp and ... things.

- A) to be seized / wounding
B) to seized / wounded
C) seizing / wounding
D) to be seizing / wounding
E) seized / wounded

42. (02-4-25) Choose the best answer.
He was accused of ... the country illegally.

- A) enter B) entering
C) have entered D) being entered
E) having been entered

43. (02-5-16) Choose the best answer.
Many people begin their day by reading morning papers. In this way they ... what ... on in the world.

- A) learn / go
B) learned / went
C) will learn / was going
D) have learned / goes
E) learn / is going

44. (02-5-18) Choose the best answer.
Michael Faraday ... in London in 1791 in a poor family and as a boy he ... much.

- A) is born / doesn't learn
B) was born / didn't learn
C) were born / learned
D) had been born / hadn't learned
E) was born / hasn't learned

45. (02-5-40) Choose the best answer.
This is the eighth patient the doctor ... today.

- A) had examined B) was examined
C) has examined D) was examining
E) have examined

46. (02-5-41) Choose the best answer.
Most people talk too much and don't realise how important ... is.

- A) to be listened B) have listened
C) to be listening D) listening
E) have to listen

47. (02-5-42) Choose the best answer.
They ... Tashkent late as they ... by fog.

- A) reached / delayed
B) will reach / delay
C) had reached / delayed
D) reach / are delaying
E) reached / were delayed

48. (02-5-45) Choose the best answer.
He ... to work until he ...

- A) won't go / has recovered
B) isn't going / will recover
C) doesn't go / would recover
D) will not go / recovered
E) hadn't gone / has recovered

49. (02-6-36) Choose the best answer.
Neither of those languages ... widely spoken today.

- A) are B) is C) were D) hare been
E) being

50. (02-6-37) Choose the best answer.
Either the clock on the town hall or my watch ... wrong.

- A) were B) are
C) is D) have been E) been

51. (02-6-40) Choose the best answer.
That information ... over the telephone.

- A) were given B) are given
C) isn't given D) is giving
E) have been given

52. (02-6-43) Choose the best answer.
You are old enough ... better.

- A) know B) knowing
C) knew D) to know
E) has known

53. (02-6-48) Choose the best answer.
High heels were first ... by the French.

- A) wear B) wearing C) wore
D) worn E) had worn

54. (02-6-51) Choose the best answer.
I don't know where ...

- A) were the post-office
B) was the post-office
C) the post-office
D) are the post-office
E) the post-office is

55. (02-7-22) Choose the best answer.
One evening, after hunting in the forest all day, I ... to the place where I ... up my tent.

- A) returned / had put
B) returned / puts
C) had returned / put
D) was returning / have put
E) will return / put

56. (02-7-26) Choose the best answer.
It ... to get quite cold. We are glad to have fires in the house, and we ... wood for the last few weeks.

- A) begins / burn
B) began / were burning
C) is beginning / have been burning
D) has begun / are burning
E) was beginning / had burnt

57. (02-7-28) Choose the best answer.
– Why is your hair wet? – I ...

- A) was swimming B) have been swimming
C) swim D) had swum
E) has swum

58. (02-7-68) Choose the best answer.
Searchers ... up hope that he hikers ... before night.

- A) have given / will be found
B) gave / will find
C) have been given / would be found
D) will give / were found
E) give / would found

59. (02-7-69) Choose the best answer.
The sailors ... the maize in the sand on the beach where the Indians ... it.

- A) find / leaves B) are finding / left
C) had found / left D) found / have left
E) found / had left

60. (02-8-23) Choose the best answer.
Salima is in the habit of ... English to her classmates.

- A) saying B) rendering C) asking
D) speaking E) telling

61. (02-9-23) Choose the best answer.
I ... lot of work about the house and I ... so tired. Excuse me, I'm not able to go for a walk with you.

- A) am doing / am B) have done / am
C) did / was D) shall do / am
E) had done / was

62. (02-9-27) Choose the best answer.
She went to Italy five years ago. She ... only Italian since and ... this language perfectly.

- A) speaks / knows
B) spoke / knew
C) speak / has known
D) has spoken / know
E) has been speaking / knows

63. (02-9-28) Choose the best answer.
Were ... Joe? ... he already ... to school? Oh, no. He ... still ... TV in the next room, though it's high time for him to go.

- A) is / Is / going / has watched
B) is / Has / gone / is / watching
C) was / Had / gone / is / watching
D) are / Is / going / is / watched
E) was / Has / gone / was / watching

64. (02-9-31) Choose the best answer.
The news he ... yesterday ... very important. You should take it into consideration.

- A) was brought / are B) brought / were
C) brought / is D) had brought / was
E) was brought / were

65. (02-10-46) Choose the best answer.
We are looking forward to ... the problem with experts.

- A) to discuss B) discussing
C) being discussed D) discussed
E) discuss

66. (02-10-56) Choose the best answer.
Do you remember ... there. The time of the meeting is in your day book.

- A) going B) having gone
C) go D) to go
E) gone

67. (02-11-28) Choose the best answer.
As the human body was not ... for flying, people can ... if they are on an aeroplane for a long time.

- A) meant / agonise B) designed / suffer
C) made / tolerate D) constructed / exhaust
E) prepared / endure

68. (02-11-58) Choose the best answer.
When news of an amazing discovery in Africa ... in the 1870 s, rumours ... everywhere.

A) was reported / were heard
B) reported / heard
C) were reported / was heard
D) is reported / is heard
E) are reported / are heard

69. (02-11-93) Choose the best answer.
Mrs. Carol thought that there ... leftovers, but all the food on the table ... up.

A) were / are eaten
B) would be / had been eaten
C) are / was eaten
D) were / were eaten
E) should be / is eaten up

70. (02-11-96) Choose the best answer.
Peter ... a long-distance call to his relative in Canada. He ... for six minutes and the operator asks him to put some more money in. He hasn't got money.

A) is making / has been talking
B) makes / is talking
C) made / talked
D) has made / has talked
E) has been making / talks

71. (02-12-13) Choose the best answer.
Don't worry. You ... all about it by this time next year.

A) will forget B) will have forgotten
C) would forget D) forget
E) are going to forget

72. (02-12-27) Choose the best answer.
I'm sorry ... you your car has been stolen.

A) to have told B) telling
C) tell D) told E) to tell

73. (03-1-16) Choose the best answer.
– Have you seen Ann since we ... school?
– Yes, it was in April. She ... for a job.

A) have left / looked B) left / has looked
C) leave / looks D) left / was looking
E) were left / had looked

74. (03-1-19) Choose the best answer.
Mr. White ... to Tashkent next week, think he ... here for a week or so.

A) came / is staying B) comes / stays
C) is coming / will stay D) had come / stayed
E) will come / stays

75. (03-1-22) Choose the best answer.
Rose couldn't enter the room as it ... at that moment. So she ... in the corridor for some time.

A) cleaned / stood
B) was cleaning / was standing
C) was being cleaned / stood
D) has been cleaned / stood
E) was cleaned / was standing

76. (03-2-21) Choose the best answer.
The cook ... to snatch away the letters from home, before she ... them.

A) uses / will have read B) used / reads
C) used / has read D) is using / reads
E) used / had read

77. (03-4-2) Choose the best answer.
When he was in Samarqand he ... the places where he ... as a boy.

A) visited / had played
B) will visit / comes
C) visits / had played
D) visited / has played
E) had visited / had played

78. (03-4-4) Choose the best answer.
The train could not stop because it ... too fast at the time.

A) was travelling B) to travel
C) travels D) will be travelling
E) is travelling

79. (03-4-5) Choose the best answer.
I ... for you at five o'clock tomorrow.

A) shall be waiting B) was waiting
C) am waiting D) waited
E) wait

80. (03-4-11) Choose the best answer.
They are busy now. They ... an important question. They ... it since five o'clock.

A) are discussing / have been discussing
B) is discussing / has been discussing
C) are discussing / will have been discussing
D) were discussing / had been discussing
E) discuss / discussed

81. (03-4-13) Choose the best answer.
Don't enter the room! A student ... there.

A) is being examined
B) was being examined
C) is examined
D) was examined
E) is examining

82. (03-4-16) Choose the best answer.
Some new magazines ... just Would you like to look them through?

A) have / been brought
B) has / been brought
C) have / brought
D) is / brought
E) had / been brought

83. (03-4-18) Choose the best answer.
The exercises ... usually ... by the teacher at home.

A) are / corrected B) is / corrected
C) was / corrected D) have / been corrected
E) are / correcting

84. (03-4-20) Choose the best answer.
The question which ... now at the conference is very important.

A) is being discussed
B) was being discussed
C) is discussing
D) have been discussed
E) was discussed

85. (03-4-24) Choose the best answer.
I must ... to the country.

A) go B) to go
C) to have gone D) going E) goes

86. (03-4-35) Choose the best answer.
We insisted on the goods ... in double bags.

A) being packed B) packing
C) to be packed D) to pack
E) to have packed

87. (03-4-36) Choose the best answer.
We have heard of the agreement ...

A) having been reached B) being reached
C) reaching D) to reach
E) to have reached

88. (03-4-38) Choose the best answer.
The doctor, ... his pulse and examined his wounds, declared that he was much better.

A) having felt B) feeling
C) to feel D) feels E) felt

89. (03-4-40) Choose the best answer.
Payment for the goods ... was made in Moscow.

A) bought B) to buy C) buying
D) buy E) have bought

90. (03-6-15) Choose the best answer.
I guess I ... another mistake.

A) have made B) make
C) had made D) has made
E) shall make

91. (03-6-21) Choose the best answer.
Sometimes I rest in the shade of a thick wood; at other times I stop ... the minerals of an old quarry.

A) to examine B) to have examined
C) examine D) examined
E) examining

92. (03-6-53) Choose the best answer.
Why ... you ... on your warm coat? ... you ... a cold?

A) shall / put / Will / catch
B) did / put / Catch
C) has / put / Will / catch
D) have / put / Have / caught
E) are / putting / Has / caught

93. (03-8-14) Choose the best answer.
One morning I ... by the maid tapping at the door to announce that two men ... from Paddington and ... in the consulting-room.

A) awoke / came / sat
B) was awakened / had come / were sitting
C) had been awakened / came / was sitting
D) awake / had come / were sitting
E) was awakened / came / had been sitting

94. (03-8-30) Choose the best answer.
The boy was made ... medicine.

A) taken B) take
C) taking D) to take E) took

95. (03-8-35) Choose the best answer.
Money is very hard to earn. It's not desirable ... things you don't need.

A) to buy B) buy C) being bought
D) buying E) to be bought

96. (03-9-3) Choose the best answer.
John proposed that we ... the experiment as it was time ... the contract.

A) stopped / signed
B) stop / sign
C) had stopped / signed
D) stop / to sign
E) would stop / signed

97. (03-9-10) Choose the best answer.
The contract ... yet. I suppose it ... by 2 o'clock tomorrow.

A) isn't signed / will sign
B) hasn't been signed / will have been signed
C) has been signed / will be signed
D) hasn't signed / will have signed
E) hadn't signed / would be signed

98. (03-10-7) Choose the best answer.
I regret ... all my old pictures.

A) losing B) to lose
C) to losing D) being lost
E) to be lost

99. (03-10-10) Choose the one word or phrase that keeps the meaning of the underlined one.
The police ran in this boy for his illegal trade.

A) released B) apprehended
C) searched for D) investigated
E) praised

100. (03-10-16) Choose the best answer.
I asked my friend to help me but he ...

A) rejected B) refused
C) turned down D) denied
E) agreed

101. (03-10-22) Choose the best answer.

"You see," the lady said, if you ... able yourself with meat, you ... to eat a peach now.

- A) stuff / will be
B) don't stuff / will be
C) didn't stuff / would have been
D) hadn't stuffed / would be
E) hadn't stuffed / wouldn't have been

102. (03-11-11) Choose the best answer.

Dear Francesca, We ... a wonderful time here in York. We ... here for three days now and we ... to stay for the rest of the week because we ... ourselves so much.

- A) are having / have been / want / are enjoying
B) is having / have been / will want / were enjoying
C) had / shall have / wanted / was enjoying
D) will have / will have / wanting / enjoyed
E) has / has been / wants / enjoys

103. (03-11-27) Choose the best answer.

It's a nice day. I ... we go out for a walk.

- A) recommend B) insist C) promise
D) apologise E) suggest

104. (03-11-32) Choose the best answer.

When he bought the house, it ... recently ...

- A) was / remodelling
B) had / been remodelled
C) was / remodelled
D) would / be remodelled
E) has / been remodelled

105. (03-11-42) Choose the best answer.

Providing that you ... groceries, I ... dinner.

- A) will buy / cook
B) will buy / will cook
C) bought / have cooked
D) buy / will cook
E) buys / cook

106. (03-12-4) Choose the best answer.

It's a big factory. Five hundred people ... there.

- A) are employed
B) is employed
C) is being employed
D) have been employed
E) will have been employed

107. (03-12-5) Choose the best answer.

The park gates ... at 6.30 p.m. every evening.

- A) is locked B) were locking
C) are locked D) had been locked
E) will be locked

108. (03-12-7) Choose the best answer.

John and I went for a walk. I had difficulty keeping up with him because he ... so fast.

- A) is walking B) was walking
C) have been walking D) had walked
E) has walked

109. (03-12-18) Choose the best answer.

The teacher ... attendance when I arrived.

- A) was taking B) was taken
C) has taken D) were taken
E) had been taken

110. (03-12-21) Choose the best answer.

No wonder Mary is cross with you. You ... to her for quite a long time.

- A) haven't written B) didn't write
C) hadn't written D) aren't writing
E) was writing

111. (03-12-23) Choose the best answer.

I hope you ... the elections to be held soon.

- A) have won B) are winning
C) will win D) won
E) was won

112. (03-12-27) Choose the best answer.

When you ... your work, you can go out.

- A) have finished B) finished
C) will finish D) had finished
E) has finished

113. (03-12-30) Choose the best answer.

When the war broke out, Mary ... in Berlin for .6 years.

- A) lived B) had been living
C) has been living D) was living
E) is living

114. (03-12-40) Choose the best answer.

Mr. Brown ... a capable, dedicated doctor and his patients have missed him ever since his death.

- A) was B) has been
C) is D) were E) had been

115. (03-12-45) Choose the best answer.

Since calculators were first introduced, they ... to be useful tools for people weak in mathematics.

- A) have proved B) proved
C) will prove D) are proving
E) was proving

116. (03-12-47) Choose the best answer.

The commissioner has assured the crowd that the problem ... care of as soon as possible.

- A) will be taken B) has been taken
C) had been taken D) take
E) is taken

117. (03-12-49) Choose the best answer.

They ... for seven hours when they arrived at the border.

- A) had been driving B) have been driving
C) are driving D) drove
E) was driving

118. (03-12-56) Choose the best answer.

The girls seem to be fully satisfied with their English course. So far, they ... even a single class yet.

- A) haven't missed B) don't miss
C) didn't miss D) won't miss
E) have missed

119. (04-1-158) Choose the best answer.

They ... still ... opinion on the book they had bought, when I came in.

- A) are / exchanging
B) have / exchanged
C) haven't / exchanged
D) were / exchanging
E) -/exchanges

120. (04-1-160) Choose the best answer.

Hurshida ... still ... when I came.

- A) have / slept B) in / sleeping
C) was / sleeping D) bad / slept
E) has / slept

121. (04-1-165) Choose the best answer.

When girls came into the garden, their father ... the flowers.

- A) was watering B) is watering
C) has watered D) hadn't watered
E) hasn't watered

122. (04-1-171) Choose the correct answer.

Gulshan ... for the bus at the bus stop when I saw her.

- A) is waiting B) has waited
C) was waited D) hadn't waited
E) was waiting

123. (04-1-176) Choose the best answer.

His parents ... to Florida, when there was an accident on the way.

- A) were driving B) has driven
C) were driven D) are driving
E) have been driving

124. (04-1-189) Choose the best answer.

The film ... cotton for 13 years by next October.

- A) had been exporting
B) will export
C) have been exporting
D) will have exported
E) has been exporting

125. (04-1-192) Choose the best answer.

I say Ann, ... you ... the work by two o'clock tomorrow?

- A) will / be doing B) has / been doing
C) have / been doing D) had / been doing
E) will / have done

126. (04-1-210) Choose the best answer.

The sailors ... the ship for three months by tomorrow.

- A) are mending B) will have mended
C) have been mending D) will mend
E) had been mending

127. (04-1-415) Choose the best answer.

The man wished the driver ... the traffic rules, but he was nervous and in a hurry.

- A) has observed B) would observe
C) had observed D) have observed
E) observed

128. (v4-107-6) Choose the best answer.

Tom ... football this season. He ... to concentrate on his studies.

- A) doesn't play / wants
B) isn't playing / wants
C) is playing / wants
D) is being played / wants
E) hasn't been playing / want

129. (v4-116-22) Choose the best answer.

She ... tennis since she ...

- A) has been playing / isn't eight
B) is playing / was eight
C) had played / was eight
D) has played / is eight
E) has been playing / was eight

130. (v4-117-35) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A lot of books by this writer ... into many languages.

- A) was translated
B) have been translated
C) translated
D) has been translated
E) is translated

131. (v4-119-34) Choose the best form of the verbs.

Rauf was living in the USA from 2002 till 2003. When he came back he visited his English teacher. He told her lots of interesting things about the country beyond the ocean. His knowledge of English became very perfect as he ... the living language for almost a year in the USA.

- A) has spoken
B) was used to speak
C) was speaking
D) had been speaking
E) have been speaking

132. (v4-120-34) Choose the best answer.

The farm ... fruit-tree on the basis of intensive technologies for 20 years by April.

- A) had been growing B) will have grown
C) is growing D) will grow
E) has been growing

133. (v4-125-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

- Once it ... raining, we ... out for a walk.
A) stop / shall go B) would stop / would go
C) stopped / will D) should / would
E) stops / shall go

134. (v5-104-18) Choose the best answer.
I can't tell you when he ...

- A) will come B) coming C) comes
D) come E) shall come

135. (v5-105-18) Choose the best form of the verb.

Among our engineers there are many who ... a lot.

- A) travelled B) were travelling
C) has travelled D) have travelled
E) had travelled

136. (v5-110-21) Choose the form of the verb.

Simons doesn't make Rocks ... the table. He does it himself.

- A) clear away B) have cleared away
C) to clear away D) cleared away
E) clearing away

137. (v5-111-21) Choose the best answer.
We wanted to continue our way, but ... aware of the danger, we couldn't continue our way.

- A) are B) after having been
C) being D) having been
E) we were

138. (v5-112-21) Choose the best answer.
I am going to buy a new skirt, but I don't know where ... it.

- A) going to buy B) am buying
C) to buy D) will buy
E) buy

139. (v5-117-31) Choose the best answer.
When we saw him he was digging in the garden, and he obviously ... for a long time as he ... a lot.

- A) has been dug / digging
B) dug / had dug
C) had dug / had been digging
D) is digging / has dug
E) had been digging / had dug

140. (v5-121-25) Choose the best answer.
Look! Sue's going out. I wonder where ...

- A) does she go B) will she go
C) is she going D) she is going
E) has she gone

141. (v5-131-11) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the correct form of the verb.

My son is busy ... his car.

- A) washing B) have washed
C) wash D) washes
E) washed

142. (v5-136-6) Barry ... by the sea and he's got a boat, so he often ... sailing.

- A) is living / go B) lived / went
C) lived / goes D) lives / goes
E) live / goes

143. (v5-137-6) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the correct form of the verb.

It ... my brother's birthday after yours.

- A) will be B) may be C) had
D) has been E) were

144. (v5-139-18) Choose the best answer.

The children, all of whom were in the bus ... not ... in the crush.

- A) are / injured B) would / injured
C) were / injured D) will be injured
E) have / been injured

145. (v5-143-24) Choose the best answer.

I had to leave school: I had to work to ... our family.

- A) save B) register
C) keep D) find E) provide

146. (v5-146-18) Choose the best answer.
How is your granny? We ... her for a week or two.

- A) didn't see B) haven't seen C) saw
D) had seen E) don't see

147. (v5-148-21) You had better ... to me at six. I shall be writing an essay.

- A) not come B) came C) to come
D) not to come E) coming

148. (v5-151-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Bill and Sue are very close. They ... all their thoughts.

- A) are sharing B) will share
C) share D) don't share
E) haven't shared

149. (v5-151-18) Choose the right answer.
He did not expect him to come. He came to visit him. He says: "Why didn't you ... me ... you were coming?"

- A) let / knows B) let / known
C) let / know D) let / to know
E) let / knew

150. (v5-156-6) Choose the best answer.
The news that she ... the city two days ago ... a surprise to all of us.

- A) leave / is B) left / is
C) left / was D) will leave / are
E) have left / was

151. (v5-156-7) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The parents were ... to the meeting at 2 o'clock.

- A) invites B) been invited
C) invite D) inviting
E) invited

152. (v5-157-31) Choose the best answer.
It was raining in the morning and it ... for the whole night.

- A) raining B) has been raining
C) had rained D) had been raining
E) was raining

153. (v5-158-9) When I have to catch a train, I'm always worried about ... it. So I like ... to the station in plenty of time.

- A) missing / to get B) misses / gets
C) missing / get D) miss / get
E) missed / getting

154. (v5-160-31) How long has your sister been married? She ... for three months by next Friday.

- A) would marry B) will have been married
C) will marry D) had married
E) was marries

155. (v6-141-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
A driver is a man who ... cars, buses and lorries.

- A) drive B) drives
C) driving D) drove

156. (v6-143-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
How much did he ... for this carpet?

- A) have paid B) has paid
C) pay D) paid

157. (v6-145-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Neither he nor I ... easily frightened but the film was so terrifying that we screamed.

- A) are B) is C) am D) will be

158. (v6-151-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A famous English actor ... Uzbekistan some days ago. He ... many questions about the country.

- A) visited / asked
B) visited / was asked
C) has visited / will ask
D) was visited / was asked

159. (v7-138-12) I can't entrust her with any serious task though I ... her for three years.

- A) know B) knew
C) have known D) had known

160. (v7-142-12) Helena ... a long hospital treatment before the doctors finally ... her the diagnosis.

- A) received / were telling
B) received / had told
C) had received / told
D) was receiving / had told

161. (v7-155-13) Though I am only fourteen my father lets me ... his car to the garage.

- A) to drive B) drive
C) driving D) drove

162. (v7-160-11) John is busy at the moment, but he ... here as soon as the show ... over.

- A) will be / is B) would be / is
C) is / will be D) were / would be

163. (v7-166-21) I woke up and looked at my watch: it was five o'clock. I ... for four hours.

- A) had been asleep B) am sleeping
C) have been asleep D) was sleeping

164. (v7-168-20) People began to ... sheep for wool about 6,000 years ago.

- A) arise B) arouse
C) raise D) rise

165. (v7-170-17) Mr. Murdstone didn't want David ... in the house and made Mrs. Copperfield ... him to a boarding school.

- A) to live / send B) that he lived / to send
C) live / send D) to live / sent

166. (v7-172-14) He lost the case and ... put into prison. I suppose he shouldn't have listened to his advisers.

- A) was B) had C) is D) has

167. (v7-173-17) Long after I became a writer by profession, I spent much time on ... how to write and subjected myself to very hard training in the attempt ... my style.

- A) having learned / improve
B) learned / improved
C) learning / to improve
D) learn / improving

168. (v7-175-23) My advice is this. Don't waste your time and get a job! If I ... you I ... a job immediately.

- A) had been / would have got
B) were / would have got
C) am / will get
D) were / would get
169. (v7-176-13) I cannot stop reading the book you gave me. I ... more than sixty pages today.
A) have read B) have been reading
C) read D) was reading
170. (v7-179-23) He ..., if he ... an answer two days ago.
A) would have come / would have been given
B) would have come / had been given
C) will come / was given
D) would come / were given
171. (v7-180-14) Most people in Britain work from Monday to Friday; schools, colleges and universities ... also closed on Saturdays and Sundays.
A) have been B) will be
C) are D) were
172. (v7-180-16) The police are reported ... found illegal drugs in a secret hiding place in the filmstar's house.
A) has had B) have had
C) have D) to have
173. (v7-182-14) My dog simply loves ... for a walk, so we spend a lot of time in the park.
A) being taken B) to have been taken
C) to take D) taking
174. (v7-182-17) In the morning the American lady travelling with us came out of the washroom, ... very healthy in spite of not ... at all, and went to the restaurant.
A) looking / having slept
B) having looked / having slept
C) looked / slept
D) looking / sleeping
175. (v7-183-5) Don't try to persuade me. I ... what you are telling me.
A) don't believe B) am not believed
C) believe not D) didn't believe
176. (v7-184-5) Dear Lisa. Just a quick note to say that I ... a fantastic time here. Paris is simply amazing.
A) was having B) will have had
C) am having D) had
177. (v7-184-21) Not only my sisters but also my mother ... here.
A) been B) be C) are D) is
178. (v7-185-16) Do you have an excuse ... late to class two days in a row?
A) of being B) being
C) for being D) to be
179. (v7-186-17) They couldn't afford ... me lots of new clothes.
A) buy B) to buy
C) buying D) bought
180. (v7-187-13) I am terribly sorry, Mr Brown, but I ... into the back of your car.
A) crashing B) crash
C) have crashed D) had crashed
181. (v7-188-16) I think I hear someone ... the door. Do you hear it too?
A) trying to open B) to try opening
C) trying open D) try opening
182. (v7-188-21) I think you'd rather wait till next, week ...? Or shall we go there today?
A) wouldn't I you B) will you
C) haven't you D) would you

183. (v7-189-13) Jane came to the door. It was unlocked. She wondered who ... the door open.
A) was leaving B) had left
C) left D) leaves
184. (v7-190-17) She entered the room ... a tray of soft drinks.
A) having carried B) to carry
C) carrying D) carried
185. (v8-108-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Jessica: Are you going to be busy today?
Andrew: Well, I've got a few things to do. I've got an essay ... And this room ought ... up a bit.
A) to be written / be tidying
B) to be writing / be tidied
C) writing / to tidy
D) to write / to be tidied
186. (v8-128-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
– Is dinner ready?
– Not yet. The potatoes are not They need another ten minutes.
A) did B) do C) doing D) done
187. (v9-101-3) Choose the right answer.
There is something important I must do today. Oh, yes, I must remember ... this letter.
A) posting B) post
C) to post D) posted
188. (v9-106-12) Choose the right answer.
To answer accurately is more important than ... quickly.
A) finish B) finishing
C) to finish D) finished
189. (v9-107-8) Choose the right answer.
It's very cold. I think it might ... for the first time this winter.
A) to snow B) snows
C) snowing D) snow
190. (v9-108-14) Choose the right answer.
I can't read when I'm travelling. It makes me ... sick, even in a train.
A) feeling B) felt C) to feel D) feel
191. (v9-113-20) Choose the right answer.
An eminent American poet, Carl Sandburg is also well ... for his multivolume biography of Lincoln.
A) known B) know
C) knowing D) knew
192. (v9-127-5) Choose the right answer.
"Does the price include breakfast?" Robert wanted to know if the price ... breakfast.
A) includes B) included
C) had included D) would include
193. (v9-127-12) Choose the right answer.
The manager was angry because somebody ... the photographers to enter the building.
A) had allowed B) allows
C) has allowed D) allow
194. (v9-129-4) Choose the right answer.
I can't remember the address. I wish I ... it down.
A) had written B) will write
C) wrote D) have written
195. (v10-102-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You must hurry. Your train is about
A) leaving B) left
C) to leave D) leave

196. (v10-109-12) Choose the best answer.
Countries with rising population and limited natural resources risk ... into demographic trap
A) falling B) fell C) to fall D) fallen
197. (v10-118-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm putting on a lot of weight. I think I need ... doing some exercise.
A) started B) start C) to start D) starting
198. (v10-127-17) Choose the best answer.
After uniting their conquests north of modern day China, the Mongolian warriors soon ... their homeland and steered their horses to the Persian Empire.
A) had left B) leaving
C) having left D) left
199. (v10-128-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You'll get the goods very soon. They will ... to you by air.
A) being delivered B) delivering
C) be delivered D) deliver
200. (v12z-102-28)
A) service B) calculations
C) understanding D) cooking
201. (v12z-103-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Drugs intended as painkillers can ... only through a prescription from a doctor.
A) obtained B) be obtained
C) obtain D) are obtained
202. (v12z-105-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The party was very ... as I had expected to see all my old friends there but they didn't turn up.
A) disappointing B) disappoints
C) disappointed D) disappoint
203. (v12z-124-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The last continent to be discovered, Antarctica, remained ... behind barriers of fog, storm and sea ice until the early 19th century.
A) hidden B) hide C) hiding D) hid
204. (v12c-102-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
A pair of pants ... in the drawer.
A) are B) is C) were D) aren't
205. (v12c-106-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I have done everything to help Andy get his life ... out. I don't know what else I can do.
A) straightened B) straightens
C) straightening D) straighten
206. (v12c-112-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Most pollution comes from cars, so both domestic and imported automobiles must ... with anti-pollution devices.
A) equipped B) equip
C) be equipping D) be equipped
207. (v12c-129-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He wouldn't speak English so fluently now if he ... in America as an exchange student.
A) will study B) study
C) didn't study D) hadn't studied
208. (v12c-130-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Vitamin C gets into the blood stream quickly, as it is easily ... by human body.

- A) absorbing B) absorbed
C) being absorbed D) absorbs

209. (v12c-131-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A television set ... from a police station while officers were out fighting crime.

- A) was stolen B) was stealing
C) stole D) is stolen

210. (v12c-145-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I didn't have to wait long. When I came the last student ... examined by the professor.

- A) had been B) was being
C) was D) had

211. (v12c-156-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– It's pouring with rain, look.
– It's OK. I ... you my umbrella.

- A) am lending B) am going to lend
C) lent D) will lend

212. (v12c-156-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– It's winter. It's not worth ... the house now.
– I agree. Let's wait till spring comes.

- A) to paint B) painting
C) paint D) be painted

213. (v13-107-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I taught him how ... chess.

- A) play B) playing
C) to play D) played

214. (v13-116-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She had her appendix ... when she was 8 years old.

- A) to remove B) remove
C) removed D) removing

215. (v13-125-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Which of your two sons ... to this school?

- A) go B) goes
C) do go D) does go

216. (v13-128-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't worry about your birthday. We'll have everything ... by then.

- A) arranged B) to arrange
C) arranging D) arrange

217. (v13-128-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I am the fastest of all."

Simon ... of being the fastest of all.

- A) insisted B) promised
C) boasted D) admitted

218. (v13-130-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There are three colors in the U.S. flag. One of the colors is red, ... are white and blue.

- A) the others B) others
C) another D) the other

219. (v13-131-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't like Alice. She ... about difficulties of life all the time.

- A) has complained B) has been complaining
C) is complaining D) complained

220. (v14-101-21) I remember how we used to have to clean the house thoroughly.

This ceremony is called Osojl and my sister and I ... look forward to. It very much, since that was such a mess.

- A) have not B) get used to
C) didn't use to D) would

221. (v14-101-23) Many people consider Davies ... the finest artist of his generation.

- A) be B) to being C) being D) to be

222. (v14-105-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– So, when did they tell you about the robbery?
– I ... by the police as soon as they found out.

- A) was informed B) would be informed
C) will be informed D) had been informed

223. (v14-106-7) Florida's long coastline and warm weather ... swimmers to its sandy shores.

- A) is attracted B) are attracted
C) attracts D) attract

224. (v14-106-12) Do you want ... something ... now?

- A) having / drinking B) have / for drink
C) to have / to drink D) to have / drinking

225. (v14-107-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Which of your two sons ... to this school?

- A) does go B) go C) goes D) do go

226. (v14-111-1) Henry ... the mechanic ... his bike yesterday.

- A) has / to repair B) had / to repair
C) had / repair. D) was having / repair

227. (v14-115-22) How would you react, if your cat suddenly ... to you right now?

- A) is started to talk B) started talking
C) had started talking D) starts talking

228. (v14-116-23) It seems that the new system of sending out reminders has worked, because this year 90% of members remembered ... their membership in time.

- A) renewed B) renew
C) to renew D) renewing

229. (v14-117-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Neither the clock on the town hall nor my watch ... wrong.

- A) were B) have been C) is D) are

230. (v15-101-18) Choose the correct answer.

At first everything was great, but then it all ...

- A) went out B) went wrong
C) went D) run out

231. (v15-106-16) Choose the correct answer.

The shop assistant finally agreed ... a full refund.

- A) give me B) giving me
C) to me to give D) to give me

232. (v15-125-6) Choose the best answer.

My friend as well as my parents ... me the whole day.

- A) shall observe B) observes
C) are observed D) observe

233. (v15-133-17) Choose the correct answer.

We are late. We hope the play will have ... by the time we ... to the theatre.

- A) started / get B) starting / are getting
C) start / will get D) start / will have got

234. (v16-102-15) Choose the best answer.

Andrew spends most of his free time ... the Net.

- A) chatting B) living
C) hanging out D) surfing

235. (v16-104-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

.... clearly when giving a speech.

- A) pontificate B) enunciate
C) murmur D) blather

236. (v16-105-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If he doesn't ... me alone, I'll scream!

- A) let B) have
C) leave D) live

237. (v16-106-16) Choose the correct answer

When you see children crossing the street at the red light, it's important not to ... control of your vehicle.

- A) break B) lose C) leave D) drop

238. (v16-107-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

I do not like walking in the dark. Is there anybody to ... me home?

- A) send B) start C) see D) let

239. (v16-110-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A theory called plate tectonics ... the formation of the surface features of the earth.

- A) is explained B) explain
C) would explain D) explains

240. (v16-111-20) Choose the best answer.

... your teacher before ... a presentation.

- A) To consult / to make
B) Consulting / making
C) Consult / making
D) Having consulted / having made

241. (v16-113-4) Choose the best answer.

I enjoy going ... on weekends.

- A) sightseeing B) seeing sights
C) seeing the sights D) sightsee

242. (v16-114-1) Choose the right answer.

People today have much more opportunity

- A) of travel B) to travel
C) traveled D) travels

243. (v16-120-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Environmental Protection agency issued a requirement to this Oil Company: "Improve equipment inspections."

The Environmental Protection agency required that this Oil Company ...so that.

- A) improve B) improving
C) to improve D) improves

244. (v16-120-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We ... goodbye to them as the train left.

- A) saw off B) waved
C) greeted D) saluted

245. (v16-124-10) Choose the best answer.

I think I could, if I only know how

- A) to begin B) begin
C) beginning D) to began

246. (v16-124-15) Choose the correct answer.

The doctor is known ... a series of operations.

- A) having carried out
B) have been carried out
C) to have carried out
D) have carried out

247. (v16-129-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't be so upset! I'm sure, you have nothing ... afraid of.

A) being B) are C) to be D) is

248. (v17-102-7) Choose the right answer.

It is in Uzbek traditions to ... the elderly people.

A) accept B) expect
C) except D) respect

249. (v17-105-5) Choose the correct answer.

I enjoyed ... the football match. It was an exciting game

A) to seeing / watching
B) seeing / watching
C) seeing / to watch
D) not seeing / to watch

250. (v17-105-6) Choose suitable verb.

Can you ... me a pen?

A) lend B) borrow C) use D) allow

251. (v17-105-13) Complete the sentence.

I love cats, but I ... dogs

A) love B) hate C) see D) sleep

252. (v17-106-20) Choose suitable verb.

Teachers never ... tasks.

A) allocate B) assign
C) appoint D) complete

253. (v17-106-22) Choose suitable verb.

Charles ... to the same golf club for ages!

A) relies B) reflects
C) belongs D) detests

254. (v17-107-1) Choose the right answer.

He ... his essay by the end of exam.

A) completed B) had completed
C) had been completing D) was completing

255. (v17-107-13) Choose the right answer.

I'll inform you as soon as I ... a letter from host University.

A) would receive B) received
C) receive D) shall receive

256. (v17-107-19) Choose the correct answer.

You just ... what you have done!

A) look at B) see at
C) watch D) notice

257. (v17-108-9) Choose the right answer.

... to the class, you ... better on the test.

A) Have you come / would perform
B) Should you come / would perform
C) Have you come / performed
D) Had you come / would have performed

258. (v17-108-14) Choose the right answer.

The door opened only after the password had been ... by the system.

A) accepted B) expected
C) excepted D) respected

259. (v17-109-1) Choose the correct answer.

He was unwilling to study but his father made him ... so, threatening to punish him.

A) do B) to do C) doing D) done

260. (v17-110-13) Choose the correct answer.

Youngsters may have difficulty ... the paint because of its thin consistency.

A) applying B) to applying
C) applied D) to apply

261. (v17-111-24) Choose the right answer.

Don't forget ... me as soon as you ... home.

A) calling, come B) to call, come
C) calling, will come D) to call, will come

262. (v17-114-15) Choose the correct answer.

... by the critics, the story was accepted by a popular magazine.

A) Approves B) Approved
C) Having approved D) Approving

263. (v17-117-22) Choose the correct answer.

Nick ... down on the grass for a while, next to some tourists who ... the duck.

A) is lying / are being fed
B) lay / were feeding
C) laying / were feeding
D) laid / were feeding

264. (v17-120-23) Choose the best answer.

It is not uncommon ... people here who knows several languages.

A) find B) to find
C) found D) having found

265. (v17-123-13) Choose the correct answer.

It ... to me whether he comes or not.

A) is not difference
B) makes not a difference
C) makes no difference
D) is indifferent

266. (v17-124-20) Choose the right answer.

My favorite film star ... at the concert hall tonight.

A) appears B) is appearing
C) appeared D) will appear

267. (v17-124-21) Choose the right answer.

After a meeting with psychologist, all her modesty was ... down.

A) blown B) tied
C) jotted D) narrowed

268. (v17-127-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Told me ... immediately.

A) to get up B) got up
C) getting up D) get up

269. (v17-128-23) Choose the correct answer.

Let the children ... barefoot. It ... them.

A) run / won't hurt B) run / hurts
C) to run / won't hurt D) running / hurting

270. (v17-129-22) Choose the correct answer.

No matter how long the holiday is, I always ... I want a few days more.

A) has felt B) feel
C) am feeling D) feels

271. (v17-130-13) Choose the correct answer.

We got very bad service today and had to ... the waiter three times about the drinks.

A) offer B) remind
C) remember D) order

272. (v18-106) As soon as I ... all my homework, I felt free.

A) did B) done
C) had done D) have done

273. (v18-107) Not only ... to Sydney but she also visited many other exciting places in Northern Australia.

A) did she go B) went she
C) went D) she went

274. (v18-108) He was thought ... the disease in India.

A) to have caught B) catching
C) will catch D) to catch

275. (v18-109) Rarely ... fish.

A) I have eaten B) I eat
C) eat D) do I eat

276. (v18-110) Our firm was ... by a giant retail network.

A) earned B) received
C) acquired D) gained

277. (v18-111) Children ... many social skills at school.

A) receive B) gain C) earn D) acquire

278. (v18-112) This company has ... a \$50,000 fine for hiring illegal immigrants.

A) earned B) received
C) acquired D) gained

279. (v18-113) Margaret ... sight of a tiny kitten sitting under the table.

A) caught B) grabbed
C) snatched D) seized

280. (v18-114) Please don't ... offence, I was only joking.

A) take B) make C) put D) give

281. (v18-115) Ann and Peter ... too much pressure on their children.

A) do B) take C) care D) put

282. (v18-116) Stella's ... be promoted because she works hard.

A) allowed to B) let it
C) bound to D) manage to

283. (v18-117) Maria's got a terrible voice but she ... at any opportunity.

A) is singing B) would sing
C) used to singing D) has sung

284. (v18-118) Ruslan ... think of a good excuse for being late.

A) shouldn't B) couldn't
C) mustn't D) able to

285. (v18-119) Leo was only in Australia for a week so he ... seen a lot.

A) able to B) shouldn't have
C) couldn't have D) might have

286. (v18-120) At last, after three days, they ... get to the top of the mountain.

A) could B) managed to
C) succeeded to D) were able to

287. (v18-121) Alia ... think of a good excuse for being late.

A) shouldn't B) mustn't
C) cant D) couldn't

288. (v18-122) Choose the correct answer.

We were very lucky to ... live in the country during on childhood.

A) be able B) can
C) be able to D) were able to

289. (v19/20-103-9) Choose the correct answer.

Tim knew him ... a considerate man.
A) is B) to be C) be D) was

34. Modal verbs – can, could, be able to + V

1. (96-8-83) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

Charles Dickens ... go to school at an early age, as he ... help his family.

- A) should / would B) couldn't / had to
C) must / couldn't D) might / should
E) had not to / would

2. (96-9-80) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verbs.

– ... your son speak English?

– No, but he ... when he was a schoolboy.

- A) has to / must B) could / may
C) might / can D) can / could
E) may / must

3. (96-9-81) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verbs.

– ... I enter the room?

– No, you The floor is being washed now.

- A) can / don't have to B) may / can't
C) must / might not D) have to / mustn't
E) could / may not

4. (96-13-29) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verb.

"I ... go, Padre; the students will be waiting for me.

- A) is to B) can
C) be able D) must E) may

5. (96-13-31) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verb.

He ... tell you how glad he is.

- A) was able to B) couldn't
C) can't D) had to
E) have

6. (96-13-33) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verbs.

... I smoke here? No, you

- A) Can / may B) May / mustn't
C) Can / should D) Can / can't
E) May / need

7. (96-15-81) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Children ... go to school at the age of 7.

- A) can B) must C) may D) has to
E) could

8. (96-15-134) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verbs.

A fool man ... ask more questions than a wise man ... answer.

- A) may / can B) can / must
C) may / might D) can / might
E) must / could.

9. (97-3-48) Complete the sentence.

You can never ...

- A) put your things right.
B) to tell the truth.
C) speaking over the telephone.
D) had dinner in time.
E) chose the correct answer.

10. (97-6-31) Choose the right modal verb.

The lecturer mentioned the name of the town several times, but unfortunately I ... remember it.

- A) can B) could C) may
D) could not E) may not

11. (97-12-48) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Ann ... come to the party today. She isn't very well.

- A) can't B) mustn't C) had to
D) should E) ought to

12. (98-5-36) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

People who know a foreign language ... learn a second one easily.

- A) may B) should C) mustn't
D) can E) needn't

13. (98-6-57) Choose me appropriate modal verb.

After a book is written, it passes through the hands of very many different workers. Each worker works carefully, for there ... not be any mistakes in the book.

- A) must B) couldn't C) could
D) might E) has to

14. (98-8-33) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

– ... any of you speak Italian?

– No, but we are learning it and I hope we ... speak it next year.

- A) Must / will have to
B) May / have got to
C) Can / shall be able to
D) Could / could
E) Might / had to

15. (99-4-40) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

I was at home yesterday. You ... have called and taken the dictionary.

- A) must B) may C) could D) can
E) had to

16. (99-10-38) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

Don't worry. You ... do it just now. You ... do it tomorrow.

- A) must / can B) should / may
C) can / could D) had to / must
E) needn't / can

17. (00-9-28) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Mr. Brown crawled out of the prison and made his way as fast as he ... to the border.

- A) must B) can C) could D) might
E) had to

18. (01-1-86) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I ... send him a telegram, but I forgot.

- A) must B) am to
C) was to D) can E) had to

19. (01-9-19) Choose the best suited pair of words.

With no income but my husband's student grant, we ... live from hand to ... for several years.

- A) had to / hand B) were to / neck
C) had to / mouth D) could / head
E) have to / ears

20. (02-3-19) Choose the best answer.

The hard work ... have told on her health. She got ill.

- A) has to B) must C) is to D) can
E) will be able

21. (02-5-27) Choose the best answer.

– ... you help me with my homework, dad?

– I ... , but I think I

- A) can / may / must
B) may / can / have to
C) could / could / shouldn't
D) must / had to / can
E) mustn't / must / might not

22. (02-9-42) Choose the best answer.

– Excuse me, madam, ... I have a look at that blue dress?

– Yes, certainly. You ... try it on if you like.

- A) may / can B) can / may
C) must / must D) may / have to
E) might / could

23. (02-11-46) Choose the best answer.

We ... afford a proper aerial for our TV yet, so for the time being we ... use on indoor one

- A) mustn't / must B) can / are to
C) shouldn't / might D) need / could
E) can't / have to

24. (03-1-24) Choose the best answer.

My granny is ill and I ... visit her. ... I leave school earlier today?

- A) must / Must B) can / Can
C) ought to / Must D) have to / May
E) should / Might

25. (03-8-22) Choose the best answer.

I had to work on Monday evening. I ... out for a meal on that day.

- A) could go B) couldn't have gone
C) might've gone D) may go
E) mustn't go

26. (04-1-247) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

It's till quite early. It ... be nine o'clock yet.

- A) must B) can
C) can't D) mustn't E) needn't

27. (04-1-248) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

She doesn't look at all like Zuhra. She ... be her sister.

- A) needn't B) mustn't
C) shall D) can't E) has to

28. (04-1-254) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Alim drove all the way from Chirchik to Tashkent. It ... have been a short journey.

- A) must B) can C) need D) can't
E) would

29. (04-1-263) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Their house is in Furkat Street and yours is in Chilanzar. They ... live very close to you.

- A) can B) can't
C) must not D) must E) needn't

30. (04-1-264) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Bobur ... leave for school so early. It's only seven o'clock.

- A) must B) can't
C) needn't D) mustn't E) ran

31. (04-1-266) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

It ... be a very popular novel. Otherwise I would have read it.

- A) can't B) must
C) mustn't D) needn't E) can

32. (04-1-267) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

It's cold here. She ... be thirsty.

- A) must B) can't
C) needn't D) need E) can

33. (04-1-270) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

It is raining. He ... be swimming now.

- A) must B) need C) can
D) will E) can't

34. (04-1-271) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

I am absolutely delighted. I ... be happier.

- A) mustn't B) can
C) need D) can't E) needn't

35. (04-1-273) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

You are terrified. You ... be more frightened.

- A) should B) could C) need
D) can't E) needn't

36. (04-1-275) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Sister is absolutely well. She ... be better.

- A) mustn't B) can't
C) needn't D) need E) has to

37. (v4-106-23) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Anvar was standing very far from you. You ... see him.

- A) mustn't B) couldn't
C) needn't D) can't E) had to

38. (v4-116-23) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Karim ... leave for school so early. It's only seven o'clock.

- A) needn't B) can
C) must D) mustn't E) can't

39. (v4-117-23) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

Nodira wasn't admitted to the university. She ... be delighted.

- A) can't B) need
C) can D) mustn't

E) must

40. (v4-118-23) Choose the best answer.

The fire spread through the building quickly but everybody ... escape.

- A) was able to B) used to
C) were able to D) had to

E) could have

41. (v4-120-23) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

It is 10 a.m. already. He ... be sleeping now.

- A) can B) can't C) must D) will
E) need

42. (v4-123-23) Choose the proper modal verb.

Oh, my! How ... I tell her that her life will be ruined from this day on? I don't think, I can.

- A) may B) can C) had to
D) needed E) need

43. (v4-129-7) Choose the best answer.

... you see Tom this evening ... you tell him to phone me?

- A) can / may B) could / may
C) can / should D) should / needn't
E) should / can

44. (v5-135-8) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct modal verb.

This article is very difficult for her.

She ... translate it herself.

- A) may B) need not
C) can D) must E) cannot

45. (v5-144-8) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct modal verb.

You ... hardly find a grown-up person or a youngster who is not enthusiastic about sport.

- A) can B) shall C) could D) must
E) may

46. (v5-144-20) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I ... imagine her teaching English, she used to be so nervous.

- A) have to B) may
C) could not D) can E) could

47. (v5-150-20) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct modal verb.

I ... not ... to have dinner with you now. I'm translating the article.

- A) will be able B) is to
C) am able D) have to E) was able

48. (v5-154-18) Choose the appropriate answer.

There is oxygen on this planet! We ... to breathe!

- A) be able B) had been able
C) can D) shall be able
E) will can

49. (v5-155-8) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct modal verb.

This article is very difficult for her.

She ... translate it herself.

- A) may B) need not
C) can D) must E) cannot

50. (v5-157-8) Choose the best answer.

He ... you now. He is very nervous.

- A) should go to B) may speak to
C) can't speak to D) has to speak to
E) mustn't speak with

51. (v5-160-20) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct modal verb.

As the manager was out, she ... wait.

- A) was allowed to B) has to
C) had to D) was permitted
E) was able to

52. (v6-153-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The first view of the city of New York from the sea is a sight that ...

- A) can never be forgotten
B) could never forget
C) could never be forgotten
D) can never forget

53. (v7-178-15) Despite playing under strength, the village team ... beat their rivals.

- A) were able to B) ought
C) needed D) were to

54. (v9-107-21) Choose the right answer.

Around this time of the year, eagles ... sometimes be seen high in the mountains.

- A) should B) must C) need D) can

55. (v10-126-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I have to go to a business dinner tomorrow night so I ... come to the party. I'm very sorry.

- A) couldn't B) wasn't able to
C) won't be able to D) can't

56. (v12z-102-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Evans boasted that he ... run all the way to the top of the hill without stopping.

- A) can B) had to C) can't D) could

57. (v12c-129-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I slowed down. I wanted the car behind, ... to overtake.

- A) is able B) be able
C) to be able D) was able

58. (v13-128-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tom isn't going to ... help you tomorrow.

- A) should B) have to
C) can D) be able to

59. (v15-108-4) Choose the suitable modal verb.

He spoke so quickly that I ... understand him at all.

- A) must B) wasn't able
C) couldn't D) can't

60. (v15-131-1) Choose the correct answer. Our team ... arrive on time despite the accident. Nobody noticed that something had happened to our bus.

- A) were able to B) should have
C) ought to D) could have

61. (v16-105-1) Choose the best answer. Sadoqat ... play the guitar very well yet; she's only had lessons.

- A) can B) can't
C) shouldn't D) must

62. (v16-110-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's late. We think we ... better hurry.

- A) had B) have C) should D) are

63. (v16-111-6) Choose the correct answer. She ... leave the club yesterday since she wasn't feeling well.

- A) had to B) could C) may D) can

64. (v17-105-16) Choose the correct answer.

Mike ... play the piano very well. And what about you?

- A) must B) can
C) should D) have to

65. (v17-109-6) Choose the right answer. Sally ... always drink milk when she was a child.

- A) would B) need to
C) ought to D) should

66. (v17-109-19) Choose the right answer.

I ... checked 30 accounts so far this morning.

- A) had B) have got
C) have done D) have

67. (v17-110-18) Choose the best answer. That ... be my mobile, mine is black and that one's white.

- A) can't B) wouldn't
C) shouldn't D) mustn't

68. (v17-111-6) Choose the correct answer.

That ... be true! It's absolutely impossible.

- A) must B) can't C) needn't D) can

69. (v17-120-15) Choose the correct answer.

It's raining really hard, luckily we ... go out this evening.

- A) can't B) mustn't
C) don't have to D) shouldn't

70. (v17-121-3) Choose the best answer. You ought ... your room long ago.

- A) to have been cleaned B) to clean
C) to have cleaned D) to be cleaning

71. (v17-125-11) Choose the correct answer.

The road was blocked but we ... get there on time.

- A) can B) might
C) need D) were able to

72. (v17-125-12) Choose the correct answer.

I know he ... do it because he has done it before.

- A) ought to B) must
C) should D) can

73. (v17-126-12) Choose the best answer.

In spite of playing under strength and pressure, our college team ... beat their rivals.

- A) could B) couldn't
C) were able to D) weren't able to

74. (v17-126-20) Choose the right answer.
We ... to buy the tickets at least three weeks before the flight!

- A) must B) could
C) have got D) needn't have

75. (v19/20-101-9) Choose the correct answer.

It seems to me that they ... twins, they even don't look alike.

- A) needn't be B) can't be
C) aren't be able D) mustn't have been

76. (v19/20-103-14) Choose the correct answer.

He has now recovered from his injury and ... to drive again.

- A) might B) could C) can D) is able

77. (v19/20-105-3) Choose the correct answer.

The Chief manager ... me. I didn't really mean that.

- A) could have misunderstood
B) should have misunderstood
C) must have misunderstood
D) ought to misunderstand

78. (v19/20-105-7) Choose the correct answer.

A dream about an exam ... suggest that the dreamer is nervous about something.

- A) must B) may C) is to D) should

79. (v19/20-106-16) Choose the correct answer.

David broke his leg. He ... go to hospital.

- A) need B) must C) had to D) could

80. (v19/20-108-17) Choose the appropriate modal verb

They ... be getting married in June They have split apart

- A) has to B) must C) can't D) should

81. (v19/20-109-12) Choose the correct answer.

She isn't answering the phone. She ... be out.

- A) must B) should C) is to D) has to

82. (v19/20-109-15) Choose the correct answer.

What? You say you can't see those lights in the sky?

You ... be blind!

- A) must B) can
C) should D) might

83. (v19/20-110-1) Choose the correct answer.

Her husband ... about her state of mind long before, but finally he came to say that they ... something about it.

- A) must have known / may do
B) could know / can do
C) may know / could do
D) must have known / had to do

84. (v19/20-112-4) Choose the correct answer.

We're in a new house now. We ... move. The old place was too small.

- A) had to B) needed
C) could D) were to

85. (v19/20-113-12) Choose the correct answer.

We ... so much food for the picnic. Much of it was left.

- A) shouldn't take
B) mustn't have taken
C) don't have to take
D) needn't have taken

86. (v19/20-114-8) Choose the correct answer.

It is generally agreed that when you travel in countries other than your own, you ... conform to the local customs as much as possible.

- A) could B) might C) should D) ought

87. (v19/20-115-4) Choose the correct answer.

Nick ... be touring Scotland. I saw him this morning.

- A) shouldn't B) mustn't
C) may not D) can't

88. (v19/20-115-9) Choose the correct answer.

In my opinion you ... have replaced your rucksack, the previous one was almost new.

- A) couldn't B) shouldn't
C) mustn't D) needed

89. (v19/20-116-17) Choose the appropriate modal verb

She ... have three children

She is only twenty

- A) should B) must C) has to D) can't

90. (v19/20-117-7) Choose the correct answer.

Unlike many other countries, young men in Uzbekistan ... compulsory military service.

- A) would do B) must have done
C) should do D) have to do

91. (v19/20-118-2) Choose the correct answer

I am too tired and feel bad I worked 10 hours without a break I ... without a break

- A) need not work
B) should work
C) would not work
D) should not have worked

92. (v19/20-118-11) Choose the correct answer.

We were very lucky to ... live in the country during our childhood.

- A) were able to B) be able to
C) are able to D) can

93. (v19/20-118-13) Choose the correct answer.

This medicine ... in a cool place.

- A) ought to keep B) should be kept
C) should be keep D) may be kept

94. (v19/20-119-4) Choose the correct answer.

I heard about Jane s accident. You ... have been worried about her.

- A) can't B) had to C) must D) have to

95. (v19/20-120-17) Choose the correct answer.

Do you ever wish you ... fly?

- A) can
B) will be able to
C) had been able to
D) could

96. (v19/20-122-1) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

She ... be having dinner now. It is just midday.

- A) doesn't have to B) mustn't
C) shouldn't D) can't

97. (v19/20-122-17) Choose the correct answer.

The police told Nick: «You ... keep your dog under control.»

- A) can B) may C) should to D) must

98. (v19/20-124-2) Choose the correct answer.

Sam ... to be at the lecture at 3 p. m., but he didn't come.

- A) should B) will be C) was D) must

99. (v19/20-127-10) Choose the correct answer.

You ... work hard to pass the exam.

- A) need B) must C) may D) might

35. Could (do) and could have (done)

1. (96-1-25) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Alisher Navoi ... read and write when he was five.

- A) could B) may
C) have to D) must E) can

2. (96-6-30) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

Mother ... visit her friends as she ... stay with her child at home.

- A) can't / has to B) must / can
C) has to / must D) will / is to
E) should / may

3. (96-6-84) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... this. Why didn't you use a chance?

- A) can do B) could have done
C) must do D) may do E) need do

4. (96-9-27) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verb.

Your brother is ill, so he ... go out for a walk.

- A) can B) could C) may
D) might E) must not

5. (96-9-87) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verbs.

Sorry, I ... go with you. I ... finish my work.

- A) may not / must B) couldn't / have to
C) mustn't / can D) can't / must
E) am / could

6. (97-9-89) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

It was very difficult to hear: I ... understand what she was saying.

- A) can't B) may not C) wasn't able to
D) couldn't E) could

7. (98-12-15) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

The skier broke his leg and ... compete in the recent Olympic Games.

- A) couldn't B) mustn't
C) had to D) can't E) might

8. (99-3-35) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... tell me about his arrival I ... have met him.

- A) might / could B) must / could
C) may / can D) need / must
E) ought to / was

9. (99-5-24) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We didn't go out last night. We ... to the cinema but we decided to stay at home.

- A) could have gone B) must have gone
C) should go D) are to go
E) needn't go

10. (01-3-55) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We have already done everything, so you ... have come:

- A) must B) had to
C) could D) needn't E) had to

11. (02-1-77) Choose the best answer.

- I locked myself out of my flat. I didn't know what to do.

- You ... called your roommate.

- A) could have B) may have
C) would have D) must have
E) have to

12. (v5-157-33) Choose the best modal verb.

The football match was cancelled last week. Tom ... anyway because he was ill.

- A) mightn't have played B) used to play
C) couldn't have played D) mightn't play
E) couldn't play

13. (v6-146-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The boy ... hardly keep his voice under control as he was shaking with anger.

- A) might B) didn't have to
C) could D) had to

14. (v6-154-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She was only eight and she ... understand what was happening.

- A) couldn't B) was not
C) can't D) shouldn't

15. (v9-119-1) Choose the right answer.

I had no accurate idea of the time, for I ... my watch, but I thought we must have started the work about four hours ago.

- A) couldn't see B) shouldn't have seen
C) must see D) oughtn't to see

16. (v11-115-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I need some help with this table. ... you lift the other end, please?

- A) Could B) Must C) Should D) May

17. (v12z-117-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His son showed us he ... ride his bicycle without using his hands.

- A) can B) should C) may D) could

18. (v12c-152-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I got to the office I ... hear something strange.

- A) had to B) could C) might D) must

19. (v14-114-14) I ... have rented an office but I chose to work at home because everything I need is here.

- A) must B) could
C) can't D) needn't

20. (v15-104-22) Choose the suitable modal verb.

He hasn't ... to work recently.

- A) is able B) was able
C) been able D) can

21. (v15-124-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Historians don't know how the ancient Egyptians ... move huge pieces of stone to build the pyramids.

- A) could B) should C) must D) may

22. (v17-109-24) Lisa is at the beauty parlor. She is ...

- A) having her nails painted
B) had her nails
C) painting her nails
D) painted her nails

23. (v17-110-16) Choose the correct answer.

Children thought, no one ... them.

- A) could see B) sees
C) was seeing D) can see

24. (v17-114-9) Choose the right answer.

Now it is very hard for me to do it. You ... it yesterday.

- A) ought not to B) ought to have
C) ought to have done D) ought to do

25. (v17-121-2) Choose the correct answer.

- Did you have a good chat with Nasiba last night?

- No, it was so loud in the cafe that I ... hardly hear myself.

- A) should B) might C) could D) couldn't

26. (v17-124-15) Choose the correct answer.

She ... have joined a gym but in the end she decided to exercise at home.

- A) will B) may C) must D) could

27. (v18-123) Although it was kind, they ... bought us a housewarming present.

- A) couldn't have B) mightn't have
C) wouldn't have D) needn't have

28. (v18-124) It was crazy to drive like that.

You ... killed somebody.

- A) may have B) might have
C) could have D) can have

29. (v18-125) It was only in Australia for a week so he ... seen a lot.

- A) shouldn't have B) couldn't have
C) might have D) couldn't has

30. (v18-126) Choose the correct answer.

Akram arrived without his wallet. He ... have lost it during his business trip.

- A) could B) should C) would D) will

31. (v18-127) Choose the best answer.

We ... on the beach now if we hadn't missed the plane.

- A) could be lying B) would have lain
C) might have lain D) would be lain

36. Must / can't / have to / needn't

1. (96-6-27) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

She ... get up and she ... stay in bed as she is seriously ill.

- A) must / has to B) can't / has to
C) should / is to D) may / must
E) is able / shall

2. (96-6-29) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

No matter how she ... try the door ... open.

- A) can / should B) could / must
C) should / will D) might / wouldn't
E) must / ought to

3. (96-8-29) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

She ... read an English book in a month.

- A) can B) must
C) will be able D) has to E) will have to

4. (96-15-137) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verb.

My son is ill so I ... stay at home.

- A) mustn't B) has to C) can
D) may E) have to,

5. (96-15-190) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Patient:

- Must I go to the hospital? Doctor:

- No, you ... You ... stay at home.

- A) can't / had to B) mustn't / had to
C) needn't / may D) are able to / can
E) shouldn't / might

6. (97-3-28) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... watch TV now as father is sleeping.

- A) mustn't B) able not to C) may
D) haven't to E) can

7. (97-4-40) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

My grandfather's ill and I ... go to see him today, I ... go with you.

- A) can / can't B) have to / can't
C) may / have to D) need / must
E) be able to / may not

8. (97-5-29) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We ... read much in the original if we want to learn a foreign language.

- A) had to B) can C) must D) may
E) could

9. (97-6-32) Choose the right modal verb.

He ... spend much time looking for his friends new house yesterday because he ... didn't know the town well.

- A) has to B) may C) can D) must
E) had to

10. (97-8-31) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I'm sorry you ... smoke here.

- A) had to B) can't
C) could D) must
E) have to

11. (97-9-32) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

Laws tell people what they ... do and what they ...

- A) can / can B) have to / had to
C) must / must not D) may / must
E) must / can't

12. (97-10-28) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

She ... lift me up with one hand.

- A) may B) need
C) can D) to have to E) to be able to

13. (97-11-28) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

My son fell ill yesterday I ... stay at home.

- A) must B) can C) may D) need
E) had to

14. (97-12-46) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

My eyesight isn't very good. I ... wear glasses for reading.

- A) might B) have to
C) can D) may E) could

15. (98-2-30) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... get a visa before you go abroad next month.

- A) may B) can
C) could D) have to E) will have to

16. (98-3-75) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I didn't ... ring her up for she did it herself.

- A) had to B) could
C) be to D) have to E) must

17. (98-4-34) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

- Where is he?

- He ... be walking in the park.

- A) can't B) is able to
C) has to D) must E) ought to

18. (98-5-33) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Why didn't you help him? You ... have done it.

- A) must B) can
C) could D) were to E) was able to

19. (98-9-18) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

He ... come the day before yesterday but he didn't.

- A) have to B) must
C) had to D) am E) was to

20. (98-12-13) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Does Larry ... leave home at 730.

- A) have to B) must
C) has to D) need E) should

21. (99-3-36) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We ... to meet at the theatre entrance at a quarter to eight yesterday.

- A) are B) must C) have D) were
E) couldn't

22. (99-4-37) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

That day as I ... to be there at 5 sharp,

I ... to take a taxi

- A) am / had to B) is / may
C) was / had to D) were / can
E) were / had to

23. (99-5-25) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

"Does Jack shave?" "No, he's got a beard so he ... shave."

- A) hasn't to B) hasn't got to
C) don't have to D) can't
E) will be able to

24. (99-7-31) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

As my sister was taking an examination I ... look after her baby yesterday.

- A) could B) had to
C) must D) was able to E) should

25. (99-9-32) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

She always regretted the things she ... have done.

- A) may B) was to C) could
D) had to E) need

26. (99-10-39) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

- I wonder where the chief is.

- He ... be in his office. I've seen him this morning.

- A) is able to B) should
C) have to D) must
E) had to

27. (00-3-15) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I see now that I ... There was no danger whatever.

- A) shouldn't worry
B) must worry
C) needn't have worried
D) mustn't have worried
E) was to worry

28. (00-7-63) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

- ... I tell your mother about this deal?

- No, you ... It's a secret.

- A) Can / can't B) Couldn't / may
C) May / may D) Mustn't / can't
E) Need / may

29. (00-8-19) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

Mother (at dinner): Peggy, darling you ...

scratch your nose with you spoon. Peggy:

Oh, Mother, ought I to have used a fork?

- A) shouldn't B) ought to
C) must not / have D) don't have to / should
E) needn't / must

30. (01-2-26) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

- Why didn't you answer the phone?

- I ... asleep. I was so tired.

- A) may be B) can be
C) must be D) could be
E) must have been

31. (01-3-18) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... her about it. She knew everything.

- A) didn't need told B) needn't tell
C) shouldn't tell D) needn't have told
E) mustn't have told

32. (01-3-22) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

It turned out that I ... to the post office because I found a stamp at home. I had wasted so much time.

- A) didn't have to go B) couldn't go
C) needn't have gone D) had to go
E) could go

33. (01-3-23) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I suppose I ... my parents about my problems at school, but I didn't want to worry them.

- A) must tell B) have to tell
C) need to tell D) should have told
E) must have told

34. (01-4-50) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

It was my son's birthday so I ... a cake. Everybody liked it.

- A) had to bake B) must bake
C) can bake D) could bake
E) should have baked

35. (01-7-31) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Our work must ... as soon as possible.

- A) to finish B) be finishing
C) be finished D) have finished
E) finishing

36. (01-7-40) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

It's only 8 o'clock. You ... come so early. We did the work yesterday.

- A) need B) needn't
C) needn't have D) could
E) should

37. (01-9-34) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I only asked you to clean the floors, not the walls and windows. I'm sorry I ... pay you for what you did.

- A) shouldn't B) mustn't
C) couldn't D) can't E) needn't

38. (01-10-42) Choose the appropriate-modal verb.

Grown-ups ... destroy birds' nests.

- A) mustn't B) must
C) may D) ought E) can

39. (01-11-7) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

One ... cheat at the exam. It's a rule in all exams. All exams.

- A) cannot B) must not
C) has to D) might not E) could not

40. (02-3-16) Choose the best answer.

"You ... stare at people like that; it's impolite", said the mother.

- A) mustn't B) should
C) might not D) needn't E) have to

41. (02-3-17) Choose the best answer.

His suggestion may be of little value, but you ... discuss it all the same.

- A) should B) may C) need
D) has to E) might

42. (02-3-30) Choose the best answer.

She ... have taken a year's leave, because her mother was seriously ill.

- A) must B) was to C) might
D) had to E) need

43. (02-5-26) Choose the best answer.

The doorbell rang but I didn't hear it. I ... have been asleep.

- A) can't B) was to C) can
D) had to E) must

44. (02-7-33) Choose the best answer.

I'm sorry, but it's too late to change my plans now. You ... me earlier.

- A) must tell B) must have told
C) should tell D) should have told
E) had to tell

45. (03-2-13) Choose the best answer.

- ... I help you?

- I'll manage it myself.

- A) Can B) Need
C) Am D) Should E) Must

46. (03-5-61) Choose the best answer.

You ... for the director, the application signed by his deputy.

- A) don't have to wait / could have been
B) could wait / is
C) must have waited / can have
D) needn't have waited / could have been
E) don't need to wait / had been

47. (04-1-250) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

There is no answer. They ... be in yet.

- A) mustn't B) must C) would
D) can't E) needn't

48. (v4-104-23) Choose the best answer.

When does Ann ... go to hospital?

- A) must B) need
C) can D) may

49. (v4-108-23) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

- ... we finish our work today?

- No, you ...

- A) Have to / can B) had / needn't
C) Can / could D) Must / needn't
E) May / can

50. (v4-113-31) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

The girl ... take care of her younger sisters and brothers, as her parents are seriously ill.
A) has to B) were to C) are
D) have to E) having to

51. (v4-114-23) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

– He lives near his work.
– He is lucky, he ... go to the office by crowded buses.
A) doesn't have to B) can't
C) have to D) would have to
E) are able to

52. (v4-115-23) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I ... write to Ann. I haven't written to her for ages.
A) must B) may C) can D) could
E) had

53. (v4-116-8) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

Last year I ... skate well, but after some practice I ... now.
A) mustn't / can B) must / needn't
C) couldn't / can D) should / shouldn't
E) may / can't

54. (v4-122-23) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Karim ... go to see his grandfather as he is ill. He ... goes with you to the park.
A) may / had to B) am able to / would not
C) ought / can't D) need / must
E) has to / can't

55. (v4-125-23) Choose the best answer.

You've got plenty of time. You ... hurry.
A) needn't B) dare
C) must D) mustn't E) need

56. (v4-127-8) Choose the best answer.

I can't meet you on Friday. I ... work.
A) may B) need C) must not
D) have to E) can

57. (v4-127-23) Fill in the blank with the necessary modal verb.

They haven't, worked very much. They ... be very tired out.
A) can't B) needn't
C) must D) have to E) can

58. (v5-110-20) Are you going up early tomorrow? No, it's day off so I ... get up so early.

A) shouldn't have to B) needn't to
C) have got to D) mustn't have to
E) don't have to Choose the form of the verb.

59. (v5-139-8) Choose the best answer.

According to the manager's order you ... wear jeans in the office.
A) may not B) should
C) needn't D) don't have to
E) mustn't

60. (v5-145-33) Tom went out and took an umbrella with him because he thought it was going to rain. But it didn't rain. He ... it.

A) needn't have taken
B) might have taken
C) didn't need take

61. (v5-146-20) Choose the best answer.

Our friends ... take a taxi because they were late.
A) were able to B) must C) could
D) had to E) was to

62. (v5-148-20) Choose the best answer.

The boy ... hardly keep his voice under control and he was shaking with a rage.
A) could B) must C) might
D) didn't have to E) had to

63. (v5-157-20) Choose the right answer.

We used to live close to a railway line. Every time a train went past, the whole house ... shake.
A) would B) must have C) could
D) might E) shall have to

64. (v5-159-33) Someone ... my bag.

I clearly remember leaving it by the window and now it has gone.
A) can taken B) might take
C) must have taken D) couldn't have taken
E) should have taken

65. (v6-132-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Dr Green was short, of time today so she ... travel to London by air.
A) has to B) ought to
C) had to D) don't have

66. (v6-138-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We ... ring the bell, I have got a key.
A) must B) needn't C) can't D) should

67. (v6-151-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Someone ... my bag. I clearly remember leaving it by the window and now it has gone.
A) must have taken B) should have taken
C) can take D) might take

68. (v6-157-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This article is too difficult for her. She ... translate it by herself.
A) must B) can't C) may D) needn't

69. (v7-101-15) This is a very informal office. You ... wear a tie.

A) don't have to B) may
C) must D) don't mean to

70. (v7-104-14) We don't have to work every day during the week, but we ... work at the weekend.

A) must B) can't C) have D) shouldn't

71. (v7-108-14) When you're staying in a hotel abroad, you ... settle your account before noon on the day of your departure.

A) should B) had to C) ought D) have

72. (v7-121-15) Look! You ... use the stairs. There is a lift, over there.

A) may not B) don't have to
C) can't D) mustn't

73. (v7-171-15) It was my fault. We ... at seven, but I wasn't able to come in time.

A) must meet B) can meet
C) had to meet D) were to meet

74. (v7-181-15) The doctor said to the sick boy: "You ... not go out. You will have to stay in bed for another few days".

A) would B) ought C) must D) need

76. (v7-187-15)

– Did you pay attention to his accent? He ... be from a different part of the country.
– I ... understand a word he's saying.
A) would / must B) shouldn't / can
C) must / can't D) can't / can't

77. (v8-101-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There was a big party last night. You ... hear the music half a mile away.
A) could B) were able
C) managed D) can

78. (v9-102-15) Choose the right answer.

It would be good to see you. I missed you so much, but you ... not come if you are busy.
A) must B) can C) dare D) need,

79. (v9-106-4) Choose the right answer.

I took a lot of suntan lotion with me to the South but ... it. It rained almost every day.
A) mustn't B) didn't need
C) needs D) couldn't

80. (v9-110-12) Choose the right answer.

Last Monday, on my way to work my car broke down, so I ... walk all the way to my office.
A) must B) should C) had to D) was to

81. (v9-113-7) Choose the right answer.

As the case was dismissed he ... to go to the court.
A) could not B) didn't have
C) should not D) must not

82. (v9-114-8) Choose the right answer.

People must obey all traffic laws, ... they?
A) don't B) do C) mustn't D) must

83. (v9-116-5) Choose the right answer.

I don't hear what you are saying. You ... not whisper. There is nobody near to hear us.
A) must B) may C) need D) can

84. (v9-124-17) Choose the right answer.

Oxygen masks were important when they got to the top of the mountain. They ... wear them so as not to get short of air.
A) had to B) might C) could D) dare

85. (v10-108-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We haven't walked far. You ... be tired yet.
A) shan't B) must C) may D) can't

86. (v10-112-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The manager told the clerks they ... pay for all telephone calls made from the office.
A) can B) must C) was to D) had to

87. (v10-119-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Granny evidently didn't hear us, that's why we ... to knock loudly before she opened the door.
A) should B) must C) might D) had

88. (v10-120-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I had no accurate idea of the time, for I ... my watch, but I thought we must have started the work about four hours ago.
A) shouldn't have seen B) must see
C) couldn't see D) oughtn't to see

89. (v10-122-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We can leave our suitcases at the station so we ... to carry them all round town.
A) mustn't B) don't have
C) shouldn't D) needn't

90. (v10-124-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The facilities are so good that guests ... leave the hotel for anything, except sightseeing.
A) can't B) don't have
C) needn't D) mustn't

91. (v10-130-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
There are plans to rebuild the town centre, but it ... not happen for another ten years because of crisis.
A) must B) may C) should D) need

92. (v11-146-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The children ... to stay up late on Fridays and Saturdays because they didn't have to go to school the next day.
A) could B) had
C) were allowed D) were

93. (v12z-102-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The doctor told me that I ... eat for 24 hours before the operation.
A) mustn't B) wasn't able to
C) can't D) didn't have to

94. (v12z-104-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She managed to do everything yesterday only because she ... cook.
A) couldn't B) had to
C) didn't have to D) mustn't

95. (v12z-114-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When you're staying in a hotel abroad, you ... settle your account before noon on the day of your departure.
A) should B) have C) ought D) had to

96. (v12z-122-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
As the manager was out, she ... wait.
A) was allowed. B) had to
C) was able to D) was permitted

97. (v12z-127-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We don't have to check out of the hotel room until 12.00, so we ... leave packing our suitcases until tomorrow morning.
A) must B) have to
C) might D) could

98. (v12c-104-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In some schools children ... go to school on Saturday.
A) can't B) doesn't have to
C) don't have to D) mustn't

99. (v12c-107-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Ann was feeling ill last night. She ... leave the party early.
A) must B) had to C) may D) ought to

100. (v12c-113-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm quite happy to walk. You ... drive me home.
A) should B) needn't
C) need D) mustn't

101. (v12c-131-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
As the manager was out, she ... wait.
A) was permitted B) was allowed
C) had to D) was able to

102. (v12c-132-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The Whites have bought another color TV, they ... have money to burn.
A) can B) must C) have to D) may

103. (v12c-136-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She managed to do everything yesterday only because she ... cook.
A) had to B) didn't have to
C) mustn't D) couldn't

104. (v12c-140-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We used to live close to a railway line. Every time a train went past, the whole house ... shake.
A) could B) would
C) shall have to D) might

105. (v12c-140-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Vicky: Where's Jessica? Isn't she here?
Emma: No, she ... to London.
She'll be back tomorrow.
A) going B) has been C) has gone D) is

106. (v12c-143-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When I was at school we ... go for long runs every morning; it was awful, but at least we were fit.
A) were allowed B) can
C) had to D) must

107. (v12c-146-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
There are so many clouds in the sky. I think it ... rain today.
A) should B) has to
C) may D) is able to

108. (v12c-153-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
According to our teacher, all our compositions ... written in ink. He won't accept papers in pencil.
A) have to be B) must
C) may be D) is

109. (v12c-153-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
– Do you know where Kate is?
– She ... at Barbara's house. She said something about wanting to visit her after work today, but I'm really not sure.
A) ought B) need
C) have to be D) could be

110. (v12c-154-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
– Where is Ann?
– She ... be walking in the garden.
A) ought to B) must C) can D) has to

111. (v12c-157-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The doctor told me that I ... eat for 24 hours before the operation.
A) wasn't able to B) mustn't
C) didn't have to D) can't

112. (v12c-159-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
– Which country is known for its carnivals?
– It ... be Brazil. People there love music and dancing.
A) can't B) must
C) ought D) have to

113. (v13-115-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The nurse told them that they ... wait in the waiting room.
A) could B) may C) can D) must

114. (v13-121-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When did you ... the books back?
A) can give B) must give
C) have to give D) had to give

115. (v13-127-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In Britain you ... drive a car when you're 17.
A) need B) can C) have to D) must

116. (v13-131-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Although Paula hurt her leg, she ... to climb the top of the mountain.
A) need B) was able C) has D) ought

117. (v13-132-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He wanted to write to her but she ... give him her address.
A) hasn't B) don't
C) wouldn't D) hadn't

118. (v14-101-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He isn't serious, is he? He ... be joking!
A) have to B) can C) are to D) must

119. (v14-104-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The Browns have bought another TV, they ... have money to burn.
A) can B) have to C) must D) may

120. (v14-107-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Fazlidin has just had dinner.
He ... be hungry yet.
A) mustn't B) can C) can't D) must

121. (v14-108-18) She got terrible mark in the exam, so she ... have worked very hard at all.
A) must B) could
C) mustn't D) can't

122. (v14-109-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm sure it isn't going to snow, I ... take an umbrella.
A) oughtn't B) mustn't
C) don't have to D) can't

123. (v14-110-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When we were at college we ... go for long runs every morning; it was awful, but at least we were fit.
A) had to B) were allowed
C) can D) must

124. (v14-112-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
All our compositions ... written in ink, according to our teacher. He won't accept papers in pencil.
A) is B) must
C) may be D) have to be

125. (v14-115-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The problem was clear to everybody and the speaker ... go into details.
A) didn't have to B) shouldn't
C) couldn't D) might not.

126. (v14-117-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Our college is near the railway station.
– Oh, it ... be noisy during class.
A) ought to B) can C) may D) must

127. (v15-101-16) Choose the best answer.

- Yesterday's rain spoiled my shoes completely, and I ... buy new ones.
A) have to B) need
C) can D) may

128. (v15-102-12) Choose the suitable modal verb.

- They haven't worked very much. They ... be very tired out.
A) needn't B) have to
C) can't D) can

129. (v15-103-10) Choose the correct answer.

- It ... The ground is still wet.
A) must have to be raining
B) must be raining
C) must have been raining
D) must be raining

130. (v15-105-13) Choose the correct answer.

- You ... knock before you come into my room.
A) can B) may C) must D) ought

131. (v15-108-12) Choose the right answer.

- Politics, and therefore politicians, invariably ... respond to what society in general and individuals specifically want out of their community.

- A) may B) need C) have to D) dare

132. (v15-109-18) Choose the suitable modal verb.

- Your mother is recovering. You ... be worried.
A) should not B) will not
C) have to D) must

133. (v15-111-9) Choose the correct answer.

- ... write with your left hand when you broke your arm?
A) Did you have to B) Must you
C) Had you to write D) Needed you to

134. (v15-113-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- This is a very informal office. You ... wear uniform.
A) don't have to B) may
C) must D) don't mean to

135. (v15-115-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Anora: Whose bag is that?
Daniel: I don't know. It ... belong to Maria's friend.
A) would B) has to
C) ought D) may

136. (v15-123-12) Choose the best answer.

- This poem is dull and boring. I'm glad we ... learn it by heart.
A) haven't to B) can't
C) don't have to D) are not able to

137. (v15-127-8) Choose the best answer.

- You ... to cut the grass, I'll do it later.
A) don't need B) mustn't
C) should D) needn't

138. (v16-102-11) Choose the right answer.
Because we missed our train, we ... to spend two nights at the railway station.

- A) have B) had
C) must D) should

139. (v16-105-4) Choose the right answer.

- Because we were late, we ... to write apology letters.
A) have B) had C) must D) should

140. (v16-107-1) Choose the correct answer.

- She constantly looks so stressed. She ... a very demanding job.
A) must have to B) must have had
C) must to have D) must have

141. (v16-110-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- (in the library) The books ... be checked in at least four days before the end of the term.
A) might B) have to
C) are able to D) must

142. (v16-113-13) Choose the best answer.

- He insisted that we ... come to the meeting.
A) would B) must
C) should D) had to

143. (v16-115-6) Choose the right answer.

- He ... speak ... you now. He is very nervous.
A) has to / at B) mustn't / with
C) may / to D) can't / to

144. (v16-117-6) Choose the right answer.

- Her mother asked her to come home earlier that day because she ... look after her younger sister.
A) must B) had to C) can D) should

145. (v16-120-9) Choose the right answer.

- This article is too difficult for her. She ... translate it by herself.
A) must B) can't C) may D) needn't

146. (v16-130-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Look! There is a lift over there. You ... use the stairs.
A) may not B) mustn't
C) don't have to D) can't

147. (v17-108-24) Choose the correct answer.

- The waitress had to change the plates several times, ...?
A) had he B) hadn't she
C) didn't she D) didn't he

148. (v17-109-4) Choose the correct answer.

- You ... wear your seatbelt during the whole of the flight.
A) need B) mustn't
C) can't D) don't have to

149. (v17-110-7) Choose the correct answer.

- You ... that mobile phone. I planned to present it for your birthday.
A) should not bought
B) must not buy
C) could not buy
D) needn't have bought

150. (v17-110-22) Choose the correct answer.

- Harry is not answering.
– He ... in the meeting. He has always meetings on Monday mornings.
A) might be B) needs to be
C) is able to be D) must be

151. (v17-111-7) Choose the correct answer.

Our worrying was nonsense. We ... so much.

- A) needn't have worried
B) needn't worry
C) must not worry
D) can't have worried

152. (v17-111-16) Choose the right answer.

- I ... to sit in the room as they were discussing something extremely personal.
A) wasn't allowed B) mustn't
C) wouldn't D) didn't have to

153. (v17-114-10) Choose the correct answer.

- I didn't like the job because I ... wear a uniform.
A) have to B) had to
C) should D) should have

154. (v17-122-15) Choose the correct answer.

- As it was late, I ... stay in a hotel.
A) ought to B) must C) had to D) was to

155. (v17-127-2) Choose the correct answer.

- The sun is shining. You ... take your umbrella.
A) cannot B) may not
C) must not D) need not

156. (v17-127-13) Choose the correct answer.

- The phone is ringing. It ... be William. He always calls at this time.
A) can't B) must be
C) might be D) has to

157. (v17-130-1) Choose the correct answer.

- I left my bike outside the house last night and this morning it isn't there any more. Somebody ... have stolen it.
A) can't B) is to C) must D) was able

158. (v18-128) The meeting ... to begin at 7, look at the notice.

- A) is B) has C) shall D) can

159. (v18-129) Now remember, you ... the test until you hear the signal.

- A) are not writing B) are not to write
C) have not written D) are don't write

160. (v18-130) That ... be Roger at the door – it's too early.

- A) shouldn't B) can't
C) mustn't D) couldn't

161. (v18-131) Although it was kind, they ... bought us a housewarming present.

- A) couldn't have B) have
C) mightn't have D) needn't have

162. (v18-132) We ... forget to turn off all the lights before we go away.

- A) don't have to B) might to
C) are not able to D) mustn't

163. (v18-133) You ... come home too late, you've got an important day tomorrow.

- A) might to B) don't have to
C) not able to D) mustn't

164. (v18-134) You ... do this work tonight, you can do it tomorrow.

- A) couldn't B) mustn't
C) shouldn't D) don't have to

165. (v18-135) I ... clean the floor today. I cleaned it yesterday.

- A) mustn't B) not able to
C) cant D) don't have to

166. (v18-136) We ... stay in the hotel in Moscow. We can stay with my aunt.

- A) mustn't B) don't have to
C) couldn't D) are not able to

167. (v18-137) Fill the gap with the appropriate word.

– I wonder why the TV is on in the kitchen.
– Grandma ... to turn it off. She was in the kitchen earlier and was probably listening.

- A) can't forget B) must have forgotten
C) must forget D) ought to have forgotten

168. (v18-138) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This is a very informal office. You ... wear uniform.

- A) must B) don't mean to
C) don't have to D) may

169. (v18-139) Choose the correct answer.

We ... so much food for the picnic. Much of it left.

- A) needn't have taken
B) mustn't have taken
C) don't have to take
D) shouldn't take

170. (v19/20-101-6) Choose the correct answer.

Must Mike do this work today? – No, he ...

- A) may not B) can't
C) needn't D) mustn't

37. May and might

1. (96-6-82) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

She told him he ... go home.

- A) may B) can C) ought
D) might E) have to

2. (96-8-85) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

... you write all this? I think you ... It isn't necessary.

- A) Can / mustn't B) Should / can't
C) Must / needn't D) May / shouldn't
E) Might / need

3. (96-9-28) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verb.

I ... find this book anywhere.

- A) may not B) must not
C) don't have to D) cannot
E) I am able to

4. (96-9-92) Choose the right answer.

– Will you, please, pass me the salt?

- A) I can. B) Please.
C) I shall. D) Why not. E) Here it is.

5. (96-13-32) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verbs.

You ... break the body but you ... break the spirit.

- A) may / cannot B) could / cannot
C) must / must D) can / might not
E) may / may

6. (96-15-28) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We knew the ship ... arrive any time.

- A) can B) must C) may D) might
E) have to

7. (96-15-29) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You knew he was ill. You ... have visited him.

- A) can B) might
C) need D) have to E) may

8. (97-4-12) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We ... protect our nature from pollution.

- A) need B) had to C) are to D) may
E) must

9. (97-4-38) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

The Browns ... not return on Sunday, as the weather was bad.

- A) may B) could
C) have to D) must E) can't

10. (01-2-25) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I'm so glad you've passed your entrance exams. You ... be very happy.

- A) might B) must C) can D) ought
E) could

11. (02-3-18) Choose the best answer.

It's a shame; you devote so little time to the child. You ... give him more attention. She's got ill.

- A) might B) may
C) must D) have to E) need

12. (02-4-2) Choose the best answer.

– Did you have a good chat with Bill last night?

– No, it was so loud in the cafe that I ... hardly hear myself.

- A) couldn't B) could
C) must D) might
E) should

13. (02-4-3) Choose the best answer.

– Does Aziz ever invite you round to his place?

– You ... be joking! He never invites anybody round to his place.

- A) should B) could
C) ought to D) must E) couldn't

14. (03-1-25) Choose the best answer.

– ... you help me, please?

– Yes, of course. What ... I do for you?

- A) may / should B) can / may
C) could / can D) must / could
E) should / may

15. (v4-104-31) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... be here tomorrow morning. I insist upon it.

- A) could B) may
C) shall D) have to E) can

16. (v4-106-8) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Helen ... comes to school today. She isn't very well.

- A) had to B) ought to C) can't
D) should E) mustn't

17. (v4-118-8) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

– Daddy, ... we go to the cinema?

– No, you ... The film is for grown ups only.

- A) need / can't B) shall / haven't
C) may / can not D) is to / may not
E) can / needn't

18. (v4-124-8) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

A: ... I phone you tonight? B: Yes, you ...

- A) could / can't B) have to / had to
C) may / may D) shouldn't / shouldn't
E) must / might

19. (v4-130-8) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Helen ... marries him if she wanted to.

- A) must B) could C) can
D) need E) am to

20. (v5-109-20) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

My brother ... skate well, when he was a child.

- A) could B) might C) can D) need
E) is able to

21. (v5-150-33) Choose the best answer.

He looks worn out. He ... a sleepless night.

- A) must have had B) might have
C) must have D) can have had
E) have:

22. (v6-142-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I ... not stand the noise any longer. I ... and tell them to stop.

- A) could / had to B) had to / should
C) can / had D) might / must go out

23. (v8-128-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Fred is going to be at the meeting tomorrow. I think Jane ... come too.

- A) are to B) have to C) will D) is going

24. (v15-106-8) Choose the best answer.

I ... a new laptop if my boss allows me to work at home.

- A) might have bought B) had to buy
C) could have bought D) may buy

25. (v15-110-15) Choose the correct answer.

Kate ... change her mind if we keep on at her.

- A) might have been B) might
C) might have to D) might have

26. (v16-104-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They said they ... come, but they didn't.

- A) are able to B) will
C) may D) might

27. (v16-110-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

The size of female moth species ... reach more than 3 cm in length.

- A) might B) may C) can D) is able to

28. (v17-112-13) Choose the right answer.

Can they sign the contract today?

Yes, I think they ... be over here now.

- A) would B) might C) could D) will

29. (v17-112-14) Choose the right answer.

I ... come.

- A) may not to B) may not
C) don't may D) am not might

30. (v17-128-1) Choose the correct answer.

– Why Alan did not come to the meeting?

– I suppose, he ... about it.

- A) might not have known
B) could not know
C) would not know
D) might not know

31. (v17-128-21) Choose the correct answer.

I feel so tired these days. I ... be working too hard or it is because of insomnia.

- A) can't B) must
C) might D) have to

32. (v18-140) We ... our own business next year. I'm not sure yet.

- A) are starting B) will start
C) starts D) might start

33. (v18-141) What are you doing on weekend?

B: I'm not sure, I ... to the cinema with classmates.

- A) maybe go B) might go
C) will go D) would go

34. (v18-142) Choose the correct answer.
Sultan looks, rather upset. He ... the game again.

- A) can have lost B) must have lost
C) may be losing D) must loose

38. Should / would / had better

1. (98-2-32) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

... I have a word with you, please?

- A) may B) had to C) have to
D) must E) am able to

2. (98-3-76) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

We had an appointment yesterday afternoon but he ... see me.

- A) might not B) cannot C) have to
D) mustn't E) isn't able to

3. (98-12-18) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

"Ma", said a little girl, "Willie wants the biggest piece of cake, and I think I ... have it, because he was eating cakes two years before I was born".

- A) couldn't B) has to
C) is to D) should E) had to

4. (00-8-20) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

- Thank you for taking me out.
- I'm the one who ... thank you.

- A) should B) must
C) has to D) ought to
E) might

5. (02-8-45) Choose the best answer.

- I feel terrible this morning!
- It's your own fault. You ... last night.

- A) should sleep B) should have slept
C) must sleep D) can sleep
E) must have slept

6. (03-9-6) Choose the best answer.

I spoke louder so that he ... hear me better but he ... make out what I was saying.

- A) could / couldn't
B) must / might not
C) might / wasn't able to
D) should / had to
E) could / might not

7. (03-10-26) Choose the best answer.

His advice was reasonable. You ... it.

- A) had to follow
B) should have followed
C) must have followed
D) ought to follow
E) might follow

8. (03-12-15) Choose the best answer.

You ... be thirsty after carrying those heavy boxes. Shall I make some tea?

- A) must have B) must C) should
D) ought to E) dare

9. (v5-133-8) Choose the best answer.

He ... you now. He is very nervous.

- A) should go to B) may speak to
C) can't speak to D) has to speak to
E) mustn't speak with

10. (v5-145-21) Choose the best answer.

Your friend is smart. You should ... to her.

- A) to listen B) to be listened
C) listen D) listens E) listening

11. (v7-183-15)

- There's somebody at the door.

Who can it be?

- It ... be Barbara - she's in Scotland. It ... be Mike. He said he'd call in to collect his shopping.

- A) shouldn't / may B) can't / must
C) shouldn't / must D) can't / ought

12. (v8-125-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Humour can ease the trials and tribulations of life. Sometimes we ... to be able to laugh at ourselves.

- A) has B) must C) should D) have

13. (v8-125-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sally: Are you driving to the meeting tonight?

Mike: Uh-huh, I am. Sally: ... you give me a lift? Mike: Sure. I'll pick you up at 7:00.

- A) May B) Must C) Should D) Could

14. (v9-126-5) Choose the right answer.

- I love going for walks in the evening in summer. It's still light at nine o'clock.

- A) And I B) So do I C) I too D) So am I

15. (v10-104-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's quite cold today. You had better ... your warm jacket.

- A) worn B) wear C) wore D) to wear

16. (v12z-103-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jim can fail his examination. He ... hard instead of playing computer games.

- A) had to work B) has work
C) should work D) will work

17. (v12z-130-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I wanted to open the box with presents immediately, but she slid I ... be patient and wait until the other children arrived.

- A) need to B) would
C) shall D) had to

18. (v13-113-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He was very tired. Otherwise, he ... to the party with us last night.

- A) would have gone B) would be going,
C) would go D) went

19. (v15-103-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Traffic controller confirmed that the bus ... leave on time at 8 o'clock this evening.

- A) will B) should
C) must D) would

20. (v15-106-5) Choose the best answer.
What ... I make you - tea or coffee?

- A) should B) shall C) can D) may

21. (v15-107-14) Find the correct modal verb.

Everyone ... have the means to earn their own living.

- A) dare B) should C) would
D) can

22. (v15-110-6) Choose the best answer.

He recommended that the goods ... be shipped at once.

- A) could B) might C) had to D) should

23. (v15-118-6) Choose the best answer.

As for me I think you ... have asked him about it before.

- A) may B) should C) ought to D) were

24. (v16-111-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His father insists that his son ... revise for the exam, but he's going out with some friends instead.

- A) may B) should C) ought D) have

25. (v16-114-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you mind if I smoke in? I'd rather you ...

- A) don't B) didn't C) did D) do

26. (v16-114-16) Choose the best answer.

It is a pity we didn't visit Tom. I would like to ... him again.

- A) saw B) had seen
C) have seen D) seen

27. (v17-101-3) Choose the correct answer.

Hermione is very angry. You had better ... to her now.

- A) not talk B) not to talk
C) not talking D) not to talking

28. (v17-101-20) Choose the correct answer.

It seems to be getting worse. Mr. Morrison had better ... a specialist.

- A) consulting B) to consult
C) consult D) consult by

29. (v17-111-21) Choose the correct answer.

You ... drive carefully on a busy road.

- A) might B) may C) should D) can

30. (v17-112-12) Choose the correct answer.

I haven't seen Jane at the school lately. She ... have finished it.

- A) will B) would C) should D) must

31. (v17-125-22) Choose the correct answer.

... upset if I didn't come?

- A) Would you be B) Have you been
C) Had you been D) Were you

32. (v17-129-12) Choose the right answer.
... you sit down, please?

Yes, sure.

- A) Do you B) Would C) Have D) Did

33. (v18-143) The art of programming ... be without malice.

- A) can B) must C) should D) has to

34. (v18-144) You ... worry so much, you'll make yourself ill.

- A) must B) shouldn't
C) cant D) couldn't

35. (v18-145) Would you like a cup of coffee? Yes, I ...

- A) do B) like C) would D) will

36. (v18-146) I'm fine, it's only a little cut. ... you better see a doctor.

- A) Wouldn't B) Shouldn't
C) Won't D) Hadn't

37. (v18-147) You ... worry so much, you'll make yourself ill.

- A) not able to B) must
C) shouldn't D) can't

38. (v18-148) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... you change your job if you were in my position?

- A) Would B) Will C) Can D) Did

39. Requests / offers / permission / invitations

1. (96-13-82) Choose the right modal verbs. ... I come in? No, you ... I am very busy now. I ... write a report.

- A) Can / can / must
B) Must / may not / had to
C) May / can't / must
D) May / may not / can
E) Must / mustn't / may

2. (v5-151-20) Choose the right modal verbs in tasks. ... I come in? No, you ... I am very busy now. I ... write a composition.

- A) must / may not / had to
B) may / may not / can
C) can / can / must
D) must / mustn't / may
E) may / can't / must

3. (v5-155-20) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct modal verb.

She is usually short of time so she ... go by air.
A) had to B) don't have
C) has to D) ought to E) will have to

4. (v8-112-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jack: What's the trouble, officer? Officer: You made an illegal U-turn. Jack: Did I? Officer: Yes. ... I see your driver's license? Jack: Certainly, sir. Here it is.
A) Must B) Shall C) Can D) Should

5. (v12c-156-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It's a rule that all new soldiers ... have a medical examination.

- A) must B) should C) could D) has to

6. (v13-143-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

George's father gives him enough money to go to school, so he ... work.
A) has to B) didn't have to
C) doesn't have to D) ought not to

7. (v17-111-23) Choose the correct answer.

It's raining. You ... take an umbrella.
A) should B) can't
C) are to D) don't have to

8. (v17-112-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Will you have ... to eat?
A) anything B) something
C) someone D) none

9. (v17-129-13) Choose the correct answer. Let's go to Las Vegas, ...?

- A) will we B) shall we
C) do we D) are we

40. If / wish

1. (96-15-25) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

I ... still, when you ...
A) am working / will return
B) shall be working / return
C) was working / are returning
D) shall have been working / have returned
E) was working / are returned

2. (00-9-66) Choose the appropriate word. The club is for members only; you can't go in ... you are not a member.

- A) if B) unless C) till
D) but E) that

3. (02-8-28) Choose the best answer. Please let us know if you ... able to make a draft contract next week.

- A) are B) will be
C) was D) were E) would be

4. (02-8-38) Choose the best answer. They ... the contractor signature if all the matters finalise during the negotiations.

- A) will send B) sends
C) are sent D) send E) would send

5. (03-6-50) Choose the best answer. I have a Great Dane, I wish he ... me.

- A) understand B) understands
C) had understood D) understood
E) is understanding

6. (04-1-134) Choose the right answer. If ... of the boys wakes up, tell ... I'm in the garden.

- A) any / him B) any / her
C) some / him D) any / she
E) some / she

7. (04-1-339) Choose the right answer. If their mother buys meat and rice, ... palov?

- A) they will cook B) they won't cook
C) have they cooked D) will they cook
E) they didn't cook

8. (04-1-362) Choose the right answer. If you ... him, he ... hard and would have earned money to buy a car.

- A) made / will work
B) will make / works
C) had made / would have worked
D) made / would work
E) hadn't made / wouldn't have worked

9. (04-1-371) Choose the right answer. She has a lot of work to do. If I ... very busy, I ... her.

- A) were not / would help
B) am / will help
C) were / would help
D) had been / would have helped
E) hadn't been / would have helped

10. (04-1-373) Choose the right answer. I ... the text if I ... to the party now.

- A) translated / had been asked
B) wouldn't translate / had been asked
C) would translate / were not asked
D) wouldn't have translated / had been asked
E) would have translated / hadn't been asked

11. (04-1-386) Choose the right answer. If my foot ... , I ... the journey now.

- A) bad hurt / wouldn't have enjoyed
B) were hurting / would enjoy
C) hadn't hurt / would have enjoyed
D) hadn't hurt / wouldn't have enjoyed
E) weren't hurting / would enjoy

12. (04-1-390) Choose the best answer. The lesson is rather interesting.

- I wish I ... at the next lesson too.
A) was B) hadn't been
C) had been D) have been
E) would be

13. (04-1-414) Choose the best answer. The sailors wished they ... their friend on the beach that day.

- A) find B) would find
C) had found D) found
E) were found

14. (v4-127-34) Choose the best form of the verbs.

Salissa is waiting for a taxi. One has just gone by, but it's occupied. ...
A) If it is free, it was going to stop.
B) If she hailed, it would stop.
C) If it were free, it will stop.
D) If he drunk, he would stop.
E) If it were free it would stop.

15. (v5-144-34) Choose the best answer. Not realizing the importance of the letter she impatiently threw it out. If she ... its importance she ... it.

- A) realized / would throw
B) had realized / wouldn't throw
C) realized / didn't throw
D) had realized / would throw
E) had realized / she wouldn't have thrown

16. (v5-153-31) Choose the right form of Subjunctive Mood.

I wish it ... warm and sunny all the year round.
A) should be B) will be
C) is D) were E) was

17. (v9-101-11) Choose the right answer. I haven't forgotten your birthday, you know. If you ... I'll book a table for Thursday at your favorite restaurant.

- A) would like B) like
C) liked D) will like

18. (v9-104-5) Choose the right answer. If the summer ... warmer I would have lain in the sun last year.

- A) were B) had been
C) would be D) was

19. (v9-105-3) Choose the right answer. The building wouldn't have fallen down if it ... weak foundations.

- A) hadn't had B) wasn't having
C) didn't have D) wouldn't have

20. (v9-116-15) Choose the right answer. If Oliver Twist hadn't asked for more food, he ... punished.

- A) wouldn't have been punished
B) didn't punish
C) wouldn't be punished
D) will have been punished

21. (v9-118-3) Choose the right answer. If my teacher ... advice before the examination last week, I wouldn't have known what to do.

- A) would give B) will give
C) hadn't given D) have given

22. (v9-119-11) Choose the right answer. I want to work outside today but it is raining. I wish it ... raining.

- A) hadn't been B) hasn't been
C) won't be D) weren't

23. (v9-119-15) Choose the right answer. I would have taken pictures at the party if my parents ... camera for my birthday, but they gave me a new football.

- A) had given B) give
C) gave D) would give

24. (v9-121-3) Choose the right answer. If Lucy had lived on the coast, she would have ... to swim.

- A) learn B) learning
C) learns D) learned

25. (v9-125-15) Choose the right answer. I haven't forgotten your birthday, you know. If you I'll book a table for Thursday at our favorite restaurant.

- A) like B) would like
C) like D) will like

26. (v9-125-18) Choose the right answer.

If we had been in Britain last summer we would ... the British Museum.

- A) visit B) visited
C) have visited D) be visiting

27. (v9-128-10) Choose the right answer.

If my teacher ... advice before the examination last week. I wouldn't have known what to do.

- A) would give B) hadn't given
C) will give D) have given

28. (v10-109-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll go to the library tomorrow ... I'm too busy.

- A) as if B) if
C) unless D) when

29. (v13-127-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You may find yourself in trouble ... you act carefully.

- A) if B) provided
C) unless D) as long as

30. (v14-102-7) Choose the best answer.

Now I feel sick. I wish I ... pork with cheese for dinner.

- A) didn't eat B) hadn't eaten
C) had eaten D) ate

31. (v14-115-10) Choose the best answer.

Tom, ... very careful if you ... tests on grammar.

- A) is / will be doing B) be / are doing
C) will be / are doing D) is / are doing

32. (v15-106-6) Choose the best answer.

If Sardo ... the lottery, he would stop working.

- A) is winning B) wins
C) won D) would win

33. (v15-110-19) Choose the correct answer.

This flight is full. ... someone gives up a seat, you won't get on this flight today.

- A) Where B) If
C) Unless D) When

34. (v15-129-13) Choose the best answer. I am sure, you ... the entrance exams if you ... well.

- A) will not pass / study
B) would pass / study
C) would pass / didn't study
D) will pass / study

35. (v16-107-6) He wanted to ... if we ... that day.

- A) know / will come
B) know / are coming
C) know / would come
D) know / come

36. (v16-108-8) Choose the best answer.

The sports center is so far from my house. I wish it ... within a walking distance.

- A) would be B) was being
C) were D) had been

37. (v16-111-11) Choose the best answer.

If you ... fresh green vegetable, your salad ... better.

- A) had bought / would have tasted
B) have bought / would taste
C) bought / would have tasted
D) have bought / would have tasted

38. (v16-111-14) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... slim, I ... be a model, but I'm too fat.

- A) was / can B) had / could
C) were / could D) am / will

39. (v17-102-23) Choose the correct answer.

I did not pass the exam. I wish I ... the exam.

- A) passed B) pass
C) had passed D) have passed

40. (v17-102-24) Choose the correct answer.

I cannot understand the tutor's accent. I wish he would ...

- A) speak clearer B) clearer speak
C) speak more clearly D) more clearly speak

41. (v17-111-15) Choose the correct answer.

Providing nobody ... to our place tomorrow, I am going to start general cleaning.

- A) comes B) will come
C) would come D) came

42. (v17-112-23) Choose the best answer.

If we had tried, we ... the train.

- A) should have reached
B) ought to have reached
C) could have reached
D) had to reach

43. (v17-113-17) Choose the right answer.

Mother took a coat in case it ...

- A) would snow B) should snow
C) will snow D) will be snowing

44. (v17-113-19) Choose the right answer.

I wish I ... a child again!

- A) would be B) could be
C) am D) had been

45. (v17-114-7) Choose the right answer.

I don't know if he ...

- A) will come B) comes
C) would come D) were coming

46. (v17-127-23) Choose the correct answer.

Nodir wished they ... his embarrassment.

- A) noticed B) didn't notice
C) have noticed D) hadn't noticed

47. (v17-130-12) Choose the correct answer.

They sold their beautiful house. I wish they ... it.

- A) had sold it B) sell
C) not to sell D) had not sold

48. (v17-130-20) Choose the correct answer.

My friend smokes a lot. I wish he ...

- A) did not smoke B) were not smoke
C) had not smoked D) would not smoke

49. (v18-149) Sometimes they both wish they ... married so young.

- A) didn't get B) didn't get
C) hadn't got D) don't get

50. (v18-150) Don't you wish we ... ten years ago?

- A) met B) had met
C) meet D) has met

51. (v18-151) Is he coming to the meeting?

Well, I asked him ...

- A) if he will come B) will he come
C) if he was coming D) would he come

52. (v18-152) If only I ... school when I was fifteen, I ... a lot more money.

A) hadn't left / 'd earn

B) don't leave / won't earn

C) left / will earn

D) left / 'd earn

53. (v18-153) If I ... a lot of money, I'd retire.

- A) win B) won
C) had won D) will win

54. (v18-154) If the doctor can't see me, I ... somewhere else.

- A) will go B) go
C) going D) am going

55. (v18-155) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If she had a long enough holiday she ...

Paris to watch all the interesting places.

- A) will visit B) would have visited
C) visited D) would visit

56. (v18-156) Choose the best answer.

Henry wishes he ... to do all the housework now.

- A) wouldn't have B) hadn't
C) didn't have D) doesn't have

41. Phrasal verbs / Verbs with preposition

1. (96-1-54) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The teacher explained the new rule ... the pupils are they listened ... her attentively.

- A) at / - B) to / of
C) from / to D) by / of
E) to / to

2. (96-6-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The captain looked ... his glasses and saw a man ... the sea not far ... the ship.

- A) after / on / at B) through / at / in
C) with / by / to D) through / in / from
E) for / of / about

3. (96-6-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

We've neither been ... the theatre, nor ... the cinema ... a long time.

- A) to / to / for B) at / with / on
C) on / to / at D) with / at / for
E) at / on / to

4. (96-6-57) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He stared ... her ... amazement.

- A) at / in B) - / with
C) to / of D) with / besides
E) on / at

5. (96-8-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He thought ... a plan and stayed there ... a few days.

- A) on / of B) about / at
C) of / in D) of / for
E) on / for

6. (96-9-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

She was ... duty and had to stay ... the classroom ... classes.

- A) after / at / at B) on / in / after
C) oh / at / at D) in / in / in
E) on / with / at

7. (96-12-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

There is a man sitting ... the TV set ... the hall.

- A) to / at B) before / on
C) near / at D) towards / of
E) in front of / in

8. (96-12-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He became interested ... physics ... the age ... fifteen.

- A) in / in / of
B) in / at / of
C) in / for / in
D) at / at / of
E) of / in / to

9. (96-13-168) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Everyone knew that her father had gone ... a place some distance away ... an important business.

- A) on / with
B) towards / at
C) to / at
D) in / at
E) to / on

10. (96-15-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I remember being met ... Zoo station ... one of their pupils.

- A) near / from
B) in / with
C) besides / among
D) of / for
E) at / by

11. (96-15-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He decided to marry ... Rose ... money.

- A) - / for
B) for / to
C) on / with
D) by / for
E) after / -

12. (96-15-56) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Mr Brown had to hurry up as his friend was waiting ... him ... the corner ... the street.

- A) for / at / of
B) for / in / -
C) - / in / -
D) with / sit / in
E) for / in / for

13. (96-15-110) Choose the appropriate preposition.

He should take care ... his health.

- A) for
B) on
C) at
D) to
E) of

14. (96-15-164) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

They drove ... London ... Paris, stopping ... Vienna.

- A) into / from / at
B) from / to / on
C) to / for / near
D) from / to / in
E) to / from / on

15. (97-2-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The famous explorer left ... the North ... the fifth of March.

- A) to / on
B) to / in
C) for / at
D) from / on
E) for / on

16. (97-7-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He came ... I told him about my plan and he ... once agreed ... it.

- A) into / at / with
B) in / at / to
C) in / - / with
D) out / for / -
E) - / at / to

17. (97-8-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

I'm going to wait ... it stops raining.

- A) till
B) before
C) on
D) at
E) for

18. (97-9-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The old woman could go ... foot, but she preferred going ... car.

- A) with / in
B) without / at
C) in / on
D) on / to
E) on / by

19. (97-12-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

This house reminds me ... the one I lived ... when I was a child.

- A) of / in
B) about / at
C) near / -
D) - / in
E) on / with

20. (97-12-19) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The girl wanted to cook the meal herself, but Zair insisted ... helping her.

- A) on
B) to
C) from
D) in
E) for

21. (98-5-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Her blue eyes sparkled ... thick, black-rimmed spectacles.

- A) at
B) in
C) behind
D) on
E) with

22. (98-7-17) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I had to pull it ... the tail to get it ...

- A) by / out
B) in / off
C) at / from
D) for / from
E) by / for

23. (99-1-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

- I'd like to buy a dress ... summer wear. Let's call ... the Central Department Store, there's a good choice ... dresses there.

- A) on / to / of
B) for / at / of
C) in / to / for
D) of / in / of
E) on / on / of

24. (99-1-6) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Mike failed ... the exam, but his sister got ...

- A) in / through
B) on / on
C) through / out
D) - / over
E) - / off

25. (99-3-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

My parents moved ... Tashkent ... the early "thirties".

- A) for / at
B) in / in
C) to / in
D) by / on
E) at / in

26. (99-5-2) Choose the appropriate preposition.

When I told my friend that she had been admitted to the University she jumped ... joy.

- A) at
B) for
C) with
D) on
E) from

27. (99-7-9) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Don't accuse him ... this. He didn't mean to play joke ... you.

- A) with / with
B) on / with
C) of / on
D) with / on
E) of / for

28. (99-7-11) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

What are you hinting ...? I am not going to reproach you ... it.

- A) at / with
B) on / in
C) at / in
D) in / with
E) in / for

29. (99-7-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

You remind me ... your sister. She is never pleased ... anything either.

- A) about / in
B) of / with
C) about / with
D) - / with
E) - / in

30. (99-8-5) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

There was an old Person ... Bray, who sang ... the whole of the day

- A) of / through
B) from / in
C) with / till
D) on / from
E) to / at

31. (00-2-3) Choose the appropriate preposition.

I checked a book ... the library yesterday.

- A) at
B) from
C) in
D) of
E) for

32. (00-5-7) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I think we should agree ... his suggestion and go there ... car. We'll see a beautiful landscape ... our way to the mountains.

- A) to / by / to
B) with / on / in
C) with / by / on
D) - / in / at
E) to / by / on

33. (00-6-14) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Sometimes we looked ... one another and the tears streamed ... our cheers.

- A) on / to
B) at / down
C) into / up
D) out / for
E) at / up

34. (00-7-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Once introduced ... Europe, the habit ... smoking spread ... the world.

- A) in / in / beyond
B) at / for / with
C) to / of / round
D) around / to / over
E) about / to / near

35. (00-8-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

- Have another helping ... salad.
- No, thanks. I don't care ... salads.

- A) with / of
B) in / -
C) by / with
D) for / of
E) of / for

36. (00-9-21) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The traveller called ... the assistance ... two countrymen.

- A) on / for
B) for / of
C) on / of
D) for / in
E) on / with

37. (00-10-9) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

My friend emigrated ... Spain ... the war finished.

- A) to / at
B) with / during
C) to / before
D) on / in
E) - / after

38. (00-10-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

My friend plans to join ... the Air Force ... June.

- A) - / in
B) - / on
C) to / in
D) with / for
E) from / at

39. (00-10-14) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

We paid ... our airline tickets ... Europe ... June 25th.

- A) for / in / at
B) in / to / about
C) from / with / behind
D) across / at / for
E) for / to / on

40. (01-2-47) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Zemfira and Aziza entered ... the room holding each other's ... hands.

- A) in / by
B) - / with
C) - / -
D) into / at
E) upon / on

41. (01-2-48) Choose the appropriate preposition.

I can't put up ... his bad behaviour any longer.

- A) about B) for C) against
D) with E) for

42. (01-4-58) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Irene's marriage to young Jolyon came as a shock ... Soames, although he knew she married ... love.

- A) with / to B) to / to C) for / of
D) to / for E) of / to

43. (01-5-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I am writing ... pencil, as I have no ink ... hand.

- A) with / by B) by / on
C) in / at D) to / about
E) from / of

44. (01-10-7) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Aziz is the person I can rely ...

- A) upon B) at C) - D) after E) to

45. (01-10-20) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

We usually do grammar exercises ourselves and check them up ... the help ... "Keys", don't we?

- A) with / of B) with / at C) in / of
D) on / with E) at / with

46. (05-1-23) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Umid was flushed ... excitement.

- A) on B) at C) with D) in E) of

47. (v4-104-16) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I was waiting ... a train from 2 ... 3.

- A) for / from B) for / for
C) for / at D) for / in
E) for / till

48. (v4-120-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

He insisted ... reading the letters.

- A) by B) with C) in D) on E) at

49. (v4-123-36) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I dreamt ... a frog last night.

- A) for B) on C) - D) about E) the

50. (v4-127-36) Choose the appropriate preposition.

His parents don't approve ... what he does, but they can't stop him.

- A) for B) in C) on D) of
E) about

51. (v4-130-12) Choose the appropriate word.

It is too hot. I am going to take ... my scarf.

- A) off B) on C) into D) for
E) in

52. (v4-130-16) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The Department of Foreign Languages is located ... a new building ... the old one.

- A) to / in front of B) in / opposite
C) in / before D) on / with
E) behind / for

53. (v5-115-12) Choose the appropriate answer.

If I don't know this or that word. I look it ... in the dictionary.

- A) up B) after C) at D) for E) in

54. (v5-152-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He was standing outside the door ... his house and explaining ... the mechanic what was wrong ... his car.

- A) of / to / with B) near / by / at
C) of / of / in D) at / of / with
E) in / to / of

55. (v5-154-6) Choose the right answer.

The children can stay here providing they ... so much noise.

- A) wouldn't make B) aren't make
C) don't make D) shouldn't make
E) didn't make

56. (v6-135-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Are you waiting ... her?

- A) to B) for
C) at D) in

57. (v6-141-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I need a change. I think I'll go ... for a few days.

- A) inside B) from C) out D) away

58. (v6-151-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He is very fond ... sports.

- A) at B) in C) with D) of

59. (v6-156-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I asked him if he would stay ... supper.

- A) on B) at C) for D) before

60. (v10-102-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When the old lady got ... the bus I offered her my seat.

- A) on B) into C) off D) in

61. (v10-107-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In 1970 the Beatles split ... and each member pursued another musical career.

- A) with B) down
C) up D) out

62. (v11-124-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mike's father was very strict and the boy grew ... with the feeling that the man is the head of the house.

- A) above B) up C) out D) into

63. (v11-126-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She stood up, stretched, and went ... her study window to look out on the garden.

- A) to B) in C) at D) by

64. (v12z-112-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We saw some people with guns shooting ... birds.

- A) after B) at C) to D) on

65. (v12c-120-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The famous actress doesn't respond ... questions about her personal life.

- A) to B) on C) at D) for

66. (v12c-120-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Thank you for your letter. It was great to hear ... you.

- A) for B) with C) of D) from

67. (v12c-124-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Divers cannot work ... the bottom of the sea very long, as they risk getting a serious disease.

- A) from B) in C) at D) to

68. (v12c-133-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His parents don't approve ... what he does, but they can't stop him.

- A) about B) of C) for D) on

69. (v12c-138-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Their friendship ended ... the quarrel they had last month.

- A) at B) with C) under D) by

70. (v12c-147-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I need a change. I think I'll go ... for a few days.

- A) inside B) from C) away D) out

71. (v12c-156-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Traditional Uzbek teapots and cups are beautifully decorated ... designs of cotton plants or other national designs.

- A) with B) by C) on D) in

72. (v12c-158-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We spent hours in an elevator that got stuck ... floors.

- A) under B) above
C) between D) among

73. (v13-112-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When she ran ... of tea, her neighbor gave her some.

- A) in B) by C) up D) out

74. (v13-114-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We saw Sheila walking ... herself in the park.

- A) for B) by C) with D) to

75. (v13-116-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I haven't got enough cash. Can I pay ... cheque?

- A) by B) with C) from D) in

76. (v13-120-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Several cyclists are thought ... drugs during the race.

- A) of taking B) to take
C) to have been taking D) having taken

77. (v13-125-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I apologize for telling a lie, but I was trying to protect you ... the truth. Sometimes the truth hurts.

- A) on B) for C) from D) to

78. (v13-129-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At the party she felt uncomfortable, because some of the guests were staring ... her casual clothes.

- A) to B) on C) in D) at

79. (v13-133-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The waiter took ... the plates at the end of the meal.

- A) up B) away C) of D) over

80. (v13-135-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Butterflies feed mainly ... nectar from flowers and do not cause any harm to plants.

- A) in B) to C) for D) on

81. (v13-135-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Your should have got ... the bus. That was your stop!

- A) into B) on C) out of D) off

82. (v13-143-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My friends put me ... when I visited York so I didn't have to pay for a hotel.

- A) down B) up C) out D) off

83. (v14-101-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The temperature here seldom drops ... freezing point.

- A) up B) above C) below D) down

84. (v14-107-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The farmer was really very upset and warned us to get ... his land.

- A) off B) over C) from D) of

85. (v16-105-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tom had to give... his job because of health problems.

- A) up B) in C) for D) back

86. (v16-113-8) Choose the right answer.

When the boy asked his parents to allow him to learn to play the violin, they agreed because they knew he had a ... for music.

- A) hot blood B) strong taste
C) good ear D) good heart

87. (v16-115-16) Choose the right answer.

Nowadays I'm little short ... money, for this reason I can't buy new car.

- A) from B) with C) for D) of

88. (v16-116-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Are you ... on foreign cuisine?

- A) enthusiastic B) excited
C) keen D) liking

89. (v16-130-16) I can ... broadcasts from the UK on my radio.

- A) make up B) go on
C) cut off D) pick up

90. (v17-102-5) Choose the right answer. Don't forget to finish your formal letter with 'I look forward to ... from you'.

- A) look B) am looking
C) will be looking D) shall look

91. (v17-103-3) Choose the correct answer.

All these problems got Paolo ... too much.

- A) down B) along
C) through D) on

92. (v17-103-7) Choose the right answer. The relations cannot last forever if two don't break ... the wall of egoism.

- A) for B) by
C) through D) out

93. (v17-103-12) Choose the right answer. They look like twins! She completely ... after her sister!

- A) looks B) takes
C) goes D) lies

94. (v17-103-17) Choose the correct answer.

She was ... after all the hard work.

- A) wear out B) outworn
C) weary out D) worn out

95. (v17-104-6) Choose the right answer.

My mom always backs me ...

She is so supportive.

- A) up B) in C) out D) about

96. (v17-111-5) Choose the correct answer.

Unexpectedly the light went...and a shutter opened.

- A) behind B) off C) in D) over

97. (v17-113-24) Choose the correct answer.

We haven't got enough chairs ...

- A) for to sit B) sitting on
C) to sit on D) sitting

98. (v17-114-5) Choose the correct answer.

My aunt can ... for a few nights.

- A) provide us in B) provide us up
C) put us in D) put us up

99. (v17-115-1) Choose the correct answer.

Do not leave your things near the open fire.

They may easily...

- A) catch on fire B) catch the fire
C) catch to fire D) catch with fire

100. (v17-115-12) Choose the correct answer.

«Please ..., you should always speak politely to our customers even to rude ones.»

- A) keep minding B) keep to mind
C) keep in mind D) keep in minding

101. (v17-116-9) Choose the correct answer.

Let's take ... a new movie tonight.

- A) in B) out C) on D) into

102. (v17-116-13) Choose the correct answer.

I am sorry, but you are not that good at singing. ... yourself!

- A) Get over B) Get out
C) Get up D) Get rid of

103. (v17-116-14) Choose the correct answer.

You need not worry, because I am with you. I will always ...you.

- A) stand for B) stand by
C) stand to D) stand from

104. (v17-117-6) Choose the correct answer.

Our plane took ... at seven p.m. and landed 3 a.m.

- A) off B) up C) down D) on

105. (v17-117-13) Choose the correct answer.

It is difficult for our little son ... clothes.

- A) to wear B) wear
C) putting on D) to put on

106. (v17-118-7) Choose the correct answer.

Dustin broke ... and wept when he heard about the illness of his best friend.

- A) down B) up C) about D) for

107. (v17-118-22) Choose the correct answer.

Look ...! A mad dog is approaching you!

- A) forward B) up
C) through D) out

108. (v17-119-1) Choose the correct answer.

Can you drop the kids ... at school on your way to work?

- A) off B) down C) on D) forward

109. (v17-119-13) Choose the correct answer.

Liam was sure that his friend would stand ... him in any situation.

- A) for B) by C) about D) in

110. (v17-120-1) Choose the correct answer.

During my investigation I came ... with many interesting things.

- A) across B) round
C) down D) for

111. (v17-120-9) Choose the correct answer.

– Where do you want to go Enrique?

– It's your birthday Anna, so where we go tonight ...you.

- A) is up to B) belongs to
C) is about D) is down to

112. (v17-121-6) Choose the right answer. I should break my new shoes ... before going to conference.

- A) away B) down C) out D) in

113. (v18-157) Sorry, but I don't know what you are getting ...

- A) in B) at C) over D) on

114. (v18-158) Alan spends all his time complaining. I wish he'd just ...

- A) find a life B) give a life
C) change the life D) get a life

115. (v18-159) Lucy ... well with her brother, even though he's much younger than her.

- A) gets over B) gets up
C) gets on D) get down

116. (v18-160) Leila was feeling blue, so she went shopping to ... some new outfits.

- A) try at B) try on
C) try in D) try out

117. (v18-161) Can I help you? Yes, I am looking ... Mr. Smith's office.

- A) for B) at C) after D) to

118. (v18-162) Could you lend me some money? I'm very ... of cash at the moment.

- A) down B) scarce C) low D) short

119. (v18-163) Sorry, but I don't know what you are getting ...

- A) on B) at C) over D) in

120. (v18-164) Lucy ... well with her brother, even though he's much younger than her.

- A) gets over B) gets up
C) get in D) gets on

121. (v18-165) Their commercial offer was too good for my business to turn it ...

- A) away B) off
C) down D) in

122. (v18-166) I ... very well ... my new classmates.

- A) get / by B) get / up
C) get on / with D) get / in

123. (v18-167) I tried to ... all day long, but nobody answered the phone.

- A) get by B) get along with
C) get on D) get through

124. (v18-168) My sister usually ... at 9 o'clock.

- A) gets up B) gets away
C) gets in D) gets off

125. (v18-169) The police are ... the series of homicides.

- A) looking after B) looking into
C) looking for D) looking up

126. (v18-170) The rebellion ... in 1990 and lasted till 1993.

- A) broke out B) broke into
C) broke in D) broke down

127. (v18-171) Let's ... the matter ... for now and talk about more urgent problems.

- A) leave / around B) leave / aside
C) leave / behind D) leave / for

128. (v18-172) Students are always glad when school ... for holidays.

- A) breaks into B) breaks out
C) breaks down D) breaks up

129. (v18-173) You can ... the meaning of the unknown words in that dictionary.

- A) look into B) look for
C) look after D) look up

130. (v18-174) Peter's serious face ... smile as soon as he saw her.

- A) broke out B) broke up
C) broke into D) broke down

131. (v18-175) The Russian runner ... everyone far ... him.

- A) left / for B) left / in
C) left / behind D) left / aside

132. (v18-176) I couldn't believe that my bicycle ... in the middle of the street.

- A) broke into B) broke down
C) broke up D) broke with

133. (v18-177) ... dogs when you go to my neighbor's place.

- A) Look into B) Look for
C) Look out D) Look after

134. (v18-178) Thanks God, I have my sister who can ... my dog when I am on holiday.

- A) look into B) look for
C) look after D) look up

135. (v18-179) ... smoking in front of me!

- A) Leave out B) Leave off
C) Leave in D) Leave behind

136. (v18-180) Ali ... when she heard that her cat died.

- A) broke up B) broke down
C) broke away D) broke into

137. (v18-181) You can ... your shoes It's dirty here.

- A) leave / up B) leave / on
C) leave / in D) leave / off

138. (v18-182) I don't want to have anything to do with the rumors. ... me ... of this.

- A) Leave / in B) Leave / on
C) Leave / behind D) Leave / out

139. (v18-183) The police officer chased the burglars but they managed to ...

- A) get away B) get up
C) get through D) get by

140. (v18-184) Sorry I'm late. I've spent half an hour ... my phone.

- A) looking up B) looking for
C) looking into D) looking after

141. (v18-185) He has ... his engagement with Ann.

- A) broken in B) broken off
C) broken into D) broken out

142. (v18-186) Is everyone here? Very well, let's ... business.

- A) get by B) get along with
C) get down to D) get far

143. (v18-187) I am ... to hearing from you!

- A) looking in B) looking up
C) looking for D) looking forward

144. (v18-188) My friend understands she should ... to a better job.

- A) move in B) move on
C) move off D) move out

145. (v18-189) The flowers ... a nice smell.

- A) gave up B) gave out
C) gave in D) gave off

146. (v18-190) Can you ... a moment! I can't catch up, you are too fast!

- A) hold up B) hold in
C) hold in D) hold back

147. (v18-191) His father ... his business long time ago.

- A) set on B) set up
C) set out D) set aside

148. (v18-192) We have discussed this issue, so it's high time we ...

- A) moved on B) moved up
C) moved in D) moved away

149. (v18-193) That shop ... free candies to all children.

- A) gave in B) gave away
C) gave up D) gave back

150. (v18-194) Julia could not ... her tears. That news was really shocking.

- A) hold up B) hold in
C) hold on D) hold back

151. (v18-195) As they ... for their picnic, it started to rain.

- A) set up B) set in
C) set off D) set out

152. (v18-196) I want us to stay friends, I don't ... anything ... you.

- A) hold / for B) hold / up
C) hold / against D) hold / down

153. (v18-197) They decided to ... together before they get married.

- A) move on B) move out
C) move in D) move off

154. (v18-198) I told him it was a secret but he still ... it ...

- A) gave / up B) gave / in
C) gave / out D) gave / away

155. (v18-199) The robbers ... that rich man's flat and stole all the jewelry!

- A) held on B) held in
C) held up D) held off

156. (v18-200) The police had ... roadblocks to prevent the criminals leaving the area.

- A) set aside B) set off
C) set up D) set in

157. (v18-201) My mom wants to ... \$100 a week so that she would be able to afford that trip.

- A) set away B) set out
C) set off D) set aside

158. (v18-202) Can you please ... the phone ...? I need it now.

- A) move / in B) move / on
C) move / off D) move / back

159. (v18-203) The thief ... himself ... to the police.

- A) gave / off B) gave / out
C) gave / away D) gave / up

160. (v18-204) As soon as he arrived this morning, he began to ... about his dogs and horses.

- A) hold down B) hold out
C) hold forth D) hold back

161. (v18-205) I can't believe that you ... me ... ! I should not have trusted you!

- A) set / up B) set / in
C) set / on D) set / off

162. (v18-206) The problems with visa ... us ... for more than 2 weeks.

- A) set / up B) set / back
C) set / in D) set / out

163. (v18-207) My grandmother is really old. She barely can ...

- A) move around B) move about
C) move away D) move out

164. (v18-208) Would you please ... my money?

- A) give away B) give in
C) give back D) give up

165. (v18-209) Quick, hide me, the police ... me!

- A) are after B) are in
C) are down D) are up

166. (v18-210) I think our new boss ... it ... James.

- A) has / up B) has / in for
C) has / out like D) has / away

167. (v18-211) He decided ... the situation ... with Rose there and then.

- A) to have / up B) to have / in
C) to have / away D) to have / out

168. (v18-212) I can't believe it she ... me ... I should not have trusted her.

- A) did / up B) did / in
C) did / off D) did / down

169. (v18-213) You should ... talking behind someone's back.

- A) be out B) be away
C) be above D) be down

170. (v18-214) It would be hard ... her parent's expectations. They are so demanding.

- A) to live for B) to live straight
C) to live up to D) to live away

171. (v18-215) I couldn't see properly. I didn't ... my glasses ...

- A) have / up B) have / on
C) have / in D) have / at

172. (v18-216) Choose the best answer. By the time we got home, it was getting ... for midnight.

- A) round B) on C) to D) off

173. (v18-217) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Be quick! «It's time to hand ... your works», said the teacher.

- A) down B) in C) to D) for

174. (v18-218) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Walter's parents tried to put him ... becoming an artist.

- A) away B) off C) down D) up

175. (v18-219) Choose the best answer. I have decided to take ... aerobics because I want to get fit.

- A) after B) out C) up D) over

176. (v18-220) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I think Kate and Peter have fallen ... They aren't speaking to each other.

- A) out with B) back on
C) for D) in love with

177. (v18-221) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

George keep ... watering the tree in the garden. But I'm sure it's dead.

- A) on B) off C) back D) away

178. (v18-222) Choose the best answer.

The teacher gave ... the exam papers after everyone had sat down.

- A) by B) out C) on D) up

179. (v18-223) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You must give ... your assignments at the end of the week.

- A) out B) in C) up D) over

180. (v18-224) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't be taken ... by him. If I were you, I wouldn't believe anything he says.

- A) out B) in C) on D) down

181. (v18-225) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The farmer was really very upset and warned us to get ... his land.

- A) over B) of C) off D) from

182. (v18-226) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My alarm went ... at 6 o'clock this morning.

- A) up B) back C) off D) down

183. (v18-227) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I earn enough money to get ... but I haven't managed to save much lately.

- A) by B) over
C) across D) away

184. (v18-228) Choose the correct answer.

The secretary asked me to hold ... until Mrs. Harris was ready to take my call.

- A) on B) up C) in D) back

185. (v18-229) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We came to conclusion to put ... the theatre visit for a while.

- A) on B) away C) off D) of

186. (v18-230) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The price of petrol has gone ... again; the cost of running a car is increasing.

- A) out B) without C) up D) into

187. (v18-231) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Look ... for the turning. I don't want to miss it.

- A) through B) after
C) out D) round

188. (v18-232) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tom set ... on his voyage full of excitement.

- A) by B) aside C) up D) off

189. (v18-233) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Henry paid too much for the car he bought. I think he was ripped ...

- A) out B) in C) on D) off

190. (v18-234) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Anna was offered the job, but she turned it ...

- A) up B) off C) over D) down

191. (v18-235) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't walk so fast. I can't keep ... you!

- A) up with B) away from
C) from D) out of

192. (v18-236) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The electricity went ... when there was a power cut this afternoon.

- A) by B) off C) over D) into

193. (v18-237) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Amanda has recently set ... her own accountancy business.

- A) in B) up C) aside D) off

194. (v18-238) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The children carried ... their tasks quickly and quietly.

- A) away B) in C) out D) on

195. (v18-239) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

After my phone call, I got ... my work.

- A) by B) on with
C) away with D) away

196. (v18-240) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sally buys a newspaper every day to keep ... the news.

- A) away from B) up with
C) behind D) off

197. (v18-241) Choose the correct answer.

They didn't have enough money so ... going to a fancy dinner, they went skating in the park.

- A) instead of B) from
C) by D) with

198. (v18-242) Choose the correct answer.

Climb ... at once! You may fall!

- A) down B) from
C) in D) up

199. (v19/20-102-1) Choose the correct answer.

If you have forgotten his phone number, why don't you look it ... in the phone book?

- A) for B) at C) up D) on

200. (v19/20-102-14) Choose the correct answer.

They have just gone fishing. If you hurry, you'll catch ... with them at the bridge.

- A) - B) over C) up D) by

201. (v19/20-102-15) Choose the correct answer

They accused Feodor ... a blatant lie

- A) of telling B) in telling
C) about telling D) to tell

202. (v19/20-106-14) Choose the correct answer.

Can you help me to fill ... this application form for a job?

- A) on B) in C) off D) up

203. (v19/20-111-6) Choose the correct answer.

Don't put ... till tomorrow what you can do today.

- A) away B) off C) on D) down

204. (v19/20-113-9) Choose the correct answer.

She got ... the car and went ... the club.

- A) into / on B) out of / into
C) by / off D) from / from

205. (v19/20-113-13) Choose the correct answer.

The car arrived ... the destination and all the passengers got ...

- A) in / off B) to / into
C) at / out D) by / on

206. (v19/20-114-2) Choose the correct answer

I'm very pleased ... your success

- A) of B) with C) on D) to

207. (v19/20-115-8) Choose the correct answer.

The Second World War ... in 1939.

- A) broke out B) broke off
C) broke up D) broke open

208. (v19/20-115-11) Choose the right answer

He will see the ... years if you don't allow them to marry

- A) for B) - C) in D) on

209. (v19/20-116-1) Choose the correct answer

Sara's son refuses to obey ... his parents

- A) to B) - C) for D) on

210. (v19/20-117-5) Choose the correct answer

The café administration does not allow ... in the café

- A) to smoking B) people to smoke
C) smoke D) that people to smoke

211. (v19/20-119-7) Choose the correct answer.

He succeeded ... being promoted.

- A) before B) on C) in D) for

212. (v19/20-119-9) Choose the correct answer.

I'm going ... somewhere tonight.

- A) in B) to C) out D) on

213. (v19/20-122-5) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The war resulted ... losing the family members.

- A) in B) on C) with D) about

214. (v19/20-122-6) Choose the correct answer

I ... Nora when she explained her decision

- A) was not agreed with
B) was not agree to
C) did not agree with
D) did not agree about

215. (v19/20-125-7) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The workers were equipped with the all required gadgets ... company's expenses.

- A) with B) at C) on D) in

216. (v19/20-125-9) Choose the correct answer.

I learned English ... practicing with native speakers.

- A) at B) by C) with D) of

217. (v19/20-126-18) Choose the form of verb

Tom and Jackson usually quarrel but then very soon they put ... with

- A) up B) on C) in D) above

218. (v19/20-127-1) Choose the appropriate form of the verb
... you still ... your pair of dungarees?
A) Do / put on
B) Have / put on
C) Have / been putting on
D) Are / putting on

219. (v19/20-127-18) Choose the correct answer
When they woke up, everywhere was covered... snow
A) by B) with C) on D) onto

220. (v19/20-128-2) Choose the correct answer.
She has been dreaming ... flying to the Bahamas.
A) of B) for C) on D) in

221. (v19/20-130-8) Choose the correct answer.
Girls ... up half of the students in the school.
A) fill B) do C) make D) create

42. Tenses. Present Simple

1. (96-6-21) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

The weather ... as nice today as it ... yesterday.
A) is / was B) are / were
C) is / will be D) was / were
E) were / shall be

2. (96-8-20) Choose the appropriate verb.
Their prices ... suit us.
A) is B) don't C) - D) aren't E) doesn't

3. (96-9-19) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
Usually my working day ... at 8.30 sharp.
A) start B) starts
C) would be D) won't start
E) has started

4. (96-9-84) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
I hope this book ...
A) will find B) will be found
C) found D) were found
E) had been found

5. (96-13-165) Choose the appropriate.
My mother loves my younger sister very much and the latter makes use of it. She always asks to buy her nice dresses, sweets. My sister likes only to play and is a poor pupil. My sister is just a bad naughty girl. I say this because I always ...
A) call the shots
B) change horses in midstream
C) call a spade a spade
D) cry over spilt milk
E) give someone the cold shoulder

6. (96-13-189) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
I'll see that everything ... in order.
A) was B) were
C) will be D) are
E) is

7. (96-15-76) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.
Mary ... Nick where he ... after graduating from the University.
A) asked / works B) ask / would work
C) ask / worked D) asked / would work
E) asked / has worked

8. (97-2-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.
I usually ... a blouse and jeans at home, but today I ... on a new dress.
A) wear / have put B) have worn / have put
C) wore / has put D) wears / has put
E) will wear / put

9. (97-9-20) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.
The moon ... and it ... surprisingly light at night yesterday.
A) is rising / is B) rose / was
C) had risen / was D) was rising / were
E) rose / had been

10. (97-9-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.
The train ... at 8.30 p.m. today, but as a rule it ... at 8.00 p.m. sharp.
A) has left / starts B) left / started
C) left / has started D) has left / has started
E) have left / starts

11. (97-9-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
Finally he decided to come back and live in the house of his parents which ... by his aunt.
A) kept B) was kept
C) are kept D) were kept E) keeps

12. (97-9-80) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
You ... very thoughtful. What ... you ... about?
A) looked / was ... thinking
B) look / are ... thinking
C) look / think
D) looking / thinking
E) have looked / had ... thought

13. (98-6-9) Choose the appropriate preposition.
The wounded man must have died ... loss of blood.
A) from B) on C) in D) at E) to

14. (98-6-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
- ... life ... on Mars?
- No, it ...
A) Does / exist / doesn't
B) Did / existed / didn't
C) Has / existed / had
D) Had / existed / had
E) Will / exist / will

15. (98-7-52) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
- Who ... French in your family?
- I ...
A) speaks / do B) speak / does
C) spoke / do D) speaking / did
E) are speaking / did

16. (98-7-53) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
The English ... of sports and ... themselves as good sportsmen.
A) are fond / regard
B) is fond / regards
C) were fond / regards
D) was fond / regards
E) am fond / are regarding

17. (98-7-83) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.
... to school we always ... a bus.
A) Going / take B) Went / take
C) Shall go / will take D) Had gone / took
E) Goes / takes

18. (98-8-19) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
This book ... quite different from the one I ... yesterday.
A) is / have read B) was / am reading
C) has been / read D) have been / reads
E) is / read

19. (98-10-20) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
There ... a book, a magazine, two pens and four exercise-books on the table.
A) are B) is C) were
D) shall be E) have been

20. (98-10-26) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
At that time Martin ... in his third year at the University.
A) is B) am C) are D) was E) were

21. (98-11-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
- ... your lather ... at the Medical College?
- Yes, he does.

- A) Do / work B) Did / work
C) Has / worked D) Does / work
E) Shall / work

22. (98-12-7) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
It is winter. Everything ... with snow.
A) is covered B) covered
C) were covered D) will cover
E) are covered

23. (99-3-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
She ... false impressions on those who ... you both.
A) will produce / hadn't known
B) produces / don't know
C) produces / doesn't know
D) has produced / will not know
E) would produce / have not known

24. (99-10-27) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
Here ... your keys. The boy ... you up to your rooms and your luggage ... up straight away.
A) is / show / will bring
B) are / show / will be brought
C) are / will show / will be brought
D) were / will show / brings
E) are / has shown / will bring

25. (00-5-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
Mr. Smith ... to Tashkent for a year and today he ... to fly back to London.
A) has been / is going
B) had been / were going
C) was / is going
D) will be / was going
E) is / will be going

26. (00-5-39) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
An English writer, when ... in France, was invited ... present at a meeting of a literary society.
A) travelled / be B) travelling / to be
C) travel / was D) travelled / would be
E) travelling / being

27. (00-10-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
Andy seldom ... a football game when he ... in Liverpool.
A) misses / is B) is missing / is

C) was missing / were D) missed / were
E) misses / will be

28. (00-10-40) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

John's hobby is collecting stamps, ... chess and ... beautiful butterflies.

A) to play / catch B) play / catching
C) playing / catching D) play / to catch
E) playing / catch

29. (01-5-15) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He ... a newspaper; it's very strange of him, because he never ... anything at this time of the day.

A) reads / read
B) is reading / reads
C) is reading / doesn't read
D) is being read / reads
E) didn't read / reads

30. (01-6-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

– Do you like dancing?

– I ... when I ... younger, but not very often now, I ... too old.

A) used to / was / am getting
B) use to / am / get
C) was used to / was / got
D) used to / shall be / get
E) am used to / am / was

31. (01-10-40) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Turkey ... in the West of Asia and in the South of Europe.

A) was situated B) situate
C) situates D) situated
E) is situated

32. (01-11-39) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I promise not to leave the room until she ...

A) comes B) had come
C) came D) has come
E) will come

33. (02-3-37) Choose the best answer.

The number of her books ... really quite big now.

A) will be B) were C) was D) are
E) is

34. (03-8-20) Choose the best answer.

I'm going to do a lot of things while I ... on holiday.

A) will be B) was C) am
D) have been E) shall be

35. (04-1-467) Choose the best answer.

The postmen usually ... our newspapers on Saturdays.

A) delivers B) reads C) writes
D) grows E) uses

36. (05-1-221) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... this man at all.

A) knew B) know
C) don't know D) have known
E) doesn't know

37. (v4-105-22) Choose the best answer.

... Ann ... a holiday this year?

A) is / has B) had / got
C) has / had D) has been / had
E) had / had

38. (v4-123-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

There ... a book, a newspaper, two pens and four notebooks on the table now.

A) were B) have been
C) was D) am E) is

39. (v5-138-6) Choose the appropriate answer.

On Memorial Day, the President ... a speech ... a wreath on the "Tomb of the Unknown".

A) give / lay B) giving / laying
C) gives / lies D) give / lie
E) gives / lays

40. (v5-144-31) Choose the right form of the verb.

Neither Helen nor Andrew ... to go to the museum with us.

A) doesn't want B) won't
C) is wanting D) don't want
E) wants

41. (v5-146-6) Choose the right answer.

The moon ... round the Earth.

A) goes B) will go C) go
D) is going E) gone

42. (v5-159-18) Choose the appropriate answer.

I ... anything yesterday because I ... hungry.

A) ate / was not hungry
B) was eating / had been hungry
C) didn't eat / hadn't been hungry
D) had eaten / was hungry
E) didn't eat / was not hungry

43. (v6-121-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He ... out of touch with the Smiths for a long time but now he ... a chance of seeing them.

A) had been / is B) have been / has
C) has been / has D) has been / had

44. (v6-139-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When we found that someone ... into our house we called the police.

A) break B) will break
C) had broken D) broke

45. (v6-140-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The United States ... an interesting and turbulent history.

A) had B) has
C) having D) have

46. (v6-147-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Independence Day ... usually ... by setting off fireworks.

A) has been / celebrating
B) have / celebrated
C) are / celebrating
D) is / celebrated

47. (v6-148-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She ... a lot of jazz music.

A) is having B) having
C) has D) have

48. (v6-150-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Where ... your father ... from?

– He ... from Spain.
A) did / come / come
B) does / come / come
C) is / coming / comes
D) does / come / comes

49. (v6-154-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The needle of a compass always ... the North.

A) pointing at B) showing to
C) points to D) shows at

50. (v6-160-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Please, don't put sugar in my tea. You know I ... sugar.

A) quite like B) don't buy
C) have to eat D) don't like

51. (v8-103-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Claire is on a skiing holiday. She ... it, she says on her postcard.

A) enjoyed B) had enjoyed
C) is enjoying D) enjoy

52. (v8-123-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Oranges, tomatoes fresh strawberries, cabbage and lettuce ... rich in vitamin C.

A) are B) being C) been D) is

53. (v8-125-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I haven't got a car at the moment, so I ... to work by bus this week. Usually I ... to work.

A) have gone / drove B) am going / drive
C) went / drive D) go / am driving

54. (v9-114-14) Choose the right answer.

John, you are to report to the head as soon as you ... to work.

A) come B) are coming
C) comes D) will come

55. (v9-116-12) Choose the right answer.

– Are you watching TV tonight?

– Yes, I ... the interview with the Queen. I'm looking forward to it.

A) will watch B) watc
C) have watched D) am going to watch

56. (v9-119-19) Choose the right answer.

Last Sunday I saw Tim ... his homework. It took him an hour.

A) do B) did C) to do D) done

57. (v9-125-2) Choose the right answer.

– We have almost run out of petrol.

– Don't worry. We ... some on the home.

A) have got B) will get
C) get D) are getting

58. (v9-130-13) Choose the right answer.

John, you are to report to the head as soon as you ... to work.

A) will come B) are coming
C) come D) comes

59. (v9-130-15) Choose the right answer.

"Mark is always shouting at me," she said, She complained that Mark ... always shouting at her.

A) was B) is
C) had been D) has been

60. (v9-130-20) Choose the right answer.

We can go to our neighbours to watch the film. Our TV set ... work.

A) don't B) isn't C) doesn't D) hasn't

61. (v10-116-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Dear Jane, sorry to hear about your problem at work. I think you are doing the right thing, but I doubt whether your boss really ... his job from what you are telling me.

A) knowing B) know
C) knows D) known

62. (v10-130-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I know that he always ... the same paper each morning.

A) bought B) buys C) is buying D) buy

63. (v12z-101-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's expensive to heat the house at the moment and that's partly because the ceilings are so high. If the ceilings ... lower, it would be much cheaper to heat.

A) would be B) was
C) are D) were

64. (v12c-136-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In many ways she is just ... her parents.

A) look like B) like C) alike D) likes

65. (v13-134-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- You have 50 minutes for your tests.

- But 50 minutes ... enough time to finish these tests.

A) is B) isn't C) are D) aren't

66. (v13-136-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

George's father gives him enough money to go to school, so he ... work.

A) didn't have to B) ought not to
C) has to D) doesn't have to

67. (v14-104-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Bad news travels around the world before good news ... its shoes on.

A) will get B) get
C) gets D) got

68. (v14-107-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Hearing the sounds around us ... us vital information about our environment.

A) gives B) are giving
C) have given D) give

69. (v14-109-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let me explain what you have to do. Take the books and sort them into categories. Then you ... them according to subject.

A) have filed B) filed
C) ate filing D) file

70. (v14-117-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Either my wife or my children ... about my plan to buy a yacht.

A) know B) has known
C) won't know D) knows

71. (v15-103-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A pair of books ... under the table.

A) is B) aren't C) are D) were

72. (v15-105-18) Choose the correct answer.

- Would you like a cup of coffee, Dr. Ho?

- Oh no, thanks. It ...

A) smells delicious, but I am not drinking coffee at all.
B) is smelling delicious, but I don't drink coffee.
C) smells delicious, but I don't drink coffee.
D) is smelling delicious, but I am not drinking coffee.

73. (v15-123-20) Choose the correct answer.

- Who ... this phone number?

- Sorry, I can't tell.

A) did give you B) did you give
C) you give D) gave you

74. (v17-104-4) Choose the correct answer.

Oh, here is my dinner. It ... good.

A) smells B) is smelling
C) smelt D) has smelt

75. (v17-104-22) Choose the correct answer.

Adam ... trying to pass his driving test, but fails every time.

A) kept B) is keeping
C) had kept D) keeps

76. (v17-106-21) Choose the right answer.

We ... tennis every Thursday after 4.

A) play B) are playing
C) played D) will be playing

77. (v17-111-14) Choose the correct answer.

Every driver is required by law ... a valid driver's license.

A) having B) have
C) to have D) has

78. (v17-113-4) Choose the correct answer.

... another blanket or ... warm enough?

A) do you need / do you feel
B) Are you need / do you feel
C) Do you need / were you feeling
D) Are you needing / you are feeling

79. (v17-113-23) Choose the best answer.

Mary Claire rarely ... her vegetables from this grocery.

A) to buy B) is buying
C) buys D) has bought

80. (v17-122-20) Choose the correct answer.

I ... reading novels. My favourite writer is Jane Austen.

A) would loved B) am loving
C) would love D) love

81. (v17-122-22) Choose the correct answer.

Athletics ... a popular past time in many countries.

A) is B) are
C) have been D) is being

82. (v17-123-1) Choose the correct answer.

Let's get the rooms cleared up before our father ...

A) will arrive B) will have arrived
C) arrive D) arrives

83. (v17-124-1) Choose the right answer.

What time ... the bus ... ?

A) is / arriving B) does / arrive
C) will arrive D) will be / arrive

84. (v17-124-9) Choose the right answer.

The player ... the ball, but ... it!

A) is hitting / is missing
B) is hitting / misses
C) hits / misses
D) will hit / is missing

85. (v17-125-13) Choose the right answer.

If the rain ..., it ... ice.

A) is freezing / becomes
B) freezes / will become
C) is freezing / is becoming
D) freezes / becomes

86. (v18-243) It's five o'clock already and Paul's train ... at half past five, I must run now.

A) will be arriving B) is arriving
C) arrives D) will arrive

87. (v18-244) The last bus into town ... at 10:30 p.m.

A) will leave B) leaves
C) is leaving D) left

88. (v18-245) How ...!

A) he works hard B) he is working hard
C) hard he works D) hard he is working

89. (v18-246) My plane ... at 5.30.

A) leaves B) leave
C) is leaving D) leaved

90. (v18-247) Every morning my sister ... for a walk in the park.

A) goes B) is going C) go D) going

91. (v18-248) I ... what he says.

A) am not believing
B) don't believe
C) didn't believe
D) haven't believe

92. (v18-249) I ... I'll never drink again.

A) promise B) am promising
C) promised D) have promised

93. (v18-250) Water ... at 100 degrees Celsius.

A) is boiling B) boiled
C) have boiled D) boils

94. (v18-251) She is Arabian. She ... in Qatar.

A) is living B) have lived
C) live D) lives

95. (v18-252) The bus ... at half past five tomorrow morning.

A) is leaving B) leaves
C) will leave D) leave

96. (v18-253) The movie ... at 9 PM.

A) is going to start B) starts
C) will start D) start

97. (v18-254) What time ... in Moscow?

A) will the train arrive
B) does the train arrive
C) the train arrives
D) the train will arrive

98. (v18-255) Rarely ... barbeque with my friends.

A) I have eaten B) I eat
C) I'm eating D) do I eat

99. (v18-256) Choose the correct answer.

We hired a lawyer in order ... us in the court.

A) to have defended B) defending
C) to defend D) to be defended

100. (v19/20-107-13) Choose the correct answer.

In my opinion, draughts ... not a complicated game.

A) have B) is C) has D) are

101. (v19/20-109-6) Choose the correct answer.

Sarvar ... any football teams.

A) isn't supporting B) supporting
C) doesn't support D) support

102. (v19/20-114-10) Choose the correct answer.

I have repeated you plenty of times. I ... you.

A) do believe B) believed being
C) believing D) do believed

103. (v19/20-118-14) Choose the correct answer

Sir, please let me ... your documents

- A) checking B) to check
C) check D) to checking

104. (v19/20-124-6) Choose the correct answer.

Don't ... in bed all day. Get up and do some work.

- A) laid B) lied C) lie D) lay

105. (v19/20-125-1) Choose the correct answer.

This musical instrument is very hard ...

- A) to be learned B) to learn
C) learning D) to have learnt

106. (v19/20-129-5) Choose the correct answer.

Is this the soup for the dinner party tonight? Mmm, it ... delicious.

- A) tastes B) is tasty
C) is tasting D) taste

107. (v19/20-129-16) Choose the correct answer.

What ... when you are in bed at night?

- A) do you usually read
B) are you usually reading
C) usually read
D) you usually read

108. (v19/20-129-18) Choose the correct answer.

It is warm and pleasant when the sun ...

- A) pours B) stands C) shines D) lights

43. Present Continuous

1. (96-6-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

The Browns ... out of town last Sunday and ... a good time there.

- A) were going / had
B) went / are having
C) went / had
D) are going / were having
E) goes / has

2. (96-6-80) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The new film ... in all the big theatres of Tashkent now.

- A) is demonstrated
B) was being demonstrated
C) is being demonstrated
D) would be demonstrated
E) had been demonstrated

3. (96-12-76) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Look! There ... a man sitting at the first table near the door. He ... at us.

- A) was / looks B) had been / looked
C) were / had looked D) is / is looking
E) is / was looking

4. (96-15-181) Choose the appropriate form of verb.

He can't disturb him now. He ...

- A) operate B) will operate
C) has operated D) is operating
E) operates

5. (97-2-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

The children ... their hands and they ... lunch now.

- A) are washing / are having
B) have washed / are having
C) wash / have
D) washed / are having
E) wash / have had

6. (97-2-30) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

You can't use this textbook now. It ... by your colleague.

- A) takes B) has been taken
C) took D) were taken
E) had taken

7. (97-3-76) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Sh! The teacher ... on the blackboard.

- A) wrote B) was writing C) writes
D) will write E) is writing

8. (97-4-4) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Look! The girls ... in the park.

- A) skate B) skated
C) are skating D) will skate
E) has skated

9. (97-5-23) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Don't enter the classroom. The students ... a dictation.

- A) write B) were writing
C) have written D) are writing
E) had been written

10. (97-12-43) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The weather is awful, it ... all day.

- A) rains B) is raining
C) rained D) has rained
E) has been raining

11. (98-4-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

You ... always ... your things. Put them into their places.

- A) are / losing B) - / lost
C) have / lost D) shall / have been losing
E) had / lost

12. (99-5-23) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Bill ... his girl-friend now. That's the third time he ... her this evening.

- A) phones / phones
B) has phoned / phones
C) is phoning / has phoned
D) will phone / has phoned
E) is phoning / had phoned

13. (99-9-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

By the time we came to the bookshop all books ... out.

- A) are sold B) were sold
C) had been sold D) are being sold
E) is being sold

14. (99-9-28) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Take away the crib; the teacher ... at you

- A) look B) is looking C) looks
D) looked E) had looked

15. (01-3-11) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I wonder what is being cooked? Something ... good in the kitchen.

- A) is smelling B) smells
C) smelt D) has smelt
E) will smell

16. (03-12-46) Choose the best answer.

As soon as he ..., tell him that I want to see him.

- A) arrives B) is arriving C) arrived
D) will arrive E) shall arrive

17. (05-1-229) Choose the appropriate forms of the verb.

Ann ... all the work and now she ... a rest in the next room.

- A) did / have B) have done / has
C) does / has D) has done / is having
E) had done / is having

18. (v4-108-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

My dog ... a lot but it ... at the moment.

- A) barks / isn't barking
B) will bark / doesn't bark
C) is barking / doesn't bark
D) was barking / won't bark
E) barked / didn't bark

19. (v4-129-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We can go out now. it ...

- A) didn't rain B) isn't raining
C) is raining D) has rained E) rains

20. (v5-128-25) Choose the right answer.

My brother said that he ... it.

- A) doesn't need B) is needed
C) won't need D) wouldn't need
E) wasn't needing

21. (v6-137-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The house is no longer empty. A young couple ... in it for the last 3 years.

- A) was living B) is living
C) would live D) has lived

22. (v11-148-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We can't use the bathroom today because the builders ... a new shower. We must wait until they finish.

- A) fit B) are fitting
C) have been fitting D) have fitted

23. (v12z-105-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I wonder what is being cooked? Something good in the kitchen

- A) smelt B) has smelt
C) smells D) is smelling

24. (v12c-103-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I haven't been out much lately, because I ... for my exams.

- A) is studying B) had studied
C) study D) have been studying

25. (v12c-108-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you want to say goodbye to our visitors? They're about ...

- A) leaving B) will leave
C) leave D) to leave

26. (v12c-141-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Dear Lisa. Just a quick note to say that I ... a fantastic time here. Paris is simply amazing.

- A) am having B) will have had
C) was having D) had

27. (v14-106-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sam was badly injured in a car accident. At the moment he ... in hospital.

- A) is being treated B) is treated
C) treats D) is treating

28. (v14-114-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We ... on a new project. I must get back to the office.

- A) worked B) work
C) are working D) will work

29. (v15-105-8) Choose the correct answer.
I'd rather you ... the kids drop bits of pizza all over my new sofa.

- A) didn't let B) won't let
C) aren't letting D) don't let

30. (v15-122-9) Choose the correct answer.

The cold wind ... from the North now so the weather

- A) is blowing / has changed
B) blows / changes
C) is blowing / changed
D) blow / change

31. (v16-112-8) Choose the correct answer.

I ... with some friends until I can find a flat

- A) lived B) live
C) am living D) was living

32. (v16-124-1) Choose the correct answer.

Paris is wonderful! I like the food here, and so I ... like mad.

- A) had eaten B) have eaten
C) am eating D) am not eating

33. (v17-105-10) Choose the right answer.

Michael is on vacation. He

- A) is travelling B) travels
C) will travel D) was travelling

34. (v17-105-15) Choose the correct answer.

Sorry, Franc can't come to the phone.

He ... a bath!

- A) has B) is having
C) having D) have

35. (v17-111-18) Choose the correct answer.

«Stop telling me what to wear. I ... laughed at in school. I ... my own style.»

- A) am / has been creating
B) am being / had been creating
C) will have been / had created
D) will be / am creating

36. (v17-112-5) Choose the correct answer.

Come and sit by Leo and me. We ... a boring gossip all about Martin's affair. Join us if you are interested.

- A) have had B) have
C) have been having D) are having

37. (v17-113-1) Choose the correct answer.

Learning languages is widespread nowadays. The number of people learning the English language

- A) is increasing B) are increasing
C) were increasing D) have been increasing

38. (v17-125-6) Choose the right answer.

Most programmes on TV ... scenes of violence these days.

- A) show B) are showing
C) showe D) will show

39. (v17-126-7) Choose the right answer.

The internet ... constantly

- A) - / expands B) - / is expanding
C) is / expanded D) is / expanding

40. (v17-126-22) Choose the right answer.

Life ... fast.

- A) changes B) will change
C) is changing D) was been changed

41. (v17-130-15) Choose the correct answer.

Don't rush me. I ... as fast as I can.

- A) Have worked B) am working
C) working D) work

42. (v18-257) Martin ... tomorrow because he ... his girlfriend to the airport.

- A) doesn't work / driving
B) isn't going to work / 'll drive
C) doesn't work / drives
D) isn't working / 's driving

43. (v18-258) My boss really annoys me because she ... me to work at the weekends.

- A) is always asking B) like to
C) would ask D) asked

44. (v18-259) He ... very annoying.

- A) 's B) - C) 's being D) has

45. (v18-260) Please, don't talk to me now. I ... to finish my test.

- A) will try B) try
C) have tried D) am trying

46. (v18-261) My boss really annoys me because she ... me to work at the weekends.

- A) is asking B) is always asking
C) would ask D) asked

47. (v18-262) Maria's got a terrible voice but she ... at any opportunity.

- A) is singing B) would sing
C) sings D) has sung

48. (v18-263) She ... for a new job now.

- A) is looking B) looks
C) look D) looked

49. (v18-264) - What ... there?

- I ... a cake.

- A) are you doing / make
B) do you do / make
C) are you doing / am making
D) do you do / have made

50. (v18-265) Don't make a noise. The baby

- A) is sleeping B) sleeps
C) sleep D) have slept

51. (v18-266) I ... a great time on this holiday.

- A) have B) was
C) have has D) am having

52. (v18-267) Choose the correct answer.

Mr. Brown lives in Washington though he ... in London at the moment.

- A) stays B) has stayed
C) stay D) is staying

53. (v19/20-102-9) Choose the correct answer.

They are going to arrange a farewell party next weekend,

- A) they are B) they aren't
C) are they D) aren't they

54. (v19/20-103-13) Choose the correct answer.

At the moment Kate ... new words and I ... through a magazine now.

- A) have learned / is looking
B) learns / am looking
C) is learning / am looking
D) is learning / am looked

55. (v19/20-104-16) Choose the correct answer.

Max is reading a text while Jack ... an exercise.

- A) will be doing B) is doing
C) does D) was doing

56. (v19/20-116-7) Choose the correct answer.

It's 11 o'clock, so Mary ... to bed now.

- A) are going B) was going
C) going D) is going

57. (v19/20-116-13) Choose the correct answer.

Linda is away on holiday, so Janet ... her work.

- A) is handling B) will be handling
C) handles D) have handled

58. (v19/20-124-17) Choose the correct answer.

They ... so loudly that we can't really hear your words.

- A) are talking B) have talked
C) talk D) talked

59. (v19/20-126-1) Choose the right answer

- Why isn't Anri here?

- She is in the yard I saw her ... the wall

- A) paint B) painted
C) painting D) to paint

60. (v19/20-130-7) Choose the correct answer.

Each of those species of birds ... common in Texas.

- A) were B) is
C) have been D) are

44. Present Perfect

1. (96-1-21) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

You'll see what I ... about you recently.

- A) shall write B) have written
C) had written D) is written
E) was written

2. (96-6-20) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

It ... since morning when we

- A) has rained / vent out
B) had been raining / vent out
C) was raining / go out
D) rained / will go out
E) rained / vent out

3. (96-6-78) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

She ... the book to the library just now.

- A) has taken B) is taking
C) took D) would take
E) will be taking

4. (96-8-80) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

The pupils ... the sentences yet, the teacher ... the blackboard.

- A) has not written / will clean
B) had not written / cleaned
C) did not write / cleans
D) are not writing / clean
E) had not written / had cleaned

5. (96-9-76) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... English, so I know it a little.

- A) am learning B) learned
C) learns D) shall learn
E) were learning

6. (96-12-77) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

"I hope you ... well? Yes, I ... ill for two weeks. Now I ... well.

- A) felt / was / is
 B) feel / is / am
 C) is feeling / are / is
 D) are feeling / have been / am
 E) was feeling / was / am

7. (96-13-93) Reply the following question.

I have already seen this film, and you?

- A) So has he. B) So have I.
 C) So did I. D) So am I.
 E) Neither have I.

8. (96-13-192) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... already twenty words.

- A) learned B) have learned
 C) learn D) will learn
 E) are learning

9. (96-15-78) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

What ... you ... since I saw you last?

- A) do / do B) are / doing
 C) have / been doing D) did / do
 E) will / do

10. (97-2-21) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

When we ... the island two hours later all the party ... already ... there.

- A) reach / are
 B) reached / was
 C) had reached / were
 D) were reaching / had been
 E) reached / had been

11. (97-2-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

I'm ... to tell you the story I ... at school today.

- A) go / hear B) going / heard
 C) to go / hear D) going / have heard
 E) going / had heard

12. (97-6-20) Choose the right form of the verb.

I know he reads every book I ... ever ... of.

- A) hear B) heard
 C) have heard D) has heard
 E) had heard

13. (97-8-19) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

When I ... home, I ... a friend of mine.

- A) was going / met
 B) go / meet
 C) was going / was meeting
 D) are going / meet
 E) were going / met

14. (97-8-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

When we ... the beach the rain ... already ...

- A) leave / has / started
 B) will leave / have / started
 C) left / had / started
 D) left / have / started
 E) are leaving / was / starting

15. (97-9-81) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

They ... you the money before they ...

- A) send / leave B) sent / left
 C) will send / leave D) sent / had left
 E) should sent / had left

16. (97-11-26) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... never ... him sing.

- A) had / heard B) has / heard
 C) have / heard D) was / hearing
 E) is / hearing

17. (98-2-24) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... Tom since he ... school.

- A) have seen / leave B) saw / has left
 C) hadn't seen / left D) haven't seen / left
 E) see / leave

18. (98-5-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Uzbekistan ... its sovereignty in 1991.

- A) has acquired
 B) had acquired
 C) should have acquired
 D) acquired
 E) will acquire

19. (98-7-61) Choose the appropriate form of "to have".

It's the happiest evening I ever ...

- A) had B) have had C) has
 D) has had E) had had

20. (98-9-99) Choose the right form of the verb.

She is sorry, she ... so rude.

- A) were B) will be C) are
 D) has been E) had been

21. (98-10-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The boys ... four English books this year.

- A) read B) had read
 C) reads D) have read
 E) read [red]

22. (99-3-27) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

"Fortune" ... the magazine of business success for over 50 years.

- A) is B) was C) will be
 D) has been E) were

23. (99-6-28) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- What ... you ... here?

- I ... for my friend.

- How long ... you ... for him?

- For twenty minutes.

- A) are / doing / am waiting / have / been waiting
 B) do / do / am waiting / do / wait
 C) are / doing / wait / have / been waiting
 D) have / done / am waiting / are / waiting
 E) are / doing / am waiting / are / waiting

24. (99-7-37) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

It has been long since I ... him last. I ... from him all these years.

- A) saw / haven't heard
 B) had seen / haven't heard
 C) see / don't hear
 D) saw / don't hear
 E) have seen / haven't heard

25. (99-10-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- Is this your first visit to London?

- No, I ... here several times before and I ... quite at home in London.

- A) was / have felt B) have been / feel
 C) had been / felt D) has been / felt
 E) were / have felt

26. (99-10-36) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Many modern apartments ... in Tashkent since 1992.

- A) are built B) are building
 C) were built D) have been built
 E) has been built

27. (00-2-43) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

They ... already ... you how to do it.

- A) were / shown B) have / shown
 C) was / shown D) showed
 E) is / shown

28. (00-5-30) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Hello, I ... you for ages. Where ... you ... all this time?

- A) didn't see / have / been
 B) haven't seen / had / been
 C) don't see / were
 D) doesn't see / had / been
 E) haven't seen / have / been

29. (00-7-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

This is the most interesting book I ... | ever ...

- A) - / read [red] B) - / read [i:]
 C) had / read D) have / read
 E) have / been reading

30. (00-7-67) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- Where is Jane?

- She ... in the office.

- A) has been working B) works
 C) was working D) is working
 E) will be working

31. (01-2-19) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

She ... just ... home when I called her.

She ... at the Institute.

- A) has / come / has been
 B) had / come / had been
 C) was / he / was
 D) was / coming / was
 E) would / be coming / is

32. (01-3-12) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... a lot of interesting films on TV lately.

- A) see B) have seen
 C) have been seeing D) saw
 E) will see

33. (01-3-54) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... late because of the road accident.

- A) have come B) come
 C) comes D) came
 E) to come

34. (01-5-17) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... that man. We worked together five years ago.

- A) knows B) have been known
 C) had known D) has known
 E) knew

35. (01-11-11) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Who ... the telegraph ... by?

- A) - / invented B) had / invented
 C) was / invented D) had / been invented
 E) were / invented

36. (03-12-36) Choose the best answer.

By May, I ... this car for five years.

- A) will have had B) will have
 C) will be having D) have had
 E) have had

37. (03-12-43) Choose the best answer.

"How long have you been with the company?" "I ... there two years by January."

- A) will have worked B) will work
C) will be working D) have worked
E) am working

38. (04-1-355) Choose the right answer.
... tickets at the airline office this week, if there is any left?

- A) Have they bought B) Did they buy
C) He buys D) Will they buy
E) They will buy

39. (v4-112-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... never ... him before.

- A) have / met B) - / meets
C) - / met D) has / met
E) - / meet

40. (v4-123-33) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

He says that by the time they ... to the station, the train ... already ...

- A) get / will have pulled away
B) have got / has pulled out
C) got / would pulled away
D) could get / would get
E) gets / pulls away

41. (v5-103-24) Choose the best answer.

They have worked here ... ten years. They ... experienced teachers.

- A) for / are B) yet / are
C) during / are D) since / are
E) for / have been

42. (v5-126-18) Choose the appropriate answer.

My Jaguar isn't here anymore. Someone ... it.

- A) was stolen B) has stolen
C) steal D) had stolen
E) steals

43. (v5-159-20) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

I don't know why they have left early for the airport. They ... long until the plane ... now.

- A) are to wait / taken off
B) has to wait / had taken off
C) will be waiting / take off
D) will have to wait / takes off
E) are going to wait / took off

44. (v5-160-6) Choose the right answer.

Crystal ... three letters so far.

- A) has written B) was writing
C) had written D) is writing
E) have written

45. (v6-123-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Peter has to write a lot of letters today. He ... three letters so far.

- A) had written B) is writing
C) has written D) was writing

46. (v6-138-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They ... at this factory since 1990.

- A) worked B) was working
C) have been working D) has worked

47. (v6-144-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I ... in a hotel until I find a flat.

- A) have stayed B) am staying
C) stayed D) stay

48. (v6-145-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You look tired. You must ... all day.

- A) have been travelling B) traveled
C) be travelling D) travel

49. (v6-148-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tim and Jane are working in Sheffield. They ... there for three months by this February.

- A) will be working B) are working
C) were working D) will have worked

50. (v6-159-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I know that man. We ... together five years ago.

- A) have been working B) have worked
C) worked D) had worked

51. (v6-159-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Please don't tell anyone that I'm leaving my job. I don't want anyone ... about it yet.

- A) is known B) to know
C) have known D) has known

52. (v6-160-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She ... the competition - she is a champion.

- A) left B) has won
C) lost D) was injured

53. (v7-106-13) You can't use this refrigerator at the moment, it ... fixed by the mechanic.

- A) has been B) was being
C) is being D) was

54. (v8-103-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Claire looked very suntanned when I saw her last week. She ... just ... on holiday.

- A) are / going B) have / gone
C) had / been D) have / been

55. (v8-106-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I ... a wash and a brush up before going to the luncheon Tom ... me to.

- A) had been having / was inviting
B) have had / had been inviting
C) was having / invited
D) had / had invited

56. (v8-106-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What are you doing, Trevor? You ... in here for ages. You're making an awful mess.

- A) have been B) had been
C) are D) were

57. (v8-108-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The sun ... out three hours ago. It is still shining.

- A) come B) will come
C) came D) has come

58. (v8-108-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Since left Venezuela six years ago, I ... to visit friends and family several times.

- A) have returned B) return
C) will have returned D) am returning

59. (v8-109-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My friend is finding life in Paris a bit difficult. He ... French.

- A) hasn't spoken B) didn't speak
C) doesn't speak D) isn't speaking

60. (v8-109-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Our visitors ... They're sitting in the garden.

- A) arrive B) have arrived
C) are arriving D) has arrived

61. (v8-109-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I wrote to my friend last month. She ... my letter yet. I'm still waiting for a reply.

- A) didn't answer B) not answered
C) hasn't answered D) has answered

62. (v8-121-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

These flowers are dying. You ... them for ages.

- A) didn't water B) aren't watering
C) don't water D) haven't watered

63. (v8-123-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mark ... his car. It isn't blocking the way now. Let's start off.

- A) is moving B) has moved
C) moved D) had moved

64. (v8-123-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We ... three major snowstorms so far this winter. I wonder how many more we will have.

- A) had B) are having
C) have had D) have

65. (v8-126-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In the fitness club Christopher ... his hand, but it's OK now.

- A) hurt B) is hurting
C) has hurt D) had hurt

66. (v9-126-19) Choose the right answer.

Now Mary knows everything. I wish you ... your mouth shut yesterday.

- A) have kept B) keep
C) kept D) had kept

67. (v10-102-19) Choose the correct answer to complete the sentence.

"Nobody has warned us about the storm", - he said. He said that nobody ... them about the storm.

- A) warned B) has warned
C) had warned D) was warning

68. (v10-105-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The witness is telling the court that he ... the accused before.

- A) hasn't seen B) had never seen
C) had ever seen D) didn't see

69. (v10-106-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

As books are relatively durable and portable, they ... for centuries to preserve and distribute information.

- A) have been used B) are being used
C) are used D) have been using

70. (v10-111-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm writing to tell you my exciting news. I ... the competition.

- A) am winning B) win
C) won D) have won

71. (v10-119-17) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- When did it take place?

- It ... place long before you were born.

- A) had taken B) takes
C) has taken D) have taken

72. (v10-121-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In the last fifty years, medical scientists ... many important discoveries.

- A) had made B) were made
C) are making D) have made

73. (v10-127-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. How is your granny? We ... her for a week or two.

- A) saw B) didn't see
C) haven't seen D) don't see

74. (v10-128-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The night has ended, and it's daylight now. The sun ... It rose at 6:08.

- A) risen B) hasn't risen
C) rising D) has risen

75. (v10-130-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A: My uncle Tom met Winston Churchill. B: That's nothing! My mum ... Prince Charles.

- A) has met B) is meeting
C) was met D) was meeting

76. (v11-150-15) Choose the best answer. Alice thinks her firm is in trouble - she ... so far this month.

- A) wasn't paid B) hasn't been paid
C) hadn't been paid D) isn't paid

77. (v12z-101-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There is nothing I like better than a good book, but I ... much reading for pleasure lately. Most of the reading I do is related to my work.

- A) am not doing B) didn't do
C) haven't done D) wasn't doing

78. (v12z-104-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jane is very active. She ... dozens of jobs in her life.

- A) is having B) has had
C) has D) was having

79. (v12z-106-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The sun is shining and the fog ...

- A) had gone B) goes
C) go D) has gone

80. (v12z-109-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- How are things with you, Daniel?
- Fine. I ... a very interesting job.

- A) have been offered B) will offer
C) were offered D) offered

81. (v12z-126-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm pleased to say that our University team ... well all this season.

- A) have played B) were playing
C) to play D) had played

82. (v12z-128-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John ... hard for the last three days.

- A) worked B) was working
C) has been working D) is working

83. (v12c-105-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We needn't have hurried. He ... half an hour later.

- A) arrives B) has arrived
C) arrived D) was arriving

84. (v12c-113-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He's very good player. He ... consistently well recently.

- A) was playing B) has been playing
C) is playing D) had played

85. (v12c-127-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Have you heard about Jack?

- Yes. He ... to senior manager.

- A) was promoting
B) has been promoted
C) was being promoted
D) had been promoted

86. (v12c-134-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- How are things with you, Daniel?

- Fine. I ... a very interesting job.

- A) will offer B) offered
C) have been offered D) were offered

87. (v12c-137-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Smiths are very happy. They ... into their new house next weekend.

- A) moved B) will move
C) are moving D) have moved

88. (v12c-154-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We are sorry to inform you that our firm ... We apologize for any inconvenience.

- A) closes B) had closed
C) has been closed D) will close

89. (v12c-155-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Until the 18th century, people ... that there was a single correct way to spell a certain word.

- A) were believing B) aren't believed
C) don't believe D) didn't believe

90. (v12c-158-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We needn't have hurried. He ... half an hour later.

- A) was arriving B) has arrived
C) arrived D) arrives

91. (v13-122-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He tried to phone his friend four days ago with no success. Since then he ... him five times.

- A) phone B) has phoned
C) is phoning D) phoned

92. (v13-125-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Although I have lived here for 2 months, I ... my neighbors.

- A) do not see B) saw
C) did not see D) haven't seen

93. (v13-127-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

First libraries began to appear regularly in the 1800s. Since then their contents ... greatly through the years.

- A) is changing B) has changed
C) have changed D) change

94. (v13-128-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most of the forest ... cut down and the trees remaining are now under threat.

- A) had been B) were
C) have been D) has been

95. (v13-133-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We wonder how many more snowstorms we will have this winter. We ... four snowstorms so far.

- A) have had B) are having
C) had D) have

96. (v13-133-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most of the forest ... cut down and the trees remaining are now under threat.

- A) has been B) were
C) had been D) have been

97. (v13-134-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This year two Spanish novelists ... the Nobel Prize for literature.

- A) have awarded B) were awarded
C) are awarding D) have been awarded

98. (v13-134-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I can help you with the cooking, because I ... my hands.

- A) wash B) washed
C) was washing D) have washed

99. (v13-143-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The yard is covered with snow. It ... all night.

- A) has been snowing B) has snowed
C) snowed D) was snowing

100. (v14-108-17) We ... the experiment three times now with different results each time.

- A) have been doing B) have done
C) did D) are doing

101. (v14-115-1) Choose the correct answer. Conservationists claim that American farmers ... the environment by excessive use of artificial fertilizers and chemicals to kill weeds and pests.

- A) have been damaged B) had damaged
C) were damaged D) have damaged

102. (v15-101-7) Choose the right answer. We are late. The film ... by the time we get to the cinema.

- A) will already have started
B) will already start

- C) already will start
D) will be already started

103. (v15-105-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Smiths are very happy. They ... into their new house next weekend.

- A) have moved B) moved
C) are moving D) will move

104. (v15-109-14) Choose the correct answer.

How often ... in love in your life?

- A) were you being B) are you
C) were you D) have you been

105. (v15-113-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He didn't recognize many people at his old school reunion because everyone ... a lot in twenty years.

- A) had changed B) was changing
C) has changed D) was changed

106. (v15-114-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The sun is shining and the fog ...

- A) had gone B) has gone
C) will go D) goes

107. (v15-114-20) Choose the correct answer.

Three years ago I got my law degree, and since then I ... in a small law firm where I am very happy.

- A) worked B) have been working
C) was working D) am working

108. (v15-126-18) Choose the correct answer.

I want to break the news. Mary ... a baby!

- A) has had B) had
C) had had D) will have had

109. (v16-108-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

He ... doing this scientific research since he ... twenty.

- A) was / was B) had been / was
C) was / had been D) has been / was

110. (v16-108-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

Have you found the software you needed yet?

– Yes. I ... it.

- A) was just installing
B) have just installed
C) just have installed
D) have just been installed

111. (v16-112-5) Choose the best answer.

Do not touch anything on the table until guests

- A) had come B) have come
C) came D) will come

112. (v16-117-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't touch the door, it ... just

- A) is painted B) will be painted
C) is being painted D) has been painted

113. (v16-118-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John is happy today. He ... the whole concert of his favorite group and is enjoying listening to it.

- A) had recorded B) record
C) has recorded D) recorded

114. (v16-127-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

How many flats ... at so far?

- A) have you been looking
B) have you looked
C) do you look
D) are you looking

115. (v16-128-7) She ... the alphabet before now and now she can read fast.

- A) learnt B) has been learning
C) had learnt D) has learnt

116. (v17-106-23) Choose the best answer.

It is nice to see you again. What ... since we last met?

- A) have you done B) was you doing
C) have you been doing D) did you do

117. (v17-106-24) Choose the correct answer.

For three generations, her family members ... doctors.

- A) are B) been
C) have been D) is

118. (v17-110-8) Choose the correct answer.

I ... the walls, but I still haven't finished.

- A) have painted
B) have been painting
C) painted
D) were painting

119. (v17-112-10) Complete the dialogue.

–
– Haven't they?

- A) The Smiths have already arrived.
B) Car drivers have to test the brakes regularly.
C) They have invited a famous lecturer for this seminar.
D) They haven't got any money on them.

120. (v17-113-22) Choose the correct answer.

She is very tired and her eyes are red. ... on the computer?

- A) She has been working
B) Does she work
C) Has she worked
D) Has she been working

121. (v17-123-21) Choose the correct answer.

Over the last 15 years, there ... a 50% increase in the traffic on our roads.

- A) have been B) was
C) has been D) were

122. (v17-127-1) Kate has been working at college ...

- A) for 4 years B) since 4 years
C) 4 years D) 4 years ago

123. (v17-128-9) Choose the correct answer.

– ... your washing-up yet?

– Not yet.

- A) Did you finish B) Have you finished
C) Are you finishing D) Won't you finish

124. (v17-128-14) Choose the correct answer.

I ... for my math exam since morning.

- A) prepared
B) was prepared
C) have been preparing
D) has been preparing

125. (v17-129-6) Choose the right answer.

We ... to become vegetarians several times.

- A) have tried B) tried
C) are trying D) will try

126. (v17-129-19) Choose the right answer.

Somebody ... my cake!

- A) ate B) has eaten
C) have eaten D) is eaten

127. (v18-268) My granny ... in this town for many years.

- A) has lived B) lived
C) has been living D) live

128. (v18-269) He ... quite different since he ... married.

- A) is / has got B) has been / has got
C) is / got D) has been / got

129. (v18-270) This is the first time I ... a sports car.

- A) 've driven B) m driving
C) have driving D) drive

130. (v18-271) Does he smoke? Yes, he ... twenty a day.

- A) smokes B) is smoking
C) smoke D) has smoked

131. (v19/20-108-5) Choose the correct answer.

Jim said he had been living in a caravan for six months.

«I ... in a caravan for six months,» said Jim.

- A) have lived B) have been living
C) was living D) has been living

132. (v19/20-110-14) Choose the correct answer.

She has been watching TV

- A) every day B) two days ago
C) since morning D) right now

133. (v19/20-115-5) Choose the correct answer.

The workers ... repairing this house. Has anybody moved into it yet?

- A) will finish B) have already finished
C) finished D) had already finished

134. (v19/20-120-7) Choose the correct answer.

Jim hasn't left the office

- A) also B) too C) just D) yet

135. (v19/20-128-9) Choose the correct answer.

Where have you been? I have been waiting for you ... two hours ... 12 o'clock!

- A) during / while B) at / for
C) for / since D) for / in

45. Past Simple

1. (96-6-77) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... us the firm ... wool since 1935.

- A) told / had been exporting
B) tells / would export
C) said / is exporting
D) will be told / exports
E) told / has been exporting

2. (96-8-21) Choose the appropriate verb.

Nick ... yesterday.

- A) will not come B) hadn't come
C) didn't come D) hasn't come
E) comes

3. (96-8-22) Choose the appropriate verbs.

– Why ... you go to the plant?

– I ... no time.

- A) do / had B) will / have
C) did / hadn't D) didn't / hadn't
E) didn't / had

4. (96-8-23) Choose the appropriate verbs.

Mark Twain ... that they ... about him.

- A) understands / speaks
B) understands / speaks
C) will understand / spoke
D) understood / are speaking
E) understood / were speaking

5. (96-8-81) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

I ... that I ... at the station at 5.

- A) was told / should be met
B) told / is being met
C) tells / am met
D) am told / was met
E) will be told / would be met

6. (96-12-25) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... that the day before he ... a lot of interesting things on his trip to the South.

- A) knew / sees
B) knew / would see
C) knew / is seeing
D) has known / is seeing
E) will know / will see

7. (96-13-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

A ship ... near the Kuril Islands when the men on board ... a dolphin in the water.

- A) was fishing / noticed
B) fished / noticed
C) was fishing / will notice

D) is fishing / noticed
E) fished / notices

8. (96-13-136) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

No sooner he ... than he ... ill.

- A) had arrived / falls
B) had arrived / fell
C) arrives / has fallen
D) arrived / will fall
E) is arriving / is falling

9. (96-15-129) Choose the appropriate form of verbs.

When you ... me up yesterday it ... hard

- A) rings / will rain B) rang / was raining
C) will rang / will rain D) ring / rains
E) had rung / had rained.

10. (97-2-26) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

When the woman was out a postman ... a letter for her.

- A) brings B) bring C) brought
D) had brought E) has brought

11. (97-3-74) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... nobody about his secret that day.

- A) don't tell B) tell
C) didn't tell D) told E) doesn't tell

12. (97-6-21) Choose the right form of the verbs.

Tom looked at his hands. He ... that those hands ... young and strong before.

- A) knew / was B) know / are
C) had known / were D) knew / be
E) knew / had been

13. (97-9-26) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A flower specialist in Holland gave Gagarin's name to the wonderful new kind of tulips he ...

- A) grow B) had grown
C) has grown D) grows E) grew

14. (97-10-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Last Monday when I ... the house it ... heavily.

- A) leave / rain B) left / was raining
C) left / had rained D) was leaving / rained
E) leave / rains

15. (97-12-38) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Hamid says he's 25 years old, but nobody ... him.

- A) is believing B) believes
C) had believed D) don't believe
E) doesn't believe

16. (98-2-19) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Lane ... through the morning papers when the telephone ...

- A) was looking / rang
B) were looking / rang
C) we looking / rung
D) have looked / ring
E) looked / is ringing

17. (98-2-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

They ... to get married last month although they ... each other for only six weeks.

- A) decide / know
B) decided / know
C) decided / had known
D) decided / knew
E) decided / has known

18. (98-3-16) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Unexpected guests are good for you.

Suddenly the telephone rings, your friends are arriving in a few hours! You ... them for ages. Here you remember that all your dirty dishes are still in the sink and you haven't changed sheets in the bedroom. You ask yourself, "... I ... time to do all this before they ...?"

- A) didn't see / will have / came
B) doesn't see / had / come
C) haven't seen / shall have / come
D) hasn't seen / have / come
E) haven't seen / had / will come

19. (98-4-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... to do it but I ... no time. I was very busy.

- A) wants / has B) want / had have
C) wanted / had D) would want / have
E) have wanted / shall have

20. (98-5-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The passengers ... for the train for 20 minutes when it ... into the station.

- A) waited / pulls
B) had waited / pulled
C) had been waiting / pulled
D) will wait / had pulled
E) are waiting / was pulled

21. (98-6-43) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Christopher Columbus didn't know where he When he landed he didn't know where he When he got back to Spain he didn't know where he

- A) was sailing / was / had been
B) had sailed / was / was
C) is sailing / had been / has been
D) will be sailing / will be / will have been
E) would sail / hadn't been / haven't been

22. (98-9-100) Choose the right form of the verb.

He was sure that he ... this time.

- A) will fail B) wouldn't fail
C) fails D) failed E) will not fail

23. (98-10-18) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Who ... at the meeting yesterday?

- A) speak B) speaks
C) spoke D) had spoken
E) will speak

24. (98-12-2) Choose the right form of the verb.

It was dark and cold. At one moment he thought that he ... his way.

- A) lost B) wilt lose
C) had lost D) was lost E) loses

25. (98-12-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ate everything that ... on the table.

- A) is leaving B) was left
C) were left D) is left E) are left

26. (99-3-24) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When I ... younger I ... an idea of a wife who ... with me in my thoughts as well as aims.

- A) was / had / will be
B) was / had / would be
C) had been / had / is
D) have been / have / will be
E) was / had had / had been

27. (99-3-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Two years ago she ... and now she ... her time visiting friends.

- A) retires / spends
B) retired / spends
C) had retired / spends
D) would retire / is spending
E) will retire / spent.

28. (99-3-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Before answering the telephone he ... down the book.

- A) laid B) was lying
C) had laid D) lay E) has laid

29. (99-4-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

That Sunday afternoon we ... with the Swedish girl in the big cafe in Valencia.

- A) are sitting B) sat
C) had sat D) sit
E) were sitting

30. (99-4-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When I ... back to the table, six soldiers ... there.

- A) came / were sitting
B) comes / were sitting
C) has come / sit
D) came / are sitting
E) came / will sit

31. (99-4-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The famous writer Pushkin ... forever in our memories, in the books he ... to us.

- A) will live / has left
B) is living / will be leaving
C) lived / leaves
D) would be living / had left
E) have been living / left

32. (99-5-19) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I went out of the house. It It ... for two hours.

- A) rained / was raining
B) had rained / was raining
C) was raining / had been raining
D) had been raining / was raining
E) was raining / rained

33. (99-5-34) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Khamid didn't know whether the book ... before somebody ... it wasn't there.

- A) is placed / notice
B) was placed / had noticed
C) had been placed / would notice
D) would be placed / noticed
E) will be placed / notice

34. (99-5-38) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The sergeant said that nothing ... from the two boys since they ... at the Victoria Station.

- A) was heard / saw
B) will be heard / were seen
C) had been heard / were seen
D) had heard / saw
E) would have heard / were seen

35. (99-6-30) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When I ... home my mother ... me that my friend ... me an hour before.

- A) had come / told / had called
B) came / told / called
C) came / told / had called

- D) was coming / told / called
E) came / was telling / had called

36. (99-6-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

They didn't know that he ... from the University in 1990 and then ... in Tashkent.
A) had graduated / is working
B) graduated / works
C) graduated / was working
D) was graduating / worked
E) had graduated / worked

37. (99-6-54) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Mike didn't have his car yesterday. It ... at the garage.
A) was serviced B) were serviced
C) had serviced D) had been serviced
E) is serviced

38. (99-7-39) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... to America five years ago. Since then I ... American, and ... nearly all I ... there.
A) had gone / haven't spoken / have forgotten / learned
B) had gone / don't speak / forget / learned
C) was going / haven't spoken / forgot / had learned
D) went / haven't spoken / have forgotten / learned
E) went / hasn't spoken / forgot / had learned

39. (99-8-32) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Why ... you come yesterday? We ... a good time.
A) don't / can have
B) didn't / could have had
C) will / might have
D) doesn't / will have
E) did not / shall have

40. (99-10-34) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

In 1969 two manned spaceships ... into space from the first space station.
A) launch B) launched
C) launches D) were launching
E) were launched

41. (00-2-13) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Mark Twain ... "The adventures of Tom Sawyer".
A) writes B) is writing
C) wrote D) had written
E) have written

42. (00-2-46) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Why didn't you phone me yesterday? I ... you.
A) could help B) have helped
C) helped D) would have helped
E) should help

43. (00-5-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He was so lazy that nobody expected him ... his work in time. We were all surprised to see him ... so hard to fulfil the task ahead of time.
A) finished / tried B) finish / try
C) to finish / trying D) finish / trying
E) finishing / try

44. (00-7-37) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

– Why ... he ... to college?
– He failed at the entrance examination.

- A) is not / admit B) wasn't / admitted
C) will / admit D) won't / be admitted
E) is / admitted

45. (00-9-67) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

At the time the factory closed down. Sarah ... there for three years.
A) worked B) worked
C) was working D) had been working
E) works

46. (00-9-68) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... a guitar now. But I ... it ten years ago.
A) has / hadn't B) have got / hadn't got
C) had / had got D) had got / didn't have
E) had / have got

47. (00-10-19) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Yesterday I learned that I ... the prize and I was so happy that I couldn't say a word.
A) had been awarded B) was awarded
C) will be awarded D) is awarded
E) has been awarded

48. (01-1-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

There were few people on the platform. All who ... their seats.
A) travelled / took
B) travel / take
C) were travelling / had taken
D) were travelling / have taken
E) were travelling / will take

49. (01-1-64) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Frank asked Linda for a date. Linda was very pleased and told him she ... anything special. Frank said he ... her outside the disco.
A) didn't do / met
B) isn't doing / will meet
C) doesn't do / shall meet
D) hadn't done / will be meeting
E) wasn't doing / would meet

50. (01-3-52) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... some interesting work, but he didn't accept it.
A) is being offered B) is offered
C) was offered D) offered
E) would be offered

51. (01-4-67) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When he ... the room, he ... a stranger.
A) entered / saw
B) has entered / saw
C) entered / had seen
D) entered / has seen
E) entered / sees

52. (01-6-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The doctor ... it ... be pneumonia and ... her to go to hospital.
A) said / may / told B) says / fight / told
C) said / might / told D) said / may / tells
E) says / may / told

53. (01-9-12) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He turned and looked at me and I was ... by how pale he ... to be.
A) surprised / looked
B) pleased / happened
C) enjoyed / seemed

- D) struck / appeared
E) seen / turned

54. (01-10-10) Choose the appropriate synonym for the underlined word.

He posted the letter a week ago.
A) threw B) sent C) sold
D) lost E) left

55. (01-10-38) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Every Valentine Day people ... Valentine cards and ... them to people they love.
A) make / send B) will make / send
C) make sent D) made / send
E) have made / sent

56. (03-1-35) Choose the best answer.

– When did you have your car ...?
– Last month. I got it ... too.
A) service / paint
B) serviced / painted
C) servicing / painting
D) servicing / painted
E) service / painting

57. (03-2-46) Choose the best answer.

This happened ... he was in Moscow.
A) when B) so C) after D) since
E) what

58. (03-5-26) Choose the best answer.

As the boy ... very ill, the doctor ... for
A) is / was sent B) is / had been sent
C) be / be sent D) was / was sent
E) has been / would be sent

59. (03-8-15) Choose the best answer.

Some years ago I ... my newspaper every day.
A) used to reading
B) got used to reading
C) was used to reading
D) got used to read
E) was used to read

60. (v4-102-6) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Children didn't ... to school because it ... Sunday.
A) have gone / was B) go / was
C) went / was D) gone / was
E) go / were

61. (v4-104-6) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Did you ... or ... the potatoes?
A) mincing / peeling B) mince / peel
C) mince / peeled D) peels / minces
E) minced / peeled

62. (v4-106-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Sara was nervous. Her fingers ... as she ... on her gloves.
A) are trembling / was drawing
B) to tremble / was drawing
C) is trembling / drew
D) were trembling / drew
E) was trembling / will draw

63. (v4-113-27) Choose the best answer.

We saw ... plays last year.
A) each B) any
C) little D) several
E) every

64. (v4-118-11) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Her brother informed me that she ... out.
A) is B) will be
C) has been D) were
E) was

65. (v4-121-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Bahrom ... to Brazil five years ago. Since then he ... English, and ... nearly all he knew.

- A) was going / haven't spoken / forgot
 B) went / hasn't spoken / forgot
 C) had gone / haven't spoken / have forgotten
 D) went / hasn't spoken / has forgotten
 E) had gone / don't speak / forget

66. (v4-125-7) Choose the right form of the verb.

Private teachers taught Abu-Ali Ibn Sina at home and everybody ... at his progress and ability.

- A) was amazed B) was amazing
 C) is amazed D) amazed
 E) amazes

67. (v4-130-7) Choose the best answer.

The letters ... yesterday.

- A) will be sent B) were sent
 C) are sent D) will send
 E) is sent

68. (v5-118-18) Choose the appropriate answer.

Soldiers who ... in previous wars were honored as well on May 9.

- A) dies B) were dying
 C) dying D) dead
 E) had died

69. (v5-125-6) Choose the appropriate answer.

In 1971, along with other holidays, President Richard Nixon ... Memorial Day a national holiday on the last Monday in May.

- A) declare B) had declared
 C) declares D) declared
 E) declaring

70. (v5-134-31) Choose the best answer.

You look tired. You must ... all day.

- A) be travelling
 B) have been travelled
 C) have been travelling
 D) travel
 E) travelled

71. (v5-143-18) Choose the answer.

He ... out of touch with them for a long time and now he ... a chance of seeing them.

- A) has been / has B) is / has
 C) has been / had D) had been / is
 E) have been / has

72. (v5-158-6) Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb.

He was brought up in a broken home.

So he ... robbing banks.

- A) ended B) will go C) is to
 D) goes E) ended up

73. (v5-159-7) Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb.

The firm ... in him, so they responded quickly

- A) interested B) doesn't interested
 C) was interested D) interests
 E) is interested

74. (v6-139-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Before a vaccine was developed, thousands of people ... by polio every year.

- A) were struck B) are struck
 C) strike D) struck

75. (v6-144-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Last night they ... to the club ... a new rock band playing.

- A) going / seeing B) went / seeing
 C) went / to see D) going / to see

76. (v6-155-17) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.

– What ... when I phoned you? I could hear some strange noises.

– I ... football with my friends.

- A) did you make / watched
 B) were you doing / was watching
 C) did you make / was watching
 D) were you doing / watched

77. (v6-156-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mary, I've forgotten. How ... I ... to your house?

- A) am / get B) am / leave
 C) do / get D) do / leave

78. (v6-156-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mary was so tired, that she threw herself on the sofa and ... there quietly for some time.

- A) put B) lay C) stood D) drove

79. (v7-128-4) Mary ... the door and ... her guests.

- A) opened / greeted
 B) have opened / greets
 C) opened / greeting
 D) opening / greeted

80. (v7-172-21) We ... a terrible night – the baby woke up at three o'clock and ... crying since.

- A) are having / was stopping
 B) have had / had stopped
 C) have had / hasn't stopped
 D) had / didn't stop

81. (v7-173-5) We needn't have hurried. He ... half an hour later.

- A) arrived B) was arriving
 C) arrives D) has arrived

82. (v7-178-13) James ... the party at all.

He ... all social occasions where people had to mix and exchange small talk.

- A) isn't enjoying / liked
 B) enjoys / dislike
 C) wasn't enjoying / disliked
 D) enjoy / dislikes

83. (v7-181-5) The student ... his hand and asked permission to leave the room.

- A) raises B) raising
 C) raised D) raise

84. (v8-108-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I often see Gillie. I ... him again only yesterday.

- A) have seen B) am seeing
 C) saw D) see

85. (v8-115-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When Ron was a child, he ... take a flashlight to bed with him so that he could read comic books without his parents' knowing about it.

- A) liked B) can C) must D) used to

86. (v9-116-19) Choose the right answer.

The name Canada is believed ... from the Indian word "Kanata" meaning "village" or "community".

- A) came B) to come
 C) coming D) be coming

87. (v9-123-20) Choose the right answer.

We are having an exam tomorrow. If we ... to study, we would go out tonight.

- A) hadn't have B) hadn't
 C) don't have D) didn't have

88. (v9-126-6) Choose the right answer.

When the surface of the earth ... to change and dinosaurs could no longer find food, they began to disappear slowly.

- A) began B) has began
 C) begins D) begin

89. (v9-129-8) Choose the right answer.

Where are my keys? I ... them on the desk five minutes ago.

- A) laid B) lay
 C) had laid D) have laid

90. (v9-129-11) Choose the right answer.

John could walk in the park longer, if it ... not so cold today.

- A) being B) be C) had been D) were

91. (v10-127-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The door opened and I ... to come in and give my name.

- A) asking B) was asked
 C) have asked D) asked

92. (v12z-118-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Millions of pounds' worth of damage ... by a storm which swept across the north of England last night. Everything possible is being done to get things back to normal.

- A) has been caused B) have been caused
 C) were caused D) had been caused

93. (v12c-140-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was six o'clock when the card of monsieur Hercule Poirot ... up to Mirelle.

- A) brings B) will be brought
 C) was brought D) brought

94. (v14-107-3) After the Constitution was signed, Delaware became the first state ... it.

- A) was ratifying B) ratifying
 C) ratify D) to ratify

95. (v14-116-21) After what the manager said this morning, I didn't ... him about the problems I've been having.

- A) dare tell B) dare it telling
 C) dare telling D) dare to telling

96. (v15-106-1) Choose the best answer.

The new method suggested by Mr. Saymanov ... a great increase in the economy of our country.

- A) brought up B) brought down
 C) brought over D) brought about

97. (v15-111-5) Choose the right answer.

We went into the house by a side door and the first thing I ... was that the passages were all dark, and that she ... a candle burning there.

- A) had noticed / had left
 B) noticed / left
 C) have noticed / had left
 D) noticed / had left

98. (v16-109-15) Choose the best answer.

The train ... from platform 8 goes to Liverpool.

- A) depart B) departs
 C) departed D) is departing

99. (v16-121-20) When she ... her eyes, she ... to cry.

- A) had opened / began
 B) opened / began
 C) had opened / had begun
 D) opened / had begun

100. (v16-124-5) I have ... a university which was ... in the 18th century.

- A) found / founded B) found / found
 C) founded / founded D) founded / found

101. (v16-128-15) He ... for the military force for over 17 years.

- A) used to worked B) had worked
 C) would work D) worked

102. (v17-107-3) Choose the right answer. When I was a girl I ... a cake every day.

- A) was eating B) eat
 C) ate D) will eat

103. (v17-107-17) Choose the right answer.

I ... Nutella a long time ago.

- A) was eating B) eat
 C) will eat D) ate

104. (v17-112-15) Choose the right answer.

I remember very well ... my purse under this pillow last night.

- A) have been put B) to be put
 C) having put D) being put

105. (v17-125-23) Choose the correct answer.

As soon I ... to the customer, I ... there misunderstanding.

- A) spoke / had realized
 B) would speak / realized
 C) had spoken / would realize
 D) spoke / realized

106. (v17-130-7) Choose the correct answer.

When ... you last ... a present?

- A) have / received B) did / receive
 C) do / receive D) will / receive

107. (v17-130-22) Choose the correct answer.

I ... all my school assignments the day before.

- A) finished B) have finished
 C) have been finishing D) will finish

108. (v18-272) My aunt ... some new clothes last month.

- A) had bought B) bought
 C) was buying D) have bought

109. (v18-273) Of course you're cold! ... I tell you to bring your coat?

- A) Don't B) Was
 C) Haven't D) Didn't

110. (v18-274) Who... you that ring?

- A) 's given B) will give
 C) gave D) is giving

111. (v18-275) Where is your book? I ... it last week.

- A) have lost B) lose
 C) was loosing D) lost

112. (v18-276) Has he written to his friend? Yes, he ... him a letter last night.

- A) has written B) was writing
 C) had written D) wrote

113. (v18-277) This is my first visit to the doctor. Who ... to before?

- A) are you going B) went you
 C) you went D) did you go

114. (v18-278) Everyone understood. The teacher ... to explain again.

- A) may not B) musn't
 C) didn't need D) needn't

115. (v18-279) Do I have to get ready now? Yes, it's time we ...

- A) went B) would go
 C) will go D) go

116. (v18-280) Not only ... to New York but she also visited many other exciting places in USA.

- A) did she go B) went she
 C) does she go D) she went

117. (v18-281) When did you ... mother to check the homework?

- A) asked B) to ask C) ask D) ask to

118. (v18-282) Choose the correct answer.

Neither the jewels nor the money ... mine.

- A) have been B) is
 C) were D) are

119. (v19/20-108-18) Choose the correct answer.

- I wasn't able to give your note to the lecturer.

- Why? ... to the lecture?

- A) Didn't you go B) Did you gone
 C) Did you go not D) Didn't you go

120. (v19/20-117-9) Choose the correct answer.

How many poems ... Pushkin ...?

- A) had / written B) did / write
 C) has / written D) - / wrote

121. (v19/20-130-9) Choose the correct answer.

Mark ... the letter on the office desk.

- A) lay B) laid C) lied D) lain

46. Past Continuous

1. (96-15-182) Choose the appropriate form of verb.

- We were at the theatre 2 days ago. The performance was excellent.

- Who ... the leading part?

- A) did play B) play
 C) played D) will play E) plays

2. (97-2-20) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

One day the boys found a man in the forest. He ...

- A) will die B) is dying
 C) dies D) was dying E) die

3. (97-7-23) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Yesterday at this time when his hat he ... across the bridge.

- A) blows off / is walking
 B) blew off / had walked
 C) has blown off / is walking
 D) blew off / was walking
 E) had blown off / walks

4. (98-4-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

While he ... to school his elder brother ... from the Institute. His brother is a teacher now.

- A) had gone / graduated
 B) has been gone / will graduate
 C) is going / has been graduating
 D) went / graduated
 E) goes / graduated

5. (98-9-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I visited my sister when she ... in Moscow.

- A) lived B) lives
 C) were lived D) is living
 E) were living

6. (99-3-28) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He met me with the bird in his hand. It ... curiously at me.

- A) looks B) was looking
 C) has been looking D) will look
 E) should look

7. (00-9-34) Choose the right form of the verb.

I am writing a letter to my friend. We met last summer, when we were both ... a holiday on the Black Sea.

- A) spent B) been spending
 C) have spent D) spending
 E) spend

8. (01-1-63) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... a bus because the car ...

- A) shall take / is running
 B) would take / isn't running
 C) take / runs
 D) should take / was running
 E) took / wasn't running

9. (01-7-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

While I ... him around the city, my brother ... his English lesson.

- A) am taking / was having
 B) had taken / had
 C) was taking / was having
 D) took / shall have
 E) shall take / is having

10. (01-11-15) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... the town tonight, so I ... a message for her.

- A) left / left
 B) am leaving / have left
 C) leave / leave
 D) am leaving / had left
 E) am leaving / leaves

11. (03-4-3) Choose the best answer.

It ... hard last night when I ... the office.

- A) was raining / left
 B) will be raining / leave
 C) is raining / leave
 D) was raining / leave
 E) rains / left

12. (03-9-1) Choose the best answer.

He ... at my side in silence but I was aware that he ... at me with great intensity.

- A) had sat / looked
 B) was sitting / was looked
 C) sat / was looking
 D) sits / looks
 E) was sitting / had looked

13. (03-12-55) Choose the best answer.

I'm afraid I didn't hear the doorbell when you rang. I ... in the garden at the time.

- A) was working B) have been working
 C) have worked D) worked
 E) had worked

14. (04-1-163) Choose the best answer.

Dilmurod ... after his sister, while his mother was cooking supper.

- A) was looking B) hare looked
 C) had looked D) is looking
 E) has looked

15. (04-1-169) Choose the correct answer.

- Bob ... a sentence, when you rushed in.
 A) has translated B) was translating
 C) hasn't translated D) was translated
 E) is translating

16. (04-1-326) Choose the best answer.

How long are you staying in this hotel? He asked his friend how long ...

- A) are you staying here
 B) he was staying in that hotel
 C) he is staying here
 D) they are staying here
 E) was he staying there

17. (v4-101-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

As I ... down the street I ... a police car.

- A) was walking / was noticed
 B) will walk / noticed
 C) walk / noticed
 D) walked / was noticing
 E) was walking / noticed

18. (v5-145-6) When I ... TV the telephone rang.

- A) had been watched B) am watching
 C) watch D) was watching
 E) was watched

19. (v8-105-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When Melanie arrived at David's place, he ... on the sofa reading a detective novel. He ... at the second-hand bookshop.

- A) has been lying / bought
 B) had lied / buys
 C) was lying / had bought
 D) lied / has bought

20. (v8-118-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Yesterday while I was attending a sales meeting, Matthew ... on the company's annual report.

- A) has worked B) works
 C) was working D) had been working

21. (v8-118-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What's the name of that song you ... when you were in the bath?

- A) had sung B) had been singing
 C) are singing D) were singing

22. (v8-129-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Did you buy anything at the antiques sale yesterday?

- No, I ... to buy some jewellery, but I ... my credit card at home.

- A) had wanted / left B) wanted / has left
 C) want / have left D) wanted / had left

23. (v9-107-19) Choose the right answer.

I came at two o'clock. He ... the work by that time

- A) had done B) has done
 C) was doing D) has been doing

24. (v9-117-1) Choose the right answer.

The reason for the delay wasn't announced. Passengers ... on a flight from Washington to London had been waiting eight uncomfortable hours for take off.

- A) traveling B) were travelling
 C) travel D) traveled

25. (v12z-128-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We saw a strange object in the sky when we ... home last night.

- A) were driving B) drive
 C) driven D) had been driving

26. (v13-125-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Didn't you meet your wife while you ... in Italy?

- A) lived B) were living
 C) was living D) had lived

27. (v13-134-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I saw Adams, he ... to his next class and didn't have time to talk to me.

- A) was hurrying B) has hurried
 C) had hurried D) hurried

28. (v15-114-12) Choose the right answer.

The sun ... brightly all day on the roof of my attic, and the room was warm.

- A) shone B) was shining
 C) had been shining D) has shone

29. (v15-123-5) Choose the correct answer.

The headmaster entered. The boys ... for him for a quarter of an hour.

- A) had been waiting B) waited
 C) was waiting D) were waiting

30. (v16-108-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

Ann ... the plates while Bob ...

- A) wiped / washed up
 B) has wiped / has washed up
 C) was wiping / was washing up
 D) had wiped / washed up

31. (v17-104-13) Choose the correct answer.

Gloria ... the meal now to know if it needs more salt.

- A) tastes B) has tasted
 C) is tasting D) tasted

32. (v17-104-14) Choose the correct answer.

Alan ... his homework when Sam called him.

- A) did B) has done
 C) was doing D) does

33. (v17-105-17) Choose the right answer.

He ... for a wire, while I ... on a computer.

- A) searched / worked
 B) was searching / was working
 C) searched / was working
 D) was searching / worked

34. (v17-105-19) Choose the correct answer.

We ... quietly when the fire started.

- A) had read B) read
 C) were reading D) had been reading

35. (v17-106-5) Choose the right answer.

Hardly ... the girl ... the program, when the light ...

- A) Has seen / switched off
 B) Had seen / had switched off
 C) Had seen / switched off
 D) Had seen / has switched off

36. (v17-106-7) Choose the right answer.

I ... never ... such beautiful beaches before I ... to Thailand.

- A) Had seen / went
 B) Have seen / went
 C) Saw / went
 D) Had seen / had gone

37. (v17-112-16) Choose the correct answer.

Why ... me just now? I ... a very interesting conversation with Mr. Pitt.

- A) had you interrupted / had
 B) were you interrupting / was having
 C) have you interrupted / had
 D) did you interrupt / was having

38. (v17-113-21) Choose the correct answer.

Who ... the car at the time of the accident.

- A) drove B) had been driving
 C) was driving D) did drive

39. (v17-125-1) Choose the correct answer.

Sammy ... for us as we ... the plane at that very moment.

- A) is waiting / get off
 B) is waiting / got off
 C) was waiting / were getting off
 D) was waiting / get off

40. (v17-129-23) Choose the correct answer.

Mr Wilson ... his presentation while his secretary ... a report.

- A) prepared / had been typing
 B) has typed / has been typing
 C) prepared / was being typed
 D) was preparing / was typing

41. (v18-283) Dan ... dinner when I ...

- A) is cooking / arrived
 B) cooked / am arriving
 C) was cooking / arrived
 D) has been cooking / arrived

42. (v18-284) What ... you ... at the weekend? I tried to ring you several times.

- A) were / doing B) had / been doing
 C) have / did D) have / done

43. (v19-20-101-18) Choose the correct answer.

They ... cards when the light went out.

- A) were playing
 B) are playing
 C) were being playing
 D) were heing play

44. (v19-20-108-13) Choose the correct answer.

What was that notice ...?

- A) were you looking at
 B) you were looking at
 C) at that you were looking
 D) were you looking at it

45. (v19-20-117-10) Choose the correct answer.

The house was in great disorder because he ... it.

- A) redecorates B) was redecorating
 C) was redecorated D) has redecorated

47. Past Perfect

1. (96-8-77) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

The company ... some new equipments before the strike ...

- A) have ordered / begin
 B) had ordered / began
 C) ordered / begins
 D) is ordering / began
 E) will order / had begun

2. (96-13-137) Choose the appropriate verb.

We ... the station by 5 o'clock yesterday.

- A) shall reach B) were reaching
C) had reached D) reached
E) would reach

3. (96-15-184) Choose the appropriate form of verb.

What ... you ... when your father returned?

- A) will / do B) were / doing
C) was / do D) will / be doing
E) were / do

4. (98-6-75) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

It started one day in 949, when a woman from Copenhagen read a letter which a boy ... to Father Christmas. She liked the letter so much that she sat down and ... an answer.

- A) had written / was written
B) has written / writes
C) have written / will write
D) had written / wrote
E) wrote / had been written

5. (98-11-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... already my homework when my mother came.

- A) did B) have done
C) had done D) has done E) do

6. (99-4-30) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

That day when we were in the restaurant each one ... what he ...

- A) receive / orders
B) received / had ordered
C) is receiving / is ordering
D) will receive / would order
E) is received / is ordered

7. (99-5-17) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

In the summer of 1868, Melville Bell ... on a lecture tour in the USA and Canada.

- A) goes B) had gone
C) went D) have gone
E) has gone

8. (99-5-30) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The people next door disappeared 6 months ago. They ... since then.

- A) aren't seen B) haven't been seen
C) weren't seen D) weren't being seen
E) aren't being seen

9. (99-7-45) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I had an unpleasant feeling that I ...

- A) watched
B) was watched
C) have been watched
D) was being watched
E) will be watched

10. (99-8-29) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... never ... to Cambridge, but I once ... Oxford.

- A) did / go / visit
B) have / been / visited
C) have / been / had visited
D) was / visiting / had been visiting
E) will / have gone / don't visit

11. (99-8-30) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He ... even before I ... a finger on him.

- A) screams / was laid
B) screamed / had laid
C) would scream / am laying
D) screams / laid
E) screamed / would lay

12. (00-1-32) Choose the appropriate form of verb.

We ... by the fire and smoking, when there was a ring at the door-bell.

- A) was sitting B) were sitting
C) sits D) sit E) had sat

13. (01-1-34) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

It was clear that he ... something and then he ... for it under the table.

- A) dropped / was looking
B) had dropped / was looking
C) had dropped / looked
D) dropped / is looking
E) has dropped / is looking

14. (01-1-62) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

At night in their cabin she ... to him all she ... before.

- A) was repeating / heard
B) will repeat / hears
C) repeats / will hear
D) has repeated / had heard
E) repeated / had heard

15. (01-5-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

She ... to translate new films to the studio last week.

- A) was invited B) has invited
C) is invited D) have invited
E) had invited

16. (01-7-34) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

We ... a new film before he ...

- A) were shown / comes
B) showed / had come
C) would have been shown / will come
D) had been shown / came
E) were being shown / had come

17. (01-11-9) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The engineer was quite satisfied with the way the young workers ... their task.

- A) begin B) has begun
C) begins D) have begun E) had begun

18. (01-11-43) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

That morning she ... after she ... somebody.

- A) went out / had phoned
B) had gone / phoned
C) went out / phoned
D) had gone / had phoned
E) goes out / phones

19. (02-3-40) Choose the best answer.

Your friend ... for half an hour since she rang you. She is at the bus stop.

- A) had been waiting B) has been waiting
C) will be waking D) was waiting
E) had waited

20. (02-3-51) Choose the best answer.

Hundreds of workers had ... to build the pipeline.

- A) been hiring B) hired C) to be hired
D) hiring E) to be hiring

21. (02-7-86) Choose the best answer.

I'm terribly sorry, but I ... into the back of your car.

- A) crash B) had crashed
C) have crashed D) was crashing
E) have been crashing

22. (02-9-24) Choose the best answer.

After Mr Smith ... his dinner he ... to the company to finish his work.

- A) had / went
B) has / will have gone
C) had had / went
D) has had / will be going
E) will have / will go

23. (02-12-22) Choose the best answer.

By the time I ... from work, my new fridge ...

- A) will return / will be delivered
B) returned / were delivered
C) returned / has been delivered
D) returned / had been delivered
E) have returned / had been delivered

24. (v4-118-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

By last Monday morning a large pile of scrap metal ... by the pupils and ... in the school yard.

- A) will be gathered / heaped
B) would be gathered / heaped
C) was gathered / heaped
D) had been gathered / heaped
E) has been gathered / heaped

25. (v4-121-22) Choose the best answer.

They ... an hour before and were having supper.

- A) was coming B) is coming
C) have come D) had come
E) has come

26. (v4-129-34) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... the station by 8 o'clock yesterday.

- A) had reached B) have reached
C) shall reach D) reaches
E) were reaching

27. (v5-111-18) Choose the best answer.

Her smile was something he ... before.

- A) never saw B) saw
C) has never seen D) did never see
E) had never seen

28. (v5-145-18) Choose the appropriate answer.

He was told that a married couple ... in the house for the last 3 years.

- A) would live B) has lived
C) lived D) would have lived
E) had lived

29. (v5-156-18) Choose the best answer.

She ... out of my sight for some time, so I ... a chance of seeing her yet.

- A) has been / had not
B) has been / haven't had
C) had been / had
D) have been / have not
E) had been / had not

30. (v6-105-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Neither of the girls ... in their papers to the instructors yet.

- A) was turned B) were turning
C) have turned D) had turned

31. (v6-136-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I entered the room, all was quiet. Then I saw that all the pens and pencils ... scattered around the floor.

- A) is B) was
C) has been D) had been

32. (v6-143-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When we saw him he was digging in the garden, and it was obvious that he ... for a long time as he ... a lot.

- A) worked / had done
B) had been working / had done
C) was working / was doing
D) had worked / was doing

33. (v6-156-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In 1971 US President Richard Nixon ... Memorial Day a national holiday to be held on the last Monday in May.

- A) declaring B) declared
C) was declaring D) had declared

34. (v6-156-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Did you repair your car yourself?
– No, I ... it ...

- A) was / repair B) will / repair
C) had / repaired D) has / repaired

35. (v6-160-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We asked the spectators whether they ... such a wonderful show.

- A) have ever been seen
B) had ever been seen
C) had ever seen
D) have ever seen

36. (v7-138-11) The most famous rock group, The Beatles ... ten albums and enjoyed worldwide success.

- A) had recorded B) were recording
C) recorded D) have recorded

37. (v7-167-21) She looked tired. She ... letters all morning.

- A) had been typing B) typed
C) was typing D) had typed

38. (v7-174-14) By the time I came back to my native city several skyscrapers ... built in its centre.

- A) were B) are
C) had been D) have been

39. (v7-180-21) Jane's clothes were wet. She ... her dog.

- A) had been washing B) had washed
C) washed D) was washing

40. (v7-185-21) Alex got Judy ... photos of the new hotel.

- A) have taken B) to take
C) take D) taking

41. (v7-186-13) The official I asked to speak to ... there. He ... abroad on business.

- A) has not been / goes
B) is not / had gone
C) is not / goes
D) was not / had gone

42. (v8-112-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The last time I ... in Athens, the weather was hot and humid.

- A) was B) will have been
C) had been D) am

43. (v8-113-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The phone rang while I was doing the washing up. I ... my bands and answered it.

- A) had wiped B) have wiped
C) wiped D) wipe

44. (v8-113-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ever since Maurice arrived, he ... quietly in the corner. Something must be wrong.

- A) had been sitting B) will have sat
C) has been sitting D) sat

45. (v8-113-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Rachel ... down the stairs when the lights ... out. She almost fell over.

- A) is coming / go B) has come / have gone
C) went / going D) was coming / went

46. (v8-119-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I tried to get her on the phone but she ... already ... as I was told by her mother.

- A) has / left B) had / left
C) – / left D) was / leaving

47. (v8-121-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

By 10 o'clock the children ... their homework and were ready to go to bed.

- A) were doing B) had done
C) do D) did

48. (v8-125-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Yesterday at a restaurant I saw Pam Donnelly, an old friend of mine. I ... her for years. At first I didn't recognize her.

- A) haven't seen B) wasn't seen
C) hadn't seen D) didn't see

49. (v8-126-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tom could hear shouts from the flat next door. His neighbours ... again.

- A) had argued B) have been arguing
C) were arguing D) argued

50. (v8-129-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There's still a problem with the television. Someone ... it, but then it broke down again.

- A) repaired B) was repairing
C) has repaired D) repairs

51. (v8-129-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My friend invited me to lunch yesterday, but I had to refuse the invitation. I ... already ... my sandwiches.

- A) am / eating B) would / eat
C) have / eaten D) had / eaten

52. (v8-130-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

By the time we arrived, the meeting ... We could go home.

- A) has finished B) will finish
C) had finished D) finished

53. (v9-120-1) Choose the right answer.

The legendary Elvis Presley, born in 1935 in America, ... the most successful and influential person in popular music. He died in 1977.

- A) was B) be
C) had been D) has been

54. (v9-122-11) Choose the right answer.

I had been watching the performance for twenty minutes when my friend came. His car ... down on the way to the theatre.

- A) broke B) has broken
C) was breaking D) had broken

55. (v9-125-14) Choose the right answer.

"That's why I didn't take it". He explained to me why he ... it.

- A) wasn't taken B) hasn't taken
C) hadn't taken D) didn't take

56. (v10-103-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I am terribly sorry, Mr Brown, but I ... into the back of your car.

- A) had crashed B) crash
C) have crashed D) crashing

57. (v10-113-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I saw three advertisements about various kinds of jobs going. I ... to work as a salesman in the shop.

- A) shall decide B) decided
C) decides D) had decided

58. (v10-120-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Her smile was something he ... before.

- A) had never seen B) did never see
C) has never seen D) never saw

59. (v10-126-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Before the Princess arrived at the shipyard police dogs ... to make sure there were no bombs hidden there.

- A) have been used B) have used
C) had been used D) used

60. (v10-129-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He continued his journey after he ... the flat tyre but he couldn't win the race.

- A) had changed B) had been changing
C) changed D) would change

61. (v11-137-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I arrived, the lecturer ... her lecture. Actually, it was almost the middle of the lecture, so I found it difficult to follow what he was talking about.

- A) was starting B) had started
C) had been starting D) started

62. (v11-146-14) We went to the station to catch a train last Friday, but we were too late.

- The train ...
A) used to leave B) has left
C) had left D) left

63. (v12z-102-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm afraid I didn't hear the doorbell when you rang. I ... in the garden at the time.

- A) worked B) have been working
C) was working D) have worked

64. (v12z-104-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John and I went for a walk. I had difficulty keeping up with him because he ... so fast.

- A) have been walking B) was walking
C) had walked D) is walking

65. (v12z-109-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They were driving to the airport when they suddenly remembered that they ... off the central heating.

- A) didn't turn B) weren't turning
C) haven't turned D) hadn't turned

66. (v12z-114-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I didn't quite appreciate the opera we saw last week as I ... to the opera before.

- A) didn't go B) haven't been
C) hadn't been D) wasn't going

67. (v12z-115-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Ever since the big super markets opened in town, there ... a single baker in the village.
A) wasn't B) hasn't been
C) weren't D) isn't

68. (v12z-123-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Jane's clothes were wet. She ... her dog.
A) bad been washing B) had washed
C) washed D) was washing

69. (v12z-125-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It was raining in the morning and it ... the whole night.
A) is raining B) has been raining
C) had been raining D) had rained

70. (v12c-133-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When he saw the crowd, he regretted that he ... his ticket earlier.

- A) had bought B) have bought
C) hasn't bought D) hadn't bought

71. (v12c-134-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I'm afraid I didn't hear the doorbell when you rang. I ... in the garden at the time.
A) worked B) have been working
C) was working D) have worked

72. (v12c-135-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Before a vaccine was developed, thousands of people ... by polio every year.
A) were struck B) strike
C) struck D) are struck

73. (v12c-136-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The Johnsons' house burned down. According to the inspector, the fire ... by lightning.
A) was caused B) was being caused
C) had caused D) caused

74. (v12c-139-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We were going for three-week-long camping. Fortunately, we ... to buy our tickets in advance.

- A) decided B) had decided
C) have decided D) had been decided

75. (v12c-144-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Harriet: I see you've got some new neighbors. Tom: Yes, a young couple ... in last month.
A) had moved B) have moved
C) has moved D) moved

76. (v12c-151-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. While the woman was out the postman ... a letter for her.
A) had brought B) brought
C) brings D) bring

77. (v12c-152-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He could see that the bed was empty, and that it ... in.
A) had slept B) wasn't sleeping
C) hadn't been slept D) wasn't slept

78. (v12c-152-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jane's clothes were wet. She ... her dog.
A) had washed B) washed
C) had been washing D) was washing

79. (v12c-154-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When she was sixteen, she ... the University.
A) entered B) had entered
C) will enter D) has entered

80. (v12c-154-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. After we ... it on the phone, I wrote him a letter giving the details.
A) are discussing B) had been discussing
C) had discussed D) discussing

81. (v12c-155-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It was my fault. We ... at seven, but I wasn't able to come in time.
A) were to meet B) must meet
C) can meet D) had to meet

82. (v12c-160-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. This time tomorrow, with any luck, we ... through France, enjoying the first day of our holiday.

- A) shall be driving B) drive
C) shall drive D) shall have driven

83. (v13-112-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He turned the door handle and pulled sharply, but the door didn't open. Somebody ... from inside.
A) was locked B) locked
C) had locked D) locks

84. (v13-112-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Until last week I never ... motorbike before.
A) rides B) rode
C) was riding D) had ridden

85. (v13-114-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Robin reached to the floor and picked up his glasses, but they were broken. He ... on them.
A) had stepped B) stepped
C) was stepping D) has stepped

86. (v13-120-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Everybody was laughing merrily while Harris ... them a funny story.
A) was telling B) had told
C) told D) had been telling

87. (v13-125-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Dinosaurs were the largest animals ever to live on earth, and they ... the Earth for a very long period of time.
A) were ruling B) had been ruled
C) had been ruling D) ruled

88. (v13-136-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It wasn't raining when I left my office in the evening, but the ground was wet. It ... all day.
A) was raining B) had been rained
C) rained D) had been raining

89. (v13-168-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He turned the door handle and pulled sharply, but the door didn't open. Somebody ... from inside.

- A) locked B) had locked
C) locks D) was locked

90. (v14-101-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. By 1900 Queen Victoria ... for more than 50 years.
A) reigned B) had reigned
C) had been reigned D) had been reigning

91. (v14-104-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I'm sorry I didn't hear the doorbell when you rang. I ... in the garden at the time.
A) was working B) have worked
C) worked D) have been working

92. (v14-109-10) When John phoned, he sounded like he ... quite a shock
A) had been having B) have
C) had had D) would have

93. (v14-110-6) When I arrived, the lecture ... So, I didn't find it easy to follow.
A) have started B) had started
C) had been starting D) started

94. (v14-112-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Ppof. Jones left home a week ago and since then.
A) hasn't been seen B) wasn't seen
C) hasn't seen D) hadn't been seen

95. (v14-114-23) Last year I represented my school at badminton and I ... in football team since I was eleven.
A) have played B) had played
C) was playing D) played

96. (v15-102-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I ... when Tony asked me to make him a cup of tea.

- A) had hardly sat down
B) had sat hard down
C) had hard sat down
D) would sit down hardly

97. (v15-108-22) Choose the correct answer. No sooner ... down than the phone rang.
A) was I sitting B) I had sat
C) had I sat D) have I sat

98. (v15-112-9) Choose the correct answer. I ... smoking because I became breathless just walking stairs.
A) had to be stopped B) had been stopped
C) had to stop D) had stopped

99. (v15-116-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He wouldn't speak English so fluently now if he ... in America as an exchange student.
A) hadn't studied B) didn't study
C) will study D) study

100. (v15-118-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. My sister is still in the kitchen. She ... all morning.
A) cooked B) had cooked
C) has been cooking D) is cooking

101. (v15-131-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When John phoned, he sounded like he ... quite a shock.
A) had had B) would have
C) has had D) had been having

102. (v16-102-3) Choose the right answer.

The police ... a full-scale probe into the claims the the businessman ... all the money.
 A) launched / had stolen
 B) launched / stole
 C) had launched / had stolen
 D) had launched / stole

103. (v16-103-14) Choose the best answer.

She felt terrible during the interview because she ... from flu since the previous day.
 A) have been suffering B) was suffering
 C) had been suffering D) suffered

104. (v16-106-11) Choose the best answer.

Michael ... a terrible quarrel with his brother last night.
 They ... for two hours.
 A) had / had been quarrelling
 B) were having / were quarrelling
 C) have / have been quarrelling
 D) have had / quarrelled

105. (v16-108-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentences

We ... to this house in 1979. My granddad ... it 2 years before this.
 A) had moved / built
 B) moved / built
 C) moved / had built
 D) had moved / had built

106. (v16-109-11) Choose the best answer.

Selina did extensive research for her paper. It ... her several weeks.
 A) had taken B) has taken
 C) took D) had been taking

107. (v16-112-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

By the time she had finished doing her homework, it ... dark outside.
 A) is B) had been C) was D) was being

108. (v16-112-12) Choose the best answer.

My brother ... in the army for ten years before he went to work at the factory.
 A) had been serving B) has been serving
 C) was serving D) is serving

109. (v16-113-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When we arrived at our destination the sun ... in and a cold wind was blowing
 A) go B) has gone C) went D) had gone

110. (v17-107-7) Choose the correct answer.

When it was 1 p.m. I ... for our boss for 4 hours.
 A) had been waiting B) had waited
 C) was waiting D) waited

111. (v17-107-12) Choose the correct answer.

Liam started to work, after he ... school.
 A) finished B) had finished
 C) has finished D) finishes

112. (v17-108-20) Choose the right answer.

The song ... before they ...
 A) was written / paid
 B) had written / had paid
 C) was written / was paid
 D) had been written / paid

113. (v17-108-22) Choose the right answer.

Children ... the window before she ...
 A) broke / came
 B) had broken / had come
 C) had broken / came
 D) broke / had come

114. (v17-112-2) Choose the correct answer.

Last year, I experienced how tedious long plane trips could be. I ... in an airplane for fairly long distances before that, but never as long as when I went to Geneva last April.
 A) have not flown B) didn't fly
 C) hadn't flown D) had flown

115. (v17-113-8) Choose the correct answer.

The babysitter ... after four children until their parents ... to hire one more to help her.
 A) had been looking / had decided
 B) has looked / decided
 C) was looking / have decided
 D) had been looking / decided

116. (v17-123-23) Choose the correct answer.

It seemed as though he ... it long ago.
 A) had known B) was known
 C) has known D) known

117. (v17-127-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

After they arrived at work, they discovered that they ... their files at home.
 A) have left B) was leaving
 C) left D) had left

118. (v17-129-1) Choose the correct answer.

My boss was in panic. His documents ...
 A) have disappeared B) had disappeared
 C) were disappearing D) disappeared

119. (v18-285) I was late. The teacher ... a test when I ... to class.

A) has already given / got
 B) had already given / got
 C) has already given / get
 D) was already giving / get

120. (v18-286) I ... visited her in Rome twice before she came to visit me.

A) had B) was
 C) have D) had been

121. (v18-287) Ann was Sue's best friend.

She ... her all her life.
 A) had known B) knew
 C) had been knowing D) have known

122. (v18-288) ... before the accident?

A) Had he been drinking
 B) He had been drinking
 C) Have he drank
 D) Has he been drinking

123. (v18-289) The TV news used photographs that one of the witnesses ... with her phone.

A) had been taken B) took
 C) had taken D) was taking

124. (v18-290) When Ali arrived at the airport, Peter ...

A) already left
 B) have already left
 C) had already left
 D) has already left

125. (v18-291) Choose the correct answer.

It ... heavily since I got up this morning.
 A) rains B) had been raining
 C) rained D) has been raining

126. (v19/20-101-3) Choose the correct answer.

After John ... in Peru for some time, he went to Brazil.

A) has been staying
 B) will have been staying
 C) was staying
 D) had stayed

127. (v19/20-104-7) Choose the correct answer.

By the time we reached the store, he ... half the stock.
 A) bought B) had bought
 C) had been buying D) was buying

128. (v19/20-104-9) Choose the correct answer

We were all surprised when Sofia and Alex got married last month They ... each other only for a few days
 A) have known
 B) had known
 C) had been knowing
 D) have been knowing

129. (v19/20-116-9) Choose the correct answer.

I ... my leather gloves, I ... them when I came to work this morning.
 A) have lost / had
 B) lost / have had
 C) have lost / have had
 D) lost / had

130. (v19/20-123-1) Choose the correct answer.

I can't believe how late we are! By the time we ... to the dinner, they ... eating.
 A) have got / will eat
 B) get / are going to eat
 C) get / will have finished
 D) got / had eaten

131. (v19/20-125-18) Choose the correct answer.

Sam was upset because Judy ... to the party.
 A) will come B) hadn't come
 C) hasn't come D) comes

48. Future Simple / to be going to / Present Continuous as a future**1. (96-1-23) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.**

Basil ... into the army next year.
 A) was going B) goes C) will go
 D) would go E) went

2. (96-8-76) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

I ... an exercise now but I ... it in some minutes.
 A) write / finished
 B) writes / will finish
 C) wrote / is finishing
 D) am writing / shall finish
 E) have written / had finished

3. (96-9-74) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I think I ... a cassette recorder and use it in class.
 A) buy B) am buying C) shall buy
 D) would buy E) bought

4. (97-1-20) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

What's happened to your hair? Your mother ... this.
 A) didn't like B) liked C) likes
 D) would like E) won't like

5. (97-3-19) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

What ... you ...? I ... a letter.

- A) are doing / am writing
B) have done / am writing
C) did / write
D) have done / am writing
E) has done / wrote

6. (97-3-75) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Who ... for a walk tomorrow?

- A) go B) will go C) didn't go
D) doesn't go E) went

7. (97-5-26) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... to start a new life tomorrow.

- A) was going B) am going
C) shall go D) is going
E) were going

8. (98-11-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

All the children ... on an excursion next week.

- A) go B) went C) have gone
D) will go E) has gone

9. (99-2-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

She promised her friends she ... and ... them the next day.

- A) had come / had seen B) will come / see
C) would come / see D) comes / sees
E) came / saw

10. (00-7-26) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

This time tomorrow I ... free of all my obligations.

- A) was B) would be
C) shall be D) is E) have been

11. (01-4-68) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... a friend tomorrow. He ... for the weekend.

- A) shall meet / will come
B) meet / comes
C) shall meet / has comes
D) meets / is coming
E) shall have met / is going to come

12. (01-11-16) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... about it when you are less excited. OK?

- A) shall talk B) talk
C) talks D) are talking
E) talked

13. (03-1-20) Choose the best answer.

Don't hurry! They ... for us until we ... our work and then we ... to the park.

- A) will wait / shall finish / shall go
B) wait / shall finish / go
C) waited / finished / went
D) will wait / finish / shall go
E) are waiting / finish / go

14. (03-5-23) Choose the best answer.

As a matter of fact, I ... for your brother for over a week.

- A) look B) am looking
C) am looked D) shall be looking
E) have been looking

15. (03-12-29) Choose the best answer.

I'll start cooking after I ... a rest.

- A) have had B) will have
C) had had D) am having
E) hadn't had

16. (04-1-354) Choose the right answer.

... a lot of fish, if it doesn't rain?

- A) There will be B) Will there be
C) Will it be D) There has been
E) It will be

17. (v4-113-6) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Hurry up or we ... late for the game.

- A) have been B) will not be
C) were D) shall be
E) is

18. (v5-106-18) Choose the right form of the verb.

... your friend arrive on Monday?

- A) do B) is C) will
D) won't E) shall

19. (v5-151-24) Choose the appropriate variant. "What ... you ... tonight?" "I don't know yet".

- A) are doing B) did
C) am doing D) have done
E) is doing

20. (v5-157-6) Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb.

This concert ... to be conducted by Zubin Meta.

- A) seem B) goes C) is going
D) wanted E) will

21. (v5-158-3) Choose the right antonym of the underlined word.

The farmers have so many vegetables that they ... some.

- A) will buy B) give C) buy
D) take E) bought

22. (v6-121-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don is sitting an exam tomorrow morning.

As he hasn't prepared for the exam and because he is not that intelligent, he ...

- A) is going to fail B) has passed
C) has to fall D) will get through

23. (v6-135-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I ... to have dinner with you now. I'm busy preparing a report for work.

- A) have not been able
B) was not able
C) had not been able
D) am not able

24. (v8-119-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– What ... this time next year?

– I ... my teacher training course by then and will be teaching at school.

- A) will you be doing / will have finished
B) are you doing / am finishing
C) will you be doing / will finish
D) have you done / will be finishing

25. (v9-103-9) Choose the right answer.

When the new road is built, I ... drive to work in under half an hour, but that is not going to be till next summer.

- A) am able to B) will be able to
C) should D) must

26. (v9-104-9) Choose the right answer.

Shall I take your letters to the post office? I ... there anyway.

- A) have gone B) went
C) will be going D) am gone

27. (v9-105-6) Choose the right answer.

The fortune-teller predicted that I ... a scientist.

- A) would marry B) marry
C) married D) will marry

28. (v9-113-12) Choose the right answer.

I can't come tonight. I ... my in-laws.

- A) will visit B) am visiting
C) visit D) visited

29. (v9-119-18) Choose the right answer.

The traffic is so heavy today? I doubt if they ... on time.

- A) have been B) were
C) are D) will be

30. (v9-126-11) Choose the right answer.

I am not sure when I ... on holiday this year.

But I really need a rest.

- A) will go B) go
C) am going D) have gone

31. (v9-128-3) Choose the right answer.

I expect you will have been in Calcutta for a week or so by the time you ... this letter.

I hope you will get used to the place.

- A) get B) has got
C) will get D) got

32. (v10-103-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Did you post those letters?

– No, I forgot. I ... them this afternoon.

- A) is going to post B) will post
C) am posted D) past

33. (v10-123-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– I haven't got any transport.

– Don't worry. We ... you a lift.

- A) have given B) will give
C) are giving D) has giving

34. (v12-103-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sit down and fasten your seat belt. We ... in a few minutes.

- A) takes off B) have taken off
C) took off D) are taking off

35. (v12z-115-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We are so glad to have had you at our place

I hope you to see us again

- A) will come B) are coming
C) have come D) come

36. (v12c-111-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I must get back to the office. We ... on a new project.

- A) will work B) work
C) are working D) worked

37. (v12c-147-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John and Mary are going to get married. The wedding party ... next Sunday.

- A) took place B) would take place
C) is taking place D) has taken place

38. (v12c-153-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Next week when there ... a full moon, the ocean tides will be higher.

- A) will have been B) will be
C) is D) is being

39. (v13-118-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Look! There is a man leaning against the wall. He looks like he ... faint!

- A) will B) can
C) is going to D) would

40. (v13-119-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Scientists say that the satellite ... to Earth some time this afternoon.

- A) would fall B) had fallen
C) falls D) is going to fall

41. (v13-135-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The concert of the famous composer ... at seven tonight.

- A) begins B) begin
C) is beginning D) will begin

42. (v13-140-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It has been snowing since morning and I'm afraid it ... by Friday.

- A) won't have stopped
B) doesn't stop
C) won't stop
D) will not be stopping

43. (v14-113-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Asian finance ministers ... in Seoul on Friday.

- A) be meeting B) will meet
C) has met D) are meeting

44. (v15-128-2) Choose the correct answer.

He took me for his housemaid. How surprised he'll be when he ... out who I am!

- A) founds B) finds
C) will find D) shall find

45. (v16-115-1) Choose the right answer.

Don is sitting an exam tomorrow morning. As he hasn't prepared for the exam and because he is not that intelligent, he ...

- A) is going to fail B) has passed
C) has to fail D) will get through

46. (v17-108-11) Choose the correct answer.

Look at the clouds! It ... rain soon.

- A) rains B) will raining
C) is going to D) has rained

47. (v17-108-13) Choose the correct answer.

'Sam is in hospital.' 'Oh really? I did not know. I ... visit him this evening'

- A) am going to B) will
C) - D) plan to

48. (v17-109-17) Choose the right answer.

We ... to play tennis tonight.

- A) are planning B) plan
C) are going to plan D) go to

49. (v17-109-20) Choose the right answer.

They ... in the conference today.

- A) Will participate B) Participate
C) Are participating D) Has participated

50. (v17-117-23) Choose the best answer.

I was going ... your book today but left it at home.

- A) returning B) returned
C) return D) to return

51. (v17-123-15) Choose the correct answer.

The professor wishes I ... harder.

- A) had studied B) were studied
C) studied D) have been studying

52. (v17-124-7) Choose the correct answer.

Next September it ... 15 years since I ... preparing pre-service teachers for their careers.

- A) would be / had started
B) will be / started
C) will have been / had been starting
D) has been / am starting

53. (v18-292) Sorry, I ... late tomorrow.

- A) will be B) will have been
C) will D) -

54. (v18-293) At lunch time tomorrow I ... at home.

- A) won't be B) will not have been
C) Will be D) will

55. (v18-294) When ... you ... your diet?

- A) will / finish B) will / be finished
C) does / finish D) does / be finished

56. (v18-295) You look terrible! ... you ... sick?

- A) Will / be B) Are / going to be
C) Are / being D) Will / is being

57. (v18-296) I ... to the Germany next week.

- A) go B) went
C) going D) am going

58. (v18-297) I ... some old friends this week.

- A) visit B) visited
C) visiting D) am visiting

59. (v18-298) I ... a meeting with the manager tomorrow at 6.30.

- A) have B) having
C) will have D) am having

60. (v18-299) - You can have it for 10\$.

- OK, I ... buy it.

- A) will B) am going to
C) might D) -

61. (v18-300) - Smoking is bad for your health.

- I know. I ... it up.

- A) am going to give B) am giving
C) will give D) giving

62. (v18-301) - What ... on Sunday evening?

- I ... dinner with my parents.

- A) do you do / have
B) are you doing / am having
C) will you do / will have
D) do you do / will have

63. (v18-302) It's windy and the sky is dark. It ...

- A) will rain B) will be raining
C) can be raining D) is going to rain

64. (v18-303) Congratulations on winning the lottery! What ... with the money?

- A) are you doing B) are you going to do
C) will you do D) will you doing

65. (v18-304) - I don't know how to use this gadget.

- It's really easy. I ... you.

- A) show B) am going to show
C) will show D) will showing

66. (v18-305) - Would you like a glass of wine?

- No, thank you. I'm driving. I ... a coffee.

- A) have B) will have
C) am having D) having

67. (v18-306) Choose the correct answer.

They say this book ... next year.

- A) will publish B) is publishing
C) was published D) will be published

68. (v18-307) Choose the correct answer.

By next April John ... Spanish for 3 years.

- A) will learn
B) is learning
C) had been learning
D) will have been learning

69. (v18-308) Choose the correct answer.

What is Mike going to do after he ... school?

- A) will have finished B) had finished
C) will finish D) finishes

70. (v19/20-109-14) Choose the correct answer.

Has she typed all the documents yet? - No, she ... it tomorrow.

- A) knishes B) has finished
C) is knishing D) will finish

71. (v19/20-114-11) Choose the correct answer.

Barno ... with her friend Ruth for a few days.

- A) is staying B) was staying
C) have stayed D) stays

72. (v19/20-114-13) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... the university in case he fails he will travel around the world.

- A) is going to enter B) will enter
C) is entering D) entered

73. (v19/20-126-9) Choose the correct answer.

I'm going to listen to this tape as I ... on the motorway tomorrow.

- A) travelling B) will be travelling
C) am travelling D) will travel

49. Future Continuous

1. (97-9-83) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

They ... their English exam at this time tomorrow.

- A) will take B) will be taking
C) would take D) is taking
E) take

2. (98-11-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When I ... school I ... the University.

- A) shall finish / shall enter
B) finish / enter
C) shall finish / enter
D) finish / shall enter
E) finish / entered

3. (v4-125-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

They ... dinner at this time tomorrow.

- A) have B) will be having
C) had D) having had
E) are having

4. (v4-127-13) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

What ... you ... at 6 tomorrow?

- A) will / be doing B) will / have done
C) will / do D) is / doing
E) was / doing

5. (v7-174-21) This time next week we ... on the beach at Cancun.

- A) lied B) will be lying
C) will lie D) would lie

6. (v15-101-15) Choose the correct answer.

By analyzing historical and current data, meteorologists can predict the number of hurricanes that ... in the Caribbean in any given year.

- A) are appearing B) would appear
C) will have appeared D) will appear

7. (v15-112-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

By the end of this week we ... over £ 800 for the children's charity.

- A) will raise B) raise
C) will have raised D) will be raising

8. (v16-109-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

After a minor surgery you ... beautiful this time next year.

- A) will be looking B) are looking
C) will look D) will have been looking

9. (v17-109-10) Choose the correct answer.

We ... our suitcases this time tomorrow.

- A) will pack B) will be packing
C) pack D) will be packed

10. (v17-109-11) Choose the correct answer.

By the end of this century, people ... to the moon regularly.

- A) will fly B) will have been flying
C) will be flying D) going to fly

11. (v18-309) I ... on my thesis for the next year.

- A) will work B) will be working
C) am working D) being work

12. (v18-310) Don't phone me between 8 and 9. I ... a video conference then.

- A) will have B) will be having
C) have D) having

13. (v18-311) This week we ... ready for the upcoming holidays.

- A) get B) will get
C) are getting D) will be getting

14. (v19/20-107-4) Choose the correct answer.

Our father ... while we ... in the river next Sunday.

- A) will be fishing / will be swimming
B) will be fishing / are swimming
C) has been fished / are swimming
D) fished / swam

50. Future Perfect

1. (99-10-30) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

By the end of the first term we ... many English books.

- A) shall be read B) read
C) shall have read D) have read
E) shall read

2. (00-5-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... all my work by this time tomorrow.

- A) shall do B) do
C) have done D) shall have done
E) have been doing

3. (01-2-21) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

How slow you are! Hurry up!

By the time we ... to the airport the plane ...

- A) shall get / will take off
B) have got / takes off
C) get / will have taken off
D) got / would have taken off
E) shall get / takes off

4. (01-3-14) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The results of the exams ... tomorrow morning at 10.

- A) will announce
B) will have been announced

- C) will be announced
D) have been announced
E) are being announced

5. (02-10-61) Choose the best answer.

By the time we ... there, all the tickets ... out. Let's hurry up!

- A) got / are being sold
B) shall get / were sold
C) should get / had sold
D) had got / will be sold
E) get / will have been sold

6. (04-1-207) Choose the best answer.

For three years by next week my daughters ... extra classes after school.

They are going to enter the Institute.

- A) are having B) have been having
C) had been having D) will have had
E) will have

7. (v4-116-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

We ... many English books by the end of the next term.

- A) shall have read B) shall read
C) shall be read D) have read
E) read

8. (v4-123-34) Choose the best answer.

They ... at the project for two years by September.

- A) are working B) have been working
C) will have worked D) had been working
E) will work

9. (v4-126-33) Choose the best answer.

The girls are good swimmers. They ... for four years by June.

- A) will have swum
B) had been swimming
C) have been swimming
D) will swim
E) has been swimming

10. (v4-128-33) Choose the best answer.

His father ... at the Ministry of Justice for three years by next June.

- A) has been working
B) had been working
C) is working
D) have been working
E) will have worked

11. (v11-147-18) By the time Jane leaves her work today, she ... the budget report.

- A) has finished B) will finish
C) finishes D) will have finished

12. (v12c-150-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll have much more time next week because I ... all my exams by then.

- A) shall have done B) shall do
C) have done D) shall be doing

13. (v12c-159-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

— How ... did you stay in the USA?

— Just a couple of weeks.

- A) many B) much C) often D) long

14. (v14-102-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because I ... all my exams by then, I'll have much more time next week.

- A) shall be doing B) shall have done
C) shall do D) have done

15. (v14-104-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

By April, they ... this car for five years.

- A) have had B) will be having
C) will have had D) will have

16. (v15-129-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She'll call in and see you tomorrow afternoon. She ... your house. It's on her way home from work.

- A) will have passed B) had passed
C) will be passing D) was passing

17. (v17-101-16) Choose the correct answer.

By the end of this year, we ... the construction of the new buildings.

- A) will have projected
B) will project
C) have projected
D) will have been projected

18. (v17-108-16) Choose the right answer.

Next month I ... Derek for 20 years.

- A) will have known
B) know
C) am knowing
D) will have been knowing

19. (v17-110-14) Choose the correct answer.

By next month Eric ... on this project for 2 years.

- A) will be working
B) will work
C) will have been working
D) would be working

20. (v17-110-24) Choose the correct answer.

By this time next month, Alan ... his research.

- A) will have completed
B) will be completed
C) is completing
D) completes

21. (v17-117-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A new construction is being built in our town. They will ... it by the end of the year.

- A) be completed B) have been completed
C) have completed D) complete

22. (v18-312) By the time you get home, I ... dinner.

- A) will make B) make
C) will be make D) will have made

23. (v18-313) By this time next week Jill ...

- A) left B) will be left
C) will leave D) will have left

24. (v18-314) Will you ... the work by Friday?

- A) have completed B) has completed
C) had complete D) complete

25. (v18-315) He is going on a world tour next year. By December he will ... seven countries.

- A) be visit B) visited
C) visit D) have visited

26. (v18-316) We will ... in Paris for five years next week.

- A) have been B) be
C) had been D) been

27. (v18-317) ... Mr. Brown ... all the necessary documents by next week?

- A) will / have prepared B) will / be prepare
C) will have / prepared D) will / prepare

28. (v18-318) By what time will the support team ... all the e-mails tomorrow?

- A) have answered B) answer
C) had answered D) answered

29. (v18-319) I ... the tickets by Sunday.

- A) will buy B) buy
C) will be buy D) will have bought

30. (v18-320) You don't need to make dinner. When I get home, I will ...

- A) had already ate
B) already have eaten
C) have already eaten
D) eaten

31. (v18-321) The movie starts at six o'clock. It ... by eight.

- A) will have finished B) will finish
C) finish D) will finished

32. (v18-322) When you come to class next time, ... you ... this grammar?

- A) will / memorize
B) will / have been memorized
C) will be / memorize
D) will / have memorized

33. (v18-323) Tomorrow is Yulia's birthday. So by tomorrow ... dinner the whole afternoon.

- A) her mom will have been cooking
B) her mom will have been cooked
C) her mom will have be cooking
D) her mom will have be cooked

34. (v18-324) By 2020 ... medicine for 5 years.

- A) Matt shall have been studying
B) Matt will has studied
C) Matt will have been studying
D) Matt shall had been studying

35. (v18-325) The party will start at 8 pm, so by midnight ... for 4 hours.

- A) we will have dancing
B) we will be dancing
C) we will have been dancing
D) we will have been danced

36. (v18-326) By this time tomorrow ... for more than 12 hours.

- A) Jamie will been sleep
B) Jamie will have been sleeping
C) Jamie will been sleeping
D) Jamie will have been slept

37. (v18-327) Next year ... for 10 years!

- A) I will married
B) I will have married
C) I will have been married
D) I will have being married

38. (v18-328) Hurry up, by the time we arrive at the cinema, ...

- A) the film will already started
B) the film will have already been starting
C) the film will have already started
D) the film will already had started

39. (v18-329) Maria is going to visit us at 10 pm this evening. ... the children ... to bed when she arrives?

- A) Will / have gone B) Will / has gone
C) Will / had gone D) Will have / gone

40. (v18-330) By the end of our holidays ... all our money.

- A) we will have been spending
B) we will had been spent
C) we will have been spent
D) we will have spent

41. (v18-331) ... I ... for your parents at the airport when they arrive?

- A) Shall / have been waiting
B) Shall have / been waiting
C) Shall had / been waiting
D) Shall / have been waited

42. (v18-332) Unfortunately ... all these books by the exam time.

- A) I won't have been reading
B) I won't had been reading
C) I won't have read
D) I won't have readed

43. (v18-333) much effort before you can reach the goal.

- A) You shall have made
B) You will have been made
C) You will make
D) You will have been making

44. (v18-334) By 2020 Angelina ... in the USA long enough to participate in the elections.

- A) Angelina will live
B) Angelina will have living
C) Angelina will have been lived
D) Angelina will have been living

45. (v18-335) you ... these articles by Monday?

- A) will have / translated
B) will have it / be translated
C) will / have translated
D) will / have been translated

46. (v18-336) Nadia will be very tired tomorrow. By that time ... for 7 hours.

- A) she will have been driving
B) she will have been driven
C) she will drive
D) she will have driven

47. (v19/20-113-10) Choose the correct answer

Kevin ... at the university for more than a year by the time he leaves for Japan

- A) will teach B) will be teaching
C) will taught D) will have been teaching

51. Used to

1. (01-2-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Excuse me. I can't give you my computer now. It

- A) uses B) is used
C) is being used D) has been used
E) will use

2. (v8-128-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sarah finds her mobile phone very useful. She ... it all the time.

- A) was using B) has used
C) uses D) used

3. (v9-109-14) Choose the right answer.

Life was hard when I was young. In those days we didn't use ... electricity.

- A) to have B) having
C) to having D) have

4. (v12c-133-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He drove with one hand and used ... to draw diagrams in the air.

- A) others B) another
C) other D) the other

5. (v12c-145-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When Hans was just a kid he ... people embarrassing questions.

- A) used asking B) was used to ask
C) used to asking D) used to ask

6. (v13-120-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm finally used ... on an electric stove after having a gas one for a long time.

- A) to cooking B) to cook
C) cooked D) cooking

7. (v13-134-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nancy used ... a bike to work, but now she drives.

- A) ride B) riding
C) to ride D) to be ridden

8. (v15-109-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm used to ... a big breakfast. I think, it is the most important meal of the day.

- A) have B) had
C) have had D) having

9. (v16-111-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The shop in the middle of our village is a supermarket now, but it ... a cinema.

- A) was used being B) used to being
C) used to be D) was used to be

10. (v16-124-9) I ... in the lake every summer, when I was a child, but now I don't.

- A) was used to swim
B) used to swimming
C) got used to swimming
D) used to swim

11. (v17-111-4) Choose the correct answer.

My sister ... play the violin when she was young, but she gave it up.

- A) would B) was used to
C) used to D) would to

12. (v17-111-17) Choose the correct answer.

Years ago, The Edison ... have hundreds of ... in their farm.

- A) used to / geoses B) could / geoses
C) could / geese D) used to / geese

13. (v18-337) Do you remember when Mum and Dad ... take us camping and it ... always rain?

- A) - / used to B) are used to / will
C) used to / would D) - / should be

14. (v18-338) Do you smoke? Not now, but I

- A) use to B) am used to
C) was used D) used to

15. (v18-339) My aunt ... living alone so she finds the house very quiet.

- A) didn't use to B) used to
C) is used to D) isn't used to

16. (v18-340) Do you remember when Mum and Dad ... take us camping and it ... always rain?

- A) are / -
B) - / used to
C) are used to / will
D) used to / would

17. (v19/20-101-14) Choose the correct answer.

That's the hotel where we used to ...

- A) stay B) staying in
C) stay in it D) stayed

18. (v19/20-124-8) Choose the appropriate verb

- She ... dancing when she has moved
 A) used to B) gets / is used to
 C) was used to D) had been used to

52. Present Passive voice

1. (96-13-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs in Passive Voice.

- The doctor ... just ... for.
 A) is / sent B) was / sent
 C) has / sent D) has / been sent
 E) will / be sent

2. (97-3-81) Choose the appropriate form of Passive Voice.

- The Remembrance Day and the Veteran day ... on the 11th of November every year.
 A) celebrated B) are celebrated
 C) will be celebrated D) was celebrated
 E) is celebrated

3. (97-9-29) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

- This story ... to everybody as the name of the first space pioneer ... in the heart of people all over the world.
 A) knows / lives B) knew / lived
 C) is known / is lived D) is known / lives
 E) knows / is lived

4. (98-7-9) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

- Everybody ... at what ...
 A) was surprised / has happened
 B) was surprised / had happened
 C) is surprised / happen
 D) surprise / happen
 E) will be surprised / happened

5. (98-8-29) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- Many magnificent palaces and museums ... in our city lately.
 A) have built B) has built
 C) has been built D) have been built
 E) were built

6. (99-9-27) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- Don't touch the door, it ... just ...
 A) is being painted B) has been painted
 C) is painted D) will be painted
 E) would be painted

7. (00-4-9) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- Soccer ... by millions of people all over the world.
 A) played B) is played
 C) is playing D) are played E) plays

8. (00-7-53) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- The whole house ... over to the grown up world.
 A) had been turning B) will have been turn
 C) was turned D) has turned
 E) was been turning

9. (00-10-16) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- Much damage ... to the town by the fire.
 A) are caused B) will cause
 C) were caused D) has been caused
 E) has caused

10. (01-11-2) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- When cars ... invented, it ... soon found that better roads ... needed.

- A) were / is / will be B) are / will be / is
 C) were / are / were D) were / was / were
 E) was / was / were

11. (02-7-29) Choose the best answer.

- Foxes and deer are almost the only wild animals that can ... in England.
 A) be hunted B) to be hunted
 C) be hunting D) hunt
 E) to hunt

12. (03-4-27) Choose the best answer.

- He is not sure that it can ..., but he is willing ...
 A) be done / to try B) to be done / try
 C) did / tried D) done / have tried
 E) be done / try

13. (04-1-228) Choose the right form of the verb.

- More than 20 000 things ... in the Amir Ternur Museum.
 A) is exhibited B) was exhibited
 C) exhibit D) are exhibited
 E) are exhibiting

14. (04-1-229) Choose the right form of the verb.

- Lectures for students ... at the Amir Ternur Museum and students of History Faculty attend them.
 A) is held B) are held C) were held
 D) hold E) are holding

15. (04-1-233) Choose the right form of the verb.

- A lot of money ... in the drug trade. The UN and the governments know about the fact.
 A) will be circulated B) is circulated
 C) are circulated D) are circulating
 E) circulate

16. (v5-127-31) Choose the right answer.

- Let's hurry. Don doesn't like ...
 A) being kept wait
 B) being kept waiting
 C) being keeping waiting
 D) to be keep waiting
 E) to be keeping waiting

17. (v5-150-21) Choose the most suitable answer.

- The students went on ... to find the right choice.
 A) works B) being worked
 C) work D) working E) worked

18. (v6-136-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Most of the goods produced in this factory ... to foreign countries.
 A) is exported B) are exported
 C) exports D) are exporting

19. (v6-142-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- He ... 800 dollars for the job.
 A) was paid B) were paid
 C) have paid D) had paid

20. (v8-121-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The Amazon valley is extremely important to the ecology of the Earth. Forty percent of the world's oxygen ... there.
 A) produced B) be produced
 C) is produced D) produces

21. (v8-128-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The elderly in my country ... cared for by their children and grandchildren.
 A) being B) be C) is D) are

22. (v8-129-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Water is ... of oxygen and hydrogen.
 A) cooked B) used
 C) chosen D) composed

23. (v9-108-17) Choose the right answer.

- I'm sorry this office is so dirty but it can't ... until tomorrow morning at the earliest.
 A) clean B) be cleaned
 C) be cleaning D) cleaning

24. (v9-110-5) Choose the right answer.

- John's big dream is that he wants ... by a famous music producer.
 A) to be discovered B) to discover
 C) being discovered D) discovering

25. (v9-114-11) Choose the right answer.

- The fulfillment of all your dreams ... within you – if you just believe in yourself
 A) lies B) lie C) lain D) have lain

26. (v9-116-14) Choose the right answer.

- A great number of schools in England ... by local education authorities.
 A) are run B) are running
 C) being run D) have run

27. (v9-117-17) Choose the right answer.

- I'm sorry this office is so dirty but it can't ... until tomorrow morning at the earliest.
 A) clean B) be cleaned
 C) cleaning D) be cleaning

28. (v9-120-17) Choose the right answer.

- Things go right when they ... done well and successfully.
 A) been B) are C) to be D) is

29. (v10-102-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Several of these washers and dryers need to be ... because they are out of order.
 A) repairing B) repaired
 C) to repair D) repair

30. (v10-104-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Though Christmas is celebrated on December 25, the actual date of Christ's birth ...
 A) is not known B) not to be known
 C) has known D) is known yet

31. (v10-105-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Sorry for the mess. This part of the house ... at the moment.
 A) is redecorating B) redecorated
 C) is being redecorated D) has redecorated

32. (v11-144-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Frostbite may occur when the skin ... to extreme cold. It most frequently affects the skin of the cheeks, chin, ears, fingers, nose and toes.
 A) is exposed B) exposes
 C) will expose D) will be exposed

33. (v12z-118-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The park gates ... at 6.30 p.m. every evening.
 A) had been locked B) were locking
 C) are locked D) is locked

34. (v12c-116-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Why can't we go over the bridge?
 – Because it ... at the moment.
 A) is repaired B) is repairing
 C) was repairing D) is being repaired

35. (v12c-134-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Bowling as a sign of politeness is one of the old traditions in Japan that ... yet.
A) is not breaking B) hadn't been broken
C) wasn't broken D) hasn't been broken

36. (v12c-141-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
With the incorporation of jazz history into current academic curricula, leading jazz musicians are now ... on the faculties of several universities.
A) finds B) to find C) found D) find

37. (v12c-147-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You can't use this refrigerator at the moment, it ... fixed by the mechanic.
A) was B) has been
C) was being D) is being

38. (v12c-152-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Tourists got off the bus. Their luggage ... by a porter.
A) were bring B) brought
C) are brought D) was brought

39. (v12c-159-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
It's a big factory. Five hundred people ... there.
A) is being employed
B) have been employed
C) are employed
D) is employed

40. (v12c-159-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
A tree was laying across the road. It ... in the storm.
A) had blown B) was blown
C) had been blown D) is blown

41. (v13-127-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
There was a conference in the Institute. A number of teachers ... there.
A) be sent B) were sent
C) are sent D) is sent

42. (v15-102-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
There ... between 4000 and 6000 languages in the world, depending on how you count them.
A) say being B) arc said that
C) are said to be D) said to have been

43. (v15-129-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In the past, we threw a lot of our kitchen waste away, but today many items such as plastic bottles and newspapers ...
A) recycle B) were recycled
C) are recycling D) are recycled

44. (v15-131-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Internet news ... you more information than TV news.
A) is given B) gives
C) are giving D) give

45. (v16-103-4) Choose the best answer.
Brian felt a sharp pain in his knee, so he decided to ... by a doctor.
A) having it checked B) have it checked
C) have checked it D) it having checked

46. (v16-103-11) Complete the second sentence so that it has the same meaning as the first sentence.

Two new companies are building a motorway through the town.

A motorway ... through the town.
A) is built B) are being built
C) are building D) is being built

47. (v16-113-2) Choose the right answer.
The crocodiles at the zoo have no need to hunt for their food. They ... regularly by the zookeepers.
A) feed B) are fed C) were fed D) fed

48. (v17-108-2) Choose the correct answer.
A fish ... out of the water cannot live.
A) takes B) took C) taking D) taken

49. (v17-110-2) Choose the correct answer.
Most stars get tired of ... everywhere they go.
A) being recognised
B) recognising
C) having been recognised
D) having recognised

50. (v17-110-5) Choose the correct answer.
I must ... this letter ... as soon as possible, as I should send a reply.
A) make / translated B) will / translate
C) have / translated D) do / translated

51. (v17-111-2) Choose the correct answer.
I should ... the pool ... before summer begins. It looks dirty.
A) had / cleaned B) have / cleaned
C) have / clean D) make / cleaned

52. (v17-111-8) Choose the correct answer.
Children ... to play here, because there are too many insects in the grass.
A) does not allow B) are not let
C) are not allowed D) has not allowed

53. (v17-111-22) Transform the sentence into passive.
The cashier gave me money.
A) I was given money.
B) Money was given to me.
C) The cashier was given money.
D) I was given by cashier.

54. (v17-112-11) Transform into passive voice.
Mother brings cookies every day.
A) Cookies are brought every day
B) Cookies were brought every day
C) Cookies will be brought every day
D) Cookies aren't brought every day

55. (v17-118-17) Choose the correct answer.
«Hamlet» ... by Shakespeare.
A) supposes to be written
B) supposes to write
C) is supposed to write
D) is supposed to be written.

56. (v17-127-5) Choose the correct answer.
In Shakespeare's famous drama, Macbeth receives the Scottish throne by killing Duncan in battle and ... by Duncan's son.
A) is then defeated and killed
B) then defeats and kills
C) is then defeated and kill
D) is then defeat and killed

57. (v17-128-5) Choose the correct answer.

Jim Atkinson ... for questioning by police in five countries.

A) is said being wanted
B) is said having been wanted
C) is said to be wanted
D) is said to be wanting

58. (v17-130-9) The Loch Ness monster ... to exist.
A) is told B) tells C) is said D) says

59. (v18-341) Look! Our head teacher ... on TV right now!
A) is being interviewed
B) is been interviewed
C) is interviewing
D) is interviewed

60. (v18-342) We can't use the sports hall yet because it ...
A) is still built B) is still build
C) is still building D) is still being built

61. (v19/20-109-11) Choose the correct answer.
I ... a couple of days ago.
A) have my bike fix
B) had my bike fixed
C) had my bike to be fixed
D) had my bike fix

62. (v19/20-116-8) Choose the correct answer.
Young people often feel that they are ... and treated unfairly.
A) misunderstand B) understand
C) misunderstood D) understands

63. (v19/20-119-3) Choose the correct answer.
The road rules ... prevent accidents.
A) are intended to B) are intended
C) intended D) intended to

64. (v19/20-119-6) Choose the correct answer.
You can't use the fax now. It ... at the moment.
A) will fix B) is fixing
C) was fixed D) is being fixed

65. (v19/20-124-14) Choose the correct answer.
The building, dating from the late 1200s or early 1300s ... to be the palace of the emperor.
A) is thought B) has thought
C) had been thought D) thought

66. (v19/20-127-14) Choose the correct answer.
The process ... in detail now.
A) had been described B) is describing
C) is being described D) is described

67. (v19/20-129-7) Choose the correct answer.
It took Jeremy a long time ... to this position.
A) to be accepted B) being accepted
C) accepted D) to accept

53. Past Passive

1. (96-15-133) Choose the appropriate form of the verb in Passive Voice.
Everything ... before you came.
A) is done B) was done
C) has done D) had been done
E) has been done.

2. (97-4-9) Choose the appropriate Passive form of the verb.

Sometimes a lot of guests ... to his birthday party.

- A) had invited B) was invited
C) were inviting D) are invited
E) is inviting

3. (97-12-44) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

How much money ... yesterday?

- A) is stolen B) stole C) will steal
D) will be stolen E) was stolen

4. (98-12-8) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The First coins in America ... in 1752. They were not regular in shape.

- A) are made B) made C) were made
D) was made E) is made

5. (99-1-17) Choose the appropriate forms of the verb.

The greater part of London ... of wood, but after the great fire wider streets and brick houses ...

- A) had been / were built B) was / were built
C) is / have been built D) are / are built
E) has been / is built

6. (99-1-34) Choose the appropriate form of the Passive Voice.

I ... about my father's death before my mother returned.

- A) is told B) shall be told
C) had been told D) were told
E) appointed

7. (99-2-21) Choose the appropriate form of the Passive Voice.

Someone wrote this report last week. This report ... last week.

- A) is written B) was written
C) has been written D) had been written
E) would be written.

8. (99-6-53) Complete the sentence.

This room looks different ... since I was last here?

- A) Was it painted B) Will it be painted
C) Has it been painted D) Is it painted
E) Has it painted

9. (99-8-28) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He made a rush at the door without realizing it ... by me earlier.

- A) locks B) is locked
C) was locked D) am locking
E) had been locked

10. (00-2-42) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Many interesting things about scientists ... to me.

- A) was told B) was telling C) were told
D) told E) have told

11. (00-7-62) Choose the appropriate form of the Passive Voice.

The cathedral ... in 1888 by the famous architect.

- A) is designed
B) was designed
C) will have designed
D) have been designed
E) had been designed

12. (00-10-23) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The cry "Fire!" was heard in the laboratory. Within moments, everything ... and chemicals ... like fireworks.

- A) burnt / were exploding
B) was burning / were exploding
C) was burning / exploded
D) was burnt / was exploding
E) were burning / were exploding

13. (01-3-53) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We hope that, an agreement ... soon.

- A) mil be signed B) had been signed
C) will sign D) had signed
E) will have signed

14. (01-4-70) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The first factory producing Coca-Cola ... in Dallas, Texas, in 1895. Billions of bottles and cans have been produced since 1895.

- A) opens B) was opened
C) was opening D) had been opened
E) were opened

15. (01-8-21) Complete the sentence.

He ... her because she made him wait again.

- A) made rather angry B) was disturbed
C) was irritated D) was annoyed with
E) was lucky

16. (02-12-28) Choose the best answer.

"I didn't take that book", he said. He denied that he ... that book.

- A) had taken B) hadn't taken
C) took D) didn't take
E) has taken

17. (03-2-19) Choose the best answer.

She thought she ... mistaken.

- A) is B) be
C) were D) shall be E) had been

18. (04-1-219) Choose the right form of the verb.

Abu-Ali Ibn Sina travelled a lot. He ... both ... and disgraced by the rulers at his time.

- A) was / favoured B) is / favoured
C) - / favoured D) had / been favoured
E) were / favoured

19. (04-1-221) Choose the right form of the verb.

During the time of Temur and Temurids, Samarqand, the capital of their Kingdom, ... as the beautiful Pearl of Orient.

- A) was known B) is known
C) knew D) will be known
E) was knowing

20. (04-1-222) Choose the right form of the verb.

1996 ... the Year of Amir Temur. It was the 660th anniversary of the ruler.

- A) is proclaimed B) was proclaiming
C) proclaimed D) was proclaimed
E) had proclaimed

21. (04-1-224) Choose the right form of the verb.

The scientific conference devoted to the 660th anniversary of Amir Temur ... in the museum in 1996.

- A) is held B) held C) was held
D) was holding E) were held

22. (04-1-226) Choose the right form of the verb.

The Taj-Mahal Mausoleum ... by Shohdjahon, one of the descendants of Temur, in commemoration of his beloved wife Mumtoz Mahal-begim.

- A) ordered B) was ordered
C) were ordered D) are ordered
E) was ordering

23. (04-1-227) Choose the right form of the verb.

Portraits of Amir Temur ... by artists from France, Italy, England and Germany to decorate the museum.

- A) were painting B) is painted
C) were printed D) was painted
E) painted

24. (04-1-245) Choose the right form of the verb.

The famous Koran of the 7th century ... by the personal secretary of Caliph Osman Zait ibn Sabit.

- A) was written B) is written C) wrote
D) was writing E) were written

25. (v4-123-35) Choose the best answer.

Many monuments and mosques ... erected with the help of Uzbek craftsmen after World War II.

- A) are B) will be C) is D) was
E) were

26. (v4-126-35) Choose the right form of the verb.

On April 24 from 8.30 to 10.00 am, deputies to Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekiston ... in the Oliy Majlis of Uzbekiston.

- A) are registered B) registered
C) was registered D) were registering
E) were registered

27. (v5-122-19) Choose the Passive form appropriate to the divert sentence.

A man ... for crossing the street in the wrong place.

- A) is found B) fines
C) was fined D) was founded E) fined

28. (v5-146-7) Complete the sentence with the correct form of the verb.

He ... of being rude to the colonel's daughter.

- A) has accused B) accuses
C) was accused D) accuse
E) accused

29. (v5-152-7) Choose the appropriate answer.

He ... 800 dollars for the job.

- A) shall be paid B) doesn't pay
C) has paving D) was paid
E) will pay

30. (v5-160-19) Choose the Passive form, appropriate to the given sentence.

A nurse from the hospital cared for the wounded soldier.

- A) A nurse from the hospital was treated by the injured man.
B) The old man was cared for by our scientists now.
C) The injured soldier was not cared for by a nurse.
D) A nurse from the hospital had to care for the injured man.
E) The wounded soldier was looked after by a nurse from the hospital.

31. (v6-130-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It ... that the statements he made were false.

- A) has' proved B) have proved
C) was proved D) were proved

32. (v6-146-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

St. Basil's Cathedral ... in the 18th century in memory of the victory over Kazan.

- A) build B) built
C) was built D) had been built

33. (v6-146-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He ... of being rude to the colonel's daughter.

- A) was accused B) accuse
C) has accused D) accuses

34. (v7-155-24) The dress is lovely, but I don't, like the colour. If the blue ... a bit lighter, it ... look better.

- A) were / would B) had been / looked
C) is / would D) was / had

35. (v7-179-14) We ... to paint someone we knew, so I ... my little brother.

- A) are told / paint B) tell / will paint
C) tell / paint D) were told / painted

36. (v7-186-21) The number of students present at the meeting ... considerable so I should say that all of them ... interested in the subject.

- A) were / were B) was / was
C) was / were D) were / was

37. (v9-114-17) Choose the right answer. I learned Japanese when I was in Tokyo. I ... by an old Japanese man.

- A) was taught B) taught
C) am teaching D) am taught

38. (v9-119-8) Choose the right answer. The Ford Theatre where Lincoln ... must have been restored.

- A) is shooting B) has been shot
C) was shooting D) was shot

39. (v9-120-8) Choose the right answer. The delegation was to arrive on Saturday, but the time of the arrival ... changed.

- A) will B) have C) was D) are

40. (v9-125-1) Choose the right answer. During the exam yesterday the teacher ... by two graduate students.

- A) assisted B) had assisted
C) was assisted D) had been assisted

41. (v9-126-12) Choose the right answer. We met at the appointment time. While our coffee ... I told him our sad story which impressed him greatly.

- A) was being made B) was making
C) has been made D) made

42. (v10-130-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Most people eat meat, ... vegetarians don't.

- A) because B) therefore
C) as a result D) but

43. (v11-140-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Each time when Peter went out for a walk he ... by his dog.

- A) was followed B) followed
C) was being followed D) was following

44. (v11-149-17) Choose the right answer.

According to the report of the fire brigade, the fire ... by an electrical fault.

- A) was causing B) was caused
C) was being caused D) caused

45. (v12z-104-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. John was fined for dangerous driving.

When he went to traffic court, he ... to pay a large fine.

- A) was ordered B) is ordered
C) ordered D) would order

46. (v12z-104-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The first artificial language Esperanto ... by Russian physician Ludwick Zamenhof in the 1880s.

- A) invented B) had been invented
C) was inventing D) was invented

47. (v12z-124-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The first buyers of the new apartments ... a 35% discount last month.

- A) was offered B) were offering
C) were offered D) offered

48. (v12z-129-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Some urgent measures were taken while the doctor ... for.

- A) waited B) was being waited
C) was waiting D) was waited

49. (v12c-128-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When the boss arrived, the office ...

- A) was cleaned B) was being cleaned
C) was cleaning D) has been cleaned

50. (v12c-132-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "The Guinness Book of Records" ... in the fifties.

- A) were first published
B) was first published
C) first published
D) has first been published

51. (v12c-138-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Parchment, a writing material that was widely used in ancient times, ... from skins of animals such as sheep and goats. Paper, the main writing material today, was invented by the Chinese.

- A) was made B) made
C) was making D) had been making

52. (v12c-148-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The actress suddenly felt ill while she ... so the ambulance was called to the theatre.

- A) interviewed
B) being interviewed
C) was interviewing
D) was being interviewed

53. (v12c-158-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John was fined for dangerous driving. When he went to traffic court, he ... to pay a large fine.

- A) is ordered B) was ordered
C) would order D) ordered

54. (v12c-158-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ink has been used for writing and drawing throughout history. No one knows when the first ink The Ancient Egyptians and Chinese made ink from various natural substances, such as berries, soot, and tree bark.

- A) is developed
B) has been developed
C) was developed
D) will be developed

55. (v12c-160-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Muslims Holy Book, the Koran, ... on a large pedestal of polished Gazgan marble. It is a copy of the Koran of the 7th century.

- A) are displayed B) is displayed
C) were displayed D) are displaying

56. (v13-122-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She took the bus to work because her car ... at the time.

- A) had serviced B) was being serviced
C) serviced D) was serviced

57. (v13-142-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

While the room ..., I was washing up the dishes.

- A) was cleaned
B) was cleaning
C) was being cleaned
D) were being cleaned

58. (v15-107-13) Choose the right answer.

Heavy industries, such as coal mining, steel production and ship building, ... in England during the second half of the 20th century and ... by service industries and hi-tech industries, such as the computer and pharmaceutical industries.

- A) had been declined / would replaced
B) was declined / being replaced
C) had declined / replaced
D) declined / were replaced

59. (v15-115-14) Choose the best answer. It was reported that the treaty ... two weeks before.

- A) was ratified B) would have been ratified
C) is ratified D) had been ratified

60. (v16-101-13) Choose the correct answer.

This phenomenon ... for five years and now they are publishing about it in the books.

- A) has been studied B) was being studied
C) was studied D) has studied

61. (v16-122-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This book was ... published in the UK. It was published in Hong Kong.

- A) not B) no C) none D) -

62. (v17-112-20) Choose the correct answer.

The Chinese students ... by that eccentric teacher at that time.

- A) have been taught B) were taught
C) were being taught D) were being taught

63. (v17-112-21) Choose the correct answer.

For their wedding anniversary, Jennifer ... a big cake ... It was very delicious and everybody liked it.

- A) had / baked B) has / baked
C) gets / baked D) have / baked

64. (v17-112-22) Choose the correct answer.

Bob ... his computer ... last week.

- A) did / repair B) had / repaired
C) made / repaired D) could / repair

65. (v17-113-3) Choose the correct answer.

The noise outside distracted me while I was cooking, so I let the food ...

- A) to burn B) burn
C) have burnt D) burning

66. (v17-113-20) Choose the correct answer.

The dog ... up in the kennel by our son.

- A) was locked B) locked
C) have been locked D) would locked

67. (v17-114-2) Transform the sentence into passive.

The gardeners looked after the flowers extremely well.

- A) The flowers were extremely well looked after.
 B) The flowers were looked after extremely well.
 C) The flowers looked after were extremely well.
 D) The flowers were looked after extremely well.

68. (v17-114-19) Transform the sentence into passive.

The cashier gave me money.

- A) I was given money.
 B) Money was given to me.
 C) The cashier was given money.
 D) I was money given by cashier.

69. (v17-128-10) Choose the correct answer.

... out of the band, he began a solo career.
 A) On thrown B) After having threw
 C) Throwing D) Thrown

70. (v18-343) On her birthday ...

- A) she was given a new car
 B) she has given a new car
 C) a new car was given to her
 D) she got a new car

71. (v18-344) This house is in a terrible state. You can see it ... for years.

- A) hasn't been repaired
 B) wasn't repaired
 C) isn't repaired
 D) hadn't been repaired

72. (v18-345) My granny didn't want her dog ... to veterinary hospital.

- A) to take B) take
 C) to taken D) to be taken

73. (v19/20-109-18) Choose the correct answer.

Wallpaper in addition to new curtains ... ordered.

- A) are B) has been
 C) were D) have been

74. (v19/20-129-10) Choose the correct answer.

The teacher had the students ... in their assignment in time.

- A) to hand B) had hand
 C) hand D) handed

54. Future Passive

1. (96-12-27) Choose the proper beginning of the sentence in Passive voice. ... about this film tomorrow.

- A) It is an article B) He said
 C) I shall be asked D) Bob liked to tell
 E) He couldn't

2. (04-1-234) Choose the right form of the verb.

At the end of 2000 the convention ... on signing the internationally organized crime.

- A) was adopted B) will be adopted
 C) is adopted D) was adopting
 E) adopts

3. (v4-122-31) Choose the appropriate tense form of the verb.

The new Amir Temur museum ... next October by the President of the Republic.

- A) will be opened B) was opened
 C) is opened D) were opened
 E) opened

4. (v5-148-19) Choose the Passive form appropriate to the given sentence.

A lot of things ... about by the children.

- A) scatters B) scattering
 C) is scattered D) have been scattered
 E) being scattered

5. (v5-157-32) Choose the Passive form appropriate to the given sentence.

A new navigation equipment ... by our scientists now.

- A) was examined B) will be examined
 C) is being examined D) examines
 E) is examining

6. (v9-122-18) Choose the right answer.

You'll get the goods very soon. They will ... to you by air.

- A) delivering B) be delivered
 C) deliver D) being delivered

7. (v9-124-10) Choose the right answer.

Several of these washers and dryers need to be ... because they are out of order.

- A) repairing B) repair
 C) to repair D) repaired

8. (v9-129-3) Choose the right answer.

The newspaper reports that a new security system ... in all our offices in the next few weeks.

- A) will install B) is installed
 C) is being installed D) will be installed

9. (v14-105-23) it was the first time I ... in such an important match.

- A) had ever played
 B) have ever played
 C) have ever been playing
 D) was ever playing

10. (v16-122-11) Choose the correct answer.

Do you think the book ... well next month?

- A) will sell B) is sold
 C) will be sold D) will being sold

11. (v17-115-7) Choose the correct answer.

We will have this hall ..., as we have a wedding ceremony here next week.

- A) redecorated B) redecorating
 C) redecorate D) to redecorate

12. (v17-115-16) Choose the correct answer.

I will have my umbrella ... tomorrow. Because I do not have enough money to buy a new one.

- A) mend B) mending
 C) mended D) to mend

13. (v17-116-11) Transform into passive voice.

Khamid will repair his car on Sunday.

- A) The car will be repair
 B) The car will be repaired
 C) The car would be repaired
 D) The car was repaired

14. (v18-346) The football match ... by 4 p.m.

- A) will have been finished
 B) will have been finishing
 C) will had been finishing
 D) will finished

15. (v19/20-110-18) Choose the correct answer.

Are you going to hold a party when you ...?

- A) are promoted B) will be promoting
 C) were promoting D) will promote

16. (v19/20-114-12) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The work ... by 6 p.m. tomorrow.

- A) will finish B) will be finishing
 C) will have been finished D) will be finished

55. Reported speech. Statements

1. (96-1-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I knew that he ... the same paper each morning.

- A) bay B) buys C) is buying
 D) bought E) had bought

2. (96-1-31) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. Jane said, "I shall help you". Jane said ...

- A) she helped us B) she will help him
 C) she helps us D) she would help us
 E) she had helped us

3. (96-6-76) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... he ... ill.

- A) did not know / was B) knew / am ill
 C) knew / will be D) had known / is
 E) were known / be

4. (96-6-88) Choose the appropriate variant of indirect speech. He has just said, "I want to speak to you". He has just said ...

- A) he wants to speak to me
 B) he wanted to speak to me
 C) I want to speak to her
 D) he had wanted to speak to me
 E) he will want to speak to me

5. (96-6-89) Choose the appropriate variant of indirect speech. He said to me: "I'll come as soon as I can". He told me that ...

- A) he came as soon as he would be able
 B) he would come as soon as I could
 C) he comes as soon as he can
 D) he would come as soon as he could
 E) I would come as soon as I could

6. (96-8-88) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. Jack said: "I was at home yesterday". Jack said ...

- A) he was at home.
 B) Jack said he was at home the day before yesterday.
 C) he will be at home.
 D) he had been at home a week ago.
 E) he had been at home the day before.

7. (96-9-33) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech. Mother: "We are going to have supper". Mother says ...

- A) they are going to have supper
 B) they were going to have supper
 C) that they would have supper
 D) they won't have supper
 E) they haven't had supper yet

8. (96-13-38) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech. Teacher: "Tom, read the story, please". Teacher asked Tom ...

- A) to read the story
 B) read the story
 C) that he reads it
 D) whether he reads the story
 E) if he read the story

9. (96-13-145) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech. Mary says "I clean my room everyday". Mary says that ...

- A) I clean her room every day.
 B) she cleans my room every day.
 C) she cleaned her room every day.
 D) she cleans her room every day.
 E) her room was cleaned every day.

10. (96-13-147) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech.

My mother told me ...

- A) did not go there. B) that I can go there.
C) not to go there. D) not going there.
E) let not go there.

11. (96-15-142) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "I lived in London in 1990," says Bob. Bob says ...

- A) he lives in London in 1990.
B) he had lived in London in 1990.
C) that he lived in London in 1990.
D) has lived in London in 1990.
E) that he will live in London.

12. (97-2-40) Change into indirect speech.

A girl says, "I know where I've lost my pen". A girl says she know where ...

- A) I've lost my pen.
B) she had lost her pen.
C) she has lost her pen.
D) she had lost my pen.
E) she losts her pen.

13. (97-4-45) Choose the appropriate variant of the indirect speech. "I'll invite my friends to the country house if the weather is good?" I said ...

- A) that I'll invite my friends to the country house if the weather is good.
B) that I invited my friends when the weather was good.
C) I would invite my friends to the country house if the weather is good.
D) if the weather is good I'll invite my friends.
E) that I would invite my friends to the country house if the weather was good.

14. (97-7-34) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech. "I've very little time today." Mary says ... very little time today.

- A) she had B) that she has had
C) whether she has D) that she has
E) they have

15. (97-7-36) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech. Mr. Green: "I hope the weather will change for the better and it'll stop raining." Mr. Green hoped ... raining.

- A) the weather changes and it'll stop
B) that the weather changed for the better and it stops
C) if the weather changes and it would stop
D) the weather would change for the better and it would stop
E) that the weather will change for the better and it stops

16. (97-8-33) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech. "I'm listening to the music now," - he said. He said ...

- A) he was listening to the music then.
B) he listened to the music then.
C) he is listening to the music now.
D) I am listening to the music now.
E) I was listening to the music then.

17. (97-11-33) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech. He said to her: "The letter was written yesterday". He told her that the letter ...

- A) had been written the day before
B) was written yesterday
C) had been written yesterday
D) written yesterday
E) were written yesterday

18. (97-11-35) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech.

He knew that she ...

- A) will leave for Kokand tomorrow.
B) would leave for Kokand the following day.

- C) would leave for Kokand tomorrow.
D) will leave for Kokand the following day.
E) leaves for Kokand tomorrow.

19. (97-12-51) Complete the sentence.

He said that ...

- A) his friend is learning English
B) our classroom will be cleaned tomorrow
C) they were going to the nearest post-office
D) his car was stolen a few weeks ago
E) there is nothing to do

20. (97-12-52) Complete the sentence.

The doctor told me ...

- A) to stay in bed for a few days
B) it will be difficult for doctors to work in the future
C) they are showing a very interesting film in the cinema
D) the day of my arrival will be very nice
E) he is working hard

21. (98-5-40) Complete the sentence.

Mabel said that ...

- A) she had gone skiing the day before.
B) it is Sunday today.
C) he has a lot of English books.
D) the newspapers are being printed.
E) all the pupils are sure to pass the exam.

22. (98-5-41) Complete the sentence.

The girl told her friend ...

- A) stop talking
B) that the children had made a wonderful snowman
C) that our republic is the most beautiful in the world
D) that she is always late for the first Lesson
E) that her parents will buy her a nice dog

23. (98-7-67) Choose the appropriate variant of Indirect Speech. His master replied: "You might take the tortoise out for a run". His master replied ... the tortoise out for a run.

- A) he might have taken B) she might take
C) he may take D) he was to take
E) she would take

24. (98-9-102) Complete the sentence.

The manager asks the secretary ...

- A) if Mr. Smith would be busy at 11 the next day
B) if Mr. Smith will be busy at 11 tomorrow
C) if Mr. Smith had been busy at 11
D) has Mr. Smith been busy by 11 today
E) will Mr. Smith be busy at 11 tomorrow

25. (98-12-35) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech.

Susan was upset as Tom had forgotten to bring roses. She said to him, "I told you ... roses. You promised you ... some. You said you ..."

- A) brought / will get / won't forget
B) to bring / would get / won't forget
C) to bring / would get / wouldn't forget
D) bring / to get / forget
E) bring / would get / to forget

26. (99-1-16) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I knew that my son ... not to touch his fathers papers.

- A) promised B) promises
C) has promised D) was promised
E) had promised

27. (99-1-38) Choose the appropriate indirect speech. Nick whispered: "I know that the boys were angry with me". Nick whispered that ...

- A) he knows that the boys were angry with me
B) he knew that the boys were angry with him
C) he knows that the boys were angry with him
D) I know that the boys were angry with me
E) he knew that the boys had been angry with him

28. (99-5-42) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Nobody knows what ... at this meeting but she ... to him since.

- A) was said / hasn't spoken
B) is said / hasn't spoken
C) has said / hasn't spoken
D) was said / didn't speak
E) is being said / doesn't speak

29. (99-8-41) Complete the sentence.

The father wondered ...

- A) what mark his daughter gets
B) where the mother is
C) how his son does at school
D) if his daughter had passed her exams
E) whether everybody is at home

30. (99-9-36) Complete the sentence.

The master told his dog ...

- A) to be quiet B) come with me
C) come with him D) not bark too loudly
E) don't run after the cat

31. (00-5-44) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech. Father said: "I've been borrowing money of him for 6 months but he still keeps coming." Father said ...

- A) he has been borrowing / he still keeps
B) he had been borrowing / he still kept
C) he borrowed / he still kept
D) she has borrowed / he still kept
E) he had been borrowing / but she still kept

32. (00-8-24) Choose the appropriate reported speech. The woman at the desk said "It will be difficult to get a job without experience or references, but I've got someone who might suit". The woman at the desk said ...

- A) that it will be difficult to get a job without experience or references, but she has got someone who might suit
B) it is difficult to get a job without experience or references, but she has someone who might suit
C) it was difficult to get a job without experience or references but she had someone who may suit
D) it would be difficult to get a job without experience or references but she had someone who might suit
E) that it had been difficult to get a job without experience or references, but I had someone who might suit

33. (01-1-89) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. He said, "I get up at eight o'clock". He said ... up at eight o'clock.

- A) that he gets B) if he got
C) that he got D) that I got
E) whether he got

34. (01-2-17) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

They said they ... me as soon as they ... to California.

- A) phoned / get B) will phone / get
C) would phone / got D) have phoned / got
E) phoned / would get

35. (01-5-19) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... on negotiations for opening j.v., when you phoned me.

- A) would carry
- B) had been carrying
- C) were carrying
- D) would be carrying
- E) was carrying

36. (01-5-33) Choose the appropriate words to complete the sentence.

The teacher asked her pupils to concentrate ...

- A) one by one on words
- B) on one word by one
- C) on one word then another
- D) on words one by two
- E) missing all the words

37. (01-12-3) Choose the appropriate indirect speech. She said: "I'll give him my note" She said ... note.

- A) that she would give him her
- B) that she should give him my
- C) if she would give him
- D) that I should give him my
- E) that she will give her my

38. (01-12-22) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. "You must do what you are told" - Father said to his son. Father told his son that he ... what he ...

- A) must do / is told
- B) had to do / were told
- C) must have done / was told
- D) was to do / told
- E) must do / was told

39. (02-1-81) Choose the best answer. Ann ... and left.

- A) said me goodbye
- B) said goodbye to me
- C) told my goodbye
- D) says goodbye for me
- E) tell me goodbye

40. (02-2-24) Choose the best answer. ... chair the meeting.

- A) It was decided that John
- B) John was decided to should
- C) They decided that John should
- D) It had been decided to
- E) They decided

41. (02-7-37) Choose the best answer. He said, "Go and make some calls". He told me ... some calls.

- A) go and make
- B) to go and make
- C) must would go and make
- D) would go and make
- E) went and made

42. (02-7-39) Choose the best answer. He said, "I was ill yesterday". He said he ... ill ...

- A) was yesterday
- B) had been yesterday
- C) has teen that day
- D) had been the day before
- E) was the day before

43. (02-12-29) Choose the best answer. He said: "Stop crying or I'll punish you." He threatened ...

- A) that he will punish me if I don't stop crying.
- B) he would punish me if I won't stop crying.
- C) to punish me if I didn't stop crying.
- D) to punish me if I won't stop crying.
- E) that he would punish me if I hadn't stopped crying.

44. (03-3-34) Choose the best answer. Hob said "I can't write my own name, but I can tell a good story". Hob said own name but ... tell a good story.

- A) I couldn't write my / I could
- B) I can't write his / I can
- C) he couldn't write my / he can
- D) he couldn't write his / he could
- E) he can write his / he can

45. (03-6-19) Choose the best answer. He said: "My notebook was dirty and the teacher gave me a bad mark. He said that ... notebook ... dirty and the teacher ... a bad mark.

- A) his / had been / had given him
- B) his / was / gave him
- C) his / is / gives him
- D) my / was / gave me
- E) my / had been / gave me

46. (04-1-317) Choose the right answer. Why are you upset? He asked me why ... upset.

- A) I am
- B) are you
- C) I was
- D) you are
- E) he is

47. (04-1-334) Choose the best answer. How well did you do your test? Bobur's mother wondered how well ... test.

- A) did you do your
- B) he has done his
- C) he did his
- D) he had done his
- E) you did your

48. (05-1-347) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. A girl said: "Yesterday my mother bought anew dress for me." A girl said ... a new dress for her.

- A) yesterday her mother bought
- B) the day before her mother had bought
- C) the day before my mother had bought
- D) yesterday my mother bought
- E) the day before she had bought

49. (v4-103-25) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech. He said, "I do not want to see this movie". He said that he ... movie.

- A) didn't want to see this
- B) do not see that
- C) did not want to see that
- D) wanted to see that
- E) doesn't want to see

50. (v4-116-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

That day he ... at what ...

- A) is surprised / happen
- B) will be surprised / were happening
- C) was surprised / happens
- D) surprised / has happened
- E) was surprised / had happened

51. (v4-120-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Karim wants to buy a camera; that's why he ... to the photographic equipment shop when we saw him this morning.

- A) go
- B) has gone
- C) going
- D) will have gone
- E) was going

52. (v4-127-25) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. She said, "I lost the key of my room." She said that ...

- A) I had lost the key of my room
- B) she lost the key of the room
- C) she had lost the key other room
- D) I lose the key of my room
- E) she lost the key of my room

53. (v4-128-25) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. "I met her about three months ago," he said. He said ... met her about three months before.

- A) he has
- B) I have
- C) I shall
- D) he had
- E) he will

54. (v4-129-25) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech.

Tom: "We are going to have dinner". Tom says they ... dinner.

- A) would have
- B) will have
- C) are going to have,
- D) won't have
- E) were going to have

55. (v5-137-22) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech.

Mother said to her son: "You are too young and won't understand this joke". Mother said to her son, ...

- A) he is too young and won't understand this joke
- B) he was too young and would not understand that joke
- C) he is too young and won't understand her joke
- D) he had been too young and didn't understand that joke
- E) he has been too young and won't understand my joke

56. (v5-157-22) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech. My sister said: "I shall be neither hungry nor thirsty if I have a cup of tea with a sandwich".

My sister said that ...

- A) I would never be hungry or thirsty if I had a cup of tea with a sandwich.
- B) she wouldn't be hungry or thirsty if she had a cup of tea with a sandwich.
- C) she will never be neither hungry nor thirsty if she has a cup of tea with sandwiches.
- D) she couldn't be either hungry or thirsty as she had a cup of tea with sandwiches.
- E) she would be neither hungry nor thirsty if she had a cup of tea with a sandwich.

57. (v6-101-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Julie was in a hurry because she ... that her mother ... for her.

- A) knew / was waiting
- B) knew / waits
- C) know / wait
- D) knows / is waiting

58. (v6-119-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ann was watching a movie on TV. She didn't notice when she fell asleep. Ann ... while she ... TV.

- A) fell asleep / watched
- B) has fallen / she was watching
- C) falls asleep / watches
- D) fell asleep / watching

59. (v6-136-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't know why they have left for the airport. so early. They ... to wait hours and hours for their plane.

- A) would have
- B) would be
- C) will have
- D) will be

60. (v6-143-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Edward said that Kate ... ill for two days.

- A) is being
- B) was being
- C) had been
- D) has been

61. (v6-158-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I like novels by Dickens", said Nina to her friend Vera. Nina told Vera ... novels by Dickens.

- A) why she likes B) she liked
C) if she liked D) she had liked

62. (v8-103-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"We have seen the Eiffel Tower", - he said. He said that ... the Eiffel Tower.

- A) they had seen B) he has seen
C) we have seen D) he saw

63. (v8-107-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Rita: How much ... to buy the tickers and pay for the travel? Tom: A lot. I ... exactly how much.

- A) did it cost / hadn't known
B) does it cost / don't know
C) has it cost / didn't know
D) it costs / haven't known

64. (v8-115-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I enjoyed my holidays in the States", - Jackie said.

Jackie said that ... holidays in the States.

- A) I enjoyed my
B) he has enjoyed his
C) I have enjoyed my
D) he had enjoyed his

65. (v8-119-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Nobody has warned us about the storm", - he said.

He said that nobody ... them about the storm.

- A) has warned B) was warning
C) had warned D) warned

66. (v8-124-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

David: Did Tom drive you home? Melanie: Yes, he ... and offered me a lift while I ... for a bus outside the town hall.

- A) has stopped / am waiting
B) stops / wait
C) stopped / was waiting
D) had stopped / waited

67. (v8-129-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jessica: Vicky, I'm afraid I've broken this plate. Vicky: Oh no! What ...? Jessica: I ... it into the kitchen. I bumped into Emma.

- A) did you do / have taken
B) are you doing / take
C) were you doing / was taking
D) have you done / am taking

68. (v10-103-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"There is too much noise in this room. I can't understand what ...!"

- A) that the professor is saying
B) is the professor saying
C) is saying the professor
D) the professor is saying

69. (v10-107-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jane has to leave early. She says she ... to be in London by 7 o'clock this evening.

- A) must B) should
C) is able D) has

70. (v10-107-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"That's why I didn't take it". He explained to me why he ... it.

- A) hadn't taken B) didn't take
C) wasn't taken D) hasn't taken

71. (v10-110-6) Choose the best answer.

She said: "I saw him here yesterday".

A) She said that I had seen him there the day before.

B) She said that she had seen him there the day before.

C) She said that I saw him here yesterday.

D) She said that she had seen her there the day before.

72. (v10-112-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I haven't found any insurance companies on my charity list", - said Dan. Dan said that ... any insurance companies on his charity list.

- A) he wouldn't find B) he hadn't found
C) he hasn't found D) he didn't find

73. (v10-115-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Oliver told them he ... before he came there.

- A) was brought up by his aunt
B) has been brought up by his aunt
C) had been brought up by his aunt
D) brought up by his aunt

74. (v10-126-9) Choose the correct form of the verb.

The teacher told us not to ... for the lesson.

- A) was late B) being late
C) is late D) be late

75. (v11-148-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I'll invite my friends to the country house if the weather is good", I said. I said ...

- A) I would invite my friends to the country house if the weather is good.
B) that I would invite my friends to the country house if the weather was good.
C) that I would invite my friends to the country house if the weather is good.
D) that I invited my friends when the weather was good.

76. (v12c-116-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Alice told her son, "You have been staying up too late talking to your friends." Alice told her son that ... up too late talking to his friends.

- A) he was staying
B) you have been staying
C) he has been staying
D) he had been staying

77. (v12c-123-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mary says, "I want to go out with my friends." Mary says ...

- A) I want to go out with my friends.
B) she wanted to go out with her friends
C) I wanted to go out with my friends
D) she wants to go out with her friends

78. (v12c-130-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A scientific observer of wildlife must note every detail of how ... in their environment.

- A) do live animals B) animals live
C) do animals live D) live animals

79. (v12c-131-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He said to me: "I'll come as soon as I can" He told me that ...

- A) he would come as soon as he could
B) he would come as soon as I could

- C) he comes as soon as he can
D) he came as soon as he could

80. (v12c-133-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I've put the washing in the washing-machine," Rose says. Rose says ... the washing in the washing-machine.

- A) I'd put B) she's put
C) she'd put D) I've put

81. (v12c-134-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She said they ... go to the cinema if they liked.

- A) may B) can C) must D) could

82. (v12c-138-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My wife reminded me, "I am having dinner with my friend after work." My wife reminded me that ... friend after work.

- A) I am having dinner with my
B) I was having dinner with my
C) she is having dinner with her
D) she was having dinner with her

83. (v12c-144-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At that moment Jack's wife came in and said that she ... the police.

- A) called B) had been called
C) had called D) is going to call

84. (v12c-145-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I didn't take that book", he said. He denied that he ... that book.

- A) hadn't taken B) took
C) didn't take D) had taken

85. (v12c-155-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I asked two people the way to the station but none of them ...

- A) knew B) knows
C) didn't know D) hadn't know

86. (v12c-160-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't know how many ... , but it is very noisy in their flat.

- A) do they have children
B) children do they have
C) they do have children
D) children they have

87. (v12c-160-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Bob and Marie said "We are taking our dog for a walk." Bob and Marie said ... dog for a walk.

- A) we were taking our
B) we are taking our
C) they were taking their
D) they are taking their

88. (v13-119-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He didn't know it so important to us. He ... it long ago.

- A) will have done B) would do
C) would have done D) would be doing

89. (v13-122-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ann said me: "I don't know the answer". Ann said to me she ... the answer.

- A) did know B) wasn't known
C) didn't know D) was known

90. (v13-126-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He said that he ... in America for two years.

- A) lives B) was living
C) had been living D) lived

91. (v14-106-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Sukrob said: "I'm feeling ill". Sukrob said that he ... ill.

- A) was being felt B) is feeling
C) was feeling D) had felt

92. (v14-108-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
"I haven't phoned my aunt since last month," he says. He says that ... aunt since last month.

- A) I hadn't phoned my
B) I haven't phoned my
C) he hasn't phoned his
D) he hadn't phoned her

93. (v14-110-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I'll go to the cinema" – she says to me. She promises me that ... go to the cinema.

- A) she won't B) she would
C) she will D) I shall

94. (v15-104-17) Choose the correct answer.

They started producing refrigerators after they ... license.

- A) will get B) had got
C) get D) got

95. (v15-108-18) Choose the best answer.

I was told that I ... to take two suitcases if I ...

- A) allowed / wanted
B) was allowed / want
C) would be allowed / wanted
D) will be allowed / want

96. (v15-120-5) Choose the correct answer.

Siroj said: "Let's go out".

- A) Siroj suggested to go out.
B) Siroj said that they will go out.
C) Siroj suggested me that we shall go out.
D) Siroj suggested going out.

97. (v15-120-10) Choose the right answer.

Many football fans claimed that after "Real FC" ... that important game it ... no chance to win the championship.

- A) had lost / had B) will lose / will have
C) lost / had D) lose / has

98. (v15-120-21) Choose the correct answer.

They said that they ... their sick friend.

- A) were visited B) visit
C) are visiting D) would visit

99. (v15-125-3) Choose the best answer.

Mark told everyone that he ... to the party at ten, but he ... as soon as possible.

- A) can't come / will arrive
B) couldn't come / would arrive
C) can't come / would arrive
D) couldn't come / arrive

100. (v15-125-9) Choose the correct answer.

I told him that I ... of that place before.

- A) have never heard B) never heard
C) had never heard D) didn't hear

101. (v16-102-12) Choose the correct sentence in Reported Speech.

"When will you be back?" asks Jim.

Jim asks when ...

- A) I shall be back B) shall I be back
C) I am back D) am I back

102. (v16-104-9) Paraphrase the sentence.

Do you know if it is common to give a waiter a tip?

- A) He asked me whether it was common to give a waiter a tip.
B) He wanted to know that if he could ask some tip of waiter.
C) He was eager to get a waiter some tip.
D) He was sure that it was common to give a waiter a tip.

103. (v16-109-10) Choose the best answer.

Sarvinoz said she ... in two weeks' time.

- A) would be leaving B) has left
C) had been leaving D) will leave

104. (v16-110-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I didn't buy that radio", she said. She denied that she ... that radio.

- A) had bought B) didn't buy
C) bought D) hadn't bought

105. (v16-112-17) Teacher said to us:

"Organize your stories in a logical way".

- A) Teacher told us organize our stories in a logical way.
B) Teacher told us organize your stories in a logical way.
C) Teacher asked us to organize our stories in a logical way.
D) Teacher told us to organize their stories in a logical way.

106. (v16-116-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Emma wrote to her aunt that she ... in pleasant surroundings.

- A) lives B) living
C) was living D) is living

107. (v16-123-2) Choose the correct answer.

Sveta asks the girl: "Which novel is the most interesting?"

- A) Sveta asks the girl which novel were the most interesting.
B) Sveta asks the girl which novel had been the most interesting.
C) Sveta asks the girl which novel was the most interesting.
D) Sveta asks the girl which novel is the most interesting.

108. (v16-127-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The military officer asked Bob: "Do you have anything to declare?"

The military officer asked Bob if he ... something to declare.

- A) has B) has had
C) would have D) had

109. (v16-128-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"What time will Salima be back?"

Have you any idea what time ... back?

- A) will be Salima B) Salima will be
C) Salima would be D) will Salima be

110. (v17-111-19) Choose the sentence with the same meaning.

If you hadn't told me about Jane's hair, I wouldn't have noticed it.

- A) Unless you don't tell me about Jane's hair, I won't notice it.
B) Unless you'd told me about Jane's hair, I wouldn't have noticed it.

C) If you hadn't told me about Jane's hair, I would have noticed it.

D) If you didn't tell me about Jane's hair, I would have noticed it.

111. (v17-113-10) Choose the best answer.

Courtney said that she ... Bruce.

- A) has not believed B) did not believe
C) does not believe D) will not believe

112. (v17-113-11) Choose the correct answer.

«I will have completed my new novel by the end of the month.» She said that she ... her new novel at the end of the month.»

- A) had completed B) completed
C) has completed D) would have completed

113. (v17-113-12) Choose the correct answer.

That strange woman enquired where...

- A) did I live B) I lived
C) do I live D) I have lived

114. (v17-114-21) Choose the correct answer.

«Don't worry about missing a point».

Our instructor told us ...

- A) not to worry about missing a point.
B) not worrying about missing a point.
C) didn't worry about missing a point.
D) don't worry about missing a point.

115. (v17-115-22) Choose the correct answer.

Mother ... the elder son who he ... to at six p.m. the day before.

- A) is asking / is talking
B) asked / was talking
C) ask / had talked
D) asked / had been talking

116. (v17-116-3) Choose the correct answer.

She said she ... her work by evening.

- A) would finish B) has finished
C) finishes D) would have finished

117. (v17-117-17) Transform into reported speech.

«Please, bring me my mobile phone!», asked mom

- A) Mom asked me to bring her mobile phone
B) Mom warned me to bring her mobile phone
C) Mom prohibited me to bring her mobile phone
D) Mom called me to bring her mobile phone

118. (v17-117-19) Choose the correct answer.

Lily said that she ... to learn Turkish 3 months before.

- A) started B) starts
C) had started D) has started

119. (v17-118-2) Choose the right variant of Reported Speech.

Jill said: «I don't play football».

- A) Jill said that she doesn't play football.
B) Jill said that she didn't play football.
C) Jill said that she won't play football.
D) Jill said that she wouldn't play football.

120. (v17-118-5) Transform into reported speech.

Tom said: «I must go now»

- A) Tom said he had to go then
B) Tom said he has to go then
C) Tom said he had to go now
D) Tom said he must go then

121. (v17-119-7) Choose the right variant of Reported Speech.

The teacher asked me: «Who is your best friend?».

- A) The teacher asked me who is my best friend.
- B) The teacher asked me who was my best friend.
- C) The teacher asked me who my best friend is.
- D) The teacher asked me who my best friend was.

122. (v17-119-12) Choose the right variant of Reported Speech.

Daniel said: «I want an apple».

- A) Daniel said he wanted an apple
- B) Daniel said he wants an apple
- C) Daniel said I want an apple
- D) Daniel said I wanted an apple

123. (v17-120-13) Choose the right variant of Reported Speech.

Mother said: «We are going to the swimming pool this morning».

- A) Mother said they were going to the swimming pool this morning.
- B) Mother said they were going to the swimming pool that morning.
- C) Mother said we were going to the swimming pool this morning.
- D) Mother said we were going to the swimming pool this morning.

124. (v17-120-14) Choose the right variant of Reported Speech.

The driver asked: «Who will be using the car tomorrow?».

- A) The driver asked who will be using the car tomorrow.
- B) The driver asked who would be using the car the next day.
- C) The driver asked who will be using the car the next day.
- D) The driver asked who would be using the car tomorrow.

125. (v18-347) He said he ... that man before.

- A) never met
- B) did not meet
- C) had never met
- D) did not never meet

126. (v18-348) Choose the correct answer.

«Are your children still skiing?» he said to me.

- A) He asked me are my children still skiing.
- B) He asked me if your children were still skiing.
- C) He asked me if my children were still skiing.
- D) He said to me if my children were still skiing.

127. (v18-349) Choose the correct answer.

«Don't drive so fast!» said Henry to his wife. Henry told his wife ... so fast.

- A) don't drive
- B) didn't drive
- C) not drive
- D) not to drive

128. (v19/20-101-16) Choose the correct answer.

«I'll sleep well tonight!» said Brad. Brad said ...

- A) I would sleep well tonight
- B) he would sleep well the night before
- C) he will sleep well this night
- D) he would sleep well that night

129. (v19/20-104-4) Choose the correct answer.

«I'm seeing Simon tomorrow,» Mary said. Mary said she ...

- A) would be seeing Simon tomorrow
- B) was seeing Simon the following day
- C) was seeing Simon the previous day
- D) saw Simon following day

130. (v19/20-105-11) Choose the correct answer.

«Why was Rob on TV?» Denis asked me. Denis asked me ... on TV.

- A) why was Rob
- B) why had Rob been
- C) why Rob had been
- D) if Rob had been

131. (v19/20-105-15) Choose the correct answer.

«Which films have you seen this year?» asks Rose.

- Rose wants to know which films ... year.
- A) had I seen that
- B) I have seen this
- C) I had seen that
- D) have I seen this

132. (v19/20-106-3) Choose the correct answer.

«We have a lift but very often it doesn't work,» they said.

- A) We said they had a lift but very often it didn't work.
- B) They said they had a lift but very often it doesn't work.
- C) They said we have a lift but very often it didn't work.
- D) They said they had a lift but very often it didn't work.

133. (v19/20-107-3) Choose the correct answer.

«Do you want to attend English courses?» he asked.

- He asked ... to attend English courses.
- A) whether do I want
- B) if I would want
- C) did I want
- D) if I wanted

134. (v19/20-110-12) Choose the correct answer.

«Don't make too much noise, children,» he said.

- A) He told the children not to make too much noise.
- B) He told the children didn't make too much noise.
- C) He told the children to make too much noise.
- D) He told the children not made too much noise.

135. (v19/20-113-4) Choose the correct answer.

«The president is to come to Madrid the day after tomorrow,» said the BBC announcer.

- A) The BBC announcer told that the president was to come to Madrid the next day.
- B) The BBC announcer said that the president is to come to Madrid the day after tomorrow.
- C) The BBC announcer told that he was to come to Madrid the day after tomorrow.
- D) The BBC announcer said that the president was to come to Madrid the day after tomorrow.

136. (v19/20-114-3) Choose the correct answer.

«Do whatever you like,» she said to us.

- A) She told us to do whatever we liked.
- B) She told us to do whatever I liked.
- C) She told us not to do whatever they liked.
- D) She told us did whatever they liked.

137. (v19/20-114-7) Choose the correct answer.

«Open the safe!» the raiders ordered the bank clerk.

- A) The raiders ordered the bank clerk to open the safe.
- B) The raiders ordered the bank clerk not to open the safe.
- C) The raiders asked the bank clerk if he opened the safe.
- D) The raiders said the bank clerk opened the safe.

138. (v19/20-117-18) Choose the correct answer.

«Who has eaten all the biscuits?» asked Mum. Mum wants to know who ... all the biscuits.

- A) had eaten
- B) has eaten
- C) ate
- D) had been eaten

139. (v19/20-120-12) Choose the correct answer.

«I scored a great goal yesterday,» Ginger said. Ginger said she ... a great goal ...

- A) had been scored / the day before
- B) did score / the day before
- C) has scored / yesterday
- D) had scored / the day before

140. (v19/20-121-13) Choose the correct answer.

«I left my wallet here,» Frank said.

Frank said ...

- A) he had left his wallet there
- B) he had been left his wallet here
- C) he left his wallet here
- D) he did leave him wallet there

141. (v19/20-126-13) Choose the correct answer.

«I need to borrow some money,» my brother told me.

My brother told me that he ... to borrow some money.

- A) would need
- B) needed
- C) had needed
- D) needs

142. (v19/20-127-6) Choose the correct answer.

«And don't make any noise when you leave!» she asked him. She asked him ...

- A) not to make any noise when he left
- B) don't make any noise when you leave
- C) make no noise when you leave
- D) didn't make any noise when he left

143. (v19/20-127-7) Choose the correct answer.

«Does he usually go to the Caribbean sea for his holiday?» she said.

- A) She asked whether he usually went to the Caribbean sea for his holiday.
- B) She asked whether he usually went to the Caribbean sea for her holiday.
- C) She asked whether does he usually go to the Caribbean sea for his holiday.
- D) She said whether he usually went to the Caribbean sea for his holiday.

144. (v19/20-129-13) Choose the correct answer.

«Did he begin smoking a pipe?» she said.

- A) She asked if he had begun smoking a pipe.
- B) She said that he had begun smoking a pipe.
- C) She asked if he began smoking a pipe.
- D) She asked whether she had begun smoking a pipe.

145. (v19/20-130-14) Choose the correct answer.

- «I have something to tell you,» I said to her.
 A) I told her that I had something to tell her.
 B) She told me that I had something to tell her.
 C) I said her that I had something to tell her.
 D) I told her that I have something to tell to her.

56. Questions and auxiliary verbs

1. (96-8-33) Choose the right variant of the reported speech. "When will you be there, Tom?" asked Dan. Dan asked Tom ...

- A) when you will be there
 B) when he will be there
 C) when he would be there
 D) when his friend would be there
 E) when you would be there

2. (96-8-35) Choose the right variant of the reported speech. Bill: "Have you seen any interesting comedy lately, Nancy?" "Bill asked Nancy ..."

- A) if he will see an interesting film
 B) if he saw an interesting comedy lately
 C) what comedy Nancy saw lately
 D) if she had seen any interesting comedy lately
 E) if she would see an interesting comedy

3. (96-9-34) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech. Tom: "Don't forget to bring my book, Ann". Tom asked Ann ...

- A) that she didn't forget to bring his book
 B) that she doesn't forget to bring his book
 C) not to forget to bring his book
 D) not to forget to bring her book
 E) if she didn't forget to bring the book

4. (96-9-35) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech. Ann: "Is your sister good at English?" Ann asked me ...

- A) that my sister is good at English.
 B) if my sister was good at English
 C) whether my sister is good at English
 D) my sister is good at English
 E) her sister was good at English

5. (96-12-35) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. Mother said to her son, "Don't give me my book back". Mother asked him ...

- A) that I had given.
 B) not to give her the book back.
 C) to give me her book back.
 D) not to have given her book back.
 E) If I give the book back.

6. (96-12-87) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. Ann: Write down my address. Ann asked me ...

- A) he wrote down my address
 B) to write down her address
 C) he had written her address
 D) she writes down her address
 E) she wrote down his address

7. (96-12-88) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. Dick to Lucy: Have you received my telegram? Dick asked if ...

- A) Lucy had received his telegram
 B) Lucy has received his telegram
 C) Lucy would receive his telegram
 D) Lucy will receive his telegram
 E) Lucy received his telegram

8. (96-13-39) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech.

He thought "What am I going to do?"
 He thought ...

- A) what was he going to do
 B) what he was going to do
 C) what he is going to do
 D) if he was going to do
 E) what is he going to do

9. (96-13-146) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech. The director wondered ...

- A) if I Know English.
 B) If I Knew English.
 C) he Knows English.
 D) how I Know English.
 E) who has Known English.

10. (96-13-200) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech.

He says, "What do the pupils study?"
 He asks ...

- A) what do the pupils study.
 B) what the pupils study.
 C) what the pupils studied.
 D) what the pupils have studied.
 E) whether the pupils study something.

11. (96-15-34) Choose the appropriate variant of the indirect speech. "How long have you been working as an interpreter?" The manager wondered ...

- A) how long you have been working as an interpreter
 B) how long he was working as an interpreter
 C) how much time the interpreter worked
 D) how long I had been working as an interpreter
 E) how long I worked as an interpreter

12. (96-15-35) Choose the appropriate variant of the indirect speech. He asked her "Did anybody call this morning?" He asked her ...

- A) if anybody called this morning
 B) if somebody had called that morning
 C) if somebody called that morning
 D) who called that morning
 E) had called anybody that morning

13. (96-15-86) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Did you work at a factory 3 years ago?" - she asked her friend. She asked her friend if she ...

- A) worked at a factory 3 years ago
 B) had worked at a factory 3 years before
 C) really worked at a factory 3 years before
 D) work at a factory
 E) worked at a factory for 3 years

14. (96-15-141) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Will Tom help me?" she said. She asked ...

- A) will Tom help her
 B) if Tom would help her
 C) whether he will help her
 D) whether would he help her
 E) that Tom would be helping her

15. (96-15-193) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. John: "When will you fly to Moscow?" John asked me ...

- A) when I should fly to Moscow
 B) when I shall fly to Moscow
 C) when I had flied to Moscow
 D) when I flied to Moscow
 E) when I fly to Moscow

16. (96-15-194) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "How long have you known Mr. Bell?" I wondered ...

- A) how long he knew Mr. Bell.
 B) how long he knows Mr. Bell.

- C) how long he had known Mr. Bell.
 D) how long he has known Mr. Bell.
 E) how long his friends knew Mr. Bell.

17. (97-1-32) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Are you a first year student?" The teacher asks him ... a first year student.

- A) if he was B) that he is C) was he
 D) if he studies E) if he is

18. (97-2-37) Change into indirect speech. The teacher asked, "Are all my pupils are here?" The teacher asked ...

- A) are all my pupils here.
 B) all my pupils are here.
 C) if all his pupils are there.
 D) if all my pupils were there.
 E) if all his pupils were there.

19. (97-2-38) Change into indirect speech. A man asked, "How much does this blue suit cost?" A man asked how much ...

- A) this blue suit costs
 B) does this blue suit cost
 C) did that blue suit cost
 D) that blue suit cost
 E) do those blue suit cost

20. (97-3-34) Choose the appropriate variant of the indirect speech. The mother asked her daughter, "What are you doing at three p.m. today?" The mother asked her daughter what ...

- A) are you doing at 3 p.m. today
 B) she was doing at 3 p.m. that day
 C) she had done at 3 p.m. that day
 D) I was doing at 3 p.m. this day
 E) was her daughter doing at 3 p.m.

21. (97-4-43) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech.

"Can you give me your textbook?" Mary asks Ben if he ... his text-book.

- A) could give him B) can give him
 C) would give him D) can give her
 E) what text-book he can give

22. (97-5-34) Complete the sentence. My friend asked me why ... late after my history class.

- A) did I stay B) I had stayed
 C) I stayed D) I was staying
 E) the reason for his staying

23. (97-6-38) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. The child asked his mother, "Where are we going now?" The child asked his mother ...

- A) where they were going then
 B) where we are going now
 C) where were they going then
 D) where are we going now
 E) where they are going then

24. (97-6-39) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. The boy asked his brother, "Can you help me today?" The boy asked his brother ...

- A) can he help him today
 B) could you help me that day
 C) if he could help him that day
 D) if he can help him today
 E) if you can help him today,

25. (97-9-36) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. Teacher asks the pupils, "Are the examination questions very difficult?" The teacher asks the pupils ... very difficult.

- A) are the examination questions
 B) if the examination questions is

- C) the examination questions are
D) if the examination questions were
E) if the examination questions are

26. (97-9-93) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Where do you live?" – the boy asked. The boy wanted to know where ...

- A) do I live B) did I live C) I live
D) I lived E) I had lived

27. (97-9-94) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. Have you ever been to London? – she asked Paul. She asked Paul if she ... to London.

- A) was B) has been
C) had ever been D) has ever been
E) have ever been

28. (97-10-33) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech.

"Whose birthday is it?" said Jane. Jane asked whose birthday ...

- A) it is B) it C) it was
D) is it E) it had been

29. (97-10-39) Choose the appropriate answer.

Do you have to get up so early?

- A) Yes, I shall. B) No, I don't, but I like to.
C) Yes, I have. D) No, I haven't.
E) No, I didn't.

30. (98-3-22) Complete the sentence.

The politician was asked ...

- A) who was starring in his latest film
B) if he is nervous before a match
C) if he wants to be a Prime Minister
D) what kind of plane he can fly
E) if his party would win the next election

31. (98-4-41) Complete the sentence.

Nick asked ...

- A) if Ann is present
B) what Ann intended to do that day
C) where was his brother
D) why the girl is crying
E) who wants to go home

32. (98-6-38) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. She asked: How can I get to the nearest book-shop? She asked ... to the nearest book-shop

- A) how she could get
B) how could she get
C) if she could get
D) where the book-shop was
E) if she could show her

33. (98-6-79) Choose the light variant of the indirect speech. "Why didn't you tell me that?" he asked. He asked ... him that.

- A) why he hasn't told
B) why had he not told
C) why didn't you tell me
D) why didn't he tell
E) why he hadn't told

34. (98-12-30) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech. "Are you sure it's a good restaurant?" she asks. She asks ... a good restaurant.

- A) if I was sure it's
B) whether I'm sure it was
C) why I'm sure it's
D) whether I was sure it was
E) if I'm sure it's

35. (99-3-39) Complete the sentence.

I wondered ...

- A) if the train had come on time
B) had the train come on time

- C) whether the train comes on time
D) if the train will come on time
E) when the train is due to come

36. (99-3-43) Choose the appropriate answer.

– Would you like a cup of coffee?

– ...

- A) Yes, thank you very much.
B) No, please. You're tired.
C) Only if it's not too much trouble.
D) You're right. My mother thinks tea spoils one's complexion
E) Tea is very refreshing, isn't it?

37. (99-9-38) Complete the sentence.

The policeman asked the woman ...

- A) where is she going
B) where was she going
C) where she goes out tonight
D) if he could show him her licence
E) if she is married or single

38. (00-1-36) Complete the sentence.

Little Mary was reading "Little Red Riding Hood" by Charles Perrault. She asked her brother, "Peter, could you explain to me what the numbers (1628–1703) are?" "... .."

- A) it's the writer's birth and death date.
B) it's the author's home telephone number.
C) it's the writer's post code.
D) it's the writer's office phone number
E) it's the author's house number.

39. (00-1-41) Choose the appropriate indirect speech.

Mrs. Blake asked me when ...

- A) I had heard him play
B) he has heard him play
C) she has heard him play
D) I have heard his play
E) she hears my playing

40. (00-2-50) Choose the appropriate variant of indirect speech. "Please close the window, my son?" asked mother. Mother asked her son ... the window.

- A) does close B) to close
C) closed D) will close
E) had closed

41. (00-5-45) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech. – Who spoke at the meeting yesterday? She wonders ... at the meeting ...

- A) who spoke / yesterday
B) who had spoken / yesterday
C) who had spoken / the day before
D) who speaks / every day
E) who had spoken / that day

42. (00-6-6) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Are you sure it's an interesting book?" she asks. She asks ... an interesting book.

- A) why I am sure it's B) if I was sure it was
C) if I was sure it is D) if I'm sure it was
E) if I'm sure it's

43. (00-7-56) Choose the right form of the indirect speech. John asked what he ... me about his trip.

- A) tells B) have told
C) had told D) has told
E) tell

44. (00-9-39) Choose the appropriate indirect speech. "Why haven't you kept your promise?" The teacher asked why ... kept his promise.

- A) hasn't he B) he hasn't
C) had he D) he hadn't
E) have not you

45. (01-1-37) Complete the sentence.

The Russian language teacher asked her pupil ...

- A) why are so noisy at her lessons
B) to arrange the words in alphabetical order
C) if they will feel nervous at the exam
D) why they are late for their history class
E) they talk at her lessons

46. (01-1-38) Complete the sentence.

The shop assistant asked a customer ...

- A) what size does he wear
B) to pay in cash
C) where is the hat
D) the dress fits her
E) if he will buy the coat

47. (01-2-33) Choose the appropriate form of the indirect speech.

"Why do you always find faults with others?" – she asked him. She asked why I ... faults with others.

- A) did he always find B) I always find
C) he always finds D) he always found
E) I always found

48. (01-4-52) Choose the appropriate reported speech. She asked me: "Did he tell you that?" She asked me ... that.

- A) did I told him
B) whether they had told him
C) if he had told me
D) if I had told him
E) whether did he tell me

49. (01-11-1) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

How does the author describe the place where he ... born?

- A) was B) were C) had been
D) will be E) is

50. (01-12-21) Choose the right variant of indirect speech. "How long will it take you to read this book?" – John asked his brother. John asked his brother ... to read that book.

- A) how long would it take him
B) whether it would take him long
C) how long it would take him
D) would it take me long
E) how long it will take him

51. (02-10-86) Choose the best answer.

The manager asked the secretary ...

- A) what date is it that day
B) if she felt well
C) if they've got all the letters
D) if the cable is ready for sending
E) who is the next visitor

52. (02-12-15) Choose the best answer.

They had an argument over who ... for dinner.

- A) will pay B) pays C) has paid
D) would pay E) is paid

53. (04-1-305) Choose the right answer.

Where do Sarvar and Dono live?

Do you know ... ?

- A) where Sarvar and Dono live
B) where do Sarvar and Dono live
C) Dono and Sarvar lived
D) where Sarvar and Dono lived
E) Dono and Sarvar live

54. (04-1-308) Choose the right answer.

Where is the nearest hotel?

Can you tell me ... ?

- A) where was the nearest hotel
 B) where the nearest hotel
 C) the nearest hotel where
 D) where the nearest hotel
 E) where the nearest hotel was

55. (04-1-309) Choose the right answer.

Could you give me Setora's telephone number? I wonder ... Setora's telephone number.

- A) if could you give me
 B) if I could give you
 C) if you could give me
 D) could you give me
 E) if can you give us

56. (04-1-310) Choose the right answer.

What would she like for her wedding?
 Do you know ... for her wedding?

- A) would she like B) what would she like
 C) she would like D) what she would like
 E) did she like

57. (04-1-319) Choose the right answer.

Have I hurt you? She asked me ...

- A) I had hurt you B) if she had hurt him
 C) if I have hurt you D) if she has hurt me
 E) if she had hurt me

58. (04-1-320) Choose the right answer.

When will they be in Samarqand? Can you tell me when ... ?

- A) will they be in Samarqand
 B) they will be in Samarqand
 C) they would be there
 D) would they be there
 E) they were there

59. (04-1-321) Choose the right answer.

When is Akmal coming?
 Do you know when ... ?

- A) Akmal is coming
 B) is Akmal coming
 C) Akmal was coming
 D) was coming Akmal
 E) was Akmal coming

60. (04-1-324) Choose the right answer.

Why did Shahnoza leave so suddenly?
 Can you tell me why ... so suddenly?

- A) had Shahnoza left
 B) Shahnoza had left
 C) did Shahnoza leave
 D) Shahnoza left
 E) Shahnoza leaves

61. (04-1-327) Choose the right answer.

What time will Dildora be at home?
 He wanted to know what time ... at home.

- A) Dildora will be B) will Dildora be
 C) Dildora was D) Dildora is
 E) Dildora would be

62. (04-1-329) Choose the right answer.

Has he mended his floor? They wanted to know ... floor.

- A) he had mended my
 B) if he has mended his
 C) if he had mended his
 D) did he mend your
 E) if he had mended your

63. (04-1-330) Choose the right answer.

Will you be at college next Thursday? He wondered ... at college next Thursday.

- A) if you will be B) if I was
 C) will you be D) if I would be
 E) if I will be

64. (04-1-333) Choose the best answer.

Why didn't you look after your little brother?
 She was asking me why ... little brother.

- A) didn't you look after your
 B) didn't I look after my
 C) I hadn't looked after your
 D) I didn't look after my
 E) I hadn't looked after my

65. (v4-102-25) Complete the sentence.

The teacher asked her pupils ...

- A) where their textbooks were
 B) why they open the textbooks
 C) where are their textbooks
 D) be quiet, please, listen to me
 E) where their textbooks are

66. (v4-104-25) Choose the right variant

of Indirect speech. "Must we write all these exercises?" The pupil asked the teacher ... exercises.

- A) if they must write all those
 B) if they will write all these
 C) if he must write all those
 D) if they must write all these
 E) that they must write all these

67. (v4-115-25) Choose the appropriate variant of Indirect speech.

Nargiza mother asked her, "What are you doing at three p.m. today?" Nargiza mother asked her what ... at 3 p.m.

- A) they are doing that day
 B) was she doing that day
 C) are you doing today
 D) you were doing today
 E) she was doing that day

68. (v4-125-34) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Jack couldn't imagine what ... to Helen.

- A) will happen B) happens
 C) had happened D) will be happening
 E) has been happened

69. (v5-106-22) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech.

"Does your friend often come here, boys?" - said Fred. Fred asked the boys ...

- A) would their friend come to them.
 B) if their friend came here.
 C) if their friend often came there.
 D) had their friend come there.
 E) did your friend come there.

70. (v5-141-21) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Could you help me a while?
 - Sure. Tell me what ... me to do.

- A) do you want B) you want
 C) want D) want they
 E) you do want

71. (v5-149-22) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech.

"Does your friend often come here, boys?"

- said Fred. Fred asked the boys ...

- A) would their friend come to them.
 B) if their friend came here.
 C) if their friend often came there:
 D) had their friend come there.
 E) did your friend come there.

72. (v5-154-25) Choose the appropriate answer.

The teacher asked me ... for the Lesson.

- A) if was I ready B) what was I ready
 C) was I ready D) that I was ready
 E) if I was ready

73. (v5-155-22) Choose the appropriate variant. Munira said to Rustam:

"What did you buy yesterday?". Munira asked Rustam what ...

- A) he had bought the day before
 B) his friend had already bought
 C) he would buy the next day
 D) he has just bought
 E) he bought yesterday

74. (v5-159-22) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech.

- Why are you shouting, man?

- said Prince John to Locksley. Prince John asked Locksley ...

- A) if he was shouting
 B) why you are shouting
 C) why is the man shouting
 D) why has he shouting
 E) why he was shouting

75. (v5-160-22) Choose the right variant of the Indirect speech.

"I like novels written by Dickens", said Nina to her friend Vera. "I have read many of them". What did Nina say to Vera?

- A) Nina said that she didn't like Dickens.
 B) Nina asked Vera if she liked novels written by Dickens.
 C) Nina told to Vera that she likes Dickens' novels.
 D) Nina asked Vera if she likes novels.
 E) Nina told Vera that she liked novels written by Dickens and she had read many of them.

76. (v6-137-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At the interview they asked Alan ... drive.

- A) if he can B) could he
 C) if he could D) can he

77. (v6-144-21) Choose the answer which means the same as the sentence below. "Why are you shouting, man?" Prince

John said to Locksley. Prince John asked Locksley ...

- A) why he was shouting
 B) why was the man shouting
 C) if he was shouting
 D) why the man is shouting

78. (v6-147-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Rustam: "I went shopping yesterday".

Munira: "What did you buy?" Munira asked Rustam what ...

- A) she has bought. B) she was buying.
 C) he had bought. D) he was bought.

79. (v6-150-19) Choose the answer which means the same as the sentence below.

My sister asked, "Can I have a cup of tea?"

- A) She refused to have a cup of tea.
 B) She liked her cup of tea.
 C) She offered me a cup of tea.
 D) She asked for a cup of tea.

80. (v6-156-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The teacher asked me ... for the lesson.

- A) was I ready B) if I was ready
 C) if was I ready D) what was I ready

81. (v6-158-9) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined words.

- Is your father in?

- No, he is out

- A) is away B) is here
 C) comes D) leaves

82. (v6-158-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The teacher asked us

- A) sit quietly B) to be quiet
C) keep quiet D) to be quietly

83. (v8-114-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Please don't tell anyone the news, because I want to keep it a secret", - Janet said to her sister. Janet asked her sister ... anyone the news, because she ... to keep it a secret.

- A) didn't tell / had wanted
B) not to tell / wanted
C) don't tell / wants
D) not tell / has wanted

84. (v8-128-25) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.

- Daddy, Tommy said that the sun rises in the west. Doesn't it rise in the east?

- ... Annie. You're right. Tommy is a little locked up.

- A) No, it doesn't. B) Yes, it does.
C) No, it isn't. D) Yes, it is.

85. (v8-130-25) Choose the correct answer to complete the dialogue.

- You look tired this morning.

Did you sleep well?

- ... I had a terrible toothache.

- A) No, I didn't. B) Yes, I am.
C) Yes, I did. D) No, I don't.

86. (v9-107-1) Choose the right answer.

"Don't forget to take the dog out". Mother reminded me ... to take the dog out.

- A) not to forget B) didn't forget
C) if I forgot D) don't forget

87. (v9-113-4) Choose the right answer.

"Do you want to walk out for a meal?" He asked her ... to go out for a meal.

- A) if she wants B) if she had wanted
C) that she wanted D) whether she wanted

88. (v9-126-16) Choose the right answer.

"Don't tell anyone what happened." Ann asked me ... anyone what had happened.

- A) don't tell B) not told
C) not to tell D) not tell

89. (v9-128-17) Choose the right answer.

"Shall I carry your bag, Tracy?" he said. He ... her bag.

- A) told Tracy he could carry
B) asked Tracy if he could carry
C) said that he can carry
D) offered Tracy to carry

90. (v10-105-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Why did Shahnoza leave so suddenly? Can you tell me why ... so suddenly?

- A) had Shahnoza left B) did Shahnoza leave
C) Shahnoza left D) Shahnoza had left

91. (v10-111-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"- Is there anything to have a bite?"

"- Wait a minute. A table ... out for luncheon in the garden."

- A) set B) is set
C) is being set D) has been set

92. (v10-113-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Don't forget to take the dog out". Mother reminded me ... to take the dog out.

- A) didn't forget B) if I forgot
C) don't forget D) not to forget

93. (v10-114-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Don't make so much noise, Michael" said Ellen. Ellen told Michael ... so much noise.

- A) don't make B) do make
C) not to make D) to make

94. (v10-115-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Why haven't you switched off the light?" She asked the boy why ...

- A) haven't he switched off the light
B) hadn't he switched off the light
C) he hadn't switched off the light
D) he has not switched off the light

95. (v10-116-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The woman is asking her neighbour, "Have you seen my daughter?" The woman asked her neighbour ... her daughter.

- A) if she had seen B) has she seen
C) have I seen D) if they have seen

96. (v10-118-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Have you made your decision?" She asked me if I ... my decision.

- A) had made B) have made
C) was making D) made

97. (v10-123-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"When will you be there, Alice?" asked Tom. Tom asked Alice ...

- A) when you will be there
B) when he would be there
C) if she will be there
D) when she would be there

98. (v10-124-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Is this seat vacant? Do you know ...

- A) is this seat vacant
B) if this seat vacant was
C) was this seat vacant
D) if this seat is vacant

99. (v10-129-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Don't forget to tidy the bedroom." Tina told her daughter ... to tidy the bedroom.

- A) not to forget B) doesn't forget
C) not forget D) don't forget

100. (v10-130-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Will you have dinner with me?" He invited me ... dinner with him.

- A) will have B) to have
C) have D) would have

101. (v11-139-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

David: How was your camping holiday?
Harriet: If we ... two weeks earlier, we'd have had better weather.

- A) have gone B) would go
C) went D) had gone

102. (v12z-102-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Where did you learn English?" she asked me. She asked me where English.

- A) you had learned B) did I learn
C) I had learned D) I learned

103. (v12z-104-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Where can I buy a phone card in this city?" he asked me He asked me where a phone card in this city

- A) he could buy B) could he buy
C) can I buy D) I can buy

104. (v12z-108-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He asked me, "Will you be able to come to the reception?" He asked me ... to come to the reception.

- A) will you be able
B) if I will be able
C) whether I would be able
D) would you be able

105. (v12z-113-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He asked, "Will they visit us in the summer?" He asked visit us in the summer

- A) if they would B) will they
C) whether would they D) when will they

106. (v12z-116-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The girl asked her friend. "Did you go to the birthday party yesterday?" The girl asked her friend ...

- A) did you go to the birthday party the day before
B) if she had gone to the birthday party the day before
C) did she go to the birthday party yesterday
D) if she goes to the birthday party this day

107. (v12z-119-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Did you switch off the lights" she said to him. She asked him if ... off the lights.

- A) he switched B) he had switched
C) you didn't switch D) he doesn't switch

108. (v12z-119-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"How long have you been with the company?" "I ... there two years by January".

- A) will be working B) will work
C) will have worked D) have been working

109. (v12z-120-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- It's a lovely day, isn't it?

- Beautiful. We're having a glorious summer, ... we?

- A) do B) don't C) are D) aren't

110. (v12z-127-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Where is the nearest bus station?

Could you tell me ...

- A) where the nearest bus station is
B) where the nearest bus station was
C) where was the nearest bus station
D) where is the nearest bus station

111. (v12c-107-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Tom asked his manager, "How often will we be meeting over the next couple of weeks?"

Tom asked his manager ... be meeting over the next couple of weeks.

- A) whether they will
B) if would we
C) how often they would
D) how often will we

112. (v12c-108-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The boy asked her if ... a possibility of getting those books in the school library.

- A) it is B) there is
C) it were D) there was

113. (v12c-113-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What would she like for her wedding? Do you know ... for her wedding?

- A) what she would like
 B) she would like
 C) would she like
 D) what would she like

114. (v12c-122-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We asked the secretary, "How much longer do we have to wait?" We asked the secretary how much longer ... to wait.

- A) we have B) we had
 C) did we have D) do we have

115. (v12c-125-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Where can I buy a phone card in this city?" – he asked me. He asked me where ... a phone card in this city.

- A) I can buy B) can I buy.
 C) could he buy D) he could buy

116. (v12c-127-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Jim asked, "Did you go to work yesterday?" Jim asked ...

- A) we went to work yesterday
 B) if had I been to work the day before
 C) did you go to work yesterday
 D) whether I had gone to work the day before

117. (v12c-134-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. My friend inquired, "Will my using my cell phone disturb you?" My friend inquired ... disturb me.

- A) whether his using his cell phone would
 B) will my using his cell phone
 C) could his using my cell phone
 D) if his using his cell phone will

118. (v12c-135-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Please stay a little longer," Kate said to her sister. Kate asked her sister ... a little longer.

- A) please stay B) stayed
 C) stay D) to stay

119. (v12c-142-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I wondered, "When will the program start" I wondered when ... start.

- A) the program will B) would the program
 C) the program would D) will the program

120. (v12c-149-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Have any of the houses been damaged?" The reporter wanted to know ... damaged.

- A) whether some of the houses had been
 B) had any of the houses been
 C) if some of the houses were
 D) have any of the houses been

121. (v12c-151-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Mother said to her children, "Don't make so much noise, father is sleeping" Mother told her children ... sleeping.

- A) not to make so much noise, father was
 B) not to make so much noise, father is
 C) don't make so much noise, father was
 D) don't make much noise, father is

122. (v12c-160-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Where did you learn English?" she asked me. She asked me where English.

- A) you had learned B) I learned
 C) did I learn D) I had learned

123. (v13-105-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nora asked Bill: "Where did you hide my purse?" Nora asked Bill where ... her purse.

- A) he had hidden B) did he hide
 C) he hide D) he hid

124. (v13-105-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "What time do the shops close?" The woman wants to know what time ...

- A) the shops closed B) do the shops close
 C) did the shops close D) the shops close

125. (v13-106-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Where is the main tourist office?" The man asked the tour guide where

- A) is the main tourist office
 B) the main tourist office was
 C) was the main tourist office
 D) the main tourist office is

126. (v13-111-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Don't forget to tidy the room." Martha told her cleaner ... to tidy the room.

- A) don't forget B) didn't forget
 C) not forget D) not to forget

127. (v13-126-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "How shall I tell Simon the bad news?" he said. He asked how ... Simon the bad news.

- A) shall I tell B) he will tell
 C) he should tell D) should I tell

128. (v13-133-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "What time will Ann be back?" Have you any idea what time ... back.

- A) will be Ann B) Ann would be
 C) will Ann be D) Ann will be

129. (v13-134-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Don't forget to tidy the room." Martha told her cleaner ... to tidy the room.

- A) didn't forget B) not to forget
 C) not forget D) don't forget

130. (v13-136-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Did you find my suitcase?" The woman asked the tour guide ... suitcase.

- A) did you find my B) if he had found her
 C) did he find her D) whether you found my

131. (v13-138-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Don't leave the rubbish in the kitchen." Mrs. Turner told her cleaner ... the rubbish in the kitchen.

- A) not to leave B) don't leave
 C) not leave D) didn't leave

132. (v13-140-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Can you tell me what the time is?" asked a man. A man asked me what ...

- A) is the time B) time is
 C) the time was D) was the time

133. (v13-149-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Don't leave the rubbish in the kitchen." Mrs. Tu told her cleaner ... the rubbish in the kitchen.

- A) don't leave B) not to leave
 C) not leave D) didn't leave

134. (v13-167-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Where is the main tourist office?" The man asked the tour guide where ...

- A) was the main tourist office
 B) is the main tourist office
 C) the main tourist office is
 D) the main tourist office was

135. (v14-103-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. People shouldn't smoke in public places, should they?

- A) Yes, they shouldn't. B) Yes, they should.
 C) No, they shouldn't. D) No, they should.

136. (v14-103-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Why are you looking so pretty tonight?" – she asked. She asked ...

- A) why she was looking so pretty that night.
 B) why she looks so pretty tonight.
 C) why did she look so pretty tonight.
 D) why was she looking so pretty that night.

137. (v14-109-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Azim asked, "Did you go to work yesterday?" Azim asked ...

- A) whether I had gone to work the day before
 B) if had I gone to work the day before
 C) we went to work yesterday
 D) did you go to work yesterday

138. (v14-111-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The secretary said to me, "Wait here, please." The secretary asked me ...

- A) waiting here B) to wait there
 C) waited there D) wait here

139. (v14-112-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. "Have any of the buildings been damaged?" The correspondent wanted to know ... damaged.

- A) have any of the houses been
 B) if some of the houses were
 C) whether some of the houses had been
 D) had any of the houses been

140. (v15-111-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She asked him, "Will you be able to come to the reception?" She asked him if ... to come to the reception.

- A) will you be able B) he will be able
 C) he would be able D) would you be able

141. (v15-114-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Suzanne: "Don't forget to call me, Jack". Suzanne asked Jack ... forget to call him.

- A) that she didn't B) not to
 C) do not to D) that she doesn't

142. (v15-114-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We asked the secretary, "How long do we have to wait?"

- We asked the secretary how long ... to wait.
 A) do we have B) did we have
 C) we had D) we have

143. (v16-123-1) Choose the correct answer.

- Oh, I'll buy this rug! How much ... here?
 A) it is costing B) it costs
 C) does it cost D) is it costing

144. (v17-101-19) Choose the correct answer.

- ... going to pay for the watch, you may wonder, Bonu or Farangiz?

- A) Whom's B) Whose
C) Who's D) Where's

145. (v17-114-24) Choose the correct answer.

Who ... America?

- A) discovered B) did discover
C) was discovered D) have discovered

146. (v17-118-16) Choose the correct answer.

Which programme ... the most?

Well, I learned a lot from Extreme History.

- A) teaching B) taught you
C) is teaching you D) did you teach

147. (v17-129-24) Choose the correct answer.

It was my secret ... Who - you that?

- A) said B) did say C) did tell D) told

148. (v19/20-101-12) Choose the correct answer.

Mary didn't have to use a dictionary, ...?

- A) didn't he B) had he
C) did she D) haven't she

149. (v19/20-110-17) Choose the correct answer.

There's someone at ... front door.

- A) an B) a C) - D) the

150. (v19/20-125-11) Choose the correct answer.

... kind of man is Mr Short?

- A) What B) Who C) How D) Where

151. (v19/20-126-2) Choose the correct answer.

... happened the other day?

- A) Whom B) When C) Where D) What

152. (v19/20-129-15) Choose the correct answer.

... do you have to write?

- A) Which B) Who
C) How many D) What

57. Orders / requests

1. (96-6-87) Choose the appropriate variant of indirect speech. Mother told me "Don't stay out long". Mother told me ...

- A) did not stay out long
B) not to stay out long
C) that I mustn't stay out long
D) I shouldn't stay out long
E) stay out long

2. (96-13-88) Choose the right form of the indirect speech.

"Don't play in the street!" - my mother said to me.

- A) My mother told me don't play in the street.
B) My mother said to play in the street.
C) She asked me to play in the street.
D) My mother told me not to play in the street.
E) My mother said I should play in the street.

3. (96-15-88) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Don't try to tell a lie, I'll find it out!" he said to me. He told me ...

- A) to tell a lie as he would find it out
B) to try to tell a lie as he will find it out
C) not to tell a lie as he will find it out
D) not to try to tell a lie as he would find it out
E) to try to tell a lie as he wouldn't find it out

4. (97-2-39) Change into indirect speech.

An old woman says, "Don't make so much noise, I'm going to sleep". An old woman asks ...

A) not to make so much noise, she's going to sleep

B) don't make so much noise, she's sleeping

C) stop making so much noise, she is going to sleep

D) not to make so much noise I'm going to sleep

E) don't make so much noise she was going to sleep

5. (97-6-37) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. Father says to his son, "Don't play in the street". Father tells his son ... in the street.

- A) doesn't play B) don't play
C) not playing D) playing not
E) not to play

6. (97-9-37) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech.

A director says to his secretary: "Send my daughter a telegram." A director says to his secretary ... daughter a telegram.

- A) to send his B) he sends his
C) he sent my D) not to send my
E) to send my

7. (97-10-35) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Don't make so much noise, Michael" said Ellen.

Ellen told Michael ... so much noise.

- A) to make B) not to make
C) do make D) don't make
E) didn't make

8. (99-1-37) Choose the appropriate indirect speech. Alice is told: "Clean your teeth twice a day!" Alice is told ...

- A) clean her teeth twice a day
B) if she cleans her teeth twice a day
C) clean your teeth twice a day
D) to clean her teeth twice a day
E) cleaned her teeth twice a day

9. (00-5-43) Choose the appropriate form of indirect speech. - Don't imagine it's an easy task to perform. He told me ... an easy task to perform.

- A) don't imagine it's B) not imagine it is
C) not to imagine it was D) to imagine it was
E) not to imagine it is

10. (01-6-46) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. "Hold together and you won't be defeated!" - said the old man to his sons. The old man told his sons ...

- A) hold together and they won't be defeated
B) to hold together and they wouldn't be defeated
C) held together and they wouldn't be defeated
D) to hold together and you won't be defeated
E) hold together and they wouldn't be defeated

11. (02-2-17) Choose the best answer.

I went to the doctor's yesterday and I ... for half an hour.

- A) had to wait B) must wait
C) should wait D) can wait
E) was to wait

12. (v4-103-31) Choose the right variant of indirect speech.

"Send your mother a telegram", said my grandmother. My grandmother told me ...

- A) to work tomorrow evening
B) to look for her spectacles
C) sending my mother a telegram
D) to send my mother a telegram
E) to send my mother a letter

13. (v4-119-31) Choose the right variant of indirect speech.

The librarian said to me, "Don't keep the books too long". The librarian told me ...

A) not to keep the books too long

B) if I keep the books too long

C) don't keep the books too long

D) that I keep the books too long

E) to keep the books too long

14. (v4-124-25) Choose the appropriate variant of the indirect speech. Jack: "Don't forget to call me, Jane". Jack asked Jane ... forget to call him.

- A) not to B) if she didn't
C) that she didn't D) do not to
E) that she doesn't

15. (v7-157-18) Be said: "Don't ring me up from 3 to 5 pm. I will be working in the laboratory." Be told me ... in the laboratory.

- A) not to ring him up from 3 to 5 pm. He would be working
B) that I was not ringing him up from 3 to 5 pm. He would be working
C) don't ring him up from 3 to 5 pm. He will be working
D) that I didn't ring him up from 3 to 5 pm. He will work

16. (v9-103-12) Choose the right answer. "Yes, I'll help you if you can wait a little". He ... if I could wait a little.

- A) asked if I could help him
B) agreed to help me
C) says he will help me
D) told me to help him

17. (v9-129-19) Choose the right answer. "Stand up straight!" said the sergeant to the soldier. The sergeant commanded ... up straight.

- A) the soldier stand
B) that the soldier stands
C) the soldier to stand
D) if the soldier could stand

18. (v10-126-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Hold together and you won't be defeated!" - said the old man to his sons. The old man told his sons ...

- A) to hold together and you won't be defeated
B) to hold together and they wouldn't be defeated
C) hold together and they won't be defeated
D) held together and they wouldn't be defeated

19. (v15-111-21) Choose the correct answer.

He ordered ... because they hadn't managed to find a proper place to meet.

- A) the meeting cancelled
B) that the meeting was cancelled
C) the meeting being cancelled
D) the meeting to be cancelled

20. (v17-114-14) Choose the correct answer.

The police ordered the people ...

- A) that they go away B) go away
C) going away D) to go away

58. Question tags

1. (96-8-89) Choose the right variant of indirect speech.

Nick asked: "Nick, where did you buy this book?" John asked ...

- A) Where Nick bought that book.
B) Nick where he had bought that book.
C) Nick where he bought that book.

D) Nick where he was buying that book.
E) Where Nick would buy that book.

2. (97-11-42) Complete the sentence.

There won't be any trouble, ...?

- A) wasn't there B) will not there
C) will there D) do there
E) wouldn't there

3. (98-5-50) Complete the sentence.

He never thought what might come out of it, ... ?

- A) does he B) hasn't he C) didn't he
D) did he E) won't he

4. (98-7-8) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Max ... to be good at interpreting, ... he?

- A) doesn't seem / does B) seems / does
C) seemed / did D) seems / does
E) didn't seem / doesn't

5. (98-11-44) Complete the sentence.

There are so many people in the street, ... ?

- A) are they B) are there
C) aren't they D) aren't there
E) isn't there

6. (98-12-45) Complete the question.

There is neither electricity nor gas on the island, ... ?

- A) is there B) isn't there C) there is
D) there isn't E) isn't it

7. (98-12-48) Complete the question.

The boy wasn't able to do it alone, ... ?

- A) didn't he B) wasn't he C) was he
D) did he E) wasn't it

8. (01-1-46) Complete the sentence.

Yesterday my parents had to speak to the principal, ... ?

- A) had they B) hadn't they C) do they
D) didn't they E) did they

9. (01-3-36) Complete the sentence with question tags. John wasn't happy about his last job, ... ?

- A) isn't he B) wasn't he
C) doesn't he D) was he
E) didn't he

10. (01-3-60) Complete the sentence.

I got up very early yesterday, ... ?

- A) do I B) haven't I C) isn't he
D) didn't I E) am I not

11. (02-1-3) Choose the best answer.

I'm not going to help you with your homework and neither ... John.

- A) isn't going to B) is going to
C) is D) isn't
E) does

12. (02-6-38) Choose the best answer.

Clive wants to visit Nebraska, and ... Sonya.

- A) does too B) does also
C) also does D) wants too
E) so does

13. (02-8-49) Choose the best answer.

The economic news looks good, ... ?

- A) don't they B) aren't they
C) isn't it D) do they
E) doesn't it

14. (02-10-81) Choose the best answer.

I scarcely remember all my relatives.

- A) So do I.
B) My brother does too.
C) Neither does my mother.
D) We do as well.
E) I am too.

15. (03-8-23) Choose the best answer.

Let's go out today, ... ?

- A) don't we B) let we C) let us
D) shall we E) do we

16. (03-8-25) Choose the best answer.

You had your car painted a week ago, ... ?

- A) hadn't you B) had you
C) did you D) didn't you
E) didn't it

17. (04-1-353) Choose the right answer.

If there is anything interesting to see in the Picture Gallery, ... there?

- A) shall we go B) we went
C) did we go D) we shall go
E) we would go

18. (v5-129-11) Choose the right answer.

They had to go back, ... ?

- A) didn't they B) hadn't they
C) don't they D) did they
E) didn't you

19. (v5-137-36) Choose the best answer.

I like music by Shostakovich:

- A) So am I B) So we do
C) Neither do I D) Neither is she
E) So does he

20. (v5-155-28) Choose the right answer.

They moved to Russia two years ago, ... ?

- A) didn't they B) haven't you
C) don't they D) did they
E) had you

21. (v5-160-28) Choose the appropriate word.

They've never heard this song, ... ?

- A) do they B) are they
C) aren't they D) have they
E) haven't they

22. (v6-156-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You had to come back, ... you?

- A) had B) hadn't C) did D) didn't

23. (v8-104-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He's learned a lot in the last couple of years, ... ? One can only admire what progress he has made.

- A) hasn't he B) is he
C) isn't he D) has he

24. (v8-109-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– There aren't many people here yet, ... ?

– No, but it's still quite early.

- A) are there B) aren't there
C) are they D) aren't they

25. (v8-111-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Let the see, the bus leaves at ten past five, ... it?

– No, a quarter past.

- A) doesn't B) hasn't
C) isn't D) won't

26. (v8-111-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– You haven't lived here long, ... you?

– No only three months.

- A) did B) have C) haven't D) didn't

27. (v8-114-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Peter, ... anything since you got home from football practice?

- A) are you eating B) do you eat
C) have you eaten D) will you eat

28. (v8-125-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I am supposed to be here, ... ?

I am to look after the child.

- A) don't I B) aren't I C) do I D) am I

29. (v8-126-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– There aren't many people here yet, ... ?

– No, but it's still quite early.

- A) are there B) aren't there
C) are they D) aren't they

30. (v8-128-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

That's your umbrella, ... ?

I nearly took it by mistake.

- A) is it B) is that C) isn't he D) isn't it

31. (v9-109-13) Choose the right answer.

This work has to be finished today ... it?

- A) hasn't B) has C) doesn't D) does

32. (v9-112-13) Choose the right answer.

I'm trying to lose weight. I have to cut down on puddings, ... I?

- A) don't B) have C) haven't D) do

33. (v9-122-6) Choose the right answer.

Don't forget to bring the book, ... ?

- A) won't you B) will you
C) are you D) do you

34. (v9-124-15) Choose the right answer.

My dad does the cooking. Yours never does the homework, ... he?

- A) is B) does C) isn't D) doesn't

35. (v9-125-9) Choose the right answer.

Let's go to the theatre tonight, ... ?

- A) will we B) do we
C) shall we D) won't we

36. (v9-127-4) Choose the right answer.

Mark doesn't really get on with Alan. They're always arguing, ... they?

- A) don't B) aren't C) do D) are

37. (v9-130-11) Choose the right answer.

– Jack is very angry with you.

– ... ?

I didn't realize. I'll ring him and apologize.

- A) Yes B) Does he C) Is he D) Was he

38. (v10-103-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't say you knew nothing about it, ... ?

- A) will you B) don't you
C) do you D) won't you

39. (v10-109-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Stanley Kubrick's going to be nominated to receive the Academy Award for best director, ... he?

- A) doesn't B) won't
C) didn't D) isn't

40. (v10-127-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let him use your phone ... ? He needs to make an urgent call.

- A) will you B) don't you
C) do you D) shall we

41. (v10-130-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My dad does the cooking. Yours never does the housework, ... he?

- A) does B) isn't C) doesn't D) is

42. (v11-147-14) Complete the sentence with question tags. John wasn't happy about his last job, ...?

- A) didn't he B) was he
C) did he D) wasn't he

43. (v12z-105-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You had to work hard to pass your exams ... ? It wasn't easy.

- A) hadn't you B) did you
C) had you D) didn't you

44. (v12z-108-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It's a lovely day! Let's sit in the garden, ... we?

- A) may B) will C) shall D) can

45. (v12z-129-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The first modern Olympic Games took place in Greece in 1896, ... ?

- A) didn't it B) did it
C) did they D) didn't they

46. (v12z-130-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It's a lovely day! Let's sit in the garden, ... we?

- A) can B) may C) shall D) will

47. (v12c-107-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Read the note at the bottom of the page, ... you?

- A) could B) can C) will D) would

48. (v12c-109-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. No one noticed James enter the house, ... ?

- A) had they B) didn't he
C) didn't they D) did they

49. (v12c-110-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. – You came in a sports car, ... you? – That's right.

- A) weren't B) did
C) were D) didn't

50. (v12c-111-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Let's change the subject, ... ?

- A) do you B) let us
C) do we D) shall we

51. (v12c-126-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There's a woman in the room, ... ?

- A) is she B) isn't there
C) isn't she D) is there

52. (v12c-130-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You're going on holiday soon, ... you?

- A) aren't B) don't C) do D) are

53. (v12c-141-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Trying your best is the important thing, ... ?

- A) aren't you B) are you
C) is it D) isn't it

54. (v12c-143-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. They have nothing in common, ... they?

- A) do B) had
C) haven't D) don't

55. (v12c-144-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There were many mistakes in your dictation, ... ?

- A) weren't they B) were there
C) weren't there D) aren't they

56. (v12c-153-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I am a bit late, ... ? I am sorry, then.

- A) don't I B) am I C) aren't I D) do I

57. (v12c-158-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There aren't any problems, ... ? You have settled that matter, I believe.

- A) aren't they B) aren't there
C) are they D) are there

58. (v12c-158-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Tina is getting old. She hardly goes anywhere now, ... she?

- A) does B) is C) isn't D) doesn't

59. (v14-102-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. – I'm going to stay in the same hotel as last year.

- ... ?
A) Didn't you B) Are you
C) Aren't you D) Do you

60. (v14-104-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The economic news looks good, ... ?

- A) don't it B) doesn't it
C) isn't it D) aren't they

61. (v14-104-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Don't read the note at the bottom of the page, ... you?

- A) could B) would C) will D) can

62. (v14-105-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Let's change the topic, ... ?

- A) shall we B) do you
C) let us D) do we

63. (v14-106-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We had to work hard to pass our exams, ... ? It wasn't easy.

- A) hadn't we B) did we
C) didn't we D) had we

64. (v14-107-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There is a lot of furniture in the room, ... ?

- A) is it B) isn't there
C) isn't it D) is there

65. (v14-108-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Have you tasted the food? The food isn't very good, ... ?

- A) isn't it B) doesn't it
C) is it D) does it

66. (v14-111-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Don't go inside, ... ?

- A) do you B) shall we
C) don't you D) will you

67. (v15-102-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Laylo never said she would marry him, ... she?

- A) did B) didn't C) does D) hasn't

68. (v15-105-9) Choose the correct answer for the following question. Don't use the phone, ... you? It's not working.

- A) shall B) will C) don't D) do

69. (v15-107-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There's another way of getting to the village instead of going through the forest, ... ?

- A) isn't it B) is it
C) is there D) isn't there

70. (v15-111-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Boris is getting old. He hardly goes anywhere now, ... he?

- A) isn't B) does C) is D) doesn't

71. (v15-122-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The first modern Olympic Games took place in Greece in 1896, ... ?

- A) did it B) didn't they
C) did they D) didn't it

72. (v15-127-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You have talked to Nick on the phone. He's coming to the party, ... ?

- A) isn't he B) he is
C) isn't he coming D) is he

73. (v15-129-20) Choose the correct answer.

There is nothing left, ... ?

- A) is it B) is there
C) isn't it D) isn't there

74. (v16-104-12) Choose the best answer. He's hardly passed the exam, ... ?

- A) isn't he B) hasn't he
C) has he D) is he

75. (v16-114-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There were many mistakes in your dictation, ... ?

- A) aren't they B) weren't there
C) weren't they D) were there

76. (v16-119-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. No one noticed James enter the house ... ?

- A) had they B) didn't he
C) didn't they D) did they

77. (v16-130-15) Choose the best answer. We couldn't get rid of this idea. Let's discuss it later ... ?

- A) shall we B) do we
C) won't you D) will you

78. (v17-106-4) Choose the right answer. Let's go shopping, ...

- A) are we B) do we
C) shall we D) won't we

79. (v17-114-12) Choose the correct answer.

Let's go to the park, ... we?

- A) will B) shall C) do D) have

80. (v17-115-9) Choose the correct answer.

They don't suppose they could live in solitude now, ... ?

- A) couldn't they B) can they
C) could they D) do they

81. (v17-116-24) Choose the correct answer.

That's a really nice dress she's wearing, ... ?

- A) hasn't it B) isn't she
C) hasn't she D) isn't it

82. (v17-118-18) Choose the correct answer.

Someone left the door open, ... ?

- A) do they
C) didn't it

- B) didn't they
D) isn't it

83. (v17-121-17) Choose the correct answer. Pass me the salt, ...

- A) don't you? B) will you?
C) do you? D) won't you?

84. (v17-121-19) Choose the correct answer.

Let's go abroad this summer, ...?

- A) do we B) shall we
C) have we D) can we

85. (v17-122-5) Choose the right answer.

Don't open the windows until your mother comes, ... you?

- A) do B) will C) should D) shall

86. (v17-122-7) Choose the right answer.

Let's skip this part of the movie, it is not interesting, ... we?

- A) let not B) will not
C) should D) shall

87. (v17-123-16) Choose the right answer.

Let's get driving license, ...

- A) are we B) do we
C) shall we D) won't we

88. (v17-124-14) Choose the right answer.

Let's break the rules, ...

- A) are we B) do we
C) shall we D) won't we

89. (v17-128-16) Choose the correct answer.

Nobody knows about this, ...?

- A) is he B) don't he
C) isn't it D) do they

90. (v17-129-4) Choose the correct answer.

Give her a hand, ...?

- A) would you B) will you
C) do you D) don't you

91. (v17-129-7) Choose the correct answer.

Get me some chewing gum when you go to the shop ...?

- A) will you B) doesn't it
C) don't me D) don't you

92. (v18-350) This is my friend Ali. I ... met, have you?

- A) didn't think B) don't think you've
C) never think to D) think you haven't

93. (v18-351) He likes living in a warm climate ...?

- A) wouldn't he B) doesn't he
C) won't he D) isn't he

94. (v18-352) Choose the correct answer.

This year's graduates were all looking for jobs in finance, ...?

- A) wasn't this B) did they
C) weren't there D) weren't they

95. (v18-353) Choose the correct answer.

You wouldn't mind if I turned the volume up a little, ...?

- A) didn't I B) did you
C) had I D) would you

96. (v18-354) Choose the correct answer.

My glasses are on the table, ...?

- A) aren't they B) are they
C) is there D) don't they

97. (v18-355) Choose the correct answer.

It is the problem that caused much dispute, ...?

- A) didn't it B) is it C) isn't it D) did it

98. (v19/20-101-7) Choose the correct answer.

Let's go out for a walk, ...

- A) let we? B) will you?
C) shall we? D) don't we?

99. (v19/20-102-18) Choose the correct answer.

Billiards is a popular game, ...?

- A) is it B) isn't it
C) aren't they D) are they

100. (v19/20-103-4) Choose the correct answer.

You will come back to visit us, ... you?

- A) wouldn't B) would C) won't D) will

101. (v19/20-103-11) Choose the correct answer.

Smoking in public should be banned, ...?

- A) shouldn't it be B) shoufdnft it
C) should it D) should it be

102. (v19/20-103-17) Choose the correct answer.

Jamila doesn't play the guitar, ...?

- A) doesn't it B) doesn't she
C) does it D) does she

103. (v19/20-105-13) Choose the correct answer.

Give me a newspaper, ...?

- A) don't you B) will you
C) won't I D) will it

104. (v19/20-106-13) Choose the correct answer.

John and Mary are sailing to the island tomorrow, ...?

- A) don't they B) aren't they
C) isn't he D) isn't there

105. (v19/20-106-18) Choose the correct answer.

They should go home, ...?

- A) will it B) do they
C) should they D) shouldn't they

106. (v19/20-107-1) Choose the correct answer.

Andy and Mark are reading comics, ...

- A) arent they? B) are they?
C) is he? D) isn't he?

107. (v19/20-108-2) Choose the correct answer.

Chinese is difficult to learn, ...?

- A) a ren't they B) isn't it
C) are there D) is it

108. (v19/20-109-8) Choose the correct answer.

Jack can write good poems, ...

- A) does he? B) doesn't she?
C) can't he? D) can he?

109. (v19/20-110-2) Choose the correct answer.

People have always been fascinated by twins, ...?

- A) didn't it B) have they
C) haven't they D) don't they

110. (v19/20-111-12) Choose the correct answer.

It never snows in the Sahara, ...?

- A) does it B) isn't it
C) doesn't it D) is there

111. (v19/20-113-2) Choose the correct answer.

They won't be having English at 2 p. m., ... they?

- A) shan't B) won't C) shall D) will

112. (v19/20-113-15) Choose the correct answer.

Tim doesn't like carrots, ...?

- A) doesn't he B) you don't
C) does he D) do they

113. (v19/20-114-4) Choose the correct answer.

They have a beautiful picture in the room, ...?

- A) do they B) haven't they
C) don't they D) have they

114. (v19/20-116-4) Choose the correct answer.

We must be at school at 8 o'clock, ...

- A) mustn't we? B) aren't we?
C) don't we? D) do we?

115. (v19/20-116-14) Choose the correct answer.

Angela has ordered pizza, ...?

- A) didn't she B) did he
C) has she D) hasn't she

116. (v19/20-117-16) Choose the correct answer.

Samantha had to take her exam one more time, ... she?

- A) did B) didn't C) hadn't D) had

117. (v19/20-117-17) Choose the correct answer.

They did not go to Vienna last week, ...?

- A) weren't there B) did they
C) didn't they D) was it

118. (v19/20-119-8) Choose the correct answer.

The kitchen scales are on the table, ...?

- A) aren't they B) is it
C) aren't there D) isn't it

119. (v19/20-119-10) Choose the correct answer.

..., aren't I?

- A) I am not a pilot
B) He's your English teacher
C) You are my neighbour
D) I'm your English teacher

120. (v19/20-120-8) Choose the correct answer.

They will be able to take part in the conference, ...?

- A) can't they B) can they
C) won't they D) will they

121. (v19/20-128-13) Choose the correct answer.

You know absolutely everything about him, ...?

- A) don't you B) know you
C) not you D) do you

122. (v19/20-130-15) Choose the correct answer.

The decision won't be made till later, ...?

- A) won't it B) did it
C) didn't they D) will it

123. (v19/20-130-18) Choose the correct answer.

We can't get him on the phone, ...?

- A) do we B) can he
C) can't he D) can we

59. I think so / I hope so etc. / So do I / Neither do I

1. (96-6-42) Choose the appropriate answer.

A: George is a student, and you?

B:

59. I think so / I hope so etc. / So do I / Neither do I

- A) He is B) So am I
- C) A student D) Yes, I am E) Yes, I do

2. (96-6-92) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Who has lost my favourite book?
-

- A) Ann did B) Nick is C) They do
- D) We did E) Michael has

3. (96-8-38) Choose the appropriate answers to the question.

I shan't go to the country with you.

- A) Neither would he B) So shall I
- C) So did I D) Neither shall I
- E) Neither does she

4. (96-13-43) Choose the appropriate answer.

Kate: "He won't learn English, and you?"

Tom: ...

- A) So do I. B) So shall I. C) Neither shall I.
- D) So did I. E) Neither did I.

5. (96-13-149) Choose the appropriate response. I don't like rainy weather.

- A) Neither I. B) So don't I.
- C) Me too. D) I don't like too.
- E) Neither do I.

6. (96-15-37) Choose the appropriate answer.

My little brother is very clever.

- A) so was mine B) so is mine
- C) my is too D) mine is either
- E) Neither is mine

7. (96-15-91) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

- I don't like people who tell lies, and you?
- ... I just hate them.

- A) I too B) I also C) So do I
- D) Neither do I E) I am also

8. (96-15-146) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

Malik: He saw nobody in the room, and you?
Kamil: ...

- A) Neither did I. B) So did I.
- C) Neither do I. D) So, do I.
- E) I either.

9. (97-3-38) Choose the appropriate answer.

- I can never find my books.
-

- A) Neither can I B) Her too
- C) Neither does she D) I can't to
- E) We can either

10. (97-8-38) Choose the appropriate answer.

My friend can't go to the theatre tonight.

- A) Neither can I. B) So can I.
- C) I don't either. D) Neither do I.
- E) So can he.

11. (97-9-97) Choose the appropriate reply.

I haven't heard him sing.

- A) Neither had we.
- B) Neither has my friend.
- C) I haven't either.
- D) So do I.
- E) So have he.

12. (98-4-46) Choose the appropriate answer.

- I don't like reptiles.

- A) - Neither am I. B) - So do I.
- C) - Neither do I. D) - I don't like them too.
- E) - Me too.

13. (98-5-43) Choose the appropriate answer.

Could you pass me the salt, please?

- A) Certainly, here you are B) No, thank you
- C) Yes, please D) Neither can I
- E) Yes, I have

14. (98-6-62) Choose the appropriate answer. Have you read today's newspaper?

- A) No, I haven't yet. B) No, I didn't.
- C) Yes, I had. D) No, I shan't.
- E) No, I'm not.

15. (98-12-17) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

- I live near my work.

- So you ... go to the office by crowded buses.

- A) have to B) are able to
- C) don't have to D) would have to
- E) can't

16. (98-12-40) Choose the appropriate answer.

Betsy always goes to the country for weekends.

A) Neither does her friend.

- B) We don't either.
- C) So do we.
- D) So they do.
- E) He doesn't either.

17. (99-5-49) Complete the dialogue.

- I don't like football.

-

- A) So does Ann
- B) Ann does neither
- C) Ann doesn't too
- D) Neither doesn't Ann
- E) Neither does Ann

18. (99-5-55) Complete the dialogue.

- He has no money.

-

- A) I don't either B) Either have I
- C) I haven't neither D) Neither do I
- E) I do too

19. (99-7-26) Complete the dialogue.

- He was hardly upset when he heard the news.

-

- A) I wasn't either B) So was I
- C) His friend was too D) Neither I was
- E) Neither was I

20. (00-3-37) Complete the sentence.

Janet had a nice meal yesterday, ...

- A) her sister had too B) so did her sister
- C) I had too D) so have I
- E) I did so

21. (00-3-38) Complete the sentence.

She doesn't allow her letters to be read, and ...

- A) I do too B) neither I do
- C) I don't neither D) neither do I
- E) so do I

22. (01-2-40) Complete the dialogue.

- I have never seen such a wonderful landscape.

- A) So have I. B) So do they
- C) Neither do they. D) Neither I have.
- E) Neither have I.

23. (01-6-49) Choose the appropriate answer.

- I haven't seen Ann since we left school, and you?

- A) So have I. B) I too.
- C) I also D) Neither have I.
- E) Neither do I.

24. (01-7-45) Choose the appropriate response to the statement.

We made him eat something.

- A) So did we.
- B) Neither did we
- C) Neither does my brother
- D) We didn't too
- E) Not we did

25. (01-8-9) Choose the appropriate answer.

She took pictures and ...

- A) so did I B) I do too C) I did also
- D) so I did E) I did

26. (01-12-30) Complete the sentence. Shukhurullo has English 3 times a week, and ...

- A) so had I B) so does Umid
- C) I too have D) I do so
- E) either has Umid

27. (v5-146-36) Choose the right answer.

I have already bought new text-books, and you?

- A) so did I B) I am too
- C) So has she D) neither do I
- E) So have I

28. (v5-153-34) Choose the appropriate form of verbs.

If you ... to the theatre with us yesterday, you ... an amusing performance.

- A) went / watched
- B) have gone / would have watched
- C) will go / would watch
- D) went / would watched
- E) had gone / would have watched

29. (v5-158-36) Choose the appropriate answer.

If you aren't going to Irkutsk, ...

- A) neither I am B) so do I
- C) I'm not too D) neither am I
- E) I am not also

30. (v5-160-23) Choose the appropriate answer.

It's 5 o'clock. You'll have some tea with us, won't you?

- A) so will I B) neither will I
- C) please, do it D) please, will you
- E) thank you, with pleasure

31. (v6-154-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

- I can't go to the cinema tonight, I haven't got any money.

- A) Neither had I B) So had I
- C) So I haven't D) Neither have I

32. (v6-158-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

- We didn't go to Houston for the week-end.

- A) So did we. B) Neither did we.
- C) We don't either. D) We do too.

33. (v6-160-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

- I don't understand this rule.
-

- A) So am I. B) Neither am I.
- C) So do I. D) Neither do I.

34. (v8-103-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Andrew: I haven't got many friends. Jessica: ... And I would really like a good friend.

- A) Neither have I B) I didn't either
- C) Neither did I D) So have I

35. (v8-129-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Vicky: I'm hungry. I haven't eaten anything all day. Daniel: ... I didn't have time for breakfast.

- A) I didn't either B) I too
C) So am I D) Neither have I

36. (v9-128-5) Choose the right answer.

- They haven't got a computer and ...
A) I have B) I do either
C) I haven't got D) neither have I

37. (v9-129-12) Choose the right answer.

- She has to get up early. ... he.
A) Has so B) So does
C) So has D) So is

38. (v10-101-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- It's five o'clock. You'll have tea with us, won't you?
A) Neither will you. B) I do too.
C) So will you. D) I'd love to.

39. (v10-108-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- There aren't as many days in February as in January, are there?
A) No, there aren't. I B) No, there are.
C) Yes, there are. D) Yes, there were.

40. (v10-112-15) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

- Don't you know I'm a hockey fan?
- ... I shout for "Dinamo".
A) So am I B) He is too
C) Not, did I D) Either do I

41. (v10-117-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I don't think she is right. What about you?
A) So do I B) Neither do I
C) Neither don't I D) So don't I

42. (v10-118-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Have you read today's newspaper?
A) No, I haven't yet B) Yes, I had
C) No, I'm not D) No, I didn't

43. (v10-123-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I don't think she is right. What about you?
A) Neither do I B) So do I
C) Neither don't I D) So don't I

44. (v11-110-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- She never liked to wear clothes in bright colours.
A) Her mother didn't neither.
B) So did her mother.
C) Her mother didn't too.
D) Neither did her mother.

45. (v12z-102-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I wasn't invited to Helen's birthday party. -
A) So was Jane. B) Neither was Jane.
C) So Jane was. D) Neither Jane was.

46. (v12z-103-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Would you and your wife like to play bridge tonight?
- I don't know now to play bridge and ...
A) my wife neither
B) neither does my wife
C) neither is my wife
D) my wife either

47. (v12z-126-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I don't like strong coffee.

- A) Neither I do. B) I don't either.
C) I don't too D) So do I.

48. (v12c-118-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I was trying to persuade my parents to take me to the South this summer. - ...
A) So my friend was. B) So was my friend.
C) So my friend did. D) So did my friend.

49. (v12c-135-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Tom has gone to the match. And ...
A) so has Nick B) Nick did too
C) Nick has either D) so does Nick

50. (v12c-148-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I like to sit near the window on the plane.
- I like to see the clouds.
A) Neither do I B) And I
C) So I do D) So do I

51. (v12c-149-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I'll have the text translated by the evening.
A) I will so. B) So will I.
C) So have I D) Neither will we.

52. (v12c-159-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I am tired.
- ... But these reports must be typed before we leave.
A) So am I B) So I am
C) I do too D) So do I

53. (v13-134-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Most rocks contain several minerals, but limestone contains only one and ...
A) marble is so B) so marble does
C) so is marble D) so does marble

54. (v14-101-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I am tired.
- ... But these reports must be typed before we leave.
A) I do too B) So am I
C) So I am D) So do I

55. (v14-102-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I'll do my best to pass my test.
A) So do I. B) Neither will I.
C) So did I. D) So will I.

56. (v14-105-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- When my brother tells me funny stories I can't help laughing.
- ...
A) Neither I can. B) So can I.
C) Neither can I. D) So I can't.

57. (v14-109-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- When my brother tells me funny stories I can't help laughing.
- ...
A) Neither can I. B) So can I.
C) Neither I can. D) So I can't.

58. (v14-110-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I am tired.
- ... But these reports must be typed before we leave.
A) So am I B) So do I
C) I do too D) So I am

59. (v14-111-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I like to sit near the window on the plane. - ... I like to see the clouds.
A) Neither do I B) And I
C) So I do D) So do I

60. (v14-116-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I am a bit late, ... ? I am sorry, then.
A) aren't I B) do I
C) am I D) don't I

61. (v17-107-5) Choose the correct answer.

- I have never been to Las Vegas and ...
A) so have my friends
B) so my friends have
C) neither have my friends
D) neither do my friends

62. (v17-108-6) Choose the correct answer.

- I am staying for another three days and ...
A) so are my friends
B) so my friends are
C) either my friends are
D) neither are my friends

63. (v17-115-4) Choose the correct answer.

- Helen can sing beautifully and ...
A) her mother can
B) so can her mother
C) neither can her mother
D) either can her mother

64. (v17-115-17) Choose the correct answer.

- Celine is staying for another two days. - ...
A) So I am B) So do I
C) So I do D) So am I

65. (v17-125-19) Choose the correct answer.

- I did not like that movie and ...
A) so did my friends
B) so my friends did
C) neither my friends did
D) neither did my friends

66. (v17-126-5) Choose the correct answer.

- I do not eat meat and ...
A) neither does my husband
B) so does my husband
C) so my husband does
D) neither my husband does

67. (v19/20-118-12) Choose the correct answer.

- He is a very narrow-minded person, ...
A) so weren't her children
B) so do his father
C) so is his wife
D) does not he

60. Relative clauses with who/ that / which

1. (96-13-15) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

- "... else is here?" she asked.
A) my B) whom C) which D) why
E) who

2. (01-1-36) Complete the sentence.

- The teacher could not understand ...
A) who prompts the pupils the correct answer
B) why did this boy always play truant
C) what makes her pupils to laugh at her class
D) why one of her pupils was always late
E) who is going to answer

3. (01-8-45) Complete the sentence.

Their mother wanted to know ...

- A) what is yours
B) what could he do
C) if that was Peter
D) where had it come from
E) if could he come

4. (03-2-25) Choose the best answer.

Miss Casement stopped ... she was doing and stared at Rainsborough.

- A) that B) which C) as D) after
E) what

5. (03-2-26) Choose the best answer.

It's odd ... it hurts at these times not to be part of your proper family.

- A) that B) when C) why D) how
E) what

6. (03-2-41) Choose the best answer.

The manager will ring you up ... he comes.

- A) when B) why C) how D) since
E) while

7. (03-6-33) Choose the best answer.

I'm not speaking about the man ... is sitting, I'm speaking about the standing

- A) which / one B) - / one
C) who / the other D) who / one
E) who / -

8. (03-6-38) Choose the best answer.

... did you come ... yesterday?

- A) Who / about B) Who / by
C) Whom / about D) Who / above
E) Who / with

9. (03-6-39) Choose the best answer.

This is the first test ... he is taking in written English.

- A) what B) who C) in which D) that
E) whose

10. (04-1-485) Complete the sentence.

The knife was so blunt that ...

- A) it cut easily B) it wouldn't cut
C) it wouldn't walk D) walking was useful
E) cutting was useful

11. (v4-104-4) Choose the best answer.

The man ... is sitting next to me is an English teacher.

- A) who B) this C) whom D) whose
E) what

12. (v4-121-27) Choose the best answer.

The road was so slippery that ...

- A) it was easy to drive
B) cars could go easily
C) it was easy to walk
D) you couldn't fall down
E) it was impossible to walk

13. (v6-151-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Before we departed Adam asked me ... I would like to go and see his place one day.

- A) that B) if C) about D) what

14. (v6-159-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Her behaviour made me wonder ... she would say next.

- A) what B) then C) which D) that

15. (v8-113-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mr. North teaches a class for students ... native language is not English.

- A) whose B) which
C) what D) that

16. (v9-103-8) Choose the right answer.

I was talking to a man ... is going to the conference on Biotech.

- A) who B) whose C) whom D) which

17. (v9-120-5) Choose the right answer.

When hunting, tigers often lie quietly in wait at water-holes and attack other animals ... they come down to drink.

- A) how B) when C) what D) although

18. (v9-123-3) Choose the right answer.

Jean was the first person ... advice I asked for.

- A) whose B) which C) whom D) that

19. (v9-123-14) Choose the right answer.

A good student must know ... to study effectively.

- A) which B) that C) how D) than

20. (v9-124-11) Choose the right answer.

We don't know how birds find their way home but we know ... they will surely return again with the warmth and sunshine of spring.

- A) ever B) because of
C) that D) what

21. (v10-129-3) Choose the best answer.

Studies have shown that secondhand smoke harms children, ... lawmakers want to protect the most.

- A) whom B) which C) who D) what

22. (v11-138-15) Choose the best answer.

Amnesia is a condition in ... people can forget even their own names.

- A) that B) where C) which D) what

23. (v13-112-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Brian teaches English to students, most of ... are hoping to study in England or America.

- A) what B) who C) which D) whom

24. (v13-114-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

No sooner had Don planted a tree ... it died.

- A) what B) that C) than D) when

25. (v13-130-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Isn't she the woman ... plays the violin in the orchestra?

- A) whom B) whose C) which D) who

26. (v14-104-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There are many stories about people ... can't learn how to be rich.

- A) who B) when C) whom D) whose

27. (v14-111-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There are many stories about people ... can't learn how to be rich.

- A) who B) when C) whose D) whom

28. (v15-107-5) Choose the correct answer.

Lyle Lovett, ... I last saw over ten years ago, is on tour again.

- A) whom B) that C) to whom D) whose

29. (v17-109-18) Choose the correct answer.

... he said made me feel great.

- A) That B) What C) Which D) Who

30. (v17-110-6) Choose the right answer.

Xenia was offered apple or pear, neither of ... she wanted to try.

- A) what B) that
C) whom D) which

31. (v17-115-19) Choose the correct answer.

The book she's most famous is «Dance of the Dinosaurs»

- A) for which B) in that
C) to whom D) that

32. (v17-116-20) Choose the correct answer.

Phil will have to do overtime tonight, ... is very tiresome.

- A) what B) that C) which D) so

33. (v17-116-22) Choose the correct answer.

Your supervisor will explain you ... you need to know to complete your research paper.

- A) what B) that C) which D) how

34. (v17-127-16) Choose the right answer.

The man ... gave me the sharpener is yawning.

- A) which B) whose C) who D) whom

35. (v18-356) She keeps tapping her fingers ... gets on my nerves.

- A) that B) which
C) what D) that which

61. Clauses with and without who / that / which**1. (99-3-17) Choose the appropriate pronouns to complete the sentence.**

... is your daughter? ... is an English teacher.

- A) that / she B) what / she
C) she / who D) who / her
E) which / that

2. (v8-118-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Look at ... dark clouds. It will probably rain soon.

- A) what B) which C) those D) that

3. (v9-102-12) Choose the right answer.

It's incredible I can't believe ... you told me yesterday.

- A) that B) which C) what D) who

4. (v10-108-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence:

Nicolas never offers to pay, ... always annoys me.

- A) which B) where C) whom D) when

5. (v10-119-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

1980 was the year when I first went back to the small village ... I was born.

- A) when B) where C) that D) which

6. (v10-123-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They'll introduce you to a lot of people, most of ... you'll forget immediately.

- A) whose B) that C) which D) whom

7. (v12z-101-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She has gone back to live in the town ... she was born and brought up.

- A) that B) which C) when D) where

8. (v12z-102-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm sure I'm not the only person ... is dissatisfied with the new computers.

- A) which B) who's
C) that D) whom

9. (v12c-128-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She has gone back to live in the town ... she was born and brought up.

- A) where B) that C) which D) when

10. (v12c-151-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. On a cold grey morning of last week I duly turned up at Euston to see off an old friend ... was starting for America.

- A) where B) whose C) who D) whom

11. (v14-108-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

One of employees, ... was a postman and also helped at the post office, went to his boss laughing heartily and showed him the letter.

- A) who B) whose C) whom D) when

12. (v14-115-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

As he tore the ropes ... bound the pack, he glanced at us anxiously.

- A) that B) who C) where D) when

13. (v15-119-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When he came to my studio, he asked ... my paintings were for sale.

- A) that B) what C) whether D) who

14. (v16-118-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Why not install lights ... have a timer?

- A) that B) who C) which D) what

15. (v16-120-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don left his job. He said ... he had had a serious disagreement with his boss.

- A) that B) as C) what D) so

16. (v16-122-12) Choose the suitable linking word.

The population of London, ... was once the largest city in the world, is now falling.

- A) who B) where
C) what D) which

17. (v16-122-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jill is the kind of person ... one cannot share his secrets with.

- A) that B) him C) whose D) whom

18. (v16-127-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jean Fragonard was a French artist ... portraits of children.

- A) whose painted B) who painted
C) who has painted D) whose paintings

19. (v17-115-10) Choose the correct answer.

Coming home early after a party is not in the habit of young people, ... is no surprise at all.

- A) that B) so that
C) which D) what

20. (v17-118-13) Choose the correct answer.

The flower-pot had been put on the top of the cupboard ... it wouldn't get broken.

- A) because B) so that
C) in order D) so as

21. (v17-128-11) Choose the correct answer.

It is a gift for ... I will be eternally grateful.

- A) that B) what
C) which D) whom

22. (v17-128-13) Choose the correct answer.

The dog ... is barking belongs to Mrs. Lawrence.

- A) that B) who C) whom D) what

23. (v18-357) My father ... is in Canada this week.

- A) who travels a lot
B) who had traveled a lot
C) who traveled a lot
D) who has traveled a lot

24. (v18-358) Where are the flowers ... I sent you?

- A) where B) whose
C) — D) that

25. (v18-359) Choose the correct answer. ... all right.

- A) That has B) There's
C) This is D) That's

26. (v19/20-129-11) Choose the correct answer.

I've spoken to a boy ... took the highest result in SAT exam.

- A) whom B) who
C) whose D) whoever

62. Clauses with whose / whom / where

1. (96-9-15) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

You shouldn't live with a man ... doesn't love you.

- A) that B) which
C) who D) what E) whom

2. (97-5-15) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

I live in Uzbekistan ... country is very rich.

- A) Our B) Theirs C) Whose
D) Its E) Which

3. (99-3-19) Choose the appropriate pronouns to complete the sentence.

There is the man ... saw in the park the other days.

- A) whom / we B) which / our
C) what / ours D) what / we
E) whose / we

4. (01-4-4) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

Here are two books ... would you like?

- A) Which / one B) What / one
C) Whom / one D) Why / —
E) When / one

5. (02-1-47) Choose the best answer.

Look over there. Isn't that the woman ... son you played tennis with the other day?

- A) whose B) who C) which
D) of which E) whom

6. (02-1-50) Choose the best answer.

She was upset because her watch, ... she had been given as a 21st birthday present, was lost in the fire.

- A) whose B) which
C) whoever D) what
E) who

7. (v4-106-11) Choose the appropriate word.

— Do you know ... this word means?

— Yes, it means "continue".

- A) that B) what C) who D) why
E) when

62. Clauses with whose / whom / where

8. (v8-107-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The day care centre was established to take care of children ... parents work during the day.

- A) what B) whose
C) who D) which

9. (v9-108-5) Choose the right answer.

It was the kind of accident for ... nobody was really to blame.

- A) that B) which
C) whom D) what

10. (v9-118-2) Choose the right answer.

No one knows who she is. She is the only member of the gang ... identity remained a secret.

- A) whose B) what
C) that D) which

11. (v9-127-16) Choose the right answer.

Several maps of the place ... you are going can be handy.

- A) who B) what C) where D) why

12. (v10-104-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There were several large holes in the road, three of ... had to be repaired urgently.

- A) which B) that
C) when D) where

13. (v10-106-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We don't know how birds find their way home but we know ... they will surely return again with the warmth and sunshine of spring.

- A) ever B) what
C) that D) because of

14. (v10-127-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My friend says that the site ... they are going to build a new factory is over there.

- A) which B) that
C) whom D) where

15. (v10-129-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Joanna went out, at about 8.30, but she didn't say ... she would be back.

- A) why B) how C) where D) when

16. (v11-124-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Black Sea is one of the most wonderful places ... attracts holiday — markers all over the world.

- A) who B) when
C) where D) which

17. (v11-146-8) Choose the best answer.

The sun can damage the skin most ... it is directly overhead.

- A) what B) when
C) where D) how

18. (v12c-131-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A lot of men ... played on the same teams as Nate "Tiny" Archibald will tell you that he never said much.

- A) who B) whose
C) where D) whom

19. (v12c-141-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He glanced at us anxiously as he tore the ropes ... bound the pack.

- A) where B) that
C) when D) who

20. (v12c-146-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The lad confessed: "I was the one ... stole the fire".

- A) whom B) whose C) when D) who

21. (v12c-152-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The coat has two pockets, one of ... contains a wallet.

- A) what B) that
C) which D) whom

22. (v12c-157-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's one of the most impressive buildings ... I've ever seen.

- A) whose B) that
C) where D) what

23. (v12c-157-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This is the second time she has been here, ... ?

- A) has she B) isn't it
C) isn't this D) hasn't she

24. (v12c-159-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Hunger and poverty are worldwide problems to ... solutions must be found.

- A) whom B) who C) that D) which

25. (v13-108-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The man ... was fishing next to us was talking to himself.

- A) who B) whose
C) what D) whom

26. (v13-117-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He went to the airport to meet some relatives ... he had never seen before.

- A) whom B) which
C) what D) whose

27. (v14-104-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The shirt has two pockets, one of ... contains a wallet.

- A) which B) what
C) whom D) that

28. (v14-116-7) You're the first person I've met ... political views are more left-wing than mine!

- A) whom B) who's
C) for whom D) whose

29. (v15-107-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Is that the bookshop ... they've also got a cafe?

- A) whose B) which
C) whom D) where

30. (v15-109-15) Choose the correct answer.

Whose ... ?

- A) the car was B) car is this
C) the car is D) does the car belong to

31. (v15-112-19) Choose the correct answer.

That's the actor ... autograph I got last year!

- A) who B) whose
C) who's D) whom

32. (v15-132-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

One of employees, ... was a postman and also helped at the post office, went to his boss laughing heartily and showed him the letter.

- A) whose B) when
C) whom D) who

33. (v17-101-5) Choose the correct answer.

Robert, ... son won a Nobel prize, was praised in the meeting.

- A) whose B) whom
C) which D) that

34. (v17-115-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was just after 9:00 ... he got back.

- A) which B) why
C) where D) when

35. (v17-117-10) Choose the correct answer.

She is the girl ... parents I know well.

- A) whose B) who
C) that D) whom

36. (v17-117-15) Choose the correct answer.

Romeo saw a girl ... beauty took his breath away.

- A) which B) whom
C) who D) whose

37. (v17-129-17) Choose the correct answer.

This is the place ... treasure was found.

- A) that B) which
C) where D) what

38. (v17-129-20) Choose the correct answer.

In that year she met Elvis, ... she was married the next year.

- A) who B) whose
C) whom D) that

39. (v17-130-5) Choose the correct answer.

He works for the organization ... chief executive has been arrested for bribery.

- A) whose B) which
C) that D) who

40. (v18-360) They're going to stay with their cousins ... live on a boat.

- A) - B) where
C) who D) that

41. (v18-361) Ann Lee, ..., has just come to live in our street.

- A) that I was at school with
B) I was at school with
C) with who I was at school
D) with whom I was at school

42. (v18-362) They're going to stay with their cousins ... live on a boat.

- A) - B) that C) where D) who

43. (v18-363) Choose the correct answer.

The man ... bumped into me was an old friend of mine.

- A) which B) what
C) whom D) who

44. (v19/20-109-9) Choose the correct answer.

Mammals are animals ... babies are born fully-formed rather than as eggs.

- A) which B) whose C) those D) who

45. (v19/20-111-2) Choose the correct answer

Angelina likes the girls with ... she studies at university

- A) whom B) who
C) whose D) which

46. (v19/20-118-4) Choose the correct answer.

Can that be Mr. Black ... we used to work with?

- A) which B) whom
C) what D) which one

47. (v19/20-127-5) Choose the correct answer.

This is the hospital ... I was born.

- A) where B) which
C) how D) who

63. Clauses extra information clauses

1. (96-6-70) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

You are the man ... women consider a good looking man.

- A) which B) who C) what D) that
E) where

2. (98-3-46) Choose the appropriate word.

- Do you know ... Cindy gave a present to her boss?

- Yes, it was his birthday yesterday.

- A) who B) why
C) that D) how much E) what

3. (01-5-10) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

The boy ... lives next door is my friend.

- A) which B) whose
C) whom D) who E) someone

4. (02-3-58) Choose the best answer.

The children, ..., were not injured in the crash.

- A) all of them frightened
B) seriously hurt in the crash
C) both of them were frightened
D) all of whom were frightened
E) all of whom were hurt

5. (03-2-16) Choose the appropriate word.

A foreign diplomat saw Lincoln shining his own shoes. "Well, Mr. President, do you shine your own shoes?" - "Yes", replied Lincoln. "... do you shine?"

- A) whose B) why C) when D) how
E) how long

6. (v4-120-4) Choose the appropriate pronouns.

The writer ... book we are discussing now has travelled a lot.

- A) who B) whose C) that D) which
E) what

7. (v4-127-4) Choose the appropriate pronoun.

You must find somebody ... can help you.

- A) who B) which
C) whose D) what E) whom

8. (v6-142-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The young man who ... you yesterday was very handsome.

- A) visits B) is visited
C) visited D) was visited

9. (v6-157-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't want ... there alone.

- A) that you go B) you to go
C) you must go D) you are going

10. (v10-103-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Although the job was difficult at first, he soon became familiar with ... he had to do.

- A) whose B) what
C) they D) where

11. (v11-101-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I couldn't turn the music down, because I didn't know where

- A) was the volume control
B) the volume control was]
C) the volume control is
D) is the volume control

12. (v12z-129-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I didn't want to bother anybody when I came home late, but no sooner had I put the key in the keyhole ... I heard my mother's steps.

- A) than B) there C) then D) when

13. (v12c-117-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Jimmy is still doing his homework. He will come out to play when he ... his homework.

- A) did B) has done
C) will have done D) will do

14. (v12c-123-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When they visited my studio, they asked ... my paintings were for sale.

- A) whether B) that C) which D) how

15. (v12c-142-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Nobody knows what ... , but they parted.

- A) went wrong with her marriage
B) did go wrong with her marriage
C) with her marriage went wrong
D) her marriage went wrong with

16. (v12c-153-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
That's the old lady ... brother won the Nobel Prize.

- A) whose B) whom C) who D) that

17. (v13-122-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
This is the factory ... my father used to work.

- A) where B) what C) that D) which

18. (v13-161-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
This is the factory, ... my father used to work.

- A) where B) which C) what D) that

19. (v15-116-7) Choose the correct answer.
Let's go ... nice for a drink.

- A) where B) there
C) somewhere D) any

20. (v15-131-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When he came to my studio, he asked ... my paintings were for sale.

- A) that B) what
C) who D) whether

21. (v16-106-10) Choose the best answer.
An American or Canadian shakes your hand firmly ... looking straight in your eyes.

- A) while B) during
C) when D) for

22. (v16-107-15) Choose the correct answer
... you finish your homework, I'll take you to the fountain in the center of the city

- A) As B) Though
C) Provided D) Unless

23. (v16-108-16) Choose the correct answer.

Will you stay here until ... off?

- A) shall the plane take
B) the plane takes
C) the plane will take
D) the plane have taken

24. (v16-112-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Many careers require a college diploma, ... in some jobs previous experience is the main requirement.

- A) however B) accordingly
C) therefore D) nonetheless

25. (v16-115-9) Choose the right answer.
We have fitted a burglar alarm to the house ... somebody tries to break in.

- A) besides B) in case
C) though D) unless

26. (v16-118-19) Choose the right answer.
I was very glad when I heard that my close friend ...

- A) was down and out
B) was given the cold shoulder during the party
C) had been caught red-handed
D) had given a hand to my younger brother with his rent

27. (v17-118-24) Choose the correct answer.

Hardly had the woman sat down ... she was sent for again.

- A) that B) after C) then D) when

28. (v17-128-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
And that's the main reason ... he's leaving this place.

- A) when B) what C) - D) why

64. Clauses with V-ing and V-ed (gerund, participle)

1. (96-12-32) Choose the appropriate non finite form of the verb.

I study English again, because ... a foreign language is very important.

- A) speak B) spoken
C) having spoken D) speaking
E) spoke

2. (96-15-84) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The man ... a cigarette is Tom's cousin.

- A) smoked B) to smoke
C) smoking D) have smoked
E) had smoked

3. (97-2-35) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The horse ... the race ... the winner of the same event two years ago.

- A) led / was B) leading / is
C) leading / was D) to lead / was
E) leads / being

4. (97-3-31) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verbs.

The street was full of people ... and ... home.

- A) laughed / gone
B) laughing / going
C) having laughed / go
D) to laugh / to go
E) to be laughed / going

5. (97-3-32) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

On ... the classroom the teacher asked the pupil on duty, "Who is absent?"

- A) entering B) entered
C) to enter D) be entering
E) being entered

6. (97-4-15) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The girls ... in the garden are my sisters.

- A) played B) to play
C) playing D) on playing
E) are playing

7. (97-4-41) Choose the appropriate non-finite term of the verb.

She saw the girl ... in the yard.

- A) playing B) on playing
C) played D) to play
E) was playing

8. (97-10-31) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The man ... the newspaper is my brother.

- A) read B) reads
C) has read D) reading
E) will read

9. (98-6-74) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

We often hear her ... at concerts.

- A) sings B) singing C) sang
D) to sing E) have sung

10. (98-7-13) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

We knew nothing of his ... a student.

- A) being B) be C) been
D) to be E) to have been

11. (98-8-37) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

Where did you find this ... pen?

- A) break B) breaks
C) breaking D) broke
E) broken

12. (98-8-39) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

... English is the best way of ... it.

- A) Speak / ham
B) Speaking / learning
C) To speak / to ham
D) Spoke / learning
E) Speak / learning

13. (98-9-31) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

She dreams of her son's ... a director of the company.

- A) becoming B) is becoming
C) become D) became
E) was becoming

14. (98-12-21) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

As well as ... I like ...

- A) running / walking B) run / walk
C) run / walked D) running / walked
E) run / to walk

15. (98-12-28) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

Frank is in hospital. He feels bad. He has to give up ... and ... beer. But he can't. He says to his wife, "Would you mind ... some cigarettes next time?"

- A) smoking / to drink / bringing
B) to smoke / drinking / bringing
C) smoking / drink / bringing
D) smoking / drinking / bringing
E) to smoke / to drink / to bring

16. (00-1-28) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of verb.

But this boy was only the next ...

- A) comes B) coming C) to come
D) come E) came

17. (01-4-73) Choose the appropriate reported speech. "The water is boiling. I'll make the tea", - she said. She said that the water ... make the tea.

- A) is boiling and she'll
B) has boiled and she'll
C) had been boiling and she would
D) was boiling and she will
E) was boiling and she would

18. (01-5-30) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The teacher allowed the leaflets ... among the pupils.

- A) distributed B) distributing
C) to distribute D) to be distributed
E) having distributed

19. (01-7-43) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

Besides ... after his sick mother he had to earn money ... his own family.

- A) to look / to support
B) having looked / supporting
C) looking / to support
D) look / supporting
E) looking / having supported

20. (01-11-34) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

A fish ... of water cannot live.

- A) takeout B) taken out C) takes
D) taking out E) to take

21. (02-2-40) Choose the best answer.
- Did you help with the bridge project last year?

- Yes, I was in charge of the work ...

- A) being done B) did
C) doing D) that did
E) had done

22. (02-3-43) Choose the best answer.

He took a shower before ... dressed.

- A) got B) gets C) to get
D) he has gotten E) getting

23. (02-9-38) Choose the best answer.

I'm very busy today. There is a lot of work ... for me to do.

- A) waits B) wait C) to wait
D) waiting E) waited

24. (03-9-12) Choose the best answer.

... the letter I started for the post-office ... at the corner of the street.

- A) Writing / situated
B) Having written / situated
C) Written / situating
D) Had written / situated
E) Writing / having situated

25. (04-1-279) Choose the right form of the verb.

The pictures ... up on the walls of the hall make it beautiful.

- A) hang B) to hang
C) were hung D) hung E) are hung

26. (04-1-280) Choose the right form of the verb.

The hockey match ... last Sunday was very fascinating.

- A) hold B) held C) was held
D) to hold E) holding

27. (04-1-283) Choose the right form of the verb.

He was very glad to receive an invitation letter ... by the Oxford University.

- A) send B) to send
C) sent D) was sent E) sending

28. (04-1-285) Choose the right form of the verb.

The boy ... to the principal does well at school.

- A) talk B) talking
C) to talk D) talked E) is talking

29. (04-1-288) Choose the right form of the verb.

Boys and girls recited the poems ... to their teachers at the First Bell.

- A) to devote B) devoting
C) devoted D) is devoted E) devote

30. (04-1-294) Choose the right form of the verb.

My children are fond of games ... with a ball.

- A) playing B) play C) played
D) to play E) are played

31. (04-1-300) Choose the right form of the verb.

We usually eat sumalak ... specially in Navruz.

- A) cook B) cooked
C) cooking D) to cook
E) is cooked

32. (04-1-302) Choose the right form of the verb.

We enjoyed the performance ... by children.

- A) to stage B) stage
C) staged D) was staged
E) staging

33. (v4-105-24) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

Our goal is ... new ideas on art and culture.

- A) to have exchanged B) exchange
C) to be exchanged D) to exchange
E) exchanged

34. (v4-120-24) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

Alisher Navoi's books are worth ...

- A) leading B) will read
C) to read D) has read
E) read

35. (v4-129-24) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

Having read the article we began ... it.

- A) discusses B) discussed
C) discuss D) was discussing
E) discussing

36. (v4-130-24) Choose the right form of the verb.

The young woman ... the horse takes part in many contests.

- A) is riding B) rode C) to ride
D) riding E) ride

37. (v4-130-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

After a long consideration our behaviour and they allowed us to play.

- A) would be justified B) are justified
C) had been justified D) was justified
E) will be justified

38. (v5-160-21) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

At the same time she was very much pleased ..., talked about and looked at.

- A) envy B) envied C) was envy
D) envies E) to be envied

39. (v9-112-18) Choose the right answer.

Will you supply us with all the papers ... before we start discussing the contract?

- A) requires B) requiring
C) required D) to require

40. (v10-101-12) Choose the best answer.

Even in its earliest days, the United States was a very large country, ... over 1600 kilometers of coastline.

- A) stretches B) stretched
C) stretch D) stretching

41. (v12z-103-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Square dancing is a traditional folk dance in the United States. We all had a lot of fun ... to square dance at the party.

- A) learnt B) learning
C) to learn D) learn

42. (v12z-103-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sherlock Holmes was one of the world's famous ... whose intelligence we always admire.

- A) detector B) detect
C) detecting D) detectives

43. (v12c-122-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Almost every professor and student at the university ... of the choice of Dr. Brown as the new president.

- A) be approved B) approving
C) approves D) to approve

44. (v12c-139-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

George was very unhappy at the ... of so much money when his firm went bankrupt.

- A) loses B) lost C) lose D) loss

45. (v12c-143-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At the junction of the road traffic lights ... a few years ago.

- A) are installed B) installed
C) were installed D) installing

46. (v12c-157-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A: I've got a headache. Shall I take an aspirin? B: Well, you can try ... an aspirin, if you like.

- A) taken B) to be taken
C) taking D) took

47. (v13-131-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was in the park that Ted had his money ... Be careful going there!

- A) to steal B) steal
C) stealing D) stolen

48. (v13-145-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was our teacher at school who encouraged us ... doctors.

- A) become B) to become
C) becoming D) became

49. (v15-116-2) Choose the correct answer.

I couldn't understand ...

- A) whom she was addressing
B) to who she was addressing
C) who she was addressing to
D) whose she was addressing to

50. (v15-117-4) Choose the correct answer.

Go ... your homework carefully before you hand it

- A) into / on B) through / away
C) up / out D) over / in

51. (v17-102-4) Choose the correct answer.

Tina sat by her ... baby's bedside all night.

- A) overslept B) sleeping
C) sleep D) asleep

52. (v18-364) Joe and Rose left the cinema because the film was

- A) bored B) boredom
C) bore less D) boring

53. (v19/20-107-2) Choose the correct answer.

The ... movie drew large crowds of ... children every Saturday.

- A) exciting / exciting B) excited / excited
C) exciting / excited D) excited / exciting

54. (v19/20-114-1) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

... children didn't notice that the time had left.

- A) Played in the garden
B) Playing in the garden
C) Are playing in the garden
D) Were playing in the garden

55. (v19/20-120-16) Choose the correct answer.

... a computer will solve all your problems.

- A) Buy B) By buying
C) To buying D) Buying

56. (v19/20-121-5) Choose the appropriate verb

After clown has entered the room children burst of ...

- A) laughing B) speaking
C) shouting D) whistling

57. (v19/20-121-14) Choose the right answer

... he was wrong, he escaped

- A) Understood B) Understand
C) Understanding D) Being understood

58. (v19/20-122-2) Choose the correct answer

Leslie is anxious about ... the examination

- A) to take B) taking
C) take D) taken

59. (v19/20-123-3) Choose the appropriate adjective and adverb.

The visitors were ... because the show was ...

- A) amazed / amazeable
B) amazing / amazed
C) amazeable / amazed
D) amazed / amazing

60. (v19/20-125-13) Choose the correct answer.

Our History teacher was ... when nobody did the homework.

- A) annoying B) annoyed
C) annoyal D) annoy

65. Verb + V-ing**1. (97-1-30) Choose the non-finite form of the verb.**

The man ... in the garden is listening to music.

- A) work B) is working
C) working D) to work
E) worked

2. (97-5-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

I asked him ... help.

- A) in B) about C) for D) by E) with

3. (97-9-35) Choose the non-finite forms of the verbs.

... for better future many Negroes leave their native countries ... to Europe.

- A) hope / move B) hoping / moves
C) hoped / moving D) hoping / moving
E) hope / moving

4. (00-8-21) Choose the proper non-finite forms of the verbs.

Please forgive me for ..., would you mind ... that last sentence I'd like ... it down.

- A) interrupt / repeat / put
B) interrupting / repeating / to put
C) interrupting / to repeat / putting
D) interrupting / repeat / putting
E) interrupting / repeating / putting

5. (00-9-8) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

– Oh, look! There's a taxi.

– Thank you for ... Most drivers avoid ... people who have so many suitcases.

- A) to stop / picking up
B) stop / picking up
C) stopping / picked up
D) stopped / to pick up
E) stopping / picking up

6. (00-10-42) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

My daughters insist on ... to the discovery Saturday even though the prices are very high.

- A) being gone B) to go
C) go D) gone E) going

7. (01-3-56) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Have you heard him ... the piano?

- A) to play B) played
C) plays D) to have played E) play

8. (01-4-51) Choose the appropriate word combination.

I always make ... why they use this or that expression.

- A) she explain B) her to explain
C) them explain D) their explaining
E) them to explain

9. (01-7-42) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

I think of ... to America to study.

- A) to go B) go
C) having gone D) going E) being gone

10. (05-1-458) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

They congratulated her on ... well in a ballet performance.

- A) dances B) danced
C) had danced D) is dancing
E) having danced

11. (v4-126-24) Choose the non-finite form of the verb.

Sarah enjoys ...

- A) sang B) sung
C) singing D) to sing E) sing

12. (v5-129-21) Choose the appropriate answer.

I felt him ... his hand on my shoulder.

- A) not to put B) to put
C) have put D) puts
E) put

13. (v5-154-21) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

His son had to leave school and start ... at an office as a clerk.

- A) working B) has worked C) to work
D) worked E) work

14. (v8-108-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm accustomed to ... a big breakfast. I think it is the most important meal of the day.

- A) having B) had had
C) had D) have

15. (v8-112-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Suddenly she burst out crying with the words "I can't go on ... my best years making soups and porridges for him".

- A) to waste B) wasted
C) wasting D) waste

16. (v8-124-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't mind ... for you. Go ahead and finish your work.

- A) to wait B) waiting
C) have waited D) waited

17. (v9-114-7) Choose the right answer.

Respect yourself by ... the manners of a gentleman or lady, and then you will receive the respect of others.

- A) demonstrate B) demonstrated
C) demonstrating D) demonstrates

18. (v9-123-1) Choose the right answer.

I can't help being surprised at this meanness. He again decided against ... his old aunt.

He says he can't afford to spend so much money on medicine.

- A) helps B) helping
C) helped D) to help

19. (v10-109-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Some birds hear so well that they can hear a worm ... under the ground.

- A) moves B) moving
C) to move D) moved

20. (v10-114-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Bill is getting better. He is expected ... hospital in three week's time.

- A) leave B) to leave
C) leaving D) to be left

21. (v10-118-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– May I borrow some money? My check was supposed ... yesterday, but I still haven't received it.

– Sure. I'd be happy to lend you some.

- A) arriving B) to arrive
C) arrival D) to be arrive

22. (v10-126-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I was downtown yesterday, I saw the police ... a thief.

- A) chasing B) is chasing
C) chased D) chases

23. (v11-136-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I bet you have forgotten ... the book again, haven't you? I was hoping to get it back today.

- A) brought B) bring
C) bringing D) to bring

24. (v12z-118-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
"You are a man" said the father angrily, as he heard his son ... to sob.
A) beginning B) begun
C) to begin D) having begun

25. (v12c-118-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He's a terrific soccer player! Did you see him ... that goal? It was very impressive.
A) makes B) to make
C) made D) make

26. (v12c-120-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Lanny noticed that he ... watched by three men from the coffee stall on the other side of the road.
A) are B) was
C) had D) is

27. (v12c-149-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I wouldn't recommend the book, I don't think it's worth ...
A) reading B) to have read
C) to read D) being read

28. (v13-119-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The beekeeper has observed ... at the approach of a thunderstorm.
A) enraging the bees
B) bees enraging that
C) become enraged the bees
D) that bees become enraged

29. (v13-138-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
At the party I really enjoyed ... your friends.
A) meeting B) to meet
C) met D) meet

30. (v13-144-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Although she asked him to stop, he went on ... his pen on the table.
A) tapped B) being tapped
C) to tap D) tapping

31. (v13-152-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
They can't stand ... his old car.
A) driving B) to be driven
C) driven D) to drive

32. (v14-107-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I expect I ... all night. I've got loads of work. And I'm looking forward to it.
A) worked B) have worked
C) shall be working D) will have worked

33. (v14-109-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She doesn't enjoy ... at by other people.
A) laughing B) to be laughed
C) being laughed D) to laugh

34. (v15-110-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He is a good story teller, I can't help ... to him whenever I can.
A) listening B) listen
C) be listened D) to listen

35. (v15-117-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I won't waste time ... to his letter.
A) replying B) to have replied
C) to reply D) reply

36. (v15-117-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She can imagine ... a weekend in the mountains, climbing the steep hills.
A) to spending B) spent
C) spending D) to spend

37. (v15-120-14) Choose the best answer.
We don't mind ... the matter again.
A) considering B) considered
C) consider D) to consider

38. (v15-126-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Economists predict that house prices will go on ... at least for a year.
A) to rise B) rose C) rise D) rising

39. (v16-127-2) Choose the correct answer.
My dad says he always regrets ... more.
A) not travelled B) not travel
C) not travelling D) of not to travel

40. (v17-103-14) Choose the correct answer.
He decided to begin a healthy lifestyle and stopped ...
A) smoke B) to smoke
C) to smoking D) smoking

41. (v17-115-6) Choose the correct answer.
... our meal, we went out.
A) Finished B) To finishing
C) Having finished D) Finish

42. (v17-119-17) Choose the correct answer.
My sons Harry and William really enjoy ...
A) dance B) to dance
C) dancing D) to dancing

43. (v17-120-4) Choose the correct answer.
He has trouble ...
A) to remember his password
B) remembering his password
C) remember his password
D) to remembering his password

44. (v17-130-2) Choose the correct answer.
You are again late. You always keep me ... so long!
A) wait B) to wait C) to waiting D) waiting

45. (v18-365) My room ... as soon as possible. It's in an awful state.
A) renovated B) renovates
C) will renovate D) needs renovating

46. (v18-366) I look forward ... you soon.
A) is seeing B) seeing
C) to seeing D) to see

47. (v18-367) If you have trouble going to sleep, try ... a glass of milk before bedtime.
A) drinking B) drinks
C) to drink D) drink

48. (v18-368) I'm terribly tired. Well, I suggest ... to bed.
A) you go B) you to go
C) you going D) you went

49. (v18-369) Here is your book back. Thanks, but I don't remember ... it to you.
A) to lend B) lending
C) my lend D) me to lend

50. (v18-370) I suppose tomorrow's bus strike means ... the start of class.

A) have delayed B) delay
C) to delay D) delaying

51. (v18-371) My office ... as soon as possible. It's in an awful state.
A) renovated B) renovate
C) renovates D) needs renovating

52. (v18-372) Choose the correct answer.
She was determined ... out her idea, and it was quite understandable.
A) to carry B) carrying
C) carry D) carried

53. (v18-373) Choose the correct answer.
Nina enjoys ... to popular music.
A) having listened B) to listen
C) listening D) being listened

54. (v19/20-107-7) Choose the correct answer.
I hate ... so much money on gasoline.
A) spending B) having spending
C) to spending D) spent

55. (v19/20-125-8) Choose the right answer
I felt him ... the lies
A) To tell B) tell
C) told D) telling

56. (v19/20-127-8) Choose the right answer
Bill avoided ... his boss
A) To meet B) Meeting
C) Will meet D) Having met

57. (v19/20-127-17) Choose the appropriate form of verb.
She has denied ... the gloves. Although all the guests proved that.
A) stole B) to steal
C) stealing D) stolen

58. (v19/20-128-14) Choose the right answer
The man was seen ... the money out of the lady's pocket
A) to steal B) steal
C) stealing D) to be stealing

66. Verb + to V

1. (96-8-86) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

Many builders and engineers from other republics began ... to build new houses in Tashkent in 1966.
A) helping B) would help
C) helped D) shall help
E) having helped

2. (98-3-74) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

We stopped at the motorway services ... something to eat.
A) to get B) to have got
C) was getting D) get E) got

3. (98-5-39) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

We expect him ... tomorrow.
A) arrived B) to arrive
C) to have arrived D) to be arrived
E) having arrived

4. (98-9-30) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

She has nobody ... to.
A) talked B) to talk C) talk D) talks
E) is talking

5. (98-12-26) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

It's never too late ...

- A) being learned B) not to learn
C) learned D) learning
E) to learn

6. (99-2-37) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

Nothing will make him ... back to her.

- A) to come B) come
C) came D) coming
E) would come

7. (99-5-32) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The men ... after the explosion.

- A) are said to be arrested
B) said to be arrested
C) are said to be arrested
D) are said to have been arrested
E) are said to arrest

8. (99-8-38) Choose the proper non-finite form of the verb.

Miss Benson was looking forward to ... the title role in the new play.

- A) play B) playing
C) to be played D) played E) being played

9. (00-2-27) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

His duty was ... me about it immediately.

- A) informed B) is informing
C) to inform D) informs
E) have informed

10. (00-8-22) Choose the proper non-finite forms of the verbs.

Mr. Greenfingers likes ... things himself. Mr. Sazybones prefers ... rather than ... himself.

- A) doing / pay / to work
B) do / to pay / working
C) to have done / to pay / work
D) to do / paying / work
E) doing / to pay / work

11. (00-9-36) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of verb.

John had the opportunity ... to the president.

- A) speaking B) speaks
C) spoken D) to speak
E) is speaking

12. (00-10-44) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A group of mountaineers are preparing ... the mountain.

- A) climbed B) climb
C) climbing D) to climb E) climbs

13. (01-8-25) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The only sound ... was the ticking of the grandfather's clock downstairs.

- A) to hear B) to be hearing
C) to be heard D) to have been heard
E) hearing

14. (01-12-33) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

We expect the degree ... tomorrow.

- A) to be signed B) signing
C) having signed D) to sign
E) being signed

15. (02-11-33) Choose the best answer.

She will have her book ... next month.

- A) being published B) publishing
C) published D) publish
E) to publish

16. (v4-106-24) Choose the proper non-finite form of the verb.

Guly Ikromova was looking forward to ... the title role in the new play.

- A) to be played B) being played
C) play D) played
E) playing

17. (v4-121-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

My uncle decided ... to London for her holidays.

- A) goes B) to have gone
C) to go D) going E) go

18. (v4-127-24) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

In summer it is very pleasant ... on the beach.

- A) lay B) to have lain
C) lie D) lain
E) to lie

19. (v5-137-21) Choose the appropriate grammar form.

I don't want ... there alone.

- A) you go B) you are going
C) that you go D) you to go
E) you going

20. (v5-152-31) Choose the right answer.

I'm really sorry I couldn't meet Andrea yesterday. I would love ... her yesterday.

- A) to be seen B) saw
C) to see D) seeing
E) to have seen

21. (v6-138-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He returned to his country and didn't want ... it again.

- A) has left B) leave
C) to leave D) leaves

22. (v6-160-27) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'd like ...

- A) we joining to you B) you to join us
C) you joining us D) you join us

23. (v8-129-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I have books and papers all over my desk. I need ... some time to straighten up my desk.

- A) be taken B) took
C) take D) to take

24. (v9-101-17) Choose the right answer.

Very soon the old man stopped ... a little rest.

- A) having B) have
C) to have D) had

25. (v9-108-6) Choose the right answer.

Paul was good at languages. He advised Bob ... French lessons.

- A) takes B) to take
C) taking D) take

26. (v9-109-12) Choose the right answer.

All people like to receive letters but they shouldn't forget ... them as soon as possible.

- A) answer B) answering
C) answered D) to answer

27. (v9-111-15) Choose the right answer.

Laura: You've got a terrible memory.

Yesterday you forgot ... the door. Vicky: I'm sure I didn't forget. I can clearly remember looking for my keys. They were in my pocket.

- A) lock B) locked
C) to lock D) locking

28. (v9-117-21) Choose the right answer. While I was away Mike offered ... care of my garden.

- A) taking B) take C) took D) to take

29. (v9-118-21) Choose the right answer.

Having heard the terrible weather forecast, we decided not ... to the seaside.

- A) travelling B) to travel
C) travelled D) travel

30. (v9-122-15) Choose the right answer. Little children like wild animals and often ask ... to the zoo.

- A) take B) taking
C) to take D) to be taken

31. (v9-123-10) Choose the right answer.

In the United Kingdom newspapers appear ... either serious or popular.

- A) been B) to be
C) have been D) being

32. (v9-124-12) Choose the right answer.

You couldn't rely on Many. She had forgotten ... Michael up. So he rang her up the next day.

- A) to ring B) ringing
C) rang D) ring

33. (v10-119-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

While I was away Mike offered ... care of my garden.

- A) took B) to take
C) take D) taking

34. (v10-122-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Simon doesn't make her ... away the table. He does it himself.

- A) clear B) have cleared
C) to clear D) cleared

35. (v10-124-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My mother always said I should eat lots of green vegetables ... my body strong.

- A) made B) to be made
C) to make D) having made

36. (v10-125-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The number of books which we have to ... for the exams is considerable.

- A) be read B) being read
C) read D) reading

37. (v11-109-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Little children like wild animals and often ask ... to the zoo.

- A) to take B) to have been taken
C) to be taken D) to have taken

38. (v11-113-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At first I wasn't used to ... glasses. Everything seemed so strange.

- A) having worn B) worn
C) wear D) wearing

39. (v12z-122-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The taxi driver refused ... a check. He wanted a passenger to pay cash.

- A) took B) take C) taking D) to take

40. (v12c-107-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mary reminded me not ... late for the meeting. I had to hurry.

- A) being B) to be C) to be going D) been

41. (v12c-143-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mike is very reliable. He didn't need ... about his promise.

- A) been reminded B) to remind
C) reminded D) to be reminded

42. (v12c-146-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The only sound ... was the ticking of the grandfather's clock downstairs.

- A) to hear B) to be heard
C) to have been heard D) to be hearing

43. (v13-136-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I would like ... that program yesterday.

- A) to have seen B) seeing
C) see D) to see

44. (v13-142-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Might they be persuaded ... their minds?

- A) to change B) changed
C) change D) changing

45. (v15-104-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Experts say that there were a number of reasons for the fall of Roman Empire.

There ... a number of reasons for the fall of the Roman Empire.

- A) were said there were
B) are said being
C) are said to have been
D) was said being

46. (v15-113-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Rebecca didn't deserve ... punished quite so severely, if you ask me.

- A) being B) to be
C) to being D) be

47. (v15-121-7) Choose the correct answer.

The international criminal Jimmy Rosendale is reported ... in Ireland.

- A) to be living B) is living
C) being lived D) to be lived

48. (v17-115-21) Choose the correct answer.

Nodir's friends made him ... for two hours.

- A) waiting B) wait
C) to wait D) waited

49. (v17-118-1) Choose the correct answer.

Harris tried ... the tin with a pocket knife and broke the knife and cut himself badly.

- A) opening B) open
C) to open D) opened

50. (v17-121-10) Choose the correct answer.

I am advised ... my research project earlier.

- A) start B) starting
C) to start D) to starting

51. (v17-121-15) Choose the correct answer.

If you do not understand the topic, do not hesitate...

- A) asking a question
B) to ask a question
C) ask a question
D) to asking a question

52. (v18-374) At last she managed ... the door by kicking it hard.

- A) to open B) opening
C) will open D) open

53. (v18-375) Now remember, you ... the test until you hear the signal.

- A) are not writing B) are not to write
C) have not written D) haven't write

54. (v19/20-101-4) Choose the correct answer.

I mustn't forget ... my mother tomorrow.

- A) having phoned B) phone
C) to phone D) phoning

55. (v19/20-114-15) Choose the right answer

My cousin needs ... husband for her

- A) finding B) find
C) to find D) in finding

56. (v19/20-118-17) Choose the right answer

We needed ... the names of heroes at school

- A) remember B) remembering
C) to remember D) remembered

67. Verb (+ object) + to V

1. (99-2-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He made her son ... his room.

- A) to tidy up B) will tidy up
C) would tidy up D) tidy up
E) tidied

2. (99-2-35) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

He introduced me to an acquaintance ... that I did not know her.

- A) to believe B) believing
C) to have believed D) of believing
E) not to believe

3. (01-1-84) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

They let him ... there.

- A) to be gone B) to go C) going
D) go E) has gone

4. (01-4-71) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The jerk of the car made me ... the book.

- A) to drop B) drop
C) dropping D) to have dropped
E) having dropped

5. (01-6-40) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

I would like you ... me to the young man ... over there.

- A) introduce / stands
B) to introduce / standing
C) introducing / stood
D) introduced / stands
E) introduce / standing

6. (01-7-44) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

— Oh, I see you look younger today.

— Thank you, I've just had my hair ...

- A) to cut B) to have cut
C) cutting D) cut
E) having been cut

7. (02-1-59) Choose the best answer.

The doctor ... me to spend a few days in bed.

- A) replied B) advised C) talked
D) said E) offered

8. (02-1-63) Choose the best answer.

The publishers expect ... the books.

- A) people's buying B) people to buy
C) people buy D) peoples' buy
E) people bought

9. (02-6-27) Choose the best answer.

She blamed me ...

- A) for helping her clean up the mess
B) from leaving her
C) for a famous pop star
D) for the bad results
E) of stealing the money

10. (02-7-19) Choose the best answer.

Richard's parents, who are both doctors, really want ... a doctor too, but he isn't so sure.

- A) that he becomes B) that he became
C) him to become D) him become
E) that he will become

11. (02-10-52) Choose the best answer.

The mother allowed her son ... biscuits to the nursery.

- A) to take B) taken C) taking
D) to be taken E) take

12. (03-6-29) Choose the best answer.

You can have your shirt ... and ... in the hotel.

- A) wash / press
B) washed / pressing
C) washed / pressed
D) being washed / press
E) washes / presses

13. (03-12-44) Choose the best answer.

Your hair is too long. It's time you ... a haircut.

- A) had B) should have
C) have D) your having
E) should

14. (v5-121-21) Choose the right form of the verb.

I'd like ... over night.

- A) you staying with us
B) you have stayed with us
C) that you stayed with us
D) you to stay with us
E) you stay with us

15. (v5-155-21) Choose the best answer.

I am very thirsty. I have never expected ...

- A) me be so thirsty
B) me being so thirsty
C) me to be so thirsty
D) him to be hungry
E) you to be thirsty

16. (v6-144-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I slowed down. I wanted the car behind me ... to overtake.

- A) to be able B) is able
C) be able D) was able

17. (v6-146-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Her mother made ... off the cassette player.

- A) her switch B) her to switch
C) she switch D) she switching

18. (v9-115-6) Choose the right answer.

Mrs. Fowels warned her children not ... with matches.

- A) play B) played
C) playing D) to play

19. (v9-119-10) Choose the right answer.

Justine reminded his younger sister ... her books back to the library.

- A) took B) take
C) taking D) to take

20. (v10-104-15) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

Jane said to her mother: "Nothing will make me ... my mind."

- A) to change B) changing
C) change D) changed

21. (v10-115-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Though I am only fourteen my father lets me ... his car to the garage.

- A) drove B) drive
C) driving D) to drive

22. (v10-125-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She will have her book ... next month.

- A) published B) publish
C) publishing D) being published

23. (v10-127-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The doctor made the patient ... in bed. In a few days the patient got better.

- A) staying B) stayed
C) to stay D) stay

24. (v10-128-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Every driver is required by law ... a valid driver's license.

- A) having B) to have
C) has D) have

25. (v10-130-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Richard's parents, who are both doctors, really want ... a doctor too, but he isn't so sure.

- A) that he becomes B) him become
C) him to become D) that he became

26. (v11-146-7) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

— Oh, I see you look younger today.

— Thank you, I've just had my hair ...

- A) to cut B) cut
C) cutting D) to have cut

27. (v12z-101-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

All the window frames in this house have ... Otherwise, they will rot over the winter.

- A) to be repainted B) repainted
C) be repainted D) been repainting

28. (v12z-101-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We always have the car ... by the children who live next door.

- A) to clean B) cleaned
C) cleaning D) clean

29. (v12z-116-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You will only make her Please don't shout at her

- A) crying B) cry C) to cry D) cried

30. (v12z-126-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He didn't like my new hairstyle. He said it made me ... ten years older.

- A) looking B) to look
C) look D) looked

31. (v12c-127-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll be very glad if you get Nick ... the room I can never have him do that.

- A) cleaned B) to have cleaned
C) cleaning D) to clean

32. (v12c-131-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The boy was made ... medicine.

- A) take B) to take
C) taken D) taking

33. (v12c-137-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mrs. Crane had her house ... Now it looks much better.

- A) to paint B) paint C) painting D) painted

34. (v12c-141-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Observing the sun climbing above the horizon at dawn makes one ... the earth is indeed turning.

- A) realizing B) realized
C) to realize D) realize

35. (v13-104-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What a mess! The room needs ... before the guests arrive.

- A) cleaning B) cleaned
C) clean D) to clean

36. (v13-119-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll get the porter ... up you luggage.

- A) bring B) bringing
C) brought D) to bring

37. (v13-130-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'd advise you ... more exercise.

- A) take B) to be taken
C) taking D) to take

38. (v13-131-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The extent of Christina's knowledge on various complex subjects ... us.

- A) surprising B) surprise
C) to surprise D) surprises

39. (v13-132-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mark encouraged me ... away my old running shoes with holes in the toes and buy a new pair.

- A) throwing B) to throw
C) thrown D) throw

40. (v13-140-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nothing will make him ... back to her.

- A) came B) coming
C) to come D) come

41. (v13-144-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The first sandwich is said ... by Lord Sandwich, a Scottish aristocrat.

- A) to make B) to have been made
C) made D) to have made

42. (v15-103-18) Choose the best answer.

Don't you think it's time you ... about your future.

- A) think B) thought
C) will think D) are thinking

43. (v15-110-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let's not waste time ... about this.

- A) to have argued B) having argued
C) argue D) arguing

44. (v15-112-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The hill

was too steep for you ...

- A) climb B) climbed
C) climbing D) to climb

45. (v15-114-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was in the park that Bob had his money ... Be careful going there!

- A) stealing B) steal
C) stolen D) to steal

46. (v15-114-18) Choose the best answer. My old fashioned TV ... repairing.

- A) to be needed B) need
C) needs D) need to

47. (v15-116-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This broken TV cannot ... Let's get rid of it.

- A) to be repaired B) be repaired
C) be repairing D) repair

48. (v15-116-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She told me that she had seen her ... the house.

- A) was leaving B) left
C) to leave D) leave

49. (v15-118-1) Choose the correct answer. He ... his trade from his father.

- A) is presumed to have learnt
B) is presumed have learnt
C) is presumed have been learnt
D) is presumed having learnt

50. (v15-118-21) Choose the best answer. I told them ... any more.

- A) not to worry about that
B) not to worry about this
C) don't worry about this
D) to worry about that

51. (v15-119-6) Choose the best answer.

Yesterday I watched the walls ...

- A) being painted B) paint
C) painted D) painting

52. (v15-124-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's about time Mr. Stevenson apologized to me ... me a liar in front of everybody.

- A) to call B) for having called
C) from calling D) to have called

53. (v15-129-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They noticed Henry ... to the stranger.

- A) speaking B) spoke
C) to speak D) spoken

54. (v15-130-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Shakhnoza encouraged me ... away my old running shoes with holes and got me to buy a new pair.

- A) thrown B) throw
C) threw D) to throw

55. (v16-130-4) Choose the best answer. Last week he was seen ... home late at night.

- A) leave B) left
C) to leaving D) to leave

56. (v17-105-4) Chose the right answer. She had great motivation ... the exam.

- A) in passing B) of passing
C) to pass D) for passing

57. (v17-118-15) Choose the correct answer.

It's better for parents to let their children ... their own choice in life.

- A) to make B) make
C) have made D) made

58. (v17-122-23) Choose the right answer. In the event of ..., it's important to receive certificates

- A) divorcing B) get divorced
C) divorce D) having divorced

68. Verb + V-ing or to V

1. (96-9-77) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He felt that he ... it wrong.

- A) has made B) made
C) will make D) was made
E) had made

2. (96-13-10) Choose the appropriate synonym.

I would like to speak to you .

- A) right now B) just once
C) once D) later E) in 2 days

3. (01-9-7) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Remember ... a newspaper when you ... shopping

- A) to buy / are doing B) buy / will do
C) buying / to do D) to buy / do
E) buying / were doing

4. (02-6-45) Choose the best answer.

I couldn't resist ... him why he was trying to avoid ... me.

- A) to ask / meet B) asking / meet
C) ask / meeting D) asking / meeting
E) asking / to meet

5. (02-11-87) Choose the best answer.

The doctor advised her ... heavy objects.

- A) don't lift B) not to lift
C) didn't lift D) to not lift
E) doesn't lift

6. (03-4-32) Choose the best answer.

When I entered the room, the children stopped ...

- A) talking B) talk C) talks
D) to have talked E) talked

7. (03-5-29) Choose the best answer.

The gardener stopped ... the flowers and began ... the trees.

- A) watering / cutting B) water / cutting
C) water / cut D) watered / cutting
E) watering / to have cut

8. (03-6-22) Choose the best answer.

They all sat down in a circle about me, ... better my motion.

- A) observe B) to be observed
C) observing D) to observe
E) observed

9. (03-8-33) Choose the best answer.

She is a good story teller, I can't help ... to her whenever I can.

- A) to listen B) be listened C) listen
D) listening E) listened

10. (v4-101-13) Complete the sentence.

You learn that your friend is in the hospital. You try ...

- A) to take a nap
B) taking some aspirin for his headache
C) to visit him as soon as possible
D) not to miss your classes
E) to take him to the station

11. (v4-117-24) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

The tourists stopped at the motorway services ... something to eat.

- A) was getting B) got C) to get
D) get E) to have got

12. (v6-133-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A fire must have a supply of oxygen, otherwise it will stop ...

- A) burn B) burns
C) burning D) burnt

13. (v7-119-17) Aunt Polly made Tom ... the fence, but, she didn't expect him ... it so soon.

- A) to whitewash / finish
B) whitewash / finish
C) to whitewash / to finish
D) whitewash / to finish

14. (v8-101-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He's a terrific soccer player!

Did you see him ... that goal? It was very impressive.

- A) to make B) makes C) made D) make

15. (v8-109-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm getting too fat. I want to lose ..., so from Monday I'm going on a diet.

- A) weight B) weighing
C) weigh D) weighty

16. (v12c-110-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He studied sculpture because he enjoyed ... with clay.

- A) to work B) working
C) to have worked D) to be working

17. (v12c-116-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sometimes I rest in the shade of a thick wood; at other times I stop ... the minerals of an old quarry.

- A) examine B) examined
C) to examine D) to have examined

18. (v12c-132-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll never forget ... that race. What a thrill!

- A) winning B) to win
C) win D) being win

19. (v12c-140-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

An old man walking along the road stopped ... to us.

- A) to talking B) talk
C) talked D) to talk

20. (v12c-142-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I will never forget ... the factory chimney collapse in a cloud of smoke.

- A) to see B) seeing C) saw D) seen

21. (v13-111-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'll never forget ... by my first teacher.

- A) being taught B) teach
C) teaching D) to teach

22. (v13-115-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sam was seen ... the building at half past five.

- A) leaves B) left
C) leave D) to leave

23. (v13-143-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The letters are here. I didn't remember ... them.

- A) post B) to posting
C) pasting D) to post

24. (v14-112-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When she needs to remember ... something important, she ties a knot in her handkerchief.

- A) did B) doing C) does D) to do

25. (v14-113-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Baxodir will never forget ... his first helicopter ride. The experience was thrilling.

- A) to take B) take
C) taking D) takes

26. (v15-102-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In a few days the patient got better as the doctor made the patient ... in bed.

- A) stay B) stayed
C) to stay D) staying

27. (v15-106-10) Choose the best answer.

You are one of the best football players today, Cliff. Who taught you ... ?

- A) play B) playing
C) to play D) played

28. (v15-107-9) Choose the best answer.

I like to hear Ann ... in French.

- A) speaking B) speaks
C) spoken D) to speak

29. (v15-107-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I was really nervous about the interview, and although I tried not ... , I was awake most of the night.

- A) worrying B) to worry
C) worried D) worry

30. (v15-111-10) Choose the best answer.

Mr. Bloke watched the children ... in the street.

- A) to play B) played
C) play D) were playing

31. (v15-115-1) Choose the best answer.

Don't hide, I have already noticed you ... the room.

- A) entered B) to enter
C) enter D) entering

32. (v15-115-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We studied sculpture because we enjoyed ... with clay.

- A) to be working B) to work
C) to have worked D) working

33. (v15-117-13) Choose the best answer.

James made everybody believe that ...

- A) he had travelled all over the world
B) he travels all over the world
C) he has travelled all over the world
D) he was travelled all over the world

34. (v15-125-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If they don't want to, don't make the children ... with us.

- A) came B) to come
C) coming D) come

35. (v15-127-2) Choose the right answer.

England is one of the world's leading fishing nations. Its fleets bring home fish of every kind, ... from sole to herring.

- A) ranging B) ranges
C) range D) ranged

36. (v15-128-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It seems that the new system of sending out reminders has worked, because this year 90% of members remembered ... their membership in time.

- A) to renew B) renew
C) renewed D) renewing

37. (v16-110-8) Choose the best answer.

I must remember ... a gift for her child.

- A) sending B) to send
C) sent D) being sent

38. (v17-115-8) Choose the right answer.

We are thinking about ... this university.

- A) enter B) to enter
C) entering D) entrance

39. (v17-116-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They warned me ... out with John.

- A) not to go B) do not go
C) not going D) not go

40. (v17-117-20) Choose the right answer.

They enjoy ... ethnic songs.

- A) sing B) to sing
C) singing D) having sing

41. (v17-125-24) Choose the correct answer.

I'll look forward to ... in deep water soon.

- A) be swum B) swimming
C) swim D) swam

42. (v17-126-16) Choose the correct answer.

I'm really looking forward to ... my new course.

- A) to start B) start
C) started D) starting

43. (v17-130-10) Choose the best answer.

I'm looking forward ... you again soon.

- A) seeing B) to seeing
C) see D) to see

44. (v19/20-102-2) Choose the correct answer.

The Prime Minister is at the microphone now. He is about ... speaking.

- A) start B) starting
C) to start D) will start

45. (v19/20-115-7) Choose the correct answer.

Because of their achievement, explorers around the world became even more interested in ... the first ... the South Pole.

- A) being / have reached
B) being / to reach
C) be / reach
D) to be / reaching

46. (v19/20-121-2) Choose the correct answer

Julia wears very expensive dresses. She seems ... plenty of money.

- A) having B) have
C) to have D) to having

47. (v19/20-121-18) Choose the right answer

The company postponed ... new model of a car due to technical problems.

- A) to announce
B) announce
C) have announced
D) announcing

48. (v19/20-122-3) Choose the right answer

We hope ... new strategy

- A) Develop B) To develop
C) Developing D) Have developed

49. (v19/20-123-16) Choose the correct answer.

You will need ... a full load next semester.

- A) taking B) to take
C) take D) to taking

50. (v19/20-124-15) Choose the correct answer.

I was very surprised ... that Nancy failed the exam.

- A) hearing B) to hearing
C) at hearing D) to hear

51. (v19/20-126-10) Choose the correct answer

Aida regrets ... that to Thomas Thomas does not want even to see her now

- A) to say B) say
C) saying D) to saying

69. Preposition (in / for / about etc.) + V-ing

1. (99-3-37) Choose the appropriate non finite form of the verb.

I remember the day when you took me aboard of your ship to help you in ... the shark.

- A) hunt B) to hunt C) hunting
D) hunted E) having hunted

2. (00-10-45) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Tony is not capable of ... the problem.

- A) solving B) to be solved
C) solved D) to solve
E) solve

3. (01-1-66) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We worked without ... day and night.

- A) to have ceased B) ceasing
C) to be ceased D) ceased
E) having ceased

4. (01-1-68) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

The girls were fond of ...

- A) to dance B) dance
C) dancing D) to have danced
E) to be dancing

5. (01-6-39) Choose the appropriate non-finite forms of the verbs.

– I say, Mr. Smith, is it possible ... our specialists to your country so that they could get some ... at your plants.

– No problem to arrange it.

- A) send / training B) send / train
C) to send / training D) sending / to train
E) to send / to train

6. (01-8-43) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

She was thankful for ... beforehand.

- A) warn
B) being warned
C) having been warned
D) had been warned
E) was warned

7. (03-4-34) Choose the best answer.

He looked at me without ... anything.

- A) saying B) say C) to say D) says
E) said

8. (04-1-225) Choose the right form of the verb.

The original version of Koran ... at the Religious Administration of the Muslims of Central Asia.

- A) is keeping B) were kept
C) is kept D) are kept
E) keeps

9. (v5-139-21) Choose the best answer.

I want to learn about ... for a job.

- A) to apply B) applied
C) apply D) I apply
E) applying

10. (v6-159-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He has hurt his leg, so he ... very well.

- A) can't walk B) mustn't jump
C) needn't run D) shouldn't swim

11. (v8-118-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Everyone in the neighbourhood participated in ... for the lost child. The child was soon found.

- A) have searched B) is searching
C) searched D) searching

12. (v8-124-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Bill assisted doctors and soldiers saving the people during the earthquake. Afterwards he was awarded a medal in ... of his services.

- A) recognition B) recognized
C) recognize D) recognizable

13. (v9-113-13) Choose the right answer.

The artist did a rough drawing before ... the painting.

- A) to do B) did C) done D) doing

14. (v9-120-10) Choose the right answer.

James had an advantage of ... some experience in the job.

- A) having B) had
C) has D) have

15. (v10-107-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm so sorry about my mistake. I acted in such a way without ... , in fact I did it from force of habit.

- A) thought B) thinks
C) think D) thinking

16. (v10-110-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jeff applied to a medical school many months ago. Now he is so concerned about ... into a medical school that he's having a difficult time concentrating on the courses he's taking this term.

- A) to go B) go C) going D) went

17. (v10-121-14) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

People often have great difficulty ... my writing.

- A) reading B) being read
C) to read D) to have read

18. (v10-125-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Aren't you afraid of ... if you don't stop coming to work late all the time?

- A) sacked B) sacking
C) sack D) being sacked

19. (v11-149-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He has improved his pronunciation by ... hard at phonetics.

- A) worked B) work
C) working D) to work

20. (v12z-105-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The noise of ... glass made me wake up.

- A) breaks B) broke
C) break D) breaking

21. (v12c-115-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't blame you for not ... to go outside in this awful weather.

- A) want B) wanting
C) to want D) wanted

22. (v12c-155-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If the Trojans hadn't taken the wooden horse into Troy, the Greeks ... the city.
A) had not captured
B) wouldn't have captured
C) didn't capture
D) would not capture

23. (v12c-159-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
It is very hard to earn money. Mind, don't waister it for ... things you don't need.
A) to buy B) buy
C) being bought D) buying

24. (v13-102-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
His parents have always dreamed of ... in their own country cottage.
A) living B) live C) lived D) to live

25. (v13-130-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He hadn't seen his friend Jeremy for weeks, then he ran ... him in the post office.
A) for B) into C) from D) at

26. (v13-137-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She went off ... the two men together.
A) have leaving B) left
C) leaving D) leave

27. (v14-115-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Dilfuza is out of job now. She isn't interested in ... for a new job for herself.
A) looked B) having looked
C) being looked D) looking

28. (v16-114-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We decided ... moving to London.
A) against B) contrary
C) to D) not

29. (v17-119-16) Choose the right answer.
I've been dreaming ... rest.
A) about B) for C) of D) in

30. (v17-123-4) Choose the correct answer.
Our family members are looking forward to ... you again.
A) seeing B) see C) seen D) saw

31. (v17-123-17) Choose the correct answer.
For the rest of her life, Viola lived in fear of ... tracked down.
A) having B) been C) being D) be

32. (v18-376) There's no point ... discussing her decision - it won't be accepted.
A) in B) with C) - D) on

70. Prefer and would rather

1. (01-12-9) Complete the sentence.
She knew her husband would be angry with her for buying another fur coat. He ... spend the money on a car.
A) had rather B) would better
C) would rather D) better had
E) had best

2. (03-8-18) Choose the best answer.
We would rather ... to the theatre yesterday than today.

A) gone B) had gone
C) went D) have gone E) go

3. (03-8-19) Choose the best answer.
We would rather ... the questions of the police that day.
A) to answer B) not to answer
C) not answer D) not had answered
E) not have answered

4. (v4-112-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.
I would rather ... to the park than ... at home.
A) going / stays B) go / stay
C) to go / stay D) went / stays
E) go / stayed

5. (v9-103-7) Choose the right answer.
If you don't mind I'd rather ... there by car.
A) to go B) go C) went D) going

6. (v10-115-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I forgot to buy milk, so I ... make another trip to the shops yesterday.
A) rather B) had to
C) can D) must

7. (v12z-106-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If you want to get well, you'd better ... your medicine regularly.
A) take B) have taken
C) took D) to take

8. (v12c-108-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If you don't understand something, you had better ... your teacher to help you.
A) ask B) to ask
C) asking D) asked

9. (v12c-151-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We'd better ... to the country in such rainy weather.
A) don't go B) to not go
C) not to go D) not go

10. (v17-124-4) Choose the correct answer.
Keanu would rather ... a cup of coffee in his room than sit in a noisy café.
A) have B) to have
C) prefer D) prefer to have

11. (v17-124-22) Choose the correct answer.
I'd rather ... than ... that stupid show.
A) sleeping / watching
B) sleep / watching
C) sleeping / watch
D) sleep / watch

12. (v18-377) It's time you ... home, but I'd rather you ... here.
A) go / stay B) went / stayed
C) go / stayed D) went / stay

13. (v19/20-118-1) Choose the correct answer
I'd rather ... across Europe than ... a luxurious automobile
A) travelling / buying
B) to travel / to buy
C) travelling / buy
D) travel / buy

14. (v19/20-125-4) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs
The queen preferred ... to ... while being a child

A) being learned French / being done music
B) to learn French / to do music
C) learning French / doing music
D) learn French / do music

15. (v19/20-127-2) Choose the correct answer.
I'd rather ... to Jane's hen party than ... to the cinema.
A) to go / to go B) going / going
C) go / going D) go / go

71. Be / get used to

1. (98-12-9) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
Today acupuncture ... effectively in our country.
A) were used B) are used
C) is used D) has been used
E) had used

2. (01-8-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.
She was used to ... in the country.
A) live B) living C) lived
D) been lived E) lives

3. (02-7-74) Choose the best answer.
Spanish people are used to ... out late at night.
A) staying B) stay
C) have stayed D) being stayed
E) having stayed

4. (v6-141-16) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined word.
- Do you play tennis?
- Oh, I ... it long ago when I ... a child.
A) used to play / was
B) would play / had been
C) used playing / were
D) am playing / was

5. (v9-128-16) Choose the right answer.
When Jack was young, he ... to ride a bike to work and he liked it.
A) was used B) use
C) got used D) used

6. (v12z-129-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Some years ago I ... my newspaper every day.
A) got used to reading
B) was used to reading
C) used to read
D) used to reading

7. (v12c-152-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Spanish people are used to ... out late at night.
A) stay B) staying
C) have stayed D) being stayed

8. (v13-117-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The early pioneers in the US ... mainly on hunting and fishing for their food.
A) were using to rely B) used to relying
C) were used to rely D) used to rely

9. (v14-104-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The shop in the middle of our village is a supermarket now, but it ... a cinema.
A) was used being B) used to being
C) used to be D) was used to be

10. (v15-129-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I've lived in Milan for years.
So I'm used ... a lot of pasta.
A) to eating B) eat
C) to eat D) eating

11. (v15-133-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Malokhat will soon get used ... contact lenses.
A) wear B) wearing
C) to wear D) to wearing

12. (v17-125-15) Choose the correct answer.

- I ... waking up early.
A) got used to. B) used to
C) am use to D) get used

13. (v18-378) My grandmother ... living alone so she finds the house very quiet.

- A) didn't use to B) used to
C) isn't used to D) using to

14. (v19/20-125-17) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- First years of staying in Canada were quiet hard for Lisa. Then, she got used to ... in other circumstances.
A) live B) living
C) have lived D) having lived

72. Verb + (Noun) + preposition + V-ing

1. (99-4-41) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

- "Be a man" said the Bellman in wrath, as he heard the Butcher ... to sob.
A) begun B) to begin
C) beginning D) having begun
E) begins

2. (v12z-101-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Liz encouraged me ... away my old running shoes with holes and got me to buy a new pair.
A) threw B) throw
C) to throw D) thrown

3. (v12c-151-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I couldn't ring them up ... their number.
A) not knowing B) don't know
C) not having known D) didn't know

4. (v14-102-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I just watched them ... volleyball instead of joining them because I was tired.
A) were playing B) played
C) playing D) to playing

5. (v16-116-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Ben was in the habit of ... careful notes of every lecture.
A) making B) makes
C) make D) made

6. (v16-116-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Don't waste time looking ... a cheap car when you arrive. They usually aren't good ones.
A) at B) by C) for D) on

7. (v17-125-10) Choose the correct answer.

- Jennifer said that she was fed up with ... his laundry.
A) making B) do C) doing D) make

8. (v17-126-24) Choose the right answer.

- Damir likes all fruits ... apples.
A) accept B) expect
C) except D) respect

73. Expressions + V-ing

1. (96-8-30) Choose non-finite form of the verb.

- Choose the Gerund.
A) interesting B) everything
C) morning D) evening E) reading

2. (00-10-46) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

- Mike should have stayed in Brighton instead of ... to London.
A) moving B) to move
C) moved D) to be moving
E) move

3. (03-6-4) Choose the best answer.

- You had better ... skating for another two weeks or so. You ... it very helpful.
A) to practise / will find
B) practise / would find
C) practise / will find
D) practise / finds
E) practised / have found

4. (v5-104-20) Choose the best answer.

- You had better ... swimming for another three months or so. You ... it very useful.
A) trained / would find B) train / found
C) train / will find D) be trained / find
E) to train / find

5. (v10-105-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- When I was downtown yesterday, I saw the police ... a thief.
A) chasing B) is chasing
C) chases D) chased

6. (v13-140-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- You all were so friendly to me at yesterday's party. Thank you ... me as your guest.
A) for having B) to have
C) on having D) had

7. (v15-122-18) Choose the correct answer.

- ... at the hotel, they checked in and went up to their rooms.
A) In arriving B) Arrive
C) After arrived D) On arriving

8. (v17-115-23) Choose the right answer.

- Two days after the launch Houston reported the satellite ...
A) to be missing B) be missed
C) are missed D) is missed

9. (v17-116-5) Choose the correct answer.

- It is no use ... this thesis.
A) to be rewriting B) rewriting
C) having rewritten D) rewrite

10. (v17-126-14) Choose the correct answer.

- Jane is not going to cinema with us. She is busy ... her research project.
A) to do B) do
C) doing D) to doing

11. (v18-379) My watch is broken but it's not worth ...

- A) repairing B) to repair
C) to repair it D) to be repaired

12. (v18-380) It's no use ... this smartphone. It's too old.

- A) to repair B) repaired
C) repair D) repairing

13. (v18-381) Choose the best answer. This is assumed that the job has no ... This will be effectiveness.

- A) prospector B) prospectively
C) prospective D) prospects

74. To ..., for ... and so that

1. (v15-107-2) Choose the best answer.

- I am going to look ... your scientific work.
A) after B) at C) on D) into

2. (v15-126-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- My mother always said I should eat lots of green vegetables ... my body strong.
A) to make B) having made
C) made D) to be made

3. (v17-115-15) Choose the correct answer.

- Dildora got sick and tired of washing up ... she'd been doing the dishes since morning.
A) for B) despite C) due to D) so

4. (v17-127-17) Choose the correct answer.

- I am working hard ... I can earn enough money for my travel to Turkey.
A) so that B) as long as
C) as soon as D) until

75. Adjective + to V

1. (v5-153-9) Choose the appropriate non-finite form of the verb.

- She was kind enough ... us the only umbrella she had.
A) given B) to be given C) to give
D) was giving E) gave

2. (v9-106-7) Choose the right answer.

- When you come to another city you are likely ... in a hotel.
A) to stay B) staying
C) stay D) stayed

3. (v9-110-6) Choose the right answer.

- Hello, Jack! Did you have any difficulty ... us?
A) to find B) found
C) find D) finding

4. (v9-127-6) Choose the right answer.

- I'm keen on books. I can have real fun ... a thick novel.
A) reading B) to read
C) read D) being read

5. (v10-112-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The films of Steven Spielberg are known ... their special technical effects and nice characters.
A) from B) in C) for D) after

6. (v17-127-4) Choose the correct answer.

- Be careful ... the babies.
A) not waking B) not wake
C) to not wake D) not to wake

76. Although / though / even though / In spite of / despite

1. (98-5-3) Choose the appropriate preposition and conjunction.

- ... I could finish my first sentence, she interrupted ... a protest.

- A) After / — B) Besides / by
C) Till / over D) Before / with
E) As / in

2. (01-9-9) Choose the right beginning to the sentence.

... my father came to visit us, he bought a small present for my sister and me.

- A) Whenever B) As soon as
C) Even though D) As well as
E) Wherever

3. (01-9-10) Choose the right beginning to the sentence.

... the first American literature was not really literature, it was rather an interesting mixture of travel accounts and religious writings.

- A) As far as B) Though C) As if
D) Whatever E) However

4. (02-1-22) Choose the best answer.

He kept his job ... the manager had threatened to dismiss him.

- A) although B) even
C) unless D) despite E) in spite

5. (02-11-68) Choose the best answer.

In the air your body is more sensitive to the effects of alcohol, coffee and tea and fatty foods. ... it is best to avoid these the day before you leave ... during the flight.

- A) However / because
B) Since / and
C) So / as well as
D) That's why / in spite of
E) As / by the way

6. (02-11-82) Choose the best answer.

Jill went to work ...

- A) because she was unqualified
B) despite her desire to help
C) though she had a chance
D) in spite of being ill
E) due to her knowledge

7. (v7-135-22) I never mind the weather. ...

it was raining yesterday, we went to have a big picnic in the park.

- A) As B) Because
C) However D) Though

8. (v9-101-13) Choose the right answer.

I intend to go to Greece this summer ... it can be very expensive.

- A) because of B) so as
C) although D) because

9. (v9-118-10) Choose the right answer.

He seemed to have all kinds of fruit trees ... cherry trees in his garden.

- A) except B) though
C) in spite of D) despite

10. (v9-122-8) Choose the right answer.

The skiers would rather travel by train through the mountains ... go by bus.

- A) although B) than
C) that D) how

11. (v10-112-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When hunting, tigers often lie quietly in wait at water-holes and attack other animals ... they come down to drink.

- A) although B) when
C) what D) how

12. (v10-117-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Farmers may grow more vegetables in the future, ... now good land is limited.

- A) and B) despite
C) because D) but

13. (v12z-104-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I insisted on holding the children's hands ... the path looked steep and dangerous.

- A) however B) as
C) despite D) although

14. (v12z-105-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She didn't know his name ... she saw him every day at work.

- A) because B) in spite of
C) since D) although

15. (v12z-125-6) Choose the answer correctly completes the sentence.

The exam had been a difficult one, ... I didn't expect to get a good mark.

- A) although B) but C) however D) so

16. (v12z-128-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

American black bears appear in a variety of colors ... their name.

- A) despite B) in case
C) unless D) though

17. (v12c-101-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I didn't start to have grey hair until I was 50, ... my brother went completely grey by the time he was 25

- A) whereas B) despite
C) because D) in spite of

18. (v12c-114-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She didn't know his name ... she saw him every day at work.

- A) because B) although
C) since D) in spite of

19. (v12c-122-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Many parents disapprove of computer games. ... they allow their children to play them because this keeps them quiet.

- A) As a result B) Also
C) Despite D) Yet

20. (v12c-134-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She put on a hat, gloves and scarf, ... the weather was quite warm.

- A) because B) even though
C) despite D) as

21. (v12c-154-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It is impossible to swim in the Dead Sea ... the large amount of salt in it.

- A) as B) because
C) though D) because of

22. (v12c-157-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I sometimes stayed with my sister, ... I had an apartment in the city.

- A) in spite of B) even though
C) since D) because

23. (v12c-159-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The shirt is still dirty ... I've washed it twice.

- A) in spite of B) nevertheless
C) despite D) though

24. (v13-109-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ostriches can't fly ... they have wings.

- A) as B) even though
C) in spite of D) because

25. (v13-113-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He never found his key ... he looked in every pocket and every drawer.

- A) despite B) as
C) because D) though

26. (v13-113-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She explained the task very carefully to the students ... they knew exactly what they had to do.

- A) so that B) as
C) despite D) because

27. (v13-113-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I still prefer to travel by plane ... the increase in air fares.

- A) although B) because of
C) despite D) in spite

28. (v13-122-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Many roads and railroads in the USA were built in the 1880s ... industrial cities needed a network to link them with sources of supply.

- A) because of B) despite
C) because D) in spite of

29. (v13-123-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She'll cook something delicious ... someone calls on her this evening.

- A) in case B) because of
C) in order D) so as

30. (v13-129-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He's never played squash before, ... he often play badminton

- A) although B) and
C) still D) despite

31. (v13-130-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Did you play football yesterday?" "Yes we did ... the rain."

- A) however B) despite
C) although D) in spite

32. (v13-132-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm not happy with your work. ... I'm going to give you one last chance.

- A) Despite B) Nevertheless
C) In spite of D) That

33. (v13-135-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I advise you to buy a Volkswagen ... Volkswagen cars are cheap, they last a long time.

- A) as B) because
C) even though D) despite

34. (v13-137-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I still prefer to travel by plane ... the increase in air fares.

- A) despite B) because of
C) although D) in spite

35. (v14-101-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... you need them, take a spare pair of running shoes.

- A) despite B) unless
C) in case D) though

... you need them, take a spare pair of running shoes.

... it was a dark, cloudy day, he put on his sunglasses.

- A) although B) so that
C) in spite of D) as

37. (v14-107-15) Choose the best word to complete the sentence.

In ancient times, most people wandered about large territories. ..., in modern times, people typically settle in one place they call home.

- A) In addition B) Therefore
C) However D) Moreover

38. (v14-114-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... industrial cities needed a network to link them with sources of supply. Many roads and railroads in the USA were built in the 1880s.

- A) in spite of B) despite
C) because of D) because

39. (v14-115-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... I don't see you today, let me say good-bye to you now.

- A) unless B) despite
C) whether D) in case

40. (v15-102-18) Choose the best answer.

... a heavy show, we couldn't get there in time.

- A) Because B) Although
C) Owing to D) Instead of

41. (v15-105-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Don't drink cold water ... you have boiled it first.

- A) if B) despite C) in case D) unless

42. (v15-127-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Everybody has come to the lesson ... Sobir. He is ill.

- A) besides B) between
C) during D) except

43. (v16-127-4) Choose the correct answer.

Despite ... manager, she felt totally powerless.

- A) to be B) being
C) of having been D) she was

44. (v17-102-2) Choose the right answer.

... the weather was great, we decided to go to the swimming pool.

- A) before B) although
C) since D) wherever

45. (v17-103-16) Choose the correct answer.

... she was not invited to the wedding ceremony, Zara went there and congratulated the couple.

- A) Despite B) In spite of
C) Unless D) Although

46. (v17-113-7) Choose the correct answer.

... the coat was expensive, she bought it.

- A) Despite B) In spite of
C) Although D) However

47. (v17-116-10) Choose the best answer.

Work hard on your English, ... you won't pass the exam.

- A) whilst B) nevertheless
C) elsewhere D) otherwise

48. (v17-118-9) Choose the right answer.

Much of the power of the trade unions has been lost. ..., their political influence should not be underestimated.

- A) although B) even though
C) even D) so even

49. (v17-126-18) Choose the correct answer.

... we spent all afternoon on signing greeting cards, we didn't manage it.

- A) Although B) However
C) Despite D) In spite of

50. (v17-128-20) Choose the correct answer.

It is raining, ... he still wants to go out.

- A) although B) unless
C) and yet D) since

51. (v17-128-22) Choose the best answer.

They went out ... it was raining.

- A) although B) despite
C) in spite of D) however

52. (v19/20-113-3) Choose the correct answer.

I have to study mathematics ... I do not enjoy it.

- A) despite B) although
C) for D) because

53. (v19/20-113-18) Choose the correct answer

Gigi felt very bad but ... this she continued working on the project

- A) despite of B) in spite of
C) although D) though

77. Unless / As long as / provided / providing / in case

1. (02-1-43) Choose the best answer.

We started early ... to miss the worst of the traffic.

- A) in order B) so that
C) in so far D) so long as
E) in case

2. (v5-148-11) Choose the best answer.

You mustn't get off the train ... it is moving.

- A) when B) though
C) since D) how E) if

3. (v7-147-20) The doctor didn't put her on a diet and allowed her to eat everything ... eggs.

- A) expect B) accept
C) beside D) except

4. (v7-162-24) I asked Bill for his e-mail address ... I needed to contact him.

- A) as long as B) in case
C) if D) unless

5. (v9-108-18) Choose the right answer.

You think Vicky had better take a coat. It might get cold. You say to Vicky, "You'd better take a coat ... it gets cold."

- A) unless B) if
C) in case D) when

6. (v10-104-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You think the train might be full tomorrow. "I'd better reserve a seat today ... the train is full tomorrow".

- A) if B) when
C) in case D) unless

7. (v12z-116-19) Choose the answer, which correctly completes the sentence.

American black bears appear in a variety of colors ... their name.

- A) in case B) unless
C) despite D) though

8. (v12c-132-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Take a spare pair of running shoes ... you need them.

- A) in case B) though
C) despite D) unless

9. (v12c-135-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The exam had been a difficult one, ... I didn't expect to get a good mark.

- A) but B) however
C) although D) so

10. (v12c-141-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I don't feel really awake ... I've had a cup of coffee.

- A) in case B) if
C) until D) after

11. (v13-106-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She always carry a bar of chocolate ... she gets hungry.

- A) in case B) unless
C) in order D) if

12. (v13-110-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You will have to pay higher insurance ... you buy a sports car.

- A) if B) although
C) yet D) because

13. (v13-112-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let's go to Mirabella's tonight ... you haven't been there before.

- A) unless B) when C) until D) if

14. (v13-117-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Let me say good-bye to you now ... I don't see you today.

- A) unless B) despite
C) whether D) in case

15. (v13-123-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most part of this highway will remain closed ... this afternoon because of the repair work.

- A) unless B) in case
C) below D) until

16. (v13-125-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You will see nothing ... you use a microscope. It is the most interesting insect.

- A) in case B) if
C) providing D) unless

17. (v13-127-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She won't make him change his mind ... she likes what he wants to do or not.

- A) despite B) because
C) when D) whether

18. (v13-129-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She went at the bank ... to get some money.

- A) even though B) unless
C) in order D) in case

19. (v13-130-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He put on his sunglasses ... it was a dark, cloudy day.

- A) as B) so that
C) although D) in spite of

20. (v13-131-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. ... The dolphin lives in the sea, it is not a fish it's a mammal.
A) Because B) Despite
C) Although D) Since

21. (v13-133-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I told the doctor that I had hurt my leg ... I was playing football yesterday.
A) as soon as B) till
C) during D) while

22. (v13-136-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He'll arrive with plenty of local currency ... the airport bank is closed.
A) in case of B) so that
C) in case D) because of

23. (v14-104-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Most people have trouble remembering their dreams ... they write them down as soon as they wake up.
A) unless B) whether C) if D) despite

24. (v14-116-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. ... you act carefully, you may find yourself in trouble.
A) As long as B) Provided
C) If D) Unless

25. (v15-106-11) Choose the best answer. I'll put my umbrella in my bag ... it rains later.
A) provided that B) in case
C) as long as D) unless

26. (v15-107-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. ... someone tries to attack them, people carry guns in some countries.
A) in case B) whether
C) unless D) though

27. (v15-108-16) Choose the correct answer. Unless they ... ticket prices, I'm not going to fly anymore. I'm not so rich.
A) don't lower B) will lower
C) will not lowered D) lower

28. (v15-111-8) Choose the best answer. ... triumphal victory over Turkey and the capital of Sultan Bayazid, Amir Temur received congratulations from the Spanish King.
A) After B) Though
C) Unless D) So that

29. (v15-116-22) Choose the best answer. James Bond was not allowed to act ... our instructions.
A) apart from to B) by retail
C) in accordance with D) in case of

30. (v15-119-9) Choose the correct answer. I won't tell you my secret unless you ... not to tell anyone.
A) will promise B) promise
C) won't promise D) don't promise

31. (v15-128-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Sobir went on taking banknotes out of the safe ... it was empty.
A) as soon as B) while
C) before D) until

32. (v17-102-19) Choose the correct answer. We will remember those happy moments ... we live.
A) as long as B) until
C) till D) as soon as

33. (v17-103-8) Choose the correct answer. You cannot enter the building ... you work here.
A) as long as B) provided
C) as soon as D) unless

34. (v17-104-11) Choose the correct answer. Audrey'll do well in the job ... she stays on the right side of her manager.
A) as long as B) as soon as
C) as well as D) as far as

35. (v17-105-20) Choose the correct answer. It will be fine ... you do it the way we instructed you.
A) as long as B) so as
C) as could D) as like

36. (v17-116-12) Choose the correct answer. ... she works hard, she will certainly succeed.
A) So far from B) as long as
C) since when D) because of

37. (v17-116-18) Choose the correct answer. You can take this seat ... no one has reserved it.
A) unless B) as long as
C) providing D) as soon as

38. (v17-129-11) Choose the correct answer. ... Justin comes soon, we will be late for the first performance.
A) If B) Whether
C) Unless D) Otherwise

39. (v19/20-103-18) Choose the correct answer. Do not do anything ... you hear from him first.
A) therefore B) unless
C) since D) so

40. (v19/20-106-5) Choose the correct answer. You will never make friends ... you go out and meet people.
A) in case B) unless
C) if D) when

41. (v19/20-130-11) Choose the correct answer. Unless you ..., you ... a say in the future of our country.
A) vote / had
B) don't vote / would have
C) don't vote / have
D) vote / won't have

78. As / Like and as / as if / as though

1. (03-2-33) Choose the best answer. He stretched himself on his bed ... a dog stretches himself.
A) while B) when C) since D) as E) like
2. (03-2-49) Choose the best answer. He walked quickly ... he was in a great hurry.
A) when B) for C) if
D) because E) since

3. (03-2-50) Choose the best answer. You answer ... you did not know this rule.
A) as B) as if
C) because D) so that E) though

4. (03-2-54) Choose the best answer. ... it was only nine, there were few people in the streets.
A) How B) What
C) While D) When E) Though

5. (03-2-55) Choose the best answer. I'll do it ... you told me.
A) as B) so C) if D) when E) why

6. (03-8-36) Choose the best answer. I hurried ... I wouldn't miss my train.
A) as if B) as though
C) at that D) so that E) that's why

7. (v5-130-24) Choose the best answer. You must do it ... I told you.
A) if B) why C) as D) when E) so

8. (v5-133-31) Choose the best answer. The examiner spoke very slowly and carefully as if he ... to a child.
A) has spoken B) speaks
C) was speaking D) were speaking
E) has spoken

9. (v7-179-12) Generally speaking, people should have ... education as they need.
A) more B) most
C) as many D) as much

10. (v9-121-26) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26-28 in the text. Every boy and girl who knew Abraham Lincoln loved him (26) ... a friend. All the children around his home in Springfield and around the White House in Washington (27) ... that "Mr. Lincoln" understood them and truly liked them. Men and women who knew him admired him and (28) ... him "honest Abe". People throughout the world said he was one of the greatest men of all time.
A) to B) for C) so D) as

11. (v9-121-27)
A) to feel B) feel
C) feeling D) felt

12. (v9-121-28)
A) told B) said
C) called D) talked

13. (v11-111-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When students learn to type, they practice the sentence "The quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog" ... it contains all the letters of the alphabet.
A) so B) though
C) because D) because of

14. (v13-109-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. They wanted to buy a new car ... they bought a bike.
A) as B) so
C) but D) though

15. (v13-119-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. A drugstore in the USA is a shop where one can get not only medicines ... drinks and snacks.
A) too B) along with
C) but also D) as well

16. (v13-119-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I had to stay in Paris an extra day ... heavy fog at the airport.

- A) so as B) because of
C) because D) as

17. (v13-120-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We left the cinema very early ... we had a headache and the film was boring.

- A) so that B) as C) that D) so as

18. (v13-131-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I had to stay in Paris an extra day ... heavy fog at the airport.

- A) so as B) because of
C) because D) as

19. (v14-106-8) ..., I can't go to the conference as I've got to go to Sydney on business.

- A) Similarly B) Unfortunately
C) Interestingly D) Frankly

20. (v14-111-11) ..., I can't go to the conference as I've got to go to Sydney on business.

- A) Unfortunately B) Interestingly
C) Frankly D) Similarly

21. (v14-112-18) ..., I think it's useful to write an outline of your essay before you start to write the first draft.

- A) Similarly B) Interestingly
C) Personally D) Definitely

22. (v14-115-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I was lucky to get ... the road without being knocked over, though there was so much traffic.

- A) below B) over
C) across D) through

23. (v15-105-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... the sender had written the wrong address on the envelope, it was difficult to deliver the letter.

- A) besides B) because
C) because of D) so as

24. (v15-108-13) Choose the best answer.

We wrapped the instruments in oilcloth ... they should be damaged by sea water.

- A) as though B) as long as
C) lest D) unless

25. (v15-127-16) Choose the best answer.

Angelique walks ... she studied modeling.

- A) as though B) even though
C) although D) far though

26. (v18-382) Choose the correct answer. ... it is getting late, I suggest we break off now.

- A) As B) As soon as
C) When D) As though

79. For / during and while

1. (02-3-59) Choose the best answer.

Life was hard in English villages in the nineteenth century. Most of the men worked on farms and had to be up ... sunrise because they often began work ... about 7 o'clock, milking, ploughing, or harvesting. They generally worked from 7 o'clock until 12 o'clock without stopping.

- A) since / from B) by / at C) by / from
D) until / by E) by / since

2. (03-2-31) Choose the best answer.

... they were talking, Joseph returned from the basin.

- A) While B) When C) Since
D) As E) Only

3. (03-5-25) Choose the best answer.

While we ... to the airport, the plane for the flight.

- A) came / is being prepared
B) are coming / had been prepared
C) were coming / is being prepared
D) were coming / was being prepared
E) should come / should have been prepared

4. (03-6-16) Choose the best answer.

Isaac Newton was often so deep in his own thoughts that he would forget to eat his dinner ... reminded to do so.

- A) unless B) if C) when D) as if
E) while

5. (v5-117-12) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

I'll come back ... half an hour.

- A) after B) while C) in D) before
E) at

6. (v5-122-11) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

The principal opened the door ... came into the classroom.

- A) when B) after C) or D) and
E) although

7. (v8-130-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Amerigo Vespucci explored the northern shore of South America ... 1499 and 1500. The American continent was named in his honour.

- A) between B) after
C) from D) for

8. (v10-124-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– How long has Victor been unemployed?
– He's been looking for a job ... three months.

- A) during B) for
C) since D) though

9. (v12z-102-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He continued taking banknotes out of the safe ... it was empty.

- A) while B) until
C) before D) as soon as

10. (v12c-156-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We planned to cross the river below the waterfall, ... it was not safe to do so.

- A) since B) so
C) however D) because

11. (v13-124-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was 10th anniversary of my uncle's death. My uncle died ... the war.

- A) during B) when C) while D) till

12. (v13-126-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We made a lot of friends ... we were in Beijing.

- A) while B) until
C) during D) as soon as

13. (v13-128-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I didn't answer the phone, because it rang ... I was having supper.

- A) while B) during
C) as soon as D) unless

14. (v14-101-2) In Britain, most shops close at 6 p. m. ... in other countries they are often open in the evening too.

- A) besides B) whereas
C) despite D) moreover

15. (v14-106-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A chameleon is a tree lizard that can change colours ... to conceal itself in the vegetation.

- A) so B) such
C) in order D) that

16. (v15-113-6) Choose the correct answer.

I've known her since we ... at school together.

- A) had been B) were
C) are D) was

17. (v15-115-15) Choose the correct answer.

He's been here ... 10 o'clock.

- A) for B) until C) at D) since

18. (v15-116-6) Choose the best answer.

I was living in San Francisco ... the big earthquake.

- A) while B) as long as
C) for D) during

19. (v18-383) ... the holidays, we played frisbee and did a lot of swimming.

- A) from B) in C) at D) during

20. (v19/20-120-9) Choose the correct answer.

Monica told us that Jeremy had gone away ... Sunday.

- A) unless B) during
C) until D) while

21. (v19/20-123-11) Choose the correct answer.

It happened ... they were asleep.

- A) while B) during
C) despite D) in spite of

80. By / until

1. (02-2-15) Choose the best answer.

Wait here until I ... you.

- A) called B) will call
C) am calling D) call
E) have called

2. (03-12-8) Choose the best answer.

Fred has gone away. He will be away ... Monday.

- A) until B) by C) since D) during
E) for

3. (v5-152-35) Choose the best answer.

– I say Mr. Smith, is it possible to send our specialists to your country ... they could get some training at your plants?

- A) unless B) now that C) though
D) so that E) until

4. (v12z-104-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There was a large spider in the bathroom so she wouldn't go in ... her father got rid of it.

- A) until B) after C) if D) while

5. (v13-128-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We made a lot of friends ... we were in Beijing.
A) as soon as B) during
C) while D) until

6. (v13-135-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You should give the iron time to heat up ... you iron your clothes.
A) before B) until
C) in order D) after

7. (v15-117-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I washed my hands ... the smell of the garlic had gone.
A) before B) after C) when D) until

8. (v17-101-2) Choose the correct answer.
I will have this project finished ...
A) by Monday B) until Monday
C) Monday before D) Monday beginning

9. (v17-109-16) Choose the correct answer.
Please wait for James until he ... back.
A) coming B) will come
C) came D) comes

10. (v17-116-17) Choose the correct answer.
We will not come to town until the rain ... over.
A) will be B) would be
C) would have been D) is

11. (v18-384) Dick will remain here ... ten thirty.
A) by B) for C) until D) since

12. (v18-385) He was here ... late in the evening.
A) for B) since C) until D) from

13. (v18-386) I was asleep ... the phone woke me up.
A) after B) then C) during D) until

14. (v18-387) We'd better get home ... it gets dark.
A) before B) until C) when D) from

15. (v18-388) We waited ... 8 o'clock and then went home.
A) before B) until
C) during D) at

16. (v19/20-104-1) Choose the correct answer.
Stay in your flat ... somebody sends for you.
A) until B) since
C) as long D) as far as

17. (v19/20-121-1) Choose the correct answer.
I won't be able to borrow any more money ... I pay off some of my previous debts.
A) until B) but
C) despite D) although

81. At / on / in / on time and in time / at the end and in the end (time)

1. (96-6-56) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
... time ... time they would stop and one ... them would, it seemed, explain something.
A) From / till / of B) From / of / till
C) From / to / of D) On / to / -
E) In / till / among

2. (96-8-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
We have worked ... the plan ... the new district ... six months.
A) over / off / about B) at / of / for
C) of / in / in D) about / of / to
E) of / at / for

3. (97-12-3) Choose the appropriate preposition.
My father died three years ago ... a sudden heart attack.
A) from B) on C) at D) by E) in

4. (98-1-3) Choose the appropriate preposition.
Last year my son was shorter than I and now he is taller. He's growing up ... my eyes.
A) in B) at C) behind
D) before E) for

5. (98-6-12) Choose the appropriate preposition.
One must return a library book ... time.
A) in B) at C) to D) for E) from

6. (98-6-19) Choose the appropriate preposition.
The travellers set out ... sunrise.
A) at B) on C) in D) by E) to

7. (98-8-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
It's time ... you to fill the pot ... cold water and put it ... the fire.
A) to / of / - B) for / with / in
C) - / in / on D) for / - / on
E) for / with / on

8. (98-9-55) Choose the appropriate preposition.
They persuaded him to go though he didn't want to ... first.
A) for B) of C) at D) to E) with

9. (99-4-5) Choose the appropriate words.
... my stay .. Samarkand I visited a lot of museums.
A) during / by B) during / to
C) during / in D) from / in
E) at / by

10. (00-4-26) Choose the appropriate word.
You'll never guess who I ran ... the other day. It was Karim! I hadn't seen him for ages.
A) along B) through C) into
D) over E) across

11. (00-7-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
It has been well-known ... three centuries, ... 1584 ... fact.
A) for / since / in B) about / from / at
C) within / from / by D) within / from / to
E) of / with / at

12. (01-2-5) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
Gulnara, why aren't you listening to Davlet? Stand up and go ... reading! Repeat the word "know" ... me.
A) on / before B) on / alter
C) in / after D) upon / with
E) to / after

13. (01-9-50) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
There was a big flood near our house in spring. The water came upland a lot of the houses ... the low land were soon ... the water.

A) in / near B) in / in
C) by / out of D) on / under
E) in / in

14. (02-3-79) Choose the best answer.
He always leaves ... work at 5:30 and goes ... home.
A) - / - B) - / to C) from / to
D) from / - E) at / to

15. (02-7-4) Choose the best answer.
Trains and buses in this country never leave ... time.
A) for B) at C) on D) after E) by

16. (03-9-31) Choose the best answer.
If I don't get well ... Friday, our appointment will have to be put ...
A) at / on B) in / out C) on / of
D) by / off E) before / on

17. (03-9-36) Choose the best answer.
We often go out ... weekends.
A) on B) for C) at D) by E) during

18. (03-9-63) Choose the best answer.
They got married ... 12 March.
A) on B) in C) at D) by E) from

19. (04-1-2) Choose the right answer.
Abror's mother is pleased ... her son's progress. He is good ... history.
A) with / for B) at / with C) with / at
D) to / at E) with / with

20. (04-1-21) Choose the right answer.
The Heads of both countries signed an agreement ... mutual assistance. Both sides were satisfied ... the results.
A) on / with B) of / with C) with / in
D) with / on E) of / in

21. (04-1-23) Choose the right answer.
There is always rise ... prices and people are cross ... it.
A) in / about B) in / with C) with / in
D) in / at E) at / in

22. (v4-121-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.
Where do you usually have meals ... the day?
A) before B) above
C) during D) without E) after

23. (v5-116-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
They are going to leave ... Rome ... the 12th ... September.
A) for / on / of B) on / in / at
C) to / of / in D) to / in / of
E) for / in / of

24. (v5-132-1) Choose the right form of the preposition.
He will meet his friend ... the station if he comes ... time.
A) by / in B) to / by C) in / by
D) before / for E) at / in

25. (v5-143-1) Choose the best answer.
The American delegation arrived in Uzbekistan ... the first of May and left for Washington ... a week.
A) in / after B) at / in
C) in / in D) on / in
E) on / from

26. (v5-150-1) Choose the best answer.
I work well ... the morning. I don't like working ... night.
A) before / after B) in / at
C) on / in D) at / in
E) at / at

27. (v5-153-1) Choose the best answer.
He always leaves home ... work at 5.30 a.m. and returns ... 5.30 p.m.
A) for / at B) - / by C) for / in
D) for / - E) - / at

28. (v5-154-35) Choose the appropriate preposition.

They were walking in deep silence as they were very tired. ... they reached the station.
A) To the end B) Off the end
C) At the end D) In the end
E) By the end

29. (v6-137-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
My sister has been studying English ... years.
A) for B) in C) to D) on

30. (v6-146-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I work well ... the morning. I don't like working ... night.
A) in / on B) on / at C) at / on D) in / at

31. (v6-151-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If any feelings weaken with time they have never been strong ...
A) at least B) at all
C) at most D) at last

32. (v6-152-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The space ... the two houses was occupied by a parking lot:
A) among B) between
C) in D) on

33. (v6-153-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Nobody was waiting ... him at 2 o'clock yesterday.
A) on B) at C) for D) in

34. (v6-154-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The first Olympic Games ... our time were held in the land where they had been born ... Greece.
A) in / at B) of / in C) of / on D) on / in

35. (v8-115-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
A growing number of northern Europeans have a second home ... Greece.
A) on B) to C) at D) in

36. (v8-119-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm going to the States for a holiday and I'll stay there ... the end of September.
A) for B) until C) by D) in

37. (v8-129-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Philip went to Jordan hoping to find a teaching post, for he had been out of job ... a long time.
A) in B) during
C) since D) for

38. (v9-104-21) Choose the right answer.
I'm very busy this week. I have to finish this report ... Thursday.
A) from B) by C) at D) in

39. (v9-113-10) Choose the right answer.
A group of scientists worked on the problem for a long time. Their years of research have culminated ... a vaccine to prevent the disease.
A) with B) into C) in D) by

40. (v9-130-2) Choose the right answer.
- Oh, what a beautiful thing!
- Yes, this bracelet belongs ... my mother. It has been handed down in our family for two hundred years.
A) up B) with C) to D) on

41. (v12z-101-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She washed her hands ... the smell of the garlic had gone.
A) after B) until C) before D) when

42. (v12z-103-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I like to listen to birds' singing ... dawn. So I often get up very early and go to the park near our house.
A) on B) at C) for D) in

43. (v12z-104-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She washed her hands ... the smell of the garlic had gone.
A) until B) before C) after D) when

44. (v12c-131-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Wait here, and I'll be back ... a few minutes.
A) in B) at C) for D) on

45. (v12c-135-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I nearly dropped the eggs, but managed to catch them ... time.
A) with B) for C) on D) in

46. (v12c-149-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I usually leave my car in the garage ... the winter months and use public transport instead.
A) out B) to C) during D) after

47. (v12c-154-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She washed her hands ... the smell of the garlic had gone.
A) after B) until C) before D) when

48. (v12c-158-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I like to listen to birds' singing ... dawn. So I often get up very early and go to the park near our house.
A) in B) on C) at D) for

49. (v13-125-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I've proved that he was guilty but he ... doesn't admit it.
A) yet B) ever C) still D) never

50. (v13-131-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We woke up just ... time to see the sunrise this morning.
A) in B) to C) on D) for

51. (v13-131-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
She is very punctual, her lectures always begin ... time.
A) by B) in C) at D) on

52. (v13-139-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I know the streets of Paris very well. I lived in Paris ... several years.
A) for B) while C) from D) during

53. (v15-107-3) Choose the correct answer.

You told the teacher I had cheated! I'll get you ... for that! Just wait!

A) back B) through
C) down D) away

54. (v17-130-14) Choose the appropriate preposition.
- When did Elvis Presley die? - ... 16th August, 1977

A) - B) in C) at D) on

55. (v17-130-24) Choose the correct answer.

The woman told us that the next train would come...

A) at two thirty B) at two thirty o'clock
C) in two thirty D) in two thirty o'clock

56. (v18-389) It was (1) ... Saint Isaac day, according (2) ... the orthodox calendar, that Peter I was born.

A) 1 - on, 2 - to
B) 1 - Of, 2 - Of
C) 1 - On, 2 - In
D) 1 - From, 2 - In

57. (v18-390) Can't wait to see you again ... a few weeks.

A) through B) - C) in D) during

58. (v18-391) Choose the correct answer.
Let's meet ... six ... Tuesday, September 14.

A) on / in B) for / of
C) at / in D) at / on

59. (v19/20-105-9) Choose the correct answer

Students sat ... their desks and listened ... the lecturer with great interest

A) on / to B) on / -
C) at / to D) beside / -

60. (v19/20-111-1) Choose the correct answer.

They will be in the office ... four o'clock.
A) in B) at C) on D) up

61. (v19/20-113-6) Choose the correct answer.

She nearly forgot about their meeting, but fortunately she remembered it ... time.

A) by B) with C) in D) for

62. (v19/20-117-15) Choose the correct answer.

We had our party ... 7:00 PM ... 10:00 PM.

A) for / at B) since / before
C) between / until D) from / until

63. (v19/20-118-8) Choose the correct answer.

The woman was ... the ages of 25 and 30.
A) by B) at C) among D) between

64. (v19/20-119-5) Choose the correct answer.

She promised to pay the money back ... a year.

A) by B) within C) for D) among

65. (v19/20-124-1) Choose the correct answer.

- When will you have your holiday; ... winter or ... summer?

- I'll have it late ... August.

A) in / - / on B) in / in / in
C) for / for / by D) on / in / in

66. (v19/20-128-6) Choose the correct answer.

Leonardo da Vinci lived and worked ... the Middle Ages.

A) in B) on C) for D) at

82. In / at / on / by (position)**1. (96-6-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**

A lot of people passed ... a small picture painted ... the young artist without stopping to look ... it.

- A) to / on / at B) - / by / at
C) on / by / to D) through / in / after
E) till / on / -

2. (96-6-55) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Pete was tired, he lay down ... the sofa ... his fur coat and fell asleep.

- A) in / to B) on / under
C) at / by D) near / by E) near / at

3. (96-13-170) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Go ... the kitchen and get a bottle ... milk ... the refrigerator.

- A) at / of / from B) to / of / out of
C) in / - / from D) to / of / of
E) into / of / in

4. (97-2-61) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

A farmer went ... Chicago to see the sights ... the city.

- A) in / to B) to / in C) to / of
D) - / - E) - / of

5. (97-7-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

What is there ... the ground floor ... your school?

- A) in / in B) on / at C) on / of
D) in / at E) near / in

6. (97-8-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

We arrived ... London ... 6 p.m. ... a foggy November day.

- A) in / at / on B) to / at / in
C) at / in / in D) on / of / -
E) - / in / on

7. (97-11-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Khiva lies thirty-two kilometres ... Urgench.

- A) at B) far C) by D) from E) in

8. (97-11-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Britain was one ... the founder members ... the UN.

- A) - / of B) of / - C) of / in D) of / of
E) - / -

9. (98-3-51) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Children get presents ... Christmas and their birthdays.

- A) in / at B) at / in C) at / on D) in / of
E) after / before.

10. (98-5-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Photographs lined the edges ... the mirror hanging just ... the desk.

- A) in / behind B) at / over
C) from / at D) in / by E) of / above

11. (98-5-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Born ... Samarkand she was brought ... Tashkent ... the age of three.

- A) in / over / for B) at / into / from
C) in / to / at D) near / by / at
E) under / through / for

12. (98-6-11) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Alisher Navoi lived ... the age of sixty.

- A) in B) to C) by D) of E) from

13. (98-8-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Charles lived ... the suburb ... the capital ... England.

- A) in / in / in B) on / of / in
C) on / in / of D) in / of / of
E) in / in / of

14. (98-11-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Christmas is the celebration ... the birth ... Christ.

- A) in / of B) of / of C) of / -
D) hi / - E) - / of

15. (99-3-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I can see all the details: the lazy cat spread out ... the fireplace, my aunt ... one chimney corner.

- A) with / without B) in front of / in
C) in / on D) within / beyond
E) above / over

16. (99-6-9) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I can't say it to you ... confidence without his consent ... it.

- A) with / on B) in / to
C) on / to D) in / with E) in / on

17. (00-5-6) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

- I'd like to see the new film. They say it's very interesting.

- Let's go and see it. It's ... Chaika now.

- A) at / in B) on / in
C) in / at D) on / on
E) at / at

18. (00-6-16) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Cattle are important animals ... the world, and people use them ... a variety ... cases.

- A) of / with / of B) in / for / in
C) of / in / of D) about / from / of
E) around / in / with

19. (01-1-52) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Fixing the glasses ... her nose she looked ... the green island ... a ruthless stare.

- A) in / on / by B) at / at / for
C) on / at / with D) by / about / with
E) on / from / in

20. (01-1-77) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The house stood ... the river.

- A) along B) through C) by
D) in E) among

21. (01-3-6) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Formed ... 1959, the Beatles were composed ... 4 musicians born in Liverpool, England.

- A) in / of B) on / of C) in / from
D) in / with E) in / on

22. (01-8-6) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Ann lost weight ... hiking.

- A) with B) by C) from D) of E) on

23. (01-11-25) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The plane flew low ... the field.

- A) over B) across
C) along D) beside
E) behind

24. (01-11-26) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

We pushed the boat ... the water and left it ... the sand.

- A) into / of B) of / on
C) into / on D) out of / on
E) on / into

25. (01-12-15) Choose the appropriate preposition.

"Look! The house is ... fire."

- A) in B) on C) with D) at E) by

26. (02-6-24) Choose the best answer.

It's ... the top shelf ... the kitchen cupboard.

- A) on / at B) in / in
C) on / in D) at / at E) in / on

27. (02-7-55) Choose the best answer.

- Hi, I'm glad I ran ... you.

- Why? What's up?

- Would you like to go ... a hike this weekend?

- A) at / for B) for / on
C) into / on D) into / to E) on / in

28. (02-7-57) Choose the best answer.

The plane wasn't delayed. It took off ... time.

- A) for B) on C) at D) by E) after

29. (02-10-2) Choose the best answer.

She was a Phantom ... delight, when first she gleamed ... my sight.

- A) from / at B) behind / of
C) near / with D) of / upon E) on / on

30. (03-9-47) Choose the best answer.

You don't have to go ... the party ... us, if you don't want to.

- A) to / with B) at / without
C) to / in D) for / with E) to / at

31. (03-9-59) Choose the best answer.

The bus stops ... the end of the street.

- A) at B) in C) for D) by E) to

32. (03-9-60) Choose the best answer.

Take the tools ... the table.

- A) on B) towards
C) off D) of E) away

33. (03-9-65) Choose the best answer.

Tom is sitting ... the armchair.

- A) on B) at C) in D) under E) over

34. (04-1-17) Choose the right answer.

Anvar is surprised ... you. It is unusual ... you to go to the theatre.

- A) at / for B) for / at C) with / to
D) in / to E) at / to

35. (v4-111-16) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I arrived ... Tashkent ... train.

- A) to / on B) in / by C) to / by
D) into / by E) at / in

36. (v4-115-16) Choose the right answer.

Olim's mother is pleased ... her son's progress. He is good ... math.

- A) with / at B) with / with
C) with / for D) to / at
E) at / with

37. (v4-121-31) Choose the appropriate preposition.

"Why do people make reservations ... flights ... advance?"

- A) - / in B) for / by
C) for / in D) in / for
E) for / on

38. (v4-129-16) Choose the right answer. Nodira's mother was displeased ... her son, as he was cruel ... his sister.
A) with / to B) to / with
C) with / with D) at / with
E) with / for

39. (v5-129-12) Choose the best answer. When are you planning to leave ... Australia?
A) in B) with
C) for D) through
E) to

40. (v5-138-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions. The first Olympic Games ... our time were held in the land where they had been born ... Greece.
A) of / on B) on / in
C) in / at D) of / in
E) at / on

41. (v6-102-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He will meet his friend ... the station if he comes ... time.
A) in / by B) at / in
C) by / in D) at / by

42. (v6-133-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. He loves to look at the stars ... the sky ... his head
A) at / above B) in / over
C) in / above D) on / over

43. (v6-138-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The child saw her face ... the pool ... water.
A) at / on B) to / on C) on / of D) in / of

44. (v6-156-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Sam was sitting ... two women.
A) among B) in the middle
C) between D) at

45. (v6-157-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. They traveled ... the bank of the Sir-Darya river.
A) at B) in C) after D) along

46. (v7-129-6) Darjo moved to the other end of the porch and sat. ... a step wiping the barrel of his rifle ... a rag he had pulled from his pocket.
A) at / without B) by / in
C) on / with D) down / by

47. (v8-126-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We opened the gate and there was a big herd of cows ... front of us.
A) on B) in C) at D) by

48. (v8-128-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. A number of prehistoric paintings still survived ... the walls of caves in Spain and southern France.
A) of B) at C) in D) on

49. (v9-105-10) Choose the right answer. Ladies and gentlemen, as we have very little time, let's concentrate ... our business.
A) to B) in C) at D) on

50. (v9-110-11) Choose the right answer. Let us visit Stratford ... 23 April, that's the day when Shakespeare was born.
A) at B) in C) under D) on

51. (v9-125-12) Choose the right answer. People who wish to impress others often do so ... the selection of their clothes – sometimes choosing more expensive versions.
A) of B) by C) from D) at

52. (v10-110-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The dollar is the monetary unit ... the United States. Canada and many other countries.
A) of B) by C) on D) at

53. (v11-150-17) Choose the best answer. She was reluctant to help us at first, but ... the end she agreed to do what she could.
A) in B) on C) at D) for

54. (v12-114-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. There was so much traffic, I was lucky to get ... the road without being knocked over.
A) through B) across
C) below D) over

55. (v12-115-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. A dolphin differs ... a porpoise in that it has a longer nose.
A) at B) by C) upon D) from

56. (v12-122-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Last night's storm damaged the power lines, consequently, the town was ... electricity for several hours.
A) among B) without
C) against D) with

57. (v12-109-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She doesn't like walking ... the town centre at night because it is full of crowds of teenagers who are looking for trouble.
A) among B) through
C) between D) above

58. (v12-116-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. – Monica, dear, what are we having ... dinner tonight?
– I'm afraid, there will be no dinner at all.
A) for B) from C) on D) of

59. (v12-129-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The river is the main transportation route in the region, with many ancient cities ... its banks.
A) across B) to C) along D) over

60. (v12-150-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Dolphins are our oldest friends. You can see dolphins swimming ... warm seas all over the world.
A) with B) in C) on D) from

61. (v12-155-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The noise was so loud, that I put my hands ... my ears.
A) over B) into C) for D) above

62. (v12-157-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The weather turned unexpectedly stormy last night. Strong wind was bending the young trees ... to the ground.
A) over B) up C) down D) under

63. (v13-114-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There were no vacant chairs to sit on, so we sat in the armchair ... the corner.
A) in B) by C) at D) to

64. (v13-115-30)
A) to follow B) follow
C) is following D) followed

65. (v13-115-31)
A) wear B) sell
C) wash D) play

66. (v13-117-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She likes to spend a month ... the seaside every summer.
A) in B) at C) on D) by

67. (v13-119-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She could see her friends ... the restaurant window as she passed it.
A) to B) through C) on D) for

68. (v13-130-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It has been decided to build a ring road ... the village.
A) around B) by C) at D) through

69. (v13-132-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Our new office building will be located downtown ... the corner of Euclid Avenue and East Ninth Street.
A) to B) of C) on D) in

70. (v14-113-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It is recommended not to be ... the building during the earthquake.
A) in B) on C) for D) into

71. (v15-106-12) Choose the best answer. My friend is ... the way ... Moscow.
A) in / in B) on / in
C) on / to D) on / at

72. (v15-110-5) Choose the correct answer. Our family goes ... big celebrations at Christmas.
A) down B) forward
C) towards D) in for

73. (v15-116-13) Choose the correct answer. I don't think people should be allowed to perform experiments ... animals.
A) over B) for C) on D) to

74. (v15-133-2) Choose the best answer. Animals do not possess the power ... speech.
A) over B) of C) at D) in

75. (v17-101-7) Choose the correct answer. «Could you please tell me where the police station is?» «It is ... the hospital.»
A) opposed to B) opposite to
C) opposite of D) opposite with

76. (v17-102-12) Choose the right answer. There are three books ... the windowsill. Take them ... you.
A) on / with B) on / on
C) on / by D) on / through

77. (v17-102-14) Choose the correct answer. They travelled eighty hours ... three hours.
A) for B) since C) at D) in

78. (v18-392) Waiter, there's a fly ... my soup.

- A) in B) on C) at D) into

79. (v19/20-107-15) Choose the correct answer.

Maira, lives ... Toronto.

- A) up B) on C) at D) in

80. (v19/20-110-9) Choose the correct answer.

The cargo ship is bound ... Canada.

- A) for B) in C) at D) to

81. (v19/20-119-13) Choose the correct answer.

Fred's dog is ... the doghouse.

- A) for B) among C) in D) between

83. To / at / in / into (direction)

1. (98-9-54) Choose the appropriate preposition.

We tried to convince him to go ... once.

- A) in B) at C) for D) to E) of

2. (99-2-4) Choose the appropriate preposition.

She lives ... 73 Hazel Avenue.

- A) on B) in C) at D) by E) for

3. (01-1-54) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Before going ... vacation, Joe had quite a few different tasks to take care ...

- A) to / for B) on / of
C) in / about D) with / of
E) on / at

4. (02-4-34) Choose the best answer.

I may not be an expert ... art, but I understand something ... painting.

- A) in / in B) on / in
C) at / about D) on / with
E) with / in

5. (02-8-2) Choose the best answer.

... the eve of May Day flags are put up buildings.

- A) On / of B) In / in
C) On / - D) On / on
E) On / of

6. (02-8-5) Choose the best answer.

A large stand was devoted ... space achievements ... the USA.

- A) to / of B) of / to
C) to / on D) on / in E) in / to

7. (02-10-3) Choose the best answer.

Children like to listen ... stories ... their elders when they were children.

- A) though / at B) to / about
C) for / with D) to / from
E) in / inside

8. (02-10-8) Choose the best answer.

Come ... an hour, I shall have finished reading the book ... that time.

- A) at / at B) in / by
C) for / for D) on / in
E) for / with

9. (02-10-10) Choose the best answer.

... the sound of the door bell everybody turned their heads ... the door.

- A) On / towards B) To / around
C) At / towards D) In / out of
E) For / from

10. (03-9-39) Choose the best answer.

... winter you can see hanging ... the roofs of the houses.

- A) At / of B) During / about
C) In / down D) After / from
E) In / from

11. (03-10-4) Choose the best answer.

- I don't remember where I've left the key ... my door.

- You should have left it ... the porter:

- A) in / at B) on / with
C) to / with D) on / at E) from / at

12. (04-1-8) Choose the right answer.

She seemed to be friendly ... you. It is silly ... you to be impolite.

- A) to / to B) to / for
C) to / of D) of / to E) of / of

13. (v4-119-36) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

A: Have you heard ... Helen recently?

B: Yes, I received 3 letters from her last week.

- A) from B) on C) off D) for E) -

14. (v5-105-12) Choose the best answer.

Basil was sitting next ... Mary ... the party.

- A) on / at B) at / on
C) with / in D) to / at E) at / in

15. (v5-133-12) Choose the best answer.

Arriving ... Tashkent, Peter got ... the plane quickly and went ... the airport building.

- A) to / out of / at B) from / at / to
C) at / from / onto D) off / down / in
E) in / off / into

16. (v6-149-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He taught Uzbek literature ... a small college ... Kokand.

- A) at / at B) of / in
C) in / in D) at / on

17. (v6-158-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

- Have you been ... the Tretyakov Gallery?

- Yes, I was there ... last year.

- A) to / - B) at / - C) at / in D) in / to

18. (v7-189-8) There were a lot of people

... the platform. They were all trying to get ... the train which was already full.

- A) by / under B) at / off
C) on / into D) in / onto

19. (v8-128-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The thieves broke the window and climbed ... it into the house.

- A) along B) through
C) across D) over

20. (v9-111-1) Choose the right answer.

She shouted to me that I was wanted ... the phone.

- A) on B) by C) for D) in

21. (v10-127-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It is reported that three people were taken ... hospital after the accident.

- A) to B) for C) - D) in

22. (v12z-101-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Volga, the longest river in Europe, rises in the Valdai plateau and flows ... the Caspian Sea.

- A) onto B) into C) on D) in

23. (v15-115-4) Choose the best answer.

Then, the prince walked ... and ... until he reached an extraordinary forest.

- A) along / down B) on / on
C) from / towards D) on / at

24. (v17-106-2) Choose the right answer.

They are not advancing ... this project, unfortunately. We are going to stop it.

- A) from B) at C) in D) on

25. (v17-107-16) Choose the right answer.

They are not advancing ... this project, unfortunately. We are going to stop it.

- A) from B) at C) in D) on

26. (v17-108-3) Choose the right answer.

There is no any possible solution ... this problem.

- A) for B) to C) on D) of

27. (v19/20-101-13) Choose the correct answer.

Welcome ... Turkey! Your flight ... this wonderful country lasted for five hours.

- A) from / by B) to / to
C) in / from D) to / on

28. (v19/20-109-17) Choose the correct answer.

The president arrived ... the airport ... ten minutes' time before the flight. He quickly got on the plane and some minutes later the plane took ...

- A) to / in / to B) at / by / off
C) in / after / off D) at / in / off

29. (v19/20-121-12) Choose the appropriate preposition

We couldn't find the key ... that door

- A) to B) of C) on D) at

30. (v19/20-128-4) Choose the right answer

The reaction ... boss ... new business plan was unexpectedly positive

- A) from / to B) of / to
C) from / about D) of / of

84. In / on / at (other uses)

1. (96-1-53) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... summer holidays many boys and girls like to go ... the country ... their teachers.

- A) At / by / to B) Into / at / with
C) - / to / to D) During / to / with
E) During / to / by

2. (96-13-3) Choose the appropriate preposition.

You are wanted ... the phone.

- A) on B) by C) to D) with E) in

3. (96-15-109) Choose the appropriate preposition.

You must work hard ... your English.

- A) on B) at C) for D) from
E) by

4. (97-1-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... general everything was all right. They thought they were walking ... the direction ... the village when they lost the way.

- A) For / - / to B) In / to / of
C) In / in / of D) By / to / to
E) In / in / to

5. (97-1-59) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Two women saw a girl and began laughing ... her. One of them said: "She still believes her husband ... spite ... everything".

- A) to / in / - B) at / at / with
C) with / for / of D) at / in / of
E) to / in / -

6. (97-2-60) Choose the appropriate preposition.

They will be fighting ... political reforms.
A) in B) on C) at D) by E) for

7. (97-3-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

There is something very attractive ... him.
A) in B) about C) with D) by E) at

8. (97-3-2) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Great Britain consists ... three parts.
A) of B) with C) from D) in E) by

9. (97-6-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

At night when there are no clouds ... the sky you can see many stars.
A) on B) in C) at D) to E) above

10. (97-10-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

When we draw we make pictures ... a pen, a pencil or chalk.
A) by B) with C) of D) at E) in

11. (98-1-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

This land is rich ... minerals.
A) with B) of C) for D) by E) in

12. (98-1-2) Choose the appropriate preposition.

George owns an old camera and always Practices ... it.
A) for B) by C) with D) through E) at

13. (98-2-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

– What platform does the train ... New York leave ... ?

– Platform 8 and you'd better hurry. It's be leaving ... a minute.

A) to / from / in B) to / - / on
C) for / on / in D) on / in / -
E) - / for / at

14. (98-4-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

... next year her letters kept coming.
A) for B) by C) over D) -
E) about

15. (98-4-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... each letter she reported ... "her boys".
A) About / for B) From / along
C) With / - D) Within / by
E) In / on

16. (98-6-36) Choose the appropriate word.

Macbeth is ... tonight.
A) on B) in C) at D) from E) for

17. (98-9-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... coming ... the airport we had our luggage registered.
A) In / on B) To / after
C) On / to D) From / to
E) To / to

18. (98-9-60) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... the war dogs were active helpers ... the soldiers.
A) At / for B) In / with
C) Before / on D) On / of
E) During / of

19. (99-4-4) Choose the appropriate words.

I have read some articles ... this subject ... the books you gave me.

A) about / for B) except / during
C) beyond / between D) down / by
E) on / besides

20. (99-4-7) Choose the appropriate words.

He is waiting ... us ...
A) to / round B) over / above
C) out of / from D) for / outside
E) until / since

21. (99-5-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

– The line is engaged I can't get through to him.
– Try to call him ... this number.
A) by B) on C) in D) to E) –

22. (99-6-6) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... my opinion Nodir has an advantage ... his friends.
A) to / above B) in / over
C) of / over D) in / above
E) in / on

23. (00-4-4) Choose the appropriate preposition.

This song is extremely popular ... our classmates.
A) among B) with
C) for D) in E) at

24. (00-4-5) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Azim has fallen ill and now he is ... hospital.
A) in B) for C) on D) from E) at

25. (00-5-5) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

– I've heard you are leaving ... New York.
– Yes, a friend ... mine invited me there and I'm leaving ... the 11th ... February.
A) - / of / - / of B) from / - / on / of
C) for / of / on / of D) - / of / on / of
E) for / of / on / -

26. (00-6-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Football has been played ... one form or another ... hundred ... years.
A) for / at / from B) in / for / at
C) in / for / of D) of / to / in
E) by / during / of

27. (00-8-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

It was said that Piccadilly was named ... Robert Baker, who lived near where Piccadilly is now, ... the end of the sixteenth century. Here he manufactured shirt frills of "pikadills" which earned his house the nickname of "Piccadilly Hall", and ... time "Piccadilly" we use to describe the surrounding area.
A) with / at / during B) after / for / by
C) after / towards / in D) by / in / after
E) by / by / on

28. (00-9-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Uzbek women are always ... the side ... people fighting ... peace and ... a better life.
A) to / of / to / to B) on / of / for / for
C) to / to / to / with D) in / of / to / -
E) on / - / for / to

29. (00-10-10) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Andrew returned the shoes and took a pair ... boots ...
A) of / for B) for / -
C) to / after D) of / instead
E) about / of

30. (01-3-9) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... the end of the 3rd century, the Roman army began to withdraw ... Britain to defend other parts of the Roman Empire.
A) in / on B) in / from
C) on / from D) at / into
E) at / from

31. (01-6-6) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I'm sure Mike and Ann will get married soon, he fell ... love ... her ... first sight.
A) down / to / in B) with / to / at
C) in / for / on D) at / with / with
E) in / with / at

32. (01-12-18) Choose the appropriate preposition.

The thieves have been arrested and charged ... robbery.

A) in B) for C) with D) on E) from

33. (01-12-19) Choose the appropriate preposition.

He is an expert ... English modern literature.
A) on B) at C) in D) for E) with

34. (02-3-62) Choose the best answer.

Their friendship ended ... the quarrel they had last month.
A) with B) under C) at D) by E) on

35. (02-3-68) Choose the best answer.

... the absence of better tools, we used the broken ones.
A) In B) Over C) By D) At E) For

36. (02-3-71) Choose the best answer.

This boy is unable to distinguish a verb ... a noun.
A) by B) with C) against
D) from E) to

37. (02-3-77) Choose the best answer.

We mistook him ... the gardener.
A) on B) with C) of D) for E) as

38. (02-5-4) Choose the best answer.

Don't blame me ... the accident. I wasn't there ... that moment.
A) on / at B) for / in C) in / at
D) for / at E) on / in

39. (02-6-23) Choose the best answer.

I must have dropped it ... the floor when I was ... the dentist's.
A) on / in B) on / at C) to / on
D) in / on E) at / in

40. (02-10-4) Choose the best answer.

He studied law ... Cambridge and ... 1825 he took his Master degree.
A) on / in B) at / on
C) by / about D) in / at
E) at / in

41. (02-10-11) Choose the best answer.

... a hot day it is pleasant to sink ... the river.
A) At / from B) In / out of
C) For / within D) On / into
E) On / inside

42. (02-10-12) Choose the best answer.

... train compartments windows are ... the door.

- A) At / beside B) At / behind
C) Inside / at D) In / opposite
E) In front of / at the back of

43. (02-11-19) Choose the best answer.

The bones in the body not only give the body shape ... protect the heart, lungs, brain.

- A) but also B) and C) but
D) as well as E) also

44. (03-9-34) Choose the best answer.

He is sitting ... the table and speaking ... the phone.

- A) at / on B) near / at C) on / by
D) by / - E) beside / with

45. (03-9-37) Choose the best answer.

Soccer is one ... the most popular sports ... the world.

- A) of / in B) by / through C) for / around
D) of / of E) in / at

46. (03-9-66) Choose the best answer.

After many years he arrived back ... England.

- A) to B) at C) for D) in E) of

47. (03-9-68) Choose the best answer.

He got ... the car and drove off.

- A) into B) in C) on D) to E) out of

48. (v4-106-16) Choose the right answer.

He was shocked ... news. He was upset ... it.

- A) at / with B) at / on C) at / about
D) with / at E) about / at

49. (v4-112-31) Choose the appropriate preposition.

- I can't agree ... your price. It is too high.
A) to B) by C) at D) of E) in

50. (v4-120-36) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

... receiving a telegram ... his mother he went . Tashkent ... once.

- A) of / from / to / at B) at / from / in / at
C) at / to / to / - D) on / from / to / at
E) on / from / in / at

51. (v4-126-1) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Everybody has come to the lesson ... Sobir. He is ill.

- A) after B) before C) except
D) between E) during

52. (v5-118-12) Choose the best answer.

They had made ... their minds to go to the country ... the week-end.

- A) on / in B) to / on C) up / for
D) by / at E) in / to

53. (v5-122-12) There are five answers.

Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

They traveled ... the bank of the Sir-Darya.

- A) under B) above C) in
D) along E) at

54. (v5-125-12) Choose the best answer.

Some people marry ... love and some ... money.

- A) with / for B) for / to C) for / for
D) to / to E) to / for

55. (v5-131-12) Choose the best answer.

I asked him if he would stay ... supper.

- A) for B) before C) o
D) after E) to

56. (v5-134-1) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

... my opinion this flat is too small ... your family though I am fond ... it.

- A) To / to / on B) In / - / by
C) On / with / of D) In / for / of
E) At / to / to

57. (v5-144-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

According ... the tradition, the Olympic parade started ... the Greek delegation.

- A) up / to B) on / for C) with / on
D) to / with E) for / of

58. (v5-147-1) Choose the best answer.

He loves to stare at the stars ... the sky ... his head.

- A) in / above B) on / over C) at / above
D) in / over E) at / in

59. (v5-158-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Mike liked all his studies ... the exception of Latin.

- A) to B) under C) of D) with E) for

60. (v5-159-1) Choose the best answer.

The first person who stepped the Moon on July 20, 1969 was Neil Armstrong.

- A) down / into B) down / to
C) down / on D) on / into
E) to / down

61. (v6-140-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Scientists watch planets ... big telescopes.

- A) on B) at
C) through D) behind

62. (v6-145-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What presents did you receive ... your birthday?

- A) in B) at C) to D) for

63. (v7-109-1) ... Thank you for your letter. It was great to hear ... you.

- A) of B) with C) for D) from

64. (v7-134-21) The house was ... fire, but the blaze was soon brought ... control.

- A) on / to B) for / under
C) in / with D) on / under

65. (v9-120-20) Choose the right answer.

I had an idea of going ... a boat trip on the river, but my friends were indifferent.

- A) in B) at C) on D) by

66. (v10-118-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At about 5 o'clock the executive director arrived ... his office.

- A) in B) to C) on D) at

67. (v11-149-16) Choose the best answer.

We usually have lunch in a little cafe ... the school, about five minute's walk away.

- A) between B) next
C) opposite D) in front

68. (v12z-108-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The boy who got good marks was suspected cheating.

- A) for B) by C) of D) about

69. (v12z-113-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"It's time to hand ... your works", said the teacher.

- A) for B) to C) on D) in

70. (v12z-126-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It took his wife almost a year to recover ... her car accident.

- A) with B) in C) on D) from

71. (v12c-115-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It's very frosty this morning. The temperature must have dropped ... zero.

- A) under B) above
C) beneath D) below

72. (v12c-148-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What presents did you receive ... your birthday?

- A) to B) in C) for D) at

73. (v12c-150-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A: Have you heard ... Helen recently? B: Yes, I received 3 letters from her last week.

- A) -- B) from C) off D) for

74. (v12c-153-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ann felt tired, so she stopped the car ... the side of the road and got out.

- A) with B) by C) in D) to

75. (v12c-158-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Alice isn't interested ... looking for a new job.

- A) in B) with C) at D) on

76. (v13-101-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He loves the countryside because he was brought up ... a farm.

- A) at B) behind C) on D) in

77. (v13-109-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I feel like going to the cinema tonight.
- Good idea! What's ... at the moment?

- A) about B) up C) on D) in

78. (v13-122-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Why isn't my computer working?
- Because the screen's ... That's why.

- A) away B) out C) on D) off

79. (v13-126-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I went into the centre of Tashkent ... bus.

- A) in B) by C) on D) from

80. (v13-131-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mary is leaving her dirty socks on the floor ...

- A) to B) on C) at D) for

81. (v13-134-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I apologize for telling a lie, but I was trying, to protect you ... the truth. Sometimes the truth hurts.

- A) for B) on C) from D) to

82. (v15-102-5) Choose the best answer.

Your careless attitude ... the matter may get you into trouble.

- A) with B) on C) to D) at

83. (v15-103-5) Choose the correct answer.

The weather forecast said that it might rain this afternoon. If it does, we'll have to put ... the tennis.

- A) off B) down
C) on D) in

84. (v15-104-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She enjoys her present job. She is devoted ... her profession.

- A) on B) with C) at D) to

- 85. (v15-104-14) Choose the correct answer.**
The distance from the Earth to the Sun is, ... average, about 149 million kilometers.
A) from B) in C) by D) on
- 86. (v15-104-18) Choose the best answer.**
She gazed ... the sight in wonder.
A) to B) at C) with D) in
- 87. (v15-109-20) Choose the best answer.**
He shouted ... me from the other sight ... the street to call me.
A) to / of B) at / of C) at / in D) to / in
- 88. (v15-113-20) Choose the correct answer.**
It's amazing that creatures survive ... the bottom of the ocean.
A) in B) to C) by D) at
- 89. (v15-122-11) Choose the correct answer.**
You didn't believe what he had said, did you? He made the whole thing ...
A) about B) down C) up D) out
- 90. (v15-128-11) Choose the best answer.**
I had a little cat last year. Unfortunately, it was run ... by a car.
A) with B) out of C) over D) away
- 91. (v17-103-2) Choose the correct answer.**
I am looking forward to your reply and thanks ... advance.
A) in B) by C) at D) on
- 92. (v17-103-4) Choose the best answer.**
I'm bored. There is nothing interesting ... TV. Let's go ...
A) in / out B) at / away
C) in / away D) on / out
- 93. (v17-109-3) Choose the right answer.**
The city is not secure as it is situated ... the sea-level.
A) under B) below
C) beneath D) out on
- 94. (v17-110-19) Choose the right answer.**
The car crash could have been avoided if the car hadn't been moving ... high speed.
A) in B) on C) at D) with
- 95. (v17-126-1) Choose the correct answer.**
The shop assistant asked Dilnoza to pay ... cash.
A) for B) by C) in D) with
- 96. (v18-393) He has always been bad ... languages.**
A) at B) about C) to D) with
- 97. (v19/20-109-5) Choose the correct answer.**
I remember Jane. She was the one ... pink shoes.
A) on B) with C) by D) at
- 98. (v19/20-111-8) Choose the correct answer.**
Is Tim interested ... working for General Motors?
A) in B) of C) for D) at
- 99. (v19/20-118-7) Choose the correct answer.**
The novel which we talked ... is being made into a movie.
A) of B) about C) to D) on

- 100. (v19/20-120-14) Choose the right answer**
Scientists performed some research ... biodiversity
A) from B) of C) at D) into
- 101. (v19/20-124-11) Choose the correct answer.**
The teacher wrote a grammar rule ... students ... the board.
A) for / on B) before / between
C) for / in D) on / at

85. Noun + preposition (reason for, cause of etc.) / preposition + noun

- 1. (96-1-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
She was surprised to see him, because she had been ... the impression that Nick was still travelling ... business.
A) under / on B) under / at
C) on / to D) at / on
E) under / to
- 2. (96-1-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
My father, who works ... a big office, sometimes brings me stamps ... different parts ... the world.
A) at / in / in B) in / at / in
C) on / to / of D) in / on / of
E) in / from / of
- 3. (96-12-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
He was very fond ... swimming and took an active part ... the sports life ... the school.
A) to / at / of B) of / at / in
C) of / in / in D) of / in / of
E) for / in / of
- 4. (96-13-156) Choose the appropriate variant.**
She reads a lot. ... she is very clever.
A) So as B) That's why
C) What for D) That is
E) In order that
- 5. (96-15-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
They dined ... a small restaurant which had been "decorated" ... rather bad pictures ... young artists.
A) at / with / on B) near / by / of
C) in / with / by D) to / - / with
E) at / towards / from
- 6. (97-1-58) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
They put ... illuminations ... front of all buildings.
A) down / over B) up / on
C) down / near D) up / at
E) - / in
- 7. (97-5-2) Choose the appropriate preposition.**
He's got a very good head ... his shoulders.
A) over B) beyond
C) on D) since
E) for
- 8. (97-5-2) Choose the appropriate prepos.**
Who is the girl ... the blue dress, sitting ... the head of the table?
A) with / in B) on / upon
C) in / at D) without / in
E) in / of

- 9. (97-10-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
There is a place ... 6 stamps ... each page ... Nick's stamp book.
A) for / on / of B) to / in / in
C) for / at / of D) at / on / for
E) for / in / of
- 10. (97-12-16) Choose the appropriate preposition.**
I congratulated all my classmates ... passing the exam.
A) for B) with C) on D) in E) within
- 11. (99-7-13) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
This news is ... great importance ... me.
A) to / to B) at / for C) of / or D) of / at
E) - / on
- 12. (99-8-7) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
Six shillings ... a week does not keep body and soul together very unitedly.
A) in B) at C) with D) is E) for
- 13. (99-9-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
I remember my brother going ... a short sea trip once ... the benefit of his health.
A) for / for B) on / of C) - / for
D) to / of E) in / in
- 14. (99-10-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
You can't answer ... my question again. Why haven't you learned the words ... heart?
A) to / on B) - / by
C) on / by D) on / with E) - / to
- 15. (00-6-17) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
Scientists are interested ... the theory ... black holes because it may explain, the origin ... the universe.
A) with / of / in B) about / to / for
C) - / at / with D) in / of / of
E) by / for / around
- 16. (00-6-18) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
Mike is an experienced worker ... fixing cars, he has repaired hundreds of them ... no complaints ... his customers.
A) in / from / by B) at / for / from
C) to / with / about D) at / with / from
E) under / at / for
- 17. (00-7-65) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
The Museum ... London is the largest museum ... the world.
A) by / on B) in / for
C) of / in D) for / in E) in / at
- 18. (00-9-22) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
It was quite impossible to cross the river ... that time ... the year.
A) of / by B) at / by C) at / of D) in / at
E) to / of
- 19. (01-7-10) Choose the appropriate preposition.**
War and misery go hand ... hand.
A) by B) at C) with D) from E) in
- 20. (01-9-49) Choose the appropriate prepositions.**
The variations ... temperature ... the United States have had a marked effect the country's economy and living standards.

- A) of / for / with B) at / in / to
C) in / within / on D) on / of / upon
E) to / with / -

21. (01-11-27) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The red Indians got food ... hunting ... the forests.

- A) in / in B) through / at
C) by / in D) from / across
E) from / from

22. (02-1-11) Choose the best answer.

He has had a bad day - in addition ... being late for school he forgot his homework.

- A) by B) with C) to D) for E) that

23. (02-1-51) Choose the best answer.

I can't stand her, and I find that even ... her voice gets on my nerves.

- A) the sound of B) the sounds
C) a sound of D) a sound from
E) her sound of

24. (02-1-53) Choose the best answer.

One of the main disadvantages ... the old machine was that it used up so much electricity.

- A) of B) to C) for D) from E) at

25. (02-2-55) Choose the best answer.

Larry needs a new case ... his camera.

- A) for B) to C) of D) with E) after

26. (02-3-64) Choose the best answer.

Now that he is old, he is very apt ... forget.

- A) to B) on C) from D) in E) by

27. (02-9-6) Choose the best answer.

Grace was the daughter ... the lighthouse keeper and she had lived ... sea as long as she could remember.

- A) of / in B) of / by C) from / at
D) by / at E) of / along

28. (02-11-92) Choose the best answer.

It was nice ... you to come. Let me see you ...

- A) with / by B) of / out C) to / from
D) for / in E) about / at

29. (03-3-5) Choose the best answer.

It was sad to see an independent woman like my mother ... a dependent image ... herself.

- A) of / with B) with / for C) in / on
D) with / of E) into / towards

30. (03-9-70) Choose the best answer.

Money isn't the solution ... every problem.

- A) of B) for C) towards D) with E) to

31. (04-1-1) Choose the right answer.

It is usual ... him to be late ... the meeting.

- A) for / to B) to / for C) to / to
D) for / for E) of / for

32. (04-1-14) Choose the right answer.

During the war the need ... food grew fast in the country, and it was generous ... common people to send it.

- A) of / of B) for / of C) of / for
D) on / of E) of / to

33. (04-1-24) Choose the right answer.

My sister bought me a pair ... shoes. And I am happy ... it.

- A) of / about B) of / with C) of / at
D) about / of E) with / of

34. (04-1-30) Choose the right answer.

Mother apologized ... the dreadful behaviour ... the teenagers.

- A) to / of B) for / of C) of / for
D) of / to E) -/of

35. (v4-112-12) Choose the best answer.

She showed me some ... her family.

- A) photographs of B) maps for
C) maps of D) photographs for
E) photographs from

36. (v4-119-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

This is the best present ... a girl or a boy who likes ... drawing and painting.

- A) for / of B) for / - C) to / of
D) for / at E) for / to

37. (v4-119-19) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

That evening everything, herself, was black and brown.

- A) for B) before C) out of
D) except E) beside

38. (v5-119-1) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

His cousin is a surgeon ... profession.

- A) for B) at C) among D) of E) by

39. (v5-142-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The embankments ... the Neva are faced ... granite.

- A) from / with B) of / with
C) in / by D) of / by E) in / in

40. (v5-145-12) Choose the appropriate answer.

Romeo fell in love ... Juliet at first sight.

- A) on B) in C) for D) with E) about

41. (v5-154-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

My uncle's relative had never been ... Samarkand before and looked ... everything ... great admiration.

- A) at / in / to B) to / at / with
C) at / on / on D) in / at / to
E) to / at / in

42. (v5-156-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

If you can suggest the way ... I'll be thankful ... you.

- A) on / to B) to / out C) to / for
D) out / to E) out / for

43. (v5-157-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Wagner used legends ... the German Middle Ages ... his most famous operas.

- A) in / in B) of / for C) from / to
D) up / after E) out of / with

44. (v6-143-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Excuse me, Mr. Black, but there's an important message ... you ... your wife.

- A) for / from B) from / of
C) for / of D) from / of

45. (v6-144-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Halima prefers plums ... pears.

- A) in B) to C) on D) of

46. (v7-116-1) I'm available ... an interview at, your convenience.

- A) during B) from C) for D) at

47. (v7-169-8) A mountain river rushed ... the bottom of the valley, and the whistling of a train was heard ... the distance.

- A) in / from B) on / by C) at / in D) to / at

48. (v9-119-16) Choose the right answer.

I can't give you my reasons ... going there. It's a secret.

- A) on B) for C) with D) of

49. (v9-130-12) Choose the right answer.

Bill assured us that the ... against him was untrue.

- A) accusingly B) accuse
C) accusation D) accusatory

50. (v10-105-18) Choose the appropriate preposition.

He's got a very good head ... his shoulders.

- A) over B) on C) in D) at

51. (v10-123-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. At lunch time a typical Japanese family will consume ... least twice as many vegetables as Europeans; in comparison with Europeans the Japanese eat far less meat and fewer potatoes.

- A) for B) on C) at D) in

52. (v10-126-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He agreed to listen to me and I began my story ... telling what happened on the evening of the 26th July.

- A) in B) from
C) about D) by

53. (v11-128-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I can't give you my reasons ... going there. It's a secret.

- A) of B) for C) on D) with

54. (v12z-103-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Magazines like "Times", "News week", "U.S. News" and "World Report" provide the reader ... a pictorial report of the week's events.

- A) with B) on C) for D) by

55. (v12z-127-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Disney World, Florida, is the biggest amusement resort in the world. It is twice the size ... Manhattan.

- A) at B) or C) to D) by

56. (v12c-103-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Jane won't be able to come. She is coming down ... fever.

- A) off B) on C) through D) with

57. (v12c-105-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There are so many tourists here. I sometimes wish they would leave us ... peace.

- A) in B) to C) for D) on

58. (v12c-106-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His cousin is a surgeon ... profession.

- A) of B) by
C) among D) for

59. (v12c-111-3) Choose the answer, which correctly completes the sentence.

My mother introduced me ... classical music when I was quite young

- A) about B) for C) in D) to

60. (v12c-124-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He has had a bad day - in addition ... being late for school he forgot his homework.

- A) with B) to C) for D) by

61. (v12c-127-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Hearing that she had been admitted to the University, she jumped ... joy.
A) at B) on C) for D) of

62. (v12c-152-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Galileo built the first telescope ... astronomical purposes.
A) from B) into
C) for D) against

63. (v12c-155-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
For many sports fans in England, the summer months are linked with the game ... cricket.
A) for B) of C) at D) by

64. (v12c-158-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Christopher Columbus gave the name "Amazon" ... the green short winged parrots that he brought to Europe.
A) with B) to C) for D) at

65. (v12c-160-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Many of the UK traditional dishes have connections ... ancient customs and traditions.
A) for B) with C) at D) in

66. (v13-111-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm sorry it's taken me so long to reply ... your letter.
A) - B) to C) for D) on

67. (v13-112-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Let's look at my college photo. Can you recognize me ... it?
A) in B) at C) to D) on

68. (v13-113-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Could you leave him your number ... work in case we needed to contact you?
A) in B) with C) at D) to

69. (v13-116-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I called her Mary instead of Martha ... mistake.
A) at B) by C) with D) for

70. (v13-117-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
They walked up the stairs as the lift was ... order.
A) within B) out of
C) from D) before

71. (v13-118-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Tom hates walking and he even drives down the road ... a newspaper in the morning.
A) have bought B) to buy
C) buys D) for buying

72. (v13-120-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
On New Year's eve, the food stores are usually crowded ... last-minute shoppers.
A) at B) with C) on D) for

73. (v13-123-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Let's look at my college photo. Can you recognize me ... it?
A) in B) to C) on D) at

74. (v13-125-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He took the wrong suitcase from the airport ... mistake.
A) for B) from C) with D) by

75. (v13-126-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
It's important to develop a good relationship ... your colleagues at work.
A) between B) with C) from D) to

76. (v13-133-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I met Cathy ... chance when I was shopping in town.
A) in B) with C) for D) by

77. (v13-134-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I gave a speech ... behalf of the class.
A) to B) in C) for D) on

78. (v13-134-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Leaving all the lights on is a waste ... electricity.
A) from B) for C) of D) by

79. (v13-139-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I tried to persuade him. But ... the end I gave up. It was useless.
A) at B) after C) in D) on

80. (v15-108-10) Choose the correct answer.
How do you get ... your husband's family?
A) around B) on with
C) ahead D) along

81. (v15-111-14) Choose the best answer.
I am not convinced ... how it is important ... me.
A) on / for B) to / of C) on / in D) of / to

82. (v15-127-7) Choose the best answer.
... my brother's classmate Farhod's help we finished marking up tests early.
A) Thanks B) Thanks to
C) Thank you D) Thanks with

83. (v16-101-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence
The chef is due to ... next summer.
A) retire B) being retired
C) retiring D) having been retired

84. (v16-103-17) Choose the best answer.
There are no trains today. The railway workers are ... strike.
A) at B) on C) in D) by

85. (v16-109-6) Choose the best answer.
The writer's amazing biography made quite an impression ... the students.
A) with B) to C) for D) on

86. (v16-112-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He died of a heart attack ... a very early age. He was only ... his early forties.
A) in / on B) on / by
C) on / at D) at / in

87. (v16-112-13) Choose the correct answer.
I like a rural area and fresh air. So I am considering working ... a farm
A) on B) in C) at D) -

88. (v16-118-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Jaxon wrote to him in order ... him to come.
A) to ask B) to have asked
C) to have been asked D) to be asked

89. (v16-118-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Nodira works hard ... she wants to know English very well.
A) and B) so C) because D) if

90. (v16-121-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
About ten of us were taken ill ... a party we were at in York. I felt ill ... a couple of days, but was fine after that.
A) during ... during B) during ... for
C) for ... during D) for ... for

91. (v16-126-17) Choose the best answer.
My father gave me a bicycle on my birthday. It was ... my expectation.
A) beside B) besides
C) below D) beyond

92. (v17-104-20) Choose the correct answer.
Great friendship existed ... the two families.
A) within B) among
C) between D) across

93. (v17-104-21) Choose the correct answer.
The car was parked directly ... the café.
A) before B) ahead of
C) in front of D) preceding

94. (v17-111-9) Choose the correct answer.
Rita's house is ... the beauty salon. Do you think you can find it?
A) near to B) next to
C) along D) against

95. (v17-112-3) Choose the correct answer.
You may order the jewelry now. But payment should be made ...
A) by advance B) to advance
C) for advance D) in advance

96. (v17-113-2) Choose the correct answer.
Sorry, I am late. I had ... the doctor.
A) an appointment with
B) appointments to
C) an appointment to
D) appointment with

97. (v17-114-17) Choose the correct answer.
«Excuse me, could you tell me where the nearest drug store is?» «It is ... your left»
A) by B) in C) at D) on

98. (v17-126-15) Choose the correct answer.
They are ... asleep.
A) yet B) just C) else D) still

99. (v18-394) There's no point ... discussing this problem - it won't be solved.
A) in B) with C) for D) on

100. (v18-395) 'Could you lend me some money?' 'What ...?'
A) from B) for C) this D) to

101. (v18-396) Can you finish the job ... Monday?
A) till B) until C) by D) for

102. (v18-397) There's a supermarket ... our house.
A) in front of B) is opposite
C) opposite D) facing

103. (v18-398) I wrote to the manager ... to getting my money refunded.
A) in the hope B) on the question
C) with the aim D) with the view

104. (v18-399) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Ford Foundation was established in 1936 to advance human well-being ... contributing funds for education.
A) to B) by C) off D) at

105. (v18-400) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The new Arts Centre seems to have been ... quiet some time.
A) in B) below C) on D) under

106. (v18-401) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you have any knowledge ... how our education system works?
A) on B) for C) in D) of

107. (v18-402) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The plan of the route was not familiar ... him and he left a little uncertain which way to go.
A) by B) to C) on D) in

108. (v18-403) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Sobir advises John to give up smoking, at least ... a time.
A) by B) by C) for D) in

109. (v18-404) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'd rather pay ... credit card. I haven't got any cash.
A) with B) - C) by D) in

110. (v18-405) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They heard the cars from Amsterdam coming close behind them while skating along ... full speed.
A) in B) with C) at D) on

111. (v18-406) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We came a little bit early ... purpose to see if I could help you.
A) of B) on C) with D) in

112. (v18-407) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Our teacher gave a speech ... behalf of the class.
A) in B) to C) on D) for

113. (v19/20-111-14) Choose the correct answer.

After a day on the slopes, skiers warm their feet ... the fire.
A) in front B) next C) by D) with

114. (v19/20-122-10) Choose the right answer

She is a newcomer ... Library science, so she's a bit excited.
A) to B) of C) in D) for

86. Adjective + preposition / preposition + adjective

1. (96-8-58) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

It was difficult ... him to earn money ... the country, so he went ... town.
A) at / in / after B) through / under / to
C) for / in / to D) on / at / before
E) for / to / in

2. (97-1-2) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I know that he is a noisy boy, but ... the same time I can't be angry ... him.

A) - / to B) at / with
C) - / with D) in / about E) by / for

3. (98-4-3) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

She lived in an apartment building converted a few years earlier ... a home ... the aged.
A) by / by B) into / for
C) from / to D) to / with
E) along / since

4. (98-9-56) Choose the appropriate preposition.

We are ready ... talks now.
A) in B) with C) about D) of E) for

5. (98-10-4) Choose the appropriate preposition.

I don't think she is afraid ... dogs.
A) - B) of C) on D) in E) with

6. (99-6-7) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

A man must be responsible ... his family ... supporting it.
A) for / for B) to / to C) to / for
D) to / in E) for / in

7. (99-8-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

There was an old man ... a tree, who was horribly bored ... a Bee.
A) within / of B) on / with
C) in / by D) around / for
E) under / at

8. (00-2-2) Choose the appropriate preposition.

We are ready ... the lesson.
A) of B) in C) at D) for E) on

9. (00-4-6) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

It's nice ... you to present me ... such beautiful flowers.
A) from / - B) of / with
C) from / with D) of / on
E) of / -

10. (00-7-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

How silly ... me, I must really apologize ... you.
A) to / for B) for / to
C) of / to D) to / to E) with / for

11. (01-2-51) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

He is rather egoistic: he only thinks ... himself and what is best ... himself.
A) for / for B) with / to
C) about / for D) by / for
E) about / in

12. (01-8-5) Choose the appropriate preposition.

If you come early, you will just get nervous ... waiting.
A) with B) of C) by D) from E) in

13. (01-10-9) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Our daughter has entered ... the university. We are proud ... her.
A) into / of B) - / for
C) - / by D) - / of E) into / -

14. (01-12-16) Choose the appropriate preposition.

Karina is excellent ... telling jokes.
A) with B) in C) at D) for E) by

15. (02-2-54) Choose the best answer.

People are angry ... the state council.
A) with B) in C) on D) of E) by

16. (02-3-75) Choose the best answer.

He is very slow ... arithmetic.
A) in B) at C) with D) on E) of

17. (04-1-7) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

I am delighted ... the way the exhibits looked. It's very nice ... you to take me out to the exhibition.
A) about / of B) with / of C) with / for
D) of / about E) of / with

18. (04-1-10) Choose the right answer.

We should respect ... our grandparents. You shouldn't be rude ... them.
A) for / for B) for / to C) to / to
D) to / for E) - / with

19. (04-1-18) Choose the right answer.

Your brother is displeased ... you. I am ashamed ... your behaviour.
A) with / to B) of / with C) with / of
D) of / for E) in / for

20. (04-1-19) Choose the right answer.

It was generous ... him to buy French books formed, though he didn't know that they were necessary ... me.
A) of / to B) to / of C) of / for
D) for / of E) of / in

21. (04-1-28) Choose the right answer.

It was good ... him to send us the invitation ... the farewell party.
A) to / of B) of / to C) for / to
D) of / for E) for / of

22. (04-1-29) Choose the right answer.

It was impossible ... her to leave ... the Netherlands.
A) for / to B) to / to C) for / for
D) to / for E) of / for

23. (v4-124-16) Choose the right answer.

It was careless, ... you to lose the key. It was nice ... your neighbour to help you to open the door.
A) of / for B) to / for
C) of / of D) of / to E) for / of

24. (v4-129-1) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

The pupils are getting ready ... the exams ... school.
A) of / for B) of / on
C) for / to D) for / at E) of / by

25. (v4-130-11) Choose the best answer.

The Italian city of Florence is ... its art treasures.
A) similar to B) tired of
C) impressed by D) keen on
E) famous for

26. (v5-147-12) Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Where is Jane? I'm tired ... waiting ... her here.
A) in / - B) on / over C) of / for
D) with / for E) - / of

27. (v5-151-9) Choose the best answer.

As Alice was going through the book department she was surprised ... an old friend.
A) at meeting B) for meeting
C) to meet D) meet
E) meeting

28. (v5-155-1) Choose the best answer.
Previous experience ... working ... an office environment is essential ... this job.
A) of / at / for B) of / at / - / of
C) from / in / for D) of / for / in
E) of / in / for

29. (v6-134-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Our country is rich ... cotton.
A) for B) in C) on D) at

30. (v6-152-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I don't usually carry my passport with me. I am afraid ... it.
A) to loose B) being lost
C) have lost D) be loosing

31. (v9-121-19) Choose the right answer.
Everyone knows that smoking can do a lot of harm ... your health.
A) to B) on C) in D) for

32. (v9-124-3) Choose the right answer.
London is famous ... its black taxis and red buses.
A) with B) of C) for D) by

33. (v9-129-26) Read the text.
Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26-28 in the text.

There is a cake named in honour (26) ... the great Russian ballerina Anna Pavlova which originated in Australia. It is now a very (27) ... dessert not only in Australia and New Zealand but in many countries. It is affectionately (28) ... the pav, which is the shortened form of Pavlova.
A) of B) by C) for D) to

34. (v9-129-27)
A) huge B) popular
C) true D) exciting

35. (v9-129-28)
A) to call B) calling
C) call D) called

36. (v10-113-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Kate's father isn't very keen ... classical music. He prefers jazz instead.
A) for B) in C) on D) at

37. (v10-114-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I don't usually carry my passport with me. I am afraid ... it.

A) being lost B) be losing
C) have lost D) to lose

38. (v10-114-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
My name is Alexander, Alec ... short.
A) at B) among C) on D) for

39. (v10-117-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In Washington no building may be more than 40 metres tall ... the city's many monuments from view.

A) so not to hide B) for not hiding
C) in order not to hide D) so as to hide not

40. (v12z-104-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Because aluminum is lighter and cheaper ... copper, it is often used for high-tension power transmissions.
A) then B) from
C) as D) than

41. (v12z-125-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Two people were arrested last week. They are accused ... robbery and attempted murder.
A) of B) for C) with D) on

42. (v12c-119-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
- Mike, have you ever heard ... Herman Hesse?
- Of course! He's a famous German writer.
A) over B) at C) on D) of

43. (v12c-136-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm available ... an interview at your convenience.
A) from B) during C) at D) for

44. (v12c-148-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The man was completely bald ... the top of his head.
A) by B) in C) to D) on

45. (v12c-157-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Make sure that this work is completed ... Monday at the latest.
A) by B) from C) in D) at

46. (v13-111-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
His sons want some new toys. They are bored ... their old ones.
A) with B) on C) to D) for

47. (v13-120-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When we woke up, every where was covered ... snow.
A) by B) with C) on D) for

48. (v13-126-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He didn't feel very confident ... the beginning of his career, but he has changed a lot since then.
A) for B) in C) to D) at

49. (v13-145-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In old age, intellectual functioning is closely related ... physical health.
A) from B) on C) to D) with

50. (v15-124-15) Choose the best answer.
You are not aware ... all the problems.
A) at B) on C) of D) to

51. (v15-126-21) Choose the correct answer.
The distance from the Earth to the Sun is, ... average, about 149 million kilometers.
A) by B) on C) from D) in

52. (v15-132-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He's even worse than his sister ... mathematics.
A) at B) in C) for D) with

53. (v16-127-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Do you know who is responsible ... the travel arrangements?
A) for B) about C) in D) of

54. (v16-130-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm afraid I'm a little short ... money this month, so I can't lend you.

A) from B) with C) of D) for

55. (v17-105-11) Choose the correct answer.
That is the country ... worst crime record.
A) for the B) on the
C) in the D) with the

56. (v17-105-12) Choose the appropriate preposition.
Parents are responsible ... their children under the age of 18.

A) for B) on C) to D) up

57. (v18-408) I was terrified ... her.
A) to B) with C) of D) for

58. (v18-409) My problems are very similar ... yours.
A) for B) to C) with D) on

59. (v18-410) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
On holidays, the food stores are usually crowded ... last-minute shoppers.
A) for B) at C) with D) on

60. (v18-411) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm afraid I'm a little short ... money this month, so I can't lend you.
A) from B) for C) of D) with

61. (v19/20-121-8) Choose the appropriate preposition
That was really nice ... them to invite us to the anniversary
A) from B) with C) of D) in

87. Verb + preposition

1. (97-12-17) Choose the appropriate preposition.
It was nice ... you to come to see me.
A) about B) of C) - D) about E) on

2. (98-3-52) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
Our train arrived ... New York ... 6.30. Paul met us ... the station.
A) at / in / on B) in / at / at
C) in / on / on D) - / at / on
E) in / - / on

3. (00-7-5) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
The men were excited ... the thought ... the fish they would catch.
A) at / of B) about / for C) with / above
D) over / within E) for / for

4. (01-6-4) Choose the appropriate prepositions.
- Help yourself ... the cake!
- Oh, thanks. I've had enough ... it.
A) with / on B) to / of C) to / -
D) on / with E) - / of

5. (01-8-32) Choose the appropriate preposition.
He was accused ... having sold information to rival firms.
A) with B) on C) by D) of E) at

6. (02-2-44) Choose the best answer.
- I don't think the Burtons will ever invite Robert again.
- No, he succeeded ... everybody angry with his remarks.
A) in making B) making C) to make
D) made E) by making

7. (02-3-3) Choose the best answer.

The Captain stopped, and for sometimes they looked ... each other ... silence.

- A) at / on B) at / in
C) to / in D) in / to E) at / at

8. (02-3-69) Choose the best answer.

The Director hinted ... the possibility of a holiday next week.

- A) of B) to C) at D) over E) up

9. (02-3-73) Choose the best answer.

The plane took ... at six o'clock.

- A) down B) under C) on D) off E) in

10. (02-3-74) Choose the best answer.

That criminal was convicted ... a crime when he was seventeen.

- A) of B) on C) for D) with E) by

11. (02-3-85) Choose the best answer.

He was completely ... by the thief's disguise.

- A) taken in B) taken down
C) taken away D) taken through
E) taken up

12. (02-4-35) Choose the best answer.

Khamid could hardly keep his voice ... control and he was shaking ... a rage.

- A) under / with B) in / in
C) with / in D) on / with
E) at / in

13. (02-4-36) Choose the best answer.

Jane used to keep her room heaped ... all sorts of things and my remarks meant nothing ... her.

- A) with / for B) on / to C) with / to
D) in / for E) at / for

14. (02-4-57) Choose the best answer.

If you cheat you'll never get ... with it.

- A) away B) up C) on D) off E) in

15. (02-4-58) Choose the best answer.

I wanted to go but I've gone ... the idea.

- A) off B) away C) on D) of E) up

16. (02-6-20) Choose the best answer.

Don't lean ... that wall. The paint is still wet.

- A) to B) at C) across
D) against E) out

17. (02-6-22) Choose the best answer.

He likes to show ... his knowledge of languages.

- A) with B) about C) of D) up E) off

18. (02-7-5) Choose the best answer.

When you finish ... the file, please, can you make sure that you put it back ... its place.

- A) with / in B) - / at C) with / on
D) over / by E) about / to

19. (02-7-6) Choose the best answer.

My flatmate isn't going ... much at the moment. She is studying ... some important exams.

- A) - / to B) away / at C) in / about
D) out / for E) off / in

20. (02-8-6) Choose the best answer.

You don't have to worry ... their testing facilities.

- A) in B) - C) about D) of E) on

21. (02-8-9) Choose the best answer.

Please forgive me ... the fact that I did not write earlier to thank you ... the most enjoyable evening ... home.

- A) at / for / for B) for / at / for
C) for / for / at D) - / to / -
E) to / for / at

22. (03-3-6) Choose the best answer.

Sara, what do you mean ... dressing that child ... that light outfit?

- A) by / in B) in / of C) to / on
D) in / in E) by / of

23. (03-3-8) Choose the best answer.

The doorbell rang and my sister entered ... waiting ... someone to let her in.

- A) without / - B) without / from
C) of / on D) with / down
E) without / for

24. (03-9-38) Choose the best answer.

What a pity it doesn't depend ... me.

- A) from B) on C) with D) by
E) for

25. (03-9-40) Choose the best answer.

My friend advised me to stay ... this hotel.

- A) in B) with C) at D) on E) by

26. (03-9-45) Thank you ... taking me ...

- A) for / out B) with / away
C) for / inside D) of / out of
E) by / away

27. (03-9-48) Choose the best answer.

The temperature here seldom drops ... freezing point.

- A) above B) up C) down D) below
E) under

28. (03-9-51) Choose the best answer.

Why are you shouting ... me? What have I done wrong?

- A) to B) at C) for D) on E) by

29. (03-9-57) Choose the best answer.

They decided to put ... the theatre visit for a while.

- A) on B) away C) of D) off E) up

30. (03-10-3) Choose the best answer.

It's difficult for students to translate ... ear, it's much easier for them to translate ... sight.

- A) on / at B) in / on C) by / at
D) with / on E) by / on

31. (03-10-60) Choose the best answer.

New York is known ... many different names. One of them is the Big Apple.

- A) with B) for C) in D) at E) by

32. (04-1-3) Choose the right answer.

I am disappointed ... him. He refused the job, which was interesting ... him.

- A) with / of B) of / with
C) about / of D) of / about
E) with / for

33. (04-1-4) Choose the right answer.

Shirin's mother was displeased ... her son, as he was cruel ... his sister.

- A) with / with B) with / for
C) with / to D) at / with
E) to / with

34. (v4-110-16) Choose the right answer.

I was terrified ... the teenagers. They seemed unfriendly ... me.

- A) to / of B) of / from
C) of / for D) from / to
E) of / to

35. (v4-114-16) Choose the right answer.

The boy wasn't ashamed ... his behaviour. He was rude ... people in the tram.

- A) of / to B) of / for
C) of / of D) for / to E) to / of

36. (v4-121-16) Choose the best answer.

Linda is married ... an American.

- A) on B) from C) to D) at E) with

37. (v4-127-11) Choose the best answer.

I've never met her but I've spoken to her ...

- A) of the phone B) on the TV
C) on the phone D) by TV
E) by the phone

38. (v4-130-28) Choose the best answer.

The train was late but no one knew the ... the delay.

- A) reason for B) damage to
C) a demand for D) attitude to
E) reaction to

39. (v5-111-12) Choose the best answer.

We came ... Paris in autumn and it wasn't raining, and as soon as we got ... the train, we went ... a walk.

- A) to / out / for B) at / off / on
C) to / off / for D) to / on / for
E) in / on / on

40. (v5-124-1) Choose the best answer.

When I go to bed I ... my pajamas.

- A) put down B) put on
C) put off D) put up
E) put with

41. (v5-124-12) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

Our country is rich ... cotton.

- A) on B) at C) for D) with E) in

42. (v5-132-12) Complete the sentence with the appropriate preposition.

Henry is excited ... leaving for India.

- A) at B) - C) about D) from
E) in

43. (v5-138-12) Choose the best answer.

The Director reproached him ... not working carefully.

- A) of B) about C) at D) with E) on

44. (v5-142-1) Choose the best answer.

You must never ... the train when it is moving.

- A) get B) get through C) get up
D) get round E) get off

45. (v5-146-12) Choose the best answer.

One of the main advantages ... the new machine is that it doesn't use ... so much electricity.

- A) of / out B) from / up C) of / of
D) of / down E) of / up

46. (v5-149-12) Choose the best answer.

One of the main disadvantages of the old machine was that it used ... so much electricity.

- A) to B) with C) out D) - E) up

47. (v5-151-1) Choose the best answer.

The working people of some countries struggle ... low payments.

- A) about B) out C) for
D) against E) dawn

48. (v5-152-1) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

You can't answer ... my question again. Why haven't you learned the words ... heart?

- A) to / on B) in / on C) - / to
D) - / by E) on / by

49. (v5-154-1) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer.

Don't turn ... the radio, Father is working and we are playing ... chess.

- A) - / on B) in / on C) off / to
D) - / of E) on / -

50. (v5-160-12) Complete the sentence with the appropriate preposition.
She is always complaining ... having a headache.

- A) on B) – C) in D) to E) about

51. (v6-141-17) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined words.
'Take care of the children', the woman asked her husband.

- A) look after B) look in
C) look for D) look at

52. (v9-103-21) Choose the right answer.
I don't believe that anyone can die ... broken heart.

- A) from B) with C) of D) after

53. (v9-117-6) Choose the right answer.
The films of Steven Spielberg are known ... their special technical effects and nice characters.

- A) for B) from C) after D) in

54. (v9-127-26) Read the text.
Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26–28 in the text.

J.K. Rowling was born in England in 1965 and grew up (26) ... the outskirts of Bristol and spent much of her childhood (27) ... and acting stories. For a time she (28) ... as a teacher, but always planned to become a writer.

- A) on B) of C) from D) in

55. (v9-127-27)

- A) makes up B) made up
C) is making up D) making up

56. (v9-127-28)

- A) studied B) worked
C) wrote D) learned

57. (v10-122-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I must say, I don't really fancy ... my whole holiday with your cousins.

- A) spent B) spending
C) spend D) is spending

58. (v12c-107-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Germany has been home to many ... the world's greatest composers and musicians, including Ludwig van Beethoven.

- A) for B) on
C) from D) of

59. (v12c-157-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
When we have done a good job we can be proud ... ourselves.

- A) with B) for
C) of D) to

60. (v13-115-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

The Star Tree hotel chain is in financial trouble and some of their smaller hotels are going to have to be sold. Rising costs are being blamed (27) ... recent losses and many smaller hotels (28) ... to have been losing money for many years. No buyer has yet been found for the properties.

- A) about B) for
C) to D) with

61. (v13-115-28)

- A) been reported B) are reporting
C) are reported D) have reported

62. (v13-129-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I was so worried ... the test that I couldn't sleep.

- A) for B) from C) with D) about

63. (v13-134-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Horror films are popular ... there is a lot of criticism of them.

- A) despite B) though C) as if D) so

64. (v14-112-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Do you know who is responsible ... the travel arrangements?

- A) for B) of C) in D) about

65. (v15-111-17) Choose the best answer.
He is acquainted ... many ... celebrities.

- A) to/– B) to / of C) with / to D) with / of

66. (v15-133-8) Choose the right word and complete the sentence.

I can not believe that the burglars ... the house in the broad daylight.

- A) broke off B) broke up
C) broke down D) broke in

67. (v16-102-13) Choose the right answer.

The views of Yosemite National Park were immortalized ... the work of photographer, Ansel Adams.

- A) by B) with C) through D) for

68. (v16-112-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

They heard the cars from Amsterdam coming close behind them while skating along ... full speed.

- A) with B) on C) in D) at

69. (v16-119-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My brother is good ... singing and dancing.

- A) about B) at C) on D) up

70. (v16-126-18) Two multiplied ... three is six.

- A) to B) for C) at D) by

71. (v16-129-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because some of the guests were staring ... her casual clothes, she felt uncomfortable at the party.

- A) to B) on C) at D) in

72. (v17-101-11) Choose the correct answer.

Customers should always check the sell ... date of things they buy in the shop.

- A) in B) through C) by D) off

73. (v17-106-12) Choose the correct answer.

My brother does not like history classes, because he has to learn so many dates ... heart.

- A) by B) in C) on D) with

74. (v17-106-14) Choose the correct answer.

He must ... the annual board meeting next week.

- A) attend to B) attend in
C) attending D) attend

75. (v17-119-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Strong wind was bending the young trees ... to the ground. The weather turned unexpectedly stormy last night.

- A) down B) under C) up D) over

76. (v17-122-9) Choose the correct answer.

Do you see that man over there? Does he remind you ... anyone you know?

- A) to B) about C) for D) of

77. (v17-123-22) Choose the correct answer.

Dildora has no money of her own. So she's totally dependent ... her parents.

- A) on B) at C) to D) of

78. (v17-126-9) Choose the correct answer.

Dildora loves complaining. She complains ... everything.

- A) of B) to C) for D) about

79. (v18-412) Where are you staying? I'm living ... Mr. Ali and his wife.

- A) by B) at C) with D) among

80. (v18-413) Anna's ... be promoted because she works hard.

- A) allowed to B) bound to
C) able to D) manage to

81. (v18-414) We were all very ... what he said.

- A) interested on B) interested in
C) interesting D) interested

82. (v18-415) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Alex takes after his father. They are both fond ... nature and enjoy walking about ... parks and woods.

- A) of / in B) in / of
C) of / of D) in / in

83. (v18-416) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Mr. Phuong will substitute ... the history teacher who is out of town.

- A) for B) with
C) from D) at

84. (v18-417) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because they are suffering ... a shortage of oxygen, some people believe that they yawn.

- A) at B) in C) to D) from

85. (v18-418) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It is proved that butterflies feed mainly ... nectar from flowers and do not cause any harm to plants.

- A) on B) in C) for D) to

86. (v18-419) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She enjoys her present job. She is devoted ... her profession.

- A) at B) to C) on D) with

87. (v18-420) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Because some of the guests were staring ... her casual clothes, she felt uncomfortable at the party.

- A) on B) at C) to D) in

88. (v18-421) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The tourists complained ... not getting any sleep.

- A) about B) for C) in D) on

89. (v18-422) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I took ... my jacket and hung it in the wardrobe.

- A) after B) on C) up D) off

90. (v18-423) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Strong wind was bending the young trees ... to the ground. The weather turned unexpectedly stormy last night.

- A) up B) over C) under D) down

91. (v18-424) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My daughters want some new dolls. They are bored ... their old ones.

- A) on B) with C) to D) for

92. (v18-425) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Be sure to ask questions when, your doctor can provide you ... information concerning your health!

- A) to B) with C) at D) on

93. (v18-426) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We wish you'd turn the TV ..., it's too loud!

- A) on B) down C) up D) of

94. (v18-427) Choose the correct answer.

Our guests walked up the stairs as the elevator was ... order.

- A) before B) out of C) within D) from

95. (v18-428) Choose the correct answer.

She could see him ... people in the crowd.

- A) among B) at
C) for D) between

96. (v18-429) Choose the correct answer.

I'm so glad you told Sue exactly what you thought of her, because if you ..., I certainly ...!

- A) hadn't / will B) hadn't / did
C) weren't / would D) hadn't / would have

97. (v19/20-108-4) Choose the correct answer.

Paul is a good swimmer. He can swim ... the river.

- A) before B) across C) past D) over

98. (v19/20-108-10) Choose the correct answer.

I want to talk ... the group ... their exam.

- A) to / about B) on / about
C) to / of D) - / about

88. Subjunctive mood / unreal wishes (I wish...)

1. (01-6-36) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- I wish I ... your gift for languages.

- I ... it a gift. Where there's a will, there's a way, you know.

- A) have / shan't call
B) would have / won't call
C) shall have / don't call
D) had / shouldn't call
E) should have / hadn't called

2. (02-2-39) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Why didn't you go to the concert last Friday?

- I was busy. I wish that I could ...

- A) go B) gone
C) have gone D) went E) be going

3. (02-9-33) Choose the best answer.

I wish it ... summer now. We ... to the mountains and swim in the rivers

- A) is / shall go B) has been / should go
C) was / will go D) were / should go
E) will be / will

4. (02-10-71) Choose the best answer.

I wish ... yesterday.

- A) you are here
B) the weather is fine now
C) I am at home
D) I had been at home
E) my father is President

5. (03-6-49) Choose the best answer.

He wishes he ... a prince.

- A) is B) be C) are
D) to be E) were

6. (03-6-57) Choose the best answer.

I wish you ... up smoking last year. You ... better now.

- A) have given / feel B) gave / will feel
C) had given / would feel D) would give / felt
E) given / feel

7. (03-6-62) Choose the best answer.

I wish he ... that strong language in his speech. He ... a diplomatic incident.

- A) hasn't used / have avoided
B) doesn't use / avoids
C) didn't use / will avoid
D) wouldn't use / will have avoided
E) hadn't used / would have avoided

8. (03-7-2) Choose the best answer.

We wish that you ...

- A) can pass your exam today.
B) could pass your exam now
C) could pass your exam yesterday
D) are too old to pass your exam
E) have passed your exam at day

9. (03-7-3) Choose the best answer.

I wish I ... him off to the airport last night.

- A) would see B) were seen
C) will see D) could have seen
E) saw

10. (03-7-18) Choose the best answer.

I wish we ... We ... the place long ago.

- A) hadn't returned / would have reached
B) didn't return / have reached
C) wouldn't return / reached
D) won't return / could have reached
E) don't return / would reach

11. (03-7-20) Choose the best answer taking.

I wish we ... a new car. It ... another loan.

- A) bought / will mean
B) wouldn't buy / meant
C) can't buy / can mean
D) will buy / could mean
E) didn't buy / would mean

12. (03-7-23) Choose the best answer.

I wish you ... meat in the freezer. If you ..., it ... soon.

- A) keep / do / will spoil
B) will keep / didn't / would spoil
C) can keep / does / spoils
D) kept / don't / will spoil
E) could keep / will do / wouldn't spoil

13. (03-7-41) Choose the best answer.

I wish we ... our raincoats. It's raining cats and dogs.

- A) took B) will take
C) can take D) take
E) had taken

14. (03-7-42) Choose the best answer.

I wish she ... lies. She must be honest.

- A) didn't tell B) won't tell
C) doesn't tell D) couldn't tell
E) can't tell

15. (03-7-43) Choose the best answer.

I wish they ... the map at home. They wouldn't have lost the way.

- A) couldn't leave B) hadn't left
C) didn't leave D) haven't left
E) can't leave

16. (03-7-44) Choose the best answer.

I wish she ... an actress. She has a talent for this.

- A) become B) will become
C) became D) becomes
E) can become

17. (04-1-393) Choose the best answer.

He is very rude. I wish him ... more polite.

- A) had been B) hadn't been
C) have been D) weren't
E) were

18. (04-1-395) Choose the best answer.

I wish I ... to the hockey match tomorrow. The match will be very interesting.

- A) could go B) couldn't go
C) could have gone D) can go
E) couldn't have gone

19. (04-1-396) Choose the appropriate answer.

I wish you ... in Australia next month.

- A) had been B) have been
C) was D) would he
E) were

20. (04-1-400) Choose the best answer.

I wish she ... next Tuesday.

- A) has returned B) have returned
C) would return D) had returned
E) will return

21. (04-1-401) Choose the best answer.

I wish we ... the homework together this evening.

- A) has done B) will do C) had done
D) would do E) do

22. (04-1-402) Choose the best answer.

I wish he ... for the invention next week.

- A) will be paid B) has been paid
C) were paid D) had been paid
E) would be paid

23. (04-1-403) Choose the best answer.

I wish I ... free next weekend. We could go to the cinema.

- A) hadn't been B) will be
C) would be D) have been
E) had been

24. (04-1-408) Choose the best answer.

I wish I ... to him tonight.

- A) will speak B) didn't speak
C) had spoken D) would speak
E) have spoken

25. (04-1-410) Choose the best answer.

I wish you ... the article I am going to recommend. You would know how to answer such questions.

- A) read B) would read
C) had read D) will read E) are reading

26. (04-1-413) Choose the best answer.

Searchers wished the hikers ... last night.

- A) will be found B) had been found
C) would be found D) were found
E) would find

27. (04-1-416) Choose the best answer.

I wish they ... in tomorrow. They will be busy.

- A) drop B) dropped
C) had dropped D) has dropped
E) would drop

28. (04-1-418) Choose the best answer.
I wish he ... with us last summer. We could have gone to the mountains and swum in the lake.

- A) hadn't been B) had been
C) would be D) were
E) wouldn't be

29. (v5-135-31) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the correct form of the verb.

- I wish I ... an umbrella now.
A) will have B) am having
C) have D) shall have
E) had

30. (v5-146-31) Choose the right form of the verb.

- I wish I ... so much money. And now I have to borrow it from my parents.
A) wouldn't have spent B) do not spend
C) didn't spend D) hadn't spent
E) haven't spent

31. (v10-109-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I can't remember the address. I wish I ... it down.
A) will write B) wrote
C) have written D) had written

32. (v10-115-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I would have gone to the dancing contest. I wish you ... me about it.
A) would tell B) have told
C) told D) had told

33. (v10-118-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- We haven't seen each other for a long time. I wish I ... see you a bit more often.
A) can B) could
C) are able to D) will be able to

34. (v10-121-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Now Mary knows everything. I wish you ... your mouth shut yesterday.
A) have kept B) kept
C) had kept D) keep

35. (v10-122-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I wish the police ... me when I was driving my car too fast.
A) had seen B) hadn't seen
C) saw D) didn't see

36. (v10-128-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- Roger is not enjoying his job. He wishes he ... a different job.
A) have B) can have
C) had D) will have

37. (v13-108-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I know that something is annoying you. I wish you ... what it is. Maybe I can help you.
A) will tell B) tell
C) told D) to tell

38. (v13-123-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I wish I ... to Ann's party last night.
A) had gone B) didn't go
C) went D) would go

39. (v13-126-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The play was a great success. I wish you ... it together with us.
A) will see B) were seen
C) had seen D) saw

40. (v13-127-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I wish I ... there to see Dan's face when they told him the news.
A) had been B) were
C) would have been D) have been

41. (v13-132-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I wish I ... on holiday with you, but I am busy tomorrow.
A) would have gone B) went
C) could go D) will go

42. (v13-135-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I know that something is annoying you. I wish you ... what it is. Maybe I can help you.
A) told B) will tell C) tell D) to tell

43. (v14-111-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- We wish you'd turn the TV ..., it's too loud!
A) on B) of
C) up D) down

44. (v14-115-8) Choose the best answer.

- I wish I ... you. But you didn't tell me.
A) had helped B) would have helped
C) hadn't helped D) couldn't have helped

45. (v15-110-2) Choose the best answer.

- I wish I ... take part in this concert tour after we've passed the exams.
A) had been able to B) can
C) could D) would be able

46. (v15-116-3) Choose the best answer.

- I didn't know you were ill. I wish you ... me about it.
A) would tell B) tell
C) told D) had told

47. (v15-119-1) Choose the best answer.

- Do you wish you ... maths instead of English last year? This year you have very little time for the language.
A) had studied B) couldn't have studied
C) hadn't studied D) would have studied

48. (v16-107-11) Choose the best answer.

- It's a great pity you didn't come to London with us last summer, as you ... it before, it ... a wonderful holiday for you.
A) didn't see / would be
B) have never seen / will surely be
C) hadn't seen / would have been
D) didn't see / had been

49. (v16-111-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- If he ... all right, he ... with us yesterday.
A) was / was
B) were not / would be
C) had been / would have been
D) were / would be

50. (v16-116-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- If he ... a ticket, he ... at the wedding party yesterday.
A) bought / would have been
B) had bought / would be
C) had bought / would have been
D) buys / will be

51. (v16-121-2) Choose the right answer.

- If you ... more carefully yesterday, perhaps you ... the instructions.
A) were listening / understood
B) listened / would understand
C) had listened / would have understood
D) listen / would understand

52. (v16-121-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- If my dad ... shopping earlier, he ... at home by now.
A) had gone / would have been
B) had gone / would be
C) went / would have been
D) went / will be

53. (v16-130-10) Choose the best answer.

- If you ... drinking, you ... probably ... better.
A) stopped / would / feel
B) stop / would / feel
C) had stopped / will / feel
D) would stop / - / felt

54. (v17-107-2) Choose the correct answer.

- Elton ... all of his money. Now he does not have money for attending language courses.
A) must not spend
B) should not spend
C) should not have spent
D) need not spend

55. (v17-107-4) Choose the correct answer.

- If the boxer ... more courageous, he would win the match.
A) has been B) was C) is D) were

56. (v17-111-10) Choose the correct answer.

- What would you do, if somebody ... you \$ 1 million?
A) gives B) gave
C) give D) would have given

57. (v17-119-15) Choose the correct answer.

- If I ... you, I ... this summer coat. It was fascinating.
A) has been / wouldn't have bought
B) were / would have bought
C) am / will buy
D) had been / wouldn't have bought

58. (v17-120-3) Choose the correct answer.

- I wish she ... so sad.
A) had not looked B) looks
C) was looking D) did not look

59. (v18-430) I wish I ... more time.

- A) had B) have
C) would have D) will have

60. (v18-431) Sometimes they both wish they ... married so young.

- A) didn't get B) haven't got
C) don't get D) hadn't got

61. (v18-432) Don't you wish we ... ten years ago?

- A) met B) had met
C) have met D) meet

62. (v19/20-102-17) Choose the correct answer.

- I ... have stayed overnight with Don and Mary, but I thought I should get home as soon as possible.
A) should B) must C) could D) have to

63. (v19/20-103-8) Choose the correct answer.

It rains a lot here. I wish it ... rain so often.

- A) wasn't
- B) haven't
- C) hadn't
- D) didn't

64. (v19/20-104-11) Choose the correct answer.

I wish you ... the phone yourself. You made the problem worse actually.

- A) haven't repaired
- B) didn't repair
- C) hadn't repaired
- D) won't repair

65. (v19/20-110-5) Choose the correct answer.

I wish I ... all money on that expensive coat. I don't have any money to buy some food now.

- A) spent
- B) would spend
- C) won't spend
- D) hadn't spent

66. (v19/20-113-7) Choose the correct answer.

I feel sick. I wish I ... so much cake.

- A) didn't eat
- B) hadn't eaten
- C) ate
- D) haven't eaten

67. (v19/20-116-18) Choose the correct answer.

She wishes that the book ... interesting.

- A) had to be
- B) has been
- C) were
- D) been

68. (v19/20-117-11) Choose the appropriate verb.

We wish you ... the tickets beforehand.

- A) had booked
- B) booked
- C) book
- D) have booked

69. (v19/20-125-15) Choose the correct answer.

It was silly of me not to buy that dress, I wish I ... it.

- A) should buy
- B) could buy
- C) had bought
- D) buy

70. (v19/20-128-12) Choose the correct answer.

Mary always has to get up at 5 a. m. to go to work. Mary wishes she ... to get up at 5 a. m.

- A) doesn't have
- B) didn't have
- C) hadn't had
- D) won't have

89. Conditional sentences

1. (96-6-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If my friend ... to our town next year I ... him the sights of the city.

- A) shall come / show
- B) comes / shall show
- C) has come / is showing
- D) is coming / will show
- E) come / shows

2. (96-6-47) Choose the beginning of the sentence.

... he would have signed his name in the corner.

- A) If he would have painted the picture
- B) If he paints the picture
- C) If he painted the picture
- D) If he shall paint the picture
- E) If he had painted the picture

3. (96-8-24) Choose the appropriate verbs.

I hoped if I ... by the 10 o'clock train I ... change for a bus.

- A) went / shan't
- B) should go / hadn't
- C) go / shan't
- D) went / shouldn't
- E) go / shouldn't

4. (96-8-26) Choose the appropriate verbs.

I ... he ... it interesting.

- A) hoped / find
- B) hoped / finds
- C) hopes / would find
- D) hoped / would find
- E) 'll hope / find

5. (96-8-36) Choose the appropriate form of verbs.

We ... have our supper when our mother ... from work.

- A) shall / comes
- B) - / comes
- C) - / will come
- D) shan't / come
- E) shall / come

6. (96-8-74) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

He ... me if I ... a taxi yesterday.

- A) will ask / takes
- B) ask / take
- C) is asking / shall take
- D) asked / had taken
- E) will ask / take

7. (96-8-90) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

This man ... your TV today if you ... him.

- A) would repair / asked
- B) repairs / will ask
- C) will repair / will ask
- D) would have repaired / had asked
- E) would be repaired / were asked

8. (96-8-102) Choose the beginning of the sentence.

... your mother wouldn't be angry with you.

- A) If you didn't get bad marks
- B) If you got bad marks
- C) If you haven't got bad marks
- D) If you get bad marks
- E) If you don't get bad marks

9. (96-9-79) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you ... in a hurry, leave that to me.

- A) will be
- B) were
- C) are
- D) was
- E) are being

10. (96-9-83) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I didn't know anyone in the city where I ... to get a job.

- A) try
- B) was trying
- C) would try
- D) have tried
- E) shall try

11. (96-9-90) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you ... your swimming suit you would be able to go for a swim now.

- A) don't leave
- B) weren't leaving
- C) will not leave
- D) haven't left
- E) hadn't left

12. (96-9-96) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If we ... English four times week we'll learn it quicker.

- A) are having
- B) had
- C) have
- D) will have
- E) shall have

13. (96-12-29) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you had worked more, you ... to translate this article yesterday.

- A) are able
- B) was able
- C) were able
- D) would have been able
- E) has been able

14. (96-12-75) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I'm taking my sister out as she ... any sun for a long time.

- A) hasn't had
- B) haven't had
- C) hadn't been
- D) will have
- E) shall have

15. (96-12-89) Choose a phrase to complete the sentence.

If I were you ...

- A) I shall wait
- B) I wait
- C) I should wait
- D) I waited
- E) I'm waiting

16. (96-13-21) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I couldn't imagine what ... to her.

- A) had happened
- B) has been happened
- C) will happen
- D) will be happening
- E) happens

17. (96-13-23) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If you ... after two hares you ... none.

- A) run / catch
- B) run / will catch
- C) will run / will catch
- D) will run / catch
- E) ran / catch

18. (96-13-40) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If all the seas ... one sea, what a great sea it ...

- A) were / would be
- B) is / will be
- C) would be / were
- D) will be / will be
- E) were / will be

19. (96-13-135) Choose the appropriate verbs.

I ... you the book after I ... it.

- A) give / read
- B) shall give / had read
- C) shall give / have read
- D) have given / shall read
- E) am giving / read [red]

20. (96-13-148) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If you ... to me yesterday, we ... this article together.

- A) came / shall translate
- B) would come / should translate
- C) had come / should have translated
- D) come / having translated
- E) were coming / should be translating

21. (96-15-36) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If I ... my entrance exams I ... the happiest man in the world.

- A) shall pass / would be
- B) passed / am
- C) passed / would have been
- D) will pass / be
- E) pass / shall be

22. (96-15-143) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If the weather ... fine we to ... the park.

- A) is / shall go
- B) was / go
- C) are / go
- D) was / shall go
- E) would / should go

23. (96-15-183) Choose the appropriate form of verbs.

When he ... in London, it ... heavily

- A) arrive / rains
- B) arrives / rained
- C) arrived / was raining
- D) will arrive / rains
- E) arrived / is raining

24. (96-15-196) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

As soon as the guests ... we ... our party.

- A) will come / began
- B) comes / begin
- C) will come / begin
- D) come / shall begin
- E) come / begin

25. (97-1-35) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

She ... if she ... that she was ill.

- A) won't go out / knows
B) didn't go out / knew
C) hasn't gone out / has known
D) wouldn't have gone out / had known
E) doesn't go out / knows

26. (97-2-23) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you are free watch the film they ... on TV.

- A) shows B) showed C) are showing
D) had showed E) have showed

27. (97-2-27) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

On our way home we ... the problem if we could ... the fine celebration of our mother's birthday.

- A) discussed / organised
B) were discussing / organise
C) had discussed / organise
D) have discussed / were organising
E) discuss / organises

28. (97-2-42) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Tomorrow if the weather ... fine we ... out of the town for hours.

- A) is / shall get B) will be / shall get
C) be / will get D) were / get
E) was / get

29. (97-3-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If you ... tickets we ... Bukhara.

- A) will buy / shall visit
B) bought / visit
C) buys / visited
D) were buying / should visit
E) buy / shall visit

30. (97-3-80) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I was in a supermarket. As soon as I ... for the goods somebody ... me.

- A) paid / would push
B) had paid / pushed
C) have paid / pushed
D) pay / will push
E) have paid / is pushing

31. (97-4-3) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

It ... when we ... home.

- A) rained / came
B) rained / was coming
C) was raining / came
D) will rain / came
E) rained / shall come

32. (97-4-19) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If I ... time I ... you.

- A) have / help
B) shall have / shall help
C) shall have / help
D) have / shall help
E) has / help

33. (97-5-21) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When we ... in Hiva we ... sightseeing.

- A) are / went B) were / went
C) shall be / go D) are / go
E) had been / go

34. (97-6-41) Choose the right form of the verbs.

We ... to see you next Sunday, if I ... well.

- A) shall come / shall get
B) come / get
C) comes / will get
D) shall come / get
E) will come / will get

35. (97-7-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Tomorrow when you ... the sun.

- A) woke up / shines
B) have woken up / was shining
C) wake up / will be shining
D) will wake up / will shine
E) woke up / shined

36. (97-8-36) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If it ... this winter, we ... skiing.

- A) snow / go
B) snows / shall go
C) snowed / went
D) snowed / had gone
E) had snowed / had gone

37. (97-9-40) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

I ... happy if I ... the university.

- A) shall be / shall enter B) am / shall enter
C) am / enter D) shall be / enter
E) was / enter

38. (97-9-41) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If we ... a letter at 8 o'clock yesterday, we ... on the same day.

- A) got / started
B) had got / had started
C) would get / had started
D) had got / should have started
E) should have got / had started

39. (97-9-95) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... next week if I can ... a train ticket.

- A) go / get B) shall go / got
C) went / got D) shall go / get
E) was going / get

40. (97-10-19) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

As soon as he ... to see me, we ... chess.

- A) will come / shall play
B) comes / shall play
C) will come / play
D) comes / play
E) came / play

41. (97-10-36) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

Mike ... certainly if he ... not busy.

- A) comes / is
B) will come / will be
C) will come / is
D) comes / will be
E) come / will be

42. (97-11-36) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

We ... for a walk if the weather ... fine.

- A) shall go / will be B) go / is
C) shall go / is D) go / will be
E) goes / will be

43. (97-12-45) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

If I ... shopping I some ... food tomorrow.

- A) went / shall buy B) go / buy
C) am going / would buy D) go / shall buy
E) had gone / would buy

44. (98-1-24) Choose the appropriate verb forms from. If I ... the power I ...

people smoking at school and public places.

- A) bad / stop B) could have / would stop
C) had / stopped D) had / would stop
E) have / would stop

45. (98-1-25) Choose the beginning of the sentence.

... while he was having breakfast.

- A) He climbed the fence
B) His pen stopped writing
C) He felt off the ladder
D) He bit his tongue
E) He painted the ceiling

46. (98-2-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When they ... about it there ... much trouble.

- A) finds out / be B) found out / were
C) is finding out / is D) find out / will be
E) found out / had been

47. (98-2-35) Choose the right variant of the indirect speech. Did you steep well? I

asked him. I asked him if ... well.

- A) he sleeps B) he slept
C) he had slept D) you slept
E) you did sleep

48. (98-2-36) Choose the appropriate forms of the verb.

I ... them some money if they ... me for

- A) send / ask B) sent / asked
C) will send / will ask D) would send / ask
E) shall send / ask

49. (98-3-24) Choose the appropriate verb forms. If Helen ... anywhere in the

world she ... in India.

- A) lived / live
B) live / would live
C) could live / would live
D) didn't live / would live
E) lives / would live

50. (98-3-69) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... you as soon as we ... the contract.

- A) shall call / sign B) call / sign
C) called / sign D) would call / sign
E) is calling / are signing

51. (98-4-32) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

As the goods ... by the customs officers, the

lathers allowed us to take them away.

- A) was examined
B) will be examined
C) have been examined
D) are examined
E) were examined

52. (98-5-28) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

After long consideration we ... to the

conclusion our behaviour ...

- A) came / had been justified
B) came / will be justified
C) will come / would be justified
D) are coming / will justify
E) has come / are being justified

53. (98-5-32) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If you ... the Prime Minister what ... you ...?

- A) are / would / have done
B) were / would / do
C) will be / will / do
D) have been / are / doing
E) will have been / would / be doing

54. (98-5-35) Choose the appropriate modal verbs.

If you ... fix a radio, you ... repair a TV too.
 A) can / will be able to B) must / may
 C) couldn't / can D) need / has to
 E) may / needn't to

55. (98-6-58) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

If one person is careless with a library book, then it ... be read by others.
 A) can't B) couldn't C) may
 D) can E) mightn't

56. (98-6-60) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I ... if you come too late tomorrow.
 A) shall be sleeping B) will sleep
 C) sleep D) am sleeping
 E) was sleeping

57. (98-8-20) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

– What ... you ... at 6 p.m. yesterday?
 – I ... my homework. After I ... it I played chess with my friend.
 A) did / do / did / have done
 B) was / doing / was doing / had done
 C) were / doing / was doing / had done
 D) were / doing / did / have done
 E) had / done / had done / did

58. (98-8-21) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

As soon as he ... to Samarkand he ... us a letter.
 A) get / send B) gets / sends
 C) gets / will send D) got / should send
 E) got / has sent

59. (98-8-23) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If you ... to be a friend, never borrow, never ...
 A) want / lend B) wanted / lent
 C) wants / lends D) will want / lend
 E) want / lent

60. (98-8-24) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When we ... the station the train ... already ...
 A) reach / has / left
 B) reached / had / left
 C) reach / was / leaving
 D) shall reach / – / left
 E) were reaching / were / leaving

61. (98-8-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If I ... you I ... French next year.
 A) am / learn B) was / shall learn
 C) am / should learn D) were / should learn
 E) were / learned

62. (98-9-38) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

What would you do if a millionaire ... you a lot of money?
 A) gave B) give
 C) will give D) giving E) gives

63. (98-9-39) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If it ... not so late I should go with you.
 A) was B) were C) is D) be E) are

64. (98-12-38) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If you ... harder you ... more money and now you ... to buy a car.
 A) have worked / would earn / could
 B) had worked / would have earned / would be able
 C) had worked / would earn / will be able
 D) has worked / would have earned / could
 E) worked / would earn / might

C) had worked / would earn / will be able
 D) has worked / would have earned / could
 E) worked / would earn / might

65. (99-2-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He might ... the accident if he ... more careful.
 A) avoid / was
 B) have avoided / had been
 C) avoid / had been
 D) had avoided / were
 E) avoids / is

66. (99-3-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If you ... harder last year you ... English well now.
 A) worked / had known
 B) work / will know
 C) had worked / would know
 D) will work / know
 E) would work / would have known

67. (99-3-41) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you ... so rude to her she ... to us earlier.
 A) were not / had come
 B) hadn't been / would have come
 C) are / would have come
 D) are / will come
 E) are not being / would come

68. (99-4-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

They ... us that they ... from their families for more than a year.
 A) tell / were not hearing
 B) would be told / hear
 C) had told / don't hear
 D) told / had not heard
 E) told / will be hearing

69. (99-4-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If he ... English well, he ... the article without difficulty yesterday.
 A) knew / would have translated
 B) know / had been translated
 C) has known / will have translate
 D) would know / will translate
 E) would have known / would have translated

70. (99-5-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I wonder whether he ... if nothing unexpected ... him.
 A) comes / detains
 B) will come / detain
 C) comes / will detain
 D) will come / will detain
 E) will come / detains

71. (99-5-26) Choose the appropriate form of the modal verb.

I don't think you will need any help but if you ... it, just let me know.
 A) need B) needed C) will need
 D) needing E) needs

72. (99-5-43) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

They are expecting us. They will be disappointed if we ...
 A) won't come B) didn't come
 C) haven't come D) don't come
 E) came

73. (99-5-45) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If I had gone to the party last night, I ... tired now.

A) will be B) am
 C) would be D) would have been
 E) was

74. (99-5-46) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I would have sent you a postcard while I was on holiday if I ... your address.
 A) had B) was having C) had had
 D) will have E) would have

75. (99-5-48) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Many people would be out of work if that factory ... down.
 A) had been closed B) were closed
 C) was closing D) is closed
 E) will be closed

76. (99-6-56) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you ... Ann tomorrow, can you tell her to phone me?
 A) saw B) see C) will see
 D) had seen E) shall see

77. (99-6-57) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you ... these pills yesterday you ... well now.
 A) had taken / would be
 B) took / would be
 C) had taken / had been
 D) took / will be
 E) would take / would be

78. (99-7-42) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If anyone comes in he ... looking through his papers.
 A) is found B) was found
 C) would be found D) will be found
 E) should be found

79. (99-7-47) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

He ... the picture if it ... him.
 A) will buy / impressed
 B) would buy / impresses
 C) will buy / impresses
 D) will buy / will impress
 E) has bought / impress

80. (99-7-48) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If she ... a new dress, I ... her then.
 A) hadn't been wearing / might have recognized
 B) didn't wear / might recognize
 C) wasn't wearing / might recognize
 D) wouldn't wear / would recognize
 E) hadn't been wearing / might recognize

81. (99-7-49) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If the help ... in time, the experiment ... tomorrow afternoon.
 A) had offered / would be completed
 B) was offered / will be completed
 C) had been offered / would be completed
 D) is offered / would be completed
 E) are offered / will be completed

82. (99-7-50) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If he ... generous, he ... the poor during World War II.
 A) were / would have helped
 B) is / would have helped
 C) was / would help
 D) was / will help
 E) were / would help

83. (99-9-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.
I ... I ... her back.
A) thought / would get B) thought / shall get
C) think / had got D) thinks / am getting
E) doesn't think / get

84. (99-9-24) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If you ... the dictionary yesterday I ... to translate the article today.

- A) had given / would be able
B) give / am able
C) gave / will be able
D) will give / am able
E) have given / was able

85. (99-9-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... so upset, if I ... you.

- A) am / am B) wouldn't be / were
C) was / were D) won't be / are
E) shall be / would be

86. (99-9-30) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Our fate is in her hands now. If she ... tickets we ... away.

- A) has bought / would fly B) buys / shall fly
C) buy / fly D) bought / fly
E) bought / would have flown

87. (99-10-24) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I don't know when she ... but when she ... I'll give her your book.

- A) will come / will come
B) will come / come
C) come / will come
D) will come / comes
E) comes / will come

88. (99-10-28) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

... I ... after the luggage or ... you?

- If you ... to the luggage and pay the driver I'll go in and see about rooms.

- A) shall / look / will / see
B) shall / look / will / will see
C) will / look / shall / saw
D) should / look / would / would see
E) would / looked / will / saw

89. (99-10-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If he ... Tashkent he ... us.

- A) was / will visit B) were / would visit
C) will be / will visit D) is / would visit
E) are / will visit

90. (99-10-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- He failed his exam and he has to take it again in summer.

- If he ... so many lessons he ... it. But he didn't follow the teacher's advice.

- A) didn't miss / would pass
B) hadn't missed / would have passed
C) doesn't miss / won't pass
D) has missed / will pass
E) will miss / doesn't pass

91. (00-2-44) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I can't say anything about the performance. If I ... to the theatre, I could ... the show myself.

- A) have been / have seen B) had / saw
C) had been / have seen D) was / saw
E) had / had seen

92. (00-6-32) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The car ... after the battery ...

- A) will run / is replaced
B) ran / would replace
C) was running / replaced
D) runs / replaces
E) is running / had replaced

93. (00-6-34) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

They say, if the trade ... illegal, hunters without licences ... greater suffering to animals.

- A) is made / will be caused
B) were made / would cause
C) was made / is caused
D) will be made / caused
E) made / will cause

94. (00-7-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

As soon as I ... through with my homework I ... you know.

- A) shall be / shall let B) am / let
C) am / shall let D) were / let
E) had been / would let

95. (00-7-39) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... leave before I ... a definite answer.

- A) shall not / have got
B) do not leave / shall get
C) didn't / shall have got
D) shall not / got
E) - / shall be getting

96. (00-7-42) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I think if she ... to the country, she ... there till early September.

- A) will go / would stay B) went / would stay
C) shall go / will stay D) would go / stays
E) were going / were staying

97. (00-7-43) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If the man ... on at once he ... dead.

- A) were operated / won't have been
B) has been operated / wouldn't have been
C) had been operated / will be
D) had been operated / wouldn't have been
E) were being operated / is

98. (00-8-26) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Professor: You can't sleep in my class.

Student: If you ... so loud I ...

- A) don't talk / as able
B) didn't talk / could
C) will not talk / will be able
D) hadn't talk / would
E) won't talk / was able

99. (00-9-40) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- Usually it takes us 15 minutes to get to the centre by taxi.

- And how long does it take if you ... to the centre?

- If we ... to the centre it takes us an hour.

- A) will walk / walk B) walk / will walk
C) shall walk / walk D) walk / walk
E) walk / shall walk

100. (00-10-18) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If we ... the milk within the next few days, it may turn sour.

- A) aren't drinking B) don't drink
C) didn't drink D) won't drink
E) shan't drink

101. (01-2-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

It's rather cool now. If it ... a little warmer we ... to the country.

- A) is / should go B) will be / would go
C) were / could go D) had been / should go
E) will be / shall go

102. (01-2-73) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... the letter for an hour when he ...

- A) have written / came
B) wrote / came
C) am writing / comes
D) had been writing / came
E) had written / will come

103. (01-2-74) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... when I ... him.

- A) knows / shall see
B) don't know / shall see
C) am knowing / see
D) knew / see
E) had known / saw

104. (01-3-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I would have seen the film if I ... it was an English film.

- A) would have known B) knew
C) had known D) have known
E) would know

105. (01-3-30) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If Alisher hadn't gone skating, he ... his leg.

- A) hadn't broken B) didn't break
C) won't break D) wouldn't have broken
E) wouldn't break

106. (01-3-82) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I think I ... pass my exams if I, ... hard.

- A) can / shall study
B) are able to / study
C) shall be able to / study
D) shall be able to / had studied
E) am able to / shall study

107. (01-3-84) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If I ... you, I ... it.

- A) were / wouldn't do B) am / do
C) was / shall do D) to be / to do
E) am / wouldn't have done it

108. (01-3-86) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If mother ..., wake me up.

- A) called B) will call
C) calls D) had called
E) is being called

109. (01-4-20) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Olim is ill, he ... cold, if he ... on a warm coat.

- A) would not have caught / had put
B) wouldn't catch / had put
C) wouldn't have caught / puts
D) will catch / had put
E) would catch / don't put

110. (01-4-74) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

My wallet was stolen. If I ... more careful, it ...

- A) was / wouldn't happen
B) were / wouldn't happen
C) am / won't happen
D) had been / wouldn't have happened
E) had been / would have happened

111. (01-5-20) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

We ... scarcely ... the contract when the goods ... here.

- A) - / signed / were arriving
 B) were / signing / had arrived
 C) would / have signed / had arrived
 D) are / signed / were arrived
 E) had / signed / arrived

112. (01-5-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Don't worry. If I ... them I ... the situation.

- A) shall see / shall explain
 B) saw / would explain
 C) see / shall explain
 D) had seen / would have explained
 E) am seen / shall be explained

113. (01-6-34) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

- If I ... the University I ... the happiest girl in the world.

- I'm sure your dreams ... true if you work hard.

- A) shall enter / shall be / will come
 B) entered / will be / come true
 C) enter / shall he / will come
 D) will enter / should be / came
 E) entered / should be / came

114. (01-6-35) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The Browns ... for the USA as soon as they ... back from Samarkand. Let Nelly see them off.

- A) leave / come
 B) will leave / come
 C) left / will come
 D) will leave / will come
 E) would leave / had left

115. (01-7-27) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

We ... at eight o'clock if it ... by that time.

- A) started / was raining
 B) shall start / is being rained
 C) would start / stops raining
 D) won't start / shan't stop raining
 E) shall start / has stopped raining

116. (01-7-29) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

When I ... the book I ... it to the library. It was last Monday.

- A) have read / shall take
 B) had read / shall take
 C) reads / took
 D) had read / took
 E) read / take

117. (01-7-36) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If you ... here, I ... you what they ... to me.

- A) are / would tell / say
 B) were / would tell / had said
 C) had been / shall tell / said
 D) will be / told / said
 E) be / will tell / have said

118. (01-8-10) Choose the appropriate answer.

She will feel a lot better when she ... smoking.

- A) will stop B) stops C) stopped
 D) was stopping E) will be stopped

119. (01-8-20) Choose the appropriate phrase.

If I ever ... those boys in my orchard, I'll teach them a good lesson.

- A) catch the sight of
 B) begin to see
 C) succeed in seeing
 D) see for a short time
 E) put off

120. (01-8-40) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If you think he ... a liar why do you consult him?

- A) be B) to be C) being D) is E) was

121. (01-9-14) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

It's expensive to heat the house at the moment and that's partly because the ceilings are so high. If the ceilings ... lower, it ... much cheaper to heat.

- A) was / will be B) are / is
 C) will be / will be D) were / would be
 E) were / was

122. (01-9-16) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

There is the second time I ... to this island. If I ... enough time, there ... lots of things to do here and the travelling could have its exciting moments.

- A) am / have / were
 B) was / had / will be
 C) will be / am having / are
 D) shall be / had / would be
 E) have been / had / would be

123. (01-9-27) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Karl wants his wife ... her job and ... at home with the children.

- A) quit / stayed B) quit / to stay
 C) to quit / stays D) to quit / stay
 E) quitted / to stay

124. (01-10-37) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... him another book if he ... the first in time.

- A) will give / return
 B) shall give / returned
 C) shall give / returns
 D) return / will give
 E) shall give / will return

125. (01-11-17) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

The patient ... better if he ... the medicine, the doctor has prescribed.

- A) is / took B) would be / takes
 C) will be / takes D) was / had taken
 E) is / will take

126. (01-11-41) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I am tired, but if you ... me strong coffee, I ... working.

- A) shall make / shall go on
 B) are making / go on
 C) made / go on
 D) make / shall go on
 E) shall make / go on

127. (01-11-44) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I asked him if he ... for supper.

- A) would stay B) stays
 C) has stayed D) will stay
 E) is staying

128. (01-11-46) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

Jane asked if she ... switch off the radio.

- A) may B) might C) can
 D) must E) has to

129. (01-12-40) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If I hadn't been so busy yesterday, I ... to the station to see you off.

- A) went B) would go
 C) had gone D) would have gone
 E) will go

130. (01-12-44) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

If he ... to bed so late yesterday, he ... so drowsy now.

- A) didn't go / wasn't
 B) doesn't go / wouldn't be
 C) didn't go / wouldn't be
 D) hadn't gone / wouldn't have been
 E) hadn't gone / wouldn't be

131. (02-1-42) Choose the best answer.

I ... put my money there if I didn't think it was safe.

- A) wouldn't B) hadn't C) didn't
 D) will E) would

132. (02-1-61) Choose the best answer.

If the radio isn't working properly, you should ... to the shop. You've just bought it.

- A) take it out B) receive it
 C) bring it up D) take it back
 E) put it back

133. (02-2-20) Choose the best answer.

If I were you, I ... to a doctor.

- A) should go B) went
 C) shall go D) go
 E) am going

134. (02-4-10) Choose the best answer.

Karmol had never eaten paella until he ...

- A) did his military service
 B) went to university
 C) fell in love
 D) went to Spain
 E) visited the museum

135. (02-4-27) Choose the best answer.

If you ... earlier you would have caught the train.

- A) left B) had left
 C) will leave D) would leave
 E) leave

136. (02-4-28) Choose the best answer.

If you ... the article I recommended, you'd known how to answer such questions.

- A) read B) would read
 C) had read D) will read
 E) are reading

137. (02-5-24) Choose the best answer.

If I ... a painter, I ... my mother's portrait.

- A) am / would draw
 B) were / will draw
 C) was / will draw
 D) were / would draw
 E) shall be / shall draw

138. (02-5-25) Choose the best answer.

If he ... so cruel, he ... the child so badly.

The poor thing was so helpless.

- A) hadn't been / would have treated
 B) were / wouldn't treat
 C) was / would treat
 D) weren't / wouldn't have treated
 E) wasn't / wouldn't treat

139. (02-5-43) Choose the best answer.

Last night he ... up crying as if somebody ... him.

- A) has woken / hit B) had woken / has hit
 C) woke / had hit D) wakes / hits
 E) wakes / would hit

140. (02-5-44) Choose the best answer.

I ... him if he ... this film before.

- A) shall ask / will have seen
B) had asked / saw
C) asked / had seen
D) ask / saw
E) have asked / saw

141. (02-7-18) Choose the best answer.

And when you ... that, there ... something else I want you to do as well.

- A) finish / would be
B) had finished / will be
C) will finish / will be
D) have finished / is
E) finished / are

142. (02-7-40) Choose the best answer.

If I ... as young as you are, I ... a walking holiday.

- A) am / will have
B) was / will have
C) should be / had
D) were / would have had
E) were / should have

143. (02-8-40) Choose the best answer.

If you ... us the samples in time, we could have started tests a week ago.

- A) sent B) have sent
C) send D) had sent
E) would send

144. (02-8-42) Choose the best answer.

If she ... where we were going to, she ... to come to.

- A) knew / would want
B) knows / will want
C) had known / would want
D) would know / wanted
E) will know / will want

145. (02-9-34) Choose the best answer.

... I come earlier I ... him. He had left 5 minutes before I came.

- A) Did / would meet B) Had / would meet
C) Have / shall meet D) Do / will meet
E) Had / should have met

146. (02-9-35) Choose the best answer.

If Ann ... cleverer she ... a lie at the court then. No one is allowed to give a false testimony there.

- A) is / will tell B) was / would tell
C) will be / won't tell D) were / would tell
E) were / wouldn't have told

147. (02-9-37) Choose the best answer.

It's no use ... to pass the entrance exams if you ... hard this year.

- A) to try / didn't work
B) try / don't work
C) trying / haven't worked
D) try / have worked
E) trying / won't work

148. (02-9-43) Choose the best answer.

Oliver feared that he ... at the station at all. He wondered where he ... then.

- A) might not meet / go
B) might have met / goes
C) could meet / went
D) couldn't have met / went
E) might not be met / would go

149. (02-9-46) Choose the best answer.

Oh, Mary, you ... a lie to your mother. She ... you.

- A) shouldn't tell / could have helped
B) should tell / might have helped

C) shouldn't have told / could have helped

D) mustn't have told / could help

E) may tell / must

150. (02-10-74) Choose the best answer.

If ..., you could do it much better.

- A) you take part B) you try hard
C) you wished D) everything is OK
E) the sea is calm

151. (02-10-76) Choose the best answer.

If ..., the fire fighters would have extinguished the fire.

- A) the plane arrives on time
B) it happened tomorrow
C) you were not so bad
D) there is much water in the pond
E) anybody had informed them

152. (02-10-77) Choose the best answer.

If ..., I wouldn't be so worried.

- A) it is not too late
B) I were you
C) he comes late
D) mother brings sweets
E) he is angry with you

153. (02-11-44) Choose the best answer.

If you want to become a professional pianist, you ... practise every day.

- A) need B) must C) had to
D) might E) can

154. (02-11-47) Choose the best answer.

... careful things wouldn't have gone so wrong.

- A) If you are B) If you had been
C) Have you been D) If you have been
E) If you were

155. (02-12-34) Choose the best answer.

If she ... late, she ... the train.

- A) won't sleep / will not miss
B) didn't sleep / wouldn't have missed
C) hadn't slept / wouldn't have missed
D) slept / won't miss
E) doesn't sleep / wouldn't miss

156. (03-1-27) Choose the best answer.

If you ... breakfast in the morning, you ... so hungry now.

- A) had / would be
B) hadn't / wouldn't be
C) had had / would be
D) had had / wouldn't be
E) hadn't had / wouldn't be

157. (03-2-40) Choose the best answer.

We have not had any news from him ... he left Moscow.

- A) why B) how
C) until D) since
E) while

158. (03-4-9) Choose the best answer.

I ... no news from him since he ... home.

- A) have had / left B) has had / left
C) had / left D) have / leave
E) have had / leaves

159. (03-5-32) Choose the best answer.

– What was the end of the play?

– If you ... it out, you ... its end.

- A) will sit / will know
B) would sit / would have known
C) sat / would know
D) had sat / would have known
E) sat / will know

160. (03-5-33) Choose the best answer.

If the reforms ... place ten years ago, I ... my own business.

A) took / will have

B) had taken / would've had

C) took / would have

D) takes / will have

E) took / had

161. (03-6-45) Choose the best answer.

I ... more English books if I ... read them in the original.

- A) shall have / could
B) had / can
C) should have had / can
D) would have / could
E) could have had / shall be able to

162. (03-6-46) Choose the best answer.

If it ... necessary for my work, I ... Japanese.

- A) will be / shall learn
B) be / had learned
C) were / would learn
D) hadn't been / shan't learn
E) is / learns

163. (03-6-56) Choose the best answer.

If the person who broke the window ... it, the whole class ...

- A) don't repair / be punished
B) won't repair / is punished
C) wouldn't repair / would be punished
D) didn't repair / are punished
E) doesn't repair / will be punished

164. (03-6-58) Choose the best answer.

If the police ... set up road locks, terrorists ...

- A) hadn't / would have escaped
B) – / have escaped
C) wouldn't / will have escaped
D) didn't / escaped
E) don't / would escape

165. (03-6-60) Choose the best answer.

If he ... well, the team ... the game.

- A) has played / haven't lost
B) would play / would lose
C) played / lost
D) did play / won't lose
E) had played / wouldn't have lost

166. (03-6-64) Choose the best answer.

Look at this mess! If you ... everything you don't need, you ... such a mess now.

- A) had thrown / wouldn't have
B) would throw / didn't have
C) throw / couldn't have
D) could throw / won't have
E) have thrown / can't have

167. (03-7-5) Choose the best answer.

If they ... him, they ... to him.

- A) know / will talk
B) knew / talked
C) know / talk
D) had known / would have talked
E) have known / will have talked

168. (03-7-14) Choose the best answer.

If business ... so bad, the shop ... down.

- A) hasn't been / haven't closed
B) weren't / won't close
C) hadn't been / wouldn't have closed
D) isn't / closed
E) couldn't be / can't be closed

169. (03-7-15) Choose the best answer.

If we ... so much money last time, we ... out of money now.

- A) haven't spent / can't run
B) don't spend / wouldn't run
C) can't spend / won't run
D) wouldn't spend / don't run
E) hadn't spent / wouldn't run

170. (03-7-25) Choose the best answer.
If we ... the alarm for 6 o'clock, we ... late for the train.
A) set / would be B) haven't set / will be
C) don't set / are D) didn't set / were
E) had set / wouldn't have been

171. (03-7-26) Choose the best answer.
If you ... up all your vegetables, you ... an ice-cream.
A) ate / have B) will eat / will have
C) eat / can have D) would eat / have
E) had eaten / can have

172. (03-7-27) Choose the best answer.
If he ... more careful, he ... that brick on his boot.
A) had been / wouldn't have dropped
B) were / can't have dropped
C) is / will drop
D) would be / dropped
E) will be / couldn't drop

173. (03-7-28) Choose the best answer.
If you ... to lose weight, you ... to cut everything sweet.
A) is going / have
B) were going / can have
C) was going / would have
D) are going / will have
E) isn't going / have

174. (03-7-29) Choose the best answer.
If the government ... its best to reduce the cost of houses, people ... to buy a home of their own.
A) doesn't do / afforded
B) didn't do / couldn't afford
C) won't do / afford
D) wouldn't do / can't afford
E) couldn't do / didn't afford

175. (03-7-30) Choose the best answer.
I ... shopping if I ... money. Unfortunately, I don't have enough.
A) should go / have B) go / had
C) will go / will have D) went / have
E) would go / had

176. (03-7-31) Choose the best answer.
If you often ... to the stadium, you ... interesting matches. Why don't you go?
A) go / see
B) wouldn't / would see
C) went / would see
D) will go / will see
E) shall go / saw

177. (03-7-35) Choose the best answer.
If I ... every day, I ... healthy.
A) wouldn't swim / shan't feel
B) don't swim / didn't feel
C) won't swim / don't feel
D) didn't swim / wouldn't feel
E) shan't swim / wouldn't feel

178. (03-7-38) Choose the best answer.
If it ... so cold, we ... the child for a walk.
A) wasn't / took B) wouldn't be / would take
C) isn't / take D) weren't / would take
E) won't be / will take

179. (03-9-2) Choose the best answer.
I was sure he ... me some money if I ... for.
A) would lend / asked B) lent / would ask
C) lent / asked D) will lend / ask
E) had lent / asked

180. (03-10-19) Which of the following sentences is close to the meaning of the given one? He overslept and missed his flight to Chicago.

A) If he didn't oversleep, he wouldn't miss his flight to Chicago
B) If he hadn't overslept, he would miss his flight to Chicago
C) Hadn't he overslept, he wouldn't have missed his flight to Chicago
D) If he hadn't overslept, he won't have missed his flight to Chicago
E) If he overslept, he would miss his flight to Chicago

181. (03-10-20) Choose the best answer.
I haven't danced for years. If I ... dancing again, people ...
A) start / would wonder
B) had started / would have wondered
C) started / would wonder
D) started / will wonder
E) will start / will wonder

182. (03-10-21) Choose the best answer.
Everything depended now on whether she had told the truth. If she ... lying, we ... be lost.
A) had been / would B) was / will
C) were / would D) isn't / will
E) is / will

183. (03-11-23) Choose the best answer.
He ... his friend at the station if he ... in time.
A) will meet / comes B) will meet / come
C) has met / comes D) meet / come
E) will meet / came

184. (03-11-39) Choose the best answer.
If you ... me now, you ... a true friend.
A) will help / will be
B) helped / will be
C) had helped / would be
D) help / are
E) would help / were

185. (03-11-40) Choose the best answer.
If Jim ..., you ... wake him.
A) will sleep / will have to
B) slept / must
C) is sleeping / should
D) sleeps / has to
E) has slept / ought to

186. (03-11-46) Choose the best answer.
If you ... to get well, you'd better ... your medicine regularly.
A) want / take
B) wanted / took
C) want / to take
D) had wanted / have taken
E) will want / taking

187. (03-12-41) Choose the best answer.
If you ... me earlier, I could have helped you.
A) had told B) would have told
C) have told D) told
E) are telling

188. (03-12-42) Choose the best answer.
If only ... enough money, he would have bought that house.
A) he had had B) had he had
C) he didn't have D) he has had
E) he had

189. (04-1-129) Choose the best answer.
If you want to order ... of these flowers, ask ... to send them to your house.
A) some / they B) any / him
C) any / they D) some / their
E) any / their

190. (04-1-180) Choose the best answer.
As he ... breakfast, his mother washed the plates.

A) is having B) have had
C) will have had D) was having
E) has had

191. (04-1-348) Choose the right answer.
If Akbar goes next month, ... able to fulfil the task?
A) he will be B) will he be C) he is
D) would he be E) has he been

192. (04-1-349) Choose the best answer.
If he gets good results, ... this season?
A) did he play B) he plays
C) will he play D) he will play
E) has he played

193. (04-1-350) Choose the right answer.
... late for your office if I wake you up at eight?
A) You will be B) You should be
C) Will you be D) You have been
E) You are

194. (04-1-356) Choose the right answer.
... on Friday, if the secretary manages to arrange tickets?
A) We shall leave B) We left
C) Did we leave D) Shall we leave
E) Have you left

195. (04-1-357) Choose the right forms of the verbs.
If she comes, ... him my book?
A) you will give B) will you give
C) did you give D) you gave
E) have you given

196. (04-1-359) Choose the best answer.
Rano ... to the USA if she ... a visa. But she is lucky and she is in the USA.
A) go / got
B) would have gone / had got
C) would go / got
D) would go / hadn't got
E) wouldn't have gone / hadn't got

197. (04-1-360) Choose the best answer.
I can't lend him my bike. If I ... the bike myself, I ... him use it.
A) needed / would let
B) hadn't needed / would have let
C) didn't need / would let
D) had needed / would I have let
E) didn't need / wouldn't let

198. (04-1-361) Choose the best answer.
He can't buy a new house. If he ... hard now he ... enough money to buy it. But he is lazy.
A) didn't work / would earn
B) had worked / would have earned
C) worked / would earn
D) didn't work / wouldn't earn
E) hadn't worked / wouldn't have earned

199. (04-1-365) Choose the best answer.
If you ... hard before the exam, you ... it successfully. It will be next Monday.
A) worked / passed
B) hadn't worked / wouldn't have passed
C) had worked / would have passed
D) worked / would pass
E) would work / had passed

200. (04-1-366) Choose the best answer.
If he ... well now, he ... at home. He has a flu.
A) had been / would have stayed
B) were / would stay
C) hadn't been / would have stayed
D) were / wouldn't stay
E) had been / wouldn't have stayed

201. (04-1-367) Choose the best answer.

If my father ... me enough money now, I ... a car, as I have none.

- A) had given / wouldn't have bought
B) gave / would buy
C) had given / would have bought
D) hadn't given / would have bought
E) didn't give / would buy

202. (04-1-374) Choose the best answer.

I'm so sorry. I have no time. I ... a new watch for you if I ... to the store.

- A) would buy / went
B) wouldn't have bought / had gone
C) would have bought / had gone
D) had bought / would have gone
E) wouldn't buy / hadn't gone

203. (04-1-375) Choose the best answer.

Luckily there was no car crash in the street. ... the accident ... if the people had been careful?

- A) Would / happen
B) Would / have happened
C) Won't / have happened
D) Will / have happened
E) Didn't / happen

204. (04-1-379) Choose the right answer.

My friend is admitted to the courses and is happy. He ... if he ... admitted to the courses.

- A) would regret / was
B) wouldn't have regretted / hadn't been
C) would have regretted / hadn't been
D) wouldn't have regretted / had been
E) would regret / weren't

205. (04-1-380) Choose the best answer.

Could you give us your dictionary?

We ... able to translate the text now if you ... it to us.

- A) would be / didn't give
B) would have been / had given
C) wouldn't have been / hadn't given
D) would be / gave
E) wouldn't have been / had given

206. (04-1-385) Choose the best answer.

If he left for Great Britain now, he ... from the University this year.

- A) would graduate
B) wouldn't have graduated
C) would have graduated
D) had graduated
E) wouldn't graduate

207. (04-1-387) Choose the best answer.

I wish you put on your warm coat. You ... cold now, if you ... it on.

- A) would not have caught / had put
B) wouldn't catch / put
C) wouldn't have caught / put
D) would have caught / hadn't put
E) would catch / didn't put

208. (04-1-388) Choose the right forms of the verbs.

Luckily she isn't cross. If she ... furious, she ... you.

- A) had been / hadn't beaten
B) had been / would have beaten
C) were / would beat
D) weren't / wouldn't beat
E) hadn't been / would have beaten

209. (v4-103-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

We ... ready when you ... home.

- A) shall be / will come
B) will be / came
C) are / will come
D) shall be / come
E) are / come

210. (v4-105-23) Choose the appropriate modal verb.

You ... work if you don't want to. You may do it tomorrow.

- A) need
B) have to
C) needn't
D) didn't have to
E) can't

211. (v4-105-29) Choose the logically correct sentence.

- A) If I hear the child crying, I'll water the flowers.
B) If I earn money, I shall buy some cassettes.
C) If anybody leaves for London, we'll paint the house.
D) If it snows, all the trees will become green.
E) If he is hungry, he will travel to India.

212. (v4-115-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

When I ... English, I shall read books in English.

- A) learning
B) have learnt
C) shall learn
D) has not learnt
E) learn

213. (v4-116-34) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He understood that he ... a mistake.

- A) will make
B) had made
C) has made
D) was makes
E) made

214. (v4-117-22) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

As soon as he ... to see me, we ... tennis.

- A) will come / play
B) came / play
C) will come / shall play
D) comes / play
E) comes / shall play

215. (v4-118-34) Choose the appropriate form of the verbs.

... you tell him about it when you ... him?

- A) will / see
B) do / will see
C) did / see
D) would / seen
E) does / saw

216. (v4-119-23) Choose the best answer.

If I knew them better I ... invite them to dinner

- A) may
B) would
C) might
D) need
E) can

217. (v4-119-28) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Would you like me to wait till she ... back?

- A) had come
B) came
C) comes
D) have come
E) will come

218. (v4-120-27) Choose the correct form of the verbs.

If people ... more carefully there ... fewer accidents.

- A) drove / will be
B) driving / will be
C) drive / would be
D) drives / will be
E) drove / would be

219. (v4-127-33) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

When the game ... we ... home.

- A) is over / shall go
B) will be over / shall go
C) are over / go
D) will be over / go
E) is over / went

220. (v4-129-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... you the book which I ... to bring.

- A) bring / promise
B) has brought / had promised
C) have brought / promised
D) brought / promises
E) brought / has promised

221. (v4-130-31) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

I ... them a telegram as soon as I ... in New-York.

- A) send / had arrived
B) sent / arrived
C) will send / will arrive
D) shall send / arrive
E) shall send / shall arrive

222. (v5-108-25) Choose the best answer.

If birds fly lower than usual ...

- A) it becomes colder
B) we shall catch larks
C) the weather changes
D) the children will be glad
E) it will rain

223. (v5-120-18) Choose the best answer.

If I could change my plan, I would but I ...

- A) can
B) do
C) couldn't
D) can't
E) didn't

224. (v5-136-18) Choose the right form of the tense. They ... Ann if she ... to the theatre the day before.

- A) is asking / will go
B) asks / will go
C) will ask / goes
D) will / ask
E) asked / had gone

225. (v5-136-25) Choose the best answer.

At the interview they asked Alan ...

- A) if he could drive
B) if can he drive
C) could he drive
D) if he can drive
E) did he can drive?

226. (v5-141-31) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He might have understood you if you ... slowly.

- A) would speak
B) was speaking
C) have spoken
D) spoke
E) had spoken

227. (v5-147-34) Choose the best answer.

She ... her year's leave if her mother weren't seriously ill.

- A) wouldn't have taken
B) had to take
C) had taken
D) might have taken
E) would take

228. (v5-148-31) Choose the best answer.

Tim and Jane are working in Sheffield. Tim and Jane ... in Sheffield by coming February.

- A) were working when I came
B) will have worked for two years
C) will be working for three months
D) is working all day
E) are working since their childhood

229. (v5-150-34) Choose the best answer.

He ... study well if he ... much more time on his subject.

- A) could / spent
B) could / would spend
C) could / spend
D) can / spend
E) can / spent

230. (v5-151-31) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

I shouldn't have believed it if I ... it with my own eyes.

- A) haven't seen
B) was seen
C) don't see
E) didn't see

231. (v5-151-33) Choose the right form of Subjunctive Mood.

It's impossible that this lake ... deep.

- A) should be B) were C) is
D) would be E) was

232. (v5-155-34) Choose the best answer.

If I were you I ... smoking.

- A) will give up B) won't give up
C) would give up D) give up
E) gave up

233. (v5-158-31) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

If I had known that you were in hospital I ... you.

- A) should have visited B) had visited
C) shall visit D) visited
E) should visit

234. (v5-158-34) Choose the right form of Subjunctive Mood.

If the stove were in order my wife ... over a fire in the yard.

- A) was not cooking B) cooked
C) didn't cook D) wouldn't cook
E) was cooking

235. (v6-106-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Does your friend often come here, boys?" said Fred. Fred asked the boys ...

- A) if their friend often came there.
B) whether their friend would come there.
C) if their friend would come here.
D) whether their friend often came here.

236. (v6-123-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If he were free he ... the work at once.

- A) will do B) can do
C) could do D) could have done

237. (v6-125-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I am going to buy a new skirt, but I don't know where ... it.

- A) to buy B) will buy
C) be buying D) am buying

238. (v6-148-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When she came in from the rainstorm, she looked as if she ... a shower with her clothes on.

- A) was taking B) has taken
C) had taken D) has been taking

239. (v6-151-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We ... start our meal until Jack ...

- A) don't / came B) aren't / coming
C) won't / comes D) won't / will come

240. (v6-153-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If everyone were more careful, mistakes could be

- A) avoided B) introduced
C) invented D) added

241. (v6-154-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If I could change my plan, I would but unfortunately I ...

- A) can B) can't
C) did D) didn't

242. (v6-154-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She ... her year's leave if her mother weren't seriously ill.

- A) had taken B) would take
C) wouldn't have taken D) had to take

243. (v6-155-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The examiner spoke very slowly and carefully as if he ... to a child.

- A) was speaking B) had spoken
C) has spoken D) speaks

244. (v6-156-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If she ... a seat belt she wouldn't have got injured.

- A) has been wearing
B) had been wearing
C) wore
D) were wearing

245. (v6-157-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You ... have to go to the party with us if you don't want to.

- A) mustn't B) oughtn't
C) don't D) can't

246. (v6-157-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If I were free I ... the work at once.

- A) will do B) would do
C) would have done D) had done

247. (v6-157-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If you ... to the theatre with us yesterday, you ... an amusing performance.

- A) went / would seen
B) had gone / would have seen
C) went / seen
D) have gone / would have seen

248. (v6-158-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The accident happened because the driver suddenly stopped his car. If the driver ...

- A) hadn't suddenly stopped his car, the accident wouldn't have happened
B) had suddenly stopped his car, the accident would have happened
C) doesn't suddenly stop his car, the accident wouldn't happen
D) will not stop all of a sudden, the accident might not happen

249. (v6-160-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She threw the letter out without reading it. However, if she ... its importance she ... it.

- A) realized / would read
B) had realized / would read
C) realized / would have read
D) had realized / would have read

250. (v6-160-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It all happened on a foggy night. If it ... foggy, it ... happened.

- A) didn't happen / would have been
B) hadn't been / wouldn't have
C) hadn't been / would have
D) weren't / wouldn't have

251. (v6-160-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If he were free he ... the work at once.

- A) will do B) can do
C) could do D) could have done

252. (v8-106-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

As you know the sun ... in the east. It's behind us so we ... west.

- A) rises / are travelling
B) has risen / travelled
C) rose / have travelled
D) raised / travel

253. (v9-108-2) Choose the right answer.

It's a pity you don't like sightseeing. If you felt like seeing the sights, we ... take a bus tour.

- A) may B) will C) can D) could

254. (v9-111-18) Choose the right answer.

You wouldn't have made such a had mistake if you ... the rule.

- A) had learned B) learned
C) would learn D) will learn

255. (v9-112-10) Choose the right answer.Rachel: would you like some cake, Jessica?
Jessica: No, thanks. If I ... cake, I'd get fat.

- A) have eaten B) eat
C) would eat D) ate

256. (v9-116-1) Choose the right answer.

I'll leave Nick a message on his answer phone.

And ... he doesn't get the message, I'll put a note on the door, just to make sure.

- A) in case B) unless
C) as D) when

257. (v9-116-3) Choose the right answer.

You have to ring the bank if you ... your credit card.

- A) lose B) will lose
C) would lose D) had lost

258. (v9-121-20) Choose the right answer.

- Shall we go for a walk, if it ... ?

- Yes, but in that case we'll take our umbrellas.

- A) rain B) rained
C) will rain D) rains

259. (v9-122-1) Choose the right answer.

Romeo wouldn't have committed suicide if he ... that Juliet was dead.

- A) thought
B) didn't think
C) hadn't thought
D) wouldn't have thought

260. (v9-123-2) Choose the right answer.

Yesterday I saw Dan and he suggested that we ... more often.

- A) should meet B) meets
C) meeting D) to meet

261. (v9-130-1) Choose the right answer.

You could have come first and won the race if you ... faster.

- A) were running B) ran
C) had run D) would have run

262. (v10-101-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We could have given you a lift if we ... you were coming this way.

- A) had known B) have known
C) would know D) knew

263. (v10-103-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If Masha knew French better, she ... part in the French Olympiad.

- A) will take B) would take
C) was taking D) had taken

264. (v10-103-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Looking back into my past life I often wonder how my life ... different if on that particular day I had walked in the other direction.

- A) would be B) will have been
C) will be D) would have been

265. (v10-104-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
What nasty weather! It is raining heavily. If the weather ... nice today, we would go to the zoo.
A) will be B) is C) would be D) were

266. (v10-107-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If you train your dogs well, they ... cause trouble as they are loyal and intelligent.
A) will B) would C) wouldn't D) won't

267. (v10-108-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I wouldn't have believed it, if I ... it with my own eyes.
A) don't see B) hadn't seen
C) didn't see D) haven't seen

268. (v10-114-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
— Ever since I broke my foot, I haven't been able to get down to the basement to wash my clothes.
— Why didn't you say anything? I would have come over and would have washed them for you if you ... me.
A) were telling B) told
C) had been told D) had told

269. (v10-116-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If Oliver Twist hadn't asked for more food, he ... punished.
A) wouldn't be punished
B) didn't punish
C) will have been punished
D) wouldn't have been punished

270. (v10-118-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
It's a pity you don't like sightseeing. If you felt like seeing the sights, we ... take a bus tour.
A) may B) will C) can D) could

271. (v10-123-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We asked Don to dinner but he said he
A) wouldn't come B) would come
C) hadn't come D) should come

272. (v10-123-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
They would be angry if we ... to their party next week.
A) would not go B) didn't go
C) do not go D) will not go

273. (v10-124-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We are having an exam tomorrow. If we ... to study, we would go out tonight.
A) didn't have B) don't have
C) hadn't have D) hadn't

274. (v10-124-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I don't feel well. I ... home from work tomorrow.
A) am staying B) stay
C) stayed D) will have stayed

275. (v10-126-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If she didn't drink too much coffee, she ... calm.
A) would felt B) will feel
C) felt D) would feel

276. (v10-126-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If I had known that you were in hospital I ... you.
A) had visited B) would visit
C) shall visit D) would have visited

277. (v10-129-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Mr. Day: Can't you stop playing that trumpet?
You're making an awful noise. Adam: Well, if ... , I won't pass my exam.
A) don't practice B) won't practice
C) didn't practice D) haven't practiced

278. (v10-130-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The doctor will be here unless she ... to an emergency.
A) was called B) has called
C) is called D) will call

279. (v11-107-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The dog will wait for his master near the door until his master ... from work.
A) will get back B) doesn't get back
C) gets back D) won't get back

280. (v11-138-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We will miss the plane, if we ... stuck in a traffic jam.
A) had got B) got
C) get D) will get

281. (v11-147-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If Lucy had lived on the coast, she would have ... to swim.
A) had learned B) would have learned
C) learned D) would learn

282. (v11-149-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You will have to ring the bank if you ... your credit card.
A) have lost B) would lose
C) will have lost D) will lose

283. (v11-150-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If I had been busy yesterday, I ... to the station to see them off.
A) wouldn't go B) wouldn't have gone
C) hadn't gone D) didn't go

284. (v12z-104-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I wouldn't feel so cold in winter if our heating ... properly.
A) is working B) would be working
C) worked D) would work

285. (v12z-107-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The river flooded because it ... raining heavily for weeks.
A) would be B) is
C) was D) had been

286. (v12z-108-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If either of my brothers ... the race, I will be happy.
A) win B) will win
C) wins D) won

287. (v12z-119-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We knew that Maria would get upset if we ... her paintings, so we had to be very tactful about them.
A) criticized B) had criticized
C) would criticize D) criticize

288. (v12z-119-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
As soon as he ... , tell him that I want to see him.
A) arrived B) arrives
C) will arrive D) is arriving

289. (v12z-125-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Many things in the world would be different if energy ... inexpensive and unlimited.
A) will be B) is
C) would be D) were

290. (v12c-130-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Kelly's running in the next race. If she ... as much as she claims, she will win easily.
A) had improved B) improving
C) has improved D) improved

291. (v12c-134-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
What was the end of the play? — If you ... it out, you would have known its end.
A) would sit B) sat
C) will sit D) had sat

292. (v12c-140-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I wouldn't feel so cold in winter if our heating ... properly.
A) would work B) worked
C) is working D) would be working

293. (v12c-141-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You should take a jacket you can wear if it ... cold.
A) getting B) to get
C) will get D) gets

294. (v12c-147-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Sea water is salty. If the oceans consisted of fresh water, there ... plenty of water to irrigate all deserts in the world.
A) is B) would be
C) was D) will be

295. (v12c-149-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We won't be able to finish the project if either of them ... a leave now.
A) to take B) taking
C) takes D) take

296. (v12c-150-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
As soon as he ... , tell him that I want to see him.
A) will arrive B) arrives
C) is arriving D) arrived

297. (v12c-152-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'd be delighted if he ... to stay with us next year.
A) came B) comes
C) has come D) will come

298. (v12c-154-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If orange blossoms are exposed to very cold temperature, they ... and die.
A) could wither B) wither
C) would have withered D) would wither

299. (v12c-155-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'm going to do a lot of things while I ... on holiday.

- A) will be B) was
C) am D) have been

300. (v12c-156-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I do not know for sure but the rumor is that Agatha will marry Robin as soon as she ... from college.

- A) will graduate B) graduates
C) would graduate D) graduate

301. (v12c-158-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
We will have to pay for an extra night if we the hotel room by 12.00.

- A) didn't leave B) don't leave
C) haven't left D) hadn't left

302. (v13-116-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'd drive to Spain rather than fly. If I ... a more reliable car.

- A) had had B) didn't
C) had D) would have

303. (v13-122-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Some people would only be convinced that the world's climate is changing if it ... in the Sahara Desert.

- A) will show B) snows
C) snowed D) had snowed

304. (v13-123-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
"Did she leave her last job?"

Could you tell me ... her last job.

- A) had she left B) did she leave
C) if she left D) whether she had left

305. (v13-130-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If I were you I ... a contract with this firm.

- A) will dot sign
B) will not have signed
C) would not have signed
D) would not sign

306. (v13-131-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If anyone should call, ... message, please.

- A) took B) takes
C) take D) will take

307. (v13-133-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The director will review his work after he ... from vacation next month.

- A) return B) will return
C) returned D) returns

308. (v13-134-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I'd drive to Spain rather than fly, if I ... a more reliable car.

- A) would have B) didn't have
C) had D) had had

309. (v13-135-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
If anyone should call, ... a message, please.

- A) will take B) take
C) takes D) took

310. (v13-143-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
As soon as I walked into the room, she ... me the letter.

- A) handed B) hand
C) had handed D) was handing

311. (v13-156-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Some people would only be convinced that the world's climate is changing if it ... in the Sahara Desert.

- A) will snow B) snowed
C) had snowed D) snows

312. (v13-172-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If I were you I ... a contract with this firm.

- A) will not sign
B) will not have signed
C) would not have sign
D) would not sign

313. (v14-101-5) Choose the best answer.

Everyone ... very frightened if someone ... a gun at him.

- A) were / would point
B) will be / pointed
C) will be / will pointed
D) would be / pointed

314. (v14-101-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Can we have a word with you before we ... ?

- A) go B) shall go
C) had gone D) went

315. (v14-102-23) Choose the best answer.

If she ... to the party yesterday, she ... tired now.

- A) had gone / would feel
B) went / would feel
C) had gone / would have felt
D) would have gone / felt

316. (v14-105-13) Choose the best answer.

I ... up with that sportsman yesterday, if he ... so fast.

- A) would have catch / were
B) would not have caught / were not
C) would catch / were not
D) would have caught / were not

317. (v14-107-1) Choose the best answer.

In the future, we ... able to fly to other planets, if we ...

- A) would be / wanted
B) are / will want
C) will be / want
D) will / wanted

318. (v14-108-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If she ... just a little older, I would start giving my driving lessons.

- A) has been B) were
C) is D) had been

319. (v14-109-1) Choose the best answer.

I am sure, you ... the entrance exams if you ... well.

- A) would pass / didn't study
B) would pass / study
C) will pass / study
D) will not pass / study

320. (v14-110-23) Choose the best answer.

Everyone ... very frightened if someone ... a gun at him.

- A) will be // will pointed
B) will be // pointed
C) were // would point
D) would be // pointed

321. (v14-112-8) Choose the best answer.

I'd ... instead of you if you ... about it, but you didn't

- A) have stayed / had asked
B) not have stayed / had asked.
C) would / have stayed / had asked
D) would stay / asked

322. (v14-114-20) Choose the best answer.

I don't know the answer.

If I ... the answer, I ... you.

- A) know / will tell
B) had known / would have told
C) knew / would tell
D) would know / told

323. (v14-114-21) Choose the best answer.

If she had gone to the party yesterday, she ... us.

- A) would have seen B) had seen
C) would see D) saw

324. (v14-116-12) Choose the best answer.

Everyone ... very frightened if someone ... a gun at him.

- A) will be / pointed
B) will be / will pointed
C) were / would point
D) would be / pointed

325. (v14-116-17) Choose the best answer.

If we ... the house earlier, we ... it more expensive.

- A) painted / would sell
B) hadn't painted / will have sold
C) had painted / would have sold
D) painted / would have sold

326. (v14-117-14) Choose the best answer.

I ... up with that sportsman yesterday, if he ... so fast.

- A) would not have caught / were not
B) would have catch / were
C) would have caught / were not
D) would catch / were not

327. (v15-101-11) Choose the correct answer.

You ... if you'd looked where you were going.

- A) wouldn't crash
B) would have crashed
C) wouldn't have crashed
D) crashed

328. (v15-101-20) Choose the correct answer.

Whenever ... a thunder-storm, the cat hides under the bed.

- A) there'll be B) there's
C) there will be D) there was

329. (v15-104-1) Choose the correct answer.

- Did you have a message for Dan?

- Tell him I'll call him on Friday if you ... him.

- A) will see B) see C) saw D) had seen

330. (v15-106-13) Choose the correct answer.

I'm glad we took the map. We ... if we hadn't.

- A) would had got lost
B) would have got to lose
C) would have lost
D) would have got lost

331. (v15-106-19) Choose the correct answer.

Do you remember that neighbour of ours? She ... on the balcony and watch people.

- A) would normally sit B) normally sit would
C) normally would sit D) would sit normally

332. (v15-113-3) Choose the correct answer.

Only when ... vehicles may cross the train tracks.

- A) is the green light on
B) on is the green light
C) the green light is on
D) did the green light be on

333. (v15-113-4) Choose the correct answer.

When I found Mary, I could see that she ...

- A) has been crying B) had to cried
C) cry D) had been crying

334. (v15-115-18) Choose the correct answer.

When I got home, I found that water ... down the kitchen walls.

- A) run B) ran
C) was running D) was being run

335. (v15-116-21) Choose the best answer. I didn't know the answer. If I ... the answer, I ... you.

- A) would know / told
B) know / will tell
C) had known / would have told
D) knew / would tell

336. (v15-118-4) Choose the correct tense.

He ... the poem by heart when he ... it twice.

- A) knew / would hear
B) has known / hears
C) knows / will hear
D) will know / has heard

337. (v15-118-16) Choose the correct answer.

– It was hard work getting back from the hospital with my leg in plaster.

– You should ... me. I'd have picked you up.

- A) call B) have called
C) have been calling D) be calling

338. (v15-119-17) Choose the correct answer.

If you see Nina on Friday, ... her to give me a ring.

- A) tell to B) you tell
C) you would have told D) tell

339. (v15-122-2) Choose the best answer.

What would you ... if you ... in my place?

- A) do / are B) do / were
C) did / were D) done / were

340. (v15-122-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I do not know for sure but the rumor is that Agatha will marry Robin as soon as she ... from college.

- A) graduates B) would graduate
C) will graduate D) graduate

341. (v15-123-17) Choose the correct answer.

When he ... this morning the sun was shining, the birds were singing.

- A) gets up B) was being got up
C) was getting D) got up

342. (v15-124-8) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... a better dancer, I would dance solo in the Bolshoi Theatre.

- A) could B) were C) can be D) am

343. (v15-125-2) Choose the best answer.

What ... if you happened to be with them?

- A) will you do B) you would have done
C) would you do D) would you have done

344. (v15-125-21) Choose the best answer. George, help me to do the room, if you ... nothing at the being time.

- A) aren't doing B) will do
C) are doing D) do

345. (v15-128-8) Choose the best answer.

If I had known about your problem, I ... it.

- A) wouldn't let you do
B) didn't let you do
C) wouldn't have let you to do
D) wouldn't have let you do

346. (v15-129-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

... you change your job if you were in my position?

- A) Would B) Can C) Will D) Did

347. (v15-130-6) Choose the correct answer.

I got that job I applied for, so I was delighted.

I really didn't think I ...

- A) got B) would
C) wouldn't D) had

348. (v15-130-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If the Roman Empire ... a lot of time fighting among themselves, they would have lasted longer.

- A) hadn't spent B) wouldn't have spent
C) wouldn't spend D) had spent

349. (v15-133-8) Choose the right word and complete the sentence.

I can not believe that the burglars ... the house in the broad daylight.

- A) broke off B) broke up
C) broke down D) broke in

350. (v16-104-11) Choose the best answer.

I ... to the country as soon as I ... my exams.

- A) had gone / passed
B) should go / passed
C) shall go / have passed
D) go / pass

351. (v16-105-18) Choose the right answer.

If the weather had been better, we ... in the mountains by now.

- A) would be B) would have been
C) had been D) will be

352. (v16-106-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If she had a long enough holiday she ... Paris to watch all the interesting places.

- A) would have visited B) would visit
C) will visit D) visited

353. (v16-110-10) Choose the correct answer.

What noisy pupils you've got! If my students ... as bad as yours, I ... crazy.

- A) were / would go
B) are / will go
C) are / would go
D) had been / would have gone

354. (v16-123-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Can we have a word with you before we ... ?

- A) shall go B) went
C) go D) had gone

355. (v16-125-9) Choose the best answer.

It ... sunny tomorrow, but now it ...

- A) will be / is raining B) will be / was raining
C) will be / rains D) is / will rain

356. (v16-125-14) Choose the best answer.

He could ... you if you had asked him about it.

- A) have helped B) would have helped
C) would help D) had helped

357. (v16-126-20) Choose the correct answer.

– Did you have an argument with Francis?

– If you had been there, you ... the same.

- A) did B) had done
C) will do D) would have done

358. (v17-108-1) Choose the right answer.

The film ... if they ... on time.

- A) will show / come
B) will be show / came
C) will be shown / will come
D) will be shown / come

359. (v17-108-21) Choose the best answer.

If I had had a map I ... in this big city.

- A) didn't get lost
B) wouldn't get lost
C) wouldn't have got lost
D) had got lost

360. (v17-109-12) Choose the right answer.

... he ... a bad report, the company ... a contract.

- A) had prepared / would lose
B) had prepared / would have lost
C) had prepared / will be lost
D) had prepared / would lost

361. (v17-109-13) Choose the right answer.

If he ... yawning aloud, I ... him

- A) didn't stop / would tell
B) doesn't stop / told
C) doesn't stop / shall
D) won't stop / shall

362. (v17-110-12) Choose the right answer.

If he ... on time, he ... a late mark.

- A) had come / wouldn't have had
B) had come / would have had
C) had come / would have
D) had come / had had

363. (v17-110-17) Choose the right answer.

If you ... the class, you ... what we are discussing now.

- A) hadn't missed / would know
B) didn't miss / would know
C) had missed / would know
D) missed / would have known

364. (v17-112-7) Choose the right answer.

Unless you ..., we ... go home.

- A) learn driving / shan't
B) learn to drive / shan't
C) don't learn driving / shan't
D) don't learn to drive / shan't

365. (v17-120-7) Find the appropriate beginning of the sentence.

... yesterday, I should have asked her about it.

- A) Should I have seen
B) If I were to see Rosa
C) Had I seen Rosa
D) If I should see Rosa

366. (v17-121-23) Choose the best answer.

If I change my job, I'll have to get ... up earlier.

- A) used to get B) used to getting
C) used to get D) used getting

367. (v17-129-3) Choose the right answer.

If they ... pick up the phone, they ... out

- A) don't / are B) won't / are
C) aren't / are D) won't / were

368. (v17-130-17) Choose the right answer.

If children ... hard, they ... good results.

- A) study / get
B) would study / would get
C) don't study / get
D) had studied / will get

369. (v17-130-19) Choose the right answer.

We ... be grateful if they ... send us the contest programme.

- A) are / would B) could / would
C) would / would D) would / will

370. (v18-433) If you cannot bite, ... show your teeth.

- A) always B) never
C) ever D) only

371. (v18-434) If only I ... school when I was fifteen, I ... a lot more money.

- A) left / wont earn
B) don't leave / won't earn
C) left / 'd earn
D) hadn't left / 'd earn

372. (v18-435) If I ... a lot of money, I'd retire.

- A) win B) has won
C) had won D) won

373. (v18-436) If you were ever in difficult situation, I would give you all the help you ...

- A) will need B) would need
C) need D) needed

374. (v18-437) My mother will be upset ...

- A) if I don't get back tomorrow
B) when I don't get back tomorrow
C) unless I get back tomorrow
D) if I don't back getting tomorrow

375. (v18-438) Why didn't you tell me?

You ... angry if I had.

- A) were B) were to be
C) had been D) would had been

376. (v18-439) If the class ... full, we'll find another one.

- A) is B) will be C) – D) was

377. (v18-440) If you phone me, I ... you up at the park.

- A) pick B) am picking
C) will picking D) will pick

378. (v18-441) If she ... at the New Year party, she wouldn't have met Peter.

- A) hadn't gone B) haven't gone
C) hasn't gone D) didn't go

379. (v18-442) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If she ... just a little older, I would start giving my driving lessons.

- A) is B) had been
C) were D) has been

380. (v19/20-101-15) Choose the correct answer.

This room ... much nicer if you ... the walls white.

- A) will look / will paint
B) will look / paint
C) would look / paint
D) would have looked / have painted

381. (v19/20-102-10) Choose the correct answer.

If you give me the letter, I ... it for you.

- A) will post B) posted
C) had posted D) would post

382. (v19/20-103-1) Choose the correct answer.

If they ... rich, they would travel around the world.

- A) are B) were C) isn't D) had been

383. (v19/20-103-2) Choose the correct answer.

If you ... so stubborn, we wouldn't have so many arguments!

- A) weren't B) will be C) was D) are

384. (v19/20-103-12) Choose the correct answer.

If the firm ... an Oscar, it ... famous immediately then.

- A) win / will become
B) would win / would have become
C) had won / would become
D) had won / would have become

385. (v19/20-104-5) Choose the correct answer.

If you ... early next week, the secretary ... give you your exam results.

- A) will telephone / may have
B) telephone / will be able to
C) telephone / might have
D) telephoned / was able to

386. (v19/20-104-12) Choose the correct answer.

If he ... a promise, he always ... it.

- A) made / keeps
B) will make / will keep
C) makes / keeps
D) would make / kept

387. (v19/20-104-14) Choose the correct answer.

If the weather ... unpleasant, we can't keep to this plan.

- A) was turning B) turned
C) turns D) will turn

388. (v19/20-104-16) Choose the correct answer.

If you ring the bell, somebody ... it.

- A) answered B) will answer
C) would answer D) had answered

389. (v19/20-105-1) Choose the correct answer.

You'll get a cold if you ... your wet clothes.

- A) hadn't changed B) will change
C) would change D) do not change

390. (v19/20-105-8) Choose the correct answer.

The twins don't see their friends often because they're very busy.

If the twins ... so busy, they ... their friends more often.

- A) had been / would have seen
B) aren't / don't see
C) weren't / would see
D) were / wouldn't see

391. (v19/20-106-7) Choose the correct answer.

When everything becomes routine, it's time to ask:

«What ... if we ... it in a different way?»

- A) would happen / try
B) would have happened / tried
C) will happen / try
D) happens / would try

392. (v19/20-106-9) Choose the correct answer.

If Sam ... an aspirin, he ... a headache now.

- A) hadn't taken / wouldn't have
B) hadn't taken / would have had
C) took / would have had
D) had taken / wouldn't have

393. (v19/20-106-17) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... to feed the birds, they ... very noisy.

- A) have to forget / became
B) had forgot / became
C) had forgotten / will become
D) forget / become

394. (v19/20-108-12) Choose the correct answer.

Would you still love me if I ... a beard?

- A) grew B) won't grow
C) grow D) would grow

395. (v19/20-109-1) Choose the correct answer.

If you ... in my position, what would you do?

- A) be B) were
C) had been D) is

396. (v19/20-110-13) Choose the correct answer.

When I asked Tony if he ... the keys, he answered that he ... no idea where they could be.

- A) had been seen / had
B) had seen / hadn't
C) would have seen / had had
D) had seen / had

397. (v19/20-111-3) Choose the correct answer.

What would Nora do if she ... by a snake?

- A) bit B) were bitten
C) was bite D) had been bitten

398. (v19/20-112-5) Choose the correct answer.

If Sasha ... home now, he would meet his own brother.

- A) goes B) had gone
C) will go D) went

399. (v19/20-112-12) Choose the right answer

If my husband ... GPS, we ... lost And now we are in the middle of nowhere!

- A) had installed / would have been
B) had installed / wouldn't be
C) had installed / wouldn't be
D) installed / wouldn't have been

400. (v19/20-112-14) Choose the correct answer.

If the Professor spoke clearly, we ... him better.

- A) understood B) will understand
C) understand D) would understand

401. (v19/20-114-9) Choose the correct answer.

The bird ... if you had caught it.

- A) had died B) die
C) would have died D) will die

402. (v19/20-117-2) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... want to go to the party, I wouldn't go.

- A) wasn't B) haven't
C) hadn't D) didn't

403. (v19/20-117-4) Choose the correct answer.

Where would you go if you ... a lot of money?

- A) had have B) have
C) had had D) had

404. (v19/20-118-3) Choose the correct answer.

If you went away, I ... all my friends and have a party.

- A) would have invited B) would invite
C) had invited D) will invite

405. (v19/20-120-1) Choose the correct answer.

Dinner ... fine if the meat weren't cold.

- A) won't be B) was
C) would be D) will be

406. (v19/20-120-2) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... you, I would apologize to Jane right away.

- A) had been B) have been
C) were D) would be

407. (v19/20-120-4) Choose the correct answer.

If Kate had not missed the train, she ... here by now.

- A) would be B) would have been
C) were D) had been

408. (v19/20-120-15) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... my lesson, I would be happy.

- A) knew B) know
C) would know D) had known

409. (v19/20-121-9) Choose the correct answer.

If the child ... the street at the red light, the car would not have hit him.

- A) did not cross B) had not crossed
C) has not crossed D) would not cross

410. (v19/20-121-16) Choose the correct answer.

If only had you been at home, ... of this would have happened.

- A) none B) all
C) each D) some

411. (v19/20-122-9) Choose the correct answer.

If you don't want to go here, you may use another exit ...

- A) at the back B) before
C) over D) opposite

412. (v19/20-122-11) Choose the correct answer.

If you had married Peter, you ... a very happy life.

- A) will have B) may have
C) would have had D) won't have

413. (v19/20-122-13) Choose the correct answer.

If the child ... the street at the red light, the car would not have hit him.

- A) did not cross B) had not crossed
C) has not crossed D) would not cross

414. (v19/20-122-14) Choose the correct answer.

If you ... harder, you won't pass the exam.

- A) don't work B) works
C) hadn't worked D) worked

415. (v19/20-123-4) Choose the appropriate dependent clause.

... I would study photography. I am at design faculty.

- A) If I have money
B) If I have a camera
C) If there were a special faculty
D) If we were together

416. (v19/20-124-3) Choose the right answer

If you ... you ... hurt

- A) will fall / will get B) fall / get
C) fall / would get D) fall / will get

417. (v19/20-124-10) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... the test, I ... an «A» in the class.

Instead, I got a «C». I really should have studied more.

- A) passed / would get
B) pass / get
C) passed / would have got
D) had passed / would have got

418. (v19/20-126-4) Choose the correct answer.

I think that if I ... in your position, I ... to her and tell her exactly how you feel.

- A) were / would talk
B) was / talked
C) had been / had talked
D) have been / would have talked

419. (v19/20-126-17) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... a new car, I would buy one.

- A) would want B) had wanted
C) wanted D) want

420. (v19/20-127-16) Choose the correct answer.

If the man ... to the hospital at once, he ... the operation.

- A) had been transported / could have survived
B) had transported / could survived
C) had been transporting / could have surviving
D) transported / survived

421. (v19/20-128-10) Choose the correct answer.

If I ... a lot of money, I ... working.

- A) would win / stopped
B) will win / might stop
C) won / might stop
D) have won / may stop

422. (v19/20-129-17) Choose the correct answer

Barack looked at me as if I ... from the moon

- A) just landed B) would just landed
C) have just landed D) had just landed

423. (v19/20-130-17) Choose the correct answer.

If she ... to the library, she'll study more.

- A) go B) didn't go
C) won't go D) goes

90. Sentence completion (adjectives + nouns)

1. (96-13-96) Complete the following sentence.

The centre of London is called ...

- A) The East End B) The West End
C) The City D) The Trafalgar Square
E) The Bank Street

2. (96-13-98) Complete the following sentence.

... which washes the western coast of England, makes the climate mild.

- A) The North Sea
B) The English Channel
C) The Pacific Ocean

D) The Irish Sea

E) The Gulf Stream

3. (96-13-104) Choose the right answer to the question.

What mountains divide Britain into 2 parts and are called the backbone of Britain?

- A) the Northern Highlands
B) the South Highlands
C) the Pennines
D) the Cumberland
E) the Appalachian mountains

4. (96-13-206) Choose the proper word for the given sentence.

Washington is a beautiful ... city without much industry, the US Congress has its seat in the Capitol, and the White House is the residence of the President.

- A) business centre of B) important
C) famous D) big port
E) administrative

5. (98-1-36) Which expression can you begin with "make somebody"?

- A) manners B) angry
C) years D) perhaps E) landing

6. (00-4-20) Complete the sentence.

Mike tried to cheat in the exam but ...

- A) the teacher helped him
B) he kicked my dog
C) he was caught
D) passed it well
E) he was very intelligent

7. (00-5-50) Complete the sentence.

Oliver told them he ... before he came there.

- A) brought up by his aunt
B) was brought up his aunt
C) had been brought up by his aunt
D) has been brought up by his aunt
E) is brought up by his aunt

8. (00-7-50) Complete the sentence.

I thought perhaps ...

- A) we go to the cinema.
B) mother will allow us to go to the cinema.
C) we might go to the cinema.
D) children like to go to the cinema.
E) a new cinema is being built.

9. (00-9-51) Choose the necessary words.

My son wants to subscribe ... our town library ... soon ... possible.

- A) at / so / as B) to / so / as
C) to / as / as D) at / not so / as
E) to / as / so

10. (01-1-15) Complete the sentence.

To provide means ...

- A) to make smaller or less
B) to stop working or playing
C) to give what they need
D) to put in a certain place
E) to say you won't do something

11. (01-1-69) Complete the sentence.

Some birds cannot fly. For instance, penguins cannot fly, ...

- A) neither cannot ostriches
B) neither ostriches can
C) either cannot ostriches
D) ostriches can neither
E) neither can ostriches

12. (01-1-81) Choose the appropriate tense form of the verb.

Each of us ... the aspiration to work better.

- A) has B) have C) has been
D) have had E) has had

13. (01-3-75) Complete the sentence.

The word "bride" means ...

- A) a man on his wedding day
- B) a priest in the church
- C) a woman on her wedding day
- D) a woman church-goer
- E) a man-church goer

14. (01-3-76) Complete the sentence.

The meaning of the word "sword" is ...

- A) a pistol used for fighting
- B) a gun used for fighting
- C) a knife used for cutting meat
- D) a long knife used for fighting
- E) powder from wood that has been sawn

15. (01-3-80) Complete the sentence.

Sunset is ...

- A) the time when the sun comes up; the actual rising of the sun
- B) the light from the sun
- C) the round bright ball in the sky during the day
- D) the time when the sun goes down, the actual setting of the sun
- E) a worshipper of the sun

16. (01-9-38) Complete the sentence.

I'll better write down your telephone number, ...

- A) I've lost my pad book.
- B) There is something wrong with my phone.
- C) I can't do without it.
- D) It's worth doing.
- E) I've got a terrible memory.

17. (01-9-39) Complete the sentence.

The bird's cage wasn't closed properly and ...

- A) it was kept in the garden.
- B) it managed to get out.
- C) it was caught in the air.
- D) it became wet.
- E) it needed help.

18. (01-12-8) Complete the sentence.

It's wrong for a pupil ...

- A) his homework to do
- B) for doing his homework
- C) not to do his homework
- D) be doing his homework
- E) him to be done his homework

19. (01-12-10) Complete the sentence.

If you see ... call the police, please.

- A) anybody to force the door
- B) the door forcing anyone
- C) anybody forcing the door
- D) anybody's door by forcing
- E) the door forced anyone

20. (02-1-41) Choose the best answer.

The colour of the handle doesn't ... so long as it is the right size.

- A) match
- B) worry
- C) affect
- D) concern
- E) matter

21. (02-1-46) Choose the best answer.

Some people marry for ... and some for money.

- A) to love
- B) a love
- C) love
- D) the love
- E) like

22. (02-1-71) Choose the best answer.

When my father died, I had no ... but to leave school and get a job.

- A) possibility
- B) hope
- C) chance
- D) choice
- E) reason

23. (02-1-72) Choose the best answer.

Liberace has a swimming-pool in his garden in the ... of a piano.

- A) shape
- B) design
- C) figure
- D) plan
- E) form

24. (02-1-73) Choose the best answer.

Excuse me, Mr. Blake, but there's ... message for you from your wife.

- A) a hasty
- B) a vital
- C) an important
- D) a valuable
- E) a difficult

25. (02-2-26) Choose the best answer.

Our house needs a few ... before we can try to sell it; we must repair it.

- A) processors
- B) developments
- C) movements
- D) conditions
- E) improvements

26. (02-2-28) Choose the best answer.

The trees ... us from the sudden rainstorm.

- A) surrounded
- B) sheltered
- C) contained
- D) permitted
- E) carried

27. (02-2-58) Choose the best answer.

I looked up Jeremy's number in the telephone ...

- A) reference-book
- B) guide
- C) list
- D) catalogue
- E) directory

28. (02-3-57) Choose the best answer.

The Wilsons had three children, ...

- A) all of whom became musicians
- B) and both of them are musicians
- C) all who became musicians
- D) two musicians and one is a salesman
- E) all of them was a salesman

29. (02-3-86) Choose the best answer.

When I invited him to dinner he accepted with ...

- A) confidence
- B) obligation
- C) consent
- D) pleasure
- E) gratification

30. (02-4-4) Choose the best answer.

Chicken, duck, and quail are in the ... section.

- A) meat
- B) poultry
- C) dairy
- D) delicatessen
- E) grocery

31. (02-4-6) Choose the best answer.

Shampoo and staff like that is in ... section.

- A) toiletable
- B) dairy
- C) confectionery
- D) perfumery
- E) stationery

32. (02-4-11) Choose the best answer.

Renaissance paintings were always very ... You could see all the stitches on the clothes.

- A) still life
- B) detailed
- C) colourful
- D) traditional
- E) abstract

33. (02-4-51) Choose the best answer.

The most famous of the European ... was a young Venetian trader, Marco Polo.

- A) scientists
- B) rulers
- C) travellers
- D) slaves
- E) artists

34. (02-4-56) Choose the best answer.

"The test wasn't fair", - the students said.

The students ...

- A) astonished
- B) regretted
- C) complained
- D) apologised
- E) warned

35. (02-4-59) Choose the best answer.

Keep your ... on! Don't panic!

- A) hand
- B) nose
- C) hair
- D) foot
- E) neck

36. (02-5-49) Choose the best answer.

To tell the truth I think his language ... the story.

- A) fits
- B) suits
- C) matches
- D) renders
- E) bears well

37. (02-6-30) Choose the best answer.

That's not ..., it's my turn next.

- A) true
- B) good
- C) objective
- D) fair
- E) unfair

38. (02-6-33) Choose the best answer.

The dress was lovely but too big, so I had to ... a bit.

- A) transform
- B) alter
- C) adjust
- D) vary
- E) change

39. (02-6-35) Choose the best answer.

"Don't go out after dark. Tom", said Ann. Ann ... Tom not to go out after dark.

- A) said
- B) threatened
- C) warned
- D) promised
- E) permitted

40. (02-8-10) Choose the best answer.

Christmas celebrations ... in English speaking countries but the ... is very slight.

- A) distinguish / difference
- B) are the same / difference
- C) differ / variance
- D) differ / difference
- E) vary / quality

41. (02-8-14) Choose the best answer.

The doctor seems such a polite woman. We don't believe she could have said anything ...

- A) possible
- B) urgent
- C) important
- D) impossible
- E) impolite

42. (02-8-56) Choose the best answer.

New York City is near a large harbour at the ... of the Hudson River.

- A) spring
- B) shore
- C) source
- D) gulf
- E) mouth

43. (02-11-5) Choose the best word.

Words are more effective than ...

- A) tanks
- B) cannons
- C) rifles
- D) armaments
- E) weapons

44. (02-11-24) Choose the best answer.

What can breathing dirty air affect?

- A) mood
- B) behaviour
- C) nutrition
- D) temper
- E) health

45. (02-11-27) Choose the best answer.

The first Rolls Royce was ... in 1905, the ... of the combined talents of Frederick Royce, Charles Rolls and Claude Johnson.

- A) made / signs
- B) manufactured / consequences
- C) assembled / efforts
- D) lined / base
- E) produced / result

46. (02-11-50) Choose the best answer.

For many people these days a ... is no longer a luxury but a necessity. What started out in the 1980 s as an expensive ... has become into a pocket-sized communication aid which is used by all kinds of people on the move

- A) car / wheel
- B) bicycle / thing
- C) mobile phone / toy
- D) radio / means
- E) television / aid

47. (02-11-73) Choose the best answer.

Many people think the English do not like to speak other languages. In fact, English is a ... of words from many different languages.

Because of this, the vocabulary of the English language is very large. It is much larger than almost every other language in the world.

- A) vocabulary B) mixture
C) combination D) collection
E) language

48. (02-11-89) Choose the best answer.

Sue doesn't want to tell the police about her brother's crime because he is her own ...

- A) queer bird B) clear head
C) flesh and blood D) cat's pan
E) neck or nothing

49. (02-12-36) Choose the best answer.

The average ... of the buildings in my neighbourhood is nine floors.

- A) height B) number
C) length D) width
E) depth

50. (02-12-37) Choose the best answer.

Falling down the stairs was ...

- A) an incident B) a case
C) a happening D) an accident
E) an attempt

51. (03-2-2) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place? "Have you anything to declare?" "I'm sorry, I don't know what I am allowed". "What have you got in those suit-cases?" "Nothing special but my personal things there ... Do you want me to open them?" "No, it isn't necessary".

- A) Customs Office B) Border
C) Post Office D) Supermarket
E) Publishing House

52. (03-2-7) Choose the best answer.

What can you never eat for breakfast?

- A) Lunch B) Bread
C) Jam D) Pepper
E) Onion

53. (03-4-43) Choose the best answer.

He goes to school ...

- A) regularly B) regular
C) seriously D) perfectly
E) coldly

54. (03-4-44) Choose the best answer.

My opinion of this book is ... from yours.

- A) different B) happy
C) comfortably D) differently
E) angry

55. (03-5-56) Complete the sentence.

The lazy boy was lucky to ... the exam.

- A) follow up B) scrape up with
C) be taken up with D) scrape through
E) ferret out

56. (03-6-7) Choose the best answer.

Going around to see places of interest is ...

- A) sightseeing B) travelling
C) a hike D) voyage
E) camping out

57. (03-10-11) Choose the one word or phrase that keeps the meaning of the underlined one.

Poor Charlie! He's always tooting his own horn about how good he is at tennis.

- A) cursing B) suspecting
C) ashamed D) boasting
E) contradicting

58. (03-10-17) Choose the best answer.

Rustam promises everything but ... nothing.

- A) executes B) fulfils
C) carries out D) performs
E) avoids

59. (04-1-458) Choose the best word to complete the sentence.

You might use a pair of ... to cut the paper.

- A) pincers B) gloves
C) scissors D) spectacles
E) sunglasses

60. (04-1-462) Choose the best answer.

Can you use a pair of ..., instead of trousers?

- A) jeans B) gloves C) pyjamas
D) tights E) shorts

61. (04-1-476) Choose the best answer.

She won in the competition: she is a ...

- A) friend B) champion C) failure
D) fool E) problem

62. (04-1-552) Choose the best answer.

In Uzbekistan people speak their native languages as there live many nationalities in it. They keep their own national traditions and culture. There are many national centres and each centre has its own programme on Uzbek TV. Everyone should respect ... of others.

- A) education
B) freedom of speech
C) rights and freedom
D) social security
E) elderly and disabled

63. (04-1-553) Choose the best answer.

There are many cultural and historical monuments in Uzbekistan. They have been being restored by the government and people. We do our best to preserve historical, cultural heritage. It is the duty of the state to protect ... of Uzbekistan.

- A) cultural monuments
B) restoration of heritage
C) destruction of the monuments
D) observation of the country
E) preserving the dust

64. (v4-105-21) Complete the sentence.

Last year's exhibition was ... this year's.

- A) not as impressive so
B) so not impressive as
C) as not impressive as
D) as impressive so
E) not as impressive as

65. (v4-107-12) Choose the best answer.

Rauf's host-dad sent him a video film on the 9th of July as ... as he turned 18. Although the parcel arrived two days later, he said it was the best present he had ever received.

- A) a birthday present
B) a surprise show
C) a house-warming gift
D) a memorial
E) a farewell gift

66. (v4-108-28) Complete the following sentence.

They wanted to send a letter to Tom and hurried to the ...

- A) barber's B) office C) shop
D) post office E) grocery

67. (v4-117-12) Complete the sentence.

One of my pupils entered ...

- A) buying some food
B) his parents and his sisters
C) out of the room
D) better than the rest of the pens
E) the University

68. (v4-119-29) Choose the correct word.

When he was hit on the head, he ... consciousness.

- A) missed B) felt C) lost
D) dropped E) fell

69. (v5-101-11) Choose the best answer.

Do you mind if I stop by the post office? I have to mail these letters and I don't have any ...

- A) food B) computer C) stamps
D) cover book E) money

70. (v5-110-25) Choose the one word or phrase that best Complete the sentence.

Adams was dismissed from his position ...

- A) for keeping improper financial records
B) because he kept properly his financial records
C) because his financial records were improperly
D) for keep financial records were improper
E) because finance wire he kept poor records

71. (v5-114-11) Choose the best answer.

This ... is very expensive. Yes, but it smells exceptionally good.

- A) sugar B) necklace C) nail
D) penknife E) perfume

72. (v5-115-11) Choose the best answer.

What do we usually use to make notes?

- A) soap B) paper C) a coat
D) glue E) clay

73. (v5-118-11) Choose the right answer.

The woman wanted to catch .. and ran across the street.

- A) a raft B) a jet C) a hen
D) a bus E) a train

74. (v5-119-11) Choose the right answer.

An electrical ... could have caused the fire.

- A) wire B) switch C) coziness
D) socket E) fault

75. (v5-124-35) Choose the best answer.

This boy is unable to ... a verb from a noun.

- A) contort B) diverge
C) separate D) contradict
E) distinguish

76. (v5-130-11) Choose the right answer.

It is going to rain. Can I borrow your ...?

- A) carpet B) gloves C) umbrella
D) sparrow E) glasses

77. (v5-131-18) Choose the appropriate answer.

Neither he nor I ... easily frightened but the beast was so terrifying that we couldn't help but start screaming.

- A) am B) will be
C) are D) are being E) is

78. (v5-133-11) Choose the best answer.

The young couple were given many presents at their ... last week.

- A) arrangement B) picnic
C) birthday D) wedding party
E) ceremony

79. (v5-137-35) Choose the best answer.

On our way back we came across a ... of sheep.

- A) puck B) lots C) herd D) group
E) flock

80. (v5-139-25) Choose the right answer.

The membership in the United Nations and other international organizations has given Uzbekistan an opportunity for ...

- A) consolidation of state sovereignty
B) good market relations
C) development of a modern industry
D) non-interference in the domestic affairs of other states
E) multilateral foreign relations

81. (v5-140-24) Choose the best answer.

To make a fire you need dry ... and

- A) wood and matches
- B) will and matches
- C) paper and wood
- D) petrol and paper
- E) wood and petrol

82. (v5-144-11) Choose the right answer.

Don knows a lot about films. He must go to ... a lot.

- A) the parlour
- B) a disco
- C) the cinema
- D) the baker's
- E) the barber's

83. (v5-147-21) Choose the right answer.

They want their ... to become a surgeon. They don't even think that she can be against it.

- A) sixteen-year-old girl
- B) girl of sixteenth
- C) sixteen years old girl
- D) a sixteen-year-aged girl
- E) sixteen-years girl

84. (v5-147-25) Choose the right answer.

The main historic achievement of the people of Uzbekistan is ...

- A) state independence and sovereignty
- B) realization of human and patriotic principles
- C) preservation of open borders
- D) active cooperation with other states
- E) friendly and fraternal relations with other sovereign republics

85. (v5-150-25) Choose the one word or phrase that best Complete the sentence.

The defendant refused to answer the prosecutor's questions ...

- A) because he was afraid that his answers would incriminate him
- B) having feared to be incriminate by questions
- C) because he was afraid it would incriminate him
- D) fearing that he will be incriminated by it
- E) for fear that they will incriminate him incriminate him

86. (v5-151-29) Find the correct word to replace the underlined words.

During the war, a lot of people were in need of food.

- A) meeting
- B) falling
- C) fainting
- D) starving
- E) hunting

87. (v5-155-11) Complete the sentence.

My father was furious because I ...

- A) hadn't been in touch for a long time
- B) had been an awful day
- C) had passed my driving test
- D) hadn't crashed his car
- E) hadn't got stuck in a traffic jam

88. (v5-157-11) Complete the sentence.

I couldn't answer the questions because I

- A) slept badly
- B) hadn't revised for the exam
- C) hadn't been in touch for a long time
- D) hadn't done the washing-up
- E) had eaten all day

89. (v5-158-25) Choose the one word or phrase that best Complete the sentence.

Having finished lunch ...

- A) they discussed the case
- B) the case will be discussed by them
- C) the detectives began to discuss the case
- D) a bunch of detectives discussed the case
- E) the case was discussed again by the detectives

90. (v6-158-2) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined word.

The ... that 'Arsenal' lost to 'Barcelona' upset me so much that I didn't want to talk to anyone.

- A) renew
- B) newly
- C) new
- D) news

91. (v9-102-11) Choose the right answer.

I have never come across this It is not widely used in the conversational language, is it?

- A) to express
- B) hadn't given
- C) express
- D) expression

92. (v9-104-18) Choose the right answer.

He's extremely competent and will do the job properly. I have every ... in his ability.

- A) confidential
- B) confide
- C) confidence
- D) confident

93. (v9-105-9) Choose the right answer.

The English teacher got us ... the whole list of irregular verbs. It took ages!

- A) memorize
- B) to memorize
- C) memorizing
- D) memorized

94. (v9-105-21) Choose the right answer.

London is the capital city and main ... centre of the United Kingdom.

- A) industrious
- B) industry
- C) industrialize
- D) industrial

95. (v9-106-20) Choose the right answer.

The child looked at the picture and broke into ... It was very funny.

- A) to laugh
- B) laughed
- C) laughter
- D) laughs

96. (v9-107-11) Choose the right answer.

The experienced teacher encouraged her younger colleague ... the rule to the pupils again.

- A) to explain
- B) explaining
- C) explained
- D) explain

97. (v9-115-14) Choose the right answer.

- Where did you get this ... from?

- It has been handed down in my family from mother to daughter.

- A) to ring
- B) ring
- C) rings
- D) ringing

98. (v9-116-18) Choose the right answer.

I can say without any ... that she is the best student I've ever had.

- A) hesitate
- B) hesitation
- C) hesitatingly
- D) hesitated

99. (v9-118-19) Choose the right answer.

It's no exaggeration to say that the world has become a global village, as modern methods of ... have made the world much smaller.

- A) communication
- B) communicable
- C) communicated
- D) communicate

100. (v9-120-15) Choose the right answer.

"Please, hand in your ... at the end of the examination", - the teacher said.

- A) to test
- B) tester
- C) tested
- D) tests

101. (v9-121-4) Choose the right answer.

On Saturday we had a long discussion about where to go for our summer holidays. It became father's ... to choose the route.

- A) responsive
- B) responsibility
- C) responsible
- D) responsibly

102. (v9-124-9) Choose the right answer.

Though plastic is essential for modern civilization, it is a very new material. Today we think of plastic as environmentally ... because it does not decay.

- A) friendless
- B) friendliness
- C) friendship
- D) unfriendly

103. (v9-124-18) Choose the right answer.

We all know that it's an English ... to celebrate the Queen's birthday.

- A) custom
- B) customer
- C) customs
- D) customary

104. (v9-127-1) Choose the right answer.

Dear guests, it gives me great ... to introduce our next speaker.

- A) pleasant
- B) pleasing
- C) pleased
- D) pleasure

105. (v9-127-7) Choose the right answer.

lie's extremely competent and will do the job properly. I have every ... in his ability.

- A) confident
- B) confidence
- C) confidential
- D) confide

106. (v9-127-18) Choose the right answer.

Apart from being a business and ... centre, London is known as the United Kingdom's political heart.

- A) touristy
- B) tournament
- C) tour
- D) tourist

107. (v9-128-11) Choose the right answer.

I have never come across this It is not widely used in the conversational language, is it?

- A) to express
- B) hadn't given
- C) express
- D) expression

108. (v9-128-14) Choose the right answer.

The Oscar award was in ... of her great acting ability.

- A) recognition
- B) recognizable
- C) recognize
- D) recognizing

109. (v9-130-6) Choose the right answer.

A cane-cutting instrument consists of a large steel blade, which has 50 cm of ... and about 13 cm of width, equipped with a small look on the back and set into a wooden handle.

- A) length
- B) long
- C) lengthen
- D) longer

110. (v10-119-6) Choose the best answer.

NASA's Space Shuttle is a spectacular ... of technology and innovation.

- A) achievable
- B) achieve
- C) achievement
- D) achievements

111. (v11-125-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24-25 in the text.

Perhaps surprisingly volcanic activity does bring (24) Weathered volcanic ash makes an excellent fertilizer. Rocks made from lava (25) ... for building roads.

- A) researchers
- B) disasters
- C) benefits
- D) disadvantages

112. (v11-125-25)

- A) are used
- B) using
- C) is used
- D) uses

113. (v11-149-14) Mirzo Ulugbek made Samarkand famous as one of the leading cities of the Islam ...

- A) civic
- B) civil
- C) civilized
- D) civilization

114. (v12z-116-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Neither John nor his friends to the beach today

- A) were going
- B) go
- C) are going
- D) is going

115. (v16-101-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I bought a new watch in France. It is very ...
A) stylish
B) wondering
C) unveiled
D) logged in

116. (v16-101-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Peter was suspended from work. There had been ... of bullying in the company.
A) allegations
B) ceasefire
C) ringleader
D) opportunity

117. (v16-105-3) Choose the right answer.

This year I'm going to live in the dorm, as I don't have enough money to pay ... for this flat anymore.

- A) hire B) tax
C) rent D) fare

118. (v16-111-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Beethoven's life and career were coloured by an unusual tragedy that gave him no ... but to change and adjust. Some scholars believe that his deafness gave him freedom to experiment with new forms in music.
A) choice B) chosen
C) choosing D) choose

119. (v16-113-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Then they will permit ... into the secure area of the airport.
A) your entrance
B) your enter
C) your entering
D) your enterment

120. (v16-117-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The county's economy relies heavily on the tourist ...
A) company B) firm
C) industry D) factory

121. (v17-106-8) Choose the correct answer.

It is difficult to quantify the ... that household waste has on the environment.

- A) implication B) impact
C) affect D) effort

122. (v17-110-20) Choose the right answer.
Are these reports ... ? I need only ... information.

- A) up to date / up-to-date
B) up-to-date / up to date
C) up-to-date / up-to-date
D) up to date / up to date

123. (v17-119-6) Choose the correct answer.

There are 2 people standing over there. They are from They are -

- A) Spanish / Spain
B) Spain / Spaniards
C) Spanish / Spanish
D) Spaniards / Spain

124. (v17-121-1) Choose the correct answer.

The window of the car is very dirty, you can ... see anything through it.

- A) heavily B) poorly
C) easily D) scarcely

91. Give the right definition.

Give the right synonym / antonym / homonyms / definitions

1. (96-1-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

I wonder how many similar days I should be forced to spend there.

- A) be heard B) be sent C) be made
D) be continued E) be rich

2. (96-1-10) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

February is the shortest month in the year.

- A) largest B) farrest
C) longest D) highest E) biggest

3. (96-1-11) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

You speak so fast that it is nearly impossible to follow what you say.

- A) weak B) low C) slow
D) quick E) quite

4. (96-1-40) Choose the appropriate word.

Thank you for your ... while I was in your country.

- A) nationality B) hospitality
C) generosity D) personality
E) hurting

5. (96-1-41) Choose the appropriate word.

His right leg was He can't move it.

- A) paralysed B) blind C) deaf
D) mute E) hurting

6. (96-6-7) Choose the synonym.

At the age of 17 he left school and went to work at the factory.

- A) graduated B) vent out C) entered
D) stopped E) finished

7. (96-6-9) Choose the synonym.

Mr. Brown was very happy as he had returned home.

- A) had come back B) had seen
C) had received D) had asked
E) had gone

8. (96-6-11) Choose the antonym.

The weather was nice and children didn't want to stay inside.

- A) at home B) in the country C) out
D) outside E) garden

9. (96-6-12) Choose the antonym.

It was not easy for him to find a job in such a large city.

- A) difficult B) pleasant C) necessary
D) heavy E) dark

10. (96-6-63) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

What excuse have you this time?

- A) matter B) problem
C) factor D) reason
E) explanation

11. (96-6-64) Choose the antonym to the word. long

- A) short B) long storied
C) complicated D) huge
E) enormous

12. (96-6-65) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

The British seem to like their weather as it is island weather.

- A) isolated B) light C) mild
D) difficult E) continental

13. (96-6-103) Choose the appropriate word.

I try to ... my English every day.

- A) read B) speak
C) answer D) improve E) clean

14. (96-6-104) Choose the appropriate word.

... repeats itself.

- A) Children B) Language C) Everybody
D) Stories E) History

15. (96-6-105) Choose the appropriate word.

... a very important officer in the navy.

- A) man-of war B) ship C) seamen
D) soldier E) admiral

16. (96-8-7) Choose the appropriate synonym.

This film is on at the "Friendship" cinema.

- A) is shown B) performs
C) runs D) goes E) does

17. (96-8-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Her character is very mild.

- A) hard B) angry C) difficult
D) rude E) bad

18. (96-8-11) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

He began to earn money very early.

- A) to change B) to touch
C) to spend D) to sweep
E) to tear

19. (96-8-12) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The foreigners were very amused when they saw this palace.

- A) guests B) farmers C) natives
D) neighbours E) reporters

20. (96-8-13) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The day before yesterday I ray sick friend.

- A) came in B) visited C) left
D) called on E) invited

21. (96-8-42) Choose the appropriate word.

"Come closer," he ..., "you're much too far away".

- A) giggled B) looked for
C) wondered D) shouted
E) whispered

22. (96-8-63) Choose the appropriate synonym.

He is a person who understands his obligations and attends to them.

- A) restrictions B) annoyances
C) observations D) hardship
E) duties

23. (96-8-64) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The professor's introductory remarks concerned the development of culture in that area.

- A) preliminary B) final
C) next D) supplementary
E) useful

24. (96-8-65) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Go out of the room, please, it's very stuffy here.

- A) come out B) leave
C) leave for D) stay in
E) useful

25. (96-8-67) Choose the appropriate antonym.

They often stay at the college after classes.

- A) always B) seldom C) usually
D) ever E) early

26. (96-9-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The festival started in Tashkent.

- A) began B) go on C) vent on
D) was held E) opened

27. (96-9-10) Choose the appropriate antonym.

It was midnight and Cinderella ran away from the palace.

- A) early in the morning B) late night
C) midday D) early night
E) night

28. (96-9-11) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The prince reins after her and saw the pretty shoe which the girl had lost.

- A) had found B) had left
C) had forgotten D) had forgiven
E) didn't find

29. (96-9-12) Choose the appropriate antonym.

I think your fat cat is ill.

- A) thin B) stout C) big D) thick
E) small

30. (96-9-43) Choose the appropriate word.

The teacher explained the rule and gave many examples. But when Tom began to do the sums, his answers were wrong, because the rule was ...

- A) easy B) long C) short
D) difficult E) good

31. (96-9-63) Choose the appropriate synonym.

"Who's that man, you spoke to just now?" "I don't know, he is completely to me"

- A) foreign B) strange C) unknown
D) new E) for

32. (96-9-67) Choose the sentence that is opposite in meaning to the given one.

Has Helen ever tasted English pudding?

- A) Has Helen ever tried English pudding?
B) Has Helen ever eaten English pudding?
C) Has Helen ever enjoyed English pudding?
D) Has Helen ever had English pudding?
E) Has Helen never tasted English pudding?

33. (96-9-104) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

The traffic rules must be observed by everybody.

- A) seen B) heard C) followed
D) taken E) learnt

34. (96-9-105) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

The tickets to the theatre will be booked in advance.

- A) later B) soon C) the next day
D) earlier E) beforehand

35. (96-12-7) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

One of the novels by Jack London was "Martin Eden", in which the writer described his life.

- A) printed B) depicted C) pointed out
D) noticed E) touched upon

36. (96-12-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

I enjoyed the trip very much.

- A) was happy B) interested in
C) liked D) was surprised
E) was glad

37. (96-12-9) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

What happened to you?

- A) was result of B) came
C) was the matter with D) made
E) was glad

38. (96-12-12) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Uzbek traditions are very ancient and our people are proud of them.

- A) present B) old C) modern
D) real E) young

39. (96-12-31) Find the synonym of the modal verb "must".

- A) I might be wrong.
B) We may go there.
C) He needs a dictionary.
D) You can say anything.
E) He was to go to the south.

40. (96-12-64) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

There's a deep lake between these two villages.

- A) shallow B) charming
C) good-looking D) handsome
E) unpleasant

41. (96-12-65) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

There are many ancient cities in Uzbekistan.

- A) big B) old
C) fashionable D) modern
E) beautiful

42. (96-12-98) Choose the appropriate word.

Many people at the rock concert were standing in the ... because there were no seats left.

- A) ship B) bridge C) aisles
D) floor E) board

43. (96-12-99) Choose the appropriate word.

We had very good ... and enjoyed the performance.

- A) friend B) spirit C) convenience
D) seats E) artists

44. (96-12-100) Choose the appropriate word.

There is a lot of small ... in the river but we can't catch anything.

- A) animals B) butterflies C) fish
D) fruit E) rabbits

45. (96-13-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

That wasn't pronounced correctly.

- A) wrongly B) exactly C) badly
D) good E) well

46. (96-13-12) Choose the appropriate antonym.

His best-known paintings give a light to today's Uzbekistan.

- A) well-known B) famous
C) unknown D) bad
E) worst

47. (96-13-62) Choose the synonyms to the underlined word.

We took the book last week and now we must give it back.

- A) take B) return C) revise
D) copy E) hold

48. (96-13-63) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

My parents went to Moscow in May and they will come back in June.

- A) started B) set out C) visited
D) left for E) left

49. (96-13-64) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

You've made 2 bad mistakes in your test.

- A) wrong things B) blunders
C) an error D) misprints
E) slips of the tongue

50. (96-13-67) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

She likes getting letters but dislikes writing them.

- A) receiving B) taking
C) sending D) reading
E) finding

51. (96-13-119) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

The girl was so attractive that I constantly looked at her.

- A) simple B) plain C) ugly
D) pretty E) quick

52. (96-13-157) Choose the appropriate variant.

I wanted to go ... but my visa is not ready.

- A) to the country B) abroad
C) to the baker's D) to the dentist
E) to my neighbour's

53. (96-13-160) Choose the appropriate variant. ... is a man who cuts hair, shaves beards.

- A) Hairdresser B) Dressmaker
C) Barber D) Designer
E) Tailor

54. (96-13-174) Choose the proper synonym to the underlined word.

Uzbekistan helps developing countries to train their skilled personnel.

- A) inform B) prepare C) learn
D) give E) study

55. (96-13-175) Choose the proper synonym to the underlined word.

The children know that the sun rises in the east.

- A) wakes up B) reaches
C) appears D) sets
E) watches

56. (96-13-176) Choose the appropriate word to the sentence.

He ... over the radio, "Train 24 will arrive at 7.05".

- A) learned B) heard
C) was clear D) listened
E) sound out

57. (96-13-177) Choose the proper antonym for the underlined word.

He says they will go to the top of the hill next week.

- A) near B) above
C) bottom D) under
E) downstairs

58. (96-13-214) Choose the appropriate word.

When Fenimore Cooper returned to the United States, he began writing his famous novels, he described in these novels ...

- A) the war B) bourgeois society
C) slavery D) hunters
E) Indians

59. (96-15-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

The great Russian poet Pushkin was a remarkable man.

- A) careless B) clever C) hard
D) kind E) extraordinary

60. (96-15-8) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

popular

- A) widespread B) interesting
C) public D) weak
E) famous

61. (96-15-11) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Modern factories have sprung up around the old cities.

- A) small B) new C) out of date
D) fresh E) bad

62. (96-15-46) Choose the appropriate word.

... is a place where aircraft can land and take off.

- A) Field B) Air force C) Alley
D) Airfield E) Yard

63. (96-15-47) Choose the appropriate word.

... means two weeks

- A) Weekly B) Dozen
C) Fortnight D) Score
E) Decade

64. (96-15-48) Choose the appropriate word. ... is when all the letters used in a language, arranged in a special order.

- A) Spelling B) Almanac
C) Alphabet D) Alphabet
E) Dictionary

65. (96-15-60) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

If your friend is seriously ill you should go to see him.

- A) ask about B) leave C) see
D) visit E) approach

66. (96-15-62) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Our group meeting was to take place on Saturday morning and everybody was sure to come.

- A) to have held B) to be held
C) to take part D) to hold
E) to happen

67. (96-15-63) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

In the 18th century England seized many colonies in the, old and new world.

- A) captured B) freed
C) occupied D) lost
E) gained

68. (96-15-114) Choose the appropriate synonyms to the underlined word.

The achievements of science and technology of recent years have influenced the careers of many people.

- A) marketing B) trading
C) professions D) hands
E) works

69. (96-15-115) Choose the appropriate synonyms to the underlined word.

Ships and are often equipped with radio telephones.

- A) planes B) trains
C) railroads D) highways
E) boats

70. (96-15-117) Choose the appropriate antonym.

My sister is very serious.

- A) energetic B) polite C) kind
D) intelligent E) light-minded

71. (96-15-118) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Tom is very lazy. He doesn't like to do anything.

- A) modest B) modern C) clever
D) energetic E) nervous

72. (96-15-119) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Her English is poor.

- A) excellently B) satisfactory
C) bad D) good
E) not good

73. (96-15-149) Choose the appropriate words, sentences, answer.

Piccadilly Circus is ...

- A) famous for its clowns and trained animals
B) an architectural monument of an ancient time
C) a fashionable hotel
D) a square in the centre of London
E) a state gallery

74. (96-15-150) Choose the appropriate words, sentences, answer.

At Christmas time the people of England ...

- A) go out into streets to celebrate it
B) have a festive dinner and give each other money
C) play snowballs
D) forgive offences and debts
E) go to work

75. (96-15-151) Choose the appropriate words, sentences, answer.

Every part of the UK has an emblem of its own. Thistle is the emblem of ...

- A) England B) Wales
C) Scotland D) Northern Ireland
E) Ireland

76. (96-15-152) Choose the appropriate words, sentences, answer.

The name Briton had once been a name of ...

- A) a ship B) a tribe of people
C) an animal D) a river
E) place

77. (96-15-169) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Don't paint in a hurry.

- A) exactly B) irritably C) hastily
D) specially E) really

78. (96-15-171) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

It seemed to her that he was very decent.

- A) dishonest B) be tired of
C) fat D) handsome
E) unhealthy

79. (96-15-200) Choose the appropriate word.

"Hush, somebody can hear us", she ...

- A) stammered B) shouted
C) sighed D) giggled
E) whispered

80. (96-15-201) Choose the appropriate word.

The children were told to ... out of the kitchen while their mother was cooking.

- A) look B) work
C) find D) go
E) carry

81. (96-15-216) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

She was awfully sorry for her.

- A) respectfully B) politely
C) terribly D) cordially
E) correctly

82. (97-1-9) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

When I met my friend she was very anxious about something.

- A) took care of B) was troubled
C) got angry D) looked for
E) was glad

83. (97-1-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

host

- A) native B) nephew C) guest
D) neighbour E) visitor

84. (97-1-11) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

dull

- A) difficult B) easy
C) pleasure D) funny
E) good

85. (97-1-12) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Tom's father was a cruel man.

- A) honest B) kind C) funny
D) serious E) light

86. (97-1-40) Choose the appropriate words.

- I want to go to Samarkand as quickly as (1).... What would you advise me?

- By plane of course. It's only an hour (2).... to Samarkand.

- The (3).... is so overcast that it may cancel the flights, I'm afraid

- Who told you that. There's no storm, nothing to (4).... the flight.

- I wonder what the (5).... is?

- It's the same as a (6).... in a soft car.

- A) usual B) possible
C) the same D) fastest
E) haste 2.

87. (97-1-45) Choose the appropriate words.

"Out of sight-out of ...

- A) flight B) fight C) guide D) might
E) mind

88. (97-1-64) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Ulugbek's idea was to check the mistakes of his son.

- A) to rise B) to develop C) to verify
D) to close E) to renew

89. (97-1-65) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

ignorant

- A) idle B) useful
C) unlucky D) cruelty
E) intellectual

90. (97-1-67) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Mr. Brown decided to protect that young man.

- A) to help B) to accuse
C) to care D) to shout
E) to criticise

91. (97-2-8) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The housewife tasted the soup and said it was ready.

- A) cooked B) tried C) tried on
D) took E) gave

92. (97-2-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

His holiday by the sea was like a dream.

- A) rest B) rested C) walk
D) stay E) life

93. (97-2-10) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Breakfast is the first meal of the day.

- A) important B) main
C) last but one D) last
E) next

94. (97-2-11) Choose the appropriate antonym.

If you know one foreign language it will be easier for you to learn the second one.

- A) local B) modern C) popular
D) old E) native

95. (97-2-66) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Alisher Navoi is a famous writer.

- A) well-known B) unknown
C) good D) interesting
E) loved

96. (97-2-67) Choose the pair of synonyms

- A) common - plain B) ugly - beautiful
C) good - bad D) dark - light
E) quiet - noisy

97. (97-2-69) Choose the appropriate antonym.

She is the worst student in our group.

- A) good B) bad C) badly
D) the best E) nice

98. (97-2-70) Choose the pair of antonyms.

- A) less - more B) little - few
C) much - many D) gay - merry
E) light - bright

99. (97-2-71) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The climate of Great Britain is mild.

- A) difficult B) strong
C) severe D) bad
E) good

100. (97-3-8) Choose the appropriate synonym.

It was the voice of a born orator.

- A) addressee B) speaker
C) talker D) order
E) chatter box

101. (97-3-11) Choose the appropriate antonym.

What is it then, my son?

- A) girl B) boy C) daughter
D) dear E) friend

102. (97-3-12) Choose the appropriate antonym. He is a Protestant, remember.

- A) keep in mind B) remind
C) recall D) forget
E) believe

103. (97-3-46) Complete the sentence.

A sea voyage for pleasure is ...

- A) by sea B) ship
C) seashore D) cruise
E) sea steamer

104. (97-3-57) Choose the synonym. Choose the appropriate prepositions.

Father was very angry ... his son: "You'll be punished according ... the seriousness ... your crime".

- A) to / - / of B) for / to / to
C) to / to / to D) with / to / of
E) with / - / of

105. (97-3-63) Choose the synonym.

There was something cruel in his voice.

- A) strange B) severe C) funny
D) fresh E) worry

106. (97-3-64) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

rude

- A) plain B) beautiful C) polite
D) idle E) poor

107. (97-3-66) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The hall was full with spectators.

- A) easy B) empty
C) vacant D) ready
E) lute

108. (97-4-56) Choose the appropriate word.

"So ... - so done."

- A) thought B) done C) had
D) saw E) said

109. (97-5-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I am not going to write any more...

- A) then B) at the moment
C) after that D) early
E) before

110. (97-5-8) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

... ago the square yard was very clean.

- A) many years B) two weeks
C) two centuries D) a fortnight
E) two months

111. (97-5-11) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

She was quite alone among them.

- A) single B) only
C) adapted D) distant
E) separate

112. (97-5-12) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

I wish you prosperity.

- A) success B) good luck
C) happiness D) poverty
E) riches

113. (97-5-45) Choose the appropriate word.

A food made from milk is ...

- A) ham B) cheese C) stew
D) pepper E) roll

114. (97-6-7) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

They had a big house and at the back of it there was a small lake.

- A) behind B) in front of
C) between D) over
E) near

115. (97-6-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Every spring the school leavers have their examinations.

- A) fail B) carry C) bring
D) organise E) take

116. (97-6-9) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Boxing was his profession, people came and paid money to see the fight.

- A) subject B) wish
C) trade D) life
E) interest

117. (97-7-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the word.

reply

- A) question B) answer C) problem
D) prize E) promise

118. (97-7-9) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I noticed my mother's disturbing look.

- A) expecting B) charming
C) alarming D) interesting
E) criticising

119. (97-7-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

coward

- A) strong B) brave C) clever D) calm
E) healthy

120. (97-7-12) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The boy was punished and he couldn't go to play with his friends.

- A) encouraged B) beaten
C) defended D) invited
E) overcome

121. (97-8-7) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Our classes usually are over at 7 in the evening.

- A) go B) continue C) finish
D) begin E) succeed

122. (97-8-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

He was a tall boy of fifteen.

- A) low B) high
C) not short D) nice E) long

123. (97-8-10) Choose the antonym to underlined word.

There are many other big cities in Great Britain with more than a million inhabitants.

- A) large B) short C) small
D) great E) low

124. (97-8-52) Choose the appropriate word.

The ... reminded the secretary to let everybody know that the company meeting had been put off.

- A) teacher B) collective farmer
C) driver D) typeset
E) manager

125. (97-9-7) Choose the appropriate synonym.

My friend was sorry as his father was dead.

- A) killed B) died C) came D) was ill
E) was alive

126. (97-9-8) Choose the synonym.

The game they liked best was writing short stories of their own.

- A) found B) did
C) enjoyed D) wanted E) wished

127. (97-9-11) Choose the antonym.

Such trees grow only in the countries the climate of which is hot and damp.

- A) cold B) cool C) dry
D) sunny E) windy

128. (97-9-66) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

I don't want to know what they are talking about.

- A) taking B) speaking
C) coming D) leaving
E) saying

129. (97-9-68) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

She said that she was going to live in London.

- A) intended B) came
C) planned D) went
E) left

130. (97-9-69) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

He lives a long way from his school.

- A) far B) near C) late
D) behind E) in front of

131. (97-10-8) Choose the appropriate synonym.

She thought that he was brave.

- A) coward B) courageous
C) strong D) quiet
E) powerful

132. (97-10-11) Choose the appropriate antonym.

My mother was a kind person.

- A) cruel B) good-natured C) nice
D) bad E) merry

133. (97-10-46) Choose the appropriate word logically out.

- A) field B) meadow
C) forest D) wood
E) wardrobe

134. (97-11-7) Choose the appropriate synonym.

She became angry and began to shout at them.

- A) finished B) stopped
C) started D) set
E) was over

135. (97-11-8) Choose a pair of synonyms.

- A) useless – useful B) quiet – peaceful
C) strong – weak D) healthy – ill
E) cloudy – cloudless

136. (97-11-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Everybody protested to be examined again.

- A) were for B) were against
C) were after D) were before
E) were like

137. (97-11-11) Choose a pair of antonyms.

- A) to call – to name B) never – ever
C) good – kind D) hot – warm
E) shout – cry

138. (97-12-10) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

He wanted to get in through the window and he knew the window had not been fixed.

- A) locked B) shut
C) opened D) fastened
E) broken

139. (97-12-11) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

She saw at once that something terrible had happened.

- A) solved B) decided
C) understood D) heard
E) taken place

140. (97-12-12) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

At last things began to improve.

- A) injure B) get better
C) become worse D) collect
E) change

141. (97-12-13) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

All of the foreign members are outstanding scientists.

- A) prominent B) exceptional
C) ordinary D) proud E) educated

142. (97-12-14) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Can you tell me how to get to the Public Library?

- A) national B) wide
C) common D) mutual
E) private

143. (97-12-28) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Before death he decided to leave his money to a hospital.

- A) earlier B) after C) above
D) below E) over

144. (97-12-57) Choose the appropriate word.

Over the last decade the ... of our republic has changed a bit.

- A) temperature B) climate
C) territory D) geography
E) language

145. (97-12-58) Choose the appropriate word.

How long does it take you to ... home?

- A) cry B) get C) relax
D) rest E) celebrate.

146. (97-12-64) Choose the appropriate word for.

The first letter of a word or a name means ...

- A) signature B) alphabet C) voice
D) initial E) injury

147. (97-12-65) Choose the appropriate word for. Someone you do not know.

- A) inhabitant B) man
C) woman D) native
E) stranger

148. (98-1-8) Choose the appropriate word.

Henry was very ... He dropped his glasses in the street, but they didn't break.

- A) clever B) famous
C) known D) wise
E) lucky

149. (98-1-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

I must change my jeans. They are really dirty.

- A) clear B) short
C) bright D) clean
E) yellow

150. (98-1-11) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

John's parents want him to study law and become President one day. They have high hopes on him.

- A) tall B) respectful C) wise
D) unpleasant E) small

151. (98-2-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

We shall be reaching the station in 15 minutes time.

- A) moving to B) leaving for
C) staying at D) getting to
E) taking from

152. (98-2-9) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

He went on sleeping while we took him into our boat.

- A) continued B) spoke
C) stopped D) went
E) finished

153. (98-2-12) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Though the watch was very expensive, he decided to buy it for her.

- A) dear B) calm
C) cheap D) quiet
E) rich

154. (98-3-7) Choose the appropriate word.

Why are you so sad? What's the ...?

- A) thing B) affair
C) matter D) event
E) case

155. (98-3-8) Choose the appropriate word.

– Did you know you were talking to the president of the company?

– Not at first but I ... it during the conversation.

- A) thought B) saw
C) found D) understood
E) imagined

156. (98-3-56) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

They began to work together twenty years ago.

- A) finished B) stayed
C) continued D) started
E) gave up

157. (98-3-57) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Karim told me that they were planning to see the gallery in a few days.

- A) staying B) playing
C) going D) starting
E) coming

158. (98-3-58) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

I'll be in tomorrow morning.

- A) stay B) be out
C) be over D) come
E) give

159. (98-3-60) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

The Thames is a short river but it is wide and deep.

- A) small B) shallow
C) long D) great
E) big

160. (98-4-11) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Airline business is increasing nowadays.

- A) enlarging B) consuming
C) ratifying D) consenting
E) investing

161. (98-4-13) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

The man was staring at him, and the boy began to tremble.

- A) find B) move
C) shiver D) share
E) escape

162. (98-4-14) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

She was accepted as secretary for an American Company.

- A) accused B) accomplished
C) acquired D) announced
E) rejected

163. (98-4-49) Complete the sentence.

How long does it take you to ... ten from 20?

- A) multiply B) equalise C) divide
D) subtract E) add

164. (98-4-53) Choose the appropriate word for. Someone who makes or looks after machines.

- A) economist B) worker
C) teacher D) engineer
E) member

165. (98-4-61) Choose the sentence closer in the meaning to the given one.

He insisted on seeing the documents.

- A) I've just had a letter from my sister.
B) He wanted to look through all the papers.
C) After seeing the stamps Jack said that they were wonderful.
D) His friend has translated two English books into Uzbek.
E) I'll give you these journals alter I have looked through them.

166. (98-4-62) Choose the sentence closer in the meaning to the given one.

I haven't seen Tom since we left school.

- A) They began to work together twenty years ago.
B) During the interval everybody talked about the new actress.
C) Tom had to go to bed late last night.
D) It has been years since I last saw Tom.
E) They have never been to any foreign countries.

167. (98-5-13) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

The whole excursion took approximately ten hours.

- A) exactly B) about
C) precisely D) apparently
E) respectively

168. (98-5-14) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

His parents were divorced before his birth.

- A) engaged B) married
C) accused D) accustomed
E) used

169. (98-5-48) Complete the sentence.

Hello Dolly! It's so nice to have you back where you ... to.

- A) overcome B) belong
C) extend D) calculate
E) decide

170. (98-6-24) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Somebody tapped on the door at night.

- A) knocked at B) closed
C) looked through D) came up
E) took care of

171. (98-6-33) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Puppies lived in a dog-house.

- A) kennel B) barn C) cave
D) box E) garage

172. (98-6-39) Choose the synonym.

What dairy products do you like to eat?

- A) creamery B) meals
C) animal D) first course
E) desserts

173. (98-6-40) Choose the appropriate word.

It is known that people of old times used ... as musical instrument.

- A) horn B) guitar
C) piano D) water
E) sheep

174. (98-6-47) Choose the appropriate antonym.

All the students including Hamid will take part in coming football match.

- A) from B) besides
C) except D) within
E) with

175. (98-6-65) Choose the appropriate word.

He had no ... to live in.

- A) farm B) clothes
C) kennel D) garage
E) shelter

176. (98-6-68) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined one.

It happened long after the night that I fell down into a pit.

- A) dark B) evening
C) day D) dawn
E) moonlight

177. (98-6-77) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Percy Dixon's face turned red with anger.

- A) mad B) black
C) ashamed D) tortured
E) pale

178. (98-6-85) Choose the appropriate word.

Two storied buses are called

- A) liners B) the underground
C) street-cars D) double-deckers
E) coaches

179. (98-6-86) Choose the appropriate word.

There is no ... in London now.

- A) accident B) traffic
C) tram D) taxi
E) double-decker

180. (98-7-18) Choose the appropriate word.

First catch your ... then cook it.

- A) hare B) hair C) heir
D) car E) bear

181. (98-7-24) Choose the appropriate synonym.

A smoothfaced man of forty faced me.

- A) graceful B) shaven
C) beautiful D) famous
E) handsome

182. (98-7-25) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The number of champions in Uzbekistan is increasing from day to day.

- A) improving B) decreasing
C) raising D) brightening
E) widening

183. (98-7-56) Choose the appropriate antonym.

A great many people participated in the opening of the conference.

- A) closure B) beginning
C) failure D) discussion
E) permission

184. (98-7-58) Choose the appropriate word.

... belong to the cat family.

- A) Tigers B) Fish
C) Elephants D) Monkeys
E) Dogs

185. (98-7-71) Choose the appropriate word.

Tea came from ...

- A) the Far East B) the Middle West
C) the East End D) the West End
E) colonies of Spain

186. (98-7-75) Answer the question.

- What is her profession?

- She sells fish. She is a ...

- A) fishmonger B) shop-keeper
C) Miss Fisher D) selfish girl
E) businessman

187. (98-7-76) Choose the appropriate antonym.

He went on smoking though I asked him

- A) stopped B) started
C) liked D) kept on
E) continued

188. (98-8-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Soon I found out that she had left for Italy.

- A) saw B) learned
C) heard D) knew
E) recognised

189. (98-8-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

They always go to school together.

- A) with each other B) separately
C) altogether D) in common
E) themselves

190. (98-8-11) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The airport is a long way from the centre of the city.

- A) far from B) not far from
C) in the distance D) remote
E) distant

191. (98-9-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I want a set of books for someone who is

keen on art.

- A) severe B) quick
C) fond of D) sharp
E) afraid of

192. (98-9-8) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

It was a lucky chance that he could do it.

- A) business B) opportunity
C) matter D) manager
E) pension

193. (98-9-9) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I offered him a cup of coffee, which he refused politely.

- A) rejected B) took
C) gave D) finished
E) obtained

194. (98-9-75) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

When I opened the box at home I found that the shoes were not mine.

- A) talked B) sent
C) recognised D) discovered
E) called

195. (98-9-76) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.
If the shops were not so crowded, the clerks would not be so tired.

- A) cold B) full C) old
D) fresh E) fast

196. (98-9-77) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Did you manage to stop the fight between those two boys?

- A) show B) stage C) picture
D) talk E) struggle

197. (98-10-9) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Our classmates often take part indifferent sport competitions.

- A) events B) races
C) meetings D) news
E) things

198. (98-10-12) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

He thinks his son has a good future.

- A) nice B) fine C) kind D) bad
E) wrong

199. (98-10-13) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

He worked much and got a good mark at his exam.

- A) a lot B) many C) few
D) little E) a few

200. (98-10-38) Choose the appropriate word.

There are many beautiful parks, theatres, museums, cinemas and shops in the ... End of London.

- A) East B) West
C) North D) South
E) South-west

201. (98-10-56) Choose the appropriate answer.

What do we call a person who always wins at the competitions?

- A) a sportsman B) a football player
C) a skater D) a champion
E) a trainer

202. (98-11-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Uzbekistan is larger than Great Britain

- A) wider B) older
C) better D) bigger E) richer

203. (98-11-35) Choose the appropriate word.

Great Britain is washed by ... in the West.

- A) the Arctic Ocean
B) the Pacific Ocean
C) the Baltic Sea
D) the Atlantic Ocean
E) the Indian Ocean

204. (98-12-54) Choose the appropriate word.

We warned them not to go skating on such ... ice.

- A) cold B) long C) thin
D) pretty E) sharp

205. (98-12-55) Choose the appropriate word.

Abraham Lincoln, one of the American presidents, said, "All that I am or hope to be, I ... to my mother"

- A) become B) mean
C) owe D) find
E) thank

206. (98-12-56) Choose the appropriate word. Still waters run ...

- A) quick B) important
C) careful D) deep
E) strong

207. (98-12-58) Choose the appropriate word.

If you run after two hares, you will catch ...

- A) neither B) something
C) nothing D) none
E) everyone

208. (99-1-29) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

The first colonists from England made new homes and began to widen industrial towns.

- A) establish B) waste
C) broaden D) burden E) steal

209. (99-1-32) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Tom dug out his money and ran away.

- A) burned B) broke
C) forgot D) carried E) buried

210. (99-2-7) Choose the appropriate synonym.

I am a big fish in a small company.

- A) to be important in a big company
B) to be respected everywhere
C) to be important in a small company
D) to be estimated everywhere
E) not to be important in a small company

211. (99-2-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The woman adds water to unite the flour and sugar.

- A) connect B) make C) join
D) complex E) combine

212. (99-2-10) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The train leaves on time.

- A) is late B) is slow
C) is fast D) express train
E) is before time

213. (99-2-12) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Why did they turn him out?

- A) dismiss B) employ
C) refuse D) free
E) examine

214. (99-3-10) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I have no idea where the relatives on my father's side live, let alone visiting them.

- A) not a single B) leave alone
C) only one of D) not speaking of
E) lonely one

215. (99-3-12) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Doctor Manson cured a lot of miners that's why he won great popularity and respect with them.

- A) treated B) recovered C) gave
D) took E) rescued

216. Choose the proper antonym to the underlined word.

It's much quieter there than here very beautiful, but no tourists.

- A) more peaceful B) noisier
C) more essential D) more uncertain
E) easier

217. (99-3-47) Complete the sentence.

One of the most ... international financial institutions in the world is the World Bank.

- A) difficult B) expensive
C) invincible D) conventional
E) prominent

218. (99-3-48) Complete the sentence.

In ... of adopting the Constitution of our republic, December 8 is proclaimed a national holiday.

- A) coordination B) celebration
C) congratulation D) demonstration
E) commemoration

219. (99-3-51) Choose the best answer to the question.

Who is the head of a country?

- A) rumour B) power
C) pilot D) ruler
E) messenger

220. (99-4-14) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Her interest in people and other animals was warm, personal, friendly.

- A) cordial B) antagonistic
C) harmful D) cool
E) hostile

221. (99-4-15) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

The daily performance was killingly dull.

- A) unforgettable B) dutiful
C) dynamic D) boring
E) bright

222. (99-4-16) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

We are in a hurry. Push the car to one side.

- A) bring B) move C) pull
D) park E) break

223. (99-4-18) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Is service included?

- A) involved B) embraced
C) urged D) excluded
E) improved

224. (99-4-48) Complete the sentence.

No other country in the world is more dependent on foreign ... than Great Britain.

- A) opinion B) ideas
C) accent D) commerce
E) knowledge

225. (99-4-54) Choose the best answer to the question.

Who designs and plans buildings?

- A) painter B) designer
C) architect D) construction worker
E) referee

226. (99-4-57) Choose the proper answer to the question.

What does to commence mean?

- A) to wind B) to get free C) to say
D) to give E) to begin

227. (99-5-11) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Over 4, 000 years ago, the King of Egypt sent Harkhuf into Africa to look for rare woods and treasure.

- A) excursion B) provision
C) slave D) fortune
E) health

228. (99-5-72) The word "archetypal" could best be. Replaced by which of the following?

- A) model B) uncommon
C) archaeological D) modern
E) shrewd

229. (99-6-42) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Mount Cook, the crown of the New Zealand Southern Alps, rises to 3756 metres above the surrounding land.

- A) summit B) foot
C) beauty D) rock E) earth

230. (99-6-43) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Australian aborigines are dark skinned people whose descendants came to the continent from Asia about 25, 000 years ago.

- A) predecessors B) relatives
C) off springs D) colonists
E) supporters

231. (99-6-44) Choose the appropriate synonym.

In Sydney William Westwood was turned over to a cruel settler as an unpaid labourer.

- A) a paid B) a free
C) an illegal D) an unnoticed
E) a permanent

232. (99-6-45) Choose the appropriate synonym.

John Bull, the nickname for the English nation, was invented by a Scotsman, John Arbuthnot.

- A) made up B) given up
C) borrowed D) shared
E) removed

233. (99-6-46) Choose the appropriate antonym.

In 1712 the British people were becoming tired of the long war with France which had lasted since 1702.

- A) pleased B) sick
C) lively D) afraid
E) tolerant

234. (99-6-47) Choose the appropriate antonym. John Bull was described as a man of the gentleman farmer type, good natured, but easily offended.

- A) hurt B) insulted
C) sick D) understood
E) pleased

235. (99-7-51) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Arbuthnot's work is hardly ever read today, but J. Bull, whom he created, is very much alive.

- A) barely B) always
C) constantly D) happily
E) cheerfully

236. (99-7-52) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The Greeks and other ancient Mediterranean people thought that the earth was flat.

- A) unlimited B) oval
C) plane D) bumpy E) round

237. (99-7-54) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The Endeavour anchored in a wide bay to take water and food.

- A) sailed B) started
C) was seen D) was on fire
E) attached

238. (99-7-55) Choose the appropriate synonym.

After Columbus's first voyage in 1492, the news of his discovery spread across Europe.

- A) death B) treason
C) exploration D) recovery
E) victory

239. (99-7-57) Choose the appropriate antonym.

It is said that a large army of young Canadians longs for knowledge, but it is not easy to obtain it with the heavy cost of education.

- A) dislikes B) desires
C) craves D) looks for
E) achieves

240. (99-7-58) Choose the appropriate antonym. My friend stopped his car and asked me to hop in.

- A) jump in B) get out
C) give in D) take from
E) keep out

241. (99-8-15) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

I'm leaving for Samarkand tomorrow and I'll be back in a week's time

- A) going to B) coming from
C) living in D) reaching
E) approaching

242. (99-8-17) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

I hope we get home before sunset.

- A) sunshine B) sunrise
C) sunshade D) sunburst
E) sunbeam

243. (99-8-18) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

There was an old man in a barge, whose nose was exceedingly large.

- A) tiny B) huge C) vast
D) wide E) small

244. (99-8-19) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Shakespeare is sometimes called the Bard of Avon.

- A) poet B) writer
C) poem D) banner
E) song

245. (99-8-20) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Don't try to butter me. This trick of yours won't work with me.

- A) spread B) flatter
C) press D) ban
E) frighten

246. (99-8-21) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

It's high time for the child to go to bye byes.

- A) to say good bye
B) to play with toys
C) to go to sleep
D) to part with his parents
E) to see his friends off

247. (99-8-22) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Please, you are so nervous, do try to contain your anger.

- A) hold back B) consume
C) contact D) consult
E) come back

248. (99-8-46) Choose the best word to complete the sentence.

Education in Britain ... the country's social system.

- A) contain B) looks C) hears
D) mirrors E) accuses

249. (99-8-47) Choose the best word to complete the sentence.

Their ... singing and good humour win folk groups friends everywhere.

- A) talk B) harmony C) word
D) chamber E) chance

250. (99-9-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

I heard him speaking but was too tired to listen to him and concentrate.

- A) solve B) relax C) release
D) rebuild E) resign

251. (99-9-11) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Everything, including herself, was black and brown.

- A) comprising B) embracing
C) entering D) excluding
E) stimulating

252. (99-9-14) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

When the police arrived the thieves took to flight leaving all the stolen things behind.

- A) ran away B) take away
C) did away D) got up
E) climbed on

253. (99-9-15) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The famous dramatist Bernard Shaw started his pen work as a novelist.

- A) writer B) author
C) playwright D) narrator
E) story teller

254. (99-9-16) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

— Mother what is a fatherland; is it the land belonging to my father?

- Oh, no honey, it is the land of your birth.
A) powerful state B) government
C) native country D) settlement
E) father's land

255. (99-9-41) Complete the sentence.

There are many national ... youth organisations in Britain.

- A) voluntary B) wise
C) voting D) anxious
E) volcanic

256. (99-10-13) Choose the sentence opposite in meaning to the given one.

If you misunderstand the rule you won't be able to do the exercise.

- A) If you read the rule you'll be able to do the exercise.
B) If you don't know the rule you won't be able to understand the exercise.
C) Unless you understand the rule properly you won't be able to do the exercise.
D) If you understand the rule properly you'll be able to do the exercise.
E) If you don't realize the rule you'll be able to do exercise.

257. (99-10-14) Choose the sentence opposite in meaning to the given one.

I disliked them because they always ignored me.

- A) I didn't like them because they never paid any attention to me.
B) I was fond of them as they were always very friendly to me.
C) I disliked them because they were ignorant.
D) I liked them because they often visited our city.
E) I hated them because of their ignorance.

258. (99-10-16) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

During his long voyage Darwin studied different plants and animals in all parts of the world.

- A) various B) all kinds of
C) strange D) identical
E) other

259. (99-10-18) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

At first he hesitated but we insisted on his telling the truth.

- A) was in two minds B) was sure
C) was surprised D) was glad
E) was offended

260. (99-10-19) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

We all wanted to help our mother.

- A) to amuse B) to assist
C) to support D) to keep
E) to enjoy

261. (00-1-3) Choose the appropriate antonym.

An apple a day keeps the doctor away.

- A) across B) by hand
C) in touch D) not far
E) besides

262. (00-1-5) Choose the appropriate synonym.

I hate being disturbed when I'm at work.

- A) bothered B) licked
C) stared D) wanted
E) disliked

263. (00-1-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Give me a hand with my heavy suitcase.

- A) shake B) help
C) hold D) carry
E) drag

264. (00-1-31) Choose the appropriate antonym.

About that time, you must know, people went to war.

- A) peace B) struggle
C) fight D) quarrel
E) silence

265. (00-1-33) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The cold weather might freeze the water in the pipes.

- A) smell B) flow C) fly
D) melt E) spill

266. (00-1-34) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Cook was really in danger.

- A) under B) on C) out of
D) above E) before

267. (00-2-6) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Mr. Brown is a hard-working man.

- A) brave B) kind C) lazy
D) honest E) polite

268. (00-2-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Walter Scott is a well-known English writer.

- A) great B) little
C) good D) famous
E) unknown

269. (00-3-24) Choose the word which corresponds to the following description.

A house where you can get food to eat and wine to drink, and a bed to sleep in.

- A) rest-home B) inn
C) hostel D) hospital
E) college

270. (00-3-27) Choose the word which corresponds to the following description.

To walk with no particular direction or purpose.

- A) skip B) run C) go D) stroll
E) scream

271. (00-4-15) Choose the appropriate answer. By which of the following the word "research" could best be replaced?

- A) delusion B) investigation
C) deadlock D) illusion
E) competition

272. (00-4-16) Choose the appropriate answer. What is the opposite meaning of the word "significant"?

- A) unimportant B) vital
C) interesting D) simple
E) urgent

273. (00-4-25) Choose the appropriate word.

One of the thrills of the vacation is to go for a ... on a horse.

- A) trip B) tour C) ride D) drive
E) excursion

274. (00-4-27) Choose the appropriate word to complete the sentence.

Diana woke up screaming because she had just had a terrible ...

- A) horror B) shock
C) nightmare D) lunch
E) illusion

275. (00-4-28) Choose the appropriate word to complete the sentence.

We don't want to tell you what will happen at the end of the film. You have to use your ...

- A) programme B) illusion
C) imagination D) belief
E) experience

276. (00-4-30) Who will you call in the following situation? Your taps are leaking.

- A) gardener B) surveyor
C) plumber D) babysitter
E) electrician

277. (00-4-31) Who will you call in the following situation? You don't know Italian, but you have to translate an article from Italian.

- A) interpreter B) locksmith
C) architect D) engineer
E) decorator

278. (00-5-15) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

We have been celebrating this holiday for 8 years.

- A) arranging B) beginning
C) proclaiming D) marking
E) voting for

279. (00-5-16) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

He asked why I hadn't accepted his invitation.

- A) said B) told
C) wondered D) wanted
E) replied

280. (00-5-18) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word. Buckingham Palace is the residence of the English kings and queens.

- A) place B) museum
C) slum D) house
E) park

281. (00-5-19) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Alice met him at a party and they made friends.

- A) saw B) noticed
C) observed D) left
E) came up to

282. (00-5-20) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined words.

When the plane landed, all the passengers sighed with relief.

- A) came in B) put down
C) put on D) took off
E) arrived at

283. (00-6-9) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

By the way I've forgotten your address.

- A) remembered B) known
C) given D) reminded
E) learned

284. (00-6-28) Choose the appropriate word.

They were ... that she had won. It was a great chance.

- A) delighted B) excited
C) afraid D) tired
E) exhausted

285. (00-7-18) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Her vulgar behaviour played against her.

- A) on B) at
C) for D) before
E) beyond

286. (00-7-20) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

I like to see the films of "Paramount Pictures".

- A) inferior B) apparent
C) dear D) excellent
E) beautiful

287. (00-7-21) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Life always breaks one's illusion.

- A) fantasy B) imagination
C) dream D) contempt
E) reality

288. (00-7-51) Choose the appropriate synonym.

I was astonished at his words.

- A) paralysed B) surprised
C) frightened D) troubled
E) interested

289. (00-7-57) Choose the appropriate antonym.

There is a soft carpet on the floor.

- A) rigid B) long C) hard
D) large E) beautiful

290. (00-7-58) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The old man laughed awkwardly.

- A) clumsily B) distinctly
C) luckily D) artistically
E) reflectively

291. (00-8-6) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Robert read all the books he could and developed a remarkable command of literary English.

- A) order B) offer
C) knowledge D) usage
E) request

292. (00-8-7) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

– Why is your car painted blue on one side and red on the other?
– Oh, it's a fine idea! You should just hear the witnesses contradicting one another.

- A) disputing B) disagreeing
C) conflicting D) denying
E) confirming

293. (00-9-6) Choose the appropriate synonyms.

The World Bank lends money to assist in the development of many countries.

- A) gives / to send B) takes / to want
C) borrows / to help D) gives / to help
E) stays / to cut

294. (00-9-29) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined one.

Jim substituted the gold-plated iron sculptures for the solid gold ones that night.

- A) received B) took C) gave
D) changed E) brought

295. (00-9-42) Choose the appropriate synonym of the underlined word.

Some articles in this book are devoted to young people who are choosing a profession.

- A) given B) dedicated
C) needed D) excluded
E) sent

296. (00-9-46) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Can you compose dialogues?

- A) read B) paint C) translate
D) make up E) learn

297. (00-9-48) Choose the appropriate synonym.

In my opinion, Mr. Brown has submitted the best project to the competition.

- A) taken away B) fulfilled
C) written D) chosen
E) presented

298. (00-9-49) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Kory Niyazov is a true scientist and a happy man.

- A) famous B) false C) talentless
D) real E) unusual

299. (00-10-25) Choose the appropriate word.

... is used for taking photographs.

- A) A brief-case B) Scissors
C) A cassette D) A horn
E) A camera

300. (00-10-38) Choose the appropriate word.

Fred had ... because he was driving too fast and not watching the road.

- A) an excitement B) a case
C) an idea D) a horse
E) an accident

301. (01-1-1) Choose the appropriate antonym.

When something more than simple, hard work is needed the police fail.

- A) interesting B) difficult
C) easy D) common
E) dangerous

302. (01-1-3) Choose the appropriate antonym.

The Arabs took the new numbers and made improvements that quickly led to advances in technology.

- A) success B) progress
C) discoveries D) decisions
E) failures

303. (01-1-4) Choose the appropriate antonym.

They had to be ruthless to win the battle.

- A) cruel B) urgent
C) happy D) stupid E) merciful

304. (01-1-5) Choose the appropriate antonym.

In some of his works Huxley showed the hypocrisy of "high society".

- A) sincerity B) dissimulation
C) truth D) life E) basis

305. (01-1-6) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Everybody talked about Bertha's goodness, and the prince of the country all owed her to walk in his park once a week.

- A) Jet B) invited
C) sent D) prohibited E) took

306. (01-1-42) Choose the appropriate word.

- A ... of snow.
A) nest B) stack
C) flock D) duster E) fall

307. (01-1-43) Choose the appropriate word.

- A ... of stamps.
A) grove B) bunch
C) galaxy D) collection
E) sheaf

308. (01-1-57) Choose the appropriate words for the blanks.

The art exhibition was very interesting. I loved it, but I had to leave after three hours. My feet were ... me! I ... going round art galleries very ...

- A) weary / hope / exciting
B) aching / suppose / surprisingly
C) running / think / worrying
D) anxious / see / amusing
E) killing / find / tiring

309. (01-1-70) Choose the most general word.

- A) necklace B) ring C) jewellery
D) earring E) bracelet

310. (01-1-71) Choose the most general word.

- A) coal B) oil
C) gasoline D) fuel
E) kerosene

311. (01-1-88) Choose the closest one in meaning to the given sentence.

- I saw the pear.
A) I saw the paste.
B) I saw the animal.
C) I saw the vegetables.
D) I saw the book.
E) I saw the fruit.

312. (01-2-7) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The noise in the yard annoyed me and I couldn't concentrate on my work.

- A) interested B) drew my attention
C) am used D) bored
E) bothered

313. (01-2-8) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Many new houses and shops have been built in our street this year.

- A) erected B) constructed
C) destroyed D) risen
E) made

314. (01-2-38) Choose the appropriate word.

He was ... admission to the college for not wearing a tie.

- A) granted B) allowed
C) given D) refused
E) let

315. (01-2-57) Choose the proper synonym to the underlined word.

He nodded his assent.

- A) consent B) need
C) wish D) absence
E) help

316. (01-2-58) Choose the proper synonym to the underlined word.

She let him come into the room.

- A) allowed B) hated
C) wanted D) waited
E) knew

317. (01-2-61) Choose the proper antonym to the underlined word.

I believe it's unfair of you to speak so about your sister.

- A) dear B) cruel
C) reasonable D) unfaithful
E) unfounded

318. (01-2-62) Choose the proper synonym to the underlined word.

The colours of Uzbekistan in spring are unforgettable.

- A) unkind B) memorable
C) menacing D) threatening
E) forgettable

319. (01-3-24) Choose the appropriate word.

It's very cold in the mountains in winter. Don't forget to ... warm clothing along.

- A) carry B) fetch
C) give D) bring
E) put

320. (01-4-22) Choose the synonym.

What happened to the main character in the long run?

- A) at first B) then
C) in a day D) at the end
E) after all

321. (01-4-30) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Mayas suddenly abandoned many of their cities and built new ones in the jungle.

- A) desert B) forgive
C) return to D) dismiss
E) leave

322. (01-4-60) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

While having breakfast people start reading the Sunday papers, which they either fetch themselves from the local paper shop or have delivered by the paper boy.

- A) buy B) borrow
C) lend D) bring E) snatch

323. (01-4-61) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Many people tried to take advantage of the Amazon jungle's wet climate and permanent growing season.

- A) constant B) durable
C) temporary D) common
E) usual

324. (01-4-62) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Northern Europeans are willing to pay a lot of money and put up with a lot of inconveniences from the sun because they have so little of it.

- A) protest against B) talk about
C) suffer from D) keep from
E) take out

325. (01-4-76) Choose the appropriate word to complete the sentence.

Planning to take advantage of the ... of paper, Daniel K. Ludwig bought a 3000000 acre piece of land and started building a factory to produce paper.

- A) flood B) sheets C) shortage
D) abundance E) excess

326. (01-5-34) Choose the appropriate words to complete the sentence.

- Are those pens expensive?

- Yes, their prices can run ... 50 soums.

- A) so high to B) as high to
C) as high D) as highly
E) as high as

327. (01-5-42) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Death is so horrible.

- A) leaf B) stay
C) decease D) life E) release

328. (01-5-43) Choose the appropriate antonym.

In the past he was a cook, a teacher, even a minister.

- A) in future B) these days
C) the other days D) at the present time
E) long time ago

329. (01-5-44) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Though he was grateful he didn't turn his head towards his brother.

- A) scared B) forgetful
C) needless D) thankful
E) rude

330. (01-5-45) Choose the appropriate synonym.

He couldn't stand upright.

- A) true B) inexpressibly
C) horizontally D) vertically
E) any longer

331. (01-6-8) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

They were handed their marriage certificates and we all congratulated them.

- A) offered B) passed
C) given D) taken
E) proposed

332. (01-6-9) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Simon couldn't recognize Judy in the dark. But approached when she him he was glad to see her.

- A) proceeded B) came up
C) came into D) came up to
E) proceeded to

333. (01-6-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

If you want to save your money, you should take it to the Saving-Bank.

- A) to economise B) waste
C) accumulate D) send
E) increase

334. (01-6-12) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

As the buys couldn't book the tickets in advance they stood at the entrance asking people if they had any spare tickets.

- A) door B) hall C) lobby
D) exit E) rear

335. (01-8-38) Choose the antonym.

Please accept our sincere apologies.

- A) unsincere B) insincere
C) dissincere D) nonsincere
E) nonsense

336. (01-9-11) Choose the appropriate words.

He was very ... and was prepared to do anything ...

- A) cruel / to wish
B) merry / to advance
C) ambitious / to succeed
D) sad / to move
E) ordinary / to strive

337. (01-9-30) Choose the answer that is closest in meaning to the given sentence.

It is necessary to have a doctor's prescription in order to buy most medicine in the United States.

- A) In the United States, medicine must be bought with prescriptions instead of money
B) In most of the states, doctors give prescriptions for medicine
C) Most medicine cannot be bought without a prescription in the United States
D) In the United States, most doctors give prescriptions for medicine
E) In the United States, most doctors buy medicine with prescriptions.

338. (01-9-48) Choose the appropriate answer.

What does "tip-top" mean?

- A) excellent B) ready C) industrious
D) pretty E) thirsty

339. (01-9-51) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I am exhausted after a long trip.

- A) very slender B) very sleepy
C) very thirsty D) very tired
E) very angry

340. (01-9-52) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

During the reign of Elizabeth I the wearing of hats was made compulsory.

- A) obligatory B) responsible
C) preferable D) accessible
E) impossible

341. (01-10-14) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Is it safe to cross the river in that place?

- A) possible B) advisable
C) dangerous D) important
E) necessary

342. (01-10-15) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The entrance exams will be held here.

- A) new B) former
C) final D) music E) latest

343. (01-10-17) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The children were playing at the corner of the park.

- A) sunniest B) nearest
C) darkest D) quietest E) distant

344. (01-10-18) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Suddenly he disappeared in the water.

- A) went up B) came
C) reached D) swam E) appeared

345. (01-10-32) Choose the appropriate synonym.

They believe they are masters of their own destiny.

- A) desire B) fate
C) hope D) thought E) life

346. (01-10-33) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Many big cities and university towns have built art centres, and now hold annual art festivals.

- A) next year B) a year ago
C) this year D) every year
E) a year by year

347. (01-10-34) Choose the appropriate antonym.

English and Latin languages are written in the top of the arches.

- A) in the door B) at the bottom
C) on the floor D) on the wall
E) in the depth

348. (01-10-36) Choose the appropriate word. Library is a ... where you can check out a book.

- A) thing B) school
C) place D) field E) shop

349. (01-11-29) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Rutherford always exceeded the fixed hours of work.

- A) worked overtime
B) worked better
C) missed the fixed hours of work
D) mixed all the work
E) gathered the work hours

350. (01-11-30) Choose the appropriate antonym.

India is one of the most populated countries of Asia.

- A) least B) best C) fewest
D) largest E) greatest

351. (01-11-33) Choose the best answer.

What do you respect most of all in people?

- A) honesty B) cowardness
C) ignorance D) hypocrisy
E) laziness

352. (01-12-51) Choose the appropriate synonym.

In the thirteenth century Muslim Lands, like Russia, became a target for the - dreaded Mongols.

- A) reward B) prize C) task
D) aim E) pride

353. (01-12-52) Choose the appropriate antonym. With the spread of Islam

mathematicians and scientists gained access to the works of earlier thinkers in many lands.

- A) reached B) obtained
C) graded D) arranged
E) lost

354. (01-12-53) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Muslim astronomers tested and corrected the observations made by ancient astronomers, particularly the Greek scientist Ptolemy.

- A) achievements B) drawbacks
C) watchings D) components
E) progress

355. (01-12-54) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The first European nation to sponsor voyages of exploration was the small seafaring country of Portugal.

- A) runaway B) maritime
C) seasonable D) secure
E) secretive

356. (01-12-55) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Many English settlers came to America to escape religious conflicts in the home country.

- A) disagreements B) concords
C) hostilities D) quarrels
E) believes

357. (02-1-18) Choose the best answer.

When I learned to ski, I practised on a slope that was not too ...

- A) tall B) rising C) steep D) high E) slow

358. (02-1-29) Choose the best answer.

If you have any ... concerning this report. Please phone the Office.

- A) wishes B) requests
C) investigations D) queries
E) savings

359. (02-1-31) Choose the best answer.

She lives near me and I often speak to her on my ... to work.

- A) path B) travel C) street
D) road E) way

360. (02-1-34) Choose the best answer.

The hotel has been built on the ... of a lake.

- A) edge B) border
C) boundary D) front
E) behind

361. (02-1-35) Choose the best answer.

The hall was very ... with over fifty people stuck into it.

- A) empty B) crowded
C) painted D) decorated
E) designed

362. (02-1-37) Choose the best answer.

The house is in good ... though it needs to be repainted.

- A) state B) condition
C) position D) standing
E) mood

363. (02-1-68) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

Adrian Brouwer has been described as a man of reckless habits.

- A) careless B) wise
C) reasonable D) healthy
E) angry

364. (02-1-74) Choose the best answer.

Heavy snow ... the train for several hours.

- A) delayed B) hindered
C) cancelled D) postponed
E) sent

365. (02-2-27) Choose the best answer.

Her father ... her with everything she wanted.

- A) proposed B) possessed
C) processed D) provided
E) distributed

366. (02-2-57) Choose the best answer.

In the Summer of 1959, something ... with the power plant that provides New-York with electricity.

- A) happened B) went wrong
C) out-of-order D) violated
E) broke

367. (02-3-7) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

He astounded his friends by his sudden departure.

- A) parted B) pleased C) met
D) greeted E) surprised

368. (02-3-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

I was amazed at the breadth of their interest.

- A) was shocked B) was happy
C) was glad D) was eager
E) felt like

369. (02-3-9) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

The cook was afraid that they would fire him.

- A) discharge B) employ
C) pay D) present
E) encourage

370. (02-3-10) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

All my life you've treated me as a child.

- A) looked upon B) helped
C) assisted D) punished
E) greeted

371. (02-3-11) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

She controlled herself and said in a steady voice "We are no friends any longer".

- A) weak B) loud C) sound
D) low E) lovely

372. (02-3-13) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

I have grave doubts about his honesty, sincerity.

- A) remember B) find
C) understand D) am quite sure
E) recall

373. (02-3-14) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

He talked to me of Chopin and played the familiar melodies with much brilliance.

- A) well known B) strange
C) brilliant D) wonderful
E) fine

374. (02-3-15) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

He retired and settled in the country.

- A) moved B) lived C) built
D) went E) left

375. (02-3-82) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Bella became aware of her mistake instantly.

- A) frequently B) immediately
C) entirely D) obviously
E) mainly

376. (02-3-83) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Mr. Johnson said that the mayor was very arrogant.

- A) egoistical B) official
C) typical D) attractive
E) kind

377. (02-3-91) Choose the best answer.

A lot depends on your ... the composition without mistakes.

- A) pointing B) seeing
C) doing D) hearing
E) writing

378. (02-4-48) Choose the word which refers to the underlined word.

Amnesty International consist of over 900 groups of individuals who work for release of political prisoners jailed for their beliefs.

- A) amnesty B) groups
C) prisoners D) beliefs
E) individuals

379. (02-4-55) Choose the best answer.

"Well done, Karma. You have won the first prize." Akinal ... Karim.

- A) betrayed B) congratulated
C) accused D) reproached
E) reprimanded

380. (02-5-5) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

They would like to go there by plane as it's the quickest way of travelling.

- A) by rails B) by sea
C) by air D) by train
E) by ship

381. (02-5-6) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

He had no intention to post the letter immediately.

- A) at the moment B) soon
C) later D) fast
E) at once

382. (02-5-9) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

If you want to buy modern goods, you should better go to the supermarket in the centre of the city.

- A) to take B) to sell
C) to produce D) to realise
E) to acquire

383. (02-5-50) Choose the sentence in the Active Voice to the given one in the Passive Voice.

The blood spurted from the cut vein and ... the shirt.

- A) painted B) dyed
C) coloured D) watered
E) soaked

384. (02-5-52) Choose the sentence in the Active Voice to the given one in the Passive Voice.

But now and then I saw him ... a drink.

- A) suggesting B) proposing
C) offering D) proposing
E) inviting

385. (02-6-31) Choose the best answer.

If you put sugar in hot coffee, it will ...

- A) reduce B) swell
C) expand D) melt
E) dissolve

386. (02-6-54) Choose the best answer.

— Where can I have this ironed?

- A) At the bank B) At the shop
C) At the post office D) At school
E) At the laundry

387. (02-6-62) Choose the sentence opposite in the meaning to the given one.

Despite the noise the children were making, she kept on reading.

- A) Even though the children made a lot of noise, it didn't stop her reading.
B) The children were noisy but this didn't prevent her from reading.
C) She was so upset by the noise of the children that she couldn't go on reading any longer.

D) She wasn't upset by the noise of the children and continued reading.
E) She didn't seem to hear the noise and went on reading.

388. (02-7-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

When we bought our new house, we thought that everyone would welcome us to the neighbourhood. But people seem to give us the cold shoulder.

- A) turn their noses at us
B) give us a hand
C) give us unnecessary difficulty
D) be very generous
E) treat us delicately

389. (02-7-8) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

She runs a small shop.

- A) functions B) races
C) manages D) completes
E) hurries

390. (02-7-20) Choose the best answer.

It ... as if all the bare trees ... with ice.

- A) seems / is covered
B) seemed / had been covered
C) seemed / were covered
D) had seemed / covered
E) seems / will be covered

391. (02-7-60) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

There was a serious problem with the roof. The rain was coming in and making everything wet. It needed repairing.

- A) dealing B) seeing to
C) managing D) doing
E) preparing

392. (02-7-62) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The policeman has just stopped a careless driver who went through the red light.

- A) attentive B) absent-minded
C) forgetful D) nasty
E) incautious

393. (02-8-55) Choose the best definition to the underlined word.

Ancient economies had no paper money or coins. Some used barter.

- A) An amount of money put in a bank.
B) Something that happens but is not expected to happen.
C) Trading one thing for another without using money.
D) A plan for spending money borrowed.
E) Things that are necessary to find.

394. (02-9-12) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined words.

A friend in need is a friend indeed.

- A) certainly B) well C) really
D) commonly E) usually

395. (02-9-14) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined words.

We both sat in silence for some little time after listening to this extraordinary story.

- A) dull B) ordinary
C) usual D) unusual
E) popular

396. (02-9-15) Choose the appropriate pair of synonyms.

- A) pretty - ugly B) high - long
C) short - stout D) even - bumpy
E) dumb - mute

397. (02-9-17) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined words.

Charles was to meet Mary at the entrance of the theatre but she didn't come.

- A) corner B) door C) exit
D) wall E) crossing

398. (02-9-18) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined words.

She couldn't approve of his conduct. He was so rude and vulgar.

- A) support B) like
C) praise D) disapprove
E) dislike

399. (02-9-59) Choose the appropriate antonym to the word "educated".

- A) intellectual B) smart
C) ignorant D) dull
E) foolish

400. (02-9-60) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

He took an active part in the fight of the Central Asian people for their freedom.

- A) liberation B) fight
C) independence D) oppression
E) invention

401. (02-11-57) What do the underlined words mean?

Bus drivers have been refusing to work for two days.

- A) producing B) striking
C) celebrating D) working
E) carrying out

402. (03-1-6) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

I hate people telling lies.

- A) convincing B) persuading
C) boring D) cheating
E) challenging

403. (03-1-7) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

— How many delegates took part in the conference?

- A) took place B) took hold
C) participated D) were held
E) spoke

404. (03-1-10) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

William Shakespeare married a woman eight years older than himself.

- A) was engaged B) divorced
C) got married D) fell in love with
E) disliked

405. (03-1-43) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

All citizens of the republic men and women of all nationalities enjoy equal rights in all spheres of life.

- A) like B) dislike C) have
D) join E) are fond of

406. (03-2-11) Choose the best answer.

... is a hot dry place without water or trees.

- A) Desert B) Oasis
C) Valley D) Beach
E) Plain

407. (03-3-14) Choose the best synonym for the underlined word.

Some teenagers spend much money on foolish pleasures.

- A) pay out B) leave on
C) talk into D) shut off
E) touch up

408. (03-3-15) Choose the best synonym for the underlined word.

He slipped up of speaking of it first.

- A) made a mistake B) made clear
C) appeared D) made neat
E) was careful

409. (03-3-18) Choose the best antonym for the underlined word.

Noguchi lives and works in New York. But he makes frequent trips to Japan to renew contact with the earth.

- A) quick B) useful C) useless
D) rare E) absolute

410. (03-3-19) Choose the best antonym for the underlined word.

He was candid with me.

- A) reserved B) close-fisted
C) cross D) mad
E) dull

411. (03-5-6) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Most of the workers were coarse and poorly educated.

- A) polite B) fine
C) smooth D) crude
E) graceful

412. (03-5-8) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

I have no doubt that the man's exploits as a guide and explorer of the West will some day be a legend.

- A) feats B) innovations
C) discoveries D) axes
E) awards

413. (03-5-9) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

Most cattle headed for slaughter were shipped from the West to the East.

- A) driven B) unloaded
C) transferred D) taken E) left

414. (03-6-3) Choose the appropriate antonym.

My friend promised to come at five, but he hasn't turned up yet.

- A) appeared B) failed
C) learn D) put up
E) disappeared

415. (03-8-43) Choose the best synonym to the underlined word.

He always asks me to his letters for him.

- A) write B) read C) send
D) spend E) seal

416. (03-8-45) Choose the best antonym to the underlined word. If I go on holiday today, then I have work in a fortnight.

- A) come to B) return to
C) start to D) finish E) leave

417. (03-8-48) Choose the best antonym to the underlined word.

I was told they'd .

- A) engaged B) separated
C) wedded D) divorced
E) been merry

418. (03-9-13) Choose the word which would best keep the meaning of the underlined one. His behaviour often seemed even to his friends.

- A) odd B) foreign
C) cold D) unknown
E) unfamiliar

419. (03-9-14) Choose the word which would best keep the meaning of the underlined one.

The American Red Cross dealt with the wounded during the Civil War.

- A) dying B) diseased
C) sick D) injured
E) poverty-stricken

420. (03-9-15) Choose the word which would best keep the meaning of the underlined one.

As we came home it was nearly midnight and we went to bed at once.

- A) already B) just
C) around D) almost E) just past

421. (03-10-12) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Betty was a smart girl.

- A) attractive B) alluring
C) exciting D) plain E) clever

422. (03-10-14) Choose the appropriate antonym.

This study is too tiny.

- A) roomy B) small
C) cramped D) dirty E) long

423. (03-10-53) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

As he left the carriage, the old lady leaned out of the window and cackled at him.

- A) smiled B) sneezed
C) frowned D) snapped
E) giggled

424. (03-11-57) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Jane cannot afford to buy a new car. She is broke after vacation.

- A) is tired B) broke her leg
C) has no money D) changed her mind
E) is ill

425. (03-11-59) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

Mary looks up to her elder sister, and that's how it should be.

- A) likes B) respects
C) resembles D) takes after
E) waits

426. (03-11-61) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

The 20 dollar bill that we couldn't find two days ago has turned up in the washing machine.

- A) found B) happened
C) disappeared D) searched
E) appeared

427. (04-1-85) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

During the Independence Day national flags are hung up in the streets.

- A) cared for B) stuck into
C) taken off D) brought up
E) pushed away

428. (04-1-90) Choose the appropriate antonym. We should compare the behaviour of these two tourists.

- A) contrast B) destroy
C) share D) tell
E) speak

429. (04-1-104) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Adolescence is a difficult but interesting age, when one finish school and go to university.

- A) childhood B) teenager
C) life D) brotherhood
E) motherhood

430. (04-1-459) Choose the appropriate words for the blanks.

He needs a pair of ... if the sun is shining.

- A) spectacles B) sunglasses
C) shorts D) tights
E) jeans

431. (04-1-464) Choose the right answer.

When I go to bed I put on my ...

- A) tights B) gloves
C) shoes D) pyjamas
E) glasses

432. (04-1-466) Choose the best answer.

The bag looks awfully heavy. Let me ... it for you.

- A) carry B) put C) grow
D) use E) cut

433. (04-1-477) Choose the best answer.

In the last rain there was a lot of ... to the roof.

- A) demand B) damage
C) reply D) sympathy
E) contribution

434. (05-1-81) Choose the appropriate synonym

To the underlined word I can recall the sweet odour of wild flowers.

- A) orders B) ado ur
C) fits D) harmony
E) smell

435. (05-1-129) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

I feel comfortable, when I see you.

- A) relaxed B) suitable
C) uneasy D) similar
E) useless

436. (05-1-417) Choose the appropriate word.

A ... is a man who cuts hair and shaves beards

- A) Hairdresser B) Dressmaker
C) Barber D) Designer
E) Tailor

437. (05-1-418) Choose the best answer.

I am going to ... to him by telephone.

- A) wash B) talk
C) tell D) answer
E) dean

438. (v4-103-28) Answer the questions.

What's the American English word for "lift"?

- A) elevator B) stairs
C) steps D) ladder
E) escalator

439. (v4-107-11) Choose the best continuation. A carpenter is ...

- A) a man who has children in his family.
B) someone who looks after the money in a bank, a shop or an office.
C) a person who makes things out of wood.
D) a companion who likes to spend money.
E) a person who has been shipwrecked.

440. (v4-108-27) Choose the appropriate word for Someone who carries a message.

- A) peace maker B) stranger
C) worker D) foreigner
E) messenger

441. (v4-109-11) Choose the appropriate word for a very large pool of water with land all around

- A) bath B) lake
C) garden D) nut E) object

442. (v4-109-29) Choose the appropriate word.

The shop manager didn't know how much the sweater was because the ... tag was missing.

- A) expense B) worth
C) cost D) price E) value

443. (v4-109-36) Complete the sentences. The opposite of "dark skin" is ...

- A) brown skin B) pink skin
C) black skin D) yellow skin
E) fair skin

444. (v4-110-19) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

Milk is delivered about six a.m. so we have fresh milk for breakfast.

- A) spent B) invited C) sent
D) gone E) sounded

445. (v4-111-36) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

A monument was to his memory.

- A) started B) read
C) put up D) fast E) rose

446. (v4-115-27) Complete the appropriate synonym.

As far as I know, English universities greatly from each other

- A) hear B) differ C) proclaim
D) study E) organize

447. (v4-115-29) Choose the appropriate word for Someone who makes or looks after machines.

- A) teacher B) member
C) economist D) engineer
E) worker

448. (v4-115-36) Choose the appropriate word.

One should never ... a secret to a person who gossips.

- A) keep B) speak
C) chat D) talk E) tell

449. (v4-117-18) Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word "value"?

- A) arrogance B) vanity
C) importance D) insignificance
E) disregard

450. (v4-117-19) Choose the appropriate antonym.

His parents were very ... and the boy had to sing at church services.

- A) reluctant B) competent
C) devoted D) atheistic
E) faithful

451. (v4-117-32) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Jane avoided the punishment.

- A) wanted B) observed
C) faced D) awarded
E) escaped

452. (v4-118-18) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

The whole family growing cotton in the farm.

- A) fulfils B) digs
C) toils D) creates
E) makes

453. (v4-120-12) Choose the appropriate word.

In 1991 the Republic of Uzbekistan became.

- A) fantastic B) industrial
C) agricultural D) independent
E) beautiful

454. (v4-120-18) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Everybody tries to improve his living conditions.

- A) honour B) enjoy
C) worsen D) join E) better

455. (v4-120-19) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Many people believed that Marlborough, the English commander, was simply prolonging the war for his own profit and glory.

- A) shame B) destiny
C) shortage D) benefit
E) duty

456. (v4-120-28) Choose the appropriate word. The United Nations is the ... of all member states.

- A) capital B) base
C) rest home D) meeting place
E) attractive place

457. (v4-122-10) Choose the appropriate word to complete the sentence.

A refrigerator is used for ...

- A) cutting bread B) keeping salt
C) boiling water D) cooking meals
E) cooling food

458. (v4-122-18) Choose the appropriate synonym.

You shouldn't blame them for being late.

- A) bring B) educate
C) believe D) dispute
E) condemn

459. (v4-123-3) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Money which is spent on education and health now is an investment for the future.

- A) delight B) world
C) tuition D) past E) present

460. (v4-123-18) Choose the appropriate synonym.

During the meeting there was a conflict between the two sides: they couldn't come into one conclusion.

- A) cancellation B) satisfaction
C) agreement D) disagreement
E) appointment

461. (v4-123-32) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

You are so irritated please try to contain your anger.

- A) happy B) pleased
C) astonished D) amused
E) annoyed

462. (v4-124-3) Choose the appropriate antonym.

My friend Nodir isn't ... enough to dance with Gull.

- A) happy B) short C) good D) long
E) nice

463. (v4-124-18) Choose the appropriate synonym.

In the fall the leaves become yellow and brown.

- A) winter B) holiday
C) spring D) autumn
E) summer

464. (v4-124-19) Choose the sentence which is opposite in meaning to the given one.

He didn't have to get up early every morning.

- A) He was made to get up early that morning.
B) He didn't have to go to bed early.

- C) He didn't like to get up early every morning.
D) He had to get up early every morning.
E) He had to get up early yesterday morning.

465. (v4-124-31) Choose the appropriate antonym.

Travelling by sea is pleasant only if the sea is calm.

- A) quiet B) slow
C) hospitable D) quick
E) rough

466. (v4-124-32) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word.

The performance was cancelled because of the strike.

- A) owing to B) now that
C) as D) as much as
E) as long as

467. (v4-126-27) Choose the appropriate word.

We had very good ... and enjoyed the movie.

- A) convenience B) artists
C) friend D) seats
E) spirit

468. (v4-126-32) Choose the appropriate word.

Don't beat the dog, otherwise it will bite you.

- A) threat B) take C) tell D) give
E) strike

469. (v4-127-32) Which of the following is an antonym of the word «urban»?

- A) urgent B) famous
C) rural D) central
E) municipal

470. (v4-128-3) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

You've got wet throat.

- A) hot B) cold C) warm D) sweet
E) dry

471. (v4-128-11) Choose the best continuation. An ear is ...

- A) a open space in a park.
B) the joint in the middle of one's arm.
C) where two walls or roads meet.
D) the part of the body you hear with.
E) a sound that comes back to you.

472. (v4-128-18) Which of the following is closest in meaning to the word «value»?

- A) arrogance B) vanity
C) importance D) insignificance
E) disregard

473. (v4-130-32) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Those plants ... water.

- A) send B) choose C) have
D) require E) spend

474. (v5-101-14) Choose the appropriate synonym.

– Is your father in?

– No, he ...

- A) comes B) leaves C) is away
D) stays E) goes

475. (v5-101-18) Choose the best answer. She ... in the competition – she is a champion.

- A) lost B) was injured
C) wins D) left
E) has won

476. (v5-104-14) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined word.

The sheep got away from the wolf just in time.

- A) vanished B) met
C) covered D) escaped
E) disappeared

477. (v5-106-29) Choose the synonym. predisposed.

- A) undecided B) propose
C) against D) tending beforehand
E) unwilling to speak

478. (v5-107-11) Choose the appropriate word When we want to buy something, we go to the

- A) stadium B) department store
C) library D) office
E) plant

479. (v5-110-35) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word to each sentence.

If everyone is more careful, mistakes can be ...

- A) invented B) added C) avoided
D) reduced E) caused

480. (v5-111-14) Choose the best synonym to the underlined word.

He has had a bad day. In addition to being late for school he left his homework at home.

- A) besides B) in spite of
C) but D) neither
E) except

481. (v5-111-24) Choose the appropriate word or phrase.

Mary was so tired, that she threw herself on the canapé and ... motionless some time.

- A) remain B) drove
C) put D) is lying
E) lay

482. (v5-111-35) Choose the best answer (adjective).

What is the ... news of today?

- A) latest B) lately
C) fresh D) late E) last

483. (v5-113-29) Choose the appropriate word instead of the underlined.

Having come from an affluent society, Dick found it difficult to adjust to a small country town.

- A) overpopulated B) large
C) affable D) overcrowded
E) wealthy

484. (v5-117-14) Choose the appropriate word instead of the underlined.

This artist didn't achieve success because he was an imitator not a creator.

- A) an originator B) a distorter
C) a defender D) a burglar
E) a copier

485. (v5-118-29) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The television station was inundated with calls protesting the distasteful program.

- A) probated B) attacked
C) harassed D) flooded
E) modulated

486. (v5-119-14) Choose the best synonym. He couldn't call himself a friend of the minister but he was at least acquainted with him.

- A) aware B) friend
C) familiar D) introduced
E) known

487. (v5-128-14) Choose the synonym. He retired and settled the city.

- A) went B) was away
C) moved D) left
E) resided

488. (v5-137-14) Choose the synonym.

She put up with being treated like an invalid.

- A) answered B) accepted
C) consented D) refused
E) denied

489. (v5-139-11) Choose the appropriate word.

Spanish is the official language, but it is not the ... language. Catal, Euskera, Galego and Valencia are spoken in different places.

- A) lovely B) unique
C) beautiful D) only E) average

490. (v5-139-35) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

Can he ... about the price of the coat for them?

- A) find B) ask
C) explain D) enquire
E) compare

491. (v5-140-14) Choose the appropriate word instead of the underlined.

Exchanges of language and culture were a direct result of commerce.

- A) trade B) borrowing
C) imposition D) schooling
E) stagnation

492. (v5-142-14) Choose the best synonym.

The director cancelled the meeting for several hours.

- A) received B) postponed
C) hindered D) held
E) sent

493. (v5-143-29) Choose the best synonym.

Everybody was astonished at his success.

- A) surprised B) admired
C) managed D) emphasised
E) delighted

494. (v5-144-14) Choose the best synonym.

She can't stand idle people.

- A) agree B) accuse
C) beats D) consent
E) put up with

495. (v5-145-29) Choose the appropriate word instead of the underlined.

During the war, many foreign lands were confiscated by the government.

- A) bartered B) presented
C) owned D) sold
E) sequestered

496. (v5-146-15) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

When a group of women got on the bus every seat there was occupied.

- A) full B) sold C) empty D) taken
E) vacant

497. (v5-148-18) Choose the best answer.

Jim was on his hands and knees on the floor. He ... his cigarette lighter.

- A) was begging B) looking at
C) was riding D) was looking for
E) was licking

498. (v5-151-11) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

"Please keep silence and let me ... my letter", Ann said.

- A) reveal B) sing
C) continue D) repeat
E) say

499. (v5-152-3) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

The luggage is too heavy for this gentle woman.

- A) easy B) big
C) light D) thick
E) difficult

500. (v5-152-14) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined words.

His great aim is to enter the university.

- A) object B) end
C) way D) subject
E) purpose

501. (v5-152-24) Choose the best answer.

Ouch! Ow! I have cut my finger. It's ...

- A) twisting B) bleeding
C) running D) shaking
E) breaking

502. (v5-153-29) Choose the appropriate word instead of the underlined.

Mark can't talk well because he has a speech impediment.

- A) imposition B) position
C) skeptic D) aspect
E) defect

503. (v5-154-14) Choose the best synonym.

Please accept her sincere apologies.

- A) kind B) arrogant C) hostile
D) frank E) harmful

504. (v5-155-14) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

He's clever and a nice boy. I don't think he'll do it.

- A) hostile B) weak
C) easy-going D) respected
E) wise

505. (v5-155-15) Choose the best antonym.

The market centre was as crowded as usual on Saturday.

- A) swamped with people
B) stuffy
C) full of people
D) empty
E) hot

506. (v5-155-25) Choose the closer sentence.

What is Mary going to do tomorrow?

- A) Where is Mary to go tomorrow?
B) When is Mary going to do it?
C) Is Mary leaving tomorrow?
D) Who is going to come to Mary tomorrow?
E) What are Mary's plans for tomorrow?

507. (v5-156-14) Choose the appropriate synonym to the underlined word. The biography is a very popular form of prose.

- A) historical work B) writing
C) science fiction D) fable
E) poetry

508. (v5-157-14) Choose the appropriate to word.

His girl-friend is angry when she doesn't get letters from him.

- A) take B) give C) bring
D) receive E) buy

509. (v5-157-15) Choose the appropriate antonym. Liz has borrowed a small sum of money from Nancy.

- A) lent B) added
C) supported D) brought E) gave

510. (v5-157-24) Choose the appropriate word of phrase.

... helps people speaking different languages to understand each other.

- A) shop-assistant B) interpreter
C) guide D) book-keeper
E) scientist

511. (v5-158-14) Choose the word or phrase closer to the underlined one.

We were informed that it was the custom of the local merchants to close up early on Sunday nights.

- A) bankers B) authority
C) store owners D) buyers
E) cashiers

512. (v5-158-15) Choose the antonym to the underlined word.

The dress was beautiful very but I couldn't buy it as it was too expensive.

- A) nice / empty B) ancient / bad
C) ugly / cheap D) modern / old
E) silk / wool

513. (v5-160-3) Choose the appropriate antonym to the underlined word.

The balloon flew up high into the blue sky.

- A) down B) of C) at D) to E) off

514. (v5-160-14) Choose the appropriate synonym.

The dog saw his reflection in the pool of water.

- A) imagination B) copy C) image
D) leash E) bone

515. (v5-160-15) Choose the appropriate antonym.

This man blamed a young fellow for stealing his bike.

- A) justified B) succeeded C) thanked
D) praised E) liked

516. (v6-123-30) Choose the answer which means the same as the sentence below.

The lecture was attended by a large audience.

- A) A lot of people like to attend lectures.
B) A large hall was mainly used for lectures.
C) Lots of people came to listen to the lecture.
D) Many people thought it was a very good lecture.

517. (v6-139-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He picked out the ... he wanted to read.

- A) idea B) books
C) energy D) pictures

518. (v6-143-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Hundreds of ... had to be hired to lay the pipeline.

- A) photographers B) musicians
C) workers D) teachers

519. (v6-144-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nigora always leaves us without ... goodbye.

- A) talking B) saying
C) speaking D) telling

520. (v6-149-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Do you mind if I stop to buy some ...? I have to post these letters.

- A) money B) paint
C) computers D) stamps

521. (v6-149-23) Choose the answer which completes the dialogue.

– What does your brother do?
– He is ... He often translates speeches at international conferences.

- A) an interpreter B) an accountant
C) a businessman D) a chairman

522. (v6-150-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

What is the ... news from home about Alex?

- A) lately B) last
C) latest D) fresh

523. (v6-151-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

My uncle went to the ... to buy some medicines.

- A) jeweller's B) greengrocer's
C) hairdresser's D) chemist's

524. (v6-152-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Polly has made up her ... to become an interpreter.

- A) decision B) mind
C) head D) brain

525. (v6-152-29) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Alex always ... on his opinion.

- A) exchanges B) insists
C) responds D) asks

526. (v6-153-9) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined words.

The weather was very cold, it was snowing heavily and so we decided to stay at home.

- A) freezing B) warm
C) sunny D) fresh

527. (v6-153-22) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined word.

The sheep got away from the wolf.

- A) escaped B) disappeared
C) lost D) left

528. (v6-154-29) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He is an intelligent boy, but he often ... common sense.

- A) wishes B) asks
C) lacks D) fails

529. (v6-155-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At the beginning of the war, the ruler sent her most ... commander to fight her enemies in Kandou.

- A) punished B) appointed
C) impolite D) successful

530. (v6-156-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The window is very dirty. You can ... see anything through it.

- A) heavily B) badly
C) poorly D) hardly

531. (v6-157-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We decided to keep our plan a ... and not tell anyone anything.

- A) promise B) lie
C) thought D) secret

532. (v6-157-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Charles Dickens couldn't ... school when he was a boy of 12.

- A) attract B) attend
C) advise D) admire

533. (v6-159-9) Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined word.

When they were old enough they began learning to play the piano.

- A) continued B) gave up
C) remained D) started

534. (v6-160-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He introduced himself, but it was not necessary. Everybody ... him.

- A) knew B) forgot
C) liked D) ignored

535. (v7-130-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In the morning, when I was ... mother came into my room and told me to put on two sweaters, but I feel very hot if I ... too many warm things.

- A) dressing / wear B) carrying / put on
C) wearing / carry D) putting on / dress

536. (v7-139-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We hadn't seen him for ages, but still when we met him at the theatre, we ... him at once.

- A) searched for B) recognized
C) learned D) found out

537. (v7-141-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm sorry, I'm late. I forgot to ... the alarm clock last night.

- A) get B) make C) set D) put

538. (v7-143-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The doctor ... me to spend a few days in bed.

- A) made B) proposed
C) suggested D) advised

539. (v7-152-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I don't like making coffee for my boss, but I don't mind typing his letters", – said the ... to her friend.

- A) housewife B) accountant
C) secretary D) waitress

540. (v7-153-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– What are you going to ... at our fancy ball?
– I think, I'll ... like a clown.

- A) put / wear B) carry / put on
C) dress / carry D) wear / dress

541. (v7-155-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There is no more soap at home. Will you buy a ... on your way home?

- A) slice B) bunch C) bar D) loaf

542. (v7-157-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Which ... did you vote for in the last election?

- A) applicant B) president
C) company D) party

543. (v7-159-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"You mustn't take your key out of the hotel", said the ... to the guest.

- A) dressmaker B) chairman
C) cashier D) receptionist

544. (v7-161-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

John has just phoned. He ... me you were having problems with your car.

- A) said B) told
C) talked to D) spoke to

545. (v7-161-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"The thing that can prevent us from growing good crops is bad weather", said the ... to the journalist.

- A) meteorologist B) taxi driver
C) worker D) farmer

546. (v7-163-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Patience is a kind of card ...

My grandmother was fond of it.

- A) act B) game C) play D) match

547. (v7-165-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Our environment is being ... but we still have time to do something about it.

- A) destroyed B) resulted
C) defeated D) suffered

548. (v7-170-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

At last I could afford to buy a computer because the ... offered the staff a bonus at the end of the year.

- A) economy B) society
C) company D) employee

549. (v7-174-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Anna pronounces every word so ... that everyone can hear what she's saying.

- A) friendly B) clearly
C) lovely D) quickly

550. (v7-174-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In many schools children have classes ... to their interests.

- A) because B) according
C) due D) owing

551. (v7-176-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was not difficult to settle the problem.

- A) to make B) to solve
C) to finish D) to complete

552. (v7-178-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

As soon as the famous actor appeared on the stage we began to clap him.

- A) to applaud B) to whistle
C) to show D) to throw

553. (v7-178-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Nothing has happened. It is only the wind ... the house, rattling the windows.

- A) touching B) moving
C) trembling D) shaking

554. (v7-179-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Apart from gold, many other ... metals are mined in South Africa.

- A) silver B) rich
C) real D) precious

555. (v7-180-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When I chanced to be in Paris he would always ask me to parties.

- A) increased B) happened
C) pretended D) seemed

556. (v7-181-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The plan was hard to fulfill.
A) to check in B) to dear
C) to observe D) to carry out

557. (v7-182-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. She! was something we couldn't see, and! there were tears in her eyes.

- A) watching B) observing
C) looking D) seeing

558. (v7-185-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It is getting colder. I'll put off my visit to Scotland till the weather is warmer.

- A) postpone B) achieve
C) hurry D) receive

559. (v7-186-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Could you ... me some money until tomorrow?

- A) present B) lend
C) borrow D) let

560. (v7-186-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Meat is often ... up with vegetables.

- A) served B) prepared
C) put D) given

561. (v7-188-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The British Museum is officially .. the National Library and Museum of History. Art and Ethnography

- A) prescribed B) praised
C) told D) called

562. (v7-189-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The place was so nice that we decided to ... there all the time, though few leaves ... on the trees.

- A) leave / remain B) stay / remained
C) live / stay D) remain / left

563. (v8-103-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I've lived near the airport for so long that I've got ... to the noise of the planes.

- A) used B) interested
C) frightened D) known

564. (v8-104-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You can ... to Paris but the roads are always crowded. Why don't you take the train instead?

- A) visit B) fly C) sail D) drive

565. (v8-106-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. This letter may ... you the news that you are expecting

- A) bring B) lay C) change D) take

566. (v8-119-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I really enjoyed my visit to Paris. Did you ... the postcard I sent you from there?

- A) buy B) get C) make D) reach

567. (v8-122-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. – You're smoking again? I thought you stopped last month.

– I did. I don't know why I started again. I'm going to ... tomorrow, and this time I mean it.

- A) go out B) get on
C) set off D) give up

568. (v8-122-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When he first told me, it ... like a great idea, but I'm not so sure now.

- A) sounded B) heard
C) smelt D) tasted

569. (v8-123-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I don't fancy going on a long sea-... . Imagine meeting the same people day after day.

- A) trip B) visit
C) voyage D) walk

570. (v8-123-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Do you think he's ... to buy the stamps I asked him for?

- A) remembered B) admired
C) suggested D) reminded

571. (v8-123-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. We were just having a friendly ... about football.

- A) cry B) chat
C) whisper D) saying

572. (v8-124-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Despite his lack of experience, he ... his job very well.

- A) produced B) carried
C) made D) did

573. (v8-124-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I'd love to try and make that cake. Have you got a ... for it?

- A) ingredient B) recipe
C) bill D) prescription

574. (v8-125-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The police complained that many drivers were going too ... in spite of the terrible weather conditions.

- A) slow B) speedy
C) fast D) quick

575. (v8-125-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. An instrument which is used to take wrinkles out of clothes is ...

- A) an iron B) a cooke
C) a vacuum cleaner D) a dishwasher

576. (v8-125-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. As I wasn't coming back by train I asked for a ... ticket.

- A) single B) extra
C) simple D) free

577. (v8-125-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Before you go to sleep I'll ... you just one more story.

- A) say B) tell
C) talk D) speak

578. (v8-126-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Peter had always been looked upon as the best student. Nobody ... him to get a bad mark at the exam.

- A) expected B) offered
C) waited for D) looked forward

579. (v8-126-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Diana is going to the studio to ... one of her old songs

- A) celebrate B) record
C) write D) transcribe

580. (v8-126-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. What did you ... at the interview? Did you look impressive?

- A) wear B) clothe C) put D) dress

581. (v8-128-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. What time will the meeting be held tomorrow? Could anybody ... the exact time?

- A) recognize B) get to know
C) revise D) find out

582. (v8-128-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. If you decide to cook it, remember, this ... is best served with boiled rice and a crisp green salad.

- A) course B) dish
C) plate D) saucer

583. (v8-129-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I don't need any help in the kitchen, but do you think you could ... the table?

- A) sit B) go C) lie D) lay

584. (v8-129-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. In Britain and elsewhere you ... hands when you are introduced, to someone for the first time.

- A) seize B) shake C) throw D) show

585. (v8-130-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. When she showed me the letter, I ... her to throw it away.

- A) advised B) informed
C) understood D) questioned

586. (v8-130-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. It's true that some birds will find their way home even though they begin their ... in unfamiliar territory.

- A) voyage B) excursion
C) hike D) trip

587. (v8-130-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. You can use the credit card to ... cash from your account at any time.

- A) earn B) spend
C) get D) pay

588. (v9-116-22) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

The lotus flower lives half of its life under the water. Each day at sunrise, the lotus flower will rise up from the water and (22) ... its day in the sun. Then each night, as the sun begins (23) ... the flower will sink back below the surface of the water until the next day.

- A) hold B) send C) grow D) spend

589. (v9-116-23)

- A) set B) be set
C) to set D) to be set

590. (v9-129-22) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

There was a great deal of snow on the mountains, and Mr. Brown knew it would be (22) ... work climbing to the camp, but Lady Gray was strong, and used to it. Lady Gray was Mr. Brown's horse, and (23) ... him everywhere.
A) hard B) firm C) strict D) solid

591. (v9-129-23)

- A) carried B) carry
C) carrying D) to carry

592. (v12z-101-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27-28 in the text.

Chocolate comes from cocoa beans, which are the seeds of the cocoa tree. The cocoa tree was originally (27) ... by the Mayas and Aztecs over 3,000 years ago. It (28) ... to Europe by Cortez, who had been introduced to the drink in Mexico.

- A) cut B) grown
C) brought D) planted

593. (v12z-101-28)

- A) had been bringin B) has been brought
C) was brought D) is brought

594. (v12z-107-31)

- A) to stand B) stood
C) stand D) standing

595. (v12z-116-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Tony always drives too ... Yesterday he was fined for speeding.

- A) fast B) slowly C) faster D) quick

596. (v12z-122-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27-28 in the text.

Thomas Edison the inventor of the electric light (27) ... , said that his best ideas came to him in dreams. So (28) ... the great physicist Albert Einstein.

- A) fire B) candle
C) balloon D) bulb

597. (v12z-122-28)

- A) does B) said
C) has D) did

598. (v12c-129-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Matthew Webb was the first person ... across the English Channel.

- A) to swim B) to run
C) to walk D) to fly

599. (v13-116-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"I am the fastest of all." Simon ... of being the fastest of all.

- A) insisted B) boasted
C) promised D) admitted

600. (v13-128-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

English people are described as all of the following except ...

- A) helpful B) cheerful
C) friendly D) boastful

601. (v13-136-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The sky is clear and the temperature is dropping fast; it must be going to ... tonight.

- A) glow B) dark
C) freeze D) warm

602. (v14-111-18) You know what they ...

"Variety is the spice of life!"

- A) report B) speak
C) tell D) say

603. (v14-114-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27-28 in the text.

People criticize single-sex education institutions. But that boys and girls are (27) ... separately doesn't mean that they don't mix and, generally, live together, besides the school gates. I perceive single-sex education as means of helping ... (2) appreciate the time we spend with the opposite sex. Choose the correct answer.

- A) learned B) taken
C) taught D) given

604. (v14-114-28) Choose the correct answer.

- A) them B) her C) me D) us

605. (v14-117-28)

- A) to drink B) being drunk
C) having drunk D) drinking

606. (v15-102-11) Choose the suitable statement instead of the underlined one.

This is where I part company with the professor as I have my own point of view.

- A) stop spending time together
B) stop the conversation
C) disagree about a particular subject
D) have no objection

607. (v15-103-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

The North American Robin is usually called the "robin". The robin is a bird. The male robin has a bright red breast. The robin has a cheerful song. They live throughout North America, Canada, Alaska, and in the 48 lower states. In the winter, robins go south, and some of them go to central Mexico. Some robins go to the Pacific coast. They eat during the day. Sometimes they eat about 40% invertebrates like beetles and grubs. Robins eat about 60% fruits and berries. Mother and father robins find food for baby robins. Baby robins eat worms and other soft-bodied animals too. Squirrels, snakes, crows prey on robin eggs and baby robins. Hawks, cats prey on adult robins. To stay safe, robins stay vigilant. They pay close attention to their surroundings. When they gather in groups, they watch other robins for signs of danger. They give loud warning calls when a dangerous predator approaches. Although robins are territorial, they band together for protection from predators. The robin is a sign of a spring. Some people think that seeing the first robin of springtime brings good luck. According to the passage, which of the following statements is / are true?

- I) Some robins go to South America during the winter.
II) The female robin has a bright red feather.
III) Cats hunt mature robins.
A) III only B) II only
C) I only D) I and II only

608. (v15-103-28) According to the passage, which sentence is true?

- A) Adult robins do not care for their young.
B) Robins utter a week sound when they notice danger.
C) Birds and animals prey on robins.
D) Robins hunt squirrels.

609. (v15-103-29) What does the word grub in the text mean?

- A) fish B) caterpillar
C) animal D) bird

610. (v15-103-30) What does the word vigilant in bold mean?

- A) dangerous B) attentive
C) noisy D) safe

611. (v15-106-2) Choose the best answer.

The annual ... in London is 610 mm.

- A) storm B) snowball
C) rainfall D) hailstorm

612. (v15-108-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

Hotels range in size from large buildings with more than 3000 rooms to small inns that as few as 8 to 10 rooms. Small hotels do not offer the range of services provided by large establishments. However, rooms and meals at most small inns generally cost less than those at large hotels.

Hotels in North America employ about one staff member for every two rooms. The hotel staff works around the clock to make the guests comfortable. The housekeeping staff cleans each room daily. Bellhops carry luggage and packages to the guests' rooms. The engineering department keeps the hotel's electricity, plumbing, heat, and air conditioning in good working order. The hotel security department works to prevent fire, theft, and other disturbances.

Some hotel restaurants provide room service, by which guests can have food and beverages brought to their rooms. In certain hotels, guests also can have garments laundered by the hotel's valet service.

The author states that ...

- A) in smaller hotels the series of services is limited.
B) small inns do not provide with qualitative service.
C) usually the price of service and food in small establishments is no cheaper.
D) hotels with more than 3,000 rooms offer inexpensive rooms and meals.

613. (v15-108-24) The phrase "around the clock" in the passage means ...

- A) 18 hours a day B) 12 hours a day
C) 6 hours a day D) 24 hours a day

614. (v15-108-25) According to the working system of North American hotels, who is in charge of the guests' stolen possessions?

- A) the security staff
B) the beverage staff
C) the engineering staff
D) the housekeeping staff

615. (v15-108-26) According to the passage, what is the job of the valet service?

- A) Their job is to clean the guests' clothes.
B) Their job is to feed the guests' pets.
C) Their job is to park the guests' cars.
D) Their job is to clean the guests' shoes.

616. (v15-109-4) Choose the correct answer.

Keep ... from me. I've got a cold.

- A) distance B) away
C) corner D) a reserve

617. (v15-109-16) Choose the best answer.

Why are you walking from one place to another in ... ? You should be busy with useful things.

- A) fact B) vain
C) full D) speed

618. (v15-111-22) Choose the right word and complete the sentence.

Women on the ... are usually more tolerant to other races.

- A) uncommon
- B) reality
- C) whole
- D) fact

619. (v15-119-7) Choose the correct answer.

We are ... everyone who has rendered assistance to the victims of the earthquake.

- A) bitterly disappointed by
- B) sincerely grateful to
- C) completely annoyed with
- D) extremely sorry for

620. (v16-106-17) Choose the right answer which paraphrases highlighted phrase.
This building is very old and important for history.

This is a ... building.

- A) historic
- B) historical
- C) historian
- D) history

621. (v16-106-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

The prospectors who braved the Canadian winters to find gold in the Yukon and Klondike Rivers experienced the most difficult conditions to be imagined. Every man who entered the area had to carry a year's supply of food and mining equipment over the steep and frozen mountain passes. In order to do this, each man had to carry 25 kilos of stores about 10 kilometers, leave it there, and return for another load. Therefore to remove all of his stores less than 80 kilometers, each man had to walk nearly 1500 kilometers. It is estimated that of the 100,000 men who set out for the Klondike, fewer than 40,000 actually arrived. Only 4000 ever found gold and very few of these became rich.

The word "prospector" in the text refers to ...

- A) a gold mine
- B) a chance
- C) a territory
- D) a person

622. (v16-106-22) According to the passage ...

- A) about 40% of the men who tried to find gold in the Klondike became rich.
- B) each of the 40,000 men had to walk about 1500 kilometers just to carry 25 kilos of stores.
- C) more than 60,000 of the people trying to reach the Klondike failed on the way.
- D) nearly everyone who reached the Klondike was able to find some gold.

623. (v16-106-23) The conditions around the Yukon and Klondike Rivers were so difficult because ...

- A) the gold mines were all on the steep and frozen mountain passes.
- B) each prospector needed 25 kilos of stores to get him through the winter.
- C) of a number of reasons including difficult terrain and harsh weather conditions.
- D) they were nearly 1500 kilometers away from the nearest store.

624. (v16-106-24) From the passage we can conclude that ...

- A) it is less difficult to find gold in Canada than in some other places.
- B) there is still plenty of gold waiting to be found in the Yukon and Klondike Rivers.

C) searching for gold in the Canadian winter is the quickest way to get rich.

D) very few of the prospectors actually achieved what they'd aimed for.

625. (v16-107-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

In prehistoric times, the physical changes in response to stress were an essential adaptation for meeting natural threats. Even in the modern world, the stress response can be an asset for raising levels of performance during critical events such as sports activities, important meetings, or in situations of actual danger or crisis. If stress becomes persistent and low-level, however, all the parts of the body's stress apparatus become chronically over- or under-activated. This may produce physical or psychological damage over time. Acute stress can also be harmful in certain situations.

Studies suggest that the inability to deal with stress is associated with the onset of depression or anxiety. In one study, two-thirds of subjects who experienced a stressful situation had nearly six times the risk of developing depression within that month. Some evidence suggests that repeated release of stress hormones disrupts normal levels of serotonin, the nerve chemical that is critical for feelings of well-being. Certainly, on a more obvious level, stress diminishes the quality of life by reducing feelings of pleasure and accomplishment, and relationships are often threatened.

The word "persistent" in the passage means.

- A) changeable
- B) weak
- C) constant
- D) short

626. (v16-107-34) Which of the following is not given in the text?

- A) Stress was originally an important way of keeping humans safe.
- B) Increased stress damages the system of serotonin production.
- C) If stress continues for a long time, all of the body's organs are affected by everything.
- D) Studying psychological effects of stress involved people with a history of depression.

627. (v16-107-35) With what subject is the second part of the text is mainly concerned?

- A) the psychological effects of stress
- B) the reduction of positive feelings because of stress
- C) the impact of stress on hormone production
- D) the development of depression

628. (v16-107-36) What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Stress may lead to physical and psychological problems.
- B) Stress elevates the quality of life.
- C) Depression comes from incapacity to struggle with stress.
- D) Stress causes different physical changes.

629. (v16-108-6) Choose the best answer.

I was wondering ... me some money.

- A) if you lend
- B) that you lent
- C) that you can lend
- D) if you could lend

630. (v16-117-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A person who is between 70 and 79 years old is ...

- A) octogenarian
- B) septuagenarian
- C) mature
- D) decrepit

631. (v16-117-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A word or phrase that refers to elderly people but in positive meaning is ...

- A) decrepit
- B) mature
- C) not long for this world
- D) senile

632. (v16-117-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

A person who is between 80 and 89 years old is ...

- A) octogenarian
- B) septuagenarian
- C) mature
- D) decrepit

633. (v16-124-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

Della and Jim are a young, married couple.

They live in a small, cheap flat in New York City in the early 1900s. They are very much in love. It is Christmas Eve. Della wants to buy a Christmas present for Jim, but she has only got \$1.87. She does not think this is enough to buy him the kind of present he deserves. So she decides to sell the thing she is most proud of - her beautiful, long brown hair - in order to raise the money she needs. Della is paid \$20 for the hair. This is enough for her to buy a special chain for Jim's most prized possession - a watch that was given to him by his father. Della goes home to wait for Jim to come back from work. She washes her hair and worries that Jim won't like it now that it's so short. She sits at the kitchen table with Jim's Christmas present in her hand and waits for him to come home.

But when Jim arrived she finds that he too has decided to make a sacrifice in order to buy her a special present (a comb for her hair).

The word "deserve" in the passage in closest in meaning to: ...

- A) appreciate
- B) be worthy of
- C) be fond of
- D) would rather

634. (v16-124-22) According to the passage, what shows most, the young couple's real affection for each other?

- A) The act of sacrifice by the young people on Christmas Eve.
- B) Jim and Della's humble flat and ordinary lifestyle
- C) The sum of money they spend on special presents.
- D) Della's worry about Jim's attitude to her hair.

635. (v16-124-23) It is clear from the passage that Jim sacrificed his ... to buy Della a special gift.

- A) chain
- B) work
- C) hair
- D) watch

636. (v16-124-24) It can be implied from the text that it is ...

- A) a summary of a short love story.
- B) a plot of an adventurous film.
- C) a passage from a science fiction book.
- D) an extract from a newspaper.

637. (v16-130-8) Scenery, buildings, furniture on the stage or in a studio are called ...

- A) costumes
- B) sets
- C) cast
- D) direction

638. (v16-130-20) Find the best synonym for the word "although".

- A) when
- B) why
- C) whilst
- D) however

639. (v17-101-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Before the arrival of humans in the 13th century or earlier, New Zealand's only endemic mammals were three species of bat, and the ecological niches that in other parts of the world were filled by creatures as diverse as horses, wolves and mice were taken up by birds (and, to a lesser extent, reptiles, insects and gastropods). Kiwi are shy and usually nocturnal. Their mostly nocturnal habits may be a result of habitat intrusion by predators, including humans. In areas of New Zealand where introduced predators have been removed, such as sanctuaries, kiwi are often seen in daylight. They prefer subtropical and temperate podocarp and beech forests, but they are being forced to adapt to different habitat, such as sub-alpine scrub, tussock grassland, and the mountains. Kiwi have a highly developed sense of smell, unusual in a bird, and are the only birds with nostrils at the end of their long beaks. Kiwi eat small invertebrates, seeds, grubs, and many varieties of worms. They also may eat fruit, small crayfish, eels and amphibians. Because their nostrils are located at the end of their long beaks, kiwi can locate insects and worms underground using their keen sense of smell, without actually seeing or feeling them.

The word «nocturnal» mainly means

- A) active during day B) active during night
C) herbivorous D) Omnivorous

640. (v17-101-26) Which physiological fact makes kiwis special?

- A) Nostrils
B) Beak
C) Nostrils at the end of the beak
D) Nostrils at the base of the beak

641. (v17-101-27) Identify main idea

- A) Kiwis B) Nostrils
C) New Zealand D) Podocarp

642. (v17-101-28) Identify true statement

- A) Kiwi birds do not rely much on their sense of smell
B) Kiwis are daily birds
C) Kiwis live only in their natural habitat
D) Kiwis can locate food without their eyes

643. (v17-102-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Photographic paper is a paper coated with a light-sensitive chemical formula, used for making photographic prints. When photographic paper is exposed to light it captures a latent image that is then developed to form a visible image; with most papers the image density from exposure can be sufficient to not require further development, aside from fixing and clearing, though latent exposure is also usually present. The light-sensitive layer of the paper is called the emulsion. The most common chemistry was based on silver salts (the focus of this page) but other alternatives have also been used.

The print image is traditionally produced by interposing a photographic negative between the light source and the paper, either by direct contact with a large negative (forming a contact print) or by projecting the shadow of the negative onto the paper (producing an enlargement). The initial light exposure is carefully controlled to produce a gray scale

image on the paper with appropriate contrast and gradation. Photographic paper may also be exposed to light using digital printers such as the LightJet, with a camera (to produce a photographic negative), by scanning a modulated light source over the paper, or by placing objects upon it (to produce a photograph).

The word latent means

- A) vivid B) concealed
C) transmitted D) transferred

644. (v17-102-26) Identify main topic

- A) photographic paper B) printing devices
C) latent images D) initial light

645. (v17-102-27) The word «interpose» does not mean

- A) place B) intervene
C) exercise D) explain

646. (v17-102-28) Why is the initial light exposure controlled?

- A) to produce a gray scale image on the paper
B) to produce a gray scale image with appropriate contrast and gradation
C) to produce a gray scale image with appropriate contrast
D) to produce a gray scale image with appropriate gradation

647. (v17-102-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33–36).

One of the rarest flowering plants in the world, the Snowdonia hawkweed, grows wild only in Snowdonia National Park in northern Wales. The region is rocky and mountainous, and the air is cool and damp. The Snowdonia hawkweed prefers this habitat. In fact, it grows wild nowhere else in the world. Snowdonia hawkweed is about 28 cm tall. Its bright yellow blossoms have thin petals with ragged edges. The Snowdonia hawkweed may not be the most beautiful plant in the world, but it is a favorite snack of sheep. In 1953, the Snowdonia hawkweed disappeared. People feared that the plant was gone forever. They believed that sheep grazing on the land had eaten the last few plants. So, the people who ran the park removed the sheep from the area, hoping that the hawkweed might return. Forty-nine years later, a group of plant scientists found the yellow flowers blooming in one spot in the park. The hawkweed had returned! Scientists collected seeds from the plant in case it disappeared again. But since then, the rare plant has continued to bloom in the park. One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) The climate of Snowdonia National Park is cold and snowy.
B) Warm winds often blow in Snowdonia National Park.
C) Cool and damp air is harmful for the Snowdonia hawkweed.
D) The Snowdonia hawkweed was found again in 2002.

648. (v17-102-34) Which group of people would probably care most if Snowdonia hawkweed disappeared?

- A) Farmers who graze their sheep in the mountains.
B) Scientists who study rare birds and insects.
C) Scientists who study plants.
D) Visitors who enjoy hiking in the mountains.

649. (v17-102-35) According to the passage all of the following statements are True, Except ...

- A) After about half a century the rare plant was found again.
B) The Snowdonia hawkweed can be found only in Snowdonia National Park.
C) Sheep like to eat the Snowdonia hawkweed.
D) The Snowdonia hawkweed is the most beautiful plant in the world.

650. (v17-102-36) Which word best describes how people felt when Snowdonia hawkweed was found again?

- A) curious B) thrilled
C) disappointed D) concerned

651. (v17-103-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Rhythmic gymnastics is a sport in which individuals or groups of five or more manipulate one or two pieces of apparatus: rope, hoop, ball, clubs, ribbon and freehand (no apparatus). Rhythmic gymnastics is a sport that combines elements of ballet, gymnastics, dance, and apparatus manipulation. The winner is the participant who earns the most points, determined by a panel of judges, for leaps, balances, pirouettes (pivots), apparatus handling, and execution. The choreography must cover the entire floor and contain a balance of jumps, leaps, pivots, balances (a certain number is required depending on the gymnast's level) and flexibility movements. Each movement involves a high degree of athletic skill. Physical abilities needed by a rhythmic gymnast include strength, power, flexibility, agility, dexterity, endurance and hand-eye coordination.

The word «apparatus» in the text cannot be replaced with ...

- A) equipment B) structure
C) instrument D) tool

652. (v17-103-26) Identify main idea

- A) Rhythmic gymnastics' apparatus
B) Identifying winner
C) Choreography in rhythmic gymnastics
D) Overview of rhythmic gymnastics

653. (v17-103-27) Identify true statement

- A) Rhythmic gymnastics is a sport in which individuals or groups of five manipulate one or two pieces of apparatus
B) Rhythmic gymnastics is a sport that combines elements of ballet, gymnastics and dance.
C) The winner is the participant who earns the most points, determined by a panel of judges
D) Each movement involves a trivial degree of athletic skill.

654. (v17-103-28) Which physical skill is not mentioned in the text?

- A) strength B) flexibility
C) dexterity D) perspicacity

655. (v17-104-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Kwinana is originally a local indigenous Australian word meaning either «young woman» or «pretty maiden». The ship SS Kwinana was wrecked on Cockburn Sound in 1922, and blown on to the beach. The nearby area acquired the name Kwinana Beach when the local postmistress, Clara Wells, immediately

started labeling the mail sacks «Kwinana Wreck», to distinguish the settlement there from Rockingham, to the south Kwinana Beach was officially adopted as a township in 1937. The original village at Kwinana Beach was rezoned 'industrial', and scheduled for resumption and compulsory purchase as early as 1953 – apparently unbeknown to the residents.

The word «indigenous» mostly means.

- A) expatriate B) adventitious
C) migrant D) local

656. (v17-104-26) Identify true statement:

- A) Kwinana is originally a local indigenous Australian island
B) The ship SS Kwinana was blown on Cockburn Sound
C) Clara Wells never started labeling the mail sacks «Kwinana Wreck»
D) The original village at Kwinana Beach was once rezoned 'industrial'

657. (v17-104-27) Identify main idea of the text.

- A) Aboriginal people
B) Geographical position
C) Origin of place's name
D) Information about adventures

658. (v17-104-28) What is the author's main purpose?

- A) To inform B) To warn
C) To argue D) To disagree

659. (v17-107-14) Give the antonym to the word «consequence»

- A) result B) cause
C) upshot D) outcome

660. (v17-124-3) Give the antonym to the word «gravity»

- A) seriousness B) importance
C) profundity D) triviality

661. (v17-125-3) Give the antonym to the word «detest»

- A) loathe B) hate
C) despise D) admire

662. (v17-125-20) Give the antonym to the word «love»

- A) affection B) fondness
C) hatred D) adoration

663. (v17-126-17) Choose the right antonym to the word «patience»

- A) Perseverance B) Persistence
C) impatience D) endurance

664. (v18-443) Choose the correct answer.

Barbara Streisand sang extremely ...

- A) good B) well
C) fine D) bad

665. (v18-444) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (444-447).

New technologies are developing.

The Michigan factory of a leading car manufacturing company already has its place in industrial history. It is famous primarily because of record-breaking models produced there 1927-1931. Now the refitted factory is back in the limelight as one of the world's most architecturally advanced buildings. The height of new technology will be its 42,000 square meter roof. Dubbed a «living» roof by the company, it consists of a ground-hugging plant called sedum which is growing in a 7,6 cm-thick mat – like material.

The sedum insulates the roof, cutting down heating bills by as much as 5% and saving on replacement costs. It lasts twice as long as a standard roof because it doesn't shrink or expand when the temperature varies. It is also expected to become a habitat for butterflies and birds. 36 skylights, which let in natural light, are embedded in the roof. On sunny days the factory will operate with up to half of its lights switched off. The company also intends to clear the soil around the factory to remove the chemical by-products of years of steel manufacturing. The car company will plant native plants that will break down chemicals.

The author called the roof of the factory «living» ...

- A) since it attracts large numbers of butterflies and birds.
B) since the mat-like material from which it is made is comprised of by-products.
C) because it hardly provides insulation from the weather.
D) because the material from which it is made actually includes living plants.

666. (v18-445) It is clear from the passage that the new-style roof ...

- A) is the company's way of apologizing for the harm cars cause to the environment.
B) will enable the company to cut down on its profit.
C) is one of the less unusual features of the new style factory.
D) will make it possible for the company to reduce its heating bills.

667. (v18-446) We understand from the passage that the company aims to ...

- A) get rid of the chemical by-products that have accumulated around the factory and a garden there.
B) increase its car sales which, over recent years, have been rapidly declining, by attracting notice through its «living roof».
C) stay in the limelight whatever the cost may be.
D) make a garden around the factory and get rid of the chemical by-products accumulated there.

668. (v18-447) According to the passage, the factory ...

- A) is in the news now on account of its ultra-modern record-breaking models.
B) has a remarkable roof that will never need replacing.
C) is famous now because of its extremely modern architectural features.
D) produces high-quality cars that have repeatedly broken automobile speed records.

92. Reading comprehension. Periphrasis. Right variant of translation

1. (96-1-37) Choose the sentence closer in the content. I don't remember your address, let me put it down.

- A) I mentioned him your address to put it down.
B) I believe you remember my address.
C) I promised him to find out your address, let me put it down.
D) I remember your address, I can give him.
E) I forgot your address allow me to write it down.

2. (96-1-39) Choose the sentence closer in the content.

- She leaves home for school at 7.30.
A) She returns home from school at 7.30.
B) She comes back from school at 7.30.
C) She leaves home for work at 7.30.
D) She goes out at 7.30 and goes to school.
E) She goes out for a walk at 7.30.

3. (96-12-95) Choose the appropriate periphrases to the sentence.

They will be very tired when they get there.

- A) They may be very tired when they get there.
B) They would be sick and tired when they reach the destination.
C) They will be happy when they reach there.
D) They will be exhausted when they reach there.
E) They won't be tired and they'll get there.

4. (97-12-59) Choose the statement which best expresses the meaning of the sentence.

The transition to free market resulted in the abundance of various small business.

- A) Small business is the outcome of free market.
B) The results of free marketing influenced on small business.
C) Various free market small business transactions are abundant in covert illegal dealings.
D) The abundance of small business leads to the doubtful results of various transactions.
E) Free market transactions of small business resulted in prices going up.

5. (99-2-8) Choose the appropriate periphrasis.

You have a fantastic reputation.

- A) You work hard
B) You work well
C) People respect you
D) People don't know you
E) People don't notice you

6. (00-1-29) Choose the appropriate periphrases of the sentence.

He led Mr. Pickwick to a large-room where Mr. Perker was sitting.

- A) Mr. Pickwick was led to a large room where Mr. Perker was sitting.
B) Mr. Perker was sitting and he was led by Mr. Pickwick.
C) To a large room was led Mr. Pickwick by Mr. Perker where he was sitting.
D) Mr. Perker led him to a large room where Mr. Pickwick was sitting.
E) He was led by Mr. Pickwick to a large room where Mr. Perker was sitting.

7. (00-3-31) Choose the sentence which best gives the meaning of the given one. Unfortunately, I'm working so I can't come.

- A) If I wasn't working I could have come.
B) If I weren't working I could come.
C) If I would be working I couldn't come.
D) I could come if I hadn't worked.
E) I would have come if I weren't working.

8. (00-3-32) Choose the sentence which best gives the meaning of the given one. I didn't take pills yesterday therefore I am ill today.

- A) If I had taken pills yesterday I would be well today.
B) I would be well today if I took pills yesterday.

- C) If I would take pills yesterday, I would be well today.
 D) If I would have taken pills yesterday, I would have been well today.
 E) If I take pills today, I will be well tomorrow.

9. (01-1-24) Choose the sentence which has the same meaning. The dean has just signed the papers.

- A) The papers have just been signing.
 B) The papers were signed.
 C) The papers are being signed.
 D) The papers have just signed.
 E) The papers have just been signed.

10. (01-1-26) Choose the sentence which has the same meaning.

You must explain this rule to the children.

- A) This rule must explain to the children.
 B) This rule must have explained to the children.
 C) The children must be explaining this rule.
 D) The children must explain this rule.
 E) This rule must be explained to the children.

11. (01-1-27) Choose the sentence which has the same meaning.

Bob's classmates always laugh at him.

- A) She is always laughed by her classmates
 B) Bob always laughed at his classmates
 C) Bob always laughs at his classmates
 D) Bob is always laughed at by his classmates
 E) Bob has been laughed at by his classmates

12. (01-5-37) Choose the sentence which is the closest in its meaning to the given one.

Mother is afraid she has lost her keys.

- A) Mother always loses her keys.
 B) Mother thinks that her keys have been lost.
 C) Mother is worried in case she loses her keys.
 D) Mother lost her keys and she's afraid to tell anyone.
 E) When mother is afraid she always loses her keys.

13. (01-6-58) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

A dying man was asked to forgive his neighbour. The man said, "Let it be, if I die, I'll forgive him, but if I don't, I'll show him what's what".

- A) The man forgave his neighbour.
 B) His neighbour was forgiven.
 C) The man couldn't forgive his neighbour unless he died.
 D) The man showed his neighbour what was what
 E) The man didn't want to die.

14. (02-3-53) Choose the best periphrasis of the given sentence. It's all settled: he'll do it for us. This sentence means:

- A) He has just agreed to do it.
 B) It is necessary for him to do it.
 C) It is his habit to do so.
 D) He'll settle it.
 E) He is very kind.

15. (02-4-43) Choose the statement that has the same meaning as the given one.

Before the ship had been sailing for 10 minutes I realised that Miss Brown a remarkably uninteresting person.

- A) That Miss Brown was a bore I realised before the boat had been under way for 10 minutes.

B) Ten minutes had passed when I realised that Mrs. Brown was a bore.

C) Mrs. Brown had been sailing for 10 minutes when I understood that she was shrewd.

D) During the voyage Mrs. Brown looked pretty well and happy.

E) After the ship had sailed ten minutes passed and I noticed that Mrs. Brown was exclusively dull.

16. (02-4-45) Choose the statement that has the same meaning as the given one.

Although Bob seemed to be telling his friend the truth. Jack had a strange feeling that he was being deceived.

- A) Bob told Jack the truth and the latter believed him.
 B) Though Bob seemed to be frank with Jack, the latter realised that he was telling a lie
 C) In spite of Jack's honesty Bob guessed that his friend was frank with him.
 D) Both friends were always honest and never deceived each other.
 E) Though Bob regretted that he had been deceived by his best friend, he forgave him.

17. (02-6-56) Choose the best summary of the text.

Arthur left school when he was 17 and went to work in a bank. At first it was all rather strange and difficult, but soon he began to like his job. He worked hard and learned fast. After six months, he was sent to Manchester to attend a special course ...

- A) Arthur had a difficult time in Manchester.
 B) Arthur finds working in a bank rather boring.
 C) Arthur is doing well at his first job in a bank.
 D) Arthur puts most of the money he has into the bank.
 E) Arthur earns a lot of money at the bank.

18. (02-11-37) Paraphrase the underlined part of the sentence.

He managed to escape although his leg was broken.

- A) having had a broken leg
 B) having the leg breaking
 C) having a breaking leg
 D) having a broken leg
 E) having the leg broken

19. (02-11-56) Choose the sentence which is closer in meaning to the given below. Ann managed to become a lawyer.

- A) Ann is fond of law.
 B) Ann's dream is to become a lawyer.
 C) Ann is interested in law.
 D) Ann succeeded in becoming a lawyer.
 E) Ann would like to become a lawyer

20. (02-11-86) Choose the sentence which is closer in meaning to the sentence.

The careless looks of other passengers made her blush ...

- A) She felt that passengers enjoyed looking at her.
 B) She went red under passengers' blank looks.
 C) She became pale as passengers were staring at her in a strange way.
 D) She was uneasy feeling passengers curious eyes on her.
 E) She was indifferent to the passengers of the train.

The news was a great shock to me; it came absolutely out of the blue.

- A) was quite unexpected
 B) was interesting
 C) was marvellous
 D) was boring
 E) was terrible

22. (03-8-37) Find the equivalent. I'm likely to be late home this evening.

- A) I never came home early
 B) I like this evening at home
 C) perhaps I shall come home late tonight
 D) I'm late though I like it at home this evening
 E) I'm sure to be at home this evening

23. (03-10-39) Choose the sentence which is close to the meaning of the given one.

We came home full of beans after visiting the supermarket.

- A) Having visited the supermarket we had enough beans.
 B) Visiting supermarkets made us happy.
 C) After visiting the supermarket we were in high spirits.
 D) We were glad to return home after the supermarket.
 E) We bought beans in supermarket and returned home

24. (03-10-40) Choose the sentence which is close to the meaning of the given one.

The engine turned over a few times and gave up the ghost.

- A) The engine overturned several time sand gave the ghost a lift.
 B) The motor was too bad to give up the ghost.
 C) After turning over several times, the engine resumed working.
 D) Having turned over several times, the engine throttled down.
 E) The motor needed repairing after it had turned over a few times.

25. (03-10-41) Choose the sentence which is close to the meaning of the given one.

"Sorry about your failure, Akmal". But you got it coming to you. You didn't crack a book until the night before the exam.

- A) I wish you had passed your exam. You got your deserts as you hadn't found a book.
 B) I wish you hadn't passed your exam. You had prepared for it beforehand and could pass it.
 C) I wish you passed your exam. It was so unexpected to you on the eve of the exam.
 D) I wish you had passed your exam. If you had prepared for it beforehand, you could have passed it. So you got your deserts.
 E) I wish you passed your exam. You expected it happen. You didn't open the book until the night before the exam.

26. (03-11-52) Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning. They predict that the dry spell will end soon.

- A) Thunderstorm is expected at the end of the summer.
 B) Drought will last for a while.
 C) Hail is in the forecast.
 D) The heat wave is almost over.
 E) It looks like rain.

27. (03-11-54) Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning. Could you help me take these boxes downstairs?

- A) Take these boxes downstairs.
 B) The boxes downstairs are too heavy.
 C) Would you mind helping me with these boxes?

- D) Fetch these boxes, will you?
E) Can you bring all these boxes?

28. (03-11-55) Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning. I wish they told us when the assignment is due.

- A) They told us when the assignment is due but I forgot.
B) I wish they told us where to pay the dues.
C) They haven't told us when to turn in the paper.
D) I wanted to tell them when to turn the assignment in.
E) They wanted me to turn in the assignment.

29. (03-11-56) Choose the sentence that is closest in meaning. When the driver was backing out of the garage, he ran over the trash can.

- A) The garbage can be stored in the garage.
B) The driver was parking in the garage.
C) The driver crashed into the garage.
D) The driver was moving into the garage.
E) The garbage can was near the garage.

30. (v5-106-25) Choose the sentence closer in the meaning to the given one. Eveline is a wonderful friend, so cheerful and sincere.

- A) Eveline has a cheerful and sincere friend
B) Eveline is very selfish and dishonest
C) Eveline is greedy and envious
D) Eveline is a very good and true friend
E) Eveline found one true friend

31. (v5-112-25) Choose the appropriate periphrasis for the sentence.

After we'd seen the film, we felt so disturbed we just couldn't go to bed.

- A) The film made us think about things.
B) Disturbing films make people nervous.
C) The film was so interesting we couldn't sleep.
D) The film was so exciting we couldn't sleep at once after it.
E) The film was so exciting, so we were talking about it until morning.

32. (v5-124-25) Choose the answer that is closer in the meaning to the original. It is known that an English family prefers a small house with a garden to a flat in a modern building.

- A) They say that an English family prefers living in a cosy house to a fashionable apartment.
B) An English family is known as a very conservative one.
C) English family likes to live in a flat.
D) An English family doesn't like to live in a small house.
E) It's more preferable to live in a village for every English family.

33. (v5-150-36) Choose the appropriate periphrasis for the sentence. You looked very busy when I saw you last night.

- A) You seemed to be very busy, when I met you last night.
B) When I saw him last night he looked worried
C) I was looking for you last night.
D) When I saw you last night you looked quite happy.
E) You looked very bad when I saw you.

34. (v5-158-32) Choose the appropriate periphrasis for the sentences. The lecture was attended by a large audience.

- A) lots of people came to listen to the lecture.
B) Many people thought it was a very good show.

C) People clapped loudly at the end of the performance.

- D) There were many interesting lectures last month.
E) A lot of noise was at the lecture.

35. (v6-141-21) Choose the answer which means the same as the first sentence.

Mrs. Smith said to her son: "You are too young and won't understand this. joke". Mrs. Smith told her son that he ...

- A) is too young and doesn't understand her joke.
B) had been too young and didn't understand that joke.
C) is too young and won't understand this joke.
D) was too young and wouldn't understand that joke.

36. (v10-111-10) Complete the sentence by reporting the speaker's words.

"Road will be closed for 2 months. Commuters should seek alternate routes." The newspaper said ...

- A) that road has closed for 2 months and commuters should seek alternate routes.
B) that road will not be closed for 2 months and that commuters should seek alternate routes.
C) that road is closed for 2 months and commuters should seek alternate routes.
D) that road would be closed for 2 months and that commuters should seek alternate routes.

37. (v15-122-5) Choose the suitable expression.

- A: Could I stay the night at Ann's?
B: ... , so long as you are home before lunch tomorrow.
A) Take it easy B) Help yourself
C) If you must D) I don't see why not

38. (v16-103-13) Choose the right answer. What does the word concise mean?

- Did you like Jeff's presentation on Tuesday?
- Sure. It was very concise

- A) easy to understand
B) Well written and professionally presented
C) With details, dates, requirements
D) With positive statements, suggesting positive actions

39. (v16-108-1) Paraphrase the following sentence.

They decided to take an interval of three hours.

- A) They decided to take interval of three-hours.
B) They decided to take a three-hours interval.
C) They decided to take a three hour interval.
D) They decided to take interval of three hours

40. (v16-110-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (32-33).

Even a muddy pond contributes to the ecosystem that affects the environment. A vernal or springtime pool is only a few feet deep and lasts only from March until midsummer but yields a considerable number of diverse life forms. Like all of nature, there are predators and victims, and a particular living being may be one or the other, depending on its age and characteristics. One may find masses of spotted salamander eggs floating just under the surface of the pond, left behind by adults who entered the pond early

in the season before predators arrived. Other amphibians and reptiles return to the recurrent pond year after year to reproduce, as their ancestors have done for years.

Various forms of algae grow well in the murky water, if there is sufficient sunlight. They in turn produce and transmit oxygen to the salamander embryos and other young that are not yet able to survive outside of water. Diving beetles feast on eggs and larvae deposited in the pond by the salamanders and other amphibians that have called it home. Tadpoles are born in the late spring and feed on the algae. The pond also invites wood frogs staking their territory and courting potential mates, calling as loud as quacking ducks. By the end of the short season, the pond dries to spongy mud and then dries further, becoming covered with leaves and debris, until the following spring when the process repeats itself.

The word "vernal" in the in the second sentence refers to:

- A) springtime B) pool
C) deep D) transitory

41. (v16-110-33) The word yields in the second sentence refers to:

- A) produces B) contributes to
C) kills D) harms

42. (v17-104-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

Stonehenge is an ancient monument situated about ten miles north of Salisbury in England. It was built about 4500 years ago, but by whom and for what purpose remains a mystery. The builders must have known of geometry. They may have been influenced by the Mycenaeans, whose architecture was similar. Some of the stones must have been brought from West Wales, over 135 miles away. These stones weigh more than fifty tons. They may have been brought on rafts and rollers. Experts say that it must have taken 1500 men more than five years to transport them. Stonehenge was probably built in three stages. First, settlers from continental Europe built a temple for sun worship. Later the «Beaker» people added the stone circles. Finally, people of the Wessex Culture transformed Stonehenge into an observatory. They could calculate the exact time of Midsummer and Midwinter and of equinoxes. We understand from the passage that Stonehenge ...

- A) was built 4500 B.C. by some mysterious creatures
B) was constructed by the builders having some idea of geometry
C) was built of the stones of 135 tones
D) spread about ten miles north of Salisbury in England

43. (v17-104-34) According to the passage, there are serious doubts about ...

- A) is Stonehenge still used to calculate the changes of the seasons
B) what kind of stones were used in the construction of Stonehenge.
C) who Stonehenge was built by and what for.
D) where Stonehenge was built.

44. (v17-104-35) The author states that ...

- A) Mycenaeans deeply influenced the architecture of Stonehenge

- B) it must have taken one and a half thousand men to transport stones
 C) these stones weigh more than one thousand fifty tons
 D) they may have been brought on rafts and trailers

45. (v17-104-36) We understand from the passage that

- A) Stonehenge wasn't probably built in three stages
 B) the «Beaker» people built the temple for the Sun worship
 C) the settlers from Europe could calculate the exact time
 D) Stonehenge was probably built in more than one stage

46. (v17-119-21) Paraphrase the given sentence.

Jack and Jill are certain to come to California.

- A) It is beyond doubt Jack and Jill certainly came to California.
 B) We are certain for Jack and Jill's would come to California.
 C) It is certain that Jack and Jill will come to California.
 D) It was certain that Jack and Jill would come to California.

47. (v18-448) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (448-449).

Not since Americans crossed the continent in covered wagons have they exercised and dieted as strenuously as they are doing today. Consequently, they do not only look younger and slimmer, but feel better. Because of increased physical fitness, life expectancy in the nation has risen to seventy-three years, with fewer people suffering from heart disease, the nation's number one killer. Jogging, the easiest and cheapest way of improving the body, keeps over 30 million people of all ages on the run. For the price of a good pair of running shoes, anyone anywhere can join the race. Dieting, too, has become a national pastime. Promoters of fat diets that eliminate eating one thing or another, such as fats or carbohydrates, promise as much as 20-pound weight losses within two weeks. Books describing such miraculous diets consistently head up the best-seller lists because every corpulent person wants to lose weight quickly and easily. Nevertheless, both jogging and dieting, carried to extremes, can be hazardous. Many confused joggers overdo and ultimately suffer from ankle and foot damage. Fat dieting, fortunately, becomes only a temporary means for shedding a few pounds while the body is deprived of the balanced nutrition it requires, so most dieters cannot persevere on fad.

- Choose the alternative sentence that is closest in meaning to the given sentence.**
 Life expectancy in the nation has risen to seventy-three years.
 A) Americans can expect to live about 73 years.
 B) Americans now live to be 73 years old.
 C) Hopefully, with exercise and improved diet, Americans may live to be 73 years old.
 D) The nation is 73 years old.

48. (v18-449) Both jogging and dieting can be hazardous.

- A) Dieting and jogging can damage your health.
 B) Both jogging and dieting can improve your health.
 C) People should not jog or diet.
 D) Jogging and dieting are less injurious.

49. (v18-450) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (450-454).

Like some other winter sports, snowboarding comes with a certain level of risk.

The injury rate for snowboarding is about four to six per thousand persons per day, which is around double the injury rate for alpine skiing. Injuries are more likely amongst beginners, especially those who do not take lessons with professional instructors. A quarter of all injuries occur to first-time riders and half of all injuries occur to those with less than a year of experience. Experienced riders are less likely to suffer injury, but the injuries that do occur tend to be more severe.

Two thirds of injuries occur to the upper body and one third to the lower body. This contrasts with alpine skiing where two thirds of injuries are to the lower body. The most common types of injuries are sprains, which account for around 40% of injuries. The most common point of injury is the wrists - 40% of all snowboard injuries are to the wrists and 24% of all snowboard injuries are wrist fractures. There are around 100,000 wrist fractures worldwide among snowboarders each year. For this reason the use of wrist guards, either separate or built into gloves, is very strongly recommended. They are often compulsory in beginner's classes and their use reduces the likelihood of wrist injury by half. In addition it is important for snowboarders to learn how to fall without stopping the fall with their hand by trying to "push" the slope away, as landing a wrist which is bent at a 90 degree angle increase the chance of it breaking. Rather, landing with the arms stretched out (like a wing) and slapping the slope with the entire arm is an effective way to break a fall. This is the method used by practitioners of judo and other martial arts to break a fall when they are thrown against the floor by a training partner.

The risk of head injury is two to six times greater for snowboarders than for skiers and injuries follow the pattern of being rarer, but more severe, with experienced riders. Head injuries can occur both as a consequence of a collision and when failing to carry out a heel-side turn. The latter can result in the rider landing on his or her back and slamming the back of his or her head onto the ground, resulting in an occipital head injury. For this reason, helmets are widely recommended. Protective eyewear is also recommended as eye injury can be caused by impact and snow blindness can be a result of exposure to strong ultra-violet light in snow-covered areas. The wearing of ultra-violet-absorbing goggles is recommended even on hazy or cloudy days as ultra-violet light can penetrate clouds.

What percentage of upper-body injuries happens to riders?

- A) More than 40%
 B) More than 50%
 C) Less than 40%
 D) Less than 50%

50. (v18-451) What is the most common point of injuries?

- A) upper body B) lower body
 C) wrist D) sprain

51. (v18-452) Who of the riders are obliged to wear wrist guards?

- A) professional B) seasoned
 C) novice D) proficient

52. (v18-453) Who of the riders get less severe head injuries?

- A) professional B) seasoned
 C) novice D) proficient

53. (v18-454) Identify false statement.

- A) Skiers suffer the risk of head injury two to six times greater than snowboarders
 B) Head injuries can occur as the result of collision
 C) when failing to carry out a heel-side turn
 D) eye injury can be a result of exposure to strong ultra-violet light in snow-covered areas

93. Dialogue completion

1. (96-1-32) Choose the appropriate phrase to complete the dialogue.

Bob: I'm tired. Jim: What did you say?

Bob: ...?

- A) I said I was busy B) I'm happy
 C) I'm free D) I'm tired
 E) yes, of course

2. (96-1-34) Choose the appropriate phrase to complete the dialogue.

Mary: Did you pass your exam? Ann: ...

Mary: Was it difficult? Ann: ...

- A) No, I haven't / I don't know
 B) Yes, I did / I don't think it was
 C) Of course, it was / I'm sorry
 D) It's a pity / Nice to see you
 E) How do you do / The same to you

3. (96-1-35) Choose the appropriate phrase to complete the dialogue.

A: Would you like a cup of tea?

B: ...

A: Would you like it with milk and sugar?

B: ...

- A) No, thank you / With lemon
 B) With pleasure / Not at all
 C) It's a pity / I have a nice weekend
 D) Yes, please / Little sugar, no milk
 E) I'm sorry / Good bye then

4. (96-6-37) Choose the appropriate answer.

A: What places of interest did you visit when you were in England? B: ...

- A) I visited England.
 B) She visited London.
 C) I visited museums, theatres, libraries when I was in England.
 D) I went skating.
 E) He visited New-York.

5. (96-6-100) Choose the appropriate response.

- Coffee, sir?

- ...

- A) Don't mention it. B) Yes, please.
 C) That's OK. D) Oh, I am sorry.
 E) You are welcome.

6. (96-6-101) Choose the appropriate response.

- Could you pass me a scone, please?

- ...

- A) Sure, here you are.
 B) I'm fine, thank you.
 C) It's very tasty.
 D) This way, please.
 E) You are welcome, please.

7. (96-8-92) Choose the appropriate answer.

- A: Which of English writers do you read?
 B: ...
 A) I am reading Mark Twain.
 B) I read Jack London.
 C) I've read Dreiser.
 D) I had read Dickens.
 E) He reads Dickens.

8. (96-12-94) Choose the appropriate answer.

- T: Please, don't tell anyone.
 B: ... T: Do you promise? B: ...
 A) Don't worry. I won't / Yes, I do
 B) Yes, I was. / I can't
 C) I can't / Thank you
 D) We are late / I'm afraid
 E) Good-bye / Have a nice weekend

9. (96-13-45) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Tom: "I say, Mike when will you go back home today? Mike: ... Tom: I see, you want to know who will be the winner.
 A) after lessons
 B) when the lessons are over
 C) I think I'll stay at school till the competitions are over
 D) I'll stay at school
 E) I shall go after 2 lessons

10. (96-13-155) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Here is your pen. Thank you.
 — ...
 A) I'm sorry B) Oh, That's OK
 C) I beg your pardon D) You are welcome
 E) No, thanks

11. (96-13-210) Choose the proper sentence to the dialogue.

- A: Excuse me, sir. B: Yes? A: ... C: This way please. A: Thank you. B: Not at all.
 A) What can I do for you?
 B) What is it?
 C) I'm sorry to hear that.
 D) Where do you live?
 E) Where is the smoking room?

12. (96-15-97) Choose the appropriate phrase for completing the dialogue.

- We are going on an excursion tomorrow. Would you like to join us?
 — ... Shall I take any food with me?
 — ... We'll be away for 2 days.
 A) No, I wouldn't / Oh, no
 B) No, I don't / Yes, please
 C) Yes / You needn't
 D) I'd love to / Certainly
 E) Certainly / No, you won't

13. (96-15-98) Choose the appropriate phrase for completing the dialogue.

- Hello, Ann! I haven't seen you for ages. Where have you been?
 — I've been to Moscow. I was there for a month and came back last week. I'm glad I'm at home again. ...
 A) I liked Moscow very much.
 B) East or West, home is best.
 C) I met our friends there.
 D) My family stayed in Moscow.
 E) Have you been to Moscow?

14. (96-15-206) Choose the appropriate phrase for completing the dialogue.

- Your sons are very interested in ship building.
 — Really?
 — ...
 — Not yet, but they have many books about ships.
 A) How old are they?
 B) Did they like this subject?
 C) Have you ever been to the sea?
 D) Is their father a sailor?
 E) Have they got books about I ship building?

15. (97-1-55) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

- Is this seat vacant?
 — ...
 — I thought I was lucky.
 A) Sorry, I was busy
 B) It's taken
 C) Certainly, you can
 D) Of course, you may take it
 E) You were right

16. (97-1-56) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

- A: What is the best way to get to Broadway?
 B: By underground, I think. A: Is it the shortest way? B: ...
 A) you can go as slowly as you like
 B) take the double – decked buses
 C) the fastest one
 D) the shortest way is travelling by train
 E) I advise you to travel there by car

17. (97-2-43) Choose the appropriate answer.

- What will you do on Sunday?
 — ...
 A) There are many plans.
 B) We have no time for doing it.
 C) We went to the circus.
 D) They'll swim.
 E) There will be Sunday soon.

18. (97-2-44) Choose the appropriate answer.

- What are the things you enjoy doing in summer?
 — ...
 A) I enjoy skating or skiing in cold weather
 B) if I'm near a river it's boating or swimming
 C) I prefer singing to dancing
 D) there weren't many things to choose
 E) we could do interesting things last summer

19. (97-2-45) Choose the appropriate answer.

- What do you think of "The Three Friends"?
 — ...
 A) They are friends
 B) It's an amusing game
 C) It's sad news.
 D) They'll come soon
 E) It's a very interesting play

20. (97-2-47) Complete the dialogue.

- I see you are talking again. What do the women always talk about?
 — ...
 A) They usually discuss their family problems
 B) They are talking about their problems
 C) A woman always had something to tell
 D) She always talks much
 E) Some of the women prefer listening to men

21. (97-3-40) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Ann is ill.
 — ...
 A) Yes, Ann is a good singer.
 B) Oh, I'm sorry to hear that.
 C) Her mother's a very pleasant woman.
 D) She studies in the second form.
 E) Her friend's no feelings.

22. (97-4-52) Complete the dialogue.

- I was told an interesting story yesterday.
 — ...
 A) Neither was he. B) Were they?
 C) Didn't you? D) So were we
 E) Either did I

23. (97-7-39) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

- Where did you see the New Year in?
 — ...
 — Really?
 A) Fishing in the river next week.
 B) I prefer to go there by train.
 C) As usual in the open air.
 D) It's hard to say.
 E) My friend and I will get to our place.

24. (97-7-42) Complete the dialogue.

- I haven't read "David Copperfield" by Charles Dickens.
 A) Neither has my brother. B) Neither can I.
 C) So, did I. D) Either does he.
 E) Haven't they?

25. (97-8-40) Choose the appropriate phrase to Complete the dialogue.

- ...
 — Yes, I went to the National Film Theatre last week and saw a Japanese film.
 — ...
 — Yes, I liked it but of course I didn't understand a word.
 A) Did you go anywhere last week? / How did you like it?
 B) What did you do last week? / Have you already seen any of them?
 C) Have you seen any good films lately? / Did you like it?
 D) What time is it? / Surely.
 E) Where were you yesterday? / Very good.

26. (97-8-45) Choose the appropriate continuation to the sentence.

- Come and have supper with us if you are free tonight.
 A) What was the weather like yesterday?
 B) I'm going to have my friend to supper this evening.
 C) I remember the time when I went to school.
 D) She read the book which I advised her to take.
 E) There will be a lot of people at the lecture today.

27. (97-9-42) Choose the right answer.

- Who did you invite to your birthday party?
 A) All my friends will come.
 B) All my friends will dance and sing.
 C) Something is there.
 D) Somebody is coming.
 E) You are welcome.

28. (97-12-55) Choose the appropriate answer.

- Your English is perfect. How long have you been studying it?
 — ...
 A) All my life, since I remember myself.
 B) Sure, English takes much time.
 C) Quite so, I also admire her English.
 D) No wonder, she lived in England for 5 years.
 E) English is spoken by half of the world.

29. (98-5-45) Complete the dialogue.

– Look over there! What can it be? It's scared me out of my wits.

-
 A) Oh, that's OK. Calm down. It's only a scarecrow
 B) I don't know, the weather is likely to change tomorrow
 C) We'll find out who plays there if welcome up to the hill
 D) Call the speaking clock
 E) Let's make a transferred charge call now

30. (98-6-46) Choose the appropriate forms of "to be".

A: ... you OK now? B: Why do you ask?

A: I heard you ... ill.

- A) are / is B) were / were
 C) is / are D) was / were
 E) are / were

31. (98-8-46) Complete the dialogue.

– I've never been to England.

– But I hope I shall visit it some day.

– Now that our country has become independent we've got more chances of visiting foreign countries.

- A) I was there / So shall I
 B) I wasn't there / Neither shall I
 C) Neither have I / So do I
 D) Really? / Yes, I shall
 E) So have I / Neither do I

32. (98-9-35) Complete the dialogue.

– Have you got any hobbies?

– Yes, I have. I like English.

-
 A) So have I B) So has he
 C) Neither have I D) So do I
 E) Neither do you

33. (98-10-50) Complete the dialogue.

– I say, Ann, let's go and see Kate. She is ill.

–
 – When will you be free?

-
 A) I can. I'm free now / Tomorrow
 B) I can't. I'm busy now / In 2 hours
 C) OK / I'm busy
 D) All right / Certainly
 E) Certainly / Next year

34. (98-12-51) Complete the dialogue.

– John is going to buy an expensive car.

–?
 – He told me that himself.

- A) How do you know
 B) Where did you take it
 C) Are you in need of food
 D) Why are you speaking
 E) Do you live in the South

35. (99-1-26) Complete the dialogue.

– I had to help my mother about the house.

-
 A) Neither had I B) Either hadn't we
 C) So had I D) So did I
 E) So do I

36. (99-4-3) Choose the best answer to complete the text.

Aristotle, the great philosopher, summed up the four chief qualities of money about 2000 years ago. It must be lasting and easy to recognize, to divide and to carry about. In other words it must be durable, distinct, divisible and portable, when we think of money today we picture it either as round flat pieces of metal which we call coins, or as

printed paper notes. But there are still parts of the world today where coins and notes aren't used. They will buy nothing, and a traveller might starve, that is die of hunger, if he had none of the special local money to exchange for food. Nowadays we think of money as

- A) made either of metal or paper
 B) pieces of metal
 C) printed note-paper
 D) durable
 E) pieces of silver

37. (99-4-46) Choose the appropriate answer.

– Shall we have a snack lunch in a pub for a change?

-
 A) That's a good idea, I haven't been to any pub yet.
 B) The nearest pub is round the corner.
 C) We have no pubs in our country.
 D) Will you look through the menu?
 E) And what about dessert?

38. (99-4-47) Choose the best answer.

– When are you leaving?

- A) I live not far from here.
 B) May I see you off?
 C) I'm not flying.
 D) I'm flying on Saturday.
 E) I'm leaving home.

39. (99-10-6) Complete the dialogue.

– Have you got any books by O. Wilde?

– Yes, we have

- A) Please B) Take it
 C) Here is it D) Here they are
 E) Here are they

40. (99-10-10) Complete the dialogue.

– How do you like the weather in England?

– Well, it's rather, isn't it?

- A) dry B) changeable
 C) hot D) subtropical
 E) tropical

41. (99-10-46) Complete the dialogue.

– I don't like horror films, and you?

– I can't sleep after seeing such films.

I like fantastic films.

– I've got some at home.

- A) Yes, do / I don't like them
 B) No, don't / I like it
 C) Neither do I / So do I
 D) So do I / Neither do I
 E) Neither do I / So I do

42. (00-1-38) Choose the appropriate answer.

What do you want to be?

- A) My dream is to become a sailor.
 B) You know my father is an economist.
 C) Our classmates want to become interpreters.
 D) I'll see if the money goes towards buying goods.
 E) He wants to become a singer.

43. (01-2-36) Complete the dialogue.

– How are you, Mr. Brown?

–
 – What's the matter?

-
 A) Very well, thank you. / I've hurt my leg.
 B) Not very well I'm afraid. / I think I've got a cold.
 C) Pretty well, thanks. / I'm afraid of dogs.
 D) Not bad. / I feel fine.
 E) Fine, thank you. / I've caught a cold.

44. (01-6-48) Choose the appropriate answer.

Could you lend me your book for some days?

- A) Certainly. I need it myself.
 B) I'm afraid not. I need it myself.
 C) Why, you could lend it to me too.
 D) I'd love to. I took it from Jane.
 E) You are welcome. It's a library book.

45. (01-6-52) Complete the dialogue.

– Hello, Dolly, how are you?

–, thank you, and you?

– ... indeed. I've got a cold. I feel more dead than alive.

- A) Not bad / Fine B) Fine / Not bad
 C) So-so / Excellent D) Fine / Very bad
 E) Very bad / Fine

46. (01-8-24) Complete the dialogue.

– Do you mind if we stop by the post office?

I have to mail these letters and I don't have any stamps.

-
 A) We have to find a mail-box to mail the letter
 B) Give my stamps to her as she wants to stick them
 C) Here it is. It is very delicious
 D) Oh, I have some, we don't need to go all the way to the post-office
 E) Oh, you can take them in the theatre

47. (02-7-45) Choose the best answer.

– Come on! It's time to go!

– Wait a minute, ... What's your hurry anyway?

- A) Just hold your horses!
 B) That didn't take long.
 C) Where are you going?
 D) I don't want to go.
 E) You wouldn't do a thing like that.

48. (02-8-51) Choose the best answer.

– Good morning.

– Good morning. How are you today?

– Just fine, thanks. How are you?

– Wonderful. ...

- A) So-so.
 B) Things couldn't be better.
 C) What's the matter?
 D) How did you guess?
 E) We'll see who is the best.

49. (02-8-53) Choose the best answer.

– Do you like David?

-
 A) No, I can't get through to him
 B) He is the black sheep of the family
 C) Yes, he likes music
 D) No, I don't get on with him
 E) I take after him

50. (02-12-40) Choose the best answer.

– How long have you had your car?

-
 A) It's a very good one
 B) For about a year now
 C) Six years ago
 D) I think it was last spring
 E) They are not mine

51. (03-1-31) Choose the best answer.

– I've been working very hard this month.

– ... I haven't. I'm not a hard-working person.

– ... but I have to take my exams next week.

– Let's hope for the best.

-
 A) Really? / So am I / So have I
 B) Impossible / Neither am I / I too
 C) Have you! / Neither am I / So do I

- D) Probably / Me to / Neither have I
E) Yes, you have / I am either / I have too

52. (03-2-14) Choose the best answer.

– Where is the newspaper?
– ...

- A) You are sitting on it.
B) How would I know
C) Here they are
D) Just round the corner
E) I have to buy them

53. (03-9-26) Choose the best answer.

– What do we get from sheep?
– ...

- And what do we make from wool?
– I don't know.
– And what is your coat made of?
– ...

- A) Milk / From wool
B) Wool / It was made from father's old coat.
C) Beef / It's made of wool
D) Skin / It was made from mother's hat
E) Pelts / It's made of silkworm.

54. (03-11-48) Choose the best answer.

– Had Fred told me he needed ..., I would have fixed his TV set for him.
– You know, he doesn't like to ask for help.

- A) a screwdriver B) a hand
C) a hammer D) advice
E) a nail

55. (v4-105-26) Choose the appropriate answer.

A: Would you like a cup of tea? B: ... A:
Would you like it with milk and sugar? B: ...
A) It's a pity / I have a nice weekend
B) I'm sorry / Good-bye then
C) No, thank you / With lemon
D) Yes, please / Little sugar, no milk
E) With pleasure / Not at all

56. (v4-113-10) Complete the dialogue.

– It's raining and I have to stay at home.
A) So does Linda B) Linda does either
C) Linda have too D) Linda has so
E) Linda does so

57. (v4-113-26) Choose the appropriate answer.

A Joke
– What can you say about the chemists of the 17th century?
– ...

- A) They are all dead, sir.
B) I don't like chemistry.
C) The system of education in England is very complicated.
D) My brother is a poor reader of chemistry books.
E) Lomonosov is a great Russian scientist.

58. (v4-123-10) Choose the appropriate answer.

– It's a nice day today, isn't it?

- A) Oh yes, it is
B) Where are you going?
C) It's not your business
D) Of course, it does.
E) I don't like her these days

59. (v5-103-10) Choose the best answer.

– I like the jumper. ...
– Yes, the changing rooms are over there.

- A) Can I try it on?
B) Can I try on it?
C) Will there be any changes?
D) Will you change it?
E) I'd like to change in.

60. (v5-119-6) Choose the right answer.

Why don't you read the paper? I ... it already.

- A) read B) was reading
C) has read D) am reading
E) have read

61. (v5-133-10) Choose the best answer.

How long did it take you to do the homework? ... What about you?

- A) It didn't take me. B) It don't take.
C) An absolute fortune. D) Ages.
E) It took me.

62. (v5-152-23) Choose the appropriate answer.

Steve: You are very good at playing basketball. Dave: Not so good, but I like it.
Steve: ... Dave: For ten years.

- A) Where do you play?
B) Do you always play here?
C) Have you been playing for a long time?
D) Had you been playing before?
E) Whom do you play with?

63. (v5-152-33) Choose the appropriate answer.

– I can't find my wallet.
– ... it at home?

- A) May be you leave B) You are to leave
C) You must leave D) You might left
E) You are to leave

64. (v5-154-23) Complete the dialogue.

– I think, you have already been to Australia, haven't you?

- A) No, I have B) Of course, I haven't
C) No, I haven't D) Yes, I have
E) Yes, I haven't

65. (v5-156-23) Choose the appropriate phrase to Complete the dialogue.

Babur: Hi, Alec. I've heard some people moved to the house next to you. Alec: Yes, that's right. Babur: ... Alec: No, I haven't yet.

- A) Have you already seen any of them?
B) What are they doing?
C) Did you speak to any of them?
D) Will you see them?
E) Do you speak to any of them?

66. (v5-157-23) Choose the appropriate phrase to Complete the dialogue.

Tom: I'm sorry, ... Jane: Must you go so soon? ... Tom: No, thank you.

- A) I had to go / Will you stay for dinner?
B) I'm leaving tomorrow / Have a nice time.
C) I can go / Can't you stay for dinner?
D) I'm coming on Sunday / Bye then.
E) I must go / Won't you stay for dinner?

67. (v5-158-10) Choose the best answer.

– Hello. ...

- Single or return?
A) I'd like to book a room for a week.
B) Where's the hotel?
C) I'd like a ticket to Paris.
D) Where's the lift?
E) I'm not single but I don't return either.

68. (v5-158-23) Choose the appropriate answer.

Frank: Excuse me, is Nick at home? Mark:
... Frank: When will he be back, do you think? Mark: ... Frank: That's fine. I'll call him tonight. Mark: O.K. Good bye!

- A) No, he isn't / In about an hour
B) I don't know / In two days
C) Yes, I think so / he has just returned
D) No, he is out / In a fortnight
E) Yes, he is / next Sunday

69. (v5-160-18) Choose the best answer.

A: ... George ... on what to do when he leaves school? B: Oh, yes. Everything He is going to have a holiday for a few weeks and then he is going to start a computer programming course.

- A) did / decide / was planned
B) was decided / was planning
C) has / decide / is planning
D) have / decide / will be planned
E) has decided / is planned

70. (v6-151-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– How long did it take you to do the homework?
– ... What about you?

- A) An absolute fortune. B) Ages.
C) It didn't take me D) It don't take.

71. (v6-152-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Where do you think she ...?

– I think she ... to London.

- A) will go / has been
B) has gone / has gone
C) has gone / is going
D) will go / was gone

72. (v6-155-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

Steve: You are very good at playing basketball. Dave: Not that good, but I like the game. Steve: ... Dave: For ten years.

- A) Where do you usually play?
B) When do you play basketball?
C) Have you been playing for ten years?
D) Have you been playing for a long time?

73. (v6-159-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Did you take part in the last race?

– That's a pity.

- A) Yes, please. B) No, I was ill.
C) Yes, I did. D) No, thank you

74. (v6-160-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Although the weather was beautiful, we didn't go to the beach.

– That's funny, ...

- A) neither we did B) so didn't we
C) neither did we D) so did we

75. (v7-187-19) – Good luck with your exam!

- A) Thanks a lot. B) You are welcome.
C) Yes, I will. D) To you.

76. (v10-108-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Could you help me?

– Sure. Tell me what ... me to do.

- A) do you want B) I do want
C) want D) you want

77. (v17-112-18) Complete the dialogue.

– ...

– No, I'd rather not.

- A) Why didn't you take a bus into town?
B) I'd prefer it if you didn't smoke in front of children.
C) Why did you do it?
D) I think you'd better ask him to lend you some money.

78. (v17-121-22) Choose the most suitable response.

– What would you like to drink?

- ...
A) Nothing, Thank you. B) Pizza is OK.
C) I'm not hungry. D) I'm sorry.

79. (v17-126-10) Choose the most suitable response.

- I can take you to the airport tomorrow.
- ...
- A) Yes, I'm flying.
- B) My ticket was expensive.
- C) Thank you. That's very kind of you.
- D) Super jet is very fast.

80. (v19/20-106-2) Choose the correct answer.

- A: I'm sorry. I'm late.
- B: ... Come and sit down.
- A) Excuse me!
- B) What's the matter?
- C) Why is he late?
- D) Don't worry!

81. (v19/20-110-15) Choose the correct answer.

- Let's leave now. I'm exhausted.
- ...! Just one more dance, please.
- A) Oh, I'm not
- B) Oh, let's go
- C) Oh, me too
- D) Oh, me too

82. (v19/20-111-5) Choose the correct answer.

- A: ... was she born?
- B: She was born in New Zealand.
- A) Where
- B) What
- C) When
- D) Why

83. (v19/20-112-10) Choose the correct answer.

- Can I try the advanced class, then?
- OK, I ...
- A) suppose it is
- B) suppose so you can
- C) suppose so
- D) supposing can

84. (v19/20-112-11) Choose the correct answer.

- Time to go to school, Sue. Have you got your keys?
- I can't find ...
- A) it
- B) us
- C) them
- D) their

85. (v19/20-117-1) Choose the correct answer.

- Who are you ... for?
- My friend John.
- A) meeting
- B) seeing
- C) waiting
- D) staring

86. (v19/20-126-8) Choose the appropriate pronoun to complete the sentence

- Did you meet ... new at the party last night?
- No ...
- A) anybody / Anybody
- B) nobody / Nobody
- C) anybody / Nobody
- D) someone / Somebody

94. Text completion (last sentence of the text)

1. (96-13-207) Complete the sentence. Great Britain is a capitalist state; the Queen is the head of the state, but according to the constitution ...

- A) power is in the House of Lords
- B) power is in the hands of the people
- C) power in the country belongs to the Parliament
- D) only the Communist party stands for the interests of the working people
- E) the people have rights

2. (98-1-22) Choose the right ending. The film director was asked ...

- A) if he likes to play on grass
- B) which airline he works for
- C) if he had ever won an Oscar
- D) that he took part in the concert
- E) why he is nervous before the match

3. (98-4-45) Complete the sentence. - Their parents are very intelligent.

- A) - but their children are stupid.
- B) - I saw them yesterday.
- C) - I don't know where they work.
- D) - yes, you are right. They are not a tight family.
- E) - I'm going to the Zoo on Sunday.

4. (98-6-81) Complete the sentence.

- This is the fattest turkey ...
- A) I've ever seen
- B) I bought it yesterday
- C) he sold it
- D) nobody heard of it
- E) to go home without

5. (98-10-45) Complete the sentence.

- Don't make much noise as ...
- A) it is snowing
- B) your little brother is playing
- C) the baby is sleeping
- D) I'm making supper
- E) he is buying a tie

6. (99-1-20) Choose the right ending. I am always asked ...

- A) why am I late
- B) are you late
- C) is he absent
- D) why was I present
- E) if I am on duty

7. (99-2-39) Complete the sentence.

- He is the kind of man ...
- A) always helpful
- B) be relied on
- C) very wise
- D) who can make anybody talk
- E) will always joke

8. (00-3-39) Complete the sentence.

- Ann hasn't got a car, and ...
- A) I don't either
- B) John hasn't either
- C) so haven't I
- D) I do too
- E) neither does John

9. (00-5-51) Complete the sentence.

- Everybody was surprised to hear that ... to the party.
- A) Jim will not come
- B) Jim wouldn't come
- C) Jim doesn't come
- D) Jim won't be coming
- E) Jim isn't coming

10. (00-10-28) Complete the conversation. Can you tell me about radio programmes in your country? - ...

- A) It was interesting
- B) I'd be delighted to
- C) It will suit us both
- D) I'm grateful to you
- E) What's on today

11. (01-3-78) Complete the sentence.

- A cartoon is ...
- A) a dog which is a mixture of different types
- B) a machine which makes something work or move
- C) a short funny film or drawing in a newspaper
- D) a very large and important church
- E) a kind of box full of toys

12. (01-4-24) Read the text and complete sentence.

We use both words and gestures to express our feelings, but the problem is that words and gestures can be interpreted in different ways. A

smile means the same thing in any language. So does laughter or crying. Animals show the same feeling too. For example, dogs, tigers and humans show their teeth when they are angry. Fear is another emotion shown in the same way all over the world. In Chinese and in English a phrase like "he went pale" suggests that the man is greatly afraid. However a phrase "he opened his eyes wide" suggests anger in Chinese, whereas in English surprise. In Chinese surprise is described in a phrase like "they stretched out their tongues", which in its turn is very insulting in English. Disgust, contempt and suffering are the most different emotions for people everywhere either to recognise or to express.

In English the phrase "he opened his eyes wide" means ...

- A) unhappiness
- B) surprise
- C) anger
- D) fear
- E) disgust

13. (01-4-25) Read the text of test 24 and complete the sentence.

In Chinese the phrase "they stretched out their tongues" means ...

- A) anger
- B) fear
- C) surprise
- D) contempt
- E) happiness

14. (01-4-26) Read the text of test 24 and complete the sentence.

According to the passage when animals are angry, they ...

- A) attack people
- B) show their teeth
- C) attack each other
- D) beg people to feed them
- E) run uncontrollably

15. (01-4-27) Read the text of test 24 and complete the sentence.

The word "contempt" most nearly means ...

- A) gratitude
- B) scorn
- C) kindness
- D) decency
- E) joy

16. (01-9-55) Read the text and complete it.

What greeting did the passengers on the ship Mayflower receive when they landed on the coast of America in 1620? Being passed the vast ocean they had no friends to welcome them nor inns to entertain or refresh their weather beaten bodies; nor houses or much less towns to repair to ...

- A) warm
- B) amazing
- C) cordial
- D) sincere
- E) hostile

17. (02-10-83) Choose the best answer.

My friend wondered ...
 A) how much money I have saved to buy a car
 B) whether would I be at home when he came the following day
 C) why I hadn't picked up the receiver when he rang me up
 D) where my school is located in the city
 E) what Institute I am going to next year

18. (02-10-85) Choose the best answer.

After examining the patient very thoroughly, the doctor said that ...

- A) you should take the medicine he prescribed three times a day
- B) the work he was doing was very, dangerous for them
- C) the case being very serious he could be on sick leave the following week
- D) you should not go out on rainy days
- E) health is very expensive nowadays

19. (v4-105-28) Choose the right completion.

The knife was so sharp that ...

- A) it hardly cut the bread
- B) we brought water
- C) he cut his finger
- D) we went to the shop
- E) it wouldn't 't cut

20. (v4-121-13) Choose the best answer.

It was such a nice weather that we decided to ...

- A) watch TV the whole day
- B) listen to the music at home
- C) spend the day in the park
- D) wear our warm clothes
- E) stay at home the whole day

21. (v4-130-6) Complete the sentence.

– He isn't a teacher, ... he?

- A) do B) was C) is D) isn't E) does

22. (v5-149-27) On the basis of the given passage.

The native land and its people have always been in the centre of Uzbek tales. Well-known is the story by Alisher Navoi, the Uzbek poet and philosopher, and his beloved Guli. Some of the tales are based on the widely known lyrical poems "Farkhad and Shirin", "Takhir and Zokhra". A favorite folk character is Nasriddin Afandi, the merry and cunning wit who is present in folk tales all over the East. Tales as one of the genres of modern literature are very popular not only with the children but also with the adults. They serve as the basis for feature films and animated cartoons, stage productions and ballets. Folklore tales are very popular at present because ...

- A) they are based on modern stories
- B) they are boring
- C) people don't read them
- D) they are out of date
- E) children and adults are fond of them

23. (v5-160-10) Complete the sentence.

A. Let me introduce you to my friend. She is from Italy. Do you speak Italian? B. ...

- A) it's a pity
- B) I'm afraid, I don't
- C) it's a pity, I can
- D) I was afraid, I can't
- E) I am sorry, he doesn't

24. (v13-119-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

All contact lenses are now made of plastic, but hard and soft varieties are available. The newer and more expensive soft lenses can be bent and will return to their original shape. Made of water-absorbing plastic, they cause very little discomfort and can be worn for as short or as long a period as you like. Lenses of hard plastic do cause discomfort during the adjustment period and must be worn regularly so that another break-in period isn't necessary. However, vision through soft contacts isn't as good as through hard contacts. Another disadvantage of soft lenses is their tendency to absorb eye secretions and mists from hair spray, room deodorant and the like. One advantage soft contact lenses have over hard ones is that they ...

- A) are completely flexible.
- B) are made of natural products.
- C) aren't as expensive.
- D) come in two varieties.

25. (v13-119-25) We learn from the passage that hard plastic lenses ...

- A) may break if dropped.
- B) are initially uncomfortable.
- C) are water absorbent.
- D) do not provide clear vision.

26. (v13-119-26) We can conclude from the passage that a person wearing soft plastic lenses ...

- A) ought to use them for short periods.
- B) should avoid using aerosol sprays.
- C) won't have any difficulty seeing clearly
- D) doesn't need to have them checked frequently.

27. (v13-153-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Sleep researchers have found that people can make themselves wake up at a given time simply by deciding to do so before they go to sleep. Scientists took two groups of volunteers and, at nightfall, told one group that they would be woken at 6 a.m. and the other that they would be woken at 9 a.m. The sleepers' levels of the hormone adrenocorticotropin which is known to cause spontaneous awakening, were then measured. In each group, there was a rise in the levels of the hormone one hour before the volunteers expected to get up. The three-hour difference between the rise in hormones in the two groups suggests that the body can be programmed to wake up on command. The people studied by the researchers ...

- A) were having difficulty getting up early.
- B) suffered from insomnia.
- C) participated in the experiment at their own will.
- D) were unable to wake up by other means.

28. (v13-153-25) It seems that adrenocorticotropin ...

- A) is used by doctors for people who have difficulty getting up.
- B) exists in higher levels in people who wake up very early.
- C) is produced by the body some time before a person wakes up.
- D) is responsible for causing sleeplessness in a number of people.

29. (v13-153-26) The experiment related in the passage has indicated that ...

- A) our bodies are capable of being conditioned to wake up at a suggested hour.
- B) hormones are more effective than outside stimuli for waking people.
- C) the hormones that wake people up have a three hour long cycle.
- D) people who wake up at 6 a.m. have more hormones than 9 a.m. risers.

30. (v14-101-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

Basic Skills Proficiency-Undergraduate Students Each student must meet standards of proficiency in the basic skills area of reading, writing, and mathematics established by the college. In addition, the board of trustees has mandated that students meet a university-wide minimal level of skills proficiency before entrance to the upper division. Consequently, students will be tested in these areas after admission, but prior to their freshman year, so as to determine whether they meet minimal university standards and the college's standards. Those

who fail initially to meet these requirements will be given appropriate remedial instruction to assist them in achieving the required skills-competency levels. Students who fail to achieve the minimal standards of the university by the end of their sophomore year will not be permitted to continue in the university.

Students who fail to meet minimal standards upon admission

- A) are required to take further tests during their freshman year.
- B) must take remedial courses their first year.
- C) will have their admission permits revoked.
- D) are required to take remedial courses for two years.

31. (v14-101-33) Students who do not meet minimal standards at the end of two years will ...

- A) be required to take further remedial courses.
- B) have to reapply for admission.
- C) be expelled from the university.
- D) have to take additional tests.

32. (v14-104-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

All contact lenses are now made of plastic, but hard and soft varieties are available. The newer and more expensive soft lenses can be bent and will return to their original shape. Made of water-absorbing plastic, they cause very little discomfort and can be worn for as short or as long a period as you like. Lenses of hard plastic do cause discomfort during the adjustment period and must be worn regularly so that another break-in period isn't necessary. However, vision through soft contacts isn't as good as through hard contacts. Another disadvantage of soft lenses is their tendency to absorb eye secretions and mists from hair spray, room deodorant and the like. One advantage soft contact lenses have over hard ones is that they ...

- A) are made of natural products.
- B) aren't as expensive.
- C) are completely flexible.
- D) come in two varieties.

33. (v14-104-25) We learn from the passage that hard plastic lenses ...

- A) do not provide clear vision.
- B) are initially uncomfortable.
- C) are water absorbent.
- D) may break if dropped.

34. (v14-104-26) We can conclude from the passage that a person wearing soft plastic lenses ...

- A) ought to use them for short periods.
- B) should avoid using aerosol sprays.
- C) doesn't need to have them checked frequently.
- D) won't have any difficulty seeing clearly

35. (v14-107-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

Most people are unaware of the fact that a new ailment has developed among subway users. Called "subway syndrome", it causes people to turn pale and cold and even to faint. Commuters misdiagnose the symptoms acute chest pains and nausea-and rush to hospital emergency rooms in the belief that they are about to succumb to a heart attack. Hearing that their heart attack is only a case

of nerves makes them feel better.
What makes people get sick on subways? Various and sundry things. One is that they rush off to work in the morning without having eaten a proper breakfast. Sudden dizziness attacks them. A second cause is the overcrowding and ensuing feeling of claustrophobia, which brings on stress and anxiety. In addition, they are so afraid of mechanical failure, fire, and or crime that they show signs of panic – men by having chest pains and women by becoming hysterical. Contributing especially to their stress are other factors: overcrowding of both men and women, continual increase in the numbers of passengers, and people's inability to avoid interacting with strangers. Presumably the word commuter refers to ...

- A) a vehicle B) subway
C) a person D) dizziness

36. (v14-107-35) Why do subway riders think they might be having a heart attack?
A) They suffer from chest pains
B) They don't eat breakfast
C) They are overcrowded
D) They are afraid

37. (v14-107-36) According to the passage, if you don't have a good breakfast, you might get ...
A) dizzy B) afraid
C) pale D) cold

38. (v17-105-25) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Rose hips are occasionally made into jam, jelly, marmalade, and soup or are brewed for tea, primarily for their high vitamin C content. They are also pressed and filtered to make rose hip syrup. Rose hips are also used to produce rose hip seed oil, which is used in skin products and some makeup products. Rose water has a very distinctive flavour and is used heavily in Middle Eastern, Persian, and South Asian cuisine – especially in sweets such as barfi, baklava, halva, gulab jamun. Rose petals or flower buds are sometimes used to flavour ordinary tea, or combined with other herbs to make herbal teas. In France, there is much use of rose syrup, most commonly made from an extract of rose petals. In the Indian subcontinent, Rooh Afza, a concentrated squash made with roses, is popular, as are rose-flavoured frozen desserts such as ice cream and kulfi. Rose flowers are used as food, also usually as flavouring or to add their scent to food. Other minor uses include candied rose petals. Rose creams (rose-flavoured fondant covered in chocolate, often topped with a crystallised rose petal) are a traditional English confectionery widely available from numerous producers in the UK. Roses are used in different cuisines for their

- A) Scent
B) Colour
C) Nutrition facts
D) Exoticism

39. (v17-105-26) Identify main idea of the text
A) Botanical facts about roses
B) Roses in cuisine
C) Receipts with roses
D) Ice-cream with roses

40. (v17-105-27) Which sphere are roses not used in?
A) Cosmetics B) Food
C) Confectionary D) Medicine

41. (v17-105-28) The word «numerous» can be replaced with
A) few B) occasional
C) rare D) many

95. Text completion (missing part)

1. (96-9-111) Choose the appropriate sentence for the blank. The earth is our home. We must take care of it. ... About two hundred years ago man lived in greater harmony with his environment because industry was not much developed. Today the situation is different. The cities and towns are crowded, much of our waste (отходы), especially waste from factories and different industries are very dangerous.
A) This river is such a pretty place to sit beside on a hot summer day.
B) Cuts in social programmes bring many difficulties.
C) This means keeping our environment clean.
D) Space research is important for development of technology.
E) What measures are being taken?

2. (98-1-43) Choose the missing part of the text. Can anyone help me? ... I left it in the school bus last week. It is made in Japan and its bright yellow. It's very special because it's waterproof. I can use it when I go diving. If you find it, please bring it to Room 106.
A) I've lost my rucksack
B) I've found my compass
C) It's made of Steel
D) I've lost my camera
E) I was looking for my gloves

3. (98-3-42) Complete the text. Has anybody found my address book? I lost it last Friday somewhere near the school gate. I've had it for ages and it has got all my friends' addresses. That's why it's really important ... If you find it, please, bring it to Room 207.
A) It's made of glass and it's blue
B) I bought a new one at the weekend
C) It has got many ideas
D) It's very small and made of red leather
E) It's my friend's.

4. (99-3-46) Complete the sentence. A variety of automatic probes are used for ... the universe.
A) possessing B) irrigating
C) maintaining D) exploring
E) exploiting

5. (99-4-51) Complete the sentence. According to the Constitution Uzbekistan is a ... democratic republic.
A) free B) sovereign
C) indivisible D) inviolable
E) exclusive

6. (00-4-10) Choose grammatically correct phrase that best completes the sentence. I didn't know where ..., but I was sure I would find it if I walked round a little.
A) was she going B) subway station is
C) did the station lie D) the station was
E) is the station

7. (00-9-54) Complete the sentence. Every day he liked to climb a tree and watch
A) a ship appears
B) a ship doesn't appear
C) a ship appear
D) a ship will appear
E) a ship appeared

8. (00-10-30) Complete the sentence. Anvar hurried home because he didn't want
A) to miss the Him on TV
B) to lose weight
C) to buy an expensive hat
D) to improve his language
E) to turn on the light

9. (01-3-79) Complete the sentence. A rectangle is
A) an area with three straight lines
B) a three-wheeled cycle
C) anything which annoys or causes worry or unhappiness
D) a sleeping suit
E) a shape with four sides and four right angles

10. (01-9-20) Choose the appropriate phrase. Do you think I'm to do it ...?
A) as fast as B) at least
C) all of a sudden D) as soon as
E) at once

11. (01-9-21) Choose the appropriate phrase. Read ... 3 books during the summer.
A) at last B) right now
C) in one or less D) in the end
E) at last

12. (01-9-22) Choose the appropriate phrase. Does he go there ...?
A) in a hurry B) now and then
C) here and there D) first of all
E) on the spot

13. (01-11-59) Complete the sentence. A suit that is in constant wear is ...
A) worn on festive occasions
B) never worn
C) put on every day
D) seldom worn
E) put on at week-ends

14. (01-12-5) Complete the text. Kate and little Ann are in their room. A terrible storm is blowing outside. Kate is looking through the window. She can see a big tree on the ground. She says: "..."
A) What a strong wind!
B) How brightly the sun is shining.
C) It is a nice day, isn't it?
D) What a terrible rain!
E) We all like stormy weather.

15. (02-2-22) Choose the best answer. ... during the storm.
A) The fence collapsed
B) The fence was collapsed
C) They were collapsed the fence
D) They collapsed the fence
E) They have been collapsing the fence

16. (02-11-41) Choose the best answer. Despite the fact that my grandmother is ninety-two years old, she ...
A) works for a company as a breadwinner
B) has a bad ear for music
C) has not got a rich life experience

D) is still very active and full of life
E) has a poor memory

17. (02-11-54) Choose the best answer.

He lit a fire ... the camp.
A) to prevent the wolves from entering
B) preventing the wolves entering
C) prevent to enter the wolves
D) being prevented entering the wolves
E) to prevent the wolves to enter

18. (02-11-95) Which word is common for the given sentences?

Sometime ... are weak and we do not feel them, but sometimes they are strong and kill thousands of people.

Scientists are looking for new ways to warn us where and when ... are going to happen. People sometimes watch animals and are able to leave their cities before ...

A) hurricanes B) floods C) fires
D) earthquakes E) avalanches

19. (03-5-55) Complete the sentence.

According to the newspaper account of the crime, the men attempted to make

A) over their trousers B) for happiness
C) out that list D) out all right
E) away with the bronze statuette.

20. (03-8-21) Choose the best answer.

Don't worry if ...
A) we didn't come
B) it rained heavily
C) they don't come on time
D) was late for the train
E) your daughter had married

21. (03-11-47) Choose the best answer.

– One ticket to Glasgow, please.
– ... or return?
– Return. Do I have to change anywhere?
– No, it's a ... train.
A) One way / slow B) Single / through
C) Joint / fast D) Booked / express
E) Reserved / sleeping

22. (04-1-509) Choose the best answer to continue the idea.

The boy cut his finger with the knife.
A) It made him smile.
B) That made him cry.
C) It felt like a silk.
D) It sounded very good.
E) He was a lucky boy.

23. (04-1-513) Choose the best answer to continue the idea.

She found her money in her shoe.
A) She looked miserable
B) That made her catch flu
C) That was terrifying
D) That made her laugh
E) She felt herself at home

24. (04-1-515) Choose the best answer to continue the idea.

There is a draught in the room.
A) You should close the windows
B) You should have tea
C) We can't go to the mountains
D) They shouldn't have coffee
E) You should air the room

25. (04-1-516) Choose the best answer to continue the idea.

The lemonade was fresh.
A) It was very tasty
B) It looked like a hen

C) it was very old.
D) It was sour like old milk
E) It looked wonderful

26. (04-1-550) Fill in the blank with suitable answer.

Sometimes mass media do not act in accordance with the law of the Constitution of Uzbekistan. They forget about ... of information in a prescribed manner and write a lie.

A) torture and violence or cruel treatment
B) willing consent and equality
C) socio-economic rights and interests
D) responsibility for trustworthiness
E) trade unions and political parties

27. (v4-110-28) Choose the suitable beginning.

... his weakness he climbed out to the surface.

A) overcoming B) that's why
C) because of D) so that
E) though

28. (v4-114-36) Choose the best answer.

The bus was so full that ...

A) we went to the shop
B) he easily found a seat
C) they had to stand
D) he cut his finger
E) they took seats

29. (v4-117-28) Choose the suitable words.

There once lived in the city of Aden a robber called Djabir. He attacked ... both on land and at sea. :

A) nobody B) all of them
C) not anybody D) everybody
E) somebody

30. (v5-107-25) "Where can I change some money? Can you tell me ... ?"

A) where to get changed some money
B) how she can change some money
C) where I could change some money
D) where she can change some money
E) where I can change some money

31. (v5-109-27) Choose the best answer according to the text.

Sarah Gale sells beauty aids. She is a saleswoman. She goes to house and knocks on the door. She tells the woman of the house about her beauty aids. Many women want to be beautiful. They are interested in her beauty aids. Sarah sells ...

A) tights B) beauty aids
C) typing aids D) vegetables
E) washing aids

32. (v5-118-25) Choose the appropriate sentence to fill in the blanks.

The United States of America is a federal republic consisting of fifty states – ... The President is the head of the state and the government, and chooses the ministers. The Congress consists of two houses, the House of Representatives and the Senate.

A) There are two main political parties in the USA
B) Election day is always in November
C) The Prime-Minister is the Head of the State
D) There are 100 senators in the House of Representatives
E) Each state has its own government

33. (v5-142-25) Choose the closer sentence.

Please, return your room key before you leave.

A) Would you mind giving back the key of your room before you go out?
B) When you enter leave the door open.

C) Please, lock your room with the key before you leave.
D) You must leave your room by four o'clock.
E) Turn the key to the left to enter your room.

34. (v6-153-27) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Could you help me?
– Sure. Tell me what ... me to do.
A) want B) you do want
C) do you want D) you want

35. (v7-124-20) Have you been to the cinema ... ?

A) last week B) when I came
C) a few weeks ago D) this week

36. (v7-177-10) Jump in the car. There's enough ... for you.

A) seat B) house C) room D) hall

37. (v7-178-19)

– Excuse me, is the British Museum far from here?
– Thank you.

A) You'd better take a bus.
B) It would be very kind of you.
C) I'm greatly impressed by the city.
D) I can't say I've seen everything.

38. (v7-186-24) Our flight leaves at 8.05 am so we need to get up Let's have an early night.

A) later than usually B) at sunset
C) bit earlier D) at the crack of dawn

39. (v7-190-19)

– Excuse me, could I have a light?
– Thanks a lot.

A) Well, I'm in a bit of a hurry.
B) Are you cold?
C) Here you are.
D) Sorry, I'm using them.

40. (v10-119-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I have five pens in different colours. ... pencil do you want?

A) Which B) That C) How D) When

41. (v12z-102-33) In the mornings Sam used to ...

A) take a long time to put on her make-up.
B) he around before going to work.
C) get ready for work very quickly
D) choose her clothes very carefully.

42. (v15-104-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

The worst hurricane in memory to hit the south-eastern part of the North Carolina coast was Hurricane Hazel in 1954. This storm destroyed every building on three islands. Apparently, the disaster didn't occupy people's minds for long, as in the decades that followed, beach houses sprang up everywhere, most of which were built by people who had never experienced a major storm. By the time Hurricane Fran struck in 1996, so dense was the development that a storm weaker than Hazel inflicted much greater damage. A man who had his newly renovated beach front home commented that he had had no idea that a storm could simply sweep his house away.

According to the text after Hurricane Hazel hit the North Carolina coast in 1954, ...

A) Hurricane Fran followed soon after.
B) new building codes made it impossible to build in coastal areas.

- C) every building in North Carolina was destroyed.
D) people seemed to forget how bad the destruction had been.

43. (v15-104-24) It can be inferred from the passage that the beach houses built after 1954 were ...

- A) mostly built by newcomers to the area.
B) mostly destroyed by Hurricane Hazel.
C) constructed by the native inhabitants of the area.
D) able to withstand more powerful storms due to new building technology.

44. (v15-104-25) It is clear from the passage that compared to Hurricane Hazel, Hurricane Fran ...

- A) inflicted greater damage because it was a much stronger storm.
B) caused greater destruction even though it was a weaker storm.
C) was responsible for more deaths because the area was more densely populated.
D) was a weaker storm and so caused less damage.

45. (v15-104-26) The phrase "sprang up" in the text is closest in meaning to ...

- A) demolished B) showed
C) jumped high D) came into existence

46. (v15-104-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

Scientists have warned that the Great Barrier Reef, meant to be one of the most strictly protected natural wonders of the world, is dying, and this is because of the western appetite for prawn cocktails, and a combination of other human activities, including tourism and oil mining. The Australian Conservation Foundation has said that the reef could soon be listed as "endangered". It is one of the world's richest natural sites, with more than 400 species of coral and 1500 fish species. Every living thing in the 140000-square-mile park is extremely sensitive to disturbance. The scientists' report reveals that large-scale prawn fishing - both illegal and licensed - has in a few years reduced seabed animals by more than half. For every tonne of prawns caught up to 10 tonnes of marine life is being sacrificed. **It is clear from the passage that the Great Barrier Reef ...**

- A) is not being as carefully protected as it ought to be.
B) houses many species that are listed endangered.
C) has more regulations than any other natural wonder in the world.
D) is not open to tourists unless they have a special permit.

47. (v15-104-35) According to the passage the Australian Conservation Foundation ...

- A) has classified various species in the area as endangered.
B) only allows one tonne of prawns to be caught annually.
C) has declared the reef to be an endangered site.
D) is concerned about the future of the Reef.

48. (v15-104-36) The author of the passage believes that prawn fishing ...

- A) should be restricted to ten tonnes per year.
B) only benefits the rich West.

- C) is disturbing the balance of nature in the area.

- D) is the only means for the locals to earn their living.

49. (v15-105-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

Rays of sunlight travel from 150 million kilometers away, and when they reach the Earth, they are parallel rays. The curve of the Earth means that the rays are vertical at the Equator but at quite a low angle when they reach temperate latitudes. As the rays lose heat passing through the atmosphere, the more direct the journey, the greater the heat which penetrates through to the surface of the Earth. The vertical rays in equatorial latitudes mean that it is much hotter at the Equator than it is in the regions where the sun's rays strike at a low angle. It is these variations in temperature that are largely responsible for the changes in weather.

The author discusses this issue in order to explain ...

- A) the way in which the Earth goes around the Sun
B) why sun-rays are parallel when they reach the Earth
C) the distance between the Earth and the Sun
D) why the weather is different in different parts of the Earth

50. (v15-105-35) It can be inferred from the passage that ...

- A) temperate regions are cooler than equatorial regions as sun-rays travel through more atmosphere to reach them
B) summer is when the Earth is closest to the Sun
C) when it is summer in the northern hemisphere it is winter in the southern hemisphere
D) sun-rays lose heat in passing through space

51. (v15-105-36) According to the passage the angle at which the sun's rays strike the surface of the Earth is determined by ...

- A) the density of the Earth's atmosphere
B) the parallel nature of the sun-rays
C) the curvature of the Earth
D) the variations in temperature on the Earth

52. (v15-109-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31-33).

Trinity College, or Dublin University, in the Republic of Ireland, dates from the sixteenth century. However, during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries, many Irish students went abroad, to Italy, Spain and France, to be educated, as Catholics, forming the majority of the population were forbidden to have schools. During that time in Ireland, many teachers operated outside the law. Known as Hedge Schoolmasters, they taught their pupils in the hedgerows in summer and in hillside huts in winter due to a lack of buildings of their own. They managed to teach Latin and Greek well. Without texts, masters and pupils had to rely on memory. Not until the nineteenth century did these banned 'hedge' schools disappear, when a system of public education was finally approved by the British Government.

According to the passage Ireland ...

- A) didn't have any schools until the 19th century.
B) was a predominantly Catholic state.

- C) was an independent state in the 18th century.

- D) became a republic in the 16th century.

53. (v15-109-32) It said in the passage that Hedge Schoolmasters ...

- A) taught in order to raise money for school buildings.
B) provided the only legal education for Catholics at that time.
C) had to teach secretly as what they were doing was illegal.
D) worked for one of the departments of Trinity College.

54. (v15-109-33) It is mentioned in the passage that one difficulty that Hedge Schoolmasters and their pupil were faced with was that ...

- A) the masters and pupils spoke different languages.
B) they didn't have any school books.
C) the school masters weren't properly trained.
D) the students had to study Latin and Greek.

55. (v15-109-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

Amphibious vehicles, those that can move on both land and water, have been in use for a number of years. However, while most of them are quite fast on land, they move quite slowly when they are functioning as boats. The only truly amphibious vehicle that can move with equal ease on both land and water, is the Hovercraft. A Hovercraft actually travels on an air cushion produced by a large fan which blows air downwards between the body of the vehicle and the water or the ground. This lifts up the craft. Because the Hovercraft floats on the air cushion, there is no contact between the craft and the surface below. This allows it to travel over flat or rough ground, or water.

According to the passage amphibious vehicles ...

- A) are not capable of travelling efficiently on water
B) can also function as airplanes in certain situations
C) are able to travel on water as well as on land
D) are the result of the very latest technology

56. (v15-109-35) The author explains ...

- A) why the Hovercraft is more efficient on water than on land
B) the best method by which the inefficient amphibious vehicles can be improved
C) that the Hovercraft can travel over various surfaces because it does not touch them
D) the system which enables all amphibious vehicles to function as boats

57. (v15-109-36) We can understand from the passage that, of all amphibious vehicles, only the Hovercraft ...

- A) has a large fan which keeps the engine cool
B) offers the passengers seats supported with cushions
C) operates with equal efficiency on both land and sea
D) requires smooth ground or a calm sea.

58. (v15-114-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Although the number of deaths caused in traffic accidents in the EU is going down, experts are

still trying to find ways of reducing the number of throughout the EU to around 25000 fatalities per year by 2010. On the other hand, as the amount of traffic is increasing, it is impossible to argue that the situation is not really as bad as it looks. However one interprets the statistics, it remains true that as time goes on, it is becoming harder and harder to reduce the figures, especially since accident-reduction schemes cost a lot of money. Many countries have tried and failed to reduce the number of accidents and in the EU as a whole, only Sweden is pursuing the goal of zero accidents. Accident reduction is more difficult for newer EU members, who are currently facing very rapid growth in traffic and are having difficulty in building new roads and in introducing safety measures at a fast enough rate. To complicate matters, most new members have very little experience in dealing with the demands of heavy traffic. Experts suggest that any safety programme must also set about changing the way drivers behave. Despite what people often say it seems to be the younger generation that causes most accidents. In line with this research, many countries are introducing tougher driving tests, and are concentrating on the main causes of accidents: speed, reckless overtaking, alcohol and over-confidence.

The author states that in the EU ...

- A) though the amount of traffic is rising, it is getting easier to solve the accidents.
- B) in spite of the decreasing fatalities in traffic accidents, experts are still worried about the situation.
- C) according to the statistics, the situation is not as bad as it seems for the time being.
- D) the number of victims is increasing gradually because of traffic accidents at present time.

59. (v15-114-28) All of the following statements are TRUE EXCEPT:

- A) The number of deaths was equal to a quarter of a hundred thousand yearly until 2010.
- B) A great deal of countries haven't been successful in declining the number of accidents.
- C) It is becoming difficult to lessen traffic jams, particularly because of expensive accident-reduction schemes.
- D) Sweden is not among the EU countries, which have failed in the issue of decreasing traffic accidents.

60. (v15-114-29) According to the passage, what makes the situation worse for the recently joined countries of the EU?

- A) The traffic is increasing in a very high rate in most new EU members.
- B) They aren't able to satisfy the requirements of heavy traffic because of lack of experience.
- C) New roads and safety measures are difficult to settle rapidly in these countries.
- D) There is no proper safety programmes set to change the drivers' attitude to the traffic.

61. (v15-114-30) Contrary to usual people's viewpoint, it is supposed that most traffic accidents are caused by ...

- A) young generation
- B) speed and alcohol
- C) heavy traffic
- D) invalid driving tests

62. (v15-117-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

In the town of Lampang in northern Thailand, there is an unusual group of musicians. They play many different kinds of music—everything from traditional Thai songs to music by Beethoven. They are elephants. These musical elephants started at the Thai Elephant Conservation Center (TECC) in Lampang. It protects animals and encourages elephants to paint. Richard Lair works with the TECC. He knows a lot about elephants. He says some of the animals' paintings are very good. But, in fact, elephants hear better than they see. And so he had an idea: if elephants are intelligent and they have good hearing, maybe they can play music. To test his idea, Lair and his friends started the Thai Elephant Orchestra. During a performance, the elephants play a variety of instruments, including the drums and the xylophone. The animals also use their voices and trunks to make sounds. Elephants are very creative. Humans encourage the animals to play, but the elephants make their own songs; they don't just copy their trainers or other people. **According to the passage, the elephants at the TECC ...**

- A) aren't able to paint
- B) make their own instruments
- C) copy humans to play music
- D) hear better than see

63. (v15-117-35) Why did Richard Lair start the Thai Elephant Orchestra?

- A) He needed to make money for the TECC
- B) He wanted to be famous in Thailand
- C) He heard the elephants playing music
- D) He believed elephants could play music

64. (v15-117-36) Choose the best title for this passage.

- A) Teaching Elephants to paint
- B) TECC Trainers
- C) Elephants in Danger
- D) An Unusual Orchestra

65. (v16-103-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question (34–36).

MAGNIFICENT MALLS

According to the Guinness Book of World Records, the West Edmonton Mall, Canada, which encloses 5.2 million square feet on a 46-hectare site, is by far the Largest in the world. The Mall of America, which opened in the early 1990s, the largest such center in the United States, is twice the size of its predecessor, the Del Amo Fashion Center in Torrance, California. Designed as a regional entertainment center, this mall, which is designed around a theme park, Knott's Berry Camp Snoopy, is still a million square feet smaller than the West Edmonton Mall. The West Edmonton Mall has more than 800 stores, including 11 department stores, and more. Than 100 restaurants and snack bars. Its other attractions include an 18-hole miniature golf course; an indoor water park with beaches and a wave-making machine for surfing; a dolphin water show; one of the world's longest waterslides; submarines for underwater rides; a regulation-sized hockey rink; a night club area. Fashioned after Bourbon Street in New Orleans; cinemas; Canada Fantasyland, an amusement park with nearly 50 rides; a zoo; art exhibits; and 360-room hotel.

The West Edmonton Mall ...

- A) is nearly fifty percent larger than the Mall of America
- B) is the world's largest entertainment and shopping center
- C) is the largest commercial building in the world
- D) is largely open and with some covered areas

66. (v16-103-35) The Mall of America ...

- A) is about half the size of the Del Amo Fashion Center
- B) used to be an entertainment center rather than a shopping center
- C) allows shoppers to combine shopping with entertainment
- D) is smaller than Knott's Berry Camp Snoopy

67. (v16-103-36) Visitors to the West Edmonton Mall can ...

- A) ride on fifty different types of animals
- B) ride on by far the best water slide in the world
- C) complete the last phase of their journey there by submarine
- D) find accommodation for the night

68. (v16-122-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question (25–27).

FIELDS OF PSYCHOLOGY

Psychology comprises a number of different kinds of enterprises, so different that they may seem to have nothing in common. One psychologist is engaged in vocational guidance and spends his day talking to high school students, studying their academic records and their test scores and, from these, showing the student how to clarify his own ideas about his future training and occupation. Another spends his day studying delayed reactions in goldfish or the navigation system of bats. Other psychologists are assisting in the diagnosis of neurotic patients, doing research on the childhood experiences that contribute to neurosis, or taking part in combined research on the effects of tranquilizers. But all such disparate activities have this in common: the methods used all derive from the same fundamental training in the procedures and conceptions of academic psychology, and the worker is either putting those conceptions to practical use, or trying to improve on them or both.

Although vastly different in their practices, ...

- A) vocational guidance psychologists have the same aim as those researching neuroses
- B) the results obtained from human and animal research show many similarities in psychological terms
- C) psychologists in all fields are essentially trained in the same way
- D) neurotic patients and those addicted to tranquilizers all had unstable childhoods

69. (v16-122-26) It is stated that some psychologists ...

- A) deal with humans while others focus on animals
- B) work with doctors doing medical research into drugs
- C) are employed at high schools to study the student's performances
- D) use the results gained from animals to analyze human behavioral patterns

70. (v16-122-27) The psychologist working in the field of vocational guidance.

- A) has usually also trained as a teacher
 B) has nothing in common with other psychologists
 C) is responsible for students' future success or failure
 D) assists students in their career choice

71. (v17-119-24) Choose the best answer. Otto ... worry about his health.

- A) asked to me not to B) asked me not to
 C) asked not D) asked to not

72. (v17-121-8) Choose the correct answer.

We had been waiting for Jim for an hour and we didn't know ... or go home.

- A) to wait B) if that he should wait
 C) if waited D) whether to wait

96. Gap filling (right form of the verb)

1. (97-1-22) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A policeman ... me crossing the street yesterday.

- A) sees B) saw C) has seen
 D) will see E) had seen

2. (97-8-25) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

He ... for you at 7 in the evening next Sunday

- A) was waiting B) were waiting
 C) will be waiting D) have waited
 E) had been waited

3. (97-11-32) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Captain was the last ... the ship.

- A) leaving B) is leaving
 C) on leaving D) to leave
 E) left

4. (98-9-21) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A year ... a long time to be without a job.

- A) are B) is C) be D) am
 E) were

5. (98-12-11) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A woman's work ... never done.

- A) are B) is C) will D) would
 E) were

6. (99-1-18) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

"Who ... this picture?" the teacher asks.

- A) is drawn B) drawn
 C) have drawn D) draws
 E) has drawn

7. (99-3-11) Choose the synonym which suits the best.

He studied the document for a long time, then uttered.

- A) read carefully B) taught
 C) looked at D) examined carefully
 E) looked through

8. (99-6-52) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

A.: Was there any trouble at the yesterday's demonstration?

B.: Yes, about twenty people ...

- A) had been arrested
 B) arrested
 C) were being arrested
 D) were arrested
 E) are arrested

9. (00-7-33) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

By this time tomorrow the secretary ... all the company's Board members.

- A) would have called B) has been called
 C) shall call D) will have called
 E) will call

10. (00-7-34) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

As my car ... now, I have to take a taxi.

- A) is repairing B) is being repaired
 C) has been repaired D) repairs
 E) had been repairing

11. (00-7-61) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

... in a countryside, the villa had a wonderful view.

- A) Situated B) To be situating
 C) To situate D) To have situated
 E) Situating

12. (01-3-33) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

... enormous changes in our town since I was a child.

- A) There are B) There is
 C) There have been D) There were
 E) There will be

13. (01-4-18) Complete the sentence.

How long ... he ... in Tashkent?

- A) has / living B) have / been living
 C) has / been living D) does / live
 E) had / been lived

14. (01-7-24) Choose the appropriate form of the verb.

Don't come to me at six. I ... an essay.

- A) shall be writing
 B) was writing
 C) am being written
 D) shall have written
 E) am writing

15. (01-8-50) Choose the right word.

I can't make a phone call.

I ... any change.

- A) hadn't B) haven't got
 C) didn't have D) has no
 E) had no

16. (02-1-56) Choose the best answer.

There was an accident on the motorway, and we were ... for over an hour.

- A) held down B) held up
 C) put back D) put on
 E) put down

17. (02-3-31) Choose the best answer.

As it was rather noisy in the room when I went in, I could not make out what ...

- A) were discussing
 B) discussed
 C) would be discussed
 D) was being discussed
 E) was discussed

18. (02-5-28) Choose the best answer.

All the letters ... yesterday will be sent tomorrow. Don't forget ... stamps on them.

- A) wrote / stick
 B) written / to stick
 C) writing / sticking
 D) having written / to stick
 E) written / stuck

19. (02-8-22) Choose the best answer.

The testing facilities ... a big impression on them.

- A) did B) made C) rose
 D) raised E) held

20. (03-10-33) Choose the best answer.

The plan to join the British Isles to the European continent by boring a tunnel under the sea was originally ... in the late 19th.

The bill authorising the work was ... in 1883. About half a century the plan was ... The tunnel was to be the longest over ... and on engineering wonder. Finally, in the 1980s, the propose was ... and tunnelling began.

- A) made / accepted / resumed / rejected / proposed
 B) accepted / resumed / rejected / proposed / made
 C) resumed / rejected / made / proposed / accepted
 D) proposed / rejected / resumed / made / accepted
 E) rejected / made / proposed / resumed / accepted

21. (03-10-59) Choose the best answer.

He seems ... the last person ... to Ernie.

- A) be / talking B) to have been / to talk
 C) - / to talk D) to be / having talked
 E) being / talk

22. (03-11-10) Choose the best answer.

Dear Anita, Thank you for your entertaining letter which arrived yesterday. I am beginning to feel much better now although my leg still ... if I ... too far. Last weekend I ... some friends who ... their summer holidays just up the road from here.

- A) hurts / walk / visited / are spending
 B) hurt / walk / shall visit / spend
 C) hurt / shall walk / visit / were spending
 D) hurts / is walking / visits / have been spent
 E) hurts / shall walk / had visited / will spend

23. (03-12-35) Choose the best answer.

He's very good player. He ... consistently well recently.

- A) is playing B) has been playing
 C) was playing D) had played
 E) is played

24. (04-1-490) Choose the best answer.

They have a fine selection of scarves, but I couldn't find anything to ...

- A) put off in hot weather
 B) match my hat and gloves
 C) put into my bag
 D) take my size
 E) wash every day

25. (04-1-540) Choose the best answer.

How far back do traditional Christmas foods and dishes go? Of all the Christmas foods the British still eat, Christmas cake has perhaps had the most chequered past, reaching its present form only at the end of the 19th century. In 1843, when Scrooge met the Ghost of Christmas Present amid all the Christmas delicacies on offer were "immense Twelfth cakes". These have existed at the centre of both Christmas and pagan festivals for more than 1,000 years. A bean and a pea were baked within the cake as emblems of fertility and harvest, health and prosperity. Whoever found the bean became a king for the day, while the pea was for his queen. Both were given crowns and all social rules were thrown aside inhibitions quickly lost in high jinks, games and quantities of drink. This extract is about ...

- A) the history of traditional Christmas cake
 B) traditional Christmas foods and dishes

- C) fertility, harvest, health and prosperity
 D) the king and the queen of Britain
 E) Christian and pagan festivals

26. (v5-103-11) There are five answers
 Only one is correct. Choose the correct
 form of the verb.

- My sister usually ... watching concerts over TV.
 A) will enjoy B) was enjoying
 C) enjoy D) has enjoyed
 E) enjoys

27. (v5-112-18) There are five answers
 Only one is correct. Choose the correct
 form of the verb.

- I have never ... London before.
 A) visits B) been C) visit
 D) visiting E) visited

28. (v5-118-31) There are five answers
 Only one is correct. Choose the correct
 form of the verb.

- My son ... the piano since this noon.
 A) plays B) will play
 C) has been playing D) played
 E) play

29. (v5-120-31) There are five answers
 Only one is correct. Choose the correct
 form of the verb.

- They ... at this factory since 1990.
 A) have been working B) has worked
 C) work D) had worked
 E) worked

30. (v5-127-18) Choose the best answer.

- I think the weather ... to be nice later.
 A) is B) was going C) will be
 D) is going E) shall

31. (v5-147-6) There are five answers
 Only one is correct. Choose the correct
 form of the verb.

- Did you ... this matter with your parents
 yesterday?
 A) discuss B) have discussed
 C) discussed D) discusses
 E) discussing

32. (v5-150-6) Choose the appropriate
 form of the verb.

- Charles ... just like his father.
 A) was looking B) look C) looks
 D) have looked E) is looking

33. (v5-154-33) How do you think the fire
 began? Someone ... a cigarette.

- A) should drop B) couldn't have dropped
 C) must drop D) must have dropped
 E) might drop

34. (v6-151-15) Choose the answer
 which correctly completes the sentence.

- Yesterday I wanted to ... a watch because
 my old one ... stolen.
 A) have bought / has been
 B) buy / is being
 C) buy / was
 D) buying / is

35. (v6-159-31) Read the text. Then circle
 the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each
 gap 31-32.

The Flu and You It begins with a runny nose,
 a cough or a sore throat. It usually ends with
 a headache, fever, tiredness and aches from
 head to toe. It's the flu. Each year, up to 20%
 of the U.S. population (60) ... sick from this
 virus. That's 60 million people. Most feel
 miserable for a week or two and (61) ... get
 better. The flu can be deadly, however, for
 babies and elderly people.

- A) got B) gets
 C) getting D) to get

36. (v6-159-32)

- A) next B) once
 C) that D) then

37. (v7-112-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 29-30 in the text.

Neil Alden Armstrong was born on August
 5, 1930 in Wapakoneta, Ohio. Upon (64) ...
 military service, he became a test pilot. While
 serving as a test pilot, he became a (65) ...
 of the astronaut group.

- A) leaves B) leaving
 C) to leave D) leave

38. (v7-112-30)

- A) scientist B) spy
 C) member D) person

39. (v7-144-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 29-30 in the text.

When we were growing up we had pets all
 around us. We seemed (29) ... a new kind of
 pet every year. That meant learning how to
 (30) ... for another young animal.

- A) to get B) gets C) get D) getting

40. (v7-144-30)

- A) worry B) save C) care D) keep

41. (v7-185-29) Read the text. Then
 choose the correct answer for the gaps
 29-30 in the text. Men really do have bigger
 brains than women. However, the female
 brain (29) ... more neurons, which may
 mean that it is more (30) Pregnancy and
 motherhood seem to make it even better.

- A) is containing B) has contained
 C) contain D) contains

42. (v7-185-30)

- A) efficient B) personal
 C) interesting D) ambitious

43. (v8-111-29) Read the text. Then
 choose the correct answer for the gaps
 29-30 in the text. The largest rainforest
 in the world, the Amazon (29) ... across 9
 countries and is, home to an incredible range
 of wildlife, (30) ... colourful parrots and pink
 freshwater dolphins.

- A) were spread B) spreading
 C) spreads D) are spread

44. (v8-111-30)

- A) including B) indicating
 C) combining D) joining

45. (v8-121-22) Choose the answer
 which correctly completes the sentence.

The park looked awful after the show
 because the people ... litter everywhere.
 A) have left B) had been leaving
 C) had left D) left

46. (v8-121-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 27-28 in the text. David never liked
 cars and never wanted to have one.
 It was not that he (27) ... worried about his
 health or the (28) ... He opposed cars on
 principle: owning one would make him its
 slave he believed.

- A) is B) was C) am D) are

47. (v8-121-28)

- A) politics B) medicine
 C) industry D) environment

48. (v8-124-27) Read the text. Then
 choose the correct answer for the gaps
 27-28 in the text. Neil Alden Armstrong
 became the first person to touch the Moon's
 surface. He (27) ... the famous phrase,
 "That's one small (28) ... for man; one giant
 leap for mankind".

- A) will say B) was said
 C) says D) said

49. (v8-124-28)

- A) problem B) planet
 C) step D) story

50. (v8-130-20) Choose the answer
 which correctly completes the sentence.

- Is the plane going to be late?
 - No. It ... to be on time.

- A) will expect B) is expected
 C) had been expected
 D) expects

51. (v9-103-22) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 22-23 in the text.

Yesterday two masked men tried to rob a
 bank in Toronto, Canada. Their plan (22) ...
 when a bank officer realized that they were
 armed with toy (23) ... 'I've just bought a
 similar one for my son', he explained.

- A) failed B) to fail C) failing D) fail

52. (v9-103-23)

- A) fireballs B) tanks
 C) dolls D) shotguns

53. (v9-104-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 26-28 in the text.

"Money!" cried Fettes. "Money from you! The
 money that I had from you is still lying where
 I (26) ... it in the rain." A horrible, ugly look
 appeared (27) ... Dr. Macfarlane's face. "My
 dear fellow", he said. "I did not (28) ... to
 offend you. I will leave you my address."

- A) thrown B) throw
 C) threw D) throwing

54. (v9-104-27)

- A) of B) in C) on D) at

55. (v9-104-28)

- A) mind B) mean
 C) prefer D) prove

56. (v9-110-22) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 22-23 in the text.

In 1825, Darwin went to the University of
 Edinburgh (22) ... medicine, but he found the
 subject boring; and spent more time finding
 out about natural history. In the end, he (23)
 ... medicine and went to the University of
 Cambridge to study this new field.

- A) study B) studied
 C) to study D) studying

57. (v9-110-23)

- A) got on B) got into
 C) gave up D) gave out

58. (v9-113-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the
 gaps 26-28 in the text.

When a man invited a cat to live in his home,
 it was in exchange for a service. He expected
 this animal (26) ... all mice and rats in the
 house. In the 10th century, Welsh laws set
 the value of cats based on their age and their
 hunting abilities. Cats were worth one penny

(27) ... birth until they opened their eyes, 2 pence until they (28) ... their first mouse and 4 pence once they became adults.

- A) has killed B) kill
C) killed D) to kill

59. (v9-113-27)

- A) to B) while C) with D) from

60. (v9-113-28)

- A) placed B) felt C) began D) caught

61. (v9-117-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24–25 in the text.

Columbus is the capital of Ohio, in the USA. Its population is about 660,000 people. It (24) ... on the rivers Scioto and Oletangy. Its industries (25) ... the manufacture of automobiles, planes and electrical goods.

- A) is situating B) is situated
C) situated D) situates

62. (v9-117-25)

- A) destroy B) include
C) divide D) imitate

63. (v9-118-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26–28 in the text.

A popular matryoshka doll, also (26) ... a babushka doll, is a set of dolls of decreasing sizes (27) ... the Russian female first name "Matryona".

- A) calls B) calling C) called D) call

64. (v9-118-27)

- A) followed B) continued
C) placed D) tried

65. (v9-118-28)

- A) from B) over C) for D) at

66. (v9-119-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24–25 in the text.

The first farmers were Stone Age people who lived in Africa, Asia and Europe around 11,000 B.C. They started to (24) ... the wild animals that provided them with food and (25) ... instead of hunting them.

- A) herding B) herds
C) to herd D) herd

67. (v9-119-25)

- A) dancing B) clothing
C) sleeping D) housing

68. (v9-123-22) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

A national park, with its prehistoric carvings, was recently opened in Lombardy, Italy. The park was designed (22) ... the works of art, which were carved in rocks by the inhabitants of prehistoric Valcamonica at the end of the Iron Age. Thousands of figures of human beings, warriors and animals in scenes of (23) ... and rural life decorate entire rock faces.

- A) to preserve B) preserve
C) preserving D) preserved

69. (v9-123-23)

- A) signing B) cleaning
C) reading D) hunting

70. (v9-125-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24–25 in the text.

Lady Baillie, the last private owner of Leeds Castle, lovingly (24) ... the castle to its former glory and founded the Leeds Castle

Foundation in 1974. Every visitor to Leeds Castle (25) ... the Foundation to continue its valuable work preserving the castle and grounds for the enjoyment of future generations.

- A) restore B) restoring
C) restores D) restored

71. (v9-125-25)

- A) helps B) shows
C) gives D) gets

72. (v9-127-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24–25 in the text.

With its mixture of old and new, Prague is a very beautiful city. Many visitors (24) ... to the city over and over. It is often (25) ... the 'crossroads of Europe'.

- A) return B) are returning
C) has returned D) returns

73. (v9-127-25)

- A) called B) mentioned
C) said D) referred

74. (v9-128-22) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

The Victoria School has a central location near the Opera House. Our qualified and experienced teachers (22) ... top quality tuition with a flexible (23) ... The school has an ultra-modern multi-media centre with 20 PCs.

- A) to provide B) provide
C) provides D) providing

75. (v9-128-23)

- A) wardrobe B) land rover
C) timetable D) bookcase

76. (v9-130-22) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

"Why are you (22) ... at me in that way?" I asked, forcing a smile. He answered in a low voice: "I (23) ... I had seen you before."

- A) looking B) looks
C) looked D) look

77. (v9-130-23)

- A) seemed B) drew
C) thought D) imagined

78. (v9-130-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24–25 in the text.

In the summer of 1580 Montaigne (24) ... his first journey outside France, setting off on horseback to Rome via Germany, Austria and Switzerland. He traveled in the company of four young noblemen, (25) ... his brother and a dozen servants.

- A) decided B) walked
C) made D) kept

79. (v9-130-25)

- A) include B) includes
C) including D) included

80. (v10-102-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I'm sorry this office is so dirty but it can't ... until tomorrow morning at the earliest.

- A) cleaning B) clean
C) be cleaned D) be cleaning

81. (v10-110-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

– Do you do any exercise at all?

– Yes. Actually, I ... swimming three times a week.

- A) went B) go
C) am going D) have gone

82. (v10-114-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Internal Revenue Service makes all Americans ... their tax forms by April 15 every year.

- A) filling B) filled C) to fill D) fill

83. (v10-117-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Did you enjoy the play last night?

– No, even though I ... good reviews of it before I bought the tickets.

- A) had read B) read
C) was reading D) have read

84. (v10-118-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence I have no idea where I ... my wallet.

- A) have left B) left
C) had left D) leave

85. (v12z-109-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

The fur trade is an issue which arouses strong feelings. On the one hand, fur farmers and sellers are fighting (27) ... to continue producing fur goods, and, on the other hand, people concerned about (28) ... rights are trying to get the trade stopped.

- A) to be allowed B) to allow
C) allow D) be allowed

86. (v12z-109-28)

- A) animal B) traders'
C) farmers' D) human

87. (v12z-110-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Some people think that Robin Hood is a fictional character; others think he really (27) ... and they (28) ... about which part of England he was from.

- A) lived B) had lived
C) was living D) lives

88. (v12z-110-28)

- A) suggest B) discuss
C) argue D) offer

89. (v12z-113-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

He got on to the plane with only a plastic bag his passport and a book

- A) contains B) contained
C) containing D) contain

90. (v12z-115-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Experts from the British Museum (27) ... the discovery of a Spanish ship which (28) in a storm off the Scottish coast over 400 years ago

- A) are announcing B) had announced
C) announce D) have announced

91. (v12z-115-28)

- A) sank B) returned
C) appeared D) lost

92. (v12z-116-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Have you been working here long?

– Yes, by next June I ... here for ten years.

- A) will have worked
B) have worked
C) will work
D) had worked

93. (v12z-118-28)

- A) mild B) calm
C) peaceful D) severe

94. (v12z-119-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The mountain was too steep for them ...

- A) climb B) climbed
C) to climb D) climbing

95. (v12c-112-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Laura damaged her car by ... the door too hard.

- A) bang B) bangs
C) banging D) to bang

96. (v12c-131-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Did you post the letters?

– No, they ... by the time I came in.

- A) were posting B) had been posted
C) were posted D) had posted

97. (v12c-156-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The equator is the ... line between the Northern and Southern hemispheres.

- A) dividing B) to divide
C) divide D) divides

98. (v13-102-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

For decades anthropologists (29) ... strange and unusual peoples all over the world. One of the strangest peoples (30) ... all is a group called the Asu, a prominent tribe living in North America. The territory of the Asu (31) ... roughly between that of the Tarahumara of Mexico and that of the Ojibwa of Canada.

- A) have been studying
B) has been studying
C) had studied
D) studied

99. (v13-102-30)

- A) of B) without C) at D) over

100. (v13-102-31)

- A) located B) surrounded
C) established D) sheltered

101. (v13-104-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

The first fish appeared on the earth about 500 million years ago. Up to now, more than

20,000 kinds of fish (27) ... and described by scientists. New (28) ... are discovered every year, so the total increases continually.

- A) have been named B) has been named
C) named D) have named

102. (v13-104-28)

- A) spices B) species
C) spicy D) special

103. (v13-106-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

All jumping spiders have large eyes that (29) ... binocular lenses, and they function pretty much the same way. Most jumping spiders locate their prey (30) ... and then jump and capture from one centimeter to over ten centimeters away. Only a few species of jumping spiders invade the webs of other spiders, and the Portia spider is (31) ... them.

- A) look like B) to look like
C) looking like D) looks like

104. (v13-106-30)

- A) visualize B) visually
C) vision D) visual

105. (v13-106-31)

- A) among B) besides
C) of D) between

106. (v13-110-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Andrew Murphy former (27) ... director of Delco Electronics, has pleaded "Not Guilty" to charges that he stole £ 5 million from the company. He claims not to know where the money went. He has suggested (28) ... an accountant took the money. Investigators consider it unlikely that anyone else in the company could have committed the crime.

- A) to manage B) manage
C) managed D) managing

107. (v13-110-28)

- A) where B) who
C) that D) what

108. (v13-113-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

As a young man, Pasteur studied at the Ecole Normale in Paris. Then at the age of just 32, he became a professor at the University of Lille. In 1856, Pasteur (29) ... a visit from a man called Bigo who (30) ... a factory that made alcohol from sugar beet. He had a question for Pasteur: "Why did the alcohol turn to acid? When this happened, they couldn't use it and threw it away". Bigo asked Pasteur to find out the reason (31) ... this.

- A) had been received B) had received
C) received D) was received

109. (v13-113-30)

- A) own B) owned
C) oven D) owed

110. (v13-113-31)

- A) with B) for C) about D) from

111. (v13-117-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Mountains have always evoked awe and inspired artists and adventurers throughout human existence. More recent research has led to important new insights into how mountains, the most magnificent of the Earth's formations, came to be the way they are. Mountains are created and shaped, it now appears, not only by the movements of the vast tectonic plates that make up the Earth's exterior but also by factors such as climate and erosion. In particular, the interactions between tectonic, climatic and erosional processes exert strong control over the shape and maximum height of the mountains as well as the amount of time necessary to build – or destroy – a mountain range. Paradoxically, the shaping of mountains seems to depend as much on the destructive forces of erosion as on the constructive power of tectonics.

As it is stated in the passage, recent research has ...

- A) confirmed what we already knew about mountain formations.
B) demonstrated that tectonic plates move usually in one direction

C) created more questions about the way mountains were formed.

D) enabled us to have better ideas about how mountains are shaped.

112. (v13-117-25) The movements of tectonic plates, the climate and erosion are factors ...

A) that collectively form the interior of the Earth.

B) that are effective in the shaping and creation of mountains.

C) that help mountains reach great heights.

D) responsible for all the interactions that occur on the Earth's exterior.

113. (v13-117-26) We can understand from the passage that the destructive forces of erosion and the constructive power of tectonics ...

A) take an equal amount of time to build a mountain.

B) are not sufficient to build mountain ranges.

C) both play an equal role in the formation of mountains.

D) can create mountain ranges with different climates.

114. (v13-119-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We're going to finish our English courses before we ... to our country next year.

- A) are going to return B) shall return
C) returned D) return

115. (v13-119-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Just a minute! Do you hear someone ... for help? Shall we call the police?

- A) calling B) to call
C) will call D) called

116. (v13-120-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Scientists have discovered the bones of what may be the largest meat-eating dinosaur ever to walk the earth. The discovery (29) ... by a team of researchers from Argentina and North America in Patagonia, a desert (30) ... the eastern slopes of the Andes in South America. It is even more (31) ... that the bones of a number of dinosaurs were found together.

- A) has made B) were made
C) made D) was made

117. (v13-120-30)

- A) off B) into C) in D) on

118. (v13-120-31)

- A) astonishing B) astoundingly
C) astounding D) astonishment

119. (v13-132-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There's no point in ... this brand on TV, it would cost too much.

- A) advertised B) advertising
C) advertise D) to advertise

120. (v13-133-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The ground was ... last year.

- A) dig B) dug
C) digging D) dogged,

121. (v13-148-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

DNA is the chemical in the cells of plants and animals which carries (27) ... characteristics,

or genetic information. DNA testing can be used to identify each person as a unique individual on the basis of "genetic (28) ...". The results of DNA testing are now being accepted as evidence in cases where it may have been convicted that the wrong person have been shown of a crime.

- A) inheritance B) to inherit
C) inherited D) inherit

122. (v13-148-28)

- A) fingemailing B) fingermarking
C) fingerstalling D) fingerprinting

123. (v14-102-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

– Your motorcar needs to be serviced.
– Yes, I have already noticed it. I ... it to the repair shop.

- A) am going to take B) will take
C) was taking D) had taken

124. (v14-105-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Julius Caesar would not let anyone ... a wheeled vehicle on the streets during the day because of the traffic in ancient Rome.

- A) usage B) to use C) use D) using

125. (v14-105-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Desert Regions
Deserts are Earth's driest places, with hardly any (29) ... That might sound like a nice climate, but it is very difficult (30) ... in regions where water is scarce. A quarter of our world is made up of deserts, the biggest one being the Sahara Desert in (31) ... northern Africa. During the day, deserts can be scorchingly hot. At night, they can get incredibly cold.

- A) rainfall B) sandstorm
C) snowflake D) waterfall

126. (v14-105-30)

- A) live B) to live
C) living D) having lived

127. (v14-105-31)

- A) a B) the C) – D) an

128. (v14-108-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text. Experts from the British Museum (27) ... the discovery of a Spanish ship which (28) ... in a storm off the Scottish coast over 400 years ago.

- A) had announced B) have announced
C) are announcing D) announce

129. (v14-108-28)

- A) lost B) appeared
C) returned D) sank

130. (v14-110-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Before 1900, very few people died of heart disease. Since then, heart disease ... (27) the number one killer in the United States. The age of technology has made life easier and made people more ... (28) to heart disease. Before the Industrial Revolution, most people made their living through some sort of manual Labor. Walking was the major means of transportation. Laundry was scrubbed and wrung by hand. Stairs were climbed, carpets were beat, and butter was churned.

- A) will become
B) became
C) has become
D) becomes

131. (v14-110-28)

- A) susceptible B) willing
C) successful D) reluctant

132. (v16-101-9) Choose the correct answer.

The pupils assumed no one ... them.

- A) could see B) sees
C) was seeing D) can see

133. (v16-102-7) Choose the right form of the verb.

James wanted to know if we ... her a souvenir.

- A) have B) has
C) had D) had had

134. (v16-104-18) Choose the best answer.

Nigora has been working all day. She appears ...

- A) to be tired B) tired
C) tiring D) to tire

135. (v16-105-10) Choose the best answer.

It is necessary for the walls ... as soon as possible.

- A) having been whitewashed
B) be whitewashed
C) to be whitewashed
D) being whitewashed

136. (v16-105-15) Choose the best answer.

Mrs. Brown's death came as no surprise, as she was said ... ill for a long time.

- A) she was B) to have been
C) to be D) she had been

137. (v16-107-4) Choose the correct answer

Anyone ... the examination paper before the bell rings will be out.

- A) is starting B) starting
C) will start D) starts

138. (v16-109-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence

You ... in the Art gallery.

- A) are not smoking
B) are not to smoke
C) are not smoke
D) are not to be smoke

139. (v16-117-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Come to Samarkand, it's worth ...

- A) to see B) seeing
C) to be seen D) of seeing

140. (v17-128-3) Choose the correct answer.

The sink in the kitchen tends to ...

- A) flow B) overflow
C) flow over D) overflowing

141. (v17-128-7) Choose the correct answer.

As soon as they are ..., they will set sail for Italy.

- A) floating B) floated
C) afloat D) afloated

142. (v17-129-2) Choose the correct answer.

I ... my room the day before.

- A) swept B) swept
C) have swept D) sweep

143. () When I came to the railway station, Jan ...

- A) arrived
B) had already been arrived
C) has already arrived
D) had already arrived

144. (v18-456) ... her work, she went home.

- A) Finishing B) To have finished
C) To finish D) Having finished

145. (v18-457) He continued ... the direct questioning throughout the meeting. He is such a politician.

- A) to avoid B) avoided
C) avoids D) avoid

146. (v18-458) I urge you ... Our offer is the best you're going to get in this housing market.

- A) reconsider B) to reconsider
C) reconsiders D) reconsidering

147. (v18-459) ... from college is a big deal. It's an even bigger deal when you graduate with straight As. Great job, Chris!

- A) Graduating B) Graduates
C) Graduated D) Graduate

148. (v18-460) These people are forced ... a lot of hardships. Let's raise some money for them.

- A) enduring B) endures
C) to endure D) endured

149. (v18-461) She avoided ... to her mother about her pregnancy because she knew her mother wouldn't be happy about it.

- A) talk B) talks
C) talking D) to talk

150. (v18-462) ... organic, sustainable efforts is really important in today's world.

- A) Supporting B) Supported
C) Supports D) Support

151. (v18-463) Her eyes were red and puffy because she ...

- A) cry B) crew
C) had been crying D) have crying

152. (v18-464) When she arrived, her parents ... already ... for her for an hour.

- A) had ... been waiting
B) have ... been waiting
C) – / waiting
D) have / waited

153. (v18-465) My husband ... a hotel. Such a surprise!

- A) had booked
B) has booked
C) booked
D) had been booking

154. (v18-466) They ... hard and then passed the exams.

- A) studied
B) studying
C) had been studying
D) have studied

155. (v18-467) They ... all day so when I met them they were very tired.

- A) have studied
B) had been studying
C) had been studying
D) studied

156. (v18-468) The baby's face was so dirty. He ... chocolate.

- A) had been eating B) is eating
C) has eaten D) ate

157. (v18-469) The pavement was covered with puddles because it ...

- A) raining B) rained
C) had been raining D) was raining

158. (v18-470) ... for a long time before you saw the doctor?

- A) have you cough
B) did you cough
C) had you been coughing
D) do you cough

159. (v18-471) How long ... the laptop before it started working?

- A) did you repaired
B) had you been repairing
C) have you been repairing
D) repaired

160. (v18-472) Why were you so red? Because I ... before we met.

- A) had been jogging B) have jogged
C) jogged D) had been jogged

161. (v18-473) She knew that because someone ... her before.

- A) had told B) had been telling
C) has told D) told

162. (v18-474) In ten years I will ... all my loans I hope.

- A) pay B) be pay
C) have payed off D) have paid off

163. (v18-475) Mr. Smith ... from London today and he'll be arriving at 8 p.m.

- A) comes B) is coming
C) had come D) has come

164. (v18-476) John ... to Wales this morning. He'll arrive in time for lunch.

- A) 's driving B) drove
C) has driven D) driving

165. (v18-477) Olga only started this job on Monday so she ... here for long.

- A) hasn't been working
B) don't work
C) didn't work
D) worked

166. (v18-478) ... you ... my passport? I left it on the table.

- A) Have / been moving B) Have / moved
C) Are / moving D) Has / move

167. (v18-479) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Either my wife or my children ... about my plan to buy a yacht.

- A) know B) has known
C) knows D) won't know

168. (v19/20-104-3) Choose the correct answer.

- He ... the guitar most mornings.
A) practises B) practised
C) practising D) does practises

169. (v19/20-104-10) Choose the correct answer.

- Paul's friends keep asking him ... smoking
A) giving up B) to give up
C) give up D) to giving up

170. (v19/20-104-13) Choose the correct answer.

- It was Senator Blather's goal ... the voters behind his candidacy.
A) uniting B) unite
C) to unite D) united

171. (v19/20-105-12) Choose the correct answer.

- John ... well recently.
A) hasn't been feeling
B) feels
C) have felt
D) hadn't been feeling

172. (v19/20-105-16) Choose the correct answer.

- Is it serious, doctor?
- ... You'll need an operation.
A) I'm afraid so B) I don't think
C) You aren't lazy D) Never mind

173. (v19/20-105-17) Choose the correct answer.

- She turned this place inside out ... for her keys.
A) looking B) to have looked
C) to looking D) being looked

174. (v19/20-105-18) Choose the correct answer.

- Mark and Mary ... to have returned from London.
A) have said B) say
C) said D) are said

175. (v19/20-107-5) Choose the correct answer.

- Every member of the group tries ... each other in order to achieve success.
A) to support B) supported
C) to be support D) to supporting

176. (v19/20-108-7) Choose the correct answer.

- He made me ... the story from the very beginning.
A) to tell B) tell
C) telling D) told

177. (v19/20-108-14) Choose the correct answer.

- I ... the hockey match for 2 hours.
A) have been watching
B) has watched
C) was watching
D) watch

178. (v19/20-109-7) Choose the correct answer.

- Don't you just love ... a couple of days off work?
A) to taking B) having taking
C) take D) taking

179. (v19/20-109-10) Choose the correct answer.

- This is something that is hard ... and ...
A) describing / expressing
B) described / expressed
C) to describe / express
D) to be described / expressing

180. (v19/20-109-16) Choose the correct answer.

- The cats ... when Mary entered the room.
A) had fed B) were being fed
C) have been fed D) fed

181. (v19/20-110-10) Choose the correct answer.

- I ... about last night's football match.
A) think B) was thinking
C) thought D) am thinking

182. (v19/20-111-4) Choose the correct answer.

- He had already learnt English before he ... for England.
A) left B) was leaving
C) has left D) had been leaving

183. (v19/20-112-9) Choose the correct answer.

- Don't forget ... the children after school.
A) meeting B) to meet
C) to be meeting D) to have met

184. (v19/20-112-13) Choose the right answer

- Let's go ... at the pool tomorrow
A) Swim B) Swimming
C) To swim D) will swim

185. (v19/20-112-18) Choose the correct answer.

- What a splendid summer we ... so far this year!
A) are having B) have
C) had D) have had

186. (v19/20-114-16) Choose the correct answer.

- Neither the education library nor the psychology library ... the books that the professor recommended.
A) has B) have had
C) have D) are having

187. (v19/20-116-2) Choose the correct answer.

- He wasted valuable time ... on the phone.
A) talking B) talk
C) talked D) to talk

188. (v19/20-116-3) Choose the correct answer.

- It is the responsibility of every applicant ... all the course prerequisites.
A) to meet B) meet
C) to meeting D) met

189. (v19/20-117-8) Choose the correct answer.

- Where did you get that money from? I don't remember ... it to you.
A) to give B) to have given
C) giving D) to be giving

190. (v19/20-117-12) Choose the correct answer.

- Were you ... when Susan called you last night?
A) slept B) asleep
C) been sleeping D) sleep

191. (v19/20-118-15) Choose the correct answer.

- It is no use ... a marketing officer all your problems. You should approach our manager.
A) to tell B) tell
C) telling D) to telling

97. Gap filling (mixed: nouns, verb, preposition, and conjunctions)

1. (98-6-64) Choose the right variant of the answer.

- ... a famous English writer, critic and dramatist was born in Dublin, Ireland.
A) George Bernard Shaw
B) diaries Dickens
C) Archibald Joseph Cronin
D) John Reed
E) Langston Hughes

2. (01-8-48) Choose the right word.

- I'll give you my opinion of the book ... I finish reading it.
A) since B) when C) so D) as E) until

3. (01-8-49) Choose the right word.

- I asked two people the way to the station but ... of them knew.
A) none B) either
C) both D) neither E) any

4. (02-1-9) Choose the best answer.

A professor recently came ... an unknown poem by Shakespeare while he was looking through an old book.

- A) up B) across
C) off D) round
E) with

5. (02-1-57) Choose the best answer.

I'll see you outside the cinema. Make sure you're ... I don't want to miss the beginning of the film.

- A) by time B) on time
C) before time D) at times
E) to time

6. (02-1-58) Choose the best answer.

I really need your help, so don't let me ... please.

- A) down B) in
C) off D) through
E) up

7. (02-1-70) Choose the best answer.

If you take that camera back to England with you, you'll have to pay Customs ...

- A) expenses B) tax
C) duty D) prices
E) fines

8. (02-2-8) Choose the best answer.

... must be a mistake in what you have written. Is ... anything interesting on TV today?

- A) There / it B) There / there
C) It / there D) It / it
E) One / it

9. (02-3-4) Choose the best answer.

He showed me ... a small room with a desk ... it.

- A) to / in B) to / at
C) in / with D) with / in
E) at / on

10. (02-3-48) Choose the best answer.

... to read about the customs of other countries.

- A) It is as interesting
B) That was extremely interesting
C) Is it very interesting
D) That many students like
E) It was an interesting

11. (02-3-65) Choose the best answer.

He wrote his answer ... ink.

- A) in B) with C) on D) of E) by

12. (02-3-66) Choose the best answer.

He couldn't call himself a friend of the Minister but he was at least acquainted ... him.

- A) with B) from C) on D) in E) to

13. (02-3-76) Choose the best answer.

He glories ... his past success.

- A) about B) in C) of D) on E) for

14. (02-4-9) Choose the best answer.

... until I went to university.

- A) I'd never learned Spanish
B) I'd never gone shopping
C) I wasn't sure of it
D) My dreams will come true
E) I was feeling sick

15. (02-4-22) Choose the best answer.

It ought ... long ago: at least before their leaving the town.

- A) to do B) to be doing
C) doing D) having done
E) to have been done

16. (02-10-1) Choose the best answer.

I travelled ... unknown men, ... lands ... the sea.

- A) between / of / at B) with / from / within
C) at / for / from D) among / in / beyond
E) by / with / within

17. (02-10-5) Choose the best answer.

Charles came forth ... that school ... social habits and with some talent ... lovely conversation.

- A) from / at / at B) near / from / from
C) from / with / for D) on / upon / in
E) about / with / to

18. (02-10-7) Choose the best answer.

I'm not interested in books ... literature ... all.

- A) in / in B) on / near
C) on / at D) by / with
E) about / for

19. (02-11-10) Choose the best answer.

Mrs Reed is really ... the day that she can retire and take up a new ...

- A) looking / thing
B) waiting / letter
C) hoping / business
D) looking forward to / hobby
E) counting on / affair

20. (02-11-48) Choose the best answer.

... his homework, he was allowed to watch TV

- A) By the time he finished
B) Though he finished
C) Only when did he finish
D) As soon as he finishes
E) While he was finishing

21. (02-11-66) Choose the best answer.

A long distance journey often ... travellers feeling stiff, because they ... in one position for several hours.

- A) makes / have been sitting
B) made / have set
C) is making / are sitting
D) make / had been sitting
E) will make / had set

22. (02-11-90) Choose the best answer.

Could you go to the store and buy ... milk? We don't have ... more.

- A) any / anything B) something / some
C) anything / any D) any / some
E) some / any

23. (02-12-41) Choose the best answer.

Look what you have done.

I wouldn't like to ... when Mum gets home.

- A) be at a loss B) pull your leg
C) make a fortune D) do you a favour
E) be in your shoes

24. (03-1-3) Choose the best answer.

If you need ..., you should know that I'm always ready to do ... for you.

- A) something / anything
B) anything / something
C) everything / something
D) anything / everything
E) something / everything

25. (03-2-24) Choose the best answer.

... you saw tonight was an ending.

- A) That B) Which C) As D) It E) What

26. (03-2-32) Choose the best answer.

... I turned to look at her, she seemed transfused.

- A) While B) When C) Since
D) As E) Only

27. (03-2-39) Choose the best answer.

... we received your telegram, we instructed our office to prepare the goods for shipment.

- A) When B) So C) That
D) How E) While

28. (03-2-51) Choose the best answer.

He went to the lecture early ... he got a good seat.

- A) as B) as if
C) because D) so that
E) though

29. (03-2-52) Choose the best answer.

... it was late, we decided not to go there.

- A) As B) As if
C) Because D) So
E) That

30. (03-3-7) Choose the best answer.

Eleanor was looking out of the window ... Sara. She ought to have been here ... now.

- A) for / with B) with / on
C) by / by D) for / by
E) next to / of

31. (03-3-9) Choose the best answer.

As I was waiting to meet him ... the first time, I could hear the voice of a hysterical woman coming ... the thin walls.

- A) for / of B) for / through
C) of / through D) at / by
E) after / to

32. (03-3-25) Choose the best answer.

... of large mammals once dominated the North American prairies: the American bison and the pronghorn antelope.

- A) There are two species
B) With two species
C) Two species are
D) Two species
E) Two species have been

33. (03-4-55) Choose the best answer.

Are there ... illustrations in that book? Yes, there are ...

- A) any / some B) any / any
C) some / some D) some / any
E) anything / something

34. (03-5-1) Choose the best answer.

And so ... if their manners weren't perfect.

- A) who B) which
C) what D) somewhat
E) that

35. (03-5-3) Choose the best answer.

He and ... workers liked her no matter who ... was.

- A) another / him B) the other / she
C) other / her D) the others / she
E) - / she

36. (03-5-24) Choose the best answer.

... you ... they ... your brother?

- A) Do / think / had kidnapped
B) Do / think / had been kidnapped
C) Do / think / would have kidnapped
D) Do / think / have kidnapped
E) Are / thinking / are kidnapped

37. (03-6-35) Choose the best answer.

... is ready to answer?

- A) Whom else B) Who still
C) Whom still D) Who else
E) Whose

38. (03-7-1) Choose the best answer.

... that they had done it yesterday.

- A) We think B) She supposes
C) Mother guesses D) My sister wishes
E) We hope

39. (03-8-2) Choose the best answer.

He exchanged his dollars ... Russian money and started ... Moscow.

- A) on / to B) for / for C) to / to
D) to / for E) for / to

40. (03-8-38) Choose the best answer.

- ... I went to bed early.
A) Before feeling tired B) On feeling tired
C) By feeling tired D) Feeling tired
E) Feel tired

41. (03-9-27) Choose the best answer.

- Mother: What a ... boy you are! If you were good, my hair wouldn't turn grey so early.
Son: Then why is granny's head so grey? You never did what you were told to, did you? ..., doesn't it?
A) good / Barking dogs never bite
B) smart / An apple a day keeps the doctor away
C) quick / No pains, no gains
D) clever / First think, then speak
E) naughty / History repeats itself

42. (03-9-61) Choose the best answer.

- In spite of the cold weather, he went ... without a coat.
A) in B) out
C) into D) of
E) through

43. (04-1-487) Choose the best answer.

- ... your son wasn't admitted to Uzbek National University.
A) I am very sorry B) I'm very glad
C) It's kind of him D) It is very nice
E) It is pleasant

44. (04-1-491) Choose the best answer.

- The dress was so beautiful that ...
A) I couldn't afford it
B) I bought it immediately
C) we couldn't buy it
D) my mother couldn't afford it
E) I wouldn't buy it

45. (04-1-556) Choose the right answer.

- The growing interest of people to preserve medicinal plants is quite understandable, as these plants are very useful for health. They should grow far from chemical factories as they cause trouble for plants. But some local authorities violate the law, and destroy the plants. According to the Constitution of Uzbekistan everyone must protect ...
A) chemical drugs
B) chemical medicine
C) environment
D) unlawful actions
E) the useless medicine

46. (v4-104-28) Choose the best answer.

- Are you ... me ... being late?
A) furious with ... from
B) angry with ... for
C) angry with ... of
D) annoyed with ... of
E) annoyed with at

47. (v4-116-4) Choose the best answer.

- ... here to see you.
A) anything is B) something is
C) anybody are D) somebody are
E) someone is

48. (v4-121-4) Choose the best answer.

- Are you going ... tomorrow?
A) anything B) nowhere
C) everywhere D) anywhere
E) some time

49. (v5-108-11) Choose the right word.

- Carpenters make things from ...

- A) plastic B) skin
C) metal D) leather
E) wood

50. (v5-127-11) Choose the right word.

- He ... beautifully: some of his work is being shown at a New York Gallery.
A) paints B) danced
C) paint D) dances
E) painter

51. (v5-136-1) Choose the best answer.

- I need a change. I think I'll go ... a few days.
A) for / on B) for / at
C) on / for D) to / for
E) away / for

52. (v5-136-11) Choose the best answer.

- Ann lost ... by hiking.
A) weight B) width
C) height D) length
E) key

53. (v5-140-12) Choose the best answer.

- Library is a place where one can check ... a book.
A) off B) in C) at D) out E) from

54. (v5-141-11) Choose the best answer.

- He took a shower ... getting dressed.
A) while B) during
C) before D) soon after
E) other

55. (v5-148-36) Acid rain is caused by ...

- A) acidic lake water
B) emissions of industrial enterprises
C) natural gas
D) industrial rubbish
E) the ozone layer depletion

56. (v5-153-24) Choose the best answer.

- A boxer gave his opponent so hard a blow that he was ... for ten minutes.
A) bad temper B) unconscious
C) conscious D) in good mood
E) hesitated

57. (v5-159-9) People today have much more opportunity ...

- A) of travel B) travels
C) to traveling D) to travel
E) to be traveled

58. (v5-160-1) Choose the right word.

- Sam was sitting ... two women.
A) between B) at
C) among D) in the middle
E) by

59. (v6-113-31) Read the text. Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each gap 31-32.

A university lecturer asked a student to help him paint his house. The student's friend told him: "You don't (31) ... to paint if you don't want to do it. He is your lecturer (32) ... university. Outside he has little authority." But the student replied: "Despite the fact that I don't feel like it, I will paint it. He is my lecturer and you can't ignore that outside university either."

- A) must B) come
C) have D) should

60. (v6-113-32)

- A) at B) of C) up D) on

61. (v6-148-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The TV program was ... , so I turned it off.
A) bored B) boring
C) excited D) exciting

62. (v6-154-22) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- It was ... but we somehow ... the difficulties.
A) problematic / became
B) heavy / began
C) easy / came
D) hard / overcame

63. (v6-154-31) Read the text. Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D) for each gap 31-32.

Back to School in New Orleans On November 28, Benjamin Franklin Elementary became the first public school in New Orleans to reopen since Hurricane Katrina. About 120 kids showed up for class last Monday. The number of students grew to 293 (31) ... Thursday. George Lee, 9, lives in New Orleans. He (32) ... two buses each morning to get to the school. "I'm glad to be back." he says.
A) by B) as C) at D) in

64. (v6-154-32)

- A) is taking B) takes
C) taken D) took

65. (v7-180-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29-30 in the text.

I used to drink like a fish and smoke like a (29) I gave up smoking 20 years ago and I would urge young people never to (30) It's such a stupid habit.

- A) cigarette B) bird
C) saint D) chimney

66. (v7-180-30)

- A) give it up B) give it back
C) take it up D) take it away

67. (v8-105-29) Read the text.**Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29-30 in the text.**

Beautiful, dark-haired Lily was abandoned in a Birmingham slum as a tiny child. At eighteen she (29) ... for a post as nanny with the family of Captain Fairford, a soldier in Ambala. Lily was drawn into the emotional life of the Fairford (30) ... and loved her charge, two year old Cosmo.

- A) to apply B) apply
C) applies D) applied

68. (v8-105-30)

- A) family B) garden
C) crowd D) pet

69. (v8-109-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

"Don't be upset about losing the dog. Jane said to her aunt. If you place an ... in the newspaper. I'm sure you'll get the dog back soon".

- A) opinion
B) announcement
C) affair
D) idea

70. (v8-115-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27-28 in the text.

Under the window of a pretty little cottage there (27) ... an old apple-tree. In the spring it had thousands of (28) ... pink blossoms on it, and in the autumn it had a lot of bright red apples.

- A) grew B) to grow
C) growing D) grown

71. (v8-115-28)

- A) serious B) famous
C) lively D) lovely

72. (v8-121-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–30 in the text.

Chairs go back to the time of the Pharaohs. Few people today (29) ... of the fact that for much of its history the chair was reserved for kings, lords and bishops. (30) ... people sat on backless chests, benches, or stools.

- A) were aware B) been aware
C) are aware D) aware

73. (v8-121-30)

- A) Ordinary B) Comfortable
C) Little D) Usual

74. (v8-122-29) Read the text. Then

choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–30 in the text. The Mona Lisa has left the Louvre art gallery four times. Once it was (29) ... by a painter who wanted to return it to Italy. The other three times it was on loan to (30) ... countries—the United States, Japan and Russia.

- A) stole B) stolen
C) steal D) stealing

75. (v8-122-30)

- A) ancient B) another
C) many D) other

76. (v8-128-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Boston is the capital of Massachusetts. It is also the largest city and the cultural (27) ... of New England. Many museums, concert halls, and theatres (28) ... cultural entertainment. These range from the Museum of Fine Arts to the Boston Symphony Orchestra.

- A) area B) centre C) town D) place

77. (v8-128-28)

- A) provided B) provides
C) provide D) providing

78. (v8-129-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–30 in the text.

In Britain, children write their letters to Father Christmas and (29) ... throw them into the fireplace so they will float up the chimney and fly to the North Pole. If the letters (30) ... fire first, they have to rewrite them.

- A) then B) suddenly
C) soon D) already

79. (v8-129-30)

- A) will catch B) would catch
C) catch D) catching

80. (v9-106-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26–28 in the text.

"I didn't kill her, I tell you" said Banwell. "I can prove it". "How can you prove it, George?" (26) ... McClellan. "Nobody killed Elizabeth Riverford," said Banwell. "What?" said the mayor. "She's still alive? (27) ... is she?" "There's no Elizabeth Riverford," said Banwell. "And (28) ... was," added little more Banwell nodded.

- A) asking B) asks C) asked D) ask

81. (v9-106-27)

- A) What for B) What
C) Where to D) Where

82. (v9-106-28)

- A) never B) however
C) nobody D) not

83. (v9-111-22) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

It was in the ninth of November, as he often remembered (22) ... He was walking home at about eleven o'clock from Lord Henry's, where he had been (23) ... as the night was cold and foggy.

- A) seldom B) soon
C) afterwards D) against

84. (v9-111-23)

- A) dined B) dining
C) dine D) dinner

85. (v9-112-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26–28 in the text.

In many European countries, the process (26) ... buying a mobile phone is straightforward: you choose the phone and the provider you want, you are then (27) ... a number. Italy is one (28) ... , where you will need your national ID card and your tax code.

- A) from B) of C) about D) by

86. (v9-112-27)

- A) gave B) give
C) given D) giving

87. (v9-112-28)

- A) exception B) contradiction
C) solution D) prediction

88. (v9-117-22) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 22–23 in the text.

Australian TV soap operas are (22) ... around the world. One of the most popular is Home and Away, (23) ... in Sydney by the Seven Network.

- A) happy B) famous
C) educative D) interesting

89. (v9-117-23)

- A) to produce B) is producing
C) are produced D) produced

90. (v9-124-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26–28 in the text.

The shortest world leader on record was Benito Juarez, five times president of Mexico (26) ... 1867 and 1872, at 137 centimeters. Engelbert Dollfuss, Austrian chancellor from 1932–34, (27) ... about 150 centimeters in his socks. David Ben-Gurion, first prime minister of Israel, was 153 cm, as was Deng Xiaoping, the (28) ... of China throughout the 1980s.

- A) between B) before
C) alter D) about

91. (v9-124-27)

- A) stand B) stood
C) standing D) stands

92. (v9-124-28)

- A) conductor B) character
C) leader D) leader

93. (v9-125-26) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 26–28 in the text.

How can anyone prefer cats to dogs? Dogs are trustworthy, active and above all, they love (26) ... obey their master. Are you sure you really love dogs? Or, maybe you simply like (27) ... their master? Unlike dogs, cats are (28) ... creatures. To get their love you have to deserve it.

- A) if B) but C) when D) and

94. (v9-125-27)

- A) be B) are
C) been D) being

95. (v9-125-28)

- A) individualistic B) independent
C) manmade D) single

96. (v12z-101-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

His pale appearance made a bad ... on everybody.

- A) impression B) impressive
C) to impress D) impressed

97. (v12z-102-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

The first commercial television broadcast was made on April 20, 1939 (29) ... Radio corporation of America. Since 1939, it (30) ... one of the most important facts of modern life. Television is very much a part of the modern world. Its (31) ... are felt all over the world.

- A) with B) by C) to D) for

98. (v12z-102-30)

- A) has become B) is becoming
C) became D) had become

99. (v12z-102-31)

- A) invention B) pictures
C) effects D) influence

100. (v12z-106-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Hunting with birds is a very old sport. In some countries the golden eagle is used (29) ... hunting. After training, the eagle (30) ... to a field. The eagle sits on the arm of the hunter. The hunter's arm is covered with a long, special (31) ... to protect it from the sharp claws of the bird.

- A) for B) by C) in D) at

101. (v12z-106-30)

- A) is taken B) has taken
C) takes D) is being taken

102. (v12z-106-31)

- A) scarf B) clothes
C) suit D) glove

103. (v12z-111-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

There are two kinds of whales. One kind has a big mouth with teeth. It can eat other large animals (29) ... the sea. This kind (30) ... a killer whale. The other kind of whale is much larger, but it has no teeth and has a very small (31) They cannot swallow anything larger than an apple.

- A) on B) by C) off D) of

104. (v12z-111-30)

- A) is called B) is calling
C) called D) calls

105. (v12z-111-31)

- A) body B) tail
C) eye D) throat

106. (v12z-119-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Sequoias, or redwood trees, grow (29) ... the western United States, Sequoias are some of the oldest (30) ... things on earth. They are also among the biggest. They often (31) ... more than 30 meters high

- A) in B) by C) from D) at

107. (v12z-119-30)

- A) lived B) to live
C) living D) live

108. (v12z-119-31)

- A) have B) take
C) grow D) show

109. (v12z-122-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Many countries suffer from the ... of fresh water.

- A) shortly B) shorten
C) short D) shortage

110. (v12z-128-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

In 1949 Clarence Birdseye found a better (29) ... to freeze food quickly. It was technology (30) ... people to live and eat better. It was now possible to have fresh fruit and vegetables (31) ... any season of the year.
A) way B) road C) style D) path

111. (v12z-128-30)

- A) help B) will help
C) helping D) helped

112. (v12z-128-31)

- A) from B) at
C) in D) on

113. (v12c-103-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

A pelican is a bird with a very large bill, or beak. He uses his beak to pick (29) ... a lot of fish. He can't eat all the fish at one time. He must hold them in his beak until his (30) ... is ready. It is his habit (31) ... this way.
A) out B) up C) by D) with

114. (v12c-103-30)

- A) stomach B) appetite
C) wing D) body

115. (v12c-103-31)

- A) ate B) eating
C) to eat D) eat

116. (v12c-105-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Early men did not have clocks. They told time (29) ... the sun and shadows of the trees. At first, they used sticks (30) ... in the ground instead of trees. They made (31) ... on the ground, and the shadows from the sticks told the time of the day.
A) in B) on C) from D) by

117. (v12c-105-30)

- A) found B) indicated
C) taken D) placed

118. (v12c-105-31)

- A) marks B) places
C) clocks D) figures

119. (v12c-119-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Luise showed great ... with me when I was ill and irritable.

- A) patient B) impatiently
C) patience D) patiently

120. (v12c-124-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It was possible that he would come to London one day. So I gave him my address. I gave him my address in case ...

- A) he was coming B) he comes
C) he would come D) he came

121. (v12c-126-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When Bill and Jane retire, they are planning to spend all their ... on a Mediterranean holiday.

- A) safety B) savings
C) save D) safe

122. (v12c-130-24) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

No single alphabet has ever ... represented the sounds of Earth's natural languages.

- A) perfect B) perfecting
C) perfection D) perfectly

123. (v12c-140-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This list of names appears ... , so no more names need to be added.

- A) completely B) complete
C) completely D) completion

124. (v12c-142-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

When the child saw a snake on the garden path, he staved ... afraid even to take a breath.

- A) motionly B) motionless
C) motions D) motioned

125. (v12c-145-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The giant panda closely resembles the bear, but accounting certain anatomical features it is ... in the raccoon family.

- A) placed B) placing
C) place D) places

126. (v12c-151-9) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Most actors don't like being recognized everywhere. They find ... extremely boring, but unavoidable part of their life.

- A) fame B) famously
C) famed D) famous

127. (v12c-153-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

In the 1920s flyers were trying to set new records. Many prizes were offered (29) ... flying. A prize of \$ 25,000 was offered for someone (30) ... across the Atlantic Ocean alone. But small planes could not hold (31) ... gasoline for the long trip.
A) before B) for C) from D) to

128. (v12c-153-30)

- A) flew B) has flown
C) flying D) to fly

129. (v12c-153-31)

- A) many B) some C) enough D) any

130. (v12c-156-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The ease of solving a jigsaw puzzle depends on the number of pieces, their ... and shadings, and the design of the picture.

- A) shapely B) shaped
C) shapes D) shapeless

131. (v12c-156-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We could tell from the ... on his face that he was very angry.

- A) expressible B) express
C) expressive D) expression

132. (v12c-158-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I like a museum with a ... of objects – pictures, sculptures, furniture and other things.

- A) mixer B) mixed
C) mixture D) to mix

133. (v12c-158-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The Louver, the national art museum of France until 1682 was a ... of the kings of France.

- A) residential B) resident
C) residence D) reside

134. (v13-101-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

German chess master and author Emanuel Lasker was known for his (29) ... to adapt his playing style to take advantage of his opponents' psychological state. A world champion of chess (30) ... 1894 to 1921, Lasker's books on chess (31) ... significantly to the development strategy in the game.

- A) access B) ability
C) apology D) accent

135. (v13-101-30)

- A) after B) since
C) from D) before

136. (v13-101-31)

- A) contributing B) contribute
C) contribution D) contributed

137. (v13-102-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

European butterflies could face dramatic extinction if global temperatures continue to rise, a new study says. If the colorful insects try to migrate north to cooler climates, habitat destruction, such as deforestation, and large bodies of water might stop them.

"The problem for the butterflies is that the steps they have to take could be rather big ones", explained Josef Settele, the study's lead author and an ecologist at the Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research in Germany.

"They might have to travel for 30 to 40 kilometers in one generation, and that distance becomes big", he added. If small numbers of a butterfly species do survive a northern migration, they still may not thrive. The insects may not be able to reproduce in sufficient numbers or their new habitat could degrade.

According to the study the global warming may ...

- A) lead to insects migrating from the north.
B) force butterflies migrate to Germany from cooler places.
C) lead to butterflies having to migrate longer distance.
D) create large forests in the north.

138. (v13-102-33) One of the two dangers that butterflies may face after migration is ...

- A) the need to take bigger steps.
B) the presence of too much water.
C) an inability to reproduce.
D) an increase in temperatures.

139. (v13-103-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Many English words that existed in the Middle Ages died out for several centuries (29) ... revived by Sir Walter Scott. To add some local to his historical (30) ... he used a lot of archaic words.

Everyone read Sir Walter Scott. Because he (31) ... so many readers, many of the words that he revived stuck in the language.

- A) under B) beyond
C) until D) because

140. (v13-103-30)

- A) novels B) travels
C) films D) pictures

141. (v13-103-31)

- A) have had B) had
C) has had D) have

142. (v13-106-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Earth is largely made up of oceans. Animals and some plants flourish in this (27) ... world. Most sea life (28) ... in shallow water and around coral reefs.

- A) fresh B) salty C) warm D) clear

143. (v13-106-28)

- A) finds B) will find
C) has found D) is found

144. (v13-108-16) Choose the answer

which correctly completes the sentence. The football game was very ... because both teams played well.

- A) excitement B) exciting
C) excite D) excited

145. (v13-110-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

A forest is a thickly wooded area. Forests have a wide (29) ... of plants and animals living among the trees. Forests that like cooler climates (30) ... largely in the northern hemisphere, far north of the equator. Forest floors are shady places and it can be hard (31) ... plants to grow.

- A) variable B) vary
C) variety D) various

146. (v13-110-30)

- A) found B) find
C) were found D) are found

147. (v13-110-31)

- A) for B) by C) from D) of

148. (v13-111-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

The hot lamp loses energy to the surrounding air – this is carried (29) ... by a convection current. The light and infra-red radiation are absorbed by the walls and other (30) ..., causing them to warm up. All the energy from the lamp (31) ... into the room, causing a very small temperature rise. Almost all the energy that we take from sources such as electricity, gas, coal and petrol ends up as heat in our surroundings.

- A) in B) away C) with D) about

149. (v13-111-30)

- A) surface B) surface
C) surfaces D) surfaces

150. (v13-111-31)

- A) spread out B) to spread out
C) spreads out D) are spread out

151. (v13-112-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Superstitions are (27) ... that some things can't be explained by reason and that there

are certain objects or actions that bring good or bad luck. (28) ... superstitions are old and people usually have no idea where they came from.

- A) believer B) beliefs
C) believe D) believes

152. (v13-112-28)

- A) Much B) Most
C) The most D) None

153. (v13-113-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

The term "organic" can only be used to describe food grown in situations (27) ... no artificial chemicals have been used. Anyone using fertilizer (28) ... chemicals to make tomatoes grow bigger, for example, is certainly not growing them organically.

- A) how B) that C) which D) where

154. (v13-113-28)

- A) contains B) contain
C) to contain D) containing

155. (v13-119-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I like this ... jacket very much.

- A) big woolen red B) red big woolen
C) big red woolen D) woolen big red

156. (v13-121-17) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She was lucky enough to get tickets for the first ... of the hit musical "Cats".

- A) performed B) to perform
C) performance D) perform

157. (v13-122-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

The ancient Inca city is on the plateau on a high (29) ... It is quite a good state of preservation because the Spanish conquistadores never (30) ... it in the 16th century! It was deserted, and stayed hidden in the jungle (31) ... centuries. In 1911, an American archeologist found it by chance.

- A) river B) mountain
C) continent D) field

158. (v13-122-30)

- A) found B) finding
C) finds D) find

159. (v13-122-31)

- A) since B) during
C) in D) for

160. (v13-123-20) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Now when he's back to his home town it feels ... to be working in his old school.

- A) strange B) strangely
C) strangeness D) stranger

161. (v13-124-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

I live in an attractive ... part of Madrid.

- A) residence B) resident
C) residential D) reside

162. (v13-127-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The class got ... when the professor entered.

- A) quietly B) quietness
C) quieting D) quiet

163. (v13-132-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

This newspaper has a long ... of attacking corruption and mismanagement.

- A) tradition B) traditional
C) traditionalism D) traditionally

164. (v13-132-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. The hurricane hit the south coast yesterday, and many people lost their homes in the ... areas.

- A) affected B) affection
C) affecting D) affect

165. (v13-134-5) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

People often think that there is a connection between hair color and eye color but in fact there is no ... between them.

- A) relationship B) relativity
C) relative D) relatively

166. (v13-139-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Eric's courageous rescue of the drowning child was a ... deed.

- A) creditable B) credence
C) crediting D) credibly

167. (v13-143-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Captain Cook, a British (29) ..., was the first European to reach Australia's east coast. While his ship was lying off Australia, his sailors brought a strange animal (30) ... board. Cook wanted to know the name of this unusual creature, so he sent his men ashore to ask the native inhabitants. When the natives were asked in impromptu sign language to name the animal, they said, "Kangaroo". Years later, the truth (31) ... "Kangaroo" means "What did you say?" But today the animal is still called a kangaroo in English.

- A) navigator B) navigate
C) navigation D) navigable

168. (v13-143-30)

- A) behind B) over
C) in D) on

169. (v13-143-31)

- A) was discovered B) were discovered
C) had discovered D) discovered

170. (v13-145-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Having calculated the ... of time for the first voyages to the Moon, Kepler wrote that passengers would have to be drugged.

- A) length B) long
C) longer D) longest

171. (v13-154-23) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The sky grew ... as the storm approached.

- A) darkness B) darken
C) darkly D) dark

172. (v14-105-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Thomas Edison, the inventor of the electric light (27) ..., said –that his best ideas came to him in dreams. So (28) ... the great physicist Albert Einstein.

- A) fire B) candle C) baloon D) bulb

173. (v14-105-28)

- A) has B) does C) did D) said

174. (v14-107-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

Mary Queen of Scots, had the strongest claim to the throne of England after the children of Henry VIII through her grandmother Margaret Tudor. This claim made Mary a threat to Elizabeth I of England, who ... (27) had her executed. However, Mary's son, James VI of Scotland, succeeded Elizabeth to the English throne as James I. Mary's reported beauty and charm and her undoubted courage ... (28) her a particularly romantic figure in history. She is the subject of Schiller's great drama Maria Stuart, of an opera by Donizetti.

- A) finally B) frankly
C) similarly D) interestingly

175. (v14-107-28)

- A) made B) have made
C) was made D) will be made

176. (v14-108-15) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Garcia Lopez de Cardenas ... discovered the Grand Canyon while he was looking for the legendary Lost City of Gold.

- A) accidental B) accidentally
C) accident D) accident

177. (v14-112-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I live in a beautiful ... part of Madrid.

- A) resident B) residence
C) reside D) residential

178. (v14-113-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 34-36.

Most people are unaware of the fact that a new ailment has developed among subway users. Called "subway syndrome", it causes people to turn pale and cold and even to faint. Commuters misdiagnose the symptoms - acute chest pains and nausea-and rush to hospital emergency rooms in the belief that they are about to succumb to a heart attack. Hearing that their heart attack is only a case of nerves makes them feel better.

What makes people get sick on subways? Various and sundry things. One is that they rush off to work in the morning without having eaten a proper breakfast. Sudden dizziness attacks them. A second cause is the overcrowding and ensuing feeling of claustrophobia, which brings on stress and anxiety. In addition, they are so afraid of mechanical failure, fire, and / or crime that they show signs of panic - men by having chest pains and women by becoming hysterical. Contributing especially to their stress are other factors: overcrowding of both men and women, continual increase in the numbers of passengers, and people's inability to avoid interacting with strangers. Presumably the word commuter refers to ...

- A) a vehicle B) dizziness
C) a person D) subway

179. (v14-113-35) Why do subway riders think they might be having a heart attack?

- A) They don't eat breakfast
B) They are overcrowded
C) They suffer from chest pains
D) They are afraid

180. (v14-113-36) According to the passage, if you don't have a good breakfast, you might get ...

- A) dizzy B) cold C) pale D) afraid

181. (v14-114-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Most people found it difficult to make a ... as a musician and gained further skills.

- A) living B) a live C) live D) life

182. (v14-117-7) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. I live in a beautiful ... part of Madrid.

- A) resident B) reside
C) residential D) residence

183. (v15-111-11) Choose the best answer. Did you know that the pattern of every single tiny ... is different?

- A) snowflake B) snowstorm
C) snowcap D) snowball

184. (v15-111-23) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

The 16th century, was an age of great marine and terrestrial exploration. On September 20, 1519, Ferdinand Magellan led the first expedition to sail around the world. He set sail from Spain with five ships. More than a year later, one of these ships explored the topography of South America in search of a water route across the continent. This ship sank, but the remaining four ships searched along the southern peninsula of South America. Finally, they found the passage they sought near 50 degrees S latitude. Magellan named this passage the Strait of All Saints, but today it is known as the Strait of Magellan. After some time, Magellan became involved in an insular conflict in the Philippines and was killed in a tribal battle. Only one ship and 17 sailors under the command of the Basque navigator Elcano survived to complete the westward journey to Spain and thus prove once and for all that the world is round, with no precipice at the edge.

The 16th century was an age of great ... exploration.

- A) mental and physical
B) cosmic and mundane
C) land and sea
D) secular and celestial

185. (v15-111-24) Why Magellan arranged to explore natural physical features of the area of South America?

- A) He wanted to find the place the Strait of All Saints;
B) He was ordered to look for the passage 50 degrees S latitude.
C) He had a desire to discover the Strait of Magellan.
D) He wished to investigate waterway in this area.

186. (v15-111-25) Where is located the place which was searched for by Magellan?

- A) In the westward of Spain
B) In South America
C) In Basque
D) In the Philippines

187. (v15-111-26) What was the inference of the expedition after an arduous travel?

- A) They determined the physical location of South America.
B) They discovered the Strait of Magellan.
C) They confirmed that there is no brink of the Earth.
D) They found a southward peninsula in South America.

188. (v15-117-3) Choose the best answer. That's enough!!! Don't discuss my order. It is ...

- A) out of date B) out of question
C) out of doors D) out of order

189. (v15-131-9) Choose the best answer. I love the sight of ... on rose petals after a shower.

- A) rainbow B) raindrops
C) rainstorm D) rainfall

190. (v16-101-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. Any changes made to the schedule will be logged ... a computer.

- A) on B) in C) at D) by

191. (v16-104-2) Choose the best answer.

Teachers prohibit students to talk during the lesson ... they should have difficulty in comprehending everything clearly.

- A) though B) lest
C) despite D) yet

192. (v16-106-5) Choose the correct answer

According to Ann's ... the concert starts at 6 o'clock.

- A) information B) knowledge
C) advice D) opinion

193. (v16-107-7) Choose the correct answer

Children will remain the same. The parents protested ... the separation.

- A) about B) over
C) against D) of

194. (v16-108-20) Choose the best answer.

We usually visit our grandparents in the country once ...

- A) the other night B) at night
C) a fortnight D) tonight

195. (v16-112-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The interviewer asked ... the question.

- A) 12 times his answering
B) that he answer 12 times
C) him 12 times to answer
D) for him answering 12 times

196. (v16-116-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- I say Mr. Smith, is it possible to send our specialists to your country ... they could get some trailing at your plants?

- A) unless B) so that
C) though D) until

197. (v16-121-5) Choose the right answer.

She ... drive ... car now. She is very alarmed.

- A) has to / at B) mustn't / with
C) mustn't / a D) can't / at

198. (v16-130-2) Choose the right answer.

... the great variety of forms of worship, only a minority of people regularly go to church in Britain today.

- A) Unless B) In spite of
C) As long as D) Because of

199. (v17-102-17) Choose the correct answer.

You should read the instruction ... before using this microwave.

- A) broadcast B) manual
C) brochure D) bulletin

200. (v17-103-22) Choose the correct answer.

The woman felt ... with hunger.

- A) faint B) fainted
C) fainting D) faintly

201. (v17-104-3) Choose the correct answer.

You can speak louder. Our baby is wide...

- A) awoke B) woken
C) waking D) awake

202. (v17-105-3) Choose the correct answer.

I asked her to marry me, but she ...

- A) refused B) denied
C) rejected D) accepted

203. (v17-106-19) Choose the correct answer.

Freddy is claiming ... for the injuries caused.

- A) damage B) damages
C) a damage D) damaged

204. (v17-107-8) Choose the correct answer.

The photograph shows both ... of the nebula to be stellar.

- A) nuclears B) nuclei
C) nucleus D) nucleuses

205. (v17-108-7) Choose the correct answer.

... big city Moscow is!

- A) How B) What
C) What a D) How a

206. (v17-109-2) Choose the correct answer.

We were fortunate enough to visit Mtskheta. It has ...

- A) beautiful scenery that is much
B) many beautiful landscapes
C) much beautiful sceneries
D) many beautiful scenery

207. (v17-127-8) Choose the correct answer.

Nancy will believe anything. She is so ...

- A) garrulous B) gullible
C) credible D) believable

208. (v17-127-22) Choose the correct answer.

When will their new advertising ... begin?

- A) forecast B) broadcast
C) edition D) campaign

209. (v18-480) I always admire his ... to stay calm in difficult situations.

- A) competence B) ability
C) talent D) skill

210. (v18-481) A bad beginning ... a bad ending.

- A) does B) makes
C) creates D) produces

211. (v18-482) Britain's most ... leisure activities are home-based or social.

- A) common B) cultural
C) useful D) average

212. (v18-483) Nowadays a lot of young people want to become famous ...

- A) businessman B) businessmen
C) businessmans D) businessmens

213. (v18-484) There's a lot of rubbish in the garden I need to get ... of.

- A) lost B) rid C) cleared D) taken

214. (v18-485) I'm afraid it's time we ...

- A) leave B) must leave
C) are leaving D) left

215. (v18-486) They ... our salaries by 5%.

- A) rose B) made up
C) raised D) lifted

216. (v18-487) I was exhausted because I ... since 6 o'clock that day.

- A) worked B) have worked
C) had been working D) working

217. (v18-488) There is always a lot of ... to be done in the garden.

- A) position B) work
C) post D) job

218. (v18-489) Honey is made from the nectar which is gathered from ... flowers by bees.

- A) various B) diverse
C) different D) another

219. (v18-490) There were moments when he looked on evil simply as a mode through which he could realize his ... of the beautiful.

- A) idea B) notion
C) conception D) thought

220. (v18-491) No pains, no ...

- A) gains B) acquisitions
C) earnings D) receipt

221. (v18-492) I don't like it here - it's ... boring.

- A) seems B) kind of
C) because D) so

222. (v18-493) ... of these books is the best?

- A) What B) Which
C) Whom D) Who

223. (v18-494) ... you can afford a new car? I thought you didn't have any money.

- A) How come B) Actually
C) So D) I mean

224. (v18-495) Jane didn't make ... the first time she met her boyfriend's parents

- A) a good impression
B) her best
C) them a favour
D) the best one

225. (v18-496) Tell me at once ... Mary arrives.

- A) that B) if C) when D) in case

226. (v18-497) I can't remember when we left home. I think it was ... nine and half-past.

- A) between B) during
C) - D) until

227. (v18-498) I always have breakfast ... I leave for work.

- A) from B) before
C) through D) when

228. (v18-499) ... the children left, the house got very quiet.

- A) When B) After
C) During D) Through

229. (v18-500) He was in Moscow ... mid 1990 to mid 1994.

- A) - B) during
C) between D) from

230. (v18-501) Choose the best answer.
The annual ... in London is 610 mm.

- A) hailstorm B) rainfall
C) storm D) snowball

231. (v18-502) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (502-503).

Disney World was constructed a decade ago on 27,400 acres of partially swamp land in central Florida. Eight thousands of these acres constitute a wildlife sanctuary not accessible to the 130 million people from around the world who have been to Disney World since its opening. The park opens at 9 A.M. and shuts down at various hours, depending upon the time of year - six, nine, or midnight. On a busy day as many as 90,000 visitors may be in the park, but there are so many activities available that there is plenty of room for everybody. The Magic Kingdom is the main section, but there are hotels, restaurants, a lagoon, and a huge lake with four and a half miles of beaches where visitors swim or paddle around in rented boats. A reasonable estimate of the cost per person daily is about \$60, excluding transportation costs to Orlando.

Disney World's ... acres of swam land are easy to reach for all visitors.

- A) 29.400 B) 27.400
C) 19.400 D) 22.400

232. (v18-503) What is the length of the beaches of the Magic Kingdom?

- A) 4,5 miles B) 45 miles
C) 04,5 miles D) 0,45 miles

233. (v19/20-102-5) Choose the correct answer.

... that I have lost his address.

- A) Is the trouble
B) The trouble is
C) What is the trouble
D) The trouble was

234. (v19/20-109-4) Choose the correct answer.

... it would still not excuse their actions.

- A) Were it all true
B) It were all true
C) Had it all true
D) It was all true

235. (v19/20-111-7) Choose the correct answer.

In many countries ... join a party, you need the support of your local party branch.

- A) due to B) in order to
C) owing to D) so that

98. Gap filling (choose the right part of speech to fill the gap)

1. (97-10-9) Choose the appropriate synonym.

Small children sometimes fear the dark.

- A) are afraid of B) are terrible
C) are angry D) are in love
E) are fond

2. (99-2-20) Choose the appropriate form of the adjective.

The ... you start, the ... you'll finish.

- A) soon / more quickly
B) sooner / more quickly
C) sooner / quickly
D) soon / quickly
E) more sooner / more quickly

3. (99-2-41) Choose the word which must be changed.

It is difficult to get used to sleep in a tent after having a soft comfortable bed to lie on.

- A) difficult B) to sleep
C) after having D) soft
E) to lie

4. (01-1-58) Choose the appropriate word for the blank.

- Father looked at his son in ...
A) astonishing B) astonished
C) astonish D) astonishes
E) astonishment

5. (02-1-10) Choose the best answer.

- The children were ... by the television programme.
A) fascination B) fascinating
C) fascinate D) fascinated
E) fascinations

6. (03-5-5) Choose the synonym to the underlined word.

She answered quietly, deeply touched by the boy's sentiments.

- A) feelings B) sensors
C) sensuality D) sentences
E) series

7. (v5-140-11) Choose the right word.

- Her daughter is ... enough to be a model.
A) beautifully B) beautifullest
C) beauty D) beautify
E) beautiful

8. (v7-142-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29-30 in the text.

Panama is a country in Central America. It is (29) ... between the Caribbean and the Pacific Ocean. The capital Panama City was (30) ... on its present site in 1673. Its population is about 500,000.

- A) situated B) situation
C) situate D) situating

9. (v7-142-30)

- A) defened B) decided
C) founded D) followed

10. (v7-189-25) Ann Bancroft and Liv

Arnesen are trying to be the first women to cross the Arctic Ocean. The ... will ski, swim and sail across the Arctic Ocean.

- A) explorers B) exploration
C) explorer D) explore

11. (v8-101-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Carrie reached Dearborn Street. Here was the Great Fair Store with its ... of shoppers. She thought she would drop in and have a look at the jackets.

- A) crowds
B) crowdingly
C) crowded
D) crowding

12. (v8-112-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

In the history of American ... no subject has been more popular than the Civil War. No work about the Civil war has attained the place of "Gone with the Wind" by M. Mitchell.

- A) entertainment B) entertained
C) entertain D) entertaining

13. (v8-113-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

It is 40 degrees in the shade. The ... is unbearable and it is just the beginning of the summer.

- A) heating B) heated
C) hot D) heat

14. (v8-118-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

You are very ... I'm sure the boss thinks very highly of you

- A) responsible B) responsibly
C) responsibility D) response

15. (v8-119-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Just now the shops are full of goods. There are advertisements everywhere offering magnificent bargains, and people are queuing up in advance, just so that they can be first into the shop when the ... starts. I'd rather stay at home and enjoy what I have got.

- A) sale B) salesmen
C) sell D) sold

16. (v9-107-7) Choose the right answer.

Jane had financial problems at the end of the year. Finally she had to hand the ... over to the new owners.

- A) farmed B) to farm
C) farm D) farmer

17. (v9-108-11) Choose the right answer.

I don't understand why Maria just got up and walked out. Did she offer any ... for her strange behaviour?

- A) explain
B) explanatory
C) explained D) explanation

18. (v9-109-2) Choose the right answer.

I can say without any ... that she is the best student I've ever had.

- A) hesitate B) hesitation
C) hesitatingly D) hesitated

19. (v9-113-5) Choose the right answer.

We could hear loud ... coming from the flat downstairs.

- A) laughing B) laughable
C) laughter D) laugh

20. (v9-114-8) Choose the right answer.

Many species of animals have now disappeared from the ... of the earth.

- A) faced B) face
C) to face D) faces

21. (v9-115-15) Choose the right answer.

I wear jeans to school. They are ..., and they always look good.

- A) comfort B) comfortably
C) comforting D) comfortable

22. (v9-120-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 24-25 in the text. One of the common problems children face is dog bites. To avoid being (24) ..., children should not tease dogs. When attacked by an (25) ... animal, they should stand still and then back away slowly until the dog is out of sight.

- A) biting B) bite C) to bite D) bitten

23. (v9-120-25)

- A) impossible B) another
C) instant D) aggressive

24. (v9-123-17) Choose the right answer.

Nowadays most British children (over 80 per cent) go to comprehensive schools which take pupils of all ... without any exams.

- A) able B) ability
C) able to D) abilities

25. (v9-123-19) Choose the correct answer.

Enid Blyton offered her young readers ... worlds, which were very different from real life.

- A) imagine B) image
C) imaginary D) imagination

26. (v9-124-5) Choose the right answer.

You should take long walks in the park. It won't do you any ... to spend more time outdoors.

- A) harms B) harmless
C) harm D) harmful

27. (v10-102-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She looked good in jeans and a black sweater and her hair was ... washed after her gym class.

- A) fresh B) freshly
C) fresher D) freshen

28. (v10-102-18) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

She went through a long period of ... when she lost her job.

- A) depressing B) depressive
C) depression D) depressed

29. (v10-103-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

The plov prepared for Navruz holiday was ... and the team of builders enjoyed it very much.

- A) wonders B) wonderful
C) wonder D) wonderfully

30. (v10-109-3) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ice at the North and South Poles is melting. Air temperatures are changing. These changes show that the world is getting warmer due to a ... called global warming.

- A) processed B) process
C) processes D) processing

31. (v10-112-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We all know that it's an English ... to celebrate the Queen's birthday.

- A) custom B) customer
C) customs D) customary

32. (v10-115-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

London is the capital city and main ... centre of the United Kingdom.

- A) industrious B) industrialize
C) industrial D) industry

33. (v10-116-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Ann Bancroft and Liv Arnesen are trying to be the first women to cross the Arctic Ocean. The ... will ski, swim and sail across the Arctic Ocean.

- A) exploration B) explorers
C) explore D) explorer

34. (v10-118-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Last night Joe was arrested on suspicion of robbery. The police had no ... that he had committed the crime and soon he was set free.

- A) proved B) provable
C) proof D) prove

35. (v10-120-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

We apologise for the late ... It's all because of the traffic jams.

- A) arriving B) arrive
C) arrival D) arrived

36. (v10-122-13) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Dear guests, it gives me great ... to introduce our next speaker.

- A) pleasing B) pleased
C) pleasant D) pleasure

37. (v10-123-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Our company have spent a lot of money on the ... and they expect it to increase sales considerably.

- A) advertise B) advertised
C) advertisement D) to advertise

38. (v10-127-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
It's no exaggeration to say that the world has become a global village, as modern methods of ... have made the world much smaller.

- A) communicated B) communicate
C) communication D) communicable

39. (v10-129-4) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Jane had financial problems at the end of the year. Finally she had to hand the ... over to the new owners.

- A) farmed B) to farm
C) farm D) farmer

40. (v10-130-1) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
In 1955, a team of American ... made the first artificial diamonds. They used a special press to squeeze carbon under great heat and pressure.

- A) scientists B) science
C) scientist D) scientific

41. (v10-130-12) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
A board of directors of the company adopted a ... calling for Mr. Smith to resign.

- A) resolvable B) resolute
C) resolution D) resolve

42. (v11-137-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I have never come across this ... It is not widely used in the conversational language, is it?

- A) to express B) expression
C) express D) expressive

43. (v11-146-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Everything was quiet. She half-closed her eyes against the midday ..., then she moved slowly across the grass towards the house.

- A) sunny B) sunset
C) suns D) sun

44. (v11-147-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Apart from being a business and ... centre, London is known as the United Kingdom's political heart.

- A) tour B) tournament
C) touristy D) tourist

45. (v12z-121-26) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
After the Columbia shuttle disaster in 2003, NASA ... recommended a maimed-repair mission to the Hubble Space Telescope should be cancelled.

- A) specialty B) specialists
C) special D) specialized

46. (v12z-130-11) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The cobra is a snake which can grow from 1 meter to over 4 meters. Its poison is ... enough to kill humans.

- A) powered B) powerfully
C) powerful D) power

47. (v12c-113-6) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Uzbekistan is rich in mineral resources that include ... gas, petroleum, coal, gold, silver, uranium, copper, lead, zinc, molybdenum, and tungsten.

- A) naturally B) naturalist
C) natural D) nature

48. (v12c-128-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
He has a very wide ... of modern English literature.

- A) known B) knew
C) know D) knowledge

49. (v12c-137-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I asked him to call me as soon as he could. Alex smiled ... and nodded.

- A) sweeten B) sweet
C) sweetly D) sweeter

50. (v12c-138-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
People usually can get a ... amount of the calcium their bodies need from the food they consume.

- A) suffice B) sufficiently
C) sufficiency D) sufficient

51. (v12c-154-16) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
The girl my brother lover has dark shoulder - ... hair. She is a real beauty.

- A) length B) lengthen
C) longer D) long

52. (v13-128-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
Christopher Columbus greatly promoted the ... of American lands.

- A) exploratory B) exploration
C) explorer D) explore

53. (v13-129-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27-28 in the text. Most whales are huge (27) ... The largest whales are called blue whales. They can grow to 30 meter in length and can weigh 135,000 kilogram. Blue whales are (28) ... larger than elephant and larger than any of the now extinct dinosaur. The heart of an adult blue whale is about the size of a compact car.

- A) creative B) creatures
C) creators D) create

54. (v13-129-28)

- A) much B) very
C) no D) some

55. (v13-131-21) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
I found it difficult to make a ... as a musician and gained further skills.

- A) alive B) life
C) living D) live

56. (v14-110-11) Choose the answer which correctly, completes the sentence.
I live in a beautiful ... part of Madrid.

- A) residence B) residential
C) reside D) resident

57. (v15-130-13) Choose the best answer.
This is assumed that the job has no ... This will be effectiveness.

- A) prospector B) prospective
C) prospects D) prospectively

58. (v16-116-2) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
- Hil What are you up to?
- Oh I'm just looking for some ... at this ...
. However, there seems to be few things of ...
. It is really a shame.

- A) antiques / sales / interests
B) antiques / sales / interest
C) antiques / sale / interest
D) antique / sale / interest

59. (v16-122-14) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.
You should be there at least two hours before ... of an international flight.

- A) the department. B) the deparive
C) the departure D) the depart

60. (v17-102-6) Choose the correct answer.

Chemistry classes were fascinating: we could even carry out independent ...
A) research B) research's
C) researches' D) researchers

61. (v17-104-18) Choose the correct answer.

The roses in the vase smelled ...
A) sweetly B) sweeten
C) sweet D) more sweet

62. (v17-109-5) Choose the correct answer.

With four children in such a small flat, they have a serious ... problem.
A) spacious B) space
C) space's D) specious

63. (v18-504) They say that a lot of teenagers find smoking ... these days.

- A) please B) unpleased
C) displeasing D) pleasure

64. (v18-505) ... is a good teacher.

- A) Adversity B) Adverse
C) Advertisement D) Advertisability

65. (v18-506) I have an American friend who speaks Russian ...

- A) beautiful B) beauty
C) beautifully D) unbeautiful

66. (v18-507) The ... passed a new law.

- A) Govern B) Governer
C) Governor D) Governman

67. (v18-508) The house was very quiet, but I was able to hear faint ... in the other room.

- A) whisper B) to whisper
C) whispering D) whispered

68. (v19/20-105-5) Choose the correct answer.

This chronicle gives a ... presentation of events.

- A) historical
B) history
C) historian
D) more historian

69. (v19/20-106-10) Choose the correct answer.

It was ... to see such a long queue at the post office.

- A) surprise B) surprised
C) surprising D) to surprise

70. (v19/20-115-14) Choose the correct answer.

Life in slums is very ...

- A) annoy
- B) annoying
- C) annoyally
- D) annoyed

71. (v19/20-119-17) Choose the correct answer.

Can I make a ...? Why don't we hire a car?

- A) suggestions
- B) suggested
- C) suggestive
- D) suggestion

72. (v19/20-119-18) Choose the correct answer.

She couldn't give the court any ... for his strange behaviour.

- A) explained
- B) explanatory
- C) explanation
- D) explain

73. (v19/20-121-10) Choose the correct answer.

This firm produced a lot in recent years. This firm has been very ... in recent years.

- A) productive
- B) production
- C) produced
- D) producing

99. Main idea. Summarizing

1. (96-1-48) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Alisher Navoi began writing his works at the beginning of Shah Sultan's reign. Soon he became very famous. He was active for many years in social life. The state was torn by endless wars after Temur's death. He was the first to write poems in Uzbek.

- A) Alisher Navoi got a very good education for those days.
- B) He wrote only true poems.
- C) Alisher Navoi was a great poet, statesman and the founder of Uzbek literature.
- D) He was a famous Uzbek poet.
- E) Alisher Navoi's works have entered the treasury of world literature.

2. (96-1-49) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Ulugbek Muhammad Taragal reigned when he was 15. He was fond of poetry, history, but he paid much attention to astronomy. He invited many great scientists of his time to Samarqand and with the help of them he built the observatory. He collected a library. The library contained 15000 books of different sciences. During his reign (1409-1449).

- A) Samarqand flourished handicraft, literature, art made progress and science developed.
- B) Ulugbek is a founder of Uzbek literature.
- C) Ulugbek liked handicraft.
- D) Ulugbek was a progressive statesman, scientist and astronomer.
- E) The science and literature didn't make progress at Ulugbek's time.
- F) Ulugbek was one of the greatest man in the XX century.

3. (96-6-50) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text below.

Tashkent is the capital of Uzbekistan. It consists of an old town and the new one. There are many old, small houses in the old

part and ancient monuments. In the new part there are many new houses, theatres, museums, exhibitions.

- A) Tashkent is ancient.
- B) Tashkent is a newly built city.
- C) Tashkent is an ancient and modern city.
- D) Tashkent is not the capital of Uzbekistan.
- E) We live in Tashkent.

4. (96-6-108) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Halloween is an autumn holiday; that American children celebrate every year. It means "holy evening" and it comes every October 31 the evening before All Saints Day. However it is not really a church holiday for children

- A) Halloween comes every October 31.
- B) We celebrate the holiday every year.
- C) Halloween means "holy evening".
- D) Halloween means All Saints Day.
- E) Halloween is an American children's holiday.

5. (96-8-51) Choose the sentences expressing the main idea of the text.

The United Nations is the meeting place. Representatives of all member states have a voice and an equal vote. The United Nations plays an active role in reducing tension in the world. There are 6 main organs of the United Nations.

- A) The United Nations is the centre of education.
- B) The members of the General Assembly talk to each other officially in 6 languages.
- C) The United Nations is the meeting place.
- D) The United Nations is an organisation of sovereign nations representing almost all of humanity.
- E) All nations have equal rights.

6. (96-8-52) Choose the sentences expressing the main idea of the text.

The Covent Garden Theatre is famous for opera and ballet performances, with the best singers and dancers. The National Theatre shows the drama. Aldwych Theatre put on both classical and new plays.

- A) There are many theatres in London.
- B) A lot of people in London are theatre goers.
- C) London is a political centre.
- D) London is also famous with its theatres in the world.
- E) The National Theatre is the best drama theatre.

7. (96-9-51) Choose the appropriate sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Father brought a tortoise home for his children. But the family did not like it and they decided to take it back to the place where dad had found it. They did so. But the next morning they all were surprised to see the tortoise at the door of their house. It had come back.

- A) Father brought a chicken.
- B) Children liked it very much.
- C) Tortoise had found the children's house.
- D) They had found it in the forest.
- E) They didn't take it back to its place.

8. (96-12-52) Choose the sentence, expressing the main idea of the text.

The man of the 20th century is great. He has used the atom, reached the Moon, made the electronic machine. So he has the right to have a better life, because he has won this

right with his work and his talent. He will have a happier life only if he is freed from the threat of war. In the world without arms everything will be better. People will build beautiful cities and different machines. If the world is freed from the threat of war, science will develop rapidly. We must fight against war.

- A) We live in the atomic age, the age of space travels.
- B) Our planet is populated by almost three billion people.
- C) Peace and human civilisation on earth depends on Man.
- D) There is a room for every person, for every state.
- E) We have the right to a better life.

9. (96-13-53) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the given text.

"King Lear" is the story of a man who was very proud, and egoistic. He believed the lies that his eldest daughters told him, but he didn't believe his youngest daughter, who told him the unpleasant truth. And only when he is old and alone and has lost everything he realises he has been wrong. Together with him we learn the lesson always to seek for the truth in life, not to listen to lies, even they may be pleasant to our ears.

- A) King Lear is a very honest man.
- B) King Lear believed his youngest daughter.
- C) King Lear refused to believe his eldest daughters.
- D) King Lear has been right.
- E) One must look for the truth and not listen to lies.

10. (96-13-107) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

The health of our planet, its very life is in your hands. Who will come to its aid if not you, men and women everywhere?

This realisation is bringing together many anti war movements. Workers Parties, mass trade union and youth organisations, uniting millions of working people, take an active part in the world wide movement for peace and against the threat of nuclear war. The role of the world progressive movements in the struggle for peace and disarmament is growing and the number of progressive organisations is increasing.

- A) Mass trade union and youth organisations take an active part in the world - wide movement for peace.
- B) Peace on the planet is in my hands.
- C) We must preserve peace in our country.
- D) The role of the world progressive movement in the struggle for peace and disarmament is growing.
- E) We try to solve many problems by peaceful ways.

11. (96-13-163) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

"French Classes" is the title of Rasputin's book. The book is about a village boy, who came to town to continue his studying at a secondary school. He was very poor and had no money to buy some food for himself and he was often hungry. His French teacher was very kind and helped him to overcome his hard times.

- A) Rasputin's book is very interesting.
- B) The more you are hungry the better you study.
- C) Reading is power.
- D) There are more kind people around than bad ones.
- E) Rasputin wrote plenty of books.

12. (96-13-216) Choose the sentence, expressing the main idea of the text.

Indians in many states are practically unable to take part in political activity of the Federal state. The government does not defend their rights, and very often even help those who wish to take lands from the Indians. Protests are growing among the Indians. The organisations they have established are fighting for full equality in all spheres of public and economic life.

- A) Indians were the first Americans.
- B) Indians love their traditions and their national culture.
- C) They are the poorest part of American population and enjoy the fewest rights.
- D) Indians have the fewest rights in political and economic life and they are fighting.
- E) The genocide continues up to this day, though in a different way.

13. (96-15-50) Choose the sentence, expressing the main idea of the text.

One kind of doctors is a surgeon. He works in a hospital. The surgeon operates on sick people; he repairs their bodies. After the operation, he orders medicine. The surgeon watches his patient until they are well.

- A) The surgeon on holiday.
- B) The operation.
- C) After the operation.
- D) The mender of human bodies.
- E) Surgeon's day.

14. (96-15-51) Choose the sentence, expressing the main idea of the text.

Dinosaurs lived on the earth for 135 million years. They appeared 200 mln. years ago, and they disappeared 65 million years ago. They were the largest animals ever to live on earth, and they ruled the earth for a very long period of time. The early dinosaurs walked on four feet and they ate meat. The later dinosaurs were larger and walked on four feet. Some of the later dinosaurs ate plants only.

- A) The largest animal on earth.
- B) The rulers of the Universe
- C) Meat eaters.
- D) Plant eaters.
- E) The early dinosaurs.

15. (96-15-103) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

This morning I set myself times for work, for going out with my gun, for sleep, and for pleasure. Every morning I went out with my gun for 2 or 3 hours if it did not rain. Then I worked until about 11 o'clock, then ate something. From 12 to 2 I lay down to sleep, for then it was very hot. In the evening I worked again. The working part of this day and next were taken up with making my table, for I was still a very bad workman. Time and necessity made me a better one afterwards.

- A) I worked hard all day long - if it did not rain.
- B) I shot some animals with my gun.
- C) It was hot on the island and I lay down to sleep from 12 to 1.
- D) I set myself times and spent my day according to it.
- E) I was still a very bad workman.

16. (96-15-210) Choose the sentences expressing the main idea of the text.

Every year a lot of international exhibitions are held in London. The latest achievements of industry, science and agriculture of many countries are exhibited there. A number of countries take part in them. Exhibitions are usually crowded by visitors.

- A) There are many exhibitions in London.
- B) A lot of visitors are invited to the exhibitions.
- C) Every exhibition is the place where, the latest achievements of the country are shown.
- D) Exhibitions pave the way for the consolidation of peace among nations.
- E) Everybody can buy something at the exhibitions.

17. (97-1-48) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Amir Temur was a great man of his time. He was a very clever politician. He made his state powerful and famous all over the world. He devoted his life to establish a great, powerful country.

- A) Amir Temur is famous all over the world.
- B) Amir Temur was a defender of Uzbek people.
- C) Amir Temur was a great statesman.
- D) Amir Temur was a legendary hero of Uzbek people.
- E) A. Temur's state was very powerful.

18. (97-1-49) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Uzbek people like to meet guests. You can see a lot of guests on all holidays and weddings of every Uzbek family. All foreign guests like to visit Uzbek families.

- A) Uzbek people are famous with their weddings.
- B) Uzbek people have large families.
- C) Uzbeks are proud of their country.
- D) Uzbeks are famous for their hospitality.
- E) Uzbeks are peace-loving people.

19. (97-3-51) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Before modern farming methods, farmers lost many crops in dry weather. Sometimes dry periods lasted for many years. In those days a long dry period turned the land to dust. Farmers didn't understand how to plant and so they made the situation worse. They never gave the land a rest. They never planted trees to break the strength of the wind. Now farmers plant a different crop every year. Some years they give part of their land a rest. The land stays healthy and rich. Modern crops are much larger

- A) Farmers didn't take care of the lands.
- B) Dry weather is the land spoiler.
- C) To plant trees on dry land is advisable.
- D) Dry land farming is both a science and an art.
- E) Modern crops' re much larger.

20. (97-4-63) Choose the appropriate sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Tashkent is one of the beautiful cities. There are many parks, squares in Tashkent. You can see a lot of flowers and trees not only in the parks, squares and gardens but along the all streets of the city.

- A) Tashkent is a centre of culture.
- B) Tashkent is a capital city.
- C) Tashkent is a garden city.
- D) Tashkent is the most beautiful city in Uzbekistan.
- E) Tashkent is a modern city.

21. (97-5-51) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Long ago, people living near the Atlantic Ocean that the level of the ocean rose and fell twice every day. They also noticed that

this did not always happen at the same time, at the same hour, but that it happened regularly. They called this the "tide". People did not understand the cause of the tides. But they noticed some connection between the Moon and the tides. Today we know the tug of the gravity between the Earth and the Moon, and a little, the Sun's influence accounts for this Natural phenomenon.

- A) People living near the Atlantic Ocean coast were very attentive.
- B) Sea coasts are full of mysteries.
- C) Tides are the daily forward and backward movements of the sea at regular time.
- D) The tug of gravity between the Earth and the Moon causes the tides.
- E) The Sun's influence on the Ocean is greater than that of the Moon.

22. (97-6-55) Choose the sentence giving the main idea of the text.

The tiger is like a large cat. There are many other animals like large cats, but the tiger is the largest and the strongest of all of them. Tigers live in Africa, India and in some parts of China. The best food for them is meat, so they kill other animals. If a tiger is hungry it can even attack a man and eat him up.

- A) Tigers are like cats.
- B) Tigers are big and dangerous.
- C) Tigers are strong.
- D) Tigers live in some countries.
- E) Tigers like to eat.

23. (97-6-56) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

At present when science and technical knowledge are progressing so fast, all kinds of specialists: teachers, doctors, engineers and people of many other professions need foreign languages in their work. If a specialist doesn't know foreign languages, if he has to wait for translation he can hardly hope to be a success in his field. Besides, what he reads in translation may be months or even years behind the time.

- A) The progress of science is great.
- B) People of some professions dream to know foreign languages.
- C) Specialists can read any literature in translation.
- D) To speak foreign languages is useful for teachers.
- E) Foreign languages are necessary for any profession now.

24. (97-7-50) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Jerome K. Jerome didn't write about social or political problems in his books. He wanted to amuse readers and make fun of hypocrisy and ignorance. He wrote short stories about life in the theatre and other books.

- A) Jerome K. Jerome was a famous novelist.
- B) He wrote about everyday life and problems of different people.
- C) His books give us information about the adventures.
- D) Jerome K. Jerome was a humorist.
- E) He was a journalist and short story writer.

25. (97-7-51) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

Samarkand is one of the most beautiful towns in our republic. It is famous for its

world-known places of interest. There are many historical monuments there. Many of them were built by Amir Temur.

- A) Samarkand is a modern industrial and cultural town.
- B) Samarkand is a beautiful town.
- C) Samarkand is a centre of historical places in Uzbekistan.
- D) Samarkand is a centre of cultural festivals.
- E) Samarkand was a capital during Amir Temur's reign.

26. (97-9-54) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

English people are great lovers of sports and games. They like to play games, they like to watch games, they like to talk about them. Many modern kinds of sports came from England football, tennis, boxing, badminton. England was the first to hold sport swimming competitions. Skates were born either in Britain or in Holland. But dances on ice are from Britain.

- A) English people go in for sports.
- B) The first sport competition was held in Britain.
- C) England is the country of ice dances.
- D) English people are fond of games.
- E) England is the home of many kinds of sports.

27. (97-9-55) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

One of the most historical of all sea voyages between Europe and America was made in 1620. A group of families who could not stay any more in England because of their religion left the Port of Plymouth on September 6, 1620 to cross the Atlantic and make a long voyage. They landed at the coast of America on December 21, 1620. The men got off the ship to see what the new land was like. The emigrants who landed at the American coast became the founders of the United States.

- A) English people left their country because of their views.
- B) America is a home of many nations.
- C) The voyage to America was short.
- D) Englishmen were the first to stay in America for a year.
- E) Englishmen came to America for some time.

28. (97-9-106) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

Here is a story about an American congressman, who was travelling from New York to Washington on horseback. On his way he had to stop at a small hotel for the night. The owner of the hotel asked him if he was a Republican or a Democrat. "Why do you want to know it?" the congressman asked. "You see," the owner of the hotel explained, "I want, to do my best for all my visitors. And I've heard that a Republican likes good accommodation for himself, and a Democrat is more interested in a warm place and good food for his horse."

- A) The owner of the hotel always does his best for all his visitors.
- B) An American congressman was travelling from New York to Washington on horseback.
- C) The owner of the hotel wanted to know if the congressman was a Republican or a Democrat.

- D) On his way the American congressman had to stop at a small hotel for the night.
- E) The congressman wanted a good service for himself and his horse.

29. (97-9-107) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

This is a very important topic in England. Perhaps, a long time ago, when you wanted to describe someone as unusually dull, you used to say: "He is the kind of person who always discusses the weather with you." Forget it. In England this is an extremely interesting topic and you must be good at discussing it.

- A) You must never contradict anybody when discussing the weather.
- B) It rains more and more often, it's getting colder and colder.
- C) The Englishman always like to speak about the weather.
- D) I don't think the weather will get any better.
- E) It doesn't often rain here at this time of year, it's usually dry and sunny.

30. (97-12-67) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

Stratford-upon-Avon is an old town. It's streets, it's lovely half-timbered houses, black and white with thatched roofs, breathe the spirit of the past. Stratford-upon-Avon is known to thousands of people not for its beauty, but for the fact that it is believed that William Shakespeare the greatest dramatic genius was born and died here.

- A) Stratford-upon-Avon lies at the very heart of England.
- B) There are some scenes of beauty there.
- C) I always dreamed of going to the city.
- D) Shakespeare's plays are very popular with the English people.
- E) Stratford-upon-Avon is Shakespeare's birth and death place.

31. (98-2-49) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

A famous American doctor came to England to study the latest methods. When he looked at the charts he found out that the system of abbreviation was familiar to him. They were the same as doctors used in the USA. He understood them all except for some charts marked GOK.

He decided to consult a British colleague about it. "How am I supposed to understand this GOK?" he asked. "Oh" the British doctor answered. "That's what we use when we don't know the diagnoses. It means "God Only Knows".

- A) A famous American doctor once visited England.
- B) He understood all the charts of the colleagues except one.
- C) He was interested in a new abbreviation made by his British colleagues.
- D) He knew all the charts made by his British colleagues.
- E) He consulted an American colleague about the unknown abbreviation.

32. (98-2-50) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

The policeman has stopped a dangerous driver, who exceeded the speed limit; driver has to pay a fine. He was at a party yesterday, so it was difficult for him to up in time this morning and he left the house later

than usual. He was in a hurry to get to work and too fast. When he noticed the policeman it was too late.

- A) Don't hurry at the wheel!
- B) The driver must exceed the speed limit.
- C) He was invited to the party the day before.
- D) The driver left the house later, than usual.
- E) It was too late when he saw the policeman.

33. (98-4-58) Choose the best sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

It happened many years ago. But I remember that night as if it were yesterday. My girl friend and I were walking along narrow and quiet streets of our not-many-citizen town. We were young, carefree and loved each other; the entire world seemed perfect and wonderful. We looked at the starlit sky over our heads. At that time I liked astronomy, read and knew a lot about stars, space, etc. I started telling my girl interesting stories about stars, their names' origin. She listened to me both with her mind, heart and mouth opened wide. That night she made up her mind and consented to be my wife. She has made me a good wife since, I should confess.

- A) Nothing is better than a starlit night.
- B) The past is always the basis of the future.
- C) The more you know the more you lose.
- D) Knowledge is power.
- E) Knowledge is a match maker.

34. (98-5-56) Choose the sentence best expressing the meaning of the text.

My family is riot large, but still I have to do a lot of washing. I have an automatic washing machine, I always use "Tide" detergent. But I have recently watched "Ariel" detergent being advertised on TV and decided to buy one. My clothes washed in the new powder are much cleaner, whiter and softer. Next time I'm going to buy "Ariel" only.

- A) It's useful to have a TV and watch it from time to time
- B) All powders are alike
- C) The commercial is the pusher of sale
- D) A good wife is a good washer
- E) The less your things become dirty the less washing you have

35. (98-5-59) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

A well known American millionaire was travelling on business in England. He came to town where he had been several times before, always staying in the same hotel and in the same room. Handing hl a key, the receptionist said he could never understand why such rich and famous man always booked the smallest and the cheapest room they had. "I'm used to it the millionaire answered. It's it nice quiet room and I don't need a larger one.

"Well", said the receptionist. "I must say your son isn't like you at all. He often stays with us too, and always books the most expensive room we have". "I haven't the slightest doubt he does," said the millionaire. "Don't forget that there's a great difference between two of us. His father is a rich man, and mine is not".

- A) Once a well-known American millionaire came on business to England
- B) He always stayed in the same hotel and in the same room
- C) Father and son differ in tastes and manners.

D) The receptionist couldn't understand why such a rich and famous man always booked the smallest and cheapest room
E) The millionaire's son always books the most expensive room in the hotel

36. (98-8-55) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

The most embarrassing experience I've ever had happened 2 years ago. My wife and I went to town to do some shopping. The streets were busy and we were holding hands. Suddenly my wife saw a dress in a shop window and stopped. I started looking at some radios in the next window. After a minute or two I reached for my wife's hand. There was a loud scream and a woman slapped my face. I hadn't taken my wife's hand; I'd taken the hand of a complete stranger!

- A) A man went shopping with his wife.
- B) A man started looking at some radios.
- C) A man had an interesting experience 2 years ago.
- D) The streets were busy in the town 2 years ago.
- E) How a man took a woman for his wife.

37. (98-9-53) Choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

Ethel Lillian Voynich was born in the family of a professor. She married a Polish writer. Both she and her husband had many friends among the foreign political emigrants in London. Lillian Voynich became popular after she had published her novel "The Gadfly". This novel is of the thirties of the 19th century when Italy was occupied by Austria and fought for her independence. Knowing a lot about a secret society the "Young Italy" and its organiser Mazzini, Voynich modelled her leading character, Arthur after him.

- A) Good knowledge of life helped Voynich to create a famous truthful novel about Italian fighters for independence.
- B) Lillian Voynich became popular after she had published her novel "The Gadfly".
- C) Ethel Lillian Voynich, a famous English writer, was born in the family of a mathematician.
- D) A secret society the "Young Italy" fought for the independence in Italy.
- E) Lillian had many friends among the political emigrants.

38. (99-4-62) Choose the sentence summarising the text.

The emigrants who landed from the "Mayflower" on the American coast became the founders of the U.S. A. In March, just at the end of the winter an Indian came to the village of the emigrants. He and the settlers became companions. The Indians brought the Indian corn, thought the white people to catch turkeys in the forest, to grow Indian corn, and to do a lot of other useful things. But soon the colonists wanted more land and they began to take it from the Indians. The former friends became mortal enemies.

- A) The emigrants from the May Bower are the founders of the USA
- B) Warm weather helped the emigrants to survive on the American continent
- C) Indians were the first to teach the emigrants to grow Indian corn
- D) Other ships came with more colonists
- E) Land is the main reason for fights between the colonists and Indians

39. (99-10-57) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

The oldest part of London is the City. There is the Bank of England there. Besides there is the Royal Exchange and the Mansion House the lord Mayor's residence, there. About half a million people work in the City in the daytime, but at night it is almost deserted.

- A) The City is a place for entertainment,
- B) The City is a financial and business centre of London.
- C) The City is the cultural centre of London.
- D) The City is in the Suburb of London.
- E) The City is the capital of England.

40. (00-5-60) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

A little girl saw her mother kiss and pet another child. She sulked for some time and then said: "Mummy, please, let that child go. I don't want you to kiss and hug him." "Oh, don't you?" replied the mother. "Does it make you feel jealous?" "No, mummy, but it makes me feel uncomfortable".

- A) Mother kissed and hugged another child.
- B) The girl asked her mother not to do so.
- C) The girl felt jealous and asked her mother to leave the child alone.
- D) Mother liked another child more than her daughter.
- E) The girl liked the child, kissed and pet him.

41. (00-5-61) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

On a fine day in June two students are sitting in a city park. They have come to read for their examinations and to have some rest. At the moment they are just gazing at the scenery about them. "What a beautiful place to study in," says one of them. "Come, come", says the other, "it's rather a place to forget" that there is any necessity to study".

- A) The students are having a rest admiring the beauty in the park.
- B) The students are reading for exam and they are not admiring the beauty of the park.
- C) Two students are spending a fine day in the park sitting and watching beautiful scenery in the park.
- D) Two students came to the park to get ready for exams. They are talking and their opinions differ.
- E) Two students are very tired getting ready for the examination sitting in the park.

42. (00-6-53) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

The classroom is uncomfortable. It is very warm, and there are no windows for ventilation. In addition, the class meets at 8 a.m. This hour is too early for most college students. Most important of all, students seldom attend this class because of the teacher. He is an unpleasant humourless man, and his lectures are boring.

- A) The poor attendance in Professor's class is high.
- B) There are several reasons that the classroom is uncomfortable.
- C) Students do not attend Professor's class.
- D) The class meets at a convenient hour.
- E) The poor attendance in Professor's class has several reasons.

43. (01-1-17) Read the text and choose the sentence that gives the main idea of it.

In 1920, a Detroit policeman named William L. Potts worked out an electric light system

that allowed him to control three street intersections from one tower. He picked the colours red, yellow and green because railroads used them.

- A) The origin of the railroad lights
- B) W.L. Potts's promotion in his work
- C) The first street traffic lights
- D) Policeman's life in Detroit
- E) The choice of colours for railroad lights

44. (01-2-43) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the passage.

I was waiting on the platform for the Bristol train when a lady asked me if I knew the time of the next train to Oxford. I often have to go to Oxford myself, so I knew. A few minutes later a man wanted to know whether the train for Bristol had already left. I knew that it hadn't, so of course I told him. The man inquired why the train from Birmingham was late. I didn't know but I told him it might be because of the line repairs. I couldn't understand why all these people were asking me questions. Then I noticed that I was standing next to a big sign that said: "Information".

- A) I was leaving for Bristol.
- B) People asked me the time.
- C) People took me for the clerk of the Information Bureau.
- D) I saw a big sign that said: "Information".
- E) The train was usually late because of the line repairs.

45. (01-6-59) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

During the performance a man in the pit was much annoyed by a young couple next to him who kept on whispering. "Excuse me, sir", he said, "but I can't hear a word that is being said." "I like that?" exclaimed the talkative young man. "It is no business of yours, sir, what I am Telling my wife."

- A) The man didn't like the play.
- B) The young man was very talkative.
- C) The young man got angry.
- D) The performance was not interesting.
- E) The young man didn't understand what the man meant.

46. (03-3-28) Choose the best answer.

Yuichiro Miura, a professional speed skier, decided to ski down the world's highest mountain. In 1970, his expedition made the difficult trip up Mt. Everest. Eight men died along the way. The dangers of the climb up were known, but none had ever had the experience of skiing from a 2700 foot peak down a 6000 foot drop that ends with a giant crevice. Miura got down in two minutes, going so fast that he needed a parachute to slow down. But he was nearly killed. After the parachute opened, he lost control, fell and was saved by crashing into a rock. Robin Davidson is a person who enjoys a challenge. In 1977 she set out to cross the Australian desert alone.

There were difficult times. She lost her camels, almost ran out of water and was bothered by wild animals and rude tourists. But, she finished the 1700 mile trip and became famous. The text is about ...

- A) people who love adventure
- B) the experienced skier
- C) the necessity of parachute
- D) dangerous sports
- E) the problems of life

47. (03-3-38) Choose the best answer.

The early Native Americans hunted buffalo, but they did not hunt for sport. The Indians used every buffalo they killed. They cooked and ate the meat. They made clothing, tepees, containers and even boats from buffalo hides. They made tools from buffalo bones. Native Americans did not waste any part of a buffalo killed. This passage tells us that ...

- A) early American Indians used every part of each buffalo they killed.
- B) early American Indians were skilful hunters.
- C) buffalo meat tastes good.
- D) everything was made from buffalo hides.
- E) hunting buffalo has few reasons.

48. (03-4-61) Read the text and choose the best answer.

Women's voices are getting higher and louder. Scientists in South Africa discovered this when they tested a wide variety of women who were between the ages of twenty five and sixty years old. Though scientists say that they are not exactly sure of the reason for this change in women's voices, they have several theories. One theory is that women do not smoke as much as the men used to do so they do not damage their voices. Another theory is that women in cities need to speak louder and higher because cities are getting noisier with more cars and aeroplanes. Another possible theory is that these days, more and more women are becoming lawyers and doctors, so they need to use their voices more for their job.

Though women's voices have changed, scientists say that there's no difference in men's voices. This text is about ...

- A) women and their voices.
- B) women who do not smoke.
- C) women in cities.
- D) lawyers and doctors.
- E) the use of the voices.

49. (03-4-62) Read the text of test 61 and choose the best answer.

Men's voices have ...

- A) changed.
- B) stayed.
- C) become lower.
- D) not changed.
- E) become higher.

50. (03-5-57) Choose the closest in meaning sentence to the given one.

If Lucile had not spent so much time before the mirror, we would have shown up at the party in time.

- A) The mirror was broken, besides it didn't reflect.
- B) Lucile showed me the mirror she had bought at the party.
- C) As we broke the mirror, we couldn't show up there in time.
- D) Lucile being busy with looking at the mirror very long, we arrived at the party late.
- E) I told Lucile I would take her to the party in time if she didn't look at the mirror.

51. (03-7-9) Read the text and choose the sentence which gives the main idea of the text.

A pessimist is a person who always expects bad things to happen. Pessimists think that today's cars are in trouble because they use too much gas. They say the car of the future will be much, much smaller. The car of tomorrow will have no heater and no air conditioning, it'll have no radio and no lights.

Tomorrow's car will be an open air car with no doors and windows. It won't need a pollution control system because it won't use gas. In fact, drivers will push this new car with their feet. Very few people will be killed in accidents, because the top speed will be five miles per hour. However, pessimists warn us not to ask for pretty colours, because the car will come in grey only. Optimists are sure that the future will be happy. They think that car companies will soon solve all our problems by producing the super-car. Tomorrow's car will be bigger, faster, and more comfortable than before. The Super-car will have four rooms, colour TV, running water, heat, air conditioning and swimming pool. Large families will travel on long trips in complete comfort. If gas is in short supply, the Super-car will run on water. Finally, optimists promise that the car of the future will come in any colour, as long as the colour is grey. This text is about ...

- A) the opinions of a pessimist and an optimist about cars of the future
- B) the car of the future that will do everything.
- C) the end of our Planet that influences on the earth in the future
- D) the main colours of the car that affect on the mood of the people
- E) pollution control systems that will tell about the gas of future cars

52. (03-7-10) Read the text of test 9 and choose the sentence which is not true to the text.

- A) Today's cars use too much petrol
- B) Pessimists expect bad things to happen
- C) Pessimists think the car of the future will be of grey colour only
- D) Optimists think tomorrow's cars will have neither doors nor windows
- E) Optimists suggest the car of the future should be of any colour but grey

53. (03-7-11) Read the text of test 9 and choose the best answer. According to the text there are two types of people ...

- A) pessimists and engineers.
- B) optimists and Futurists.
- C) people of good will and those of bad will.
- D) pessimists and optimists.
- E) old car owners and new car owners.

54. (03-7-12) Read the text of test 9 and choose the best answer.

As optimists say, car companies will soon solve all our problems by ...

- A) giving us a lot of money.
- B) presenting us with cars.
- C) reducing car prices.
- D) terminating pessimists.
- E) producing the Super car.

55. (03-8-62) Read the text and choose the best answer.

This morning at five o'clock, the Green Mountain Restaurant caught on fire. Nobody noticed the fire until six o'clock, when the house next door started to burn. Fire fighters came from all the area. They began to fight the fire at seven o'clock. Now it's eight o'clock, and the fire is still going strong. The fire fighters are working hard, but they haven't brought the blaze under control yet. Every few minutes they call for more help. Fire Chief Brown says that another hour they'll have put out the fire in the house. At that time, the house will have been burning

for three hours. Half the house will be gone. Chief Brown is afraid that the fire in the restaurant may go on until ten o'clock. Before it's out, the restaurant will have been blazing for five hours. Every few minutes, part of the building falls in. Fire fighters will have been fighting the fire in the restaurant for three hours. They will have been pumping water out of Green Mountain Lake to put out the fire. They'll have been holding their hoses on the fire the whole time. However, the fire will have been burning too long. By the time the fire is under control, nothing will remain of the restaurant. The fire fighters will have been working with all their strength, but it will have been too little and too late.

The text is about ...

- A) a restaurant caught on fire.
- B) fire fighters and a fire.
- C) the local fire fighters.
- D) the fire fighter's chief gets angry.
- E) the fire fighter's vain efforts.

56. (03-8-63) Read the text of test 62 and choose the best answer. The firemen used water of ... to put out the fire.

- A) the Salt Lake City
- B) white Mountain Lake
- C) Rocky Mountain Lake
- D) Green Mountain Lake
- E) the whole area

57. (03-8-64) Read the text of test 62 and the sentence which is not true to the text.

- A) The fire fighters came to the restaurant in 2 hours
- B) Everybody noticed the house next door burning
- C) Fire Chief Green says they'll have put out the fire in the house in another hour
- D) The restaurant burnt down
- E) The fire brigade did their best but, alas they failed to "harness" the fire

58. (03-8-65) Read the text of test 62 and find the substitution for the sentence.

"The fire fighters will have been working with all their strength".

- A) They all will have been working against their strength
- B) They'll have been fighting for their strength
- C) They'll have been doing their best
- D) The fire brigade will have been working with their sleeves down
- E) They'll have been working with their shirts on

59. (03-9-16) Read the text and choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

One morning, at a little before seven o'clock, I was awakened by the maid. I was told that two men were waiting for me in the consulting room. I dressed hurriedly and hastened downstairs. As I descended, my old acquaintance came out of the room and closed the door tightly behind him. He had brought a new patient and was leaving for his office now. I entered my consulting-room and found a gentleman seated by the table. Round one of his hands he had a handkerchief wrapped, which was mottled all over with bloodstains. He was young, not more than 25, with a strong masculine face, but he was exceedingly pale and gave me the impression of a man who was suffering

from some strong agitation which took all his strength of mind to control. "Doctor, would you kindly attend to my thumb, or rather to the place, where my thumb used to be?" he said. When he unwound the handkerchief and held out his hand I saw four protruding fingers and a horrid red surface where the thumb should have been. It had been torn right out from the roots. "Good heavens!" I cried out, "this is a terrible injury. It must have bled considerably."

- A) The maid awakened the doctor to see a man in the house.
 B) He found a gentleman in the consulting-room.
 C) The man asked him for help, as he was drowning.
 D) The man was very excited and suffered from the wound on his shoulder.
 E) The doctor's acquaintance brought him a new patient with a terrible injury.

60. (03-9-17) Read the text of test 16 and answer the question.

Why is the patient exceedingly pale?

- A) He was afraid of the doctor and refused his help.
 B) He was too excited to pull himself together.
 C) He had a terrible injury and had lost much blood.
 D) He was escorted there by the doctor's acquaintance.
 E) His thumb was cured and he was happy.

61. (03-9-18) Read the text of test 16 and try to guess what had happened to the patient.

- A) He had fallen down.
 B) He had been run over.
 C) He had been robbed.
 D) He had had a very serious accident, a murderous attack.
 E) He had been poisoned at the party.

62. (03-9-19) Read the text of test 16 and choose the appropriate synonym to the word "to attend".

- A) to look at B) to look for
 C) to look through D) to look upon
 E) to look after

63. (03-9-20) Read the text of test 16 and choose the sentence which is not true to the text.

- A) The doctor hurried into the consulting-room.
 B) The handkerchief was mottled all over with bloodstains.
 C) The patient closed the door tightly and left.
 D) The man had a terrible injury.
 E) The doctor saw a horrid red surface where the thumb should have been.

64. (04-1-494) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea.

There are too many students in our class.

- A) There is an armchair in the room.
 B) You shouldn't miss your classes.
 C) There are some pictures in the room.
 D) The room looks comfortable.
 E) It is hot and stuffy in the room.

65. (04-1-495) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea.

We can't afford to go abroad this year.

- A) We have enough money to do it.
 B) The air fares are too much expensive.

- C) The tickets are too cheap.
 D) There is too much money to buy it.
 E) There is enough money to buy tickets.

66. (04-1-497) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea. People always speak too quickly for me to understand.

- A) They are too young to go to school.
 B) He isn't very well now.
 C) He always tells us interesting stories.
 D) My English isn't very good.
 E) He walks too quickly for me to follow.

67. (04-1-499) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea.

We missed most of the party.

- A) We warned them not to go.
 B) We didn't have very good seats.
 C) We arrived much later.
 D) We couldn't afford to go.
 E) We wore our best dresses.

68. (04-1-502) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea. He sat in the furthest corner.

- A) He wanted to buy some food.
 B) He didn't want anybody to see him.
 C) They didn't want everybody to speak.
 D) She wrote her essay in English.
 E) He wanted people to read them.

69. (04-1-503) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea.

You have to change your shoes.

- A) They are wet through.
 B) They are brand new.
 C) They are quite good.
 D) They are just your size.
 E) They are becoming you.

70. (04-1-506) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea.

The boy has to wear this shirt for school.

- A) It is for festive days.
 B) It is one of his best shirts.
 C) It is in a school uniform shirt.
 D) He likes to wear the shirt.
 E) It is his favourite shirt.

71. (04-1-507) Choose the best sentence to continue the idea.

I have to get up at six.

- A) It takes me a long time to get to school.
 B) I don't live far from my school.
 C) My mother's office is quite near.
 D) It takes us five minutes to get there.
 E) It doesn't take me long to get there.

72. (04-1-514) Choose the best answer to continue the idea.

A big dog rushed at the boy.

- A) He ran after it B) The girl was afraid
 C) That made him run D) He made it run
 E) That made it run

73. (04-1-543) Choose the best answer.

In Uzbekistan the government pays great attention to the harvest of raw cotton.

According to experts, it was facilitated by increasing financial incentives for cotton-growers, skilful organization of agricultural measures, correct selection of fast ripening and high-yield sorts fitting to climatic features of the region. There were also experiments on the growing of foreign sorts. One of them is the British corporation A. Meredit Jones and Co. Ltd which is conducting an experiment on growing of Australian sorts

the nearest future a joint venture on growing cotton using Australian technology is planned to be established on the base of 10 local farms. The total cost estimate of the project is 17 million dollars. Uzbekistan occupies the second place on export of cotton fibre in the world. This text is about ...

- A) increasing cotton-growers salaries
 B) measures to increase the quality and yield of raw-cotton
 C) joint efforts of Uzbekistan and Australian corporation
 D) correct selection of high yield sorts of cotton by Uzbek scientists
 E) growing of native sorts in Fergana Region

74. (05-1-528) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

During the second World War Uzbek people gave a warm welcome to families evacuated from the occupied regions of the Ukraine, Byelorussia, Moldavia and western and central parts of Russia. Uzbekistan became their second home and the Uzbeks their close and true friends. The hospitality of our people got a new meaning in that period of time. Mutual assistance has developed into a tradition which is handed down from generation to generation.

- A) Uzbek people's labour.
 B) Uzbek people's love.
 C) Uzbek people's hospitality and generosity.
 D) The friendship of the Ukraine and Uzbekistan.
 E) Uzbek's education

75. (v4-105-31) Choose the sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

One summer two men stayed at a hotel in the same room. In the morning one of them could not find his watch and said that his neighbour had taken it. After some time he found his watch and apologized to his neighbour. His neighbour said, "I thought you were a gentleman and you thought that I was a thief, and we both were mistaken."

- A) When he found his watch he didn't apologize to his neighbour.
 B) Both of the men had different opinions about each other.
 C) A man lost his clock in the hotel.
 D) Both of the men were good friends and knew each other very well.
 E) His neighbour had taken his watch in the summer.

76. (v4-118-31) Choose the right sentence expressing the main idea of the text.

One day a thief entered a man's house at night. He didn't know that the owner wasn't asleep. The thief began trying to open the writing-table. At this time he heard somebody laugh. The thief asked: "Why are you laughing?" The owner said: "It's useless to look for money in the table at night, where the owner can never find in the daytime."

- A) The thief entered the house and took the money from the writing table.
 B) The owner gave the money to the robber and both were happy.
 C) The thief entered the house to rob but found nothing.
 D) The owner was sleeping and the thief robbed his money.
 E) The thief entered the house and robbed it.

77. (v4-125-29) Choose the sentence with the same meaning as the following one.

His boss threatened to discharge him unless he came to work on time.

- A) His boss decided to hire him to work if he came late.
- B) His boss threatened to discharge him in case he came to work on time.
- C) His boss wanted him to leave his job if he didn't come to work when he was supposed to.
- D) His boss didn't want him to work if he came when he was supposed to.
- E) His boss threatened to leave him if he came to work early.

78. (v5-141-27) Choose the best answer on the given text.

Some animals are protected by their color. Deer is the colors of the bark and lives in the woodland environment. Snakes and lizards are the colors of the desert. Their predators have a hard time seeing them. Some animals smell bad for protection. Some animals run fast. Some animals have special skins. Porcupines have sharp needles to keep other animals away. Turtles have hard shells.

- A) Animals can run faster than their predators.
- B) The environment can help protect an animal.
- C) Animals do not want to be prey.
- D) To protect means to keep from being hurt.
- E) The predators have a hard time seeing them.

79. (v7-123-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

Improving memory. Memory experts believe that people can increase their ability to remember. One of the most important means of improving memory is the use of mental aids called mnemonic devices. Mnemonic devices include rhymes, clues, mental pictures, and other methods.

One of the simplest ways is to put the information into a rhyme. Many people remember the number of days in each month by using a verse that begins, "Thirty days has September ...".

Another method provides clues by means of an acronym, a word formed from the first letters of other words.

For example, the acronym homes could help a person remember the names of the Great Lakes – Huron, Ontario, Michigan, Erie, Superior.

A good way to ensure remembering a piece of information is to study it long after you think you know it perfectly. This process is called overlearning. The more thoroughly you learn something, the more lasting the memory will be. According to the text a mnemonic device is

- A) the first letters of some place names.
- B) a method of learning foreign languages.
- C) the best way to remember rhymes.
- D) a tool which helps you to remember things.

80. (v7-123-36) If you want to be sure that you really remember some information, you

- A) must decide which facts are worth remembering.
- B) should spend more time learning it.
- C) should ask someone to check your memory.
- D) must turn to memory experts for advice.

81. (v8-107-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

Football World Cup

The World Cup is a team competition, but it's often remembered for particular players. The first time that the world saw 17-year-old Brazilian legend Pele was at the World Cup in 1958. Still the youngest footballer to ever play and score in a World Cup, Pele helped Brazil win the first of their five games. In 1974, football giants Johan Cruyff (Holland) and Franz Beckenbauer (Germany) met in the final, and Beckenbauer's team won. In 1986, Diego Maradona won the World Cup for Argentina; he also scored what was possibly the competition's best goal ever in quarter-final match against England. More recently, 1998 was the year that Zinedine Zidane's two goals in the final helped France beat Brazil 3–0, and eight goals from Ronaldo in 2002 helped Brazil win their fifth World Cup. Who will be the star of the next World Cup?

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Brazil has the strongest football team in the world.
- B) Fans often remember particular teams because of individual players.
- C) Football fans prefer football giants to play against each other.
- D) Ronaldo scored the most goals in the history of the World Cup.

82. (v8-107-36) Which country did Maradona help win the World Cup?

- A) Argentina
- B) Brazil
- C) France
- D) Germany

83. (v8-126-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

Britons are spending more time reading books than 30 years ago, according to the latest data available. The average time women spend reading a book jumped from two minutes a day in 1975 to eight minutes in 2000. Men's reading time rose from three to five minutes a day. The numbers of people reading books in Britain also rose over the same period from a low of only 13 per cent to a slightly improved 17 per cent. What is the text about?

- A) Difference in men's and women's attitude to reading
- B) Success of British publishing industry in recent years
- C) Growing popularity of reading in the UK
- D) Low interest in books in Great Britain

84. (v8-126-34) According to the text, who in the UK read least of all?

- A) Men in 2000
- B) Men in 1975
- C) Women in 2000
- D) Women in 1975

85. (v8-128-33) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

– Start your financial planning at the same time you begin choosing colleges. You will need to do this at least in the 12 months before you wish to study in the USA.

– Tuition costs vary from college to college. Private universities charge more than state universities. Community colleges charge the least. You must research actual costs very carefully.

– Cost is not an indication of the quality of an education

– Living expenses very depending an location and your lifestyle.

– Many colleges expect you and your family to land the full cost of your education.

What is the text about?

- A) Several suggestions on how to find the best place to live in the USA.
- B) Some recommendations related to financing your studies in the USA.
- C) Undergraduate education in some parts of the USA.
- D) Problems related to studying in American universities.

86. (v8-128-34) According to the text, what are the cheapest places to study in the USA?

- A) Community colleges
- B) High schools
- C) Private universities
- D) State universities

87. (v8-129-33) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

In 1660 a new era began. The monarchy was restored when Charles II ascended to the throne.

As he had no legitimate children, he was succeeded by his brother James II. James was a Catholic and therefore very unpopular. So in 1688 Parliament invited the Protestant Dutch noble William of Orange, who was married to James' daughter Mary, to come over from Holland and depose the king. William defeated James and became William III of England. For the first time in history Parliament was more powerful than the monarch.

What is the text about?

- A) English monarchy in the late 17th century
- B) Life in Britain and Holland in the 17th century
- C) Fighting between Catholics and Protestants
- D) Fighting between Charles II and James III

88. (v8-129-34) Who was the second king to reign after the restoration of monarchy?

- A) William II
- B) William III
- C) Charles II
- D) James II

89. (v9-111-31) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 31–32.

The history of the English language really started with the arrival of three Germanic tribes who invaded Britain during the 5th century AD. These tribes, the Angles, the Saxons and the Jutes, crossed the North Sea from what today is Denmark and northern Germany. At that time the inhabitants of Britain spoke a Celtic language. But most of the Celtic speakers were pushed west and north by the invaders mainly into what is now Wales, Scotland and Ireland. The Angles came from England and their language was called English from which the words England and English are derived.

What is the text about?

- A) Places where Angles, Saxons and Jutes came from
- B) The early history of the English language.
- C) Invasion of Britain by Germanic tribes in the 5th century AD
- D) Reasons why Celtic tribes moved to the west and north of Britain

90. (v9-111-32) What language did people in Britain speak before 5th century AD?

- A) German
- B) English
- C) Celtic
- D) English

91. (v9-112-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 29–30.

A rocket is a type of engine that can produce about 3,000 times more power than an automobile engine of the same size. Rockets have been used in war for hundreds of years. In the 1200 s, Chinese soldiers fired them against attacking armies. Scientists use rockets for research and exploration of space. Rockets carry scientific instruments into space to explore the air surrounding the earth, the moon and the planets.

According to the text

- A) rockets are made in many sizes
- B) people used rockets against enemies
- C) a rocket can carry armies into the sky
- D) a car engine is as powerful as a rocket

92. (v9-112-30) To examine the moon and the planets

- A) scientific equipment in rockets must be used
- B) it is necessary to use 3,000 different engines
- C) the Chinese used rockets in the 13th century
- D) is more difficult than to explore the atmosphere

93. (v9-124-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 33–34.

When I tell people I'm vegetarian, often the first question out of their mouths is, "Ok, so where do you get your protein?" As soon as I hear this question, I know that I'm dealing with someone who doesn't know very much about plants. The idea that plant foods are devoid of protein is nothing but a myth.

Plant foods are generally rich in protein. For example, lettuce gets 34% of its calories from protein, and broccoli gets 45% of its calories from protein. Cauliflower is 40%. Celery is 21%. Beans range from 23% to 54% depending on the variety. Grains are 8% to 31%. Nuts and seeds are 8% to 21%. Fruits are the lowest at around 5–8% on average. If you wanted to suffer from protein deficiency, you'd either have to starve yourself, or you'd have to eat a really unbalanced diet like nothing but low-protein junk foods and certain fruits.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Many plant foods are quite rich in protein.
- B) Well-balanced diets must include fruits.
- C) Most people know nothing about plants.
- D) Vegetarians can survive without protein.

94. (v9-124-34) Which of the following gets the biggest amount of calories from protein?

- A) Nuts and seeds.
- B) A certain kind of beans.
- C) Broccoli and certain fruits.
- D) Junk food.

95. (v9-125-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 31–32.

Hannibal, a Carthaginian general, was one of the greatest military commanders in history. In 218–217 BC Hannibal traveled from Spain through France and across the Alps to attack Italy. He inflicted crushing defeats on Roman armies as he marched towards the city, but he lacked the reinforcements necessary to

take it. In 202 BC Hannibal was called back to Africa to defend Carthage against invading Roman forces, and there he was finally defeated.

What is the text about?

- A) The war between Spain and France.
- B) Hannibal and his fights.
- C) Invasions carried out by Roman armies.
- D) The history of Carthage.

96. (v9-125-32) By which of the following armies was Hannibal defeated?

- A) Carthaginian
- B) French
- C) Spanish
- D) Roman

97. (v9-125-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 33–34.

Las Vegas is the hotel capital of the world. It has fourteen of the biggest hotels in the world and more than 125,000 hotel rooms. Many of the 37 million tourists who come here every year come to see the hotels.

The Rio hotel, for example, has an Ipanema beach, waterfalls, four swimming pools and sixteen restaurants. At the Venetian Hotel, you can take a gondola, and you can climb the Eiffel Tower or visit the Arc de Triomphe at the Paris hotel. Many tourists never go outside their hotel, which have everything you could possibly want: bars, restaurants, sport centers and swimming pools, cinemas, theatres – even theme parks.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) There are many hotels named "Las Vegas" throughout the world.
- B) The large number and variety of hotels in Las Vegas attract tourists.
- C) Tourists are allowed to go outside their hotels to cat in Las Vegas.
- D) Las Vegas has the biggest hotel in the world which has 125,000 rooms.

98. (v9-125-34) Where can tourists take a gondola?

- A) In an Ipanema beach.
- B) In the Venetian Hotel.
- C) In the Pans Hotel.
- D) In the Rio Hotel.

99. (v9-127-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 33–34.

In the Western World, the New Year usually begins on 1st January. But there are exceptions. The Muslim New Year begins in March or April. So does the Italian New Year. The Jewish New Year begins in September. Then there is the Chinese New Year. This begins in January or February. The Chinese have a lunar calendar, so the beginning and the end of every month depends on the moon. There are 12 months in their year, and every year has a different sign and personality. The Chinese calendar is very old: the western year 2008 is the Chinese year 4705, and so 2009 is the Chinese year 4706.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Muslim New Year is never celebrated in winter time.
- B) Chinese New Year is the most popular celebration throughout the world.
- C) New Year is the biggest festival of the year.
- D) There are different dates to celebrate New Year in different countries.

100. (v9-127-34) When is Indian New Year?

- A) On January 1
- B) In March or April
- C) In September
- D) In February

101. (v9-128-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 31–32.

The QE2. The Queen Elizabeth 2 usually called the QE2, the most famous passenger ship in the world, has retired. It was an enormous floating hotel which could carry 2,000 passengers, and it had a staff of 950 running the ship and looking after passengers. The ship had three restaurants, eight bars, a ladies' hairdresser's and men's barber's shop. In addition there were four swimming pools, two cinemas, a casino, two libraries, a hospital, a bank and a gymnasium. There were also some shops but there were no cars, buses or trucks. In autumn 2008 the QE2 was sold to a developer in the United Arab Emirates. The text is about:

- A) a small city with good traffic
- B) the facilities on board a passenger ship
- C) a hotel with swimming pools, libraries and bars
- D) the staff trained to run the ship

102. (v9-128-32) How many places for people who enjoy watching movies were there on the QE2?

- A) Three
- B) Two
- C) 950
- D) Eight

103. (v9-129-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 31–32.

On 18 April 1810, four months after he and Pottinger had sailed from Bombay, Christie rode through the principal gateway Herat. He was to remain there for a month, taking careful notes of all what he saw or heard. The city of Herat is situated in a valley surrounded by lofty mountains. The valley, running from east to west, was thirty miles long and fifteen wide. The city itself covered an area of four square miles and was surrounded by a massive wall. At its northern end was a citadel built of baked brick with a tower at each corner.

What is the text about?

- A) Pottinger's journey to Bombay.
- B) Traditions and customs of Afghan people.
- C) Herat in the nineteenth century.
- D) Christie's adventures in Afghanistan.

104. (v9-129-32) How big was Herat?

- A) Four square miles
- B) Thirty miles long
- C) Four miles long
- D) Fifteen miles wide

105. (v9-130-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 33–34.

In some countries in Latin America, particularly in Argentina and Brazil, it is a tradition to pull people's ear-lobe once for each year of your life. In Ireland, there is a tradition called Birthday Bumps. On your birthday, friends lift you upside down and bump you on the floor for good luck. The number of bumps is your age plus one for extra good luck. You should avoid going to Canada on your birthday, where they grease your nose with butter! Canadians believe that

a greasy nose means you are too slippery for bad luck to catch you. In India, birthday girls give chocolates to all the students in their class.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) People in Latin America never celebrate their birthdays.
- B) People in different countries have very similar traditions.
- C) Not all birthday traditions are pleasant for the birthday person.
- D) It is not a good idea to go to Canada on your birthday.

106. (v9-130-34) Where is the birthday person lifted and bumped on the floor?

- A) Canada
- B) Argentina
- C) Ireland
- D) Brazil

107. (v11-132-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer questions 29–30.

There are around 1,500 species of cacti. The best known are prickly pears, which have a sweet juicy fruit and often large, colorful flowers. The biggest cactus is the saguaro, which can grow to 12 meters and live for more than 200 years. Woodpeckers and desert owls often live in holes of the saguaro. Close relatives of the saguaro include the organ-pipe cactus, which looks like a church organ. Barrel cacti can reach a height of 3.6 meters and over 1 meter in diameter. They store water in their trunks. The small hedgehog and pincushion cacti are frequently grown as decorative plants in gardens and homes.

What is the text about?

- A) Animals living in holes
- B) Different types of cacti
- C) Decorative trees
- D) How to grow cacti

108. (v11-132-30) A part of which cactus can be eaten?

- A) Prickly pears
- B) Barrel
- C) Organ-pipe
- D) Saguaro

109. (v13-101-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

Launched on October 4, 1957, Sputnik 1 was the first craft in orbit around the earth. Named from the Russian phrase for "traveling companion of the world" (Sputnik Zemli), it was a small satellite measuring only 58 cm across. It circled the earth once every 96.2 minutes and transmitted information about the earth's atmosphere. After 57 days in space, it re-entered the atmosphere and was destroyed. This historic launch began an era of intensive space programmers by both the Soviet Union and the United States. In the next three decades, hundreds of probes, satellites, and other missions were to follow Sputnik on the quest to explore both the wonders and the practical potential of space. What is the main idea of the text?

- A) United States tried hard to launch their own satellite.
- B) The main role of satellites is to send information from space.
- C) Sputnik 1's crash on re-entry delayed other explorations.
- D) The success of Sputnik 1 exploration

110. (v13-101-33) How long did Sputnik 1 stay in space?

- A) 4 days
- B) 96.2 minutes
- C) 58 minutes
- D) 57 days

111. (v13-113-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

The term 'castle' is most commonly applied to the fortresses belonging to European kings or important nobles during the Middle Ages. The first of this type were built by the Normans in France, during the eleventh century. They were constructed of wood and consisted simply of a tower built on a mound and stood in a courtyard, which was surrounded by a fence and a ditch. By the twelfth century, the wooden tower had given way to a stone one, containing living accommodation for the whole household, centered on the Great hall, and surrounded by a strong wall. As new methods of attack developed, the outer fortifications became more elaborate in order to withstand them. We can conclude from the passage that ...

- A) the first castle built by the Normans remained inhabited for a century
- B) castles were used for defense, not as residences.
- C) a castle was a certain type of early defensive structure.
- D) every noble in the Middle Ages had his own castle.

112. (v13-113-25) The author makes it clear that in the 12th century, ...

- A) the towers were built of stone.
- B) castles were strong enough to repel any attack.
- C) a castle was still a residence only for the army.
- D) a castle consisted only of a tower.

113. (v13-113-26) We learn that castles became stronger and more

- A) in reaction to the development of new military strategies.
- B) as more and more buildings were added for the increasing population.
- C) as new and better construction methods were developed.
- D) as they began to accommodate larger populations.

114. (v13-170-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Painting is the application of some colored pigment to a surface and has developed into an expressive art form. The most common types of paints used today are oil paints and water colors. Most oil painting is done on a prepared canvas or wooden board. Oil paints take several days to dry, which allows the artist to work and rework on the canvas or other surface in the meantime. Water color painting requires a totally different technique. As the name implies, water is the fluid mixed with the pigments, while paper is the only surface suitable for the paints. Because the water dries quickly into the paper, the work itself has to be done quickly, and it is difficult to correct mistakes. Gouache paints are also water-soluble, but stronger in color and tone than true water colors.

The main focus of the passage is ...

A) an explanation of how various paints are manufactured.

- B) a brief list of some types of paint and a description of their features.
- C) an explanation of why the best artists prefer to use oil paint.
- D) a history of painting as a type of expressive art form.

115. (v13-170-25) As is stated in the passage, one feature of oil paint is that ...

- A) artists must use it on specially prepared surfaces, not on paper.
- B) images produced with it can be changed if the paint hasn't dried yet
- C) true artists prefer using it to the less artistic water colors.
- D) it takes a long time to dry, during which time it can be damaged.

116. (v13-170-26) It can be inferred from the passage that gouache paints ...

- A) take longer to dry than water colors do.
- B) produce longer lasting paintings than water colors.
- C) are not considered to be true water colors.
- D) are much more expensive than water colors.

117. (v15-106-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31–33).

An orchestra is a fairly large ensemble of musical instrumentalists. The orchestra, and the history of orchestral music, is considered to have started with the operas of Claude Monteverdi. Its familiar composition divided into four basic groups of instruments – strings, woodwind, brass and percussion – dates from the second half of the 18th century and is especially connected with the work of Joseph Haydn. The orchestra grew dramatically in size during the 19th century, from an ensemble of 35 players to a company of well over 100. During the same period, the composition of orchestral music and the particular use made of individual instruments or groups of them increasingly became the hallmark of a composer's individual style.

It's said in the passage that ...

- A) the larger the orchestra, the better the music it will produce.
- B) opera is an art form that is highly superior to orchestral music.
- C) the size of orchestras has grown to include too many instruments.
- D) Monteverdi's operas are regarded as the first examples of orchestral music.

118. (v15-106-32) It's clear from the passage that individual instruments in orchestras ...

- A) can be mainly classified into four different types.
- B) were much larger in the 19th century than in the 18th.
- C) were primarily designed by the composer Haydn.
- D) are all made of either wood or some type of metal.

119. (v15-106-33) It may be concluded from the information given in the passage that ...

- A) there was little variation in the style of music produced in the 19th century.
- B) it is difficult to determine the composer of a piece of music without being told.

C) composers in the 19th century were known for their characteristic styles.
D) large groups of composers worked together on most 19th century projects.

120. (v15-107-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

The earliest inns were established about 3000 B.C. Most of them were private homes whose owners provided rooms for travelers. Many early innkeepers did not keep the room clean, and they provided only crude meals for their guests. Several travelers usually had to share the same room and sometimes even the same bed. The quality of inns, especially of those in England, improved during the A.D. 1700's, when more people began to travel for pleasure.

The first building in the United States constructed specifically as a hotel was the City Hotel, which was opened in New York City in 1794. During the 1800's, American innkeepers became the leaders in hotel development. At that time, only the wealthy could afford to stay at European hotels. In the United States, however, many hotels offered comfortable, inexpensive lodgings. Early hotels had many beds, no lock on room doors, and no lobbies. Guests usually entered a hotel through a bar. In 1829, The Tremont House in Boston became the first hotel provide private rooms with locks. The Tremont House also was the first hotel to have a lobby and to offer indoor plumbing. **What was the most important reason for enhancement of early inns?**

- A) The increased number of travelers for bliss.
- B) The lack of delicious meals for guests.
- C) The complaints by guests about existing conditions.
- D) The competitions among innkeepers.

121. (v15-107-24) The word "lodging" in the passage means ...

- A) attic
- B) pantry
- C) hut
- D) residence

122. (v15-107-25) Which of the following is not mentioned in the passage?

- A) The Tremont House supplied the guests with water in their rooms.
- B) There existed the first reception area in The Tremont House.
- C) In The Tremont House the guests had an opportunity to fasten a door with a key.
- D) The Tremont House had comfortable and inexpensive private rooms.

123. (v15-107-26) Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A) The first hotel
- B) The development of hotels
- C) Many early innkeepers
- D) Rooms for travelers

124. (v15-107-31) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31–33).

In recent years, whole new generations of cargo vessels have begun sailing the oceans of the world at speeds that in the past were confined to fast passenger liners. They are known as container ships, monsters with powerful engines developing up to 90000 horse powers. These ships are primarily important due to the fact that the container method of transporting goods has revolutionised maritime cargo carrying

because of the speed at which they can be loaded and unloaded when they arrive at a port specially equipped to handle the containers. These containers look like giant building blocks and are made to a standard size.

The author of the passage states that the main advantage of container ships is that they are ...

- A) loaded and unloaded extremely fast
- B) bigger than other ships
- C) able to compete with fast ocean liners
- D) as comfortable as fast ocean liners

125. (v15-107-32) According to the passage container ships ...

- A) have recently begun sailing the oceans
- B) can travel so fast because they are loaded with standard size containers
- C) are the fastest ships in the world
- D) are described as "monsters" because they are ugly

126. (v15-107-33) It is said in the passage that ...

- A) because containers are of a standard size, they can be used as building blocks
- B) container vessels have been around for as long as passenger liners
- C) container vessels can only be loaded and unloaded at specially equipped ports
- D) passenger liners still have a number of important advantages over container

127. (v15-112-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

In order to overcome the limits of the nine-to-five schedule and to grant workers increased independence, thousands of companies have been experimenting with flexible work hour schedules, or flexitime, with flexitime workers set their own schedules as long as the hours are compatible with company needs and are sufficient to complete assignments. Thus one worker may work from seven to three while another works from ten to six. One variation of flexitime is the four-day work week, in which workers put in four ten-hour days rather than five eight-hour days. When possible, employees are allowed to choose their days off, with many choosing three-day weekends.

The passage tells us that worker on flexitime ...

- A) always work four days a week instead of five.
- B) are free to work whenever they want.
- C) must still complete their work.
- D) usually enjoy working the traditional nine-to-five schedule

128. (v15-112-24) It is stated in the passage that one advantage of flexitime is ...

- A) to allow a more flexible dress code.
- B) to compel workers into working ten-hour days.
- C) to give workers more free time.
- D) to make workers complete their assignments on time.

129. (v15-112-25) We can conclude that one reason a worker might choose flexitime is ...

- A) to avoid the rush-hour traffic by commuting at different hours from the majority.
- B) to get a longer weekend in return for longer working days.

C) to earn more money by working more overtime hours.

D) to be able to work longer hours and impress his or her boss.

130. (v15-112-26) The word "grant" in the text is closest in meaning to ...

- A) reject
- B) conform
- C) reduce
- D) give

131. (v15-117-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31–33).

In the Pacific Ocean, over 4000 kilometers from the coast of Chile, the closest mainland, is a tiny island named Easter Island that amazed the first seafarers to land there in the 18th century. What surprised them were the hundreds of colossal statues scattered all over the island. They were the remains of massive sculptures that had been cut from the volcanic mountains. No one has ever been able to explain why these statues were built. They are between ten and twenty meters high and weigh up to fifty tonnes. Even now, scientists are unable to explain how such huge monuments were constructed and moved about on such a remote island.

According to the passage the most extraordinary thing about Easter Island is ...

- A) the many huge stone images found on the island.
- B) the 4000 year old mountains that were discovered in the 18th century.
- C) the existence of volcanic mountains there.
- D) its location nearly 4000 kilometers from Chile.

132. (v15-117-32) The passage informs us that ...

- A) there are between ten and twenty statues on the island.
- B) the reason for the construction of the statues is not understood.
- C) there were no people on the island until the 18th century.
- D) seamen in the 18th century often made up unlikely stories.

133. (v15-117-33) It is stated in the passage that ...

- A) Easter Island is a long way from the nearest continent.
- B) the civilization of Easter Island was destroyed by a volcanic eruption.
- C) the statues are situated in the most remote part of the island.
- D) the first seafarers to land on the island were very skilful.

134. (v16-102-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

A recent investigation by scientists at the U.S. Geological Survey shows that strange animal behavior might help predict earthquakes. Investigators found such occurrences within a ten-kilometer radius of the epicenter of a fairly recent quake. Scientists believe that animals can perceive environmental changes several hours or even days before the mishap. Animals were noted as being restless for several weeks before a Tashkent earthquake in 1966. An hour before the disaster, domestic animals refused to go indoors, and dogs howled and

barked furiously. In 1960, an earthquake struck Agadir in Morocco. Survivors recall that stay animals, including dogs, were seen streaming out of town before the earthquake. In a safari zoo near San Francisco, llamas would not eat the evening before a 1979 quake, and they ran around wildly all night. Unusual animal behaviour preceding earthquakes has been noted for centuries. British Admiral Robert Fitzroy reported huge flocks of screaming seabirds over Concepcion, Chile, in 1835. An hour and a half later, dogs were seen fleeing, and ten minutes later the town was destroyed. Similar stories of chickens running around in apparent states of panic, horses trembling, and dogs barking incessantly were recorded throughout the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries by survivors of earthquake destruction in India, Yugoslavia, Peru, Mexico and the United States.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Scientists can make animals perceive earthquakes.
- B) People can be protected from earthquakes.
- C) People should prepare their pets for earthquakes.
- D) People can be warned about earthquakes by animals' behaviour.

135. (v16-102-34) What does the word "incessantly" in the text mean?

- A) permanent
- B) endlessly
- C) steadily
- D) temporarily

136. (v16-102-35) All of the statements are FALSE EXCEPT:

- A) Dogs and horses are special animals that can predict natural disasters.
- B) All creatures can predict approaching earthquake.
- C) The U.S. Geological Survey has successfully predicted an earthquake in Tashkent.
- D) Some animals have the intuitive sense before the disasters.

137. (v16-102-36) After reading the text you can come to conclusion that by observing animals, scientists will be able to

- A) alert about danger
- B) assess the damage
- C) care about animals
- D) decrease environmental destruction

138. (v16-104-21) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-23).

Of the countries of Latin America, none has had a more melancholy history than Paraguay. For nearly 180 years, from 1811, when the country became independent from Spain, it had a very succession of dictators, some bad, some very bad. One allowed no newspapers or schools. Another claimed half of the country for himself. When the last one was overthrown in 1989, it was assumed that Andres Rodriguez, the general who organized the coup against his old master, would be a dictator too. To many people's astonishment, starting a democratic movement, he freed political prisoners, ended the ban on opposition political

parties, lifted newspaper censorship, and successfully stood for president in what was acclaimed as the cleanest dirty election in the country's history.

According to the passage Paraguay

- A) is still affected by the traditions of the colonial period
- B) was ruled by decent, fair-minded leaders only for a short period
- C) had its worst times during the rule of the dictator Andre Rodriguez
- D) has suffered a series of unworthy dictators during its history

139. (v16-104-22) It is surprising that General Andres Rodriguez

- A) introduced democracy even though he came to power in coup
- B) was a hero of the independence movement, which ended in 1811
- C) became a dictator exactly like his predecessors
- D) was overthrown by a dictator in 1989

140. (v16-104-23) It is implied in the passage that

- A) there has never been a completely free and fair election in Paraguay
- B) Paraguay's first ever elections took place under Andres Rodriguez
- C) the most recent election in Paraguay was completely free and fair
- D) all of the countries of Latin America have had a sad history

141. (v16-104-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Greenhouse gas is a type of gas that stops heat escaping from the atmosphere and causes a greenhouse effect - it warms our planet - and that leads to climate change. Greenhouse gas is being caused by pollution from factories and from using containers of things like paint or perfume, which is kept under high pressure so that it can be sprayed - which we call aerosols. But according to a recent report, the production of meat is also adding to the problem. Research from Cambridge and Aberdeen universities estimates greenhouse gases from food production will go up 80% if meat and dairy consumption continues to rise at its current rate. The surge in meat eating will drive more deforestation as farmers seek increasing amounts of land. Cutting forests releases greenhouse gases from the wood and the soil, and fertilizers create greenhouse gases too. Under current trends, agriculture alone will cause the world to bust its targets for reducing the risk of dangerous climate change. And another problem is that more of the fields used for growing crops that we eat, like wheat, are being used to grow food to feed the animals that we later eat. Research also found beef cattle need 28 times more land than pork, poultry or dairy farming. Cattle are the biggest source of greenhouse gases, accounting for more than three-quarters of all gases made by farming livestock around the world.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) The influence of meat consumption on amount of greenhouse gases.
- B) The problem of deforestation.
- C) Tucking into meat.
- D) Carnivores.

142. (v16-104-28) Choose the best title.

- A) Is deforestation harmful for our planet?
- B) Is eating meat killing our planet?
- C) Can fertilizers save the Earth?
- D) Cattle farming

143. (v16-104-29) Identify true statement.

- A) Greenhouse gas is being caused only by pollution from factories and from using containers of things like paint or perfume, which is kept under high pressure.
- B) According to a recent report, the production of meals is also adding to the problem.
- C) Deforestation releases greenhouse gases from the wood and the soil.
- D) Less than one quarter of all gases is made by farming livestock around the world.

144. (v16-104-30) Give the right answer to the question.

Which cause of air pollution is not being discussed in the text?

- A) Cattle farming
- B) Meat consumption
- C) Deforestation
- D) Air conditioning

145. (v16-105-28) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (28-32).

Hypothermia is defined as a body core temperature below 35,0°C (95,0°F). Symptoms depend on the temperature. In mild hypothermia, there is shivering and mental confusion. In moderate hypothermia shivering stops and confusion increases. In severe hypothermia there may be paradoxical undressing, in which a person removes his or her clothing, as well as an increased risk of the heart stopping. Hypothermia has two main types of causes. It classically occurs from extreme exposure to cold. It may also occur from any condition that decreases heat production or increases heat loss. Commonly this includes alcohol intoxication but may also include low blood sugar, anorexia, and advanced age, among others. Body temperature is usually maintained near a constant level of 36,5-37,5°C (97,7-99,5°F) through thermoregulation. Efforts to increase body temperature involve shivering, increased voluntary activity, and putting on warmer clothing. Hypothermia may be diagnosed based on either a person's symptoms in the presence of risk factors or by measuring a person's core temperature.

Which statement best summarizes the paragraph?

- A) There are several special features which help to diagnose hypothermia.
- B) Hypothermia is a condition which every person has met at least once in his / her life.
- C) Hypothermia is a change in the body's core temperature which can be diagnosed, has symptoms and can be treated.
- D) There are particular body movements that help to overcome hypothermia.

146. (v16-105-29) What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Familiarization with the notion.
- B) Explaining how to treat the disease.
- C) Explaining causes and results of body core temperature decrease.
- D) Giving general information about hypothermia, its symptoms, causes and reaction of body on it.

147. (v16-105-30) Choose the best title to the text.

- A) Hypothermia and us.
- B) Factors affecting hypothermia.
- C) Mild hypothermia.
- D) Hypothermia.

148. (v16-105-31) Identify true statement.

- A) There is only one way of diagnosing hypothermia.
- B) Unexpected reactions may happen in case of slight body core temperature decrease.
- C) Unexpected reactions may happen in case of sharp body core temperature decrease.
- D) Thermoregulation always guarantees stable core temperature.

149. (v16-105-32) Which cause of body hypothermia is not listed in the text?

- A) Extreme weight loss
- B) Senility
- C) Alcohol poisoning
- D) Diabetes

150. (v16-109-25) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

If you get sick with malaria or yellow fever, your chances to survive are...

- A) terrible
- B) mediocre
- C) good
- D) excellent

151. (v16-109-26) How does the writer feel about his subject?

- A) despondent
- B) exasperated
- C) equivocal
- D) despondent

152. (v16-109-27) The text is mainly about

- A) tigers and sharks
- B) dangers that can be carried by small insects
- C) yellow fever and malaria
- D) better ways of killing mosquitoes

153. (v16-109-30) Find antonym to the word "superfluous".

- A) Surplus
- B) Undue
- C) Supervacaneous
- D) essential

154. (v16-109-31) Which statement contradicts to the theory of omission?

- A) Writer should be distant from heroes.
- B) Simplicity in writing leads to its attraction.
- C) The gist shouldn't be on the surface.
- D) There should be as many details in the writing as possible.

155. (v16-111-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25-27).

Artifacts and structures suggest sport in China as early as 2000 BC. Gymnastics appears to have been popular in China's ancient past. Monuments to the Pharaohs indicate that a number of sports, including swimming and fishing, were well-developed and regulated several thousands of years ago in ancient Egypt. Other Egyptian sports included javelin throwing, high jump, and wrestling. Ancient Persian sports such as the traditional Iranian martial art of Zourkhaneh had a close connection to warfare skills. Among other sports that originate in ancient Persia are polo and jousting. A wide range of sports were already established by the time of Ancient Greece and the military culture and the development

of sports in Greece influenced one another considerably. Sports became such a prominent part of their culture that the Greeks created the Olympic Games, which in ancient times were held every four years in a small village in the Peloponnesus called Olympia.

Sports have been increasingly organized and regulated from the time of the ancient Olympics up to the present century. Industrialization has brought increased leisure time, letting people attend and follow spectator sports and participate in athletic activities. These trends continued with the advent of mass media and global communication. Professionalism became prevalent, further adding to the increase in sport's popularity, as sports fans followed the exploits of professional athletes - all while enjoying the exercise and competition associated with amateur participation in sports. Since the turn of the 21st century, there has been increasing debate about whether transgender sportspersons should be able to participate in sport events that conform with their post-transition gender identity.

The passage is mainly about

- A) History of sports
- B) Olympic Games
- C) Industrialization
- D) Professional athletes

156. (v16-111-26) According to the passage the military culture and the development of sports...

- A) had strong impact on each other
- B) didn't considerably affect each other
- C) had a very weak connection
- D) organized and regulated Olympic Games

157. (v16-111-27) It is mentioned in the passage that

- A) Sports were well-known in China in ancient times
- B) Monuments to the Pharaohs are the earliest signs of sports
- C) Sports have never been increasingly organized up until now
- D) Sport cannot be a profession

158. (v16-115-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

Immemorial records such as old Babylonian manuscripts, Dark Age chronicles and New Age prophecies, all speak of catastrophes striking the Earth with destroying consequences; and all regard these disasters as instances of heavenly punishment. Many describe global disasters - floods that engulf continents, wiping out entire civilizations. Others describe fires that rain down from the skies. Until recently few scientists took these tales of catastrophe seriously, regarding them as hangovers from a superstitious age. But today these ancient accounts are regarded as potentially valuable evidence for events that have played a key role in the history of our planet, from its very formation 4.5 million years ago. These events are every bit as catastrophic as the legends claimed: cosmic impacts that have dealt severe blows to life many times in the past - and will do so again. The dramatic view of Earth history

now emerging could hardly be more different from that held by many scientists even as recently as the 1980s.

The main idea of the passage is that ...

- A) the ancients misunderstood why there was flooding and great fires.
- B) accounts of, for instance, fire raining down from the skies, are so detailed that they must be true.
- C) ancient stories about great disasters occurring on Earth could be graphic accounts of cosmic impacts.
- D) the great catastrophic events of the past are unlikely to be repeated in the future.

159. (v16-115-22) It's clear from the passage that, over the past 30 years or so, scientists have begun to realize ...

- A) that there have been instances of truly massive destruction during the course of Earth history.
- B) that the disasters described by the ancients are not of scientific importance.
- C) that ancient accounts of disasters can all be related to cosmic events that actually happened.
- D) that ancient accounts of disasters can all be related to legends.

160. (v16-115-23) According to the passage, in the writings of various ancient and early civilizations, there are accounts of ...

- A) catastrophes that occurred 4.5 million years ago
- B) many purely imaginary disasters
- C) floods that destroyed whole civilizations
- D) floods that destroyed whole bridges

161. (v16-115-24) We understand from the passage that accounts of fires raining down from the skies have only recently ...

- A) come to the attention of the general public.
- B) been compared to the stories of the great floods.
- C) attracted any attention of serious scientific society.
- D) been regarded as the imaginings of superstitious people.

162. (v16-119-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question (25-27).

ALLERGIC REACTIONS TO COSMETICS

In a recent survey, it was found that 25 percent of the women interviewed. Reported drying and burning of the skin after using certain soaps, ten percent had eye and nasal irritations after using certain perfumes, and eight percent had cracked lips after using certain lipsticks. The most common symptoms of allergic dermatitis are extremely dry skin, scaling, and redness with swelling and itching. The products most likely to cause this condition are lipstick, nail polish, soap, hair preparations, deodorants, and perfumes. Various drugs are being developed for the relief of allergy sufferers. However, your best help is to convert to a cosmetic product to which you have no harmful reaction. Remember that the product is not at fault or in any way injurious; it is your particular sensitivity to it that creates the problem. A line of hypo-allergenic cosmetics that are relatively free from substances that have been found to create allergic reactions is on the market.

The writer advises those with allergic reactions to ...

- A) stop using soap
- B) take anti-allergenic drugs
- C) change their brand of cosmetics
- D) avoid all cosmetics

163. (v16-119-26) It's likely that the aim of the survey was ...

- A) to test how well a particular brand of soap was selling
- B) to aid the drug manufacturers in their development of remedies
- C) to get evidence to support a legal claim for damages against a cosmetics company
- D) to get an idea of how women react physically to cosmetics

164. (v16-119-27) Certain products cause allergies because ...

- A) they are very low quality
- B) the women are taking drugs which react adversely to the cosmetics
- C) the women overuse them by as much as 25 percent
- D) certain people are sensitive to their ingredients

*165. (v16-124-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question (25-28).

Teenagers are not the only ones to be tempted by fast food. Apparently, pigeons also find the salty, fatty meals very attractive. Reports suggest that city pigeons are eating leftovers found in trash cans or outside fast-food restaurants, and as a result they are becoming overweight. Soon they will not be able to sit on power lines without the risk of breaking the lines and causing shortages. Find the sentence that best represents the main idea.

- A) Teenagers suffer from junk food more than animals.
- B) Pigeons are unable to fly because they are leftovers-eaters.
- C) Animals suffer from fast food as well as the teenagers.
- D) Some birds can love fast food as well the teenagers do.

166. (v16-124-26) The word "Power lines" can be best replaced by ...

- A) power stations
- B) wires
- C) strings
- D) ropes

167. (v16-124-27) The word "leftovers" refers to ...

- A) trash cans
- B) fast-food restaurants
- C) pigeons
- D) fast food

168. (v16-124-28) Choose the best title for the passage.

- A) Teenagers and pigeons.
- B) Pigeons in the street.
- C) Leftovers lovers.
- D) Fat pigeons.

169. (v17-106-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (25-28).

Jane Eyre, the daughter of a poor man, loses both of her parents shortly after birth. Her aunt, Mrs. Reed, was a rude woman. One day, Jane tells to her aunt's face all she thinks of her. After that, her aunt sent Jane to Lowood and she started to work as a governess at Mr. Rochester's house.

Mr. Rochester and Jane fell in love with each other. When Jane learned that Mr. Rochester had a wife, she did not marry him. Then she got a job of a teacher in a village school. Mr. Rochester loses his sight during the fire in the house set on by his wife. Then his wife meets tragic death.

Hearing that Mr. Rochester was disabled, Jane Eyre hurries to him to find peace and happiness.

What is the story about?

- A) The love between Mr. Rochester and Jane Eyre.
- B) The tragic death of Mr. Rochester's wife.
- C) Rude attitude of Mrs. Reed towards Jane Eyre.
- D) The life of an orphan girl.

170. (v17-106-26) What kind of childhood did Jane Eyre experience?

- A) She became an orphan in her early childhood.
- B) Mr. Rochester made her work in his house.
- C) She was made to work as a governess by Mrs. Reed
- D) Her childhood passed happily in Lowood.

171. (v17-106-27) What is the reason for Jane Eyre's leaving for Lowood?

- A) being an only child in the family
- B) telling the truth about bad character of her aunt
- C) having a great intention to work as a governess
- D) Jane Eyre's deep love for Mr. Rochester

172. (v17-106-28) All of the given statements about the passage are TRUE, EXCEPT ...

- A) Jane Eyre refused to get married to Mr. Rochester being aware of his family.
- B) Mr. Rochester became blind after the flame made by his ex-wife.
- C) Jane Eyre agreed to Mr. Rochester's proposal about marriage at once.
- D) Jane Eyre wanted to give a hand to Mr. Rochester having heard of his misfortune.

173. (v17-106-29) Read the text.

Then Choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

When you think of interesting creatures, you probably don't picture the common cockroach. However, although this insect isn't very pretty, it is pretty amazing. Cockroaches are good at getting around. They can squeeze into very tight spaces, which comes in handy when they want to go through cracks in walls. A baby cockroach can flatten itself as thin as a dime. Traveling at three miles an hour, a cockroach can easily scurry out of the way of looming feet or bug swatters. Cockroaches are also tough. They can survive a month without food and a week without water. They can even survive for weeks without a head. Next time you see a cockroach, show some respect for this common household pest. After all, the species has been around far longer than people - more than 280 million years, by some estimates. Now that's an old bug! What main idea is supported by the fact that a cockroach can survive without its head?

- A) Cockroaches are fast-moving.
- B) Cockroaches are tough.
- C) Cockroaches are common pests.
- D) Cockroaches are smart.

174. (v17-106-30) The passage compares a baby cockroach to a dime to show.

- A) The speed of baby cockroaches
- B) The thinness of baby cockroaches
- C) The color of baby cockroaches
- D) the thickness of baby cockroaches

175. (v17-106-31) Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?

- A) Cockroaches have longer lives than people.
- B) cockroaches can move faster than people
- C) Cockroaches have existed longer as a species than people.
- D) cockroaches can live without food and water

176. (v17-106-32) Choose the best title for the passage.

- A) An amazing life!
- B) Tough animals!
- C) Cockroach Fun facts
- D) Cockroaches can live without food!

177. (v17-106-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

The oldest living things on Earth are trees. Some of California's sequoias have for four thousand years looked down on the changes in the landscape and the comings and goings of humans. They sprouted from tiny seeds about the time the Egyptian pyramids were being built. Today these giant patriarchs seem as remote and inaccessible as the rocks and mountain cliffs on which they grow, like cathedral columns holding up the sky. It is hard to imagine them playing any part in the lives of mere humans or being in any way affected by the creatures that pass at their feet.

Lesser trees, however, have played an intimate role in the lives of people since they first appeared on Earth. Trees fed the fires that warmed humans: they provided shelter, food and medicine and even clothing. They also shaped people's spiritual horizons. Trees expressed the grandeur and mystery of life, as they moved through the cycle of seasons, from life to death and back to life again. Trees were the largest living things around humans and they knew that some trees had been standing on the same spot in their parent's and grandparents' time, and would continue to stand long after they were gone. No wonder these trees became symbols of strength, fruitfulness, and everlasting life. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Trees grow to great heights
- B) Trees have been important to people throughout history
- C) Trees make humans seem superior
- D) Trees that grow in California are very old

178. (v17-106-34) Which of the following is NOT mentioned in the passage as a way in which people have used trees?

- A) For furniture
- B) For fuel
- C) For housing
- D) For nourishment

179. (v17-106-35) In the passage, the phrase «giant patriarchs» could best be replaced by which of the following?

- A) tiny seeds
- B) important leaders.
- C) towering trees
- D) Egyptian pyramids

180. (v17-106-36) The author implies that, compared with sequoias, other trees have
- been in existence longer
 - adapted more readily to their environments
 - been affected more by animals
 - had a closer relationship with people

181. (v17-107-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

The shark tooth stalactite is broad and tapering in appearance. It may begin as a small dribble of lava from a semi-solid ceiling, but then grows by accreting layers as successive flows of lava rise and fall in the lava tube, coating and recoating the stalactite with more material. They can vary from a few millimeters to over a meter in length. As lava flows through a tube, material will be splashed up on the ceiling and ooze back down, hardening into a stalactite. This type of formation results in a very irregularly shaped stalactite, looking somewhat like stretched taffy. Often they may be of a different color than the original lava that formed the cave. Identify main idea

- Stalactites may be of various shapes and origins
- All stalactites in the world are identical
- People should not touch stalactites
- Stalactites are irregularly shaped

182. (v17-107-26) How are the stalactites formed?

- They grow all at once
- They grow layer by layer
- They first are liquid and then grow in the ground
- They don't grow. They are formed by tubes.

183. (v17-107-27) Identify false statement

- Stalactites may be of various sizes
- The main material for stalactites is of volcanic origin
- Stalactites have definite shape
- Stalactites' colour may differ from the colour of material which it is formed from

184. (v17-107-28) Give the title

- History of stalactites
- Types of stalactites
- Tourism in stalactite caves
- Colours of stalactites

185. (v17-108-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

The first larger ski jumping competition was held on Husebyrennet hill in Oslo, Norway, in 1875. The event was moved to Holmenkollen in 1892 due to the poor infrastructure and the weather conditions, and is today still one of the main ski jumping events in the season. In the late 19th century, Sondre Norheim and Nordic skier Karl Hovelsen emigrated to the United States and started developing the sport in the country. In 1924, ski jumping was featured at the 1924 Winter Olympics in Chamonix, France. The sport has been featured at every Olympics since then. In 1935, the origins of the ski flying began in Planica, Slovenia, where Josef Bradl became the first competitor in the history to jump over 100 meters. At the same venue, the first official jump over 200 meters was achieved in 1994, when Toni Nieminen landed at 203 meters.

In 1964 in Zakopane, Poland, the large hill event was introduced at the FIS Nordic World Ski Championships. In the same year, the normal hill event was included on the Olympic programme at the 1964 Winter Olympics. The team event was added later, at the 1988 Winter Olympics. In 1990, qualifiers for the main event were introduced to limit the number of competitors.

Identify main idea

- Chronology of ski jumping sport
- Rules and equipment for ski jumping
- Describing major ski jumping hills
- First ski jumping champions

186. (v17-108-26) When did ski jumping become an Olympic sport?

- In the second quarter of the 20th century
- In the third quarter of the 20th century
- In the first quarter of the 20th century
- In the fourth quarter of the 20th century

187. (v17-108-27) What is the writer's purpose?

- To suggest
- To inform
- To convince
- To argue

188. (v17-108-28) Choose the best title

- History of ski jump
- History of the Olympics
- Team sports
- Winter Olympic sports

189. (v17-108-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33–36).

I had never been to Denmark before, and when I set out to catch the ferry in early May, I doubted that by the end of the trip I'd have made such lasting friendships.

I wanted to use my time well, so I had planned a route which would include several small islands and various parts of the countryside. I arrived at Esbjerg, a convenient port for a cyclist's arrival, where tourist information can be obtained and money changed. A cycle track leads out of town and down to Ribe, where I spent my first night.

In my experience, a person travelling alone sometimes meets with unexpected hospitality, and this trip was no exception. In Ribe, I got into conversation with a cheerful man who was a local baker. He insisted that I should join his family for lunch, and, while we were eating, he contacted his daughter in Odense. Within minutes, he had arranged for me to visit her and her family. Then I was sent on my way with a fresh loaf of bread to keep me going, and the feeling that this would turn out to be a wonderful holiday. According to the passage, ...

- the author made no acquaintance in Denmark.
- the first day in Denmark was very shocking for the author.
- the author went to Denmark by train.
- it was the first visit of the author to Denmark.

190. (v17-108-34) All of the following statements are TRUE, EXCEPT ...

- the author stayed in Ribe for a few days.
- the author didn't know the baker before his visit.

C) the author went to Odense just after he had been to Ribe.

D) a local baker met the author with unexpected hospitality.

191. (v17-108-35) One can infer from the passage that ...

- the author didn't like the hospitality of local people.
- a cycle track was the only way to Ribe.
- the author liked to travel on foot.
- the author was satisfied with the visit to Denmark.

192. (v17-108-36) What does the word «hospitality» in the passage mean?

- Kindness in welcoming strangers.
- A stay as a guest.
- Deliberate infliction of pain or suffering.
- An act expressing opposition to strangers.

193. (v17-109-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Art therapy (also known as arts therapy) is a creative method of expression used as a therapeutic technique. Art therapy originated in the fields of art and psychotherapy and may vary in definition.

Art therapy may focus on the creative art-making process itself, as therapy, or on the analysis of expression gained through an exchange of patient and therapist interaction.

The psychoanalytic approach was one of the earliest forms of art psychotherapy.

This approach employs the transference process between the therapist and the client who makes art. The therapist interprets the client's symbolic self-expression as communicated in the art and elicits interpretations from the client. Analysis of transference is no longer always a component.

Current art therapy includes a vast number of other approaches such as: person-centered, cognitive, behavior, Gestalt, narrative, Adlerian, family (systems) and more. The tenets of art therapy involve humanism, creativity, reconciling emotional conflicts, fostering self-awareness, and personal growth.

Identify main idea.

- General facts about art therapy
- Peculiarities of different art therapy styles
- Earliest forms of art therapy
- Approaches to art therapy

194. (v17-109-26) Which approach to art therapy is not mentioned in the text?

- Cognitive
- Bipolar
- Narrative
- family

195. (v17-109-27) Identify false statement.

- Art therapy originated in the fields of art and psychotherapy
- Art therapy may focus on two different issues
- Analysis of transference is no longer always a component.
- Current art therapy includes one approach

196. (v17-109-28) Choose the title.

- Art therapy
- Art
- Art and life
- Art in different countries

197. (v18-509) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (509–511).

The business of tennis clothes has grown astoundingly in the past few years. Over

250 million dollars is spent annually on the trappings of tennis. Apparently everyone wants to look like a pro, even though 20% of the clientele has never even played the game. Manufacturers pay the stars lucrative fees for wearing their brands of clothes and wielding their racquets on center court. Chris Evert-Lloyd, for example, is rumored to have signed a five-year contract for 5 million dollars with Ellesse, a producer of fancy, expensive tennis wear. John McEnroe gets a reported 600,000 dollars for playing with a Dunlop racquet, 330,000 dollars for sporting Tacchini clothes, and 100,000 dollars for tying his Nike tennis shoes. Obviously, in a bad year, these stars make more as fashion models than as athletes. Not only tennis players get free clothing, but also all the people involved in the game – the referees, lines people, ball boys and girls – are living advertisements for tennis wear producers. Where, traditionally, conservative white clothing was required for the entire tennis coterie, changing times have seen a new vogue in tennis outfits. Flamboyant colors, designers' nameplates, geometric figures, and bold lines distinguish the new tennis togs from their predecessors.

It can be inferred from the passage that ...

A) bright colors entice people to buy tennis wear
 B) tennis clothing appeals to the wealthy
 C) the price of tennis racquets has remained stable
 D) tennis stars get huge sums for endorsements

198. (v18-510) The author's intention is to ...

A) describe the means of advertising expensive tennis clothes
 B) describe the new tennis clothing
 C) defend tennis wear manufacturers from complaints about their high prices
 D) explain why the cost of tennis clothes has risen

199. (v18-511) A good title for this passage would be ...

A) Big Business in Tennis Wear
 B) Tennis Stars' Flamboyant Clothes
 C) The High Cost of Playing Tennis
 D) The Stars at Play

200. (v18-512) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (512–515).

A recent investigation by scientists at the U.S. Geological Survey shows that strange animal behaviour might help predict earthquakes. Investigators found such occurrences within a ten-kilometer radius of the epicenter of a fairly recent quake. Scientists believe that animals can perceive environmental changes several hours or even days before the mishap. Animals were noted as being restless for several weeks before a Tashkent earthquake in 1966. An hour before the disaster, domestic animals refused to go indoors, and dogs howled and barked furiously. In 1960, an earthquake struck Agadir in Morocco. Survivors recall that stay animals, including dogs, were seen streaming out of town before the earthquake. In a safari zoo near San Francisco, llamas would not eat the evening before a 1979 quake, and they ran around wildly all

night. Unusual animal behaviour preceding earthquakes has been noted for centuries. British Admiral Robert Fitzroy reported huge flocks of screaming seabirds over Concepcion, Chile, in 1835. An hour and a half later, dogs were seen fleeing, and ten minutes later the town was destroyed. Similar stories of chickens running around in apparent states of panic, horses trembling, and dogs barking constantly were recorded throughout the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries by survivors of earthquake destruction in India, Yugoslavia, Peru, Mexico and the United States. What is the main idea of the text?

A) People should prepare their pets for earthquakes.
 B) Scientists can make animals perceive earthquakes.
 C) People can be warned about earthquakes by animals' behaviour.
 D) People can be protected from earthquakes.

201. (v18-513) What does the word «constantly» in the text mean?

A) temporarily B) angrily
 C) devotedly D) continually

202. (v18-514) All of the statements are FALSE EXCEPT:

A) All creatures can predict approaching earthquake.
 B) Some animals have the intuitive sense before the disasters.
 C) Dogs and horses are special animals that can predict natural disasters.
 D) The U.S. Geological Survey has successfully predicted an earthquake in Tashkent.

203. (v18-515) After reading the text you can come to conclusion that by observing animals, scientists will be able to ...

A) alert about danger
 B) assess the damage
 C) decrease environmental destruction
 D) care about animals

204. (v18-516) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (519–520).

The Formula 1 race begins with a warm-up lap, after which the cars assemble on the starting grid in the order they qualified. This lap is often referred to as the formation lap, as the cars lap in formation with no overtaking (although a driver who makes a mistake may regain lost ground provided he has not fallen to the back of the field). The warm-up lap allows drivers to check the condition of the track and their car, gives the tires a chance to warm up to increase traction, and also gives the pit crews time to clear themselves and their equipment from the grid. Once all the cars have formed on the grid, a light system above the track indicates the start of the race: five red lights are illuminated at intervals of one second; they are all then extinguished simultaneously after an unspecified time (typically less than 3 seconds) to signal the start of the race. The start procedure may be abandoned if a driver stalls on the grid, signaled by raising his arm. If this happens, the procedure restarts: a new formation lap begins with the offending car removed from the grid. The race may

also be restarted in the event of a serious accident or dangerous conditions, with the original start voided. The race may be started from behind the Safety Car if officials feel a racing start would be excessively dangerous, such as extremely heavy rainfall. As of the 2017 season there will always be a standing restart. If due to heavy rainfall a start behind the safety car is necessary, then after the track has dried sufficiently, drivers will form up for a standing start. There is no formation lap when races start behind the Safety Car. Identify main idea.

A) Formula 1 Race
 B) Race Directing
 C) Formula 1 Points System
 D) Formula 1 Safety

205. (v18-517) Identify true statement.

A) All laps are counted as part of competition
 B) The condition of the track and the car must be checked before the race
 C) A warm-up lap reduces productivity of the tires of the car
 D) The order of cars depends on their qualification results

206. (v18-518) The word "void" means ...

A) Invalidate B) Uphold
 C) Vindicate D) authenticate

207. (v18-519) When can formation lap be removed?

A) Because of extremely heavy rainfall
 B) abandoned if a driver stalls on the grid
 C) restarted in the event of a serious accident or dangerous conditions
 D) when races start behind the Safety Car

208. (v18-520) Identify informal synonym to the word "excessively".

A) inordinately B) immoderately
 C) too-too D) exceptionally

100. Main topic

1. (01-3-37) Read the text and choose the one best answer to the question.

Persian cats probably originated in Asia Minor; they were introduced to Europe in the 1700s, where they were called French cats or Angoras. They became popular in Britain during Queen Victoria's reign; she and other members of the royal family kept blue Persians. They have been exhibited in cat shows as a recognised breed for more than a hundred years, and people always admire them. The first cat show in Britain, in 1871, included black and white Persians. The Persian has changed significantly since then; early Persians had much longer bodies, larger ears, smaller eyes, and longer faces than today's short-faced, round-eyed Persians. Oh, how beautiful all of them are! What is the main topic of the text?

A) Cat shows in Britain.
 B) Queen Victoria's love for cats.
 C) Origin and evolution of Persians.
 D) Persians' breeding.
 E) Persians' appearance.

2. (01-3-40) Read the text of test 37 and choose the one best answer to the question. Which of the following is not true?

A) The members of the royal family had blue Persians.
 B) Persians originated in Britain.
 C) Today's Persians differ from their ancestors.

D) Almost 130 years have passed from the first cat shows in Britain till the beginning of the third millennium.

E) Persians are different colours nowadays.

3. (01-3-41) Read the text of test 37 and choose the one best answer to the question. Which of the following is mentioned in the text?

A) Persians are aristocratic with long plush coats and heavy bones.

B) Persians were brought to Europe from Iran.

C) White Persians are the most popular in Britain.

D) Today Persians are in great demand.

E) The exhibition of Persians in Britain began in 1871.

4. (v7-186-33) Read the text.

Then choose

the correct answer for questions 33–34.

Sloane Rangers love the past. You cannot have background without lashings of The Past. All the good things have been going for ages. In The Past it was clear who were life's officers. It means old houses, old furniture, old clothes, old wine, old families, old money – everything lovely and faded and patinated and always-been-there.

The Rangers' favourite bit of the past is the English eighteenth century – then everything was right. The nineteenth century is when the Bad Things came in: industry, towns, new money and the wrong kind of legs on furniture. They put everything they like into the eighteenth century, even if it was really in the seventeenth or nineteenth. And they ruthlessly remake fine 1680 cottages and 1880 flats into 1780 manor-houses.

What is the text about?

A) Industrial towns of the 19th century.

B) Sloane Rangers and the Bad Things.

C) Sloane Rangers' admiration of the 18th century.

D) Cottages, flats and furniture of the past.

5. (v7-186-34) According to Sloane Rangers, when did everything begin to go wrong?

A) in the 18th century B) in the 19th century

C) in 1680 D) in 1880

6. (v7-190-33) Read the text.

Then choose

the correct answer for questions 33–34.

The Brontë sisters

Of the three Brontë sisters, Charlotte, who was to live longest, had the most successful career. Her first novel, 'The Professor', which she wrote in 1846, could not find a publisher and was published only two years after her death. 'Jane Eyre', however, was an immediate success. The fame of Emily Brontë rests upon the only novel she ever wrote, 'Wuthering Heights'. During her lifetime Emily's novel was hardly noticed; all attention went to her sister's 'Jane Eyre'. But since then 'Wuthering Heights' has come to be seen as one of the greatest English novels. Anne Brontë, finally, wrote two novels during her short life. They are interesting, but lack both the passion and the realism of her sisters' novels.

What is the text about?

A) Charlotte Brontë's novels being better than her sisters'.

B) Emily Brontë's great novel which was unnoticed at first.

C) The Brontë sisters' private and public lives.

D) The Brontë sisters' contribution to English literature.

7. (v7-190-34) How many novels did Emily Brontë write?

A) three

B) four

C) one

D) two

8. (v15-119-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34–36).

In 1857, when scholars in the new reading room of the British Museum looked up from their books, they could gaze upon the inspiring vastness of the blue and copper dome above them. By the time it closed, 140 years later, they were cursing the many hours they had to look at the dome while they waited for their books to arrive. A book would seldom arrive within two hours of being ordered, and sometimes readers would have to wait up to two days. This was because, in addition to the museum, the books were stored all over London, and some as far away as a depot in Yorkshire. **According to the passage, it is evident that ...**

A) readers protested against the closure of the reading room

B) the staff of the reading room of the British Museum were helpful and efficient

C) the reading room of the British Museum closed in 1997

D) after 140 years, the once beautiful dome had become ugly

9. (v15-119-35) It can be inferred from the text that readers in the reading room of the British Museum ...

A) were actually there to admire the architecture of the building

B) often complained about the inefficiency of the staff there

C) often had to wait a long time for their books to arrive

D) requested the authorities to keep the books on the premises

10. (v15-119-36) The author states that the books read in the reading room of the British Museum ...

A) included the best examples of the national literature

B) were published over a period of 140 years

C) were not always stored there

D) attracted scholars from all over London and as far away as Yorkshire

11. (v15-130-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

Traditional cheeses are produced in many regions of the UK and are named after the area in which they were first developed. Cheddar, a hard cheese with a strong, nutty taste, is the most popular and is now made all over the world. 'A true' Cheddar must come from the counties of Somerset, Dorset or Devon in southwest England or specially from the Somerset village from which it takes its name. Wensleydale comes from the Yorkshire Dales (valleys) in northern England. Originally made from sheep's milk, it is based on a recipe introduced by the Cistercian monks in the 11th century and has a mild refreshing flavor. Traditional

Lancashire, from northwest England, has a light, salty flavor. During the Industrial Revolution (around 1760–1830), Lancashire cheese became the staple food of the mill workers. Caerphilly, a crumbly cheese, was first produced in the Welsh town of that name in about 1831. The cheese is soaked overnight in salt water to seal in the moisture. It was popular with the local coalminers who lost a lot of salt during their work underground. Blue Stilton, made only in the counties of Leicestershire, Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire is prized as the 'king' of British cheeses.

According to the passage, what kind of the UK cheeses is well-liked and produced in many places?

A) Blue Stilton

B) Wensleydale

C) Caerphilly

D) Cheddar

12. (v15-130-24) All of the following statements are true about Wensleydale cheese EXCEPT:

A) The Yorkshire valleys are starting point of this cheese.

B) Military people told about its preparation centuries ago.

C) The taste of this cheese is gentle and energizing.

D) The milk of the ewe is used to prepare this cheese.

13. (v15-130-25) The word 'staple' in the passage is closest in meaning to ...

A) basic

B) favorite

C) affordable

D) satisfying

14. (v15-130-26) Which of the following is the best title for the text?

A) Taste of traditional cheeses

B) Local cheeses of the UK

C) The best cheeses of the world

D) Background of British cheeses

15. (v16-101-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (32–36).

The word "chamomile" derives from two Greek words which mean "earth apple". It has been widely known for its medical effects. This means that it can help you when you are sick.

Chamomile tea can be made from dried chamomile flowers. There are two main types of chamomile that are used to produce the tea, German chamomile and Roman chamomile. Chamomile tea is also a digestive relaxant. Studies have shown that chamomile extracts have in vitro growth inhibitory effects on cancer cells in skin, breast with minimal effects on normal cells. Some people believe that it can help you if you have a fever, sore throat, arthritis, inflammation and insomnia.

What is the main purpose of the writer?

A) to convince

B) to inform

C) to scare

D) to argue

16. (v16-101-33) We understand from the passage that...

A) Chamomile tea can be made from dried German chamomile flowers.

B) Chamomile tea is a digestive relaxant.

C) Chamomile can be used for treatment of only one medical problem.

D) Chamomile extracts have in vitro growth.

17. (v16-101-34) According to the passage, chamomile doesn't treat...

- A) HIVs
B) sore throat
C) arthritis
D) insomnia

18. (v16-101-35) The text is mainly about

- A) types of illnesses
B) remedy from blues
C) chamomile medical use
D) side effects of chamomile usage

19. (v16-101-36) Choose the best definition for the underlined word in the passage.

- A) adsorption process
B) distribution process
C) test-tube experiments
D) metabolism

20. (v16-103-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21–24).

Scientists have developed a new bionic computer chip that can coincide with human cells to combat disease. The tiny device, smaller and thinner than a stand of hair, combines a healthy human cell with an electronic circuit chip. Doctors can control the activity of the cell by controlling the chip with a computer.

It has long been established that cell membranes become permeable when exposed to electrical impulses. Researchers have conducted genetic research for years with a trial-and-error process of bombarding cells with electricity in an attempt to introduce foreign substances such as new drug treatments or genetic material. They were unable to apply a particular level of voltage for a particular purpose. With the new invention, the computer sends electrical impulses to the chip, which triggers the cell in order to correct disease tissues. It permits physicians to open a cell's pores with control. Researchers hope that eventually they will be able to develop more advanced chips whereby they can choose a particular voltage to activate particular tissues, whether they are muscle, bone, brain, or others. They believe that they will be able to implant multiple chips into a person to deal with one problem or more than one problem.

What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) A new computer chip.
B) Electric charges make miracle.
C) Auspicious conditions in medical technologies.
D) The development of innovative technologies.

21. (v16-103-22) What does the word "combat" in the text mean?

- A) prevent
B) avoid
C) escape
D) overcome

22. (v16-103-23) All of the following statements are FALSE EXCEPT:

- A) Cells could be controlled by electric impulses.
B) Only the cells of brain, bone and muscle can be controlled by impulses.
C) Electric charges make cells to cooperate.
D) Electric shot can do harm to a person.

23. (v16-103-24) As it is stated in the passage, doctors will be able to put ...

- A) several chips into human body to cure different diseases.
B) several chips into muscles to control the voltage.
C) a few chips in order to test new medicine
D) a chip into human brain to prevent disease.

24. (v16-112-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

The Texas City disaster was an industrial accident that occurred April 16, 1947, in the Port of Texas City. It was the deadliest industrial accident in U.S. history, and one of the largest non-nuclear explosions. Originating with a mid-morning fire on board the French-registered vessel Grandcamp (docked in the port), her cargo of approximately 2,300 tons (approximately 2,100 metric tons) of ammonium nitrate detonated, with the initial blast and subsequent chain-reaction of further fires and explosions in other ships and nearby oil-storage facilities, killing at least 581 people, including all but one member of the Texas City fire department.

What is the text mainly about?

- A) the history of non-nuclear explosions
B) the Texas city
C) One of the greatest catastrophes in the history of non-nuclear explosions
D) the loss of cargo on board the French-registered vessel

25. (v16-112-26) According to the passage

- A) only one member of the Texas City fire department could survive
B) only one member of the Texas City could survive
C) Grandcamp was a German vessel
D) oil-storage facilities detonated with the chain reaction of ammonium nitrate blast

26. (v16-112-27) Choose the correct statement

- A) Texas City was the deadliest industrial accident in U.S. history
B) marine ton is bigger than metric ton
C) there were detonations on neighboring ships after the explosion
D) 581 people were killed in the accident

27. (v16-112-28) It can be understood from the passage that

- A) chain-reaction could be avoided
B) fire on board the ship was sudden and quick
C) the Texas City disaster was one of the outstanding catastrophes
D) Texas City was the deadliest industrial accident in U.S. history

28. (v17-105-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29–32).

The Flo Pass is a tactic used in association football, perfected by the Norwegian national team in the early / mid-1990s.

In a 4–5–1 formation, the full back hits a very long cross-field pass to the winger on the opposite side, who would head the ball to either one of the central midfielders or to the striker.

In the original move, employed by the Norwegian national team, the move would be started by Stig Inge Bjørnebye, and end with Jostein Flo. It is from the latter the move derives its name.

The inventor of this kind of passing is the Norwegian head coach Egil «Drillo» Olsen, who was the side's coach between 1990–98, retiring after the World Cup 1998. «Drillo» has now returned to the job to take Norway to the European Championship 2012.

The genius with the Flo pass is the fact that the two players with best heading and aerial abilities in a back four is usually playing as the centre backs / half backs. Jostein Flo was a massive threat in the air but the fact that he played on the right winger, meant that he only had to face the left back, who was usually weaker than the central defenders, in an air clash. This increased the possibility of winning the ball, and the side were able to build up the attack from here.

Another advantage with this kind of play is that a technically limited football nation as Norway, with only about 5 million people and lots of snow in winter time limiting the possibilities to practice, can play on their strengths rather than their weaknesses. This moves the ball very quickly, and is also able to surprise your opponent out of balance in a counterattack.

This kind of simple and effective way of play sent the traditionally weak football nation Norway to the runner-up spot at the FIFA ranking in 1997, only second to FIFA World Cup winner Brazil.

Identify main topic

- A) football
B) Flo Pass
C) Jostein Flo
D) Brazilian football

29. (v17-105-30) What is The Flo Pass?

- A) Strategy
B) Football player
C) Counterattack
D) Game

30. (v17-105-31) Which is correct sequence of 4–5–1 formation?

- A) Full back, cross-fields, winger
B) Full back, winger, midfielder
C) Full back, midfielder, striker
D) Full back, winger, head

31. (v17-105-32) Choose the title

- A) An interesting strategy
B) Life of famous people
C) Football in Norway
D) Professional football player

32. (v17-109-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (29–32).

The sad situation of the homeless remains a problem. It is difficult to estimate how many people are homeless because the number depends on how the homeless are defined. There are street people – those who sleep in bus stations, parks, and other areas. Many of these people are youthful runaways. There are the so-called sheltered homeless – those who sleep in government supported or privately funded shelters. Many of these individuals used to live with their families or friends. While street people are almost always single, most sheltered homeless include numerous families with children. Conservatives argue that many homeless are alcoholics, drug users, or mentally ill. In contrast, many liberals argue that homelessness is caused by a reduction in welfare benefits and by excessively priced housing. They want more shelters to be built for the homeless.

We can understand from the passage that the number of homeless people ...

- A) is hard to clear up
- B) is increasing in many countries
- C) varies each year
- D) has been decreasing for the past decade

33. (v17-109-30) According to the passage, liberals ...

- A) believe that growth of prosperity can solve the problem of the homeless
- B) consider the problem of homelessness to be a medical one
- C) want more shelters to be built for homeless animals
- D) want the government to ban sleeping on park benches

34. (v17-109-31) The author of the passage is deeply convinced that ...

- A) all homeless can be divided at least into two groups
- B) sheltered homeless are all married
- C) all sheltered homeless have children
- D) most homeless are teenagers

35. (v17-109-32) According to the passage conservatives and liberals differ because of ...

- A) their life-style
- B) their attitude to excessively priced housing
- C) their requirements to homeless
- D) their views on the homeless

36. (v17-110-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

When we accept the evidence of our unaided eyes and describe the Sun as a yellow star, we have summed up the most important single fact about it-at this moment in time. It appears probable however, that sunlight will be the color we know for only a negligibly small part of the Sun's history. Stars, like individuals, age and change. As we look out into space, We see around us stars at all stages of evolution. There are faint blood-red dwarfs so cool that their surface temperature is a mere 4,000 degrees Fahrenheit, there are searing ghosts blazing at 100,000 degrees Fahrenheit and almost too hot to be seen, for the great part of their radiation is in the invisible ultraviolet range. Obviously, the «daylight» produced by any star depends on its temperature; today (and for ages to come) our Sun is at about 10,000 degrees Fahrenheit, and this means that most of the Sun's light is concentrated in the yellow band of the spectrum, falling slowly in intensity toward both the longer and shorter light waves.

That yellow «hump» will shift as the Sun evolves, and the light of day will change accordingly. It is natural to assume that as the Sun grows older, and uses up its hydrogen fuel-which it is now doing at the spanking rate of half a billion tons a second-it will become steadily colder and redder.

What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Faint dwarf stars
- B) The evolutionary cycle of the Sun
- C) The Sun's fuel problem
- D) The dangers of invisible radiation

37. (v17-110-34) What does the author say is especially important about the Sun at the present time?

- A) It appears yellow
- B) It always remains the same
- C) It has a short history
- D) It is too cold

38. (v17-110-35) Why are very hot stars referred to as «ghosts»?

- A) They are short-lived
- B) They are mysterious
- C) They are frightening
- D) They are nearly invisible

39. (v17-110-36) According to the passage as the Sun continues to age, it is likely to become what color?

- A) Yellow
- B) Violet
- C) Red
- D) White

40. (v17-111-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Lucinda Childs's spare and orderly dances have both mystified and mesmerized audiences for more than a decade. Like other so-called «postmodern» choreographers, Childs sees dance as pure form Her dances are mathematical explorations of geometric shapes, and her dancers are expressionless, genderless instruments who etch intricate patterns on the floor in precisely timed repetitive sequences of relatively simple steps. The development of Childs's career, from its beginning in the now legendary Judson Dance Theater paralleled the development of minimalist art, although the choreographer herself has taken issue with those critics who describe her work as minimalist. In her view, each of her dances is simply «an intense experience of intense looking and listening», in addition to performing with her troupe, the Lucinda Childs Dance Company. Childs has appeared in the avant-garde opera *Einstein on the Beach*, in two of Broadway plays, and in the films *Jeanne d'Iman* by Marie Jimenez and *21:12 Piano Bar*.

As a little girl, Childs had dreamed of becoming an actress. She appeared regularly in student productions throughout her school years, and when she was about eleven she began to take drama lessons it was at the suggestion of her acting coach that the youngster, who was, by her own admission «clumsy, shapeless, and on the heavy side.» Enrolled in a dancing class Among her early teachers were Hanya Holm the dancer and choreographer who introduced the Wigman system of modern dance instruction to the United States, and Helen Tamiris, the Broadway choreographer. Pleased with her pupil's progress. Ms. Tamiris eventually asked the girl to perform onstage. After that exhilarating experience, Lucinda Childs wasn't sure [she] even wanted to be an actress anymore.

What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Minimalist art
- B) Mathematical forms
- C) A choreographer
- D) Broadway plays

41. (v17-111-26) The word «its» in bold refers to

- A) career
- B) development
- C) steps
- D) the Judson Dance Theater

42. (v17-111-27) The work of Lucinda Childs has been compared to which of the following?

- A) Avant-garde opera
- B) The Wigman system
- C) Realistic drama
- D) Minimalist art

43. (v17-111-28) In which artistic field did Childs first study

- A) Painting
- B) Dance
- C) Drama
- D) Film

44. (v17-112-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

Anthropologists have pieced together the little they know about the history of left – handedness and right – handedness from indirect evidence. Though early men and women did not leave written records, they did leave tools, bones, and pictures. Stone Age hand axes and hatchets were made from stones that were carefully chipped away to form sharp cutting edges. In some the pattern of chipping shows that these tools and weapons were made by right handed people designed to fit comfortably into a right hand. Other Stone Age implements were made by or for left-handers Prehistoric pictures painted on the walls of caves provide further clues to the handedness of ancient people. A right – hander finds it easier to draw faces of people and animals facing toward the left whereas a left – hander finds it easier to draw faces facing toward the right. Both kinds of faces have been found in ancient painting. On the whole the evidence seems to indicate that prehistoric people were either ambidextrous or about equally likely to be left – or right – handed.

But, in the Bronze Age the picture changed. The tools and weapons found from that period are mostly made for right – handed use. The predominance of right – handedness among humans today had apparently already been established.

What is the main topic of the passage?

- A) The purpose of ancient implements
- B) The significance of prehistoric cave paintings
- C) The development of right – handedness and left – handedness
- D) The similarities between the Stone Age and Bronze Age

45. (v17-112-34) Which of the following helped lead to conclusions about whether Stone Age people preferred one hand to the other?

- A) Petrified forms of vegetation
- B) Patterns of stone chipping
- C) Fossilized waste material
- D) Fossilized footprints

46. (v17-112-35) According to the passage, a person who is right – handed is more likely to draw people and animals that are facing

- A) upward
- B) downward
- C) toward the right
- D) toward the left

47. (v17-112-36) The author implies that which of the following developments occurred around the time of the Bronze Age

- A) The establishment of written records
- B) A change in the styles of cave painting
- C) An increase in human skill in the handling of tools
- D) The prevalence of right handedness

48. (v17-113-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

The agricultural revolution in the nineteenth century involved two things: the invention of labor-saving machinery and the development of scientific agriculture. Labor – saying machinery, naturally appeared, first where labor was scarce. «In Europe», said, Thomas Jefferson, the object is to make the most of their land, labor being abundant; here it, is to make the most of our labor, land being abundant. It was in America, therefore, that the great advances in nineteenth – century agricultural machinery first came.

At the opening of the century, with the exception of a crude plow farmers could have carried practically all of the existing agricultural implement on their backs; by 1860, most of the machinery in use today had been designed in an early form. The most important of the early inventions was the iron plow. As early as 1790 Charles Newbold of New Jersey had been working on the of a cast – iron plow and spent his entire fortune in introducing his invention. The farmers, however, would have none of it, claiming that the iron poisoned the soil and made the weeds grow. Nevertheless, many people devoted their attention to the plow, until in 1869 James Oliver of South Bend, Indiana, turned out the first chilled-steel plow. What is the main topic of the passage?

- A) The need for agricultural advances to help feed a growing population
- B) The development of safer machines demanded by the labor movement
- C) Machinery that contributed to the agricultural revolution
- D) New Jersey as a leader in the agricultural revolution

49. (v17-113-26) The expression «make the most of» in the text is closest in meaning to which of the following?

- A) Get the best yield from
- B) Raise the price of
- C) Exaggerate the worth of
- D) Earn a living on

50. (v17-113-27) Which of the following can be inferred from what Thomas Jefferson said?

- A) Europe was changing more quickly than America
- B) Europe had greater need of farm machinery than America did
- C) America was finally running out of good farmland
- D) There was a shortage of workers on American farms

51. (v17-113-28) What point is the author making by stating that farmers could carry nearly all their tools on their backs?

- A) Farmers had few tools before the agricultural revolution
- B) Americans were traditionally self – reliant
- C) Life on the farm was extremely difficult
- D) New tools were designed to be portable

52. (v17-114-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (29–32).

People seldom feel neutral about poetry. Those who love it sometimes give the impression that it is an adequate substitute for food, shelter, and love. But it isn't. Those who dislike poetry on principle sometimes claim, on the other hand, that poetry is only words and good for nothing. That's not true either. When words represent and recreate

genuine human feelings, as they often do in poetry, they can be very important. Poems provide, in fact, a language for feeling, and one of poetry's most insistent merits involves its attempt to express the inexpressible. One of the joys of experiencing poetry occurs when we read a poem and want to say, «yes, that is just what it is like; I know exactly what that line means but I have never been able to express it so well». Poetry can be the voice of our feelings even when our minds are speechless with grief or joy. One can understand from the passage that poetry ...

- A) is an equivalent for life itself
- B) never exists among amateurs
- C) is generally considered to be nothing
- D) can express the things we feel and experiences we have

53. (v17-114-30) The author of the passage states that people ...

- A) usually are fond of poetry despite its content or feelings it arises
- B) differ on their attitude towards poetry
- C) consider that poetry can replace love
- D) usually think poetry is words and good for nothing

54. (v17-114-31) One can understand from the passage that ...

- A) poems are primarily about how people think rather than how people feel
- B) few people think that poetry is neutral
- C) poetry can be the expression of one's hopes and intentions
- D) poetry tries to express what people feel but find it hard to describe

55. (v17-114-32) Which of the following is closer in meaning to the word «grief»?

- A) fun
- B) sorrow
- C) happiness
- D) delight

56. (v17-114-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

Having no language, infants cannot be told what they need to learn. Yet by the age of three they will have mastered the basic structure of their native language and will be well on their way to communicative competence. Acquiring their language is a most impressive intellectual feat. Students of how children learn language generally agree that the most remarkable aspect of this feat is the rapid acquisition of grammar. Nevertheless, the ability of children to convert to grammatical rules is only slightly more wonderful than their ability to learn words. It has been reckoned that the average high school graduate in the United States has a reading vocabulary of 80000 words, which includes idiomatic expressions and proper names of people and places. This vocabulary must have been learned over a period of 16 years. From the figures, it can be calculated that the average child learns at a rate of about 13 new words per day. Clearly a learning process of great complexity goes on at a rapid rate in children.

What is the main subject of the passage.

- A) Language acquisition in children
- B) Teaching languages to children
- C) How to memorize words
- D) Communicating with infants

57. (v17-114-34) The word «feat» is closest in meaning to which of the following?

- A) Experiment
- B) Idea
- C) Activity
- D) Accomplishment

58. (v17-114-35) The word «which» refers to

- A) their ability
- B) reading vocabulary
- C) idiomatic expression
- D) learning process

59. (v17-114-36) According to the passage, what is impressive about the way children learn vocabulary.

- A) They learn words before they learn grammar
- B) They learn even very long words.
- C) They learn words very quickly.
- D) They learn the most words in high school.

60. (v17-115-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

In many ways college students of the last two decades of the nineteenth century were inextricably involved in the processes of change. The North American institutions they attended were undergoing profound transformation. It was not just that more students were being admitted. These were different students – some were women. In Ontario, Canada, Queen's University was the first to admit women into degree programs, and the University of Toronto followed suit eight years later in 1884. Moreover, as colleges ceased to cater more narrowly to candidates for the religious ministry and the professions and came to be seen as a logical continuation of secondary school, younger students began to predominate. Many of those who now enrolled were experiencing transition not only from a small town or rural area to an urban environment, but also from adolescence to young adulthood. Universities had to adjust to the needs of students who were less mature and less settled in their interests.

As the student body changed, so did the curriculum. Scientific, professional, and graduate training became much more sophisticated, but the traditional arts program was altered as well. Rigid courses of study full of Greek and Latin prerequisites were being replaced at many schools by elective systems that featured new subjects, such as – English literature, political science, economics, sociology and psychology. Old subjects, like biology and philosophy, were rocked by new ideas so that they too seemed very different.

What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A) The founding and growth of Queen's University
- B) A transition in university education
- C) Major differences between rural and urban colleges
- D) The beginning of public education in Ontario

61. (v17-115-26) When were women first allowed to enroll in degree programs at Queen's University?

- A) In 1876
- B) In 1884
- C) In 1892
- D) In 1900

62. (v17-115-27) Which of the following courses is most likely to have been offered as part of a traditional college degree program in the early 1800's

- A) Political science B) Engineering
C) Nursing D) Religion

63. (v17-115-28) It can be inferred from the passage that after the 1880's students gained more freedom to

- A) return to their hometowns
B) choose their own courses
C) monitor their own progress
D) question their professors

64. (v17-121-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (29-32).

Tourism competes with the local population for space, for example, space for the construction of hotels and other types of tourism facility. And space in terms of the services, for example, space on the buses, in the shops, at the post office, and on the golf course. Land use for tourism may often compete with alternative economic opportunities. In many cases, however, tourism may provide the most environmentally attractive option. In many Latin countries tourism is called the industry without chimneys, emphasizing its clean, and environmentally positive aspects. Tourism facilities may also compete for land best left undeveloped as open space for public enjoyment.

The passage mainly discusses

- A) economic opportunities
B) land use in tourism
C) alternative economic opportunities
D) tourism in Latin countries

65. (v17-121-30) Tourism is regarded as an industry without chimneys because

- A) it prevents factory building
B) it doesn't spoil the environment
C) it costs a lot of money
D) a lot of people benefit from it

66. (v17-121-31) One can infer from the passage that tourism

- A) makes it necessary to have golf courses
B) is developed in every country
C) has some drawbacks
D) hinders transportation

67. (v17-121-32) The word «space» in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A) present B) interest
C) universe D) room

68. (v17-122-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

The Cardona family was growing restless. Mr. and Mrs. Cardona had wanted a simple photo taken for their family's summer newsletter. Ms. Rourke, the photographer, was looking through her camera but wasn't taking any pictures.

«There isn't enough light on Mr. Cardona's moustache», she said to Jamila, her assistant. Jamila sighed, moved the lamp an inch to the left, and glanced at the family. The couple's two sons were starting to worry. Jamila knew that they would soon start to complain. It was time to take the picture.

«Now Mrs. Cardona's hair looks too curly», Ms. Rourke remarked. «Jamila, please get the styling products.» When Jamila returned, she noticed that the boys were giggling and poking each other. Their parents' smiles were sunk under the hot lights.

«Oh, now the boys are standing at the wrong angle», Ms. Rourke announced.

Mr. Cardona's face turned red. His wife looked like she was about to cry. Jamila quickly stepped up to the camera and snapped the picture. «All done!» she said. Everyone looked relieved, except for Ms. Rourke.

What is the main problem in the story?

- A) The boys are too restless.
B) The assistant is not helpful enough.
C) The Cardonas want a family photo.
D) The photographer is too fussy.

69. (v17-122-34) One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) Jamila and the Cardonas wanted the photo to be taken soon.
B) The Cardonas dislike family pictures.
C) The Cardonas and Jamila like to write summer newsletters.
D) Jamila and the Cardonas wanted the photo to be perfect.

70. (v17-122-35) Which was not an effect of Ms. Rourke's behavior?

- A) The Cardonas became nervous.
B) Jamila stepped in to take the photo.
C) Mrs. Cardona looked like she is going to cry.
D) Mr. Cardona was having a good time.

71. (v17-122-36) Choose the best title for the passage.

- A) Funny day in the studio
B) The Cardonas' hobby
C) Ms. Rourke is getting bored
D) Getting the Perfect Shot

72. (v18-521) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (521-524).

How to balance our emotions and gain strength? It is not as easy as it seems. So, what's the answer? We cannot go and live on a desert island to avoid our problems. But every person has them. There are lots of things we can do of course. We can take more exercise. We can eat less, smoke less, we can have a well organized rest. But perhaps the most important thing we can do is to learn to relax. Not every person is able to do this. Stress grows very slowly. It is made up of all the little and big things that make us tense, day after day, year after year. And one day we just explode and collapse. So it's very important to calm down. Every time we relax, every time we have a cup of tea and a chat with an old friend we take away some of the tension that causes stress. Americans worry about relaxing. They take classes to learn how to relax. And their attitude to this is very serious.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) It is necessary to relax when we are stressed.
B) People shouldn't stay at home for a while and should communicate more.
C) What happens when a person has a lot of problems.
D) How Americans cope with stress.

73. (v18-522) What should we do to calm down?

- A) Meet our close ones as often as possible.
B) Give up drinking and smoking.
C) Do what makes you relaxed.
D) Not to pay attention to things that make us stressed.

74. (v18-523) What do Americans do to relax?

- A) Work harder trying to forget about things that make them feel terrible.
B) Go to a psychologist.
C) Tell about their problems to their friends.
D) Take courses of relaxing.

75. (v18-524) The word «collapse» in line 7 is closest meaning to ...

- A) fail
B) crash
C) death
D) shrink

76. (v18-525) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (525-528).

Throughout history, the search for salt has played an important role in society. Where there was no salt near, it was brought from great distances. Records show that in areas of scarcity, salt was traded ounce for ounce for gold. Rome's major highway was called the *Via Salaria*, that is, the Salt Road. Along that road, Roman soldiers transported salt crystals from the salt flats at Ostia up the Tiber River. In return, they received a *salarium* or salary, which was literally money paid to soldiers to buy salt. The old saying «worth their salt,» which means to be valuable, derives from the custom of payment during the Empire. The caravan trade of the Sahara was also primarily an exchange of goods for salt. Among ancient peoples there, to eat salt with another person was an act of friendship. Slaves were often purchased with salt. Salt was so important in the Middle Ages that governments retained salt trade as a monopoly, or levied taxes on its purchase. By then, people's social rank was demonstrated by where they sat at the table, above or below the salt.

What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A) Salt composition.
B) The value of salt.
C) Ancient trade.
D) The old saying «worth their salt».

77. (v18-526) The word «scarcity» in the text could best be replaced by ...

- A) progress B) demand
C) deprivation D) influence

78. (v18-527) What was the rate of exchange for salt and gold in areas where salt was a scarce commodity?

- A) one to sixteen
B) one to two
C) one to ten
D) one to one

79. (v18-528) What does the Latin word «salarium» mean?

- A) salary B) salt
C) soldier D) The Salt Road

80. (v18-529) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (529-532).

World population totaled about 500 million in 1650. It doubled in the period from 1650–1850. Today the population is more than five billion. Estimates based on research by the United Nations indicate that it will more than double in the twenty-five years between 1975 and the year 2000, reaching seven billion by the turn of the century. No one knows the limits of population that the earth can support. Thomas Malthus, an English economist, developed a theory that became widely accepted in the nineteenth century. He suggested that because world population tended to increase more rapidly than the food supply, a continual strain was exerted upon available resources. Malthus cited wars, famines, epidemics, and other disasters as the usual limitations of population growth. With recent advances in science and technology, including improved agricultural methods and great strides in medicine, some of the limiting factors in population growth have been lessened, with obvious results. International organizations have put forward several recommendations to alleviate the problem of overpopulation, including an increase in food production, general economic development in target areas, and a decrease in birth rates.

The title below that best expresses the ideas in this passage is.

- A) Thomas Malthus' Theory.
- B) Factors of population growth.
- C) The United Nations' Estimate.
- D) A Brief History of Population.

81. (v18-530) By 1850, approximately what was the world population?

- A) one billion
- B) 500 million
- C) five billion
- D) 100 million

82. (v18-531) World population doubled in the years between.

- A) 1975–2000
- B) 500–1650
- C) 1650–1850
- D) 1975–1850

83. (v18-532) According to this passage, by the year 2000 the earth's population should exceed the present figure by how much?

- A) two billion
- B) 5 billion
- C) 500 million
- D) 7 billion

84. (v18-533) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (533–536).

Although speech is the most advanced form of communication, there are many ways of communicating without using speech. Signals, signs, symbols, and gestures may be found in every known culture. The basic function of a signal is to impinge upon the environment in such a way that it attracts attention, as, for example, the dots and dashes of a telegraph circuit. Coded to refer to speech, the potential for communication is very great. Less adaptable to the codification of words, signs also contain meaning in and of themselves. A stop sign or a barber pole conveys meaning quickly and conveniently. Symbols are more difficult to describe than either signals or signs because of their intricate relationship with the receiver's cultural perceptions. In some cultures, applauding in a theater provides performers with an auditory symbol of approval.

Gestures such as waving and handshaking also communicate certain cultural messages. As a result, means of communication intended to be used for long distances and extended periods are based upon speech. Radio, television, and the telephone are only a few.

Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A) speech
- B) communication
- C) gestures
- D) signs and signals

85. (v18-534) What does the author say about speech?

- A) It is necessary for communication to occur.
- B) It is the most advanced form of communication.
- C) It is dependent upon the advances made by inventors.
- D) It is the only true form of communication.

86. (v18-535) The phrase «impinge on» is closest in meaning to ...

- A) prohibit
- B) improve
- C) intrude
- D) vary

87. (v18-536) Applauding was cited as an example of ...

- A) signal
- B) sign
- C) gesture
- D) symbol

88. (v18-537) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (537–538).

To prepare children for the future, American parents raise their children to be independent, responsible and competitive. From infancy children in America learn to separate from their parents and act brave even when they are afraid. American children soon learn that they should behave like «big boys» and «big girls» not «babies». Americans also grow up learning that those who are «the best» will get better jobs, make more money, have bigger houses and will be able to buy more and better consumer goods. American children learn to be competitive with others because only a few will become the best. In sports and in school, Americans want to win, to get the highest grades and the best test scores, to take home the big trophy and get into the best schools. Both boys and girls want to be on the winning team or to be the fastest runner. If a child is not talented in a sport, he or she will probably stop playing it, as it is no fun if he or she can't win. When you ask an American student if he or she would rather get the best grade in the class or help his or her friend to get a better grade. He or she will tell you that they want to get the best grade. If his or her friend wants a better grade, he / she will say, let him or her work harder.

Choose the best title to the text.

- A) Competition
- B) American youth
- C) How to grow up
- D) How to become the best

89. (v18-538) What is the main topic of the text?

- A) American children become independent very early.
- B) Instruction how to become a winner.
- C) American way of bringing up children.
- D) Why a person shouldn't help his friend on exam.

90. (v18-539) Why don't Americans help their friends on exams?

- A) It wouldn't be fair if someone who didn't work hard passed the exam by means of friend.
- B) They don't make friends in order not to help friends.
- C) Because they work hard.
- D) Because they think that the future of their friends are their own business.

91. (v18-540) What is the main thing for Americans in competition?

- A) To become one of the best.
- B) To participate. The winning doesn't matter much.
- C) To be a winner.
- D) To get into the best places to study.

92. (v18-541) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (541–544).

Flies are insects. They have a mobile head, with a pair of large of compound eyes, and mouthparts designed for piercing and sucking (mosquitoes, black flies and robber flies), or for lapping and sucking in the other groups. Their wing arrangement gives them great manoeuvrability in flight.

Flies can be annoyances especially in some parts of the world where they can occur in large numbers.

What do flies do in winter? They do not sit in corners or sleep all winter as some animals do. Most of them die when the cold winter comes. Different kinds of flies can walk on vertical walls and ceilings because their feet are sticky. They can do it better in warm weather. In autumn flies are not so strong as in summer and cannot fly very quickly.

The wings of the fly are made of many little fragments. If you look at a fly when it opens its wings in the sun you will see that they are of different colors. Flies can see very well. When you look at the eye of a fly through a microscope you will see a lot of small windows. Each of these little windows is an eye. There are about four thousand of them in each big eye.

Choose the best title for the text.

- A) About flies
- B) Flies' eyes
- C) Flies' feet
- D) Flies' wings

93. (v18-542) According to the text in winter flies ...

- A) can't see very well
- B) sleep in corners
- C) are less active
- D) usually die

94. (v18-543) According to the text the flies ...

- A) can be seen only through microscope
- B) have thousands of children
- C) can walk everywhere
- D) can't keep flying very fast for a long time

95. (v18-544) «Steaky» means ...

- A) ductile
- B) tacky
- C) decrepit
- D) clingy

96. (v18-545) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (545–547).

According to Aristotle, memory is the ability to hold a perceived experience in your mind and to have the ability to distinguish between the internal «appearance» and an occurrence

in the past. In other words, a memory is a mental picture (phantasm) in which Aristotle defines in *De Anima*, as an appearance which is imprinted on the part of the body that forms a memory. Aristotle believed an "imprint" becomes impressed on a semi-fluid bodily organ that undergoes several changes in order to make a memory. A memory occurs when a stimuli is too complex that the nervous system (semi-fluid bodily organ) cannot receive all the impressions at once. These changes are the same as those involved in the operations of sensation, common sense, and thinking. The mental picture imprinted on the bodily organ is the final product of the entire process of sense perception. It does not matter if the experience was seen or heard, every experience ends up as a mental image in memory.

Identify main topic

- A) Aristotle
- B) Psychology
- C) Memory
- D) Recollection

97. (v18-546) Identify true statement

- A) Memory is a physical picture of parts of body
- B) According to Aristotle "imprint" was unchangeable
- C) The mental picture imprinted on the bodily organ is the primary product of the entire process of sense perception
- D) Memory is the ability to hold a perceived experience in your mind and to have the ability to distinguish between the internal "appearance" and an occurrence in the past

98. (v18-547) Give the main idea

- A) Only seen experience can be memorized, according to Aristotle
- B) Aristotle had his own vision on memory
- C) Aristotle believed memory to be *De Anima*
- D) A memory occurs when the nervous system can receive all the impressions at once

99. (v19/20-102-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

On July 4, 1776, the Declaration of Independence of the United States of America was signed. Fifty-six men put their names on the document. This act showed that the Colonies would not follow the rules of the English any more. This act changed the course of history.

These men did not agree with the rules of England. They wrote clearly that the English did not pay attention to the things they needed, their feelings and wishes.

As a result, they wrote this declaration to say that they were going to be free from England. They felt it was important to have full power to make contracts with whomever they wanted. They wanted power to trade with whomever they chose, whenever they wanted to trade.

Lastly, they wanted full power to decide their future.

These men wanted to make the choices that were best for themselves and the people who lived in the Colonies. On July 4, 1776, all 56 men signed the declaration. They promised to give their lives for each other, respect each other and share what they had with each other.

What is this text mainly about?

- A) Fifty-six men who signed the Declaration of Independence.
- B) Creation of a new Constitution.
- C) People who lived in England and Colonies.
- D) Creation of the Declaration of Independence.

100. (v19/20-102-24) Which answer best describes the Colonists?

- A) They were sad because they did not have all the conveniences of the British.
- B) They were angry because they could not build cabins and cities fast enough.
- C) They had their minds made up to give their lives to make things better in the Colonies.
- D) They were happy with the way things were.

101. (v19/20-102-25) What did the Colonists want to change?

- A) They wanted to change their lives.
- B) They didn't want to change anything.
- C) They wanted to change the partner to trade.
- D) They wanted to change the language they spoke.

102. (v19/20-102-26) All of the statements below are False, Except ...

- A) The Colonists wanted to make their own laws.
- B) The Colonists wanted to move back to England.
- C) The Colonists agreed with British laws.
- D) The Colonists wanted to use laws from France.

103. (v19/20-103-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

In 2013, researchers at Oxford University did a study on the future of work. They concluded that almost one in every two jobs have a high risk of being automated by machines. Machine learning started making its way into industry in the early 90's. It started with relatively simple tasks. It started with things like assessing credit risk from loan applications, sorting the mail by reading handwritten characters from zip codes. Over the past few years, we have made dramatic breakthroughs. Machine learning is now capable of far, far more complex tasks. Now, given the right data, machines are going to outperform humans at tasks like this. A teacher might read 10,000 essays over a 40-year career. A machine can read millions of essays or see millions of eyes within minutes.

Where machines have made very little progress is in tackling novel situations. The fundamental limitations of machine learning is that it needs to learn from large volumes of past data. We have the ability to connect seemingly disparate threads to solve problems we've never seen before. So what does this mean for the future of work? The future state of any single job lies in the answer to a single question: To what extent is that job reducible to frequent, high-volume tasks, and to what extent does it involve tackling novel situations?

Now, as mentioned, machines are not making progress on novel situations.

Business strategy means finding gaps in the market, things that nobody else is doing. It will be humans that are creating the copy behind our marketing campaigns, and it will be humans that are developing our business strategy.

So, whatever you decide to do, let every day bring you a new challenge. If it does, then you will stay ahead of the machines.

(Taken from TEDTALK, Anthony Goldbloom «The jobs we'll lose to machines and the ones we won't»)

- A) The main idea is to be aware of the machines invasion and how to struggle with it.
- B) The main idea is to give up the jobs we are doing now.
- C) The main idea is to combine work between humans and machines.
- D) The main idea is to improve yourself and not become a machine.

104. (v19/20-103-20) How many essays can the teacher read in his / her 20 years career?

- A) 1000
- B) 10000
- C) 5000
- D) 500

105. (v19/20-103-21) How many jobs places are going to be replaced by machines?

- A) all
- B) half
- C) majority
- D) third

106. (v19/20-103-22) What is the problem with machines? Why they can't solve some problems?

- A) They can't work with old data.
- B) They are too workable.
- C) There is no problem with machines.
- D) They can't predict the solution.

107. (v19/20-106-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

A lot of people ask me, how did I make these? A lot of times it's because the person who asked the question wants to make an app also.

Well, this is how I approached it, this is what I did. First of all, I've been programming in multiple other programming languages to get the basics down, such as Python, C, Java, etc. And then Apple released the iPhone, and with it, the iPhone software development kit, and the software development kit is a suite of tools for creating and programming an iPhone app. After playing with the software development kit a little bit, I made a couple of apps, I made some test apps. One of them happened to be «Earth Fortune», and I was ready to put «Earth Fortune» on the App Store, and so I persuaded my parents to pay the 99 dollar fee to be able to put my apps on the App Store. They agreed, and now I have apps on the App Store. I've gotten a lot of interest and encouragement from my family, friends, teachers and even people at the Apple Store, and that's been a huge help to me.

I've gotten a lot of inspiration from Steve Jobs, and I've started an app club at school, and a teacher at my school is kindly sponsoring my app club. So we're getting feedback from teachers at the school to see what kind of apps they'd like. I'd like to finish up by saying what I'd like to do in the future. First of all, I'd like to create more apps, more games. I'm working with a third party company to make an app.

(Taken from TEDTALKS, THOMAS SUAREZ «A 12-year-old app developer»)

- A) The main idea is to persuade other children to create an app
- B) The main idea is to learn how to create apps individually
- C) The main idea is that every child should pay 99 dollars
- D) The main idea is to create a similar version of kit for Android

108. (v19/20-106-20) What is the fee in order your app to be added to the App Store?

- A) 99 dollars
- B) 99 dollars plus tax
- C) it is free
- D) it covers the cost of your app

109. (v19/20-106-21) Find the synonym for the word «developer»

- A) organizer
- B) inventor
- C) worker
- D) assistant

110. (v19/20-106-22) Who gives money for the meetings which are held in school?

- A) parents
- B) teachers
- C) app store developers
- D) Steve Jobs followers

111. (v19/20-108-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

Life in Colonial times could be very difficult for many families. The right weapons or tools for a job made it a little easier. A sickle is a tool with a sharp blade. It has a short, wooden handle. It was used to cut grass or grain. Sickles were very helpful when clearing tall grasses for a new home or garden. An axe, or axe, is another useful tool. Colonial axes had long wooden handles. The top of each axe was made out of hard silver. It could be used for chopping wood. If you wanted to build a cabin, you needed an axe. Pistols and rifles were just as important as the other tools. They were used to protect the families from wild animals and bandits. Rifles were also used for hunting. They had long, wooden barrels. They were very heavy. Tools and weapons were important for getting food, staying safe, and making life easier. Life depended on good tools.

What is this text mainly about?

- A) Tools and weapons we use for getting food, staying safe and making life easier.
- B) Agriculture and hunting in Colonial times.
- C) Tools and weapons necessary for life during the Colonial period.
- D) People who lived in Colonial times.

112. (v19/20-108-20) It is pointed out in the passage that ...

- A) sickle was used for cutting grasses and wheat
- B) rihe was used for chopping wood
- C) axe was used to protect the families from wild animals
- D) pistol had long barrels and was used for getting food

113. (v19/20-108-21) It is obvious in the passage that ...

- A) life depended only on good axes and sickles
- B) pistols were very heavy
- C) we live in wooden cabins
- D) axes were used for building houses

114. (v19/20-108-22) This passage was probably written to ...

- A) show the importance of tools and weapons to the Colonial families.
- B) inform the reader about iron axes.
- C) teach the reader how to use a sickle and hunt the animals.
- D) entertain the reader with funny information about modern tools.

101. Title of the text

1. (96-6-51) Choose the title.

When I went to school we had lessons on physical training. There were several teams and I joined the football team. Our team took part in different sports competitions and Republic championships. During these competitions our team won gold and silver medals.

- A) I am healthy.
- B) I am at school.
- C) I am a football player.
- D) Going in for sports.
- E) Our football team.

2. (96-8-105) Choose the title.

A man who had travelled in Bengal was asked if he liked tiger hunting. "Well!" said the man "I certainly enjoyed hunting tigers, but I must confess I hated being hunted by a tiger."

- A) The hunter in Bengal.
- B) The man and the author.
- C) The man is afraid of tigers
- D) Tiger hunting.
- E) The man is a traveller.

3. (96-9-54) Choose the appropriate title to the given story.

Once upon a time a king named Midas lived with his daughter. He was very fond of gold, and loved it better than anything else in the world, except his daughter. He was not happy though he was the richest man in the world. He wanted every-thing he touched became gold. He was very glad when God gave him that power, because every-thing he touched turned into gold. But when his daughter turned into gold; that made him unhappy. And he didn't want any gold at all.

- A) Gold is everything.
- B) Gold is not the most important thing in the world.
- C) Richness is the happiness.
- D) The power of gold.
- E) Midas and gold.

4. (96-12-106) Choose the title to the text.

Mahmud was going to school. In his bag he had a big apple which his grandmother gave him that morning. When Mahmud sat down at his desk he took out the apple. He was just going to eat the apple when the teacher walked in.

- A) At the lesson
- B) A big apple
- C) A grandmother
- D) A schoolboy
- E) A teacher

5. (96-13-218) Choose the title to the given text. Last year the radio station where I work gave me my own show. It is an excellent opportunity for me to use my talents in music and sports to make up a programme to interest many people. I try to combine music with the latest news from

the world of sports in order to create a new radio programme. I'm not disc jockey, and I'm not a sport commentator. I'm both, and that makes the programme good at least in my own opinion: We try to keep a balance of music and sports in the programmes.

- A) Station.
- B) Radio commentator.
- C) Very favourable.
- D) Music.
- E) Sport.

6. (96-15-211) Choose the appropriate title to the text.

Many years ago it was a castle. It was built to defend the city. The oldest part of it is the square building. The walls were built later. For many years it was a state prison. Many famous and infamous people were kept there. At present many people visit it as a museum.

- A) Stirling Castle
- B) the Clock Tower
- C) The Tower of London
- D) Westminster Abbey
- E) Buckingham Palace

7. (97-2-56) Choose the title to the text.

If you have a dog you know how clever they are. You can teach your dog to pick up newspapers or books and give them to you or to carry your basket when you go to the shop, or to help you with your bag when you come home from school. Dogs can be "eyes" for blind people. They help such persons both at home and in the street. There was a dog, Bruto by name, that saved forty men during the winter storm in the mountains. During the Great Patriotic War dogs fought together with our soldiers. With the help of the dogs geologists find iron. So, living with the men dogs do many useful things for them.

- A) Dogs.
- B) "Eyes" for the blind men.
- C) Dogs and their masters.
- D) Unusual helpers.
- E) A useful thing.

8. (97-4-61) Choose the right title to the text.

Christmas is celebrated on the 25th of December. Children and grown-ups like to spend Christmas together. Everybody tries to come home for Christmas. All families decorate a Christmas tree. Sometimes they decorate their houses and trees outside.

- A) Christmas Eve.
- B) Traditional Christmas tree.
- C) Christmas is a family holiday.
- D) Christmas Eve services.
- E) Christmas is a national holiday.

9. (97-5-52) Choose the title to the text.

A dog who was running away with a large piece of meat which he had stolen came to a stream over which was a little bridge. As he was crossing the bridge, he looked down and saw another dog with another large piece of meat in his mouth. Not knowing that what he saw was only the reflection of himself in the clear water, he greedily dropped his own meat and made a snatch at the other. But, instead of getting anything, only lost the meat he had stolen.

- A) The dog and his shadow.
- B) A running dog.
- C) A large piece of meat.
- D) The reflection.
- E) An event on the bridge.

10. (97-7-53) Choose the right title to the text.

"Dear Natasha! Let me introduce myself. My name is John. I live in London. I go to school. All my friends live in London, but I want to have a friend in Moscow. Will you be my pen-friend? I'll write you letters. Write me about yourself."

- A) My pen-friend's letter.
- B) A letter from an unknown friend.
- C) A friend in London.
- D) Natasha's letter.
- E) A letter from London.

11. (97-9-56) Choose the title to the text.

George Washington did not like people who were always late. One morning his secretary came late and saw that Washington was already in his office. The secretary said that his watch was wrong that morning. Washington answered, "Yes, you must get another watch and if that doesn't help you, I shall get another secretary."

- A) Lazy secretary.
- B) Wrong watch.
- C) President's Advice.
- D) Another watch.
- E) First Visitor.

12. (98-4-59) Choose the suitable title to the text.

As Mr. Douglas was the only guest the landlady invited him to have breakfast with her and her daughter. The daughter was already sitting in the dining room. The mother went to the kitchen to prepare breakfast. The table was laid for four. Peter wondered if there was another guest. The girl her eyes full of terror asked Pete never to talk about the empty place, as it was the place of her father who went fishing three years ago and never returned. Since that time her mother had kept the place for her father. She also pointed to the picture of her father on the wall. Peter said nothing but looked worried. At that moment the landlady returned and poured four cups of tea, one of them being placed in the empty place. Peter looked more worried and stared at the empty chair. Suddenly the door opened and the man, whose photo Peter had just seen entered the room. Peter looked terrified he jumped up and ran out of the room.

- A) Cruel joke.
- B) A Quiet Place.
- C) The chair for Bride.
- D) The Best Remedy.
- E) Delicious Breakfast.

13. (98-5-57) Choose the suitable title to the text.

Oil pollution is one of the main ecological problems today. There are a lot of tankers crossing the oceans and seas every day. Besides tankers there are other kinds of ships. Sometimes thick fog on the water accounts for a collision between a tanker and other vessels. If the tanker is damaged the oil may leak out of a tiny hole of the damaged tanker.

The oil slick moves slowly towards the coast-line polluting everything on its way. Such things happen not very seldom. Hundreds of nature minded people come to rescue the water surface, fish, coastline and birds from the spilt oil.

- A) Nature minded people
- B) Tankers and Ships
- C) Oil Pollution
- D) Thick Fog
- E) Holiday Beach

14. (98-5-63) Choose the title to the text.

A hungry lion slipped out of the forest into a barnyard one evening. When he saw a plump donkey, his mouth began to water. But just as he was ready to jump on the donkey, a cock crowed. He was frightened, and so turned away into the forest again. "Hey, look at that cowardly lion", the donkey brayed to the cock. "I'm going to chase him". And the donkey ran after the lion. "Wait!" the cock shouted, "you don't know that ...". But it was too late. The lion had turned and killed the donkey. "Ah, my poor, stupid friend" the cock said as he watched the lion eating the donkey. "The lion wasn't afraid of you, but of my crowing."

- A) Donkey
- B) A Hungry Lion
- C) The Stupid Donkey
- D) A Cock
- E) A Barnyard

15. (98-6-70) Choose the appropriate title.

Long ago some European people who reached Australia came across the pack at animals. One of them was very funny. It had a small head, long fat tail. On its stomach it had a pouch with cub in. The European asked a native. "What animal is it?" "Kangaroo" replied the native. The European said: "Oh! It has a fine name." Since that the animal was called Kangaroo. Years passed and the European learned that the English for "Kangaroo" was "I don't understand either."

- A) A Kangaroo
- B) The Europeans
- C) The native who knows nothing
- D) The origin of the name
- E) The animal with its cub

16. (98-8-56) Choose the appropriate title to the joke.

A schoolboy decided to write a letter to his friend. He sat down at his writing table and wrote: "Dear Dick!" He thought a little and wrote: "I am writing to you because I have nothing to do". Then he thought for a long time and at last wrote: "I'm afraid I must stop writing because I have nothing to say. Yours, Tom Brown".

- A) An Official Letter
- B) A Schoolboys Pen-friend
- C) Nothing to Do
- D) Nothing to Say
- E) A Short Letter

17. (98-8-57) Choose the appropriate title to the joke.

One day the schoolmaster said to the boys: "There are four seasons in the year: in spring there are many flowers, in summer it is very hot, in autumn there are many kinds of fruits, in winter it is very cold. Now, James, what is the best time for apples?" "It is when the farmer is not at home and there is no dog in the garden!"

- A) A Lesson in Nature
- B) Seasons of the Year
- C) The Teacher's Question
- D) The Best Time for Apples
- E) Fruits in Autumn

18. (99-1-40) Choose the appropriate title to the story.

Miss Marple enjoyed her stay in London. She did a lot of things that she had not had the time to do in her other brief visits to the capital. She visited no picture galleries and no museums. Window shopping did not interest her, but she had a splendid time looking at knitting patterns and knitting wool.

19. (99-3-57) Choose the appropriate title to the text.

Of all animals the dog is the most companionable and the one best suited to share the life and home of its master or mistress as one of the family. This is not surprising for the dog was probably the first animal to be domesticated by man. Throughout countless centuries man and dog have walked together and shared the same food, fire; they hunted side by side, and dog guarded its master's life and property.

- A) Man's Best Companion
- B) The Master's Life
- C) Wild Dog
- D) A Family's Pet
- E) The First Animal

20. (99-4-60) Choose the appropriate title to the text.

Visitors to the Welsh village of Beddgelert will be shown a monument to Gelert, the legendary wolfhound of the Prince of Wales. Returning to his castle the prince was met by his favourite hound with lips and fangs that ran blood. In terror the prince searched inside for his little son. Finding only blood everywhere, he plunged his sword to the hilt in Gelert. Alas, only then did he discover his little boy alive and safe, a huge wolf at his side, killed by the faithful Gelert.

- A) Killer dog
- B) Faithful Dog
- C) Prince's Child
- D) Castle Event
- E) Monument

21. (99-7-61) Choose the title to the following joke.

Hotel manager: "You won't have to pay for your breakfast, because you haven't eaten it". Guest: "Splendid! And do you know that I didn't sleep last night?"

- A) A Cunning Manager
- B) A Night At The Hotel
- C) To Take The Bull By The Horns
- D) Too Good To Be True
- E) A Kind Guest

22. (00-1-26) Read the passage and choose the appropriate title.

An Englishman arrived at a hotel in France. Above the hotel door he saw words, "All the languages are spoken in here". He addressed the administrator in German, Spanish, English and etc. No answer was given. He spoke to clerks in Italian, French and German. Nobody answered. He became nervous and shouted: "Who on earth speaks those languages?"

- A) An Englishman Gets a Reply.
- B) A Clever Waiter.
- C) Polyglot Boys at the University.
- D) The Hotel Door Open to All.
- E) Spoken Language in the Hotel.

23. (00-2-37) Choose the appropriate title. One day a man was crossing a river in a small boat. He asked the boatman, if he knew anything about geography. "Oh, no" said the boatman, "I don't know anything about it". "I'm sorry for you", said the man "a quarter of your life is lost". A few minutes later the man asked the boatman again. "Do you know anything about mathematics?" "Oh, nothing", said the boatman. "I'm sorry for you, a third quarter of your life is lost", said the man. At that minute the boat ran on a stone.

The boatman jumped up and said, "Can you swim?" "Oh, no", said the philosopher, "I can't swim". "I'm very sorry for you", said the boatman. "Your whole life is lost. The boat is going down".

- A) Running on a Boat
- B) A Dentist in the Boat
- C) A Silly Boatman
- D) Two Men in the Boat
- E) An Interesting Walk

24. (00-5-57) Choose the appropriate title to the joke.

Father: You know that mother is very angry when you get bad marks at school. Son: Well, it's not me who is to blame, for it's the teacher who puts bad marks.

- A) Father and Son
- B) Not Guilty
- C) Bad Marks
- D) The Boy's Teacher
- E) Mother

25. (00-7-66) Choose the right title to the text.

A young author has just managed to publish his first short story. He is so full of his success that he can't help boasting of it to everybody around. For more than half an hour he has been talking about it to the head of the publishing-house. At last he thinks it fit to apologise. "Sir", he says to the old man. "I hope I haven't been intruding upon your time and attention?"

"Not at all, not at all, I assure you", replies the old man absent-mindedly, "I've been thinking of something else".

- A) Tie Head of the Company.
- B) A Young Author's Novel.
- C) An Experienced Doctor.
- D) A Successful Old Man.
- E) An Absent-minded Old Man.

26. (01-2-44) Choose the appropriate title to the text.

The Browns were there to meet their daughter Judy, who was coming home from school for the holidays. It was a warm summer day and the station was crowded with people on their way to the seaside. Train were whistling, taxis hooting, porters rushing about shouting at one another, and altogether there was so much noise that Mr. Brown, who saw the bear first, had to tell his wife several times before she understood.

- A) The Browns.
- B) At the Station.
- C) The Daughter.
- D) The Bear.
- E) At the Airport.

27. (01-3-64) Choose the proper title to the text.

Dinosaurs lived on the earth for 135 million years. They appeared 200 million years ago, and they disappeared 65 million years ago. They were the largest animals ever to live on earth, and they ruled the earth for a very long period of time. Dinosaurs lived in North

America, in Africa, and in Europe. During that time, the land in North America was under a large, shallow sea.

Why did dinosaurs die out? Nobody knows for sure. Probably a change in the weather made serious problems for them. About 70 million years ago, the Rocky Mountains formed in North America. The plant life and the weather changed. Perhaps the dinosaurs couldn't change fast enough.

People who like dinosaurs can see fossils in Dinosaurs National Park. This park is in Utah and Colorado. Fossils are bones which have become stones. Fossils have taught us a lot about these great animals of the past.

- A) 135 million years ago.
- B) Dinosaurs.
- C) The Birth Place.
- D) Earth Rulers.
- E) Dinosaurs Lovers.

28. (01-3-65) Read the text of test 64 and choose the answer to the question.

Which sentence is not true to the text?

- A) Dinosaurs were the largest animals to live on earth.
- B) They disappeared 65 million years ago.
- C) Dinosaurs lived in North America, in Asia and in Europe.
- D) Nobody knows why dinosaurs died out.
- E) The plant life and the weather changed 70 million years ago.

29. (01-3-66) Read the text of test 64 and complete the sentence.

What are fossils?

- A) plant life
- B) National parks in Utah
- C) stones which were once bones
- D) large shallow seas
- E) plant eaters

30. (01-3-67) Read the text of test 64 and choose the proper question to the text.

- A) Why do you like to read books about stones?
- B) Where is North America?
- C) What have fossils in Dinosaurs National park taught us a lot about?
- D) The Earth had many animals many years ago, hadn't it?
- E) Wafer helps us not to forget Dinosaurs, doesn't it?

31. (01-3-68) Read the text of test 64 and choose the right word to complete the sentence. They were the largest animals ...

to live on earth.

- A) before
- B) never
- C) ever
- D) already
- E) yet

32. (01-3-69) Read the text of test 64 and complete the sentence.

Probably the ... weather made serious problems for them.

- A) decision
- B) appointment
- C) forecast
- D) changing
- E) control

33. (01-3-70) Read the text of test 64 and complete the sentence.

People who like dinosaurs can see fossils ...

- A) in the nearest park
- B) at a drugstore
- C) in Dinosaurs National park
- D) at the disco
- E) in the water

34. (01-3-71) Read the text of test 64 and complete the sentence.

Dinosaurs died out probably because of ...

- A) lack of food
- B) their size
- C) the changing weather
- D) people's love
- E) their nature

35. (01-6-61) Choose the title to the text.

The captain of the ship calls out, "Who is below?" A ship's boy answers, "It's me, it's Billy, sir." "What are you doing there, Billy?" "I am doing ... nothing, sir." "Is Tom there?" "Yes, sir, here I am." "What on earth are you doing there?" "I am helping Billy, sir."

- A) The captain
- B) A Voyage
- C) Billy
- D) Two busy boys
- E) Tom

36. (04-2-1) Choose the right answer.

Children from various families and of different nationalities study at our school. Their parents have different jobs and their incomes are quite different. Some of them are businessmen, some are teachers, doctors or engineers and others are cleaners or guards. But all children have the same lessons and the same teachers. So all children enjoy ... regardless of their origin and the civic status of their parents.

- A) skilled medical car
- B) social security
- C) violation of the law
- D) labour and protection
- E) the right to education

37. (v4-122-29) Choose the title for the joke.

After the honey-moon the first morning the husband got up early. He went down to the kitchen and brought his wife her breakfast in bed. She was very glad. When breakfast was over, her husband said: "Have you noticed what I have done?" "Of course, my dear, every detail of it," was the answer.

"Good. That's how I want you to serve me my breakfast every morning".

- A) Supper
- B) A New Life Begins
- C) A Happy Honey-Moon
- D) A Love Story
- E) A Good Wife

38. (v15-105-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Bees, classified into over 10000 species, and found in every part of the world. The honeybee is the only bee that produces honey and wax. Humans use the wax in making candles, lipsticks, and other products.

While gathering the nectar and pollen, bees are **simultaneously** helping to fertilize the flowers on which they land.

Bees live in a *structured environment* and social structure within a hive, which is a nest with storage space for the honey. The worker bee carries nectar to the hive in a special stomach called a honey stomach. Other workers make beeswax and shape it into a honey comb, which is a waterproof mass of six-sided compartments, or cells. The queen lays eggs in completed cells.

All workers, like the queen, are female, but the workers are smaller than the queen. The male honeybees are called drones; they do not work and cannot sting. The queen must be fertilized in order to lay worker eggs.

When honey is less available and the drone is of no further use, the workers block the drones from eating the honey.

Which of the following is the best title for this passage?

- A) The Varieties of Bees
- B) The Peculiarities of the Honeybees
- C) The drones' functions
- D) How the honey is made

39. (v15-105-28) The word "simultaneously" in the passage is closest in meaning to:

- A) masterly
- B) synchronous
- C) knowingly
- D) obstinately

40. (v15-105-29) All of the following are not characteristic of the drone except ...

- A) helps to take care of eggs.
- B) defends a hive from enemies.
- C) produces honey and wax.
- D) serves as a partner to the queen.

41. (v15-105-30) How can we understand from the passage that the bees are useful in nature?

- A) They build storage spaces for insects in wildlife.
- B) They form amazing products from wax.
- C) They help to clear nature from hazardous insects.
- D) They have dominant role in pollinating.

42. (v15-107-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

The ubiquitous bar code (UBC), developed more than twenty years ago, is not a stagnant product. On the contrary, the technology has been improved so that it can be used more efficiently. Much less expensive than a computer chip, the bar code can hold more information than it has in the past by adding a second dimension to the structure. The bar code consists of two different widths, although sometimes four widths are used, printed in black on a white background. Bar codes are used for entering data into a computer system. The bars represent the binary digits 0 and 1, just like basic computer language, and sequences of these digits can indicate the numbers from 0 to 9, which can then be read by an optical laser scanner and processed by a digital computer. Arabic numbers appear below the code. What is the best title to the passage?

- A) The description of UBC.
- B) The UBC has horizontal lines.
- C) The UBC is only used for computer system.
- D) The development of the UBC.

43. (v15-107-28) What does the word "dimension" in the text mean?

- A) space
- B) degree
- C) measurement
- D) size

44. (v15-107-29) The author implies that the bar code ...

- A) the society doesn't feel necessity in it.
- B) has not been remained unchanged for years.
- C) become well-known not long ago
- D) will stay invariant

45. (v15-107-30) The purpose of the text is to describe ...

- A) issues of the bar code.
- B) running technology and innovation of bar codes.
- C) that the UBC is used only to keep the computer data.
- D) why the bar code is much less expensive.

46. (v15-113-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

The Greenland shark, whose scientific name means "small-headed-sleeper", has avoided study until recently and is unique among sharks of the world. As one might imagine, the water of Arctic Bay is extremely frigid, but the Greenland shark is perfectly suited for it. The shark itself may appear horrible, having large nostrils, gray and blotched skin, a mouth full of sharp teeth, and milky eyes with something that appears like a tassel hanging from each of them.

Its jaw and teeth look quite similar to those of other sharks, with entire layers of teeth being discarded together and replaced with a new set. The lethargic shark feeds on seals, fish, and carrion, with a power to suck in huge pieces of meat. It is known to grow to at least 20 or more feet and to live for at least 16 years although there is not much data on the subject.

Give the title to the text.

- A) Studies of the shark's life
- B) The latest information of Greenland sharks
- C) The suitable habitat of Greenland sharks
- D) Unordinary shark's behaviour

47. (v15-113-28) The word them in the text refers to ...

- A) nostrils
- B) eye
- C) teeth
- D) sharks

48. (v15-113-29) How long the Greenland shark is known to grow?

- A) less than 20 feet
- B) it is not observed enough
- C) much more than 20 feet
- D) about 16 feet

49. (v15-113-30) It is inferred in the text, that due to the extremely cold water, ...

- A) it was impossible to observe the shark completely.
- B) the movement of the shark is possible only in the daytime.
- C) the shark discard the set of teeth.
- D) the shark does not exist long.

50. (v16-101-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-31).

Recent scientific studies about hedgehogs have helped to explain mysteries as varied as why hedgehogs apply saliva to their entire bodies, how they have survived on the planet for 30 million years, why they chew toxic toad skins and what secrets they may hold about evolution. As one of the most primitive mammals on the planet, the hedgehog has been helping geneticists understand evolutionary relationships among mammals and even uncover secrets of the human genome.

Hedgehogs spend much time alone. But it would be a mistake to consider them solitary. They may occasionally scrap over food items and rival males attracted to a female may

also have aggressive interactions. Still, it's fair to say that, in adulthood, hedgehogs meet primarily to mate, producing litters of four or five hoglets as often as twice yearly.

What can be the best title for the text?

- A) Scientific hedgehogs
- B) Evolution of hedgehogs
- C) Meet the hedgehog
- D) Solitary hedgehogs

51. (v16-101-30) Find the word in the text that can be defined as the complete set of genetic material of a living thing.

- A) Hedgehog
- B) Saliva
- C) Solitary
- D) Genome

52. (v16-101-31) Choose the correct statement.

- A) The studies of human genome are influenced by the studies of hedgehogs' evolution.
- B) The studies of human genome influence on the studies of hedgehogs' evolution.
- C) There is no correlation between the studies of human genome and hedgehogs' evolution.
- D) Evolutionary relationships as well as the secrets of human genome can be studied with the help of different mammals, such as, for example, hedgehogs.

53. (v16-115-2) Choose the right answer.

There are more than one thousand five hundred million children living on our planet. On a special day each of them has the right to be happy. On this special holiday a lot of children get presents from companies. Children can go to the children's theatres or cinemas free or charge on this day.

- A) All the best for children
- B) The Defense of Children
- C) International Children's Day
- D) Care for children

54. (v16-120-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question (32-34).

Read all the information very carefully. Complete the form online and submit it. Make all necessary payments before you take the test. Make sure you have a valid ID card.

What is the best title for this paragraph?

- A) enquiry
- B) registration
- C) confirmation
- D) test day

55. (v16-120-33) The word "payment" can be best substituted by the word ...

- A) test fee
- B) test tax
- C) test registration
- D) test application

56. (v16-120-34) Find false statement.

- A) The application form is completed online.
- B) You have to pay for the test.
- C) Test fees must be paid in advance.
- D) You need no document or an ID card for your test.

57. (v17-101-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

Bach was best known during his lifetime as an organist, organ consultant, and composer of organ works in both the traditional German free genres-such as preludes, fantasias, and toccatas-and stricter forms, such as chorale preludes and fugues. At a young age, he established a reputation for his great creativity and ability to integrate foreign

styles into his organ works. A decidedly North German influence was exerted by Georg Böhm, with whom Bach came into contact in Lüneburg, and Dieterich Buxtehude, whom the young organist visited in Lübeck in 1704 on an extended leave of absence from his job in Arnstadt. Around this time, Bach copied the works of numerous French and Italian composers to gain insights into their compositional languages, and later arranged violin concertos by Vivaldi and others for organ and harpsichord. During his most productive period (1708–14) he composed about a dozen pairs of preludes and fugues, five toccatas and fugues, and the Little Organ Book, an unfinished collection of forty-six short chorale preludes that demonstrates compositional techniques in the setting of chorale tunes. After leaving Weimar, Bach wrote less for organ, although some of his best-known works (the six trio sonatas, the German Organ Mass in Clavier-Übung III from 1739, and the Great Eighteen chorales, revised late in his life) were composed after his leaving Weimar. Bach was extensively engaged later in his life in consulting on organ projects, testing newly built organs, and dedicating organs in afternoon recitals. The Canonic Variations on «Vom Himmel hoch da komm ich her» and the Schübler Chorales are organ works Bach published in the last years of his life.

Choose the title.

- A) Organ works
- B) Musical style
- C) Counterpoint
- D) Structure

58. (v17-101-30) Find the word which is not synonymous to the word «decidedly» in line 5.

- A) Undoubtedly
- B) Undeniably
- C) Unresolved
- D) decisively

59. (v17-101-31) Identify false statement.

- A) Bach gained fame as an organist being young
- B) Works of Italian, French and German composers influenced on Bach's musical perception
- C) Bach produced his six most famous masterpieces not in his most productive period
- D) Bach was dealing with musical instruments maintenance

60. (v17-101-32) Complete the sentence according to the text.

Bach copied the works of numerous French and Italian composers to

- A) gather information about different languages
- B) arrange violin concertos by Vivaldi
- C) extend leave of absence from his job in Arnstadt
- D) acquire perception of composers musical configurational discourse

61. (v17-110-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29–32).

The inhabitants of Japan have eaten fugu for centuries. Fugu bones have been found in several shell middens, called kaizuka, from the Jōmon period that date back more than 2300 years. The Tokugawa shogunate (1603–1868) prohibited the consumption of fugu in Edo and its area of influence.

It became common again as the power of the shogunate weakened. In western regions of Japan, where the government's influence was weaker and fugu was easier to get, various cooking methods were developed to safely eat them. During the Meiji Era (1867–1912), fugu was again banned in many areas. Fugu is the only food the Emperor of Japan is forbidden to eat, for his safety. Choose the title.

- A) Types of fugu
- B) History of fugu
- C) Toxicity of fugu
- D) Japanese cuisine

62. (v17-110-30) What is the writer's purpose?

- A) To warn
- B) To argue
- C) To agree
- D) To inform

63. (v17-110-31) Identify true statement:

- A) There are no restrictions to Japanese Emperor's food.
- B) There have been several fatal cases with fugu fish.
- C) Fugu fish was never abandoned.
- D) The Tokugawa shogunate never weakened.

64. (v17-110-32) Where in Japan was fugu fish more popular?

- A) West
- B) East
- C) North
- D) South

65. (v17-117-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

The first English attempts to colonize North America were controlled by individuals rather than companies. Sir Humphrey Gilbert was the first Englishman to send colonists to the New World. His initial expedition, which sailed in 1578 with a patent granted by Queen Elizabeth was defeated by the Spanish. A second attempt ended in disaster in 1583, when Gilbert and his ship were lost in a storm. In the following year, Gilbert's half brother, Sir Walter Raleigh, having obtained a renewal of the patent, sponsored an expedition that explored the coast of the region that he named «Virginia.» Under Raleigh's direction efforts were then made to establish a colony on Roanoke island in 1585 in 61587. The survivors of the first settlement on Roanoke returned to England in 1586, but the second group of colonists disappeared without leaving a trace. The failure of the Gilbert and Raleigh ventures made it clear that the tasks they had undertaken were too big for any one colonizer. Within a short time the trading company had supplanted the individual promoter of colonization.

Which of the following would be the most appropriate title for the passage?

- A) The Regulation of Trading Companies
- B) British – Spanish Rivalry in the New World
- C) Early Attempts at Colonizing North America
- D) Royal Patents Issued in the 16th Century

66. (v17-117-34) The passage states which of the following about the first English people to be involved in establishing colonies in North America?

- A) They were requested to do so by Queen Elizabeth
- B) They were members of large trading companies
- C) They were immediately successful
- D) They were acting on their own

67. (v17-117-35) When did Sir Walter Raleigh's initial expedition set out for North America?

- A) 1577
- B) 1579
- C) 1582
- D) 1584

68. (v17-117-36) Which of the following can be inferred from the passage about members of the first Roanoke settlement?

- A) They explored the entire coastal region
- B) Some did not survive
- C) They named the area «Virginia»
- D) Most were not experienced sailors

69. (v17-118-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Grandma Moses is among the most celebrated twentieth – century painters of the United States, yet she had barely started painting before she was in her late seventies. As she once said of herself: I would never sit back in a rocking chair, waiting for someone to help me. No one could have had a more productive old age.

She was born Anna Mary Robertson on a farm in New York State, one of five boys and five girls. («we came in bunches, like radishes.») At twelve she left home and was in domestic service until at twenty-seven, she married Thomas Moses, the hired hand of one of her employers. They farmed most of their lives, first in Virginia and then in New York State, at Eagle Bridge. She had ten children, of whom five survived: her husband died in 1927.

Grandma Moses painted a little as a child and made embroidery pictures as a hobby, but only switched to oils in old age because her hands had become too stiff to sew and she wanted to keep busy and pass the time. Her pictures were first sold at the local drugstore and at a fair, and were soon spotted by a dealer who bought everything she painted. Three of the pictures were exhibited in the Museum of Modern Art, and in 1940 she had her first exhibition in New York. Between the 1930s and her death she produced some 2,000 pictures: detailed and lively portrayals of the rural life she had known for so long, with a marvelous sense of color and form. «I think real hard till I think of something real pretty, and then I paint it», she said.

Which of the following would be the best title for the passage?

- A) Grandma Moses: A Biographical Sketch
- B) The Children of Grandma Moses
- C) Grandma Moses: Her Best Exhibition
- D) Grandma Moses and Other Older Artists

70. (v17-118-26) According to the passage, Grandma Moses began to paint because she wanted to

- A) decorate her home
- B) keep active
- C) improve her salary
- D) gain an international reputation

71. (v17-118-27) From Grandma Moses' description of herself in the first paragraph, it can be inferred that she was

- A) independent
- B) pretty
- C) wealthy
- D) timid

72. (v17-118-28) Grandma Moses spent most of her life

- A) nursing
- B) painting
- C) embroidering
- D) farming

73. (v17-119-25) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Koalas were hunted by indigenous Australians and depicted in myths and cave art for millennia. The first recorded encounter between a European and a koala was in 1798, and an image of the animal was published in 1810 by naturalist George Perry. Botanist Robert Brown wrote the first detailed scientific description of the koala in 1814, although his work remained unpublished for 180 years. Popular artist John Gould illustrated and described the koala, introducing the species to the general British public. Further details about the animal's biology were revealed in the 19th century by several English scientists. Because of its distinctive appearance, the koala is recognized worldwide as a symbol of Australia. Koalas are listed as Vulnerable by the International Union for Conservation of Nature. The Australian government similarly lists specific populations in Queensland and New South Wales as Vulnerable. The animal was hunted heavily in the early 20th century for its fur, and large-scale culling in Queensland resulted in a public outcry that initiated a movement to protect the species. Sanctuaries were established, and translocation efforts moved to new regions koalas whose habitat had become fragmented or reduced. The biggest threat to their existence is habitat destruction caused by agriculture and urbanisation.

Choose the title.

- A) Conservation Issues
- B) Cultural Significance
- C) Social spacing
- D) Description

74. (v17-119-26) Identify false statement.

- A) For many years koalas were hunted by native Australian tribes.
- B) The earliest scientific records were not widely recognized for a long time.
- C) There was a single contribution to koalas' scientific description.
- D) Koalas are associated with a particular continent.

75. (v17-119-27) The word «sanctuary» is closest in meaning to

- A) holy place
- B) shelter
- C) temple
- D) shrine

76. (v17-119-28) What is the main idea of the text?

- A) General overview of koalas
- B) Etymology of the word «koala»
- C) Genetics and variation
- D) description

77. (v17-120-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

A dummy corporation or dummy company is an entity created to serve as a front or cover for one or more companies. It can have the appearance of being real (logo, website, and sometimes employing actual staff), but lacks the capacity to function independently. The dummy corporation's sole purpose is to protect «an individual or another corporation from liability in either contract or import». Typically, the dummy companies are established in an international location,

usually by the «attorney or bagman» of the creator in order to conceal the true owner of the often-illegitimate and empty company.

Choose the title

- A) Real estate
- B) Business
- C) Sole purpose
- D) Dummy companies

78. (v17-120-26) What is the aim of opening dummy companies?

- A) To create real logo, website and employing actual staff
- B) To conceal the true owner
- C) To protect individuals
- D) To function independently

79. (v17-120-27) Identify false statement

- A) Dummy companies serve as covers
- B) Dummy companies do not function in full
- C) Dummy companies are created for covering other companies
- D) Dummy companies are never created in international location

80. (v17-120-28) The word «conceal» is closest in meaning to

- A) Tuck away
- B) show
- C) expose
- D) reveal

81. (v17-127-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

Ever since humans have inhabited the earth, they have made use of various forms of communication. Generally, the expression of thoughts and feelings has been in the form of oral speech. When there is a language barrier communication is accomplished through sign language in which motions stand for the letters, words and ideas. Tourists, the deaf, and the mute have had to resort to this form of expression. Many of these symbols of whole words are very picturesque and exact and can be used internationally; spelling, however cannot. Body language transmits ideas or thoughts by certain actions, either internationally. A nod signifies approval, while shaking the head indicates a negative reaction. Other forms of non linguistic language can be found in Braille, signal flags, Morse code, and smoke signals. Road maps and picture signs also guide, warn, and instruct people. While verbalization is the most common form of language, other systems and techniques also express human thoughts and feelings. What is the best title for the text?

- A) The Significance of Symbolized Language
- B) Forms of putting the feelings into words
- C) The Identical ways of Communicating
- D) Colourful devices of Communication

82. (v17-127-34) What does the word «accomplished» refer to?

- A) expressed
- B) linked
- C) related
- D) united

83. (v17-127-35) All of the following statements are FALSE EXCEPT:

- A) We have multiple ways of communication.
- B) The deaf and the mute use Braille language.
- C) Verbal communication is the most suitable for all people.
- D) The blind use body language.

84. (v17-127-36) Why do people need to communicate?

- A) to be accurate in expressing feelings
- B) to be literate

- C) to explain emotions and ideas
- D) to establish language barriers

85. (v18-548) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (548–551).

Although most universities in the United States are on a semester system, which offers classes in the fall and spring, some schools observe a quarter system comprised of fall, winter, spring and summer quarters. The academic year, September to June, is divided into three quarters of eleven weeks each beginning in September, January, and March, the summer quarter. June to August, is composed of shorter sessions of varying length. There are several advantages and disadvantages to the quarter system. On the plus side, students who wish to complete their degrees in less than the customary four years may take advantage of the opportunity to study year round by enrolling in all four quarters. In addition, although most students begin their programs in the fall quarter, they may enter at the beginning of any of the other quarters. Finally, since the physical facilities are kept in operation year round, the resources are used efficiently to serve the greatest number of students. But there are several disadvantages as well. Many faculty complain that the eleven-week term is simply not long enough for them to cover the material required by most college courses. Students also find it difficult to complete the assignments in such a short period of time. In order to combine the advantages of the quarter system with those of the semester system, some colleges and universities have instituted a three-term trimester system. In fourteen weeks, faculty and students have more time to cover material and finish course requirements, but the additional term provides more options for admission during the year and accelerates the degree programs for those students who wish to graduate early.

Which of the following would be the best title for this passage?

- A) The semester system.
- B) Universities in the United States.
- C) The Academic year.
- D) The quarter system.

86. (v18-549) The word «them» in the passage refers to

- A) courses
- B) weeks
- C) faculty
- D) material

87. (v18-550) The word «institute» is closest in meaning to

- A) consider
- B) establish
- C) recommend
- D) attempt

88. (v18-551) Where would this passage most probably be found?

- A) In a college catalog for a university in the U.S.
- B) In a dictionary published in the U.S.
- C) In an American newspaper.
- D) In a general guide to colleges and universities in the U.S.

89. (v18-552) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (552–557).

Taman Setia Indah is a popular township area in Johor Bahru, Johor, Malaysia. It is built by Setia Homes, a member of SP Setia Berhad and is populated by over 3000 residents. The township includes Indah Villa,

a posh gated and guarded community on a small hill, known for strict security measures. Setia Indah has also won numerous design and land-scaping awards in Malaysia. Setia Indah has a large garden for residents' recreational uses – jogging track, football field and a basketball court. In addition, each of the housing zones includes open area and playground for kids to play in, making this township a great place to live, play and raise kids in. In 2007, a police station is established in this township and this has greatly reduced the crime rate (car theft and burglary) in this area. In addition, Setia Indah also provides security personnel round-the-clock doing rounds in this township. A food centre and market was built at the center of the main commercial area. There are various type of common Malay cuisine served. Among others are Nasi Lemak, Nasi Ambang, Nasi Ajau, Nasi Campur and various types of noodle. There are also a lot of restaurants serving Chinese cuisine at the central area. Setia Indah is also located in the vicinity of many of the best shopping centres / hypermarkets in Johor Bahru, namely Carrefour, SMart, Giant Hypermarket, ÆON Tebrau City Shopping Centre, The Store and Tesco. Other facilities in its vicinity includes: Sultan Ismail Hospital, Austin Hills Golf Resort and Sunway College.

Choose the title.

- A) Recreational area
- B) Living in a small town
- C) The township
- D) The Indian garden

90. (v18-553) Find word which does not mean "vicinity".

- A) Contiguity
- B) Vicinage
- C) Precincts
- D) breadth

91. (v18-554) Identify wrong statement.

- A) Taman Setia Indah is situated in Southeast Asia
- B) Setia Indah has won terrain awards
- C) There are at least three recreational activities available in the town garden
- D) A special citizen-organized service reduced crime rate in the area

92. (v18-555) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (555–557).

Ian Fleming created the fictional character of James Bond as the central figure for his works. Bond is an intelligence officer in the Secret Intelligence Service, commonly known as MI6. Bond is known by his code number, 007 (pronounced "double-oh-seven"), and was a Royal Naval Reserve Commander. Fleming based his fictional creation on a number of individuals he came across during his time in the Naval Intelligence Division during World War II, admitting that Bond "was a compound of all the secret agents and commando types I met during the war". Among those types were his brother, Peter, who had been involved in behind-the-lines operations in Norway and Greece during the war. Aside from Fleming's brother, a number of others also provided some aspects of Bond's make up, including Conrad O'Brien-French, Patrick

Dalzel-Job and Bill "Biffy" Dunderdale 2. The name James Bond came from that of the American ornithologist James Bond, a Caribbean bird expert and author of the definitive field guide *Birds of the West Indies*. Fleming, a keen birdwatcher himself, had a copy of Bond's guide and he later explained to the ornithologist's wife that "It struck me that this brief, unromantic, Anglo-Saxon and yet very masculine name was just what I needed, and so a second James Bond was born". Choose the title.

- A) Creation and Inspiration.
- B) Ian Fleming's Novels
- C) Young Bond
- D) Films about James Bond

93. (v18-556) What is the author's purpose for writing?

- A) To inform
- B) To persuade
- C) To warn
- D) To announce

94. (v18-557) Identify true statement.

- A) Ian Fleming created the fictional character of James Bond as the secondary figure for his works.
- B) Fleming based his fictional creation on a number of individuals he came across during his lifetime.
- C) Ian Fleming brother's name was James.
- D) Prototype never worked as an agent.

102. Identifying true / false statement

1. (02-11-6) Choose the sentence which is not true according to the text.

The Great Fire of London started in the very early hours of September 2, 1666. In four days it destroyed more than three-quarter of the old city. During these four days it burnt down four day hundred streets, eighty-nine churches and over thirteen thousand people became homeless, but only ten lost their lives.

- A) The fire destroyed the old city.
- B) Many people died in the fire.
- C) The great fire began early in the morning.
- D) The Great Fire lasted four days.
- E) Many people stayed homeless.

2. (v6-160-36) Read the text. Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

King Alfred King Alfred was not only an able warrior but also a dedicated scholar and a wise ruler. He is known as 'Alfred the Great' – the only monarch in English history to be given this title. He is also popularly known for the story of the burning of the cakes. While Alfred was wandering around his country organizing resistance to the Viking invaders, he travelled in disguise. On one occasion, he stopped at a woman's house. The woman asked him to watch some cakes that were cooking to see that they did not burn, while she went off to get food. Alfred became lost in thought and the cakes burned. When the woman returned, she shouted angrily at Alfred and sent him away. Alfred never told her that he was her king.

According to the text, which of the following is true?

- A) King Alfred liked baking cakes.
- B) The woman burnt the king's cakes.
- C) The woman did not recognize her king.
- D) King Alfred was a Viking invader.

3. (v7-184-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

Body temperature is the measurement of the heat in an animal's body. The body of an animal generates heat by burning food. But the animal also loses heat to its environment.

Birds and mammals are warm-blooded animals. Their body temperature almost always stays constant. The temperature of their environment does not affect it. The body of a warm-blooded animal balances the amount of heat it exchanges with the environment with the amount it produces by burning food. Nearly all other animals are cold-blooded animals. Their body cannot balance this heat exchange so accurately. As a result, their body temperature changes with

the temperature of their environment. According to the text which of the following is true?

- A) Body temperature of human beings depends on the temperature of the air.
- B) Cold-blooded animals produce the same amount of heat as they lose.
- C) Mammals' body temperature changes with the temperature of the environment.
- D) Warm-blooded animals almost always have the same body temperature.

4. (v7-184-32) The phrase 'generates heat by burning food' in line 3 means

- A) provides a lot of energy.
- B) uses up food to produce heat.
- C) feels warm thanks to fire.
- D) uses fire to destroy food.

5. (v8-125-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

As a scientist Leonardo Da Vinci towered above all his contemporaries. His scientific theories, like his artistic innovations, were based on careful observation and precise documentation. He understood, better than anyone of his century or the next, the importance of precise scientific observation. Unfortunately, just as he frequently failed to bring to conclusion artistic projects, he never completed his planned treatises on a variety of scientific subjects. His theories are contained in numerous notebooks, most of which were written in mirror script. Because they were not easily understandable, Leonardo's findings were not disseminated in his own lifetime; had they been published, they would have revolutionized the science of the 16th century.

Which of the following statements is true about Leonardo?

- A) Most of his findings were well accepted by his colleagues.
- B) None had any difficulty in understanding his theories.
- C) He managed to finish all his scientific projects.
- D) He was very methodical in his scientific studies.

6. (v8-125-36) Leonardo's findings were not known during his lifetime because ...

- A) his notebooks were lost.
- B) he used secret characters.
- C) they were too impractical.
- D) he didn't write them down.

7. (v9-117-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 29–30.

Fast-moving wildfires destroyed hundreds of homes and buildings in four counties in Southern California in recent days. So far, more than 20,000 residents have been evacuated. Governor Arnold Schwarzenegger has declared a state of emergency. Fire agencies from counties dispatched 575 fire engines, 16 helicopters and 3,700 firefighters to control the flames. "We have almost total devastation here", said Los Angeles fire captain Steve Ruda. "I can't even read the street names because the street signs are melting". As a precaution, officials in Orange County canceled classes at dozens of schools and called for the evacuation of all areas located near fire zones. The cause of the fires, which started burning last Thursday, is under investigation. At least 20 people have been injured.

Which of the following statements is true about the text?

- A) The Governor of California is not worried about the fire.
- B) The police are investigating why the fire started.
- C) People were against the idea of leaving their homes.
- D) Nobody was injured because of the fires.

8. (v9-117-30) What happened in Orange County?

- A) One man died in the fire.
- B) Streets have been closed.
- C) The fire started there.
- D) Schools have been closed.

9. (v9-124-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 35–36.

Achilles fought at the Trojan War. He had magnificent armour to protect him, but he was nevertheless killed when an arrow pierced his heel – the only vulnerable part of his body. Achilles' mother, Thetis, knew the war would endanger Achilles' life, so when he was a baby she dipped him into the River Styx to protect him from injury. But she held him by the heel, which did not get covered by the magical water that would make her son invincible. After Achilles' death, two other fearsome Trojan War heroes, Odysseus and Ajax, fought over Achilles' armour. Odysseus was victorious and killed Ajax. Years after, returning home after the war had ended, Odysseus had occasion to visit the land of the dead but, not surprisingly, Ajax refused to talk to him.

Which of following is true according to the text?

- A) Achilles was killed by Trojan War heroes Odysseus and Ajax
- B) The water of the River Styx provided protection from injuries
- C) in the land of death Odysseus and Ajax fought for Achilles' armour
- D) Achilles' heel was protected from injuries because of his mother's efforts.

10. (v9-124-36) Ajax didn't want to talk to him because ...

- A) Odysseus killed Achilles in the Trojan War
- B) both of them wanted to have Achilles' armour
- C) both of them were Trojan War heroes
- D) Odysseus killed Ajax fighting over Achilles' armour.

11. (v12z-101-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

MOTHER'S DAY A special day for the celebration of mothers can be traced to the times of ancient Greece when tribute was paid to Rhea, the mother of many of the Greek gods. Early Christians also paid tribute to Mary, the mother of God, during Lent. This tribute evolved into "Mothering Sunday" in England. "Mothering Sunday" is a celebration of all mothers, and is observed on the fourth Sunday of Lent. In 1872 the idea of Mother's Day was suggested in America by Julia Ward Howe. In 1910, West Virginia became the first state to adopt a formal holiday to recognize mothers. A year later, nearly every state officially marked the day of celebration. In 1914, President Woodrow Wilson proclaimed Mother's Day as a national holiday, to be held on the second Sunday of May. Today, Mother's Day is celebrated in many countries throughout the world, although the celebrations do not fall on the same day in every country. Mother's Day is celebrated in various ways, depending on the country, the family, and the mother. Many families honor mothers by dining out, giving flowers, sending cards, giving gifts, and visits.

Additionally, Mother's Day is reported to be one of the busiest days of the year for telephone calls.

Which of the following statements is NOT true about the text?

- A) Formal holiday to honor mothers was first adopted in West Virginia.
- B) England celebrates Mothering Sunday
- C) Mothers play a special part in our lives.
- D) Mother's Day is celebrated on the same day all over the world.

12. (v12z-101-35) Who was the mother of the many gods in ancient Greece?

- A) Rhea
- B) Virginia
- C) Julia
- D) Mary

13. (v12z-101-36) The word HOLIDAY in the text means ...

- A) a day of rest when people celebrate a special event
- B) a period after wedding
- C) a time when somebody is ill
- D) a period of rest from work or school

14. (v13-102-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

Of the six outer planets, Mars, commonly called the Red Planet, is the closest to Earth. Mars, 4,200 miles in diameter and 55% of the size of Earth, is 34,600,000 miles from Earth, and 141,000,000 miles from the Sun. It takes this planet, along with its two moons, Phobos and Deimos, 1,88 years to circle the Sun, compared to 365 days for the Earth. For many years, Mars had been thought of as the planet with the man-made canals, supposedly discovered by an Italian astronomer, Schiaparelli, in 1877. With the United States spacecraft Viking I's landing on Mars in 1976, the man-made canal theory was proven to be only a myth.

Viking I, after landing on the soil of Mars, performed many scientific experiments and took numerous pictures. The pictures

showed that the red color of the planet is due to the reddish, rocky Martian soil. No biological life was found, though it had been speculated by many scientists. The Viking also monitored many weather changes including violent dust storms. Some water vapor, polar ice and permafrost (frost below the surface) were found, indicating that at one time there were significant quantities of water on this distant planet. Evidence collected by the spacecraft shows some present volcanic action, though the volcanoes are believed to be dormant if not extinct.

Which of the following is not true?

- A) Mars has two moons
- B) It takes longer for Mars to circle the Sun than it takes Earth
- C) Martian soil is rocky
- D) Mars is larger than Earth

15. (v13-102-35) Man-made canals were supposedly discovered by ...

- A) Schiaparelli
- B) Martian
- C) Phobos
- D) Viking

16. (v13-102-36) Mars has been nicknamed as ...

- A) Deimos
- B) Viking I
- C) Martian
- D) The Red Planet

17. (v13-150-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

Of the six outer planets Mars, commonly called the Red Planet, is the closest to Earth. Mars, 4,200 miles in diameter and 55% of the size of Earth, is 34,600,000 miles from Earth, and 141,000,000 miles from the Sun. It takes this planet, along with its two moons, Phobos and Deimos, 1,88 years to circle the Sun, compared to 365 days for the Earth. For many years Mars had been thought of as the planet with the man-made canals, supposedly discovered by an Italian astronomer, Schiaparelli, in 1877. With the United States spacecraft Viking I's landing on Mars in 1976, the man-made canal theory was proven to be only a myth.

Viking I, after landing on the soil of Mars, performed many scientific experiments and took numerous pictures. The pictures showed that the red colour of the planet is due to the reddish, rocky Martian soil. No biological life was found, though it had been speculated by many scientists. The Viking also monitored many weather changes including violent dust storms. Some water vapour, polar ice and permafrost (frost below the surface) were found, indicating that at one time there were significant quantities of water on this distant planet. Evidence collected by the spacecraft shows some present volcanic action, though the volcanoes are believed to be dormant if not extinct.

Which of the following is not true?

- A) Martian soil is rocky
- B) It takes longer for Mars to circle the Sun than it takes Earth
- C) Mars is larger than Earth
- D) Mars has two moons

18. (v13-150-35) Man-made canals were supposedly discovered by ...

- A) Martian
- B) Viking I
- C) Schiaparelli
- D) Phobos

19. (v13-150-36) Mars has been nicknamed as ...

- A) The Red Planet B) Martian
C) Viking I D) Deimos

20. (v16-108-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

The digital revolution in music has enabled people to download, store and listen to songs on a tiny, portable device called an MP3 player. The process is quick and afterwards you can have access to a library of thousands of songs that can fit into your palm. But experts say that continuously listening to loud music on these small music players can permanently damage hair cells in the inner ear, resulting in hearing loss. For instance, old-fashioned headphones have been replaced with smaller ones that fit neatly into the ear, instead of over them, which intensifies the sound. In addition to that, digital music does not distort and keeps its crystal clear sound, even on loud settings, which encourages children to crank up the volume. Combine that with the fact that many children will spend hours listening to their iPods, and you have the recipe for hearing loss. Put into further perspective, most MP3 players can reach levels of 120 decibels, which is louder than a chainsaw or lawnmower. When you consider 85 decibels is the maximum safe decibel level set by hearing experts over the course of a working day, and that children will listen to music at higher decibel levels than that for long periods of time, hearing will invariably suffer. Which of the following statements is not true about an MP3 player?

- A) A small device for listening to songs with exceptionally huge volume.
B) A piece of equipment owing to which you can harm the ability of hearing.
C) A little handy gadget where loads of music pieces can be downloaded.
D) A tiny digital music player that can enduringly damage your hair.

21. (v16-108-34) The author mentions ... as an example of bad effects of MP3 players.

- A) up-to-date headphones
B) a library of thousands of songs
C) risk-free decibel levels
D) chainsaws and lawnmowers

22. (v16-108-35) The word "intensify" in the passage means ...

- A) make louder B) make weaker
C) make softer D) make clearer

23. (v16-108-36) The passage discusses all of the following, EXCEPT:

- A) drawbacks of iPods
B) usage of MP3s by kids
C) advantages of MP3 players
D) consequences of hearing loss

24. (v16-109-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

If you want a brief history of information technology, here is one. Humans were the first "computers". Then machines were invented to carry out the computational tasks. Now these machines have given way to new form of information technology. Information has become accessible from anywhere. Information technology deals with the acquisition,

processing, storage and dissemination of vocal, pictorial, textual and numerical information by a microelectronics-based combination of computing and telecommunications. Thanks to the continuous development of computers, the original computing systems became minicomputers and later personal computers took the lead. Nowadays, mobile phones are removing the personal computer and computing is evolving faster to become disembodied more like a cloud, becoming accessible more easily whenever needed. Information technology in this sense has transformed people and companies and has allowed digital technology to influence society and economy alike.

Which of the following is mentioned in the text?

- A) The computational methods were created to do solely a few tasks.
B) The initial "computers" were individuals of humanity.
C) Computing system has been evolved marginally.
D) Information technology is included to do hardly anything.

25. (v16-109-34) Which of the statements is not mentioned in the text?

- A) The development of information technology is the result of advances in computing system.
B) Information technology is changing principally because of the needs.
C) Information technology has experienced a minor evolution in computing system.
D) Portable computers are considered to be up-to-date.

26. (v16-109-35) The word "evolving" in the text means ...

- A) developing B) neglecting
C) introducing D) delaying

27. (v16-120-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21–24).

Fiordland National Park on New Zealand's South Island is like an outdoor museum: the area is home to hundreds of native plants, flowers, and animals that cannot be found anywhere else in the world. The most amazing thing in Fiordland, though, is the magical sight of the fiords themselves—narrow strips of water, some over 200 meters deep, that cut between the high mountains facing the coast.

For centuries, New Zealand's native Maori were the only people who knew about Fiordland. They took trips there to hunt animals and to collect greenstone. Fiordland has since become an important part of local Maori legends. The first Europeans arrived in 1778, when ships led by James Cook came to explore the coast of New Zealand. The majority of today's travelers come to enjoy over 480 kilometers (300 miles) of walking paths. Tourists who enjoy riskier activities can explore the fiords by kayak or helicopter. However they are viewed, the reflections on the surface of New Zealand's famous fiords are always a magical sight.

All statements about *Fiordland National Park* are FALSE, EXCEPT:

- A) James Cook was the first to discover New Zealand.
B) The view of Fiordland can be visible from space.

C) Visitors are obliged to do risky activities in Fiordland.

D) The flora and fauna of Fiordland are unique in the world.

28. (v16-120-22) It is clear from the passage that *Fiordland National Park* is ...

- A) a place to work B) an arid region
C) natural museum D) hunting area

29. (v16-120-23) What does the word "fiord" in the passage refer to?

- A) the part of the land adjoining or near the sea
B) a piece of land surrounded by water
C) a long, narrow, deep inlet of the sea between high cliffs
D) a steep rock face, especially at the edge of the sea

30. (v16-120-24) It can be understood from the passage that ...

- A) Fiordland was a mythological city devised by Maori people.
B) the first Europeans visited Fiordland aiming to get more greenstones.
C) for Europeans Fiordland was an unknown place for centuries.
D) it is allowed to investigate Fiordland only by special boats and helicopters.

31. (v17-105-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33–36).

Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna, a former president of Mexico, met with an inventor Thomas Adams in New York in the late 1860s. Santa Anna told him about a new way of making rubber products.

Rubber is a natural product, but it's expensive. Santa Anna thought it would be possible to blend the rubber with chicle, the milky juice of a tropical tree. That would make rubber products much cheaper to produce. Adams wanted to try. Later, Santa Anna arranged for one ton of chicle to be shipped to Adams from Mexico. Adams experimented for about a year, but unsuccessfully. Then he remembered Santa Anna's stories of people chewing chicle in Mexico. So Adams made chewing gum, packaged it, and sold it in local stores. The soft and springy gum was much tastier than other American gum, which was made from wax or tree sap.

Although Adams's original idea was a failure, chewing gum was a success. In 1871, he invented a machine to manufacture gum so he wouldn't have to make it by hand. Adams enjoyed success for the rest of his life, and people have enjoyed all kinds of tasty gum for years.

Which of the following statements is TRUE according to the passage?

- A) Adams didn't succeed in his initial experiments.
B) Adams met Santa Anna in Mexico.
C) Santa Anna was the first woman president in Mexico.
D) Americans like to chew wax gum.

32. (v17-105-34) What happened as a result of the failed experiments with rubber?

- A) Santa Anna gave up his idea to make chewing gum.
B) Santa Anna told Adams about chewing chicle.

- C) Adams received one ton of chicle from Mexico.
D) Adams made chewing gum from chicle.

33. (v17-105-35) The word «original» in the passage is opposite in meaning to ...

- A) first
B) successful
C) initial
D) last

34. (v17-105-36) According to the passage, which event happened last?

- A) Adams invented a machine to make gum.
B) Adams learned about chicle from Santa Anna.
C) Adams experimented with chicle.
D) Adams received a shipment of chicle.

35. (v17-110-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

Hip-hop started in New York city in the 1970s. Today many countries have their own local hip-hop scenes. Artists from different backgrounds rap about everything from cars and designer clothes to social issues. Europe is home to 8–12 million Roma – a group of people often called «gypsies». Many Roma are poor. In some places, they also face discrimination.

Now some Roma teenagers are using hip-hop to teach tolerance. In the Czech Republic, Roma teens meet for a hip-hop class called «Rap for Peace Hip-Hop.» Their instructor is Shameema Williams. She is a member of the all-female rap group Godessa, from South Africa.

In the lessons, the teens learn to write rap music and use it to teach others about Roma culture. These teens, Shameema believes, can use the music to change their lives and other people's attitudes. «Use your creative energy and see what the possibilities are», she says.

All sentences about the Roma teenagers are True, Except:

- A) Most of them are from South Africa.
B) In some places, they are disliked because they are Roma.
C) They gather to take a hip-hop class.
D) They are using music to teach people about their culture.

36. (v17-110-26) According to the passage, ...

- A) Only female gypsies deal with hip-hop.
B) Shameema Williams challenged all Roma's against discrimination.
C) The city Rome is the country of Roma's.
D) Roma teenagers use hip-hop to teach patience.

37. (v17-110-27) According to the idea of Shameema Williams, hip-hop ...

- A) plays significant role to publicize Roma's culture.
B) to show capacity of gypsies for other nationalities.
C) alters others' treatment and has positive effects.
D) get rid of poverty and make gypsies more intelligent.

38. (v17-110-28) According to the passage, who are Romas?

- A) ethnic group called «gypsy»
B) local people of Czech Republic
C) black Americans from South Africa
D) a nationality who lives in Rome

39. (v17-111-29) Read the text and Choose the correct answer for each question below (29–32).

The armadillo is probably one of the most unusual-looking animals. It looks a lot like the dinosaurs that used to walk the Earth. Armadillos can live in many places throughout the United States and other parts of the world, but they are most prominent in the state of Texas.

The armadillo has a very tough shell with bands of very strong tissue. These bands are able to slide over each other, which allows the armadillo to roll up like a ball. This is how the armadillo is able to protect itself.

Most animals are unable to break through this tough skin. The armadillo has to live in places where the dirt is easy to dig; otherwise, it cannot dig itself a home. They have very strong claws that help them dig. The armadillo's main diet is insects. They eat ants, termites, beetles, grubs, worms, and other small insects. These animals are also known for their strange behavior. If an armadillo is frightened, it will jump into the air. Sometimes it will even jump three feet high! It also makes a squealing sound. Armadillos are interesting animals!

According to the passage all of the following statements are true, except.

- A) Armadillos live only in the USA
B) Armadillos can squeal
C) Armadillos jump in the air when scared.
D) Armadillos feed on insects

40. (v17-111-30) The author wrote this passage to ...

- A) give information about American armadillos.
B) inform the reader of how armadillos are mistreated.
C) share general information about armadillos.
D) raise awareness of the shrinking armadillo population.

41. (v17-111-31) According to the passage ...

- A) in Texas armadillos live in special homes
B) insects are considered to be main food for armadillos
C) armadillos use their strong claws to protect themselves
D) armadillos can dig their holes everywhere

42. (v17-111-32) Choose the best title for the passage.

- A) The armadillo state
B) The basics of armadillo
C) An American armadillo
D) Armadillos all over the world

43. (v17-122-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25–28).

A long time ago, a man named Marcus occupied a house with his family. He was not modest. He always told everybody he was the strongest man in the province. He worked hard, but he could barely sustain his family. He wanted to save money and prosper. Still, he could never earn a penny more than he needed.

One day, Marcus made an agreement with a blacksmith. The blacksmith had a lot of work to do. But he couldn't do it all by himself. Marcus wanted to help him forge iron. The blacksmith agreed to compensate him with a lot of money. In the same town, there was a man named

Nicholas. At an early age, Nicholas started preaching. But he also believed that he should be humble and charitable. He learned that helping people gave him even more satisfaction than preaching.

One day, Nicholas encountered Marcus. Marcus told Nicholas about his agreement with the blacksmith. «I worked hard for him», Marcus said, «but a problem arose. Even though I worked for him, he didn't pay me.» Nicholas wanted to help Marcus. That night, he went back to Marcus's house. He brought a bag of gold. It exceeded the amount that Marcus needed. Nicholas climbed up a ladder and dropped the bag of gold down the chimney. Marcus thanked his benefactor. Soon, people found out about Nicholas's gift. He became well known and loved. Which of the following is true about the job Marcus did?

- A) He made pennies
B) He was compensated unfairly
C) He preached to people
D) He barely sustained his family

44. (v17-122-26) Why didn't Nicolas tell people that he gave money away?

- A) He prospered
B) He didn't want to be modest
C) He wanted to be humble
D) He wasn't popular in the province

45. (v17-122-27) What was dropped down the chimney?

- A) a penny
B) ladder
C) gold
D) benefactor

46. (v17-122-28) Why did Marcus want more money?

- A) To buy more iron
B) To feed his family
C) To give it away
D) To become a blacksmith

47. (v17-123-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

If «suburb» is meant an urban margin that grows more rapidly than its already developed interior, the process of suburbanization began during the emergence of the industrial city in the second quarter of the nineteenth century. Before that period the city was a small highly compact cluster in which people moved about on foot and goods were conveyed by horse and cart. But the early factories built in the 1830's and 1840's were located along waterways and near railheads at the edges of cities, and housing was needed for the thousands of people drawn by the prospect of employment. In time, the factories were surrounded by proliferating mill towns of apartments and row houses that abutted the older, main cities. As a defense against this encroachment and to enlarge their tax bases, the cities appropriated their industrial neighbors. In 1854, for example, the city of Philadelphia annexed most of Philadelphia County. Similar municipal maneuvers took place in Chicago and in New York. Indeed, most great cities of the United States achieved such status only by incorporating the communities along their borders.

With the acceleration of industrial growth came acute urban crowding and accompanying social stress conditions that began to approach disastrous proportions

when, in 1888, the first commercially successful electric traction line was developed. Within a few years the horse-drawn trolleys were retired and electric streetcar networks crisscrossed and connected every major urban area, fostering a wave of suburbanization that transformed the compact industrial city into a dispersed metropolis. This first phase of mass-scale suburbanization was reinforced by the simultaneous emergence of the urban Middle class whose desires for homeownership in neighborhoods far from the aging inner city were satisfied by the developers of single-family housing tracts.

Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A) The growth of Philadelphia
- B) The Origin of the Suburb
- C) The Development of City Transportation
- D) The Rise of the Urban Middle Class

48. (v17-123-34) The author mentions that areas bordering the cities have grown during periods of

- A) industrialization
- B) inflation
- C) revitalization
- D) unionization

49. (v17-123-35) Which of the following was NOT mentioned in the passage as a factor in nineteenth-century suburbanization?

- A) Cheaper housing
- B) Urban crowding
- C) The advent of an urban middle class
- D) The invention of the electric streetcar

50. (v17-123-36) It can be inferred from the passage that after 1890 most people traveled around cities by

- A) automobile
- B) cart
- C) horse-draw trolley
- D) electric streetcar

51. (v17-124-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25-28).

A coin is a small, flat, round piece of metal or plastic used primarily as a medium of exchange or legal tender. They are standardized in weight, and produced in large quantities at a mint in order to facilitate trade. They are most often issued by a government. Coins are usually metal or alloy, or sometimes made of synthetic materials. They are usually disc shaped. Coins made of valuable metal are stored in large quantities as bullion coins. Other coins are used as money in everyday transactions, circulating alongside banknotes. Usually the highest value coin in circulation (i.e. excluding bullion coins) is worth less than the lowest-value note. In the last hundred years, the face value of circulation coins has occasionally been lower than the value of the metal they contain, for example due to inflation. If the difference becomes significant, the issuing authority may decide to withdraw these coins from circulation, possibly issuing new equivalents with a different composition, or the public may decide to melt the coins down or hoard them.

Identify false statement

- A) Coins are issued only by governments
- B) Coins may be of various shapes and sizes
- C) Coins may be used for various purposes
- D) Coins are sometimes withdrawn from circulation

52. (v17-124-26) What is the author's main purpose?

- A) To inform
- B) To convince
- C) To warn
- D) To argue

53. (v17-124-27) Identify main idea

- A) Coins, their history and usage
- B) Issuing coins
- C) Shapes of coins
- D) Collections of coins

54. (v17-124-28) Identify true statement

- A) Coins are always metal or alloy
- B) They are always disc shaped
- C) Usually the highest value coin in circulation (i.e. excluding bullion coins) is worth less than the lowest-value note.
- D) The issuing authority may decide to withdraw coins from circulation

55. (v17-124-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

The British are great lovers of competitive sports and when they are neither playing nor watching games they like to talk about them, or when they cannot do that to think about them. The game particularly associated with England is cricket. Many other games, which are English in origin, have been adopted with **enthusiasm** all over the world but cricket has been seriously adopted only in the former British Empire, particularly in Australia, New Zealand, India, Pakistan, Sri Lanka, The Indies and South Africa. Cricket is played by men and boys, women and girls. There are two teams of eleven each. One team must bat, and the other team must field. When the first team finishes batting, the second team must begin. The batsman must all the time guard his «wicket», three pieces of wood that are pushed into the ground. The game is very slow. Organized amateur cricket is played between club teams, mainly on Saturday afternoons from May to the end of September. Nearly every village except in the far North has its cricket club. A first-class match between English counties lasts for up to three days, with six hours play on each day. When England plays with one of the cricketing countries such as Australia or New Zealand it is called a test match and it lasts for five days.

According to the text, which of the following is true?

- A) The British people neither play nor watch competitive sports.
- B) Cricket is a swift kind of game which is played by two teams of 11 each.
- C) From May to the end of September non-professional cricket is played.
- D) Cricket as well as all other English games has been adopted all over the world.

56. (v17-124-34) According to the text, which of the following is false?

- A) Almost all villages, even the far North ones hold their cricket clubs.
- B) Wicket is the set of three sticks that must be with the ball.
- C) A first-class match between English regions continues for three days.
- D) People of either gender may be engaged in cricket game

57. (v17-124-35) What is the best title for the passage?

- A) Professional cricket games
- B) Leisure for the world nations
- C) Adoption of British Empire
- D) The game of English origin

58. (v17-124-36) The word «enthusiasm» in the passage can be replaced with ...

- A) tolerance
- B) passion
- C) humour
- D) offence

59. (v17-125-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25-28).

The Niagara Falls have long been a source of inspiration for explorers, travelers, artists, authors, filmmakers, residents and visitors, few of whom realize the falls were nearly to be solely devoted to industrial and commercial use. In the 1870s, sightseers had limited access to the Niagara Falls and often had to pay for a glimpse, and industrialization threatened to carve up Goat Island to further expand commercial development. Other industrial encroachments and lack of public access led to a conservation movement in the U.S. known as Free Niagara, led by such notables as Hudson River School artist Frederic Edwin Church, landscape designer Frederick Law Olmsted, and architect Henry Hobson Richardson. Church approached Lord Dufferin, governor-general of Canada, with a proposal for international discussions on the establishment of a public park. Identify false statement

- A) The Niagara Falls have long been a source of inspiration
- B) Sightseers had limited access to the Niagara Falls
- C) There was a movement for closing the Niagara for tourists
- D) There were some notable people in the movement

60. (v17-125-26) What is the author's main purpose?

- A) To inform
- B) To convince
- C) To warn
- D) To argue

61. (v17-125-27) The word «notable» is closest in meaning to

- A) Insignificant
- B) Unremarkable
- C) Famous
- D) Obscure

62. (v17-125-28) Identify main idea

- A) the Niagara Falls are in danger
- B) Preservation of the Niagara Falls
- C) Movement for the Niagara Falls
- D) Famous people

63. (v17-126-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25-28).

Incheon International Airport (sometimes referred to as Seoul-Incheon International Airport) is the largest airport in South Korea, the primary airport serving the Seoul Capital Area, and one of the largest and busiest airports in the world. Since 2005, it has been rated the best airport worldwide by Airports Council International every year. It is also rated as the world's cleanest airport and the world's best international transit airport by Skytrax.

The airport has a golf course, spa, private sleeping rooms, an ice skating rink, a casino, indoor gardens, and a Museum of Korean

Culture. Airport authorities claim that average departure and arrival takes 19 minutes and 12 minutes respectively, as compared to worldwide average of 60 minutes and 45 minutes respectively, ranking it among of the fastest airports in the world for customs processing. Its duty-free shopping mall has been rated the world's best for three years in a row in 2013 by Business Traveller. Incheon International Airport also claims that it has only a 0.0001% baggage mishandling rate. Identify true statement

- A) Incheon International Airport is the best in one nomination
 B) Incheon International Airport is the busiest airport in the world
 C) Incheon International Airport is the only airport in South Korea
 D) Incheon International Airport is ranked as one of the fastest airports of the world.

64. (v17-126-26) Identify false statement

- A) Incheon International Airport has many facilities for the passengers
 B) Incheon International Airport is rated as the cleanest airport of the world
 C) Incheon International Airport has the shortest arrival and departure time
 D) Incheon International Airport duty-free shopping mall has been rated the world's best for two years in a row

65. (v17-126-27) Which of these facts is not mentioned in the text?

- A) Incheon International Airport is the largest airport in Korea
 B) Incheon International Airport is the best transit airport in the world
 C) There is a museum in the Airport
 D) Incheon International Airport is and artificially created piece of land

66. (v17-126-28) Identify main topic.

- A) General overview
 B) Statistics
 C) Terminals
 D) Airlines and destinations

67. (v18-558) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (558-560).

The Flying Eagle cent is a one-cent piece that was struck by the Mint of the United States as a pattern coin in 1856, and released for circulation on May 25, 1857. The coin was designed by Mint Chief Engraver James B. Longacre, with the eagle in flight based on the work of Longacre's predecessor, Christian Gobrecht. By the early 1850s, the large cent in circulation (about the size of a half dollar) was becoming both unpopular in commerce and expensive to coin. After experimenting with various sizes and compositions, the Mint decided on an alloy of 88% copper and 12% nickel for a new, smaller cent. After the Mint produced patterns with an 1856 date and gave them to legislators and officials, Congress formally authorized the new piece in February 1857. It was issued in exchange for the worn Spanish colonial silver coin that had circulated in the U.S. until then, as well as for its larger predecessor. So many cents were issued that they choked commercial channels, especially as they were not legal tender and no one had to take them.

The eagle design did not strike well, and was replaced in 1859 by Longacre's Indian Head cent.

Identify false statement.

- A) The Flying Eagle cent replaced larger cent
 B) Foreign coin had been used before the Flying Eagle cent
 C) There was more than one reason for reducing large cent in circulation
 D) Longacre's Indian Head cent replaced the Eagle long after it'd been issued

68. (v18-559) What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Longacre's Indian Head cent
 B) The Flying Eagle cent
 C) The large cent
 D) Spanish colonial silver coin

69. (v18-560) The word "predecessor" in the text cannot be replaced by ...

- A) forerunner B) precursor
 C) successor D) antecedent

103. Choose the right question to the text / sentence

1. (96-6-54) Choose the proper question.

- A: ... B: I'll try.
 A) Will you tell me the way to the theatre?
 B) When will you tell me the way to the theatre?
 C) How will you try to tell me the way to the theatre?
 D) I'll tell you the way to the theatre, shall I?
 E) This is the way to the theatre, isn't it?

2. (96-8-55) Choose the right question to the text. The British Museum Library is famous all over the world. The library contains millions of books. People come to this famous library to get information they need. There are scientists, economists, artists among its readers.

- A) Is it a modern library?
 B) How old is the library?
 C) When did the library begin to work?
 D) Why do people come to this library?
 E) Who worked at this library?

3. (96-9-53) Choose the appropriate question.

The Lacons were known for their bravery and short speeches.

- A) Why were the bacons known for their bravery and short speeches?
 B) Who were known for their bravery?
 C) What were the Lacons known?
 D) What were the Lacons?
 E) They were known for their bravery, weren't they?

4. (96-12-50) Choose the proper question to the text.

One day two small boys discussed the sun and the moon. Which was more useful to man? At last one of them said, "Oh, I know. The moon is more useful than the sun because it shines at night when it is needed: but the sun shines in the daytime, when nobody wants it, because there is enough light without it".

- A) Why is it dark at night?
 B) What was more useful to man?
 C) What were men talking about?
 D) Why does the sun shine brightly?
 E) Why did the boy think that the moon was more useful than the sun?

5. (96-12-91) Choose the appropriate question.

Mary: Hurry up! It's already ten o'clock and your train leaves at 10:20. Ann: ... Mary: No, not yet. I'm going to book one.

- A) Have you packed your things?
 B) Have you got your ticket?
 C) When does your train leave?
 D) Where are you leaving?
 E) Is it interesting?

6. (96-12-103) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

There was a small demonstration in Hyde Park on Sunday.

- A) What was there in Hyde Park on Sunday?
 B) Was there a demonstration in Hyde Park?
 C) Were there many demonstrators in Hyde Park?
 D) Who takes part in the demonstration on Sunday?
 E) Who took part in demonstration in Hyde Park on Sunday?

7. (96-12-107) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

Korolyov began to work in the aircraft industry.

- A) When was Korolyov born?
 B) When did he finish to work in the aircraft industry?
 C) What did Korolyov begin to do?
 D) How old was he when he worked in the aircraft industry?
 E) Korolyov began to work in the aircraft industry, didn't he?

8. (96-13-166) Choose the appropriate question.

I have a lot of relatives and get plenty of presents for my birthday from each of them. But this year I've got less presents than I did the previous year.

- A) When is your birthday?
 B) How many relatives have you?
 C) You got few presents this year, didn't you?
 D) When did you receive more presents this year or the previous one?
 E) Why did you get less presents for your last birthday than usually?

9. (96-13-167) Choose the appropriate question.

Once I visited my friend. He is very clever and full of humour. But that day I couldn't recognise him. He was sad and gloomy. I was so sorry for him that I asked ...

- A) Is your mother in?
 B) What's wrong? Are you OK?
 C) Why aren't you telling me funny stories?
 D) Why are you so clever?
 E) You are looking full of humour, aren't you?

10. (96-13-204) Choose the proper question to the given answer.

"Yes, I think so!"

- A) Why is your mother looking so happy?
 B) Is the dress your 's or your sister's
 C) When is he coming?
 D) When do you leave me?
 E) Is your friend going to the party?

11. (96-13-212) Choose the question to the text.

My father is an excellent bowler. He has been bowling since he was ten years old.

- A) Did they like to bowl?
 B) How long has his father been bowling?

- C) Do you know the story of "The Tree Musketeers" by Alexander Dumas?
 D) Did they often get together with friends to play?
 E) How did they call themselves?

12. (96-15-57) Choose the right question to the text.

Today everyone wants peace, but not everyone yet realises that peace cannot be assured by armed forces or by imposing one's own way of life on others.

- A) Can armed forces assure peace?
 B) Many people impose their own way of life on others, don't they?
 C) What must we do if we want peace?
 D) Does he fight for peace?
 E) Everyone has his own way of life, hasn't he?

13. (96-15-58) Choose the right question to the text.

The river is very wide and from the Hermitage you can look across at the Peter and Paul fortress or in the other direction you can see the University and other old buildings.

- A) What can you see at the fortress?
 B) You can see universities and fortresses, can't you?
 C) What is the sight from the Hermitage?
 D) The Peter and Paul fortress is in the other direction, isn't it?
 E) What University can you see?

14. (96-15-213) Choose the right question to the text.

Lincoln was President during the Civil war. In this critical period Lincoln led the fight to keep the nation together and to free the slaves.

- A) When was Lincoln born?
 B) What kind of man was he?
 C) In what place of the United Kingdom has the memorial been built?
 D) What did Lincoln lead during the Civil War?
 E) When did the North win?

15. (96-15-214) Choose the right question to the text.

Richard and his girl was late for the performance. When they got to the theatre the play had already begun.

- A) When did they come to the theatre?
 B) How did they get to the theatre?
 C) Who was late?
 D) Who plays the leading part?
 E) Where did they go after the performance?

16. (97-1-52) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

Ulugbek did his research in astronomy.

- A) Was Ulugbek a famous astronomer?
 B) Who did research in mathematics and astronomy?
 C) Did Ulugbek develop science?
 D) What branch did Ulugbek do his research in?
 E) What did Ulugbek do in his life?

17. (97-1-53) Choose the appropriate question to the text.

George Stephenson was an outstanding English engineer and inventor. He is a man whose name is connected with the first railway in Great Britain. He built a new engine for a steam locomotive and replaced wooden rails by metal ones.

- A) Was G. Stephenson a famous scientist?
 B) Where did outstanding inventor live?

C) Whose name is connected with the first subway?

- D) What was the famous engineer's invention?
 E) Where did G. Stephenson build his railway?

18. (97-3-54) Choose the appropriate question.

Shuhrat is a football fan and likes to go to football matches. There was a very interesting football match between the teams of Uzbekistan and Russia last Saturday. But Shuhrat couldn't go to the match, he had to stay at home as his mother had gone on a business trip and he had to look after his little sister. Yet Shuhrat knew everything about that match for he watched it on TV. It's great that the mankind has invented TV.

- A) Why couldn't Shuhrat go to the library?
 B) Why didn't Shuhrat have to stay after the lessons?
 C) How could Shuhrat know everything about the match?
 D) Where had his grandmother gone on a business trip?
 E) What did his father do when he went to the seaside?

19. (97-3-55) Choose the appropriate question.

A lot of people from abroad arrive in our republic annually. Some of them are tourists, some are businessmen. But whoever they are, none of them misses a chance of visiting the world-known city of Samarkand. The narrow streets of the old part of the city still remind us of its glorious past.

- A) What do people read about Uzbekistan?
 B) Why does everybody who come to our republic fail to go to Samarkand?
 C) Which city of the republic do all people arriving in Uzbekistan visit?
 D) People always miss the train going to Samarkand, don't they?
 E) Are there many old houses in Samarkand?

20. (97-4-35) Choose the appropriate question.

Cinderella is sitting alone by the fire-place in her old dress. She is unhappy. Her stepmother and, her sisters have gone to a big party at the king's palace. Everything in the palace is bright. The guests are dancing and listening to the beautiful music. They are happy. Cinderella wants to be at the party too, but she is not allowed.

- A) Why is Cinderella unhappy?
 B) What is Cinderella going to do?
 C) Where have her relatives gone?
 D) Is Cinderella happy?
 E) What is king doing?

21. (97-4-66) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

In the 17th century the streets of London were so narrow that it was often possible for a person at a window on one side of the street to shake hands with a neighbour on the other side.

- A) Was it possible for a person to shake hands in the street?
 B) What kind of streets were there in the 17th century?
 C) Were the neighbours' friends in the 17th century?
 D) What can Londoners see in their streets?
 E) Who lived in the narrow streets in the 17th century?

22. (97-7-55) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

R. Peary was 52 when his dream to reach the North Pole came true.

- A) How old is Peary?
 B) What did R. Peary do?
 C) When did his dream realise?
 D) What was his dream?
 E) When did she reach the North Pole?

23. (97-7-56) Choose the appropriate question to the text.

It is not difficult for Pete to get to the stadium. He walks down the street as far as the corner, then he takes bus number 3 and goes to the cinema. When he gets off he crosses the street. The stadium is not far from the bus stop. It takes him 25 minutes to get to the stadium by bus.

- A) Where does Pete usually go in his free time?
 B) How long does it take him to get to the stadium?
 C) Is it difficult for Pete to get to the stadium?
 D) How long and how does he get to the place?
 E) Where is the stadium situated?

24. (97-8-37) Choose the appropriate question.

He will be 17 next month.

- A) Will he be 17 next month?
 B) How old are you?
 C) How old is he?
 D) Will he be 18 next month?
 E) He will be 17 in a month, won't he?

25. (97-8-49) Choose the appropriate question to the sentences. It took him ten days to read this book.

- A) Who will read this book for ten days?
 B) Did it take him 10 days to read it?
 C) How long does it take you to read the book?
 D) How long did it take him to read this book?
 E) It took him ten days to read this book, didn't it?

26. (97-10-53) Choose the appropriate question.

All right. The dog wants to go out.

- A) Can I help you?
 B) May I take Rex for a walk?
 C) Do you like to walk with the dogs?
 D) Who took the dog out?
 E) The dog wants to go out, doesn't it?

27. (97-10-54) Choose the appropriate question.

The old grey donkey is quite unhappy. It is his birthday. But nobody has come to wish him "Many happy returns of the day." There are no presents, no cake and no candles. He is looking at himself in the water.

- A) Why is the donkey unhappy?
 B) What is he doing?
 C) Whose birthday is it?
 D) The donkey is happy, isn't he?
 E) Has he a birthday party?

28. (98-1-28) Which of the following sentences are get the answer "Neither do mine".

- A) I never watch TV in the mornings
 B) My birthday is in August
 C) I don't like Chinese food
 D) My sister lives in London
 E) My parents never write to me

29. (98-1-37) Choose the right answer. What don't they understand?

- A) I have nothing to wear.
 B) Yes, they do.
 C) Yesterday's homework.
 D) No, but I can't understand it.
 E) I'm from Turkey.

30. (98-2-37) Choose the appropriate answer.

- It will take us 2 hours to get home.
 A) How long will it take you to get home?
 B) How long will it take them to get home?
 C) Will it take you 2 hours to get home?
 D) It will take you 2 hours to get home, won't it?
 E) Will it take him two or more hours get home?

31. (98-2-53) Choose the appropriate question.

- I'll be able to play a game of chess with my friend next Sunday.
 A) What will you be able to do next Sunday?
 B) Who will be able to play a game of chess?
 C) Will you be able to play a game of chess?
 D) I'll be able to play chess next Sunday, shan't I?
 E) Why will you be able to play a game of chess next Sunday?

32. (98-2-54) Choose the appropriate question.

- It took them fifteen minutes to discuss the question yesterday.
 A) How long does it take him to discuss the question?
 B) Who discussed the question for fifteen minutes yesterday?
 C) It took them fifteen minutes to discuss the question, didn't it?
 D) How long did it take them to discuss the question yesterday?
 E) What did they discuss for fifteen minutes?

33. (98-7-19) Choose the appropriate question. It happened long ago.

- A) When did it happen?
 B) It happened long ago, didn't it?
 C) Did it happen long ago?
 D) How did it happen?
 E) What was the matter with it?

34. (98-7-21) Choose the incorrect question.

- A) When has he come?
 B) What does it look like?
 C) Does it smell bad?
 D) Where did you say he was?
 E) Who with did you cook it?

35. (98-7-66) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

- Robert was the slowest boy on earth.
 A) What kind of boy was Robert?
 B) Where was Robert?
 C) Where did he live?
 D) Was Robert a boy or a girl?
 E) Robert was a clever boy, wasn't he?

36. (98-7-72) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

- The British Museum opened in 1753.
 A) When did the British Museum open?
 B) Why did it open?
 C) It opened in 1753, didn't it?
 D) Did it open in 1753?
 E) Where did the British Museum open?

37. (98-9-50) Choose the appropriate question.

- No, but it will rain this evening.

- A) When does hot weather usually set in?
 B) Do you like spring rain?
 C) Is it raining this morning?
 D) Is it raining or snowing?
 E) Does he like hot days?

38. (98-10-53) Choose the appropriate question.

The teacher asked us to close the books and listen to her.

- A) Who asked us to close the books?
 B) Why did the teacher ask us to close the books and listen to her?
 C) What did the teacher ask us to do?
 D) When did the teacher ask us to close the books and listen to her?
 E) Did the teacher ask us to listen to her?

39. (98-11-47) Choose the appropriate question.

- We had our dinner in the school canteen.
 A) Who had dinner in the school canteen?
 B) Do you have your dinner in the school canteen?
 C) We had our dinner in the school canteen, didn't we?
 D) Where do you have your dinner?
 E) Where did you have your dinner?

40. (98-11-48) Choose the appropriate question. My grandfather bought an English book for me.

- A) Who bought an English book for him?
 B) Did your grandfather buy an English book for you?
 C) Your grandfather bought an English book for you, didn't he?
 D) Why did your grandfather buy an English book for you?
 E) Who did your grandfather buy an English book for?

41. (98-11-54) Choose the appropriate question to the text. Today is the 8th of March. We shan't go to school. We are celebrating our Mother's Day. We shall do our best to make our Mother happy.

- A) When did you celebrate it?
 B) Why won't you go to school today?
 C) Do you celebrate Father's Day too?
 D) What will you give to your mother?
 E) Will you help her about the house?

42. (98-11-57) Choose the appropriate question to the text.

Joe works at night. He gets up in the afternoon every day. He has a cup of coffee.

- A) Where does Joe work?
 B) Why does Joe get up so late?
 C) Why doesn't he have supper?
 D) When does he watch TV?
 E) Why does Joe read the newspaper?

43. (99-1-23) Choose the right question to the sentence.

Maria Curie was the leading woman of her time and the first person who received the Nobel Prize twice.

- A) Who received the Nobel Prize once?
 B) What did he receive?
 C) How many times did he receive the Nobel Prize?
 D) Was he the leading scientist of his time?
 E) What kind of woman was M. Curie?

44. (99-4-2) Choose the proper question to the sentence.

An important condition for successful work of a learner of English is everyday reading

- A) Do you learn English or do you know it?
 B) What is important for successful work in learning English?
 C) How often do you read English newspapers?
 D) Is a successful reader a good learner?
 E) What must one do to succeed in life?

45. (99-10-51) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

The basketball players were having dinner when we came to the playground.

- A) What did the basketball players eat?
 B) Where did the basketball players come?
 C) Why did we come to the playground?
 D) When were the basketball player shaving dinner?
 E) Where were the basketball player shaving dinner?

46. (00-2-34) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

Tom was the cleverest boy among his friends.

- A) Tom was the bravest boy, wasn't he?
 B) Who is the cleverest boy?
 C) What kind of boy was Tom?
 D) Where did Tom live?
 E) Is Tom the bravest boy among his friends?

47. (00-2-39) Choose the appropriate question.

It usually takes her 15 minutes to get to the office by underground.

- A) How long does it usually take you to get to the office?
 B) Who got to the office in 15 minutes?
 C) How long does it take her to get to the office by underground?
 D) It usually took her 15 minutes to get to the office by underground, didn't it?
 E) Where do you get in 15 minutes?

48. (00-4-32) Which question is the best to the following answer?

No, this is the second time I have been to Uzbekistan.

- A) Is this the first or the third time you've been here?
 B) How many times have you been here?
 C) Is this the first time you've been in England?
 D) Is this the second time you've been here?
 E) This is the second time you've been here, isn't it?

49. (00-8-40) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

It is possible for pupils in their final year at school to take vocational subjects, such as shorthand and typing and pre-nursing courses.

- A) Who can take vocational subjects at school?
 B) What can pupils do in their final year at school?
 C) What is shorthand?
 D) When is it possible for pupils to take vocational subjects?
 E) Is it possible for students in their final year at college to take vocational subjects?

50. (01-1-45) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

Passengers must not forget their belongings in the bus.

- A) Why did you go by this bus?
 B) You like to read in the bus, don't you?
 C) Forget-me-notes are really very beautiful, aren't they?

- D) Where should you go if you leave something in the bus?
E) What mustn't passengers do in the bus?

51. (01-2-31) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

It took the Hiltons quite a lot of time to decide what to do for the coming weekend.

- A) What did the Hiltons decide to do for the weekend?
B) Why did it take the Hiltons so long to decide it?
C) How long did it take the Hiltons to decide what to do for the coming weekend?
D) When did they decide what to do for the weekend?
E) What will the Hiltons do for the coming weekend?

52. (01-3-25) Which of the following questions requires the given answer? The Alimovs arrived at 5.00.

- A) Where do the Alimovs arrive?
B) Did they arrive at 5?
C) When did he arrive?
D) When did you arrive?
E) When did the Alimovs arrive?

53. (01-3-26) Which of the following questions requires the given answer? The visitors stayed at the hotel for a week.

- A) Where did they stay for 2 weeks?
B) How long did they stay at the hotel?
C) Did they stay at the hotel?
D) Did he stay for a week or two?
E) How long did you stay at the hotel?

54. (01-5-47) Choose the suitable question to the sentence. At last he remembered the fact that lent the day importance.

- A) Why was the day important?
B) On what day was it?
C) Who did he lend it?
D) What fact did he remember?
E) When did she remember the fact?

55. (01-5-48) Choose the suitable question to the sentence. She slammed the door and left the room very angrily.

- A) Why does your door not open?
B) Who was she angry with?
C) Why was she angry?
D) What did she do?
E) Why did he make her get angry?

56. (01-6-50) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence. She is like her mother.

- A) Why is she like her mother?
B) Whom is she like?
C) Who does she like?
D) What is she like?
E) Who does she look like?

57. (01-6-51) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence. He is a young man who is regular in his life and work.

- A) What is he?
B) Where does he work?
C) What kind of man is he?
D) Why is he regular in his life and work?
E) Is he regular in his life?

58. (01-9-4) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

One day the old man was going to the shop to buy food.

- A) Who was going to the shop?
B) Was the old man going to the shop?

- C) Where is the old man going?
D) For what is the old man going?
E) Where and why was the old man going once?

59. (v4-127-15) Choose the appropriate question to the sentence.

In the IX century the well-known astronomer Kassir Farghani lived in the territory of Uzbekiston, in the city of Farghana.

- A) They lived in Uzbekiston, didn't they?
B) What is the Uzbek artist famous for?
C) What kind of man was a famous astronaut?
D) Where and when did Kassir Farghani live?
E) Did he live in the Far East?

60. (v4-128-10) Choose the appropriate question.

- A: ... ? B: "King Lear", I think.
A) Who is your office manager?
B) What's in your bag?
C) Who are you going to call on?
D) What's on tonight?
E) Whom did you meet?

61. (v5-151-28) Choose the appropriate question.

Today is the 8th of March. We shan't go to school. We are celebrating our Mother's Day. We shall do our best to make our Mom happy.

- A) Do you celebrate Father's Day too?
B) Will you help her about the house?
C) When did you celebrate it?
D) What will you give to your mother?
E) Why won't you go to school today?

62. (v5-152-28) Choose the appropriate questions to the sentences.

Frogs and some fish go back to the place they were born.

- A) Frogs and fish don't go back to the place they were born, do they?
B) Where do frogs and some fish go back?
C) Where were frogs and some fish born?
D) When did frogs and some fish go back to the place they were born?
E) How do frogs and some fish go back to the place they are born?

63. (v5-153-28) Choose the appropriate question.

Nodir sent his mother a wonderful present.

- A) Did Nodir find his present yesterday?
B) Why did Nodir come to Tashkent?
C) Did Nodir call her yesterday?
D) What did Nodir say to his mother?
E) How did Nodir congratulate his mother on her birthday?

64. (v5-157-28) Choose questions to the statements.

The children waited for the performance to begin

- A) Who could go to the performance?
B) Who was waiting for the concert?
C) What will the children do in the circus?
D) What did the children do there?
E) Where did they go in the morning?

65. (v5-158-28) Choose the appropriate questions to the sentences.

Microorganisms are animals and plants that are so small we can not even see them. They can't live in a cold environment.

- A) Microorganisms are the animals, aren't they?
B) Where can they live?
C) We can see microorganisms, can't we?
D) What are microorganisms?
E) What is microorganisms?

66. (v15-119-12) Choose the correct answer.

After lunch he phoned his mother.

- A) Who phoned he after lunch?
B) How often does he phone his mother?
C) Who did he ring?
D) Who rang him?

104. Choose the suitable proverb / moral / idiom to the text

1. (96-13-109) Choose the suitable proverb.

My friend Ann is a very clever girl. She is quick in everything she does. She is not lazy. She always does everything in time. She doesn't like lazy people who always try to put off their work and enjoy themselves.

- A) Speech is silver but silence is gold.
B) A bad wound is cured - not a bad name.
C) What is done can't be undone.
D) Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today.
E) As is the workman so is the work.

2. (96-15-160) Choose the proverb to finish up the text.

Mother gave Ann some money. The girl wanted to go to the cinema very much; at the same time she wanted to buy a book, but there was not enough money for both, "I'll buy the book and go to the cinema next time when I have money" she thought to herself.

- A) A man can die but once.
B) A cat in gloves catches no mice.
C) You cannot eat your cake and have it.
D) He laughs best who laughs last.
E) So many men, so many minds.

3. (98-7-86) Choose the ending to the proverb. A stitch in time ...

- A) saves nine
B) before they hatch
C) makes a good ending
D) before they are easy
E) makes perfect

4. (99-3-58) Choose the best proverb for the text.

It was raining very hard. A lot of people were standing at the bus-stop and were sorry they had not taken their umbrellas with them. But one man among them was cheerful and pleased. He always repeated "the harder it rains the better I like it". Asked why he was happy with rain he answered he was an umbrella seller.

- A) Like to like.
B) The fist blow is half the battle.
C) Actions speak louder than words.
D) An idle brain is the devil's workshop.
E) One man's meat is another man's poison.

5. (99-6-25) Choose the appropriate forms of the verbs.

Which of the given proverbs will be a suitable answer to the question? What would you say to a grumbling groupmate who is finding fault with everything around?

- A) Better late than never.
B) East or West, home is best.
C) To get out of bed on the wrong side.
D) Promise little, but do much.
E) Make hay while the sun shines.

6. (99-6-37) Complete the conversation with a proverb.

A.: What kind of person is our director. B.: Can't make out. Neither kind nor strict. ...

- A) Neither fish nor flesh
- B) Too good to be true
- C) To turn over a new leaf
- D) Woken pigs fly
- E) Well begun is half done

7. (00-2-25) Choose the suitable moral to the text.

A fisherman had been fishing for a long time but without luck. At last he tugged at his net and saw a small fish caught in it. "Please let me go", begged the fish, "I will grow bigger in a few days and then you can catch me again".

The fisherman said, "Now that I have caught you, I won't let you go. If I leave you, I may never see you again".

- A) Don't count your chickens before they are hatched.
- B) Safety is the first importance.
- C) Lost time cannot be recalled.
- D) Never find fault with others.
- E) A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.

8. (00-2-26) Choose the suitable moral to the text.

Once a wolf saw a goat on a top of a hill and said, "Come down here, miss Goat! The grass here is greener and longer". "Thank you", answered the goat, "the grass down there may be much better. But, if I come down, you will get a good meal! So, I prefer to stay here where you can't reach. At least I am quite safe".

- A) Dirty tricks seldom work.
- B) Tastes differ.
- C) Idleness is a curse.
- D) Never find fault with others.
- E) Pride bath a fall.

9. (00-3-29) Complete the sentence.

He never panics in a crisis. He's as ...

- A) cool as an ice
- B) good as a man
- C) cool as a cucumber
- D) cool as a knife
- E) keen as mustard

10. (00-3-34) Choose the best suitable proverb to the situation below.

The old man is no longer able to work in his garden; still he doesn't sell it to his neighbours, who offer him large sums of money; and the fruit-trees, once so beautiful, have run wild.

- A) A hard nut to crack.
- B) A dog in the manger.
- C) A curst cow has short horns.
- D) A bird may be known by its song.
- E) All covet, all lose.

11. (02-7-50) Choose the sentence contradicting the text of test 49.

- A) The tramp was sleeping on a park bench.
- B) The tramp didn't mind being woken up.
- C) All people who woke him up were very polite.
- D) The tramp was woken up three times.
- E) The policeman woke him at half past two a.m.

12. (02-11-31) Choose the best proverb to complete the sentence.

Louis Armstrong was forced start to work at the age of eleven in order to help his mother ...

- A) end or mend
- B) cut her own grass
- C) hope against hope
- D) make ends meet
- E) buy a white horse

13. (03-1-45) Choose the best proverb.

Bob is a clever boy. He reads a lot and knows much. He is a good sportsman too. His hobby is tennis. Bob is active in everything. He never idles and does his best to get as much knowledge as he can while he is young. He follows the proverb: "..."

- A) Haste makes waste.
- B) Grasp all lose all.
- C) Lost time is never found again.
- D) Don't trouble troubles till trouble troubles you
- E) Birds of feather flock together.

14. (03-10-47) Read the text and choose the proverb suitable for it.

"Where are you for?" a train conductor asked an old lady. "You are very impudent," snapped the old lady. "What business it is of yours where I am going? But if you must know, I'm bound for Boston." The conductor obligingly picked up her three bags, found her sit in the Boston train and put the bags on the rack. As he left the carriage, the old lady leaned out of the window and cackled at him. "I guess I fooled you, you impudent young man. I'm really going to Buffalo."

- A) Actions speak louder than words.
- B) All is well that ends well.
- C) Ask no questions and you will be told no lies.
- D) One good turn deserves another.
- E) Better short of pence than short of sense.

15. (03-10-51) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

Choose the definition that fits the word "a rack" as it is used in the text.

- A) a framework for holding different things
- B) a device for lifting an automobile for repair
- C) a triangular form for arranging billiard balls
- D) an instrument of torture
- E) any great mental or physical torment

16. (v4-103-36) Complete the conversation with a proverb.

Steve: It's risky to take an exam without reading the whole book. Jeremy: But it's my last chance. ... ;

- A) Once bitten, twice shy
- B) Better late than never
- C) New brooms sweep clean
- D) Sink or swim
- E) No news is good news

17. (v15-112-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Everyone agrees that unless the world's tiger population is protected, tigers will eventually become extinct. If it were not for the efforts made by international campaigns over past decades, the extinction would already have become a fact. Tigers can coexist with human beings, provided local people are involved in conservation. However, even if tiger habitats are redeveloped there is no guarantee of success. Government agencies must be involved, and there must be adequate finance: otherwise conservation projects are neglected. An organized programme with safeguards must be

introduced. If not the illegal hunters quickly move back in. Supposing there were no tigers left in the world: how would we all feel? According to some environmentalists, that day may be coming sooner rather than later. According to the passage, no one can deny that ...

- A) International campaigns didn't attempt to protect tigers
- B) Nobody is going to guarantee to redevelop locations for tigers
- C) If we don't keep tigers safe from loss, finally they will die out
- D) Local people are providing tigers with all necessities

18. (v15-112-28) According to the text, all of the following statements are TRUE EXCEPT:

- A) But for international campaigns' hard work, tigers would have been wiped out.
- B) Only the improvement of the areas that are in bad condition for tigers' living can sort out this issue.
- C) As long as local people are concerned with protection, there is a possibility of people's and tigers' living at the same time.
- D) In order to carry out tiger saving projects, it is essential to have enough investment.

19. (v15-112-29) What supposition is offered by the author?

- A) Environmentalists' prediction
- B) The improvement of habitats
- C) Complete extinction of tigers
- D) Tigers' coexisting with mankind

20. (v15-112-30) Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A) The lifestyle of tigers
- B) Illegal fauna hunters
- C) Environmental issues
- D) Conservation of tiger skins

21. (v15-116-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

This summer Britons are predicted to spend £6 billion on package holidays. According to a new survey, the happiest holiday-makers are those who book with small, specialist companies. The survey suggests that choosing the right tour company may be more important than choosing the right resort or hotel. So, how can you make sure you end up with the sort of holiday you had in mind? If your budget is tight, work out exactly what you can afford. Then, find a travel agent who has time to listen to your requirements. This can be hard though, as many large high street chains set sales targets for their staff, and may even limit the amount of time employees spend per customer. According to the recent survey mentioned in the passage ...

- A) luxurious holiday resorts are rarely preferred.
- B) small travel agencies usually satisfy their customers better.
- C) British people spend £6 billion on package holidays annually.
- D) most British people book their holidays through small travel agencies.

22. (v15-116-35) Following the advice given in the passage, if you want to have a low-budget holiday, ...

- A) make sure that you choose an excellent resort.
- B) you should plan your finances carefully.

- C) a package holiday would be the best option.
D) decide exactly what you want before approaching a labor agency.

23. (v15-116-36) According to the passage you may have difficulty in finding a travel agent who will ...

- A) listen to you at length.
B) offer you a cheap holiday.
C) offer decent holidays at lower prices.
D) offer a wide variety of package holidays.

24. (v18-561) Peter spends all his time complaining. I wish he'd just ...

- A) find a life B) get a life
C) getting a life D) change the life

25. (v18-562) We worked all ... the night and left at 9 AM.

- A) through B) after
C) of D) between

105. Give the right answer to the question

1. (96-8-40) Choose the appropriate answers to the question. Who fell ill?

- A) I go B) My mother is
C) My son does D) Ann did
E) Alice will

2. (96-8-93) Choose the proper answer.

A: He passed his exam with excellent marks, didn't he? B: ...

- A) Yes, he has. B) I think, he will
C) Yes, he did. D) No, he hadn't.
E) Of course, he does.

3. (96-9-40) Choose the appropriate answer. Tom: How long have you been living in London? Bob: ... Tom: No wonder, London is one of the beautiful cities of the world.

- A) I stay 2 months.
B) For eight months and I like it very much.
C) I don't know.
D) I was 2 months ago.
E) One day.

4. (96-12-39) Choose the proper answer. How long has she been with you?

- A) About 2 weeks. B) Yes, she has.
C) In Tashkent. D) Maybe tomorrow.
E) Of course!

5. (96-12-46) Choose the sentence, contradicting the others.

- A) Sport is an excellent instrument of friendship and understanding among nations.
B) Thousands of sport fans come to the "Pakhtakor" stadium to watch football matches.
C) I liked physic lessons very much.
D) When I was a boy I watched football matches.
E) During these competitions our team very often won gold and silver medals.

6. (96-12-47) Choose the sentence, contradicting the others.

- A) Alisher Navoi is a great poet, statesman and the founder of the Uzbek literature.
B) He was very active in the social life of the state.
C) He believed in future of all the colonial countries.
D) He knew all the poetic forms, but he liked only true poets.
E) His works have entered the treasury of world literature and have been translated into many languages.

7. (96-13-103) Choose the sentence that doesn't suit the given one.

Much care must be taken of library books, for they are read by very many persons.

- A) I often go to the library for books.
B) Never turn down the corners of pages.
C) You shouldn't write in a book.
D) It's better to wrap books not to make them dirty.
E) The first person who printed books in English was William Caxton.

8. (96-13-209) Choose the proper reply to the dialogue. J: By the way, I have two books of yours. I should like to return them.

H: Have you finished reading them? J: ...

H: Would you care to have another book to read? J: Yes, please.

- A) All right, I'll read it again, well, I must be off now.
B) Yes, and enjoyed them very much, especially the one about Liberia.
C) Of course, I thought it was time I paid a visit.
D) I haven't free time. I'll bring it next time.
E) Yes, I come to see you.

9. (96-15-107) "I'll buy the book and go to the cinema next time" she thought.

- A) What did the girl decide to do?
B) What did the girl want to do?
C) Did the girl want to go to the cinema or buy a book?
D) What did the girl think?
E) Will she buy the book and then go to the cinema?

10. (96-15-154) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

Why does the lord Chancellor sit on a sack of wool?

- A) He likes to sit on it.
B) He can't sit on hard seats.
C) Because the wool is the symbol of British wealth.
D) It was fashionable to sit on a wool sack in old times.
E) There isn't any place left for him to sit.

11. (96-15-155) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

What is the traditional topic with the Englishmen who are not well acquainted with each other?

- A) health B) friends C) weather
D) food E) economy

12. (96-15-199) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

Who usually answers these letters in your office?

- A) My friend can. B) That man will.
C) I do, of course. D) Mary is.
E) Those engineers did.

13. (97-3-37) Choose the appropriate answer.

— You may be transferred to the Public Relations Department. In this case you'll work under Mr. Homes, won't you?

- A) Thanks a lot
B) I hope, I shall.
C) Oh, yes, the weather is fine.
D) I've been to the Department store.
E) Mr. Homes isn't in.

14. (97-4-20) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

What river is Washington DC situated on?

- A) the Thames B) the Mississippi
C) the Colorado D) the Columbia
E) the Potomac

15. (97-6-43) Choose the proper answer to the question.

What are your plans for Sunday?

- A) I worked on Sunday.
B) Your plans are different.
C) We'll rest in a moment.
D) Our family is going out of town.
E) I was reading a book on Sunday.

16. (97-6-47) Choose the proper answer.

A. What do you usually do at your school yard? B. A. What kind of them do you prefer? B.

- A) We buy vegetables / Potatoes and carrot
B) We sell vegetables / Apples and cherries
C) We grow fruit / Wheat and cotton
D) We plant trees / Milk and pudding
E) We plant flowers / Roses and tulips

17. (98-1-34) Which of these things can you send?

- A) your future B) the house
C) the moon D) your regards
E) the mountain

18. (98-3-34) Which of these things can you send?

- A) your business
B) the school
C) your dreams
D) vacations
E) your love

19. (98-7-74) Answer the question.

Where does he work? He makes tigers obey him, the elephant dance, the dogs sing, the lions jump through a burning circle. He works at the ...

- A) circus B) department store
C) theatre D) Zoo
E) railway station

20. (98-8-51) Choose the best answer.

Which novel didn't the great American writer Theodore Dreiser write?

- A) An American Tragedy
B) The Genius
C) The Titan
D) Sister Carrie
E) David Copperfield

21. (98-10-57) Choose the appropriate answer to the given question.

"Why did the passenger put his bag in the way?" Conductor: May I put your bag out of the way, sir? People coming in are falling over it. Passenger: No, no! Let it be where it is. If nobody falls over it, I'll forget that it's there.

- A) As he got on the bus
B) As he had many thing
C) As there was no room for his bag
D) Because he was afraid to forget it
E) Because he was afraid of conductor

22. (98-12-60) Choose the right answer.

What runs a round a field without moving?

- A) lake B) sky
C) fence D) river
E) mountain

23. (98-12-63) Choose the right. At whom do all people stare with open mouth?

- A) hunter B) dentist
C) discoverer D) musician
E) policeman

24. (99-2-48) Choose answer to the question.

What can be recycled?

- A) paper
- B) glass
- C) aluminium cans
- D) glass, paper, aluminium cans
- E) used objects, 60% of rubbish

25. (99-3-52) Choose the best answer to the question.

What is a stamp?

- A) Writing paper and envelopes.
- B) A thick slice of meat or fish.
- C) The cloud like gas that water turns into when it boils.
- D) A little piece of coloured paper you stick on a letter or a parcel, which pays for sending it by post.
- E) A small, flat piece of something, like stone, soap and some kinds of medicine.

26. (99-4-56) Choose the best answer to the question.

What does to attach mean?

- A) to escape, to keep out of the way of something
- B) to knock a small piece off something like a vase, etc.
- C) to name numbers in their proper orders
- D) to fasten, join or tie together
- E) to hand something over freely to someone else

27. (99-4-58) Choose the proper answer to the question.

What does to mix mean?

- A) to put different things together
- B) to make fun of someone
- C) to happen to somebody
- D) to make someone suffer or pay for doing something wrong
- E) to buy something

28. (99-9-40) Choose the best answer to the question.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- Could you drive faster, please?
- Yes, mom. But don't have the wrong idea, the faster I drive the less you pay.
- A) At a bus stop
- B) In a cafe
- C) In a taxi
- D) In a plane
- E) In the metro

29. (99-10-53) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

This test is not very difficult, is it?

- A) No, it is. B) Yes, it was.
- C) It is not. D) No, it is not
- E) Tie text is.

30. (00-1-20) Choose the appropriate variant to complete the dialogue.

- Boxing is a healthful sport.
- Why do you think so?
- My father says so?
- Is your father also a boxer?
- No, ... people come to him with teeth problems.
- A) He is a surgeon.
- B) He is a dentist.
- C) He is a nurse.
- D) He is a psychologist.
- E) He is an officer.

31. (00-1-27) Choose the appropriate answer to the question.

What do the flags say?

- A) A national flag is an expression of human hopes and ideals.
- B) Each country has its flag.
- C) It says that the country is independent.
- D) Those countries can be divided into many parts.
- E) Dependent countries have also flags.

32. (00-6-54) Choose the statement that is a possible cause of the situation. Flight from Los Angeles to Chicago was postponed for two hours.

- A) The plane seats 200 people.
- B) Los Angeles has a very large airport.
- C) The pilot of the plane became ill.
- D) One passenger lost his ticket.
- E) The distance was too great.

33. (00-9-52) Choose the impolite answer.

- Botir, where is the magazine?

-
- A) It is on the table, can't you see?
- B) I am sorry, I don't remember.
- C) Sorry, but I don't know.
- D) I think it is on the shelf.
- E) Excuse me, but I haven't seen it.

34. (01-6-47) Choose the appropriate answer.

Brian has never visited France, has he?

- A) Yes, he hasn't. But he hopes.
- B) Yes, he has. But he hopes to.
- C) No, he has. But he doesn't hope to.
- D) No, he hasn't. But he hopes to.
- E) Yes, he hasn't. And doesn't hope.

35. (01-9-37) Choose the best suited answer to the question.

- Tom, where did you crack your head?

- In the bath.
- How did you do that?
-
- A) I hit my arm against the wall.
- B) I felt somebody trying the door.
- C) It was dark; I fell and broke my hand.
- D) I dropped the soap on the floor but couldn't get it.
- E) I stepped on the soap, slipped and fell.

36. (02-2-34) Choose the best answer.

What he says is clear and is obviously well-prepared, and this, among other things, has earned him the high regard of his colleagues. How do his colleagues feel about him?

- A) They are jealous of him
- B) They don't understand him
- C) They ignore him
- D) They respect him
- E) His colleagues feel ashamed

37. (02-2-38) Choose the best answer.

Whether the horse had been bitten by a snake, or eaten bad food, or been attacked by a sudden disorder, it was hard to say, but at all events, his sickness was ill-timed and unfortunate. What caused the horse's illness?

- A) it is uncertain B) a disease
- C) an injury D) poison
- E) bad food

38. (02-6-53) Choose the best answer.

- Have you had your photo taken with your new hairstyle?

-
- A) No, I didn't bring it today.
- B) No, I think they are ready to be thrown away.
- C) No, I haven't but I've got taller.

D) No, I haven't. I think it looks terrible.

E) No. I didn't but we can look at it.

39. (02-9-54) Read the text and choose the best answer. What made it possible for Amir Temur to establish a centralised state? Amir Temur was born on April 9, 1336 in the village of Hojaiigor near Shahrisyabs. His father was a rich man whose name was Amir Taragay. His mother Teguna was a noble woman. Amir Temur was well educated in his family. He was strong and handsome. At his early age he was interested in State Affairs and military activities. He spent much time on military training and getting an education. His knowledge in geography, medicine, history and astronomy often astonished scientists. In his youth he took part in the wars between various landowners and in one of the battles his hand and leg were wounded. His hand recovered but his leg remained lame. Still he took an active part in the fight of the Central Asian people for their freedom. He put an end to the battles between Khans and Beks and established a powerful centralised state. He became a famous statesman and great leader, of the Uzbek people. He was well-known all over the world as Great Tamerlan.

- A) his being from a rich family
- B) his getting a good education
- C) his taking part in the fight of the Uzbek people
- D) his ending the battles between Khans and Beks
- E) his being well-known all over the world

40. (02-9-55) Read the text of test 54 and Choose the appropriate proverb.

Amir Temur was the leader of the Asian people in their fight for independence against the Mongolian oppression as he thought ...

- A) When at Rome do as the Romans do.
- B) Every cook praises his own broth.
- C) Out of sight out of mind.
- D) All is well that ends well.
- E) Better die standing than live kneeling.

41. (02-9-56) Read the text of test 54 and choose the main idea.

The text is about ...

- A) Amir Temur's childhood.
- B) Amir Temur and his activities.
- C) The Central Asian people.
- D) Amir Temur's establishing a powerful state.
- E) The wars between Khans and Beks.

42. (02-9-57) Read the text of test 54 and choose the best answer.

All of the following are true to the text except.

- A) Amir Temur's parents were rich people.
- B) Amir Temur lived in the XIII century.
- C) He took a great interest in State affairs.
- D) His knowledge in history astonished scientists.
- E) He was a famous statesman and great leader.

43. (02-11-23) Choose the best answer.

The increase in pollution from cars and lorries is causing global warming. What should be done?

- A) Production of cars and lorries should be stopped.
- B) Drivers must be concerned about the pollution problem.
- C) The governments should be concerned about peoples' health.

D) New engines should be invented to prevent the pollution.

E) People should move from cities to the countryside.

44. (02-11-72) Choose the best answer.

What languages are dead?

- A) French and Greek
- B) Latin and Celtic
- C) German and French
- D) Greek and Latin
- E) Celtic and German

45. (02-11-83) Choose the best answer.

What had happened to Sill while she was waiting for a bus?

- A) Someone was stealing her bag.
- B) Her bag had been stolen.
- C) Someone had stolen her bag.
- D) Her bag was being stolen.
- E) Her bag was stolen.

46. (02-11-99) Choose the right answer to the question.

What did the thief do when the police got to the bank?

- A) He has opened the safe.
- B) He switched on the light.
- C) He had escaped.
- D) He left his gun.
- E) He was closing the door.

47. (02-11-100) Choose the best answer.

Two men are trying to cut down a very large tree. Their electric saw is broken. Their axes are not very sharp. What did one of the men say?

- A) The job was easy and the saw is broken.
- B) The job would be easy if that saw weren't broken.
- C) The job will be easy if the saw is broken.
- D) The job is easy if that saw isn't broken.
- E) The job can be easy if that saw wasn't broken.

48. (03-2-5) Choose the best answer.

A professor met his friend in the street one day. "I heard you had died," he exclaimed. The friend smiled at these words. "But you see I am alive," he said. "That's impossible," said the professor. "The man who told me is much more reliable than you are".

This text is ...

- A) a story
- B) an essay
- C) a joke
- D) an article
- E) a letter

49. (03-5-34) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- Good morning! Is Mr. Smith in?
- Yes, he is. But Mr. Smith is engaged at the moment, would you mind waiting?
- A) at the barber's
- B) at the box-office
- C) at the office
- D) at school
- E) in the shop

50. (03-5-37) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- So, we have finished with yesterday's topic. Now, what shall we have for today? We might take the topic time".
- Yes, I feel I need brushing up my English in that line.
- A) at the Geography lesson
- B) at the Math lesson
- C) at the Principal's office
- D) at the English lesson
- E) in the corridor

51. (03-5-39) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- What's the trouble this time? Have a look at the watch. It sometimes stops completely, although I wind it up regularly at the same time.
- A) at the cobbler's
- B) at the plant
- C) at the watchmaker's
- D) in the bathroom
- E) in the train

52. (03-5-41) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- This bus goes to Trafalgar Square, doesn't it?
- Yes, sir ... fares, please.
- One to Trafalgar Square.
- A) In the bus
- B) In the train
- C) In the trolley bus
- D) In the tram
- E) On the ship

53. (03-5-44) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- Ladies and gentlemen, please fasten your seat belts and refrain from smoking.
- A) in the train
- B) aboard a ship
- C) in the cab
- D) in the plane
- E) at table

54. (03-5-47) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- Shall we take the nine sixteen train? It leaves in a quarter of an hour?
- But the notice "Departures" says it's a slow train.
- A) at the dairy's
- B) at the baker's
- C) at the street notice board
- D) at the railway station
- E) at the neighbour's

55. (03-5-49) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- Let's see the menu. And here is the wine card, too. How about some hard drinks?
- A) at the restaurant
- B) in the snack bar
- C) in the canteen
- D) in the inn
- E) in the dining room

56. (03-5-50) Choose the best answer.

Where is the conversation taking place?

- I want to send the book to Bukhara. How much will it cost?
- Regular mail or air mail?
- A) in the stationary shop
- B) in the library
- C) at the post office
- D) in the Customs office
- E) in the bookshop

57. (03-10-35) Choose the best answer.

Bobur: "I wonder why the light keeps going off?" Anvar: "There is a shot in it as usual". What does Anvar mean?

- A) The light is too bright.
- B) It is dark in the room.
- C) There isn't enough light in the room.
- D) There is a fault in electrical wiring.
- E) The electrical system is being repaired.

58. (04-1-551) Choose the suitable answer.

In Uzbekistan all the documents at all offices and state bodies are written in Uzbek. Meetings and sessions are held in Uzbek too. But sometimes meetings are conducted in other language. They must be conducted in ...

- A) Russian
- B) Arabic
- C) Uzbek
- D) English
- E) French

59. (v4-106-10) Choose the proper answer.

– How long does it take you to get to school?

- A) I get to school by bus.
- B) I left for school at 8 a.m. .
- C) Oh, yes, I live quite close.
- D) I don't take any meal to school.
- E) Twenty minutes.

60. (v4-110-13) Read the text and decide what they do? Mrs. Naggie doesn't work and her friend works in a beauty shop.

- A) They have just retired.
- B) They are a clerk and a secretary.
- C) They are a housewife and a hair dresser.
- D) They are a cleaner and a businessman.
- E) They are pensioners.

61. (v4-123-28) Choose the right answer.

What is the name of the bell in the clock tower of the Houses of Parliament?

- A) the City
- B) Trafalgar Square
- C) Hyde Park
- D) Big Ben
- E) Old Faith Full

62. (v4-125-13) Andrea is sneezing and coughing.

What is the matter with her?

- A) She has dialled the wrong number.
- B) She was swimming in the pool.
- C) She caught a cold.
- D) She ate too much yesterday.
- E) She has been working a lot.

63. (v5-109-24) There are five answers after each sentence.

Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word to each sentence.

My friend earns a lot of ... as a full time teacher.

- A) money
- B) prizes
- C) revenue
- D) price
- E) tax

64. (v5-125-14) There are five answers after each sentence.

Only one is correct. Choose the correct answer to replace the underlined word.

John was punished for being impolite.

- A) polite
- B) accurate
- C) rudeness
- D) rude
- E) helpful

65. (v5-146-11) There are five answers after each sentence.

Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

Which is the ... to the village?

- A) road
- B) house
- C) street
- D) journey
- E) center

66. (v5-149-11) There are five answers.

Only one is correct. Choosethe correct answer.

Nodira works hard ... she wants to know English very well.

- A) and
- B) at last
- C) because
- D) so
- E) if

67. (v5-150-11) There are five answers.

Only one is correct. Choosethe correct answer.

The principal opened the door ... came into the classroom.

- A) when
- B) after
- C) or
- D) and
- E) although

68. (v6-152-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– It's 5 o'clock. You're staying for tea, aren't you?

- A) No, it isn't. B) I'd love to.
C) Please, don't. D) So am I.

69. (v6-157-19) Choose the answer which correctly completes the dialogue.

– Do you speak Italian?

- A) I was' afraid, I can't.
B) I'm sorry, he doesn't.
C) I'm afraid, I don't.
D) It's a pity, I can.

70. (v7-116-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

Collins GEM Dictionary

Latin – English

English – Latin

This dictionary is a new publication in a series which has until now been limited to the modern languages. Its purpose is somewhat different from that of the others, the same as the uses of Latin differ from those of French, German, Italian and Spanish. There are two main reasons for learning Latin. One is to read the best in the literature of the Romans. The other is to understand the Latin basis of many modern languages as the extensive Latin element still survives in the terminology of historians, lawyers and scientists. Latin is a language with a relatively small vocabulary. Many words have to carry a wide range of meanings. Where the range of meanings is unusually complicated, these have been arranged in groups and numbered 1, 2, 3, etc.

According to the text what is the second main reason for learning Latin?

- A) To understand words of Latin origin.
B) To be able to become a lawyers.
C) To write historical novels.
D) To translate Roman literature.

71. (v7-116-36) Why do many Latin words have a lot of meanings? Because

- A) different scientists use them in a different way.
B) the number of words in Latin is not large.
C) this is the purpose of a new dictionary.
D) the Latin language is not used any more.

72. (v7-133-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

Madison High School has just completed a new auditorium with air conditioning and state-of-the-art lighting and sound. Because of the cost of building this auditorium, the school had no money to maintain or upgrade the football field. The facility is so bad that officials have stopped Madison's home games for fear players will get injured. Madison's rival, Central High School, has a beautiful new football stadium, but its auditorium has been closed for fear that the ceiling will fall. The School Board has given money for renovating the auditorium. So, for this year, Central's music and drama departments will be without a facility to house their performances. Parents, administrators, and students at Central have proposed that Madison use Central's football stadium for Madison's six home games. In exchange, Central will use Madison's auditorium for its fall and spring school plays and concerts. Madison High School has

- A) had to stop using its football field.
B) a number of injured football players.

- C) improved its football facilities.
D) funds to build a new football field.

73. (v7-133-36) How did the two rival schools deal with their problems?

- A) They reconstructed their football stadiums.
B) They found new sources of funding.
C) They decided to share their facilities.
D) They rented out their auditoriums.

74. (v7-149-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

Midvale police are investigating a robbery at Malone's Jewelry Store. It happened Friday night. The robbers stole ten thousand dollars worth of jewelry and watches. They got into the store by breaking the front window. The store has a burglar alarm, but someone cut the wires in a back room before the robbery. So the alarm didn't ring. The only people who go into that room are employees of the store. Mrs. Savage, who cleans the store at night, was working and heard the window break. She saw a man and a woman driving away from the store in an old black car. She said she didn't call the police. She thought the people were just the owner and his wife. Thieves were noticed by

- A) Mrs. Savage.
B) the Malones.
C) a Midvale police officer.
D) the Jewelry Store guard.

75. (v7-149-34) What is the text about?

- A) Mrs. Malone.
B) Cleaning.
C) Diamonds.
D) A theft.

76. (v7-165-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

"Your Red Majesty shouldn't purr so loud," Alice said, rubbing her eyes, and addressing the kitten respectfully. "You woke me out of oh! Such a nice dream! And you've been along with me, Kitty – all through the Looking-glass world. Did you know it, dear?" It is a very inconvenient habit of kittens (Alice had once made the remark) that, whatever you say to them, they always purr. "If they would only purr for 'yes' and mew for 'no', or any rule of that sort," she had said, "so that one could keep up a conversation! But how can you talk with a person if they always say the samething?" On this occasion the kitten only purred: and it was impossible to guess whether it meant "yes" or "no".

What was Alice doing before she spoke to the kitten?

- A) washing her face
B) looking in the mirror
C) reading
D) sleeping

77. (v7-165-36) Why did Alice find it difficult to have a dialogue with kittens?

- A) They have some bad habits.
B) They always make the same sound.
C) They wake you up from a dream.
D) They keep silent all the time.

78. (v7-178-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

On September 21, 2004, the Smithsonian Institution's newest museum, the National Museum of the American Indians (NMAI), located on the National Mall in Washington,

DC, opened its doors to the public. According to its mission statement, this museum is dedicated to the preservation, study and exhibition of the life, language, literature, history and arts of the Native Peoples of the Western Hemisphere. The NMAI's unique architectural design and comprehensive collection attract a wide range of visitors curious about Native American history and culture.

The museum's three exhibition galleries contain thousands of objects, collected over a 54-year period. About 70 percent of the collection is from North America, and about 30 percent is from Central and South America.

What is the main aim of opening NMAI?

- A) To demonstrate a wide range of unique architectural designs of Washington's museums.
B) To demonstrate the difference in the way of lives of North and South American Indians.
C) To support and research the life and culture of the Indians of North and South America.
D) To sell unique objects collected over a long period in North America.

79. (v7-178-34) What part of NMAI collection is from Central and South America?

- A) a naif B) 54 percent
C) 70 percent D) one third

80. (v7-180-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

The Da Vinci Code is one of the most unexpected success stories of recent years. The book was written by Dan Brown, who used to write song lyrics. He only became a full-time writer in 1996. His first thriller, Digital Fortress, was published in 1998. It was followed by Angels and Demons (2000) and Deception Point (2001).

The Da Vinci Code is a thriller. The action starts in Paris in the Louvre where the story's hero, Robert Langdon, discovers clues hidden in the paintings of Leonardo Da Vinci. It's a thriller in which the characters use their brains rather than guns to decipher clues and riddles. Brown has managed to combine historical facts and places with his story so convincingly that many people believe it is true.

What kind of story is The Da Vinci Code? It is

- A) an adventure story about the success of many people.
B) an exciting story full of mysteries which heroes try to solve.
C) a historical book about some paintings in the Louvre.
D) a book about people who use guns to discover some secrets.

81. (v7-180-34) When did Dan Brown stop writing the words for songs and start writing novels?

- A) in 1998 B) in 2000
C) in 2001 D) in 1996

82. (v7-181-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

Has autumn already started? Another tricky question. There's no accepted definition for the beginning of the season of mists and mellow fruitfulness. Astrologers maintain that it starts on the autumn equinox – one of two times in the year when the sun

crosses the equator and day and night are of equal length. Some people relate the first signs of autumn to cooler weather and changing leaf colour. Others look not for gathering swallows but for the fattening of nuts and berries. Some naturalists believe the season begins with the departure of the first migratory birds. According to the Woodland Trust, autumn begins five to seven days later than 20 years ago. Who thinks that autumn begins when days last as long as nights?

- A) Scientists B) Astronomers
C) Naturalists D) Astrologers

83. (v7-181-36) According to some naturalists, what shows that autumn has started?

- A) Birds begin to leave the country.
B) People start picking nuts and berries.
C) Leaves turn yellow and red.
D) The air becomes cooler.

84. (v7-190-31) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

An Apple a Day

An apple a day keeps the doctor away, as the saying goes. And not just any doctor. An apple a day may help keep the neurologist away – along with the diseases like Alzheimer's and Parkinson's.

Food scientist Chang Y. Lee found that an antioxidant, called quercetin, in apples can protect brain cells from damage. "Quercetin has much higher antioxidant activity compared to Vitamin C," says Lee. His work has shown that quercetin may help brain cells and hurt, cancer cells.

Apples are a main source of quercetin. It is also found in onions, tea, blueberries and cranberries. Choose a fresh apple over applesauce or apple juice for a snack, Lee suggests, because quercetin is found mostly in the skin of the fruit. "Processed food may lose active components," he adds.

According to recent research, apples A) and other antioxidants damage the brain. B) and Vitamin C have equal protective ability.

- C) may weaken the health of the aged.
D) can help people fight neurological diseases.

85. (v7-190-32) Chang Y. Lee recommends people to

- A) drink plenty of apple juice.
B) take quercetin pills.
C) eat apples with the skin on.
D) have tea with berries

86. (v8-105-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

Raga is form of music from India. Ragas are often played on a sitar. They often express feelings about the seasons, times of the day, emotions and places.

Calypso is a form of music and dance from Trinidad, West Indies. Calypso is often played at carnival time, when people dance in the streets. Bands often play calypso rhythms on drums made from oil containers. Blues music was invented by black Americans in the late 1800s. Blues musicians often sang about love, hard work and poverty and played the guitar or piano. Today black and white musicians all over the world play blues music.

Samba is a type of music and dance from Brazil. Samba music has strong rhythms, in which people sing and play percussion instruments. It is a group dance, where people often dance in a circle.

According to the text which forms of music are suitable for dancing?

- A) Raga and blues
B) Calypso and samba
C) Raga and calypso
D) Blues and samba

87. (v8-105-32) In which types of music is there singing?

- A) Samba and blues
B) Calypso and raga
C) Raga and samba
D) Blues and calypso

88. (v8-105-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

Pluto: The Ice Planet

Pluto has more in common with Triton, Neptune's largest moon, than it does with any of the other eight planets in our solar system. Pluto is actually smaller than Triton. Pluto has one satellite. Charon, which is half the size of Pluto. Because Pluto and Charon are comparable in size, many scientists consider them to be a double planet. Studies conducted using a spectroscope have detected methane frost on Pluto and water frost on Charon. Like Triton, Neptune's satellite, Pluto has an atmosphere of nitrogen and methane. During the time in its orbit when Pluto is farthest from the Sun, its atmosphere condenses and falls to the surface as frost.

What do Pluto and Triton have in common?

- A) Their temperature is the same.
B) They are both close to the Sun.
C) They are both half the size of Neptune.
D) They have the same kind of atmosphere.

89. (v8-105-36) What is Charon?

- A) A piece of equipment used to detect signals.
B) A spacecraft which explores the atmosphere.
C) A satellite of Pluto.
D) A satellite of Neptune.

90. (v8-111-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

When Diane straightened, she said, the master painted me once, you know. Painted me pouring milk. Everyone said it was his best painting.

"I'd like to see it," I responded. "Is it still here?"

"Oh, no. Mr. Richards bought it." I thought for a moment. "So one of London's wealthiest men takes pleasure in looking at you each day."

Diane smiled, her face growing even wider. The right words changed her mood in a moment. It was simply up to me to find the words.

What made Diane smile?

- A) Her portrait hung in the house of a rich man.
B) Mr. Richards painted Diane once.
C) She was on her master's painting.
D) Her master painted her pouring milk.

91. (v8-111-32) What does the phrase "takes pleasure in looking at you" mean?

- A) Sees you every day
B) Enjoys your picture
C) Loves you
D) Likes pictures

92. (v8-115-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

Everybody loves a secret and nobody loves a secret more than magicians. As we sit and watch the magician pulling a rabbit out of a hat, there is only one question: how did he do that? Skilled magicians will take advantage of the fact we want to know how the tricks are done and will even pretend to make a mistake. Just when we think that we understand the trick, he does it another way and we know that we must be wrong.

But now the secret is really out of the bag and magicians around the world are furious. In a series of programmes for Fox TV, the Masked Magician (whose real name is Lenny Montano) has shown viewers how to do some tricks. There are no real surprises. Hidden assistants, fake boxes, locks and other special equipment are the usual, simple explanations. What do most people want to know about magicians?

- A) The way their tricks are done
B) The place they keep their secret equipment in
C) Their real names
D) The advantages of their profession

93. (v8-115-32) What does the expression "is really out of the bag" mean?

- A) People are very tricky.
B) Nobody knows how to do that.
C) Everybody knows the truth.
D) The secret is still kept.

94. (v8-119-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

According to Professor Alison Wolf of London University's Institute of Education: "Girls generally achieve better than boys at school and have a tendency to be better at foreign languages and English than boys." In girls' schools particularly, there is a culture of encouraging the arts above the science. She explains that this is because many mixed and boys' schools have better maths and science teachers, as there are usually more men teaching these subjects who are educated in the relevant disciplines to a high level. "The problem is self-propagating. More men graduate with science degrees and teach maths and science. Often in girls' schools there are more female teachers who have not studied maths or science to a high level and the teaching is not quite as good as a result."

Professor Alison Wolf states that ...

- A) boys tend to favour arts.
B) girls aren't able to study maths.
C) girls usually show better results in humanitarian subjects.
D) both girls and boys are good at maths and languages.

95. (v8-119-36) According to the text, boys perform much better in maths than girls because ...

- A) their teachers are strict.
B) they have qualified maths teachers.
C) teachers encourage them.
D) they have natural abilities.

96. (v8-123-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

While Sardinia is a part of Italy, it is very definitely apart from it – geographically, culturally, and linguistically. It is surprising, therefore, that Sardinians often refer to Italy as *il Continente*. They regard the mainlanders as belonging to a different nation. "What there is in Sardinia there is not in Italy. Nor is there in Sardinia what there is in Italy." Those were the words of a visiting priest, in the 18th century, and they still hold true today. However, greatly improved transport links in recent years have made them feel less isolated from Italy and the rest of Europe than they once did. How do people of Sardinia feel about other Italians?

- A) They think Italians are not very similar to them.
- B) They believe that they belong to the same nation.
- C) They regard Italians as their close friends.
- D) They hate the people from that country.

97. (v8-123-32) According to the text, who are the "mainlanders"?

- A) Sardinians
- B) Italians
- C) People living in the 18th century
- D) People living on islands

98. (v8-124-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

The Perfect Excuse

A Taiwanese bank robber has just won an award for the most absurd robbery. 45-year-old Mr. Sun Cruk turned up at a bank and demanded money using a toy gun to threaten the bank staff. Then, instead of running away, he just sat and waited to be arrested. When the police arrived at the bank, they found Cruk sitting in a chair holding 230,000 New Taiwan dollars (about 6,800 euros). Cruk later told journalists: "I didn't mean to rob the bank. I wanted the police to arrest me and send me to prison because there were some guys who wanted me to pay back some money they'd lent me." But the police doubted the story. Police officer Lee said: "If we hadn't arrived so soon, he would have grabbed the money and run away". What happened after Mr. Cruk got the money from the bank staff?

- A) The police called journalists for the press conference.
- B) The police found the guys who demanded money from him.
- C) He dropped his gun and ran away.
- D) He waited for the police in the bank.

99. (v8-124-32) According to the text, what did the police think about Mr. Cruk's story?

- A) They trusted his words.
- B) They disbelieved him.
- C) That his gun was real.
- D) That his excuse was perfect.

100. (v8-124-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

The Eiffel Tower is probably the most famous and distinctive building in Paris, but of before I saw it for the first time, when I was about 23. I had thought of it as an unimpressive

piece of grey metal. Obviously it had been a contemporary design back in the nineteenth century when it was built, but most Parisians had hated it. So when I first went to Paris I did not rush to visit it. Then one day the friend I was with insisted that we went to see it. We got out of the Metro and turned a corner and there it was. It was huge! Then there was the beauty of the iron work. It was so delicate. Look up and finally you see the top. It has no functions but perhaps that's part of the attraction. I love it. What did many Parisians think about the Eiffel Tower at first?

- A) Everybody wanted to see it.
- B) They found its design very original.
- C) They thought it was very beautiful.
- D) They did not like it very much.

101. (v8-124-36) What made the writer change her opinion about the Eiffel Tower?

- A) It was very high and the iron work was beautiful.
- B) It was just a decoration, having no functions.
- C) She was with a friend of hers who liked it.
- D) The tower was not far from the Metro.

102. (v8-128-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

In 1948, Dr. Percy LeBaron Spencer was working on a radar-based research project when he felt something sticky in his pocket. It turned out to be a melted peanut bar, Spencer guessed that it had been affected by high radio emission from the radar. Intrigued, he sent the boy out to buy a packet of popcorn. When he placed it close to the radar, the popcorn exploded. By the end of this year the first prototype microwave oven was installed in a Boston restaurant. When did the idea of microwave technology come to Dr. Spencer?

- A) When he was working in the laboratory.
- B) When he saw a boy eating popcorn.
- C) When he was cooking in the restaurant.
- D) When he was buying peanut bars and popcorn.

103. (v8-128-32) What does the word "affected" mean?

- A) Involved
- B) Concerned
- C) Influenced
- D) Interested

104. (v8-128-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

The way that people use a map depends on the type of map they have and what sort of information they want from it. In the case of simple maps, only one or two types of information may be available and few or no map skills are required to use it. For example, a sketch of a neighbourhood may only show what relationship a particular house has to the street corner or whether it is farther from there to the market or to the school. Even those who cannot read the local language can use such maps. Complex maps, however, can indicate actual distance, the exact location of land features, elevation, vegetation, political divisions, and many other aspects of the world. To interpret such a complex map, some basic map skills are required.

According to the text, what can one usually find in a simple map?

- A) The rough distance between market and home.
- B) The borders of countries and their railroads.
- C) The exact distance between two or more cities.
- D) The height of mountains in a particular region.

105. (v8-128-36) For what purpose can a complex map be used?

- A) To find the closest schools in a district.
- B) To find one's home in a neighbourhood.
- C) To get an approximate distance between two markets.
- D) To know what part of a region is covered by forests.

106. (v9-105-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 29–30.

Which pillow suits your style? A pillow should support your head and neck comfortably, so you can get a good night's sleep. Though we all turn and toss throughout the night, most people have a favourite sleep position – and that's the one they're in when they fall asleep. This preferred position determines which pillow firmness will give the best support. Side sleepers – your pillow should support your head and neck so that your spine maintains a straight line. A firm pillow would be best for you. Back sleepers – you need a pillow that will provide support under your head, neck and shoulders. A pillow with medium firmness would probably be your best choice.

Stomach sleepers – your pillow should be relatively flat so your head and neck aren't turned unnaturally to either side. A soft pillow would likely be the best one.

A pillow which is neither too soft nor too firm is good for those who?

- A) don't have a favourite way of sleeping.
- B) fall asleep lying on their back.
- C) know that this kind is most comfortable.
- D) can't fall asleep and toss a lot.

107. (v9-105-30) What does the word "flat" in the text mean?

- A) Apartment
- B) Unexciting
- C) Thin
- D) Not interesting

108. (v9-106-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 29–30.

Indira Nehru was born on Nov. 19, 1917, in Allahabad, India. While she was growing up, her family was active in the nonviolent resistance movement led by Mahatma Gandhi against Great Britain's colonial rule of India. At the age of 12 she joined the movement by convincing thousands of Indian children to do odd jobs to aid the adults who were working independence. Indira's education was irregular. She attended school in India and Switzerland for short periods. More often she studied at home. In 1934 she studied art and dancing at the university at Santiniketan. Later she attended Oxford University in England. In March 1942 Indira Nehru married Feroze Gandhi, a friend from her student days in England. A few months later they were arrested after she spoke at a public meeting defiance of a British law. She was imprisoned for 13 months. What did Indira do when she was 12?

- A) She started to attend school in India.
 B) She was arrested for speaking at a public meeting.
 C) She persuaded young children to help adults.
 D) She met with Mahatma Gandhi.

109. (v9-106-30) Which of the following statements is true about Indira's education?

- A) Her study at school was interrupted by the war
 B) She finished high school in Switzerland.
 C) She didn't have a normal and stable education.
 D) Her parents couldn't afford her school education.

110. (v9-108-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 29-30.

A lawyer's dog, running about unleashed, gets into the local butcher shop and steals some meat off the counter. The butcher goes to the lawyer's office and asks, "If a dog steals a piece of meat from my store, do I have a right to ask payment for the meat from the dog's owner?" "Absolutely," the lawyer responded. The butcher immediately said, "Good! You owe me \$ 7.99 a few days later, the butcher, looking through his mail, finds a letter from the lawyer. The contents read "Consultation: \$ 25.00."

How did the lawyer fool the butcher?

- A) He made the butcher pay for the legal advice he gave him.
 B) He refused to write a check for the stolen meat.
 C) He said that the butcher had no right to demand any payment.
 D) He sent his dog to the butcher's shop to steal meat.

111. (v9-108-30) What does the word 'absolutely' in the text mean?

- A) Perfectly B) Completely
 C) Surely D) Ideally

112. (v9-115-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 29-30.

There are a few places in the world where you can see many colorful parrots in the wild. The most famous is at the Manu River in southern Peru. Early each morning a thousand or more parrots come to a bank of the river. Most of them are red and green, but there are other kinds with yellow and blue or scarlet feathers mixed in. Bird watchers come from all over the world to see the parrots. The idea of all those parrots coming together leads to a question: what bring them? Just watching gives a surprising answer.

They are eating dirt from the river bank but not just any dirt. They carefully pick out a special layer that runs along the bank. We eat carefully prepared foods and for us the idea of eating dirt seems distasteful. But for wild animals it is common enough. There is even a special word for it: geophagy.

Why do people come to a spot near the Manu River?

- A) To go swimming
 B) To walk along the river bank
 C) To watch birds
 D) To explore southern Peru

113. (v9-115-30) What is the most surprising thing about the parrots?

- A) Their feathers are not multicolored
 B) Their meat is not tasteful
 C) They eat a special kind of dirt
 D) They come to the river in thousands

114. (v9-122-31) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 31-32.

Canada has a total area of 9,976,140 square kilometers. It is the second-largest country in the world (after Russia), but it has a population of only 33,098,932. Canada is a bilingual country, with English and French as the official languages. This means that all Canadian children learn English and French at schools, and all government documents are in both languages. Around 25 per cent of Canadians speak French as their first language, and the majority lives in the province of Quebec. Only 18 per cent of Canadians are completely bilingual in English and French.

What is the text about?

- A) Many people in Canada came from Russia.
 B) Despite its large area, Canada has a small bilingual population.
 C) Canada is the biggest country in the world.
 D) How the two official languages in Canada work together.

115. (v9-122-32) How many people can speak both French and English equally well in Canada?

- A) 33% B) 25%
 C) 18% D) 50% the population

116. (v9-123-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 29-30.

Charlemagne was an emperor and the first ruler of the Holy Roman Empire. Because of his great interest in education, French college students refer to him as a saint and a hero. Although he was never able to read and write himself Charlemagne, whose name means "Charles the Great", founded the University of Paris. His reign was mocked by significant advances in science, literature and philosophy. St. Charlemagne's Day is still celebrated by college students in France, who hold champagne breakfasts at which professors and top students recite poems and give speeches.

The founder of the University of Paris ...

- A) marked his students' work.
 B) was one of its professors
 C) could neither write nor read
 D) was a famous philosopher

117. (v9-123-30) What does the word "top" in the text mean?

- A) the peak
 B) the best
 C) a cover for something
 D) a piece of clothing

118. (v9-123-35) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 35-36.

Silk Road. During the Han dynasty in China, the conquests and alliances made in central Asia by Emperor Wudi, combined with the extensive development of roads, enabled a trade route to be opened at extending across the Gobi Desert, through the Pamirs and Karakorum mountain ranges, to reach

Samarkand, Damascus, Alexandria and Rome. Chinese silk and spices were traded in for wool, gold and silver. The route was over 6,000 km long, and was crossed by camels, traveling in caravans. The Silk Road carried not only goods, but ideas between East and West. China received Buddhism from India and Christianity from Europe. The Silk Road ended with the rise of Islam and the collapse of Imperial Rome, but was re-established by Kublai Khan under the Yuan Dynasty, allowing Marco Polo to reach his court in the 13th century

According to the text, which of the following helped to open the Silk Road?

- A) Good relationships between China and Imperial Rome
 B) Chinese military expansion and improvement of roads.
 C) Chinese people wanted to learn Western ideas.
 D) The need for the development of good trade relations in Asia

119. (v9-123-36) In addition to the movement of goods the Silk Road prompted the exchange of ...

- A) workforce B) religions
 C) politics D) culture

120. (v9-126-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 29-30.

The boys had been gone for three days before the police were informed, and then Mr. Dreyfus was apologetic. "It's probably unreasonable to be concerned," he admitted.

"We didn't even expect them until last night, and all sorts of things can happen to slow you down when you're hiking. It's just that ever since that storm on Saturday my wife has been worried, and then last night when Larry didn't turn up, and with still no word this morning ..." "That rain on Saturday messed up a lot of camping expeditions" The sergeant at the desk picked up a pencil and began to make notes. "When did you say they left, Mr. Dreyfus? Friday evening?" "In the afternoon, right after school?"

Why didn't Mr. Dreyfus inform the police earlier that the boys hadn't returned?

- A) His wife expected the boys back on 'Saturday'
 B) He was away on a camping expedition himself.
 C) His wife knew it was unreasonable to worry.
 D) He thought that something had slowed them down.

121. (v9-126-30) What does the word 'turn up' in the text mean?

- A) Appear after having been lost.
 B) Happen suddenly and unexpectedly.
 C) Make something sound louder.
 D) Find something by looking for it.

122. (v9-128-33) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 33-34.

Imagine a world where all your clothes had to be sewn by hand! That's how things were until the 1800s, when a number of inventors began building mechanical sewing machines. Until that time, sewing was a difficult, time-consuming job. Plans for sewing machines were patented by many inventors, for

example, Thomas Saint in England in 1790 and Barthelemy Thinomonnier in France, who produced the first practical sewing machine in 1830. A number of American inventors furthered the design during the 1800s, but perhaps the best known is a farmer from Massachusetts Elias Howe, who built a machine in 1844. Despite his patents, Howe's design was produced by a number of other manufacturers, including Isaac Singer (who formed the Singer Sewing Machines, which is still in operation). Both Howe and Singer became multi-millionaires, and the world got ... more clothes!
What is the text about?

- A) American inventors who became multi-millionaires.
- B) The hard lengthy job of sewing.
- C) Two European inventors of the sewing machine.
- D) The history of one invention

123. (v9-128-34) Whose design of a sewing machine was used by other producers?

- A) Elias Howe's
- B) Isaac Singer's
- C) Thomas Saint's
- D) Barthelemy Thinomonnier's

124. (v9-129-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 33-34.

WHY DO WE SLEEP? Amazingly, that's a question with no definite answer.

We all know that we fall asleep because we are tired and that we feel better after sleeping, but why can't we do without it? Research has shown that animals die if they don't have sleep, almost as quickly as they do if they don't have food. But why do we need it? The time we are asleep is divided into different periods. D-sleep (desynchronized or dreaming) and S-sleep (synchronized). A typical night's sleep consists of four or five periods of D-sleep that lasts approximately 90 minutes total (little more than 20 per cent of total sleep time). The first D-sleep period occurs about 70 to 120 minutes after falling asleep.

According to the text no one knows why people ...

- A) feel sleepy after eating.
- B) sleep as soon as they find a place.
- C) cannot eat and sleep the whole day.
- D) cannot live without having sleep.

125. (v9-129-34) Dreaming sleep continues about ...

- A) 120 minutes
- B) 70 minutes
- C) 90 minutes
- D) 4 or 5 minutes

126. (v9-130-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 29-30.

When Demis and Manis, the tiger cubs, were rejected by their mother, zookeepers at Taman Safari Zoo thought they might like the company of two other orphans: Nia and Irma the orangutans. "The first time I put them together, they just played," says zookeeper Sri Suwami. The four shared toys, wrestled, and took naps together. Then one morning, Nia and Irma began hugging Demis, the tiger, and he lick-kissed them back! "That's when I knew they were true friends," Suwami says. As the tigers grew, their natural instincts started showing, so Suwami moved

them into a separate cage. Now two other apes Suwami is raising have also made a new friend a leopard cub.

How did Sri Suwami know the tiger cubs and orangutans were true friends?

- A) She observed a lot of animals living in cages.
- B) Demis began to lick the apes and they hugged him.
- C) Friendship is common if little animals have no mothers.
- D) Because Nia and Irma had also been friendly to other animals.

127. (v9-130-30) What does the word 'raising' in the text mean?

- A) Moving up
- B) Collecting
- C) Caring for
- D) Lifting

128. (v10-112-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer questions 29-30.

After completing a dive, swimmers climb out of the pool and head immediately to a bank of showers that stand close to the diving boards. Then, in full view of the crowd and TV cameras, they take a shower. Divers keep their suits on, of course, usually appearing only to rinse off their hair and arms. Oftentimes, the divers will receive their scores while still showering off. What's the purpose of this? Divers shower in between each dive to keep their muscles warm after getting out of the pool. The temperature of the pool water and the air are usually different. This difference can cause muscle tightness. To combat this, divers warm up in either the showers or a hot tub. Where do divers take a shower?

- A) In their hotel rooms after a dive.
- B) At their training room.
- C) In a swimming pool.
- D) In open shower boxes near the pool.

129. (v10-112-30) Why do divers take a shower?

- A) To remove dirt from their bodies.
- B) To receive their scores.
- C) To keep their bodies warm.
- D) To cool down a bit after a dive.

130. (v10-114-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer questions 29-30.

Producing natural rubber. Rubber is a natural substance, although it can also be made synthetically. Natural rubber is made from a white liquid latex, which is produced by rubber trees. This liquid is collected by cutting a small piece of bark from the tree. It runs slowly into a cup, which is attached to the tree. After a few hours the latex stops flowing. All of the cups are emptied and the latex is taken to the rubber factory. The latex is poured into large tanks where it is solidified by adding acid. The rubber forms thick strips, which are then flattened by passing through rollers and turned into thin sheets. They are then packed and exported to countries all over the world.

According to the text, latex is collected from

- A) rubber trees in special cups.
- B) rubber in big containers.
- C) rollers filled with acid.
- D) the trees at factories.

131. (v10-114-30) What does the word flattened in the text mean?

- A) Pressed
- B) Defeated
- C) Destroyed
- D) Knocked

132. (v11-140-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer questions 29-30. The town of Peculiar is located about 30 miles south of Kansas City and is quite ordinary. So why is it called Peculiar? This is an explanation. In about 1858, the area became big enough to need a post office. The man seeking the town's first postmaster position asked the United States Post Office Department that the town should be named 'Excelsior'. The man was told that the name 'Excelsior' was already taken. So he chose another name. That name was also taken. This happened four more times. Finally, frustrated, he wrote to Washington and said, 'Listen. We'll take any name. Just send us a name that's a little bit peculiar, and we'll be happy.' The people in Peculiar learned a very important lesson. Never let the government choose a name. Why did the man write to the US Post Office Department several times?

- A) Kansas City needed a post office.
- B) He wanted a name for his town.
- C) This was one of his job responsibilities.
- D) Washington needed information about the area.

133. (v11-140-30) The man was frustrated because ...

- A) the job was given to another man.
- B) all names which he liked had been taken.
- C) the government took no notice of his letters.
- D) the town where he lived was quite ordinary.

134. (v12z-102-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 34-36.

Mr. Scotty from San Francisco flew from America to his native Italy to visit his relatives. Approaching New York the plane made a one hour fuel stop at Kennedy Airport. Thinking that he had arrived, Mr. Scotty got out and spent two days in New York believing he was in Rome. When his nephews were not there to meet him, Mr. Scotty thought they had been delayed in the heavy Roman traffic mentioned in their letters. He also noticed that many people spoke English with American accent. After twelve hours traveling round on a bus, the driver handed him to a policeman who spoke only English. Mr. Scotty expressed surprise at the Roman police employing someone who didn't speak his own language. How long did Mr. Scotty's visit to New York last?

- A) one hour
- B) twelve hours
- C) three days
- D) forty eight hours

135. (v12z-102-35) Why did the plane stop at Kennedy Airport?

- A) It happened because of the accident.
- B) It was because of non-flying weather.
- C) Hi-jackers made the pilots land
- D) It needed refueling.

136. (v12z-102-36) How did Mr. Scotty happen to be in New York?

- A) The stewardess told him the plane arrived in New York.
- B) He decided to see the sights of New York first.

- C) He decided to visit relatives both in New York and Rome.
D) He took the fuel stop in New York for his destination.

137. (v12z-103-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

People's eating habits are formed by a variety of factors. Even within the same family, different children can form different habits as a result of their interactions with parents and brothers and sisters. Parents' attitudes toward food have a strong influence on the development of children's attitudes and create habits that will last a lifetime. If food is used as a reward, the daily behaviors lead to a dependence on food as a source of comfort. If parents tell children to clean their plates, children may eat more than they actually need and become overweight. People who are overweight often see themselves as unattractive. Eating too much is a common reaction to frustration and anxiety. Some people eat too much when they are tired, worried or scared. Psychologists believe that the reasons for obesity (being very fat) are frequently related to emotional problems and should be looked at in that light.

Who has a major influence on the development of eating habits?

- A) Friends
B) Teachers
C) Neighbors
D) Parents.

138. (v12z-103-35) Children often eat more than they need to ...

- A) enjoy their meals
B) develop poor eating habits
C) win their parent's approval
D) clean their plates

139. (v12z-103-36) The word HABIT in the text means ...

- A) something that you do often and almost without thinking
B) something very enjoyable
C) something very unpleasant
D) something that your parents make you do

140. (v12z-104-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

The stooping figure of my mother, waist-deep in the grass and caught there like a piece of sheep's wool, was the last I saw of my country home as I left it to discover the world. She stood old and bent at the top of the bank, silently watching me go, one hand raised in farewell and blessing, not questioning why I went. At the bend of the road I looked back again and saw her: then I turned the corner and walked out of the village. I had closed that part of my life for ever. My mother had got up early and cooked me a heavy breakfast, had stood wordlessly while I ate it, her hand on my chair, and had then helped me pack up my few belongings. There had been no fuss; there had been no attempt to persuade me to stay; she just gave me a long and searching look. Then, with my bags on my back, I'd put into the early sunshine and climbed through the long wet grass to the road. The writer left his home feeling that ...

- A) this was the end of an important part of his life.
B) he would soon be back to his village.
C) he could not stand the smallness of his village.
D) life outside the village would be difficult.

141. (v12z-104-33) Before the writer left the house his mother ...

- A) had helped him to prepare for the journey but asked him not to go.
B) had let him make his own preparations to leave.
C) had asked him to take his brothers with him.
D) had looked at him to be sure that he really wanted to go.

142. (v12z-107-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

The best present I got on my 16th birthday was the chance to play the National Lottery. I was really jealous of my parents and my older friends who put a bet on every week, so when I became old enough, I couldn't wait to try it. I picked a set of numbers and from then on I used the same ones every time I played. My school exams finished on 13th June, so to celebrate, I put £3 on a Lottery ticket. That evening, just Mum and I were at home watching the numbers being drawn on TV. As the numbers were called, my heart started pounding as I matched them to my ticket. "Mum, I've won the Lottery!", – I shouted. We were so shocked we couldn't speak! Dad came home from work and I made him check the numbers too, just to make sure we weren't going mad. But even after he'd checked them, I still wouldn't allow myself to believe it, until finally I nervously dialed the number on the back of my ticket. "Well, Mr. Selby, at the moment it looks as if you've got a winning ticket. Go to your regional center and they'll confirm it". Why did Selby start playing the Lottery?

- A) He wanted to celebrate his birthday
B) He knew his family needed money
C) People around him were playing.
D) He had carefully chosen a set of numbers.

143. (v12z-107-33) Selby knew he had definitely won the Lottery when ...

- A) he dialed the number on the back of his ticket.
B) he went to an office in Lottery.
C) he watched the numbers being drawn on TV.
D) his father checked the winning numbers.

144. (v12z-108-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

We are so used to wearing shoes that few of us even think about them, apart from the times when we put them on and take them off. However, people didn't always wear shoes. No one knows when people first began to use them, it is reasonable to suppose that the first shoes that covered feet were wrappings of animal skins worn in cold climates. Sandals worn in southern regions were most likely made of wood, with leather or cloth attaching the soles to the upper part of the foot. Over time, shoes became used not only for protection but also for decoration. For example, high heels came into fashion in the sixteenth century and were worn by men. However uncomfortable they

are, people have continued to wear them for more than three hundred years. Today's shoes are relatively cheap because most models are designed by computer, and their components are cut by laser and sewn together by programmed machinery.

What was the earliest footwear made of?

- A) Skins B) Wood C) Cloth D) Silk

145. (v12z-108-35) Approximately how long have high-heeled shoes been worn?

- A) 600 years B) 100 years
C) 300 years D) 500 years

146. (v12z-108-36) The word HEELS in the text means ...

- A) the part of a sock
B) the higher part of a shoe under the heel of your foot
C) the back part of your foot
D) a type of covering for the foot

147. (v12z-112-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

Lake Ontario is the smallest and the most eastern of the five Great Lakes. Although the lake is navigable for large ships all year round, it is less traveled than the other Great Lakes. The lake is about one hundred ninety-three miles wide and covers an area of seven thousand five hundred square miles. The shore of the lake is approximately four hundred eighty miles around. Two-thirds of the lake waters lie below sea level and, because Lake Ontario is very deep, it does not freeze in the winter except near the shore where the water is shallow. A constant current carries the water from west to east at the rate of about one-third of a mile per hour. Because of the capacity of large bodies of water to keep heat, the lake has a moderating effect on the climate of the areas that surround it. For example, while the eastern shore of the lake never has a really hot day, on its southern shore fruit trees grow. The lake empties into the Atlantic Ocean through the St. Lawrence River, while the Niagara River and the Welland Canal connect it to Lake Erie in the southwest. How is Lake Ontario different from the other Great Lakes? It is ...

- A) the deepest B) the smallest
C) the longest D) not navigable

148. (v12z-112-35) Complete the sentence according to the text. Lake Ontario ...

- A) covers an area of 750 square miles
B) has less traffic than other Great Lakes
C) is heavily travelled
D) empties into the Pacific Ocean

149. (v12z-112-36) Which is not true to the text.

- A) It's navigable for large boats.
B) Most part of the lake waters lie below sea level.
C) The lake makes the climate around it severe.
D) The lake freezes only near the shore.

150. (v12z-118-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

Town crier Town criers were once a familiar sight on the streets of England and America. With their bright red cloak and loud bell and voice, they could be seen and heard by everyone. Until the late 19th century, very few people could read. The town crier's job was to stand

in markets and public spaces, shouting the news to the residents of the town. He would ring his bell to attract people's attention. His traditional loud cry of "oyez, oyez", which means "listen, listen", would tell people that there was important news. Records of town criers date from 1066, when we know they were used to spread the news of William the Conqueror's invasion of Britain. Throughout history, they passed on news of war, politics and births and deaths of members of the Royal family. In 1666, news of the Great Fire of London was spread across the capital by town criers. As more and more ordinary people learned to read, the job of town crier gradually disappeared. Notices displayed for all to see and, later, newspapers brought people the news instead. London still has an official town crier who attracts tourists to the city. One of his proudest moments was announcing the birth of Prince William to the people outside Buckingham Palace.

The town criers' job was important, because ...

A) they could be seen and heard everywhere.
B) they shouted news to the residents of the town.
C) they stood in the markets and offered goods.
D) they were beautifully dressed.

151. (v12z-118-33) The profession of town criers became out of date because ...

A) more and more people became literate.
B) they were tired of ringing the bell.
C) there was no more wars to announce.
D) Prince William was born.

152. (v13-101-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

In the past, before technology was used to monitor the weather accurately, people looked at the skies, watched how animals and plants behaved, and relied on signs and superstitions to forecast the weather. Indeed, some people still believe that, when cows lie down or a cat sneezes, it is going to rain. Nowadays, scientists who study the weather, called meteorologists, use many different methods to make their forecasts. Satellites monitor our weather and send information to computers at special processing stations. On the ground, weather stations all over the world record wind speeds and directions, temperature, clouds and air pressure. It is clear from the passage that reasonably accurate weather forecasting ...

A) does not require much technological assistance.
B) is just one stage in an effort to control the climate.
C) is now available worldwide.
D) is of little importance to most people in the world.

153. (v13-101-25) As is pointed out in the passage, before the coming of technology, ...

A) people weren't really interested in weather conditions.
B) several methods were used in an effort to forecast the weather.
C) the only way to learn about the weather was through the behavior of plants and animals.
D) the methods used to forecast the weather are all now regarded as completely useless.

154. (v13-101-26) According to the passage, it is now possible, with the aid of technology, to forecast the weather, but ...

A) much relevant material is never processed.
B) it is still a very complex process.
C) long-term forecasts are still far from accurate.
D) changing wind speeds can affect predictions.

155. (v13-101-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

The Great Pyramid of Giza, a monument of wisdom and prophecy, was built as a tomb for Pharaoh Cheops in 2720 B.C. Despite its antiquity, certain aspects of its construction make it one of the truly great wonders of the world. The four sides of the pyramid are aligned almost exactly on true north, south, east, and west – an incredible engineering feat. The ancient Egyptians were sun worshippers and great astronomers, so computations for the Great Pyramid were based on astronomical observations. Explorations and detailed examinations of the base of the structure reveal many intersecting lines. Further scientific study indicates that these represent a type of time line of events past, present, and future. Many of the events have been interpreted and found to coincide with known facts of the past.

Others are prophesied for future generations and presently are under investigation. Was this superstructure made by ordinary beings, or one built by a race superior to any known today? What did the ancient Egyptians base on their calculations?

- A) observation of the celestial bodies
B) advanced technology
C) advanced tools of measurement
D) knowledge of the earth's surface

156. (v13-101-35) Why was the Great Pyramid constructed?

A) as a solar observatory
B) as a religious temple
C) as a tomb for the pharaoh
D) as an engineering feat

157. (v13-101-36) Why is the Great Pyramid of Giza considered one of the Seven Wonders of the World?

A) it is perfectly aligned to the four cardinal points of the compass and contains many prophesies
B) it was built by a super race
C) it is very old
D) it was selected as the tomb of Pharaoh Cheops

158. (v13-102-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Palmistry is the practice of 'reading hands', of gaining knowledge about personality, past individual history, and likely future events by examining the shape and size of the fingers and, most important, the lines and bumps on the palms themselves. There is some evidence that palmistry may have begun in the Stone Age. Hand outlines can be seen in black and red pigments on the walls of the ancient caves of Almira in Spain and in other

European caves. Palmistry as it exists today probably had its origins in ancient India long before recorded history and found its way into western Europe through nomadic bands of Gypsies, who made contact with Europe in the 15th century.

Of the following, the one not mentioned in the passage as part of palmistry is ...

A) changing the events of the future.
B) exploring people's pasts.
C) foretelling the future.
D) learning about character.

159. (v13-102-25) It is stated in the passage that the most essential thing for a palm reader to do is ...

A) to inspect the fingers carefully.
B) to practice by 'reading' many palms.
C) to learn about different personality types.
D) to look closely at the surface of the palm.

160. (v13-102-26) The passage explains that it is most likely that palmistry as we know it began

A) in caves of western Europe.
B) in caves in Spain.
C) in various parts of Europe.
D) in India in ancient times.

161. (v13-103-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 32–33.

Jake, aged 16, has a terrific relationship with his grandmother Rita, who is 70. They live close by, and they even take a Spanish class together twice a week at a local college. After class they sometimes stop at a cafe for a snack. On one occasion Rita tells Jake, "I think it's great how fast you pick up new grammar. It takes me a lot longer". Jake replies, "Yeah, but you don't seem to make as many silly mistakes on the quizzes as I do. How do you do that?" In that moment, Rita and Jake stumbled across an interesting set of differences between older and younger minds. Popular psychology says that as people age their brains "slow down". The implication, of course, is that elderly men and women are not as mentally agile as middle-aged adults or even teenagers. However, although certain brain functions such as perception and reaction time do indeed take longer, that slowing down does not necessarily undermine mental sharpness. Indeed, evidence shows that older people are just as mentally fit as younger people because their brains compensate for some kinds of declines in creative ways that young minds do not exploit.

Just as people's bodies age at different rates, so do their minds. As adults advance in age, the perception of sights, sounds and smells takes a bit longer, and laying down new information into memory becomes more difficult. The ability to retrieve memories also quickly slides and it is sometimes harder to concentrate and maintain attention. The conversation between Jake and Rita is used to give an example of ...

A) the changes that occur in our brains over time
B) the fact that it is difficult to learn a language at a young age
C) the importance of young and old people doing things together
D) the way we learn languages

162. (v13-103-33) According to popular psychology ...

- A) older people do not cope with new technology
- B) seniors take longer to complete tasks but together accuracy
- C) old people use both parts of their brain more than young people
- D) the speed of our brain decreases with age

163. (v13-103-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

In 1971 the Great Persian Empire celebrated the 1500th anniversary of its founding. Its founder was Cyrus the Great, who proclaimed himself the King of the Kings. His son Cambyses succeeded his throne, conquering Egypt and expanding the empire. Darius I followed Cambyses and was probably the most famous of this long line of kings. Under his rule, the empire stretched as far as India.

Governors were placed in charge of the provinces. Extensive systems of roads and waterways improved communication throughout the kingdom. He was one of a few ancient rulers who permitted his subjects to worship as they wished. The magnificent city of Persepolis, founded under his direction in 518 B.C. was a ceremonial center. Who is considered the creator of the Persian Empire?

- A) Combyses
- B) Persepolis
- C) Cyrus
- D) Darius

164. (v13-103-35) Who was the predecessor of Cambyses?

- A) Cyrus
- B) Egypt
- C) Persepolis
- D) Darius

165. (v13-103-36) Who were responsible for the provinces?

- A) the King
- B) the governors
- C) the subjects
- D) the Egyptians

166. (v13-106-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

After inventing dynamite, Swedish-born Alfred Nobel became a very rich man. However, he foresaw its universally destructive powers too late. Nobel preferred not to be remembered as the inventor of dynamite, so in 1895, just two weeks before his death, he created a fund to be used for awarding prizes to people who had made worthwhile contributions to mankind. Originally there were five awards: literature, physics, chemistry, medicine, and peace. Economics was added in 1968, just sixty-seven years after the first awards ceremony. Nobel's original legacy of nine million dollars was invested, and the interest on this sum is used for the awards which vary from \$40,000 to \$125,000.

Every year on December 10, the anniversary of Nobel's death, the awards (gold medal, illuminated diploma, and money) are presented to the winners. Sometimes politics plays an important role in the judge's decisions. Americans have won numerous science awards, but relatively few literature prizes. No awards were presented from 1940 to 1942 at the beginning of World War II. Some people have won two prizes, but this is rare; others shared their prizes.

When did the first award ceremony take place?

- A) 1895
- B) 1961
- C) 1968
- D) 1901

167. (v13-106-35) Why was the Nobel prize established?

- A) to honor the inventor of dynamite
- B) to spend the money
- C) to resolve political differences
- D) to recognize worthwhile contributions to humanity

168. (v13-106-36) In how many fields are prizes bestowed?

- A) 2
- B) 6
- C) 10
- D) 5

169. (v13-107-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

To see the big obstacle facing renewable energy, look at Denmark. It has some of the world's largest wind farms. Yet because consumer demand for electricity is often lowest when the winds blow hardest, Denmark sometimes has to sell its extra electricity to neighboring countries at low prices – only to buy energy back when demand rises, at much higher prices. Companies in Texas face a similar mismatch between supply and demand; they sometimes have to pay customers to take energy from their windmills and solar farms. In theory, the wind and sun could supply the US with all the electricity it requires. In practice, however, both sources are too unreliable to supply more than 20% of a region's total energy capacity. Beyond that point, balancing supply and demand becomes too very difficult. What is needed are cheaper and more efficient ways of keeping power in reserve so that it can be accessed when the winds are not blowing and the sun is not shining.

According to the passage, Denmark ...

- A) has been experiencing the drawbacks of using wind farms for energy.
- B) wants to reduce the demand for electricity when the winds are blowing hard.
- C) pays a lot of money for electricity it does not use.
- D) sells all of the energy it produces to other countries for profit.

170. (v13-107-25) What could be the best title for the passage?

- A) Why Renewable Energy Is the Best Solution
- B) The Inevitable High Cost of Producing Electricity
- C) Problems Involved in the Use of Renewable Energy
- D) Comparisons of the Use of Wind Power in the US and Denmark

171. (v13-107-26) It can be inferred from the passage that what power companies need to do is to ...

- A) explore realistic alternatives to windmills and solar farms.
- B) control climate variables such as the wind for cheaper energy.
- C) generate more power from traditional power sources using new technology.
- D) find better ways to store power in order to make it available when needed.

172. (v13-108-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 34–36.

In 1807 Noah Webster began his greatest work, *An American Dictionary of the English Language*. In preparing his manuscript, he devoted 10 years to the study of English and its relationship to other languages, and 7 more years to the writing itself. Published in 2 volumes in 1828, *An American Dictionary of the English Language* has become the recognized authority for usage in the United States. Webster's purpose in writing it was to demonstrate that the American language was developing distinct meanings, pronunciations, and spelling from those of British English. He is responsible for advancing simplified forms, for example, "theater", "center", "color", "honor" instead of British form of "theatre", "centre", "colour", "honour".

When was *An American Dictionary of the English Language* published?

- A) 1817
- B) 1824
- C) 1828
- D) 1807

173. (v13-108-35) According to the author, Webster's purpose in writing *An American Dictionary of the English Language* was ...

- A) to promote spelling forms based upon British
- B) demonstrate the distinct development of the English language in America
- C) influence the pronunciation of the English language
- D) respond to the need for new school books

174. (v13-108-36) In how many volumes was *An American Dictionary of the English Language* published?

- A) 1
- B) 5
- C) 3
- D) 2

175. (v13-110-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

To succeed in school, children must master three skills – reading, writing and arithmetic – but not all students readily grasp these basic skills. Among English-speaking children, an estimated 2 to 15% have trouble with reading or spelling, broadly classified as dyslexia. From 1 to 7% struggle to do math, a disability known as dyscalculia. Statistics vary but dyslexia appears to be more common among English speakers than among speakers of highly phonetic languages such as Turkish and Italian. It is believed that at least one child in most elementary school classes in the US suffers from dyslexia. Both dyslexia and dyscalculia defy easy explanation. Neither disorder is the result of faulty eyesight nor hearing, both of which can also delay language acquisition but are easily corrected. Instead, children with dyslexia and dyscalculia have working sensory organs, apparently normal sensory and motor development and, sometimes, above-average intelligence. After more than 15 years of research, investigators now believe these conditions frequently involve so-called partial functional deficits of the senses: In affected children, the eyes and ears accurately register sights and sounds, letters, numbers and spoken syllables, but that information is misinterpreted as it is processed in the brain. As it is clearly stated in the passage, the disorder dyslexia ...

- A) is easily observed in phonetic languages like Turkish and Italian.
 B) has not been documented for highly phonetic languages.
 C) could have something to do with the type of language children are acquiring.
 D) is unheard of in the history of US education.

176. (v13-110-25) According to the passage, physical disabilities ...

- A) can delay language acquisition in an estimated 2 to 15% of children.
 B) are observed in at least one child in elementary school classes in the US.
 C) seem to play no role in the emergence of dyslexia and dyscalculia.
 D) are the main causes for children's inability to read and calculate.

177. (v13-110-26) It is stated in the passage that ...

- A) dyslexia and dyscalculia are the least important issues in the US.
 B) dyslexia and dyscalculia are the learning disabilities most easily solved by educationalists.
 C) reading, writing and arithmetic are areas crucial to academic success.
 D) dyscalculia appears to be more widespread than dyslexia in elementary school classes.

178. (v13-118-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

China's economy is so huge that it is easy to forget the country's property market is still in its adolescence. Two decades ago, most city-dwellers had to live in basic, old accommodation, provided by their state-owned employer. Since then, house building has developed greatly as has the notion of home ownership. However, the market has been experiencing sudden changes and prices are falling in many cities. This is having an impact on local governments which carry out four-fifths of the country's spending but only receive half of the taxes in income. To help make up the difference, they rely on buying land from farmers and selling it to property developers. But as developers struggle, land sales are decreasing and local governments are receiving less money. In other countries, local governments raise money by taxing homes, but in China, this is a sensitive subject. People feel that they already pay too much to a state that provides too little.

As clearly stated in the passage, until recently, the majority of city-dwellers in China ...

- A) lived in simple houses that they built themselves.
 B) left home to work for the state when they were adolescents.
 C) were provided housing by the government.
 D) required permission from the state if they wanted to build a house.

179. (v13-118-25) According to the passage, one of the challenges for local governments is that they are ...

- A) receiving little money from local farmers.
 B) experiencing problems related to income and spending.

- C) dealing with half of the country's public spending.
 D) expected to provide cheaper housing for city-dwellers

180. (v13-118-26) According to the passage, it would be difficult to introduce a property tax in China because people feel that ...

- A) only the very rich would benefit from such a tax.
 B) it would make it more difficult for people to buy a house.
 C) imposing income taxes would be more effective.
 D) the government does not do enough for them.

181. (v13-120-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

When the first cars hit British roads in the late 19th century, they had an unusual safety feature. Every "horseless carriage" was guided by a man walking in front waving a red flag to warn other road users of the vehicle's approach. These early precautions, known as the "red flag laws", seem laughable now. However, future generations may look at current safety measures in much the same way. In the US state of Nevada, the government has begun to draft a set of regulations that will allow self-driving vehicles on its roads. These cars will have technological advantages such as cameras that determine exactly where other cars are and how fast they are moving. Promoters of the self-driving cars believe they will save time and fuel, and reduce traffic jams. If these cars become a reality, there may be a dramatic decrease in human drivers on the roads. People who still want the pleasure of driving themselves will someday have to warn other road users that they are engaging in such a dangerous activity. People then might consider reintroducing the red flags. The author of the passage thinks that ...

- A) many cars will not be driven by humans when unmanned cars come into existence.
 B) road users rely heavily on self-driving cars due to their technological advantages.
 C) current technology is insufficient to meet safety needs on today's roads.
 D) precautions taken by the British were not as effective as those of the Nevada government.

182. (v13-120-25) It can be understood from the passage that ...

- A) the designs of self-driving cars will be more attractive than current ones.
 B) the technical features of self-driving cars will make them expensive at first.
 C) promoters of the self-driving cars believe these cars will have several benefits.
 D) we need to build special roads for self-driving cars.

183. (v13-120-26) It is inferred in the passage that ...

- A) the Nevada government was inspired by the "red flag laws" while drafting regulations for self-driving cars.
 B) driving a car yourself may be considered dangerous in the future.
 C) a red flag was generally used to signal the approach of a pedestrian.

- D) cars were often used to carry equipment when they were first introduced to British roads in the 19th century.

184. (v13-120-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

The earliest intelligence test was designed to place children in appropriate school classes. At the beginning of the 20th century school authorities in Paris asked the psychologist Alfred Binet to devise a method for picking out children who were unable to learn at a normal rate. Binet went on to develop a method that could measure the intelligence of every child—dull, bright, or normal. Binet realized that a person's ability to solve problems was an indication of intelligence. He found that complex problems, especially those involving abstract thinking, were best for sorting out bright and dull students. Problem-solving ability grows rapidly during childhood. Because of this, Binet decided to make an age scale of intelligence and chose specific tasks for each age level.

Why did Alfred Binet start to develop an intelligence test?

- A) Educational authorities requested him to do so.
 B) He thought that this would make him famous.
 C) He wanted to conduct special research in this area.
 D) Schools wanted to administer entrance exams.

185. (v13-120-33) Binet developed different tests for different age groups because ...

- A) he was afraid that schools may not approve them.
 B) schools had different programs for each age level.
 C) the ability to solve problems changes as children grow.
 D) most of the schoolchildren could answer them easily.

186. (v13-122-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Fertility rates in the West had been falling for more than a century, and so following World War II, demographers expected only a modest increase. What happened instead was "the baby boom". Since then, scientists have been arguing about the causes. The best-known explanation comes from economist Richard A. Easterlin of the University of Southern California. He argues that the baby boom resulted from the unprecedented mix of three developments: an expansion of the economy, restricted immigration since the mid-1920s, and a relatively small group of new job seekers because of low fertility in the late 1920s and 1930s. This combination created unusually good job prospects for young people after World War II, and so feeling more prosperous than their parents, they married earlier and had more children.

It can be inferred from the passage that ...

- A) fertility rates tend to increase after great disasters such as wars.
 B) scientists have suggested various ways to stop "the baby boom".
 C) population growth in the past enabled the present economic growth.
 D) it is not always easy to explain population growth as there are various factors to consider.

187. (v13-122-25) As it is stated in the passage, "the baby boom" ...

- A) had a negative effect on the prosperity of people.
- B) was the result of unusually good job prospects.
- C) occurred just before World War II broke out.
- D) resulted from a mixture of developments that happened during the war.

188. (v13-122-26) The reason why young people married early and had more children is that they ...

- A) learnt many people died unnecessarily in World War II.
- B) felt much better off economically than their parents.
- C) wanted to contribute to the welfare of the world by having more children.
- D) thought their children would find well-paid jobs.

189. (v13-125-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

One of the smallest of all mammals is the shrew, a mouse like creature with a head and body length of only 3,8 centimeters. All shrews are small, with dense, velvety fur, long tails, and tiny eyes and ears. Shrews have been called bloodthirsty, though the label is not entirely accurate because they must eat almost constantly to stay alive. The animal is believed to have a very high metabolic rate and cannot live more than a few hours without food. In the absence of normal prey, it will turn to cannibalism to survive. The shrew, or some closely related animal, can be found on every continent except Australia. Since this tiny animal has a reputation for having a very bad temper, the adjective "shrewish" is sometimes used to describe a certain type of women. The passage tells us that the shrew ...

- A) has a very short life span.
- B) lives in dense forests.
- C) is similar to a mouse in appearance
- D) is in the habit of eating every two hours.

190. (v13-125-25) The passage states that shrews ...

- A) are the smallest living mammals.
- B) eat each other when they can't find any food.
- C) eat rarely but in large amounts at a time.
- D) are found in huge numbers in Australia.

191. (v13-125-26) From what is stated in the passage, we can infer that a shrewish woman is someone who ...

- A) has tiny eyes and ears.
- B) is noticeably smaller than the average.
- C) easily gets annoyed.
- D) is very fond of velvet and fur.

192. (v13-132-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

While playing computer games is sometimes seen as a solitary pursuit, a study at Brigham Young University shows that it actually enhances social connections. Studying the effect of multiplayer online games on marriages, researchers found that in the 76% of the cases where the couple played together, games actually aided the relationship. In other words, couples that gamed together stayed together. Games may

have other effects on us too. The famous psychologist, Philip Zimbardo, recently spoke out on the subject. In his 1971 Stanford Prison Experiment, in which volunteers were randomly assigned the roles of prisoner or guard, he showed that human behaviour is heavily influenced by environmental and social pressures. More recently, Zimbardo even suggested that exposing children to morally ambiguous situations in games could be useful in helping them develop their own moral compass. One possibility is to explore virtual worlds through computer games that could enable people to experience and understand concepts that they would otherwise find difficult to imagine. Games about society, populated by real people and open to all, could help test how different cultural backgrounds could be brought together in peace.

It is stated in the passage that computer games ...

- A) provide opportunities for people to meet unaccustomed ideas and worlds.
- B) contributes little to strengthening the relationships of married couples.
- C) lead to role conflicts among those who come from different cultural backgrounds.
- D) enhance the feeling of loneliness if they involve more than one player all the time.

193. (v13-132-25) According to the passage, Zimbardo believes that ...

- A) computer games populated by real people may not present the actual state of a society.
- B) having children face ambiguous situations in computer games can cause psychological problems.
- C) his experiment refutes the Endings of the study conducted at Brigham Young University
- D) computer games may actually help young people make more conscious decisions on moral issues.

194. (v13-132-26) One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) computer games are capable of bringing in several unexpected benefits.
- B) social pressures force people to avoid playing computer games.
- C) computer games are destructive to the relationships of younger people.
- D) the risks associated with playing computer games outweigh the benefits.

195. (v13-134-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Lacrosse is the national game of Canada and was developed there around 1850, and later in the US in 1877, from the centuries old Indian bag-gataway, played by rival tribes with teams numbering thousands. The name, French for "the crook," is from the stick used. The modern game is played on a field 100 by 60 metres, with caged goals about two metres square. A team consists of ten players: defence men, midfield players, attack players and a goalkeeper. The object is to score goals by carrying, throwing or batting a sponge rubber ball with the stick, which has a 25-centimetre net at the end. Only the goalkeeper may touch the ball with his hands, and the game is divided into four quarters of 15 minutes each.

According to the passage, a lacrosse game ...

- A) requires the teams to employ a lot of players.
- B) allows the players to handle the ball with hands.
- C) is only popular among the Indians living in Canada.
- D) is played for sixty minutes in four sections.

196. (v13-134-25) We learn from the passage that today, lacrosse is played ...

- A) by people riding horses and carrying sticks.
- B) by teams of ten players in four distinct positions.
- C) by teams of thousands of people at the same time.
- D) on a field many times the size of a football pitch.

197. (v13-134-26) The passage tells us that lacrosse ...

- A) is a French game developed by crooks and warriors.
- B) in its present form dates from the mid – nineteenth century.
- C) was played enthusiastically by the Indian tribe of Baggageaway.
- D) is only played in Canada, where it's the national game.

198. (v13-140-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Essentially, memory is the process of learning information, storing it, and then having the ability to recall it when needed – whether to solve problems, tell stories, or save yourself on the witness stand. Learning begins with those power connections in your brain: neurons, firing messages to one another. Your ability to process information is determined by the junction between those neurons, called "synapses". The ability of brain cells to speak to one another is strengthened or weakened as you use them. Essentially, the more you use those synapses, the stronger they get and the more rapidly they increase. That's why you may have strong neural pathways for your family history or weak ones for 1980s music trivia. That also gives you a little insight into how you remember things. If something is exciting to you, then you learn it faster – and train those synapses to make stronger connections.

According to the passage, memory is used to ...

- A) find out whether problems can be solved or not.
- B) receive, retain and remember information.
- C) tell stories in order to make others laugh.
- D) learn how to save yourself on the witness stand.

199. (v13-140-25) The term "synapses" refers to ...

- A) the process of being able to speak to one another.
- B) the messages sent from one part of the body to another.
- C) the connections between message-firing neurons.
- D) processes that take place outside the brain.

200. (v13-140-26) We can learn from the passage that ...

- A) the ability to process information is determined by the physical size of the brain.

- B) the ability of brain cells to send messages to one another hardly ever changes.
 C) the more you use synapses, the weaker they become.
 D) there is a correlation between the frequency of using junctions and recalling information.

201. (v13-152-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

For hundreds of thousands of years, human civilizations tended to barter for goods, trading shells and precious stones for food and other important commodities. For the first evidence of money as currency, we need to go back 5,000 years to where modern-day Iraq now sits, to find the shekel. Though this was the first form of currency, it was not money as we know and understand it today. It actually represented a certain weight of barley, a kind of plant, equivalent to gold or silver. Eventually, the shekel became a coin currency in its own right. In much the same way, Britain's currency is called 'the pound', because it was originally equivalent to a pound of silver. The ancient Greeks and Romans used gold and silver coins as currency, with the Latin denarius ultimately giving birth to 'dinar' in various countries including Jordan and Algeria, and providing the 'd' that served as an abbreviation for the British penny before decimalization in 1971. It also gives us the word for money in Spanish and Portuguese – 'dinero' and 'dinhero'. The first ever banknotes were issued in 7th-century China, though it took another 1,000 years before the idea of paper money was adopted in Europe, by Sweden's Stockholms Banco in 1661.

According to the passage, the earliest form of exchanging goods ...

- A) did not involve any form of currency.
 B) paved the way for people to become civilized.
 C) was confined to trading precious shells and stones.
 D) led to the development of commodities.

202. (v13-152-25) As it is clearly stated in the passage, the shekel'...

- A) was equivalent to the idea of money as we accept it today.
 B) was invented 5,000 years ago in what is now Iraq.
 C) precedes the use of shells and stones for bartering.
 D) first came to be used in place of silver coins.

203. (v13-152-26) One can understand from the passage that ...

- A) the Iraqi and Chinese contribution to the currency development is relatively less important.
 B) the development of currency as a means of exchanging goods and services owes a lot to many nations of the world.
 C) every nation today conceptualizes currency neuters differently and thus uses different terms to name currency.
 D) the amount of time needed to develop currencies was a lot longer than anticipated.

204. (v14-101-24) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 24–26.

China's economy is so huge that it is easy to forget the country's property market is still in its adolescence. Two decades ago, most city-dwellers had to live in basic, old accommodation, provided by their state-owned employer. Since then, house building has developed greatly as there has been the notion of home ownership. However, the market has been experiencing sudden changes and prices are falling in many cities. This is having an impact on local governments which carry out four-fifths of the country's spending but only receive half of the taxes in income. To help make up the difference, they rely on buying land from farmers and selling it to property developers. But as developers struggle, land sales are decreasing and local governments are receiving less money. In other countries, local governments raise money by taxing homes, but in China, this is a sensitive subject. People feel that they already pay too much to a state that provides too little. As is clearly stated in the passage, until recently, the majority of city-dwellers in China ...

- A) required permission from the state if they wanted to build a house.
 B) left home to work for the state when they were adolescents.
 C) lived in simple houses that they built themselves.
 D) were provided housing by the government.

205. (v14-101-25) According to the passage, one of the challenges for local governments is that they are ...

- A) expected to provide cheaper housing for city-dwellers.
 B) experiencing problems related to income and spending.
 C) receiving little money from local farmers.
 D) dealing with half of the country's public spending.

206. (v14-101-26) According to the passage, it would be difficult to introduce a property tax in China because people feel that ...

- A) imposing income taxes would be more effective.
 B) the government does not do enough for them.
 C) it would make it more difficult for people to buy a house.
 D) only the very rich would benefit from such a tax.

207. (v14-103-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

Samba is one of the Brazil's most popular music and dance styles. There are many different types of samba, and these styles differ throughout Brazil. Today, one of the most popular types of samba comes from Bahia, a state in the eastern part of the country. It's called . Today in Bahia, 80 percent of the population is black. Samba from this region of Brazil is heavily influenced by African rhythms. Modern samba reggae is a mix of Rio samba, African drumbeats, and Jamaican reggae. It's a bit slower than Rio samba, and is usually performed in large groups. Bahia's most famous drumming group is Olodum. Many people say, the group invented the samba reggae sound.

Its members have also created local organizations to help young people and the poor. Every year in the city of Salvador in Bahia, the lively sounds of samba reggae fill the streets during Carnaval – one of the world's greatest parties.

According to the passage, samba reggae ...

- A) is a mix of different kinds of music
 B) is most popular in Rio de Janeiro
 C) started in Jamaica
 D) is faster and more energetic than Rio samba

208. (v14-103-33) What is the main idea of this passage?

- A) The Rio Carnaval is the most important festival in Brazil
 B) Samba reggae is an important type of music in Brazil
 C) Rio samba is very popular all over the world
 D) Samba is a type of African music

209. (v14-104-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

The condition of your heart is directly related to the amount of stress you regularly experience. Be aware of stress in your life and train yourself to counteract its disastrous effects. These are some of the deliberate steps you may take to reduce stress: Enjoy a lengthy vacation yearly. Be certain that what you are doing is what you really want to do.

Face each challenge realistically. Don't attempt to do more each day than you possibly can do well. You need to feel satisfied with your accomplishments daily. Relax every evening and do the things you enjoy, whether this means strenuous exercise like tennis or curling up in a comfortable chair and reading a mystery. The purpose of this passage is to ...

- A) encourage you to reduce your work load.
 B) help you reduce stress.
 C) show the effects of stress upon the heart.
 D) describe symptoms of stress.

210. (v14-104-33) One of the causes of stress is ...

- A) playing tennis too strenuously
 B) a heart condition
 C) a heart which is full of negative energy
 D) loving your work

211. (v14-105-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

Palmistry is the practice of 'reading hands', of gaining knowledge about personality, past individual history, and likely future events by examining the shape and size of the fingers and, most important, the lines and bumps on the palms themselves. There is some evidence that palmistry may have begun in the Stone Age. Hand outlines can be seen in black and red pigments on the walls of the ancient caves of Almiria in Spain and in other European caves. Palmistry as it exists today probably had its origins in ancient India long before recorded history and found its way into western Europe through nomadic bands of Gypsies, who made contact with Europe in the 15th century.

Of the following, the one not mentioned in the passage as a part of palmistry is ...

- A) learning about character.
 B) changing the events of the future.
 C) exploring people's pasts.
 D) foretelling the future.

212. (v14-105-25) It is stated in the passage that the most essential thing for a palm reader to do is ...

- A) to look closely at the surface of the palm.
 B) to inspect the fingers carefully.
 C) to learn about different personality types.
 D) to practise by 'reading' many palms.

213. (v14-105-26) The passage explains that it is most likely that palmistry as we know it began ...

- A) in caves in Spain.
 B) in caves of western Europe.
 C) in various parts of Europe.
 D) in India in ancient times.

214. (v14-107-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32-33.

The earliest intelligence test was designed to place children in appropriate school classes. At the beginning of the 20th century school authorities in Paris asked the psychologist Alfred Binet to devise a method for picking out children who were unable to learn at a normal rate. Binet went on to develop a method that could measure the intelligence of every child dull, bright, or normal. Binet realized that a person's ability to solve problems was an indication of intelligence. He found that complex problems, especially those involving abstract thinking, were best for sorting out bright and dull students. Problem-solving ability grows rapidly during childhood. Because of this, Binet decided to make an age scale of intelligence and chose specific tasks for each age level. Why did Alfred Binet start to develop an intelligence test?

- A) Educational authorities requested him to do so.
 B) He wanted to conduct special research in this area.
 C) He thought that this would make him famous.
 D) Schools wanted to administer entrance exams.

215. (v14-107-33) Binet developed different tests for different age groups because ...

- A) he was afraid that schools might not approve them.
 B) most of the schoolchildren could answer them easily.
 C) schools had different programs for each age level for school children
 D) the ability to solve problems changes as children grow.

216. (v14-108-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 34-36.

Botulism is a form of poisoning produced by a microorganism called Clostridium botulinum. The word botulism originated from the Latin word botulus for sausage, in which botulism was first identified. The spores created by C. botulinum are not harmful, as they grow in the soil and are consumed by us regularly when we eat vegetables and fruits. However, once the spores are put in airtight containers, the spores germinate and produce botulin, a deadly poison. Foods in cans and glass or

plastic jars provide the environment botulin needs to grow. The spores are averse to low temperatures and will not develop in frozen food. Furthermore, they do not thrive in acidic, salty, sweet, or dry foods. How can consumers protect themselves against botulism? Any can that is swollen at the top may be so because of pressure from gases produced by germinating spores. When opened, if the food sprays out of the can, the contents should be thrown out immediately. You should not taste it, since the tiniest bit could kill you. "If in doubt, throw it out" is the slogan to follow.

The name of this form of food poisoning comes from ...

- A) airtight food containers
 B) germinating spores
 C) a warning slogan
 D) poisoned sausage

217. (v14-108-35) Botulism is a form of poisoning that ...

- A) is relatively harmless
 B) needs low temperatures to grow
 C) is common
 D) is often fatal

218. (v14-108-36) What should a consumer do with a can that has a raised top?

- A) Feed it to the cat
 B) Put it in the garbage
 C) Open it and taste the ingredients
 D) Take it back to the store where it was purchased

219. (v14-110-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32-33.

The best present I got on my 16th birthday was the chance to play the National Lottery. I was really jealous of my parents and my older friends who put a bet on every week, so when I became old enough, I couldn't wait to try it. I picked a set of numbers and from then on I used the same ones every time played.

My school exams finished on 13th June, so to celebrate, I put £3 on a Lottery ticket. That evening, just Mum and I were at home watching the numbers being drawn on TV. As the numbers were called, my heart started pounding as I matched them to my ticket. "Mum, I've won the Lottery!", - I shouted.

We were so shocked we couldn't speak! Dad came home from work and I made him check the numbers too, just to make sure we weren't going mad. But even after he'd checked them. I still wouldn't allow myself to believe it, until finally I nervously dialed the number on the back of my ticket. "Well, Mr. Selby, at the moment it looks as if you've got a winning ticket. Go to your regional center and they'll confirm it". Why did Selby start playing the Lottery?

- A) He wanted to celebrate his birthday.
 B) People around him were playing.
 C) He knew his family needed money.
 D) He had carefully chosen a set of numbers.

220. (v14-110-33) Selby knew he had definitely won the Lottery when ...

- A) his father checked the winning numbers.
 B) he dialed the number on the back of his ticket.

C) he watched the numbers being drawn on TV again.

D) he went to an office in Lottery.

221. (v14-112-32) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32-33.

The jumper I had been given for my birthday was too small for me, I thought it would be sensible to dash into the large department store where it had been bought and exchange it for a larger one.

I went to the store. The girl I spoke to at the counter was extremely helpful, but unfortunately they had no others in my size, so I left with the original gift after putting it and the receipt for it back in my bag.

As I was leaving the shop, my arms were grabbed viciously by a stern man and a woman. They refused to tell me who they were or what I was accused of. I demanded to know what I had done wrong, but this was met with silence as they marched me through a side entrance to the store and to a small room upstairs. I had always assumed that a receipt would be enough to prove a shopper's innocence in such cases.

When I showed them mine, they looked at me as if I were trying to get away with a particularly cunning trick.

I insisted on taking me to the shop-assistant which they did. She confirmed all I had said.

They let me go, but didn't even apologize.

The writer dashed to the store and came out with ...

- A) a larger jumper.
 B) another present.
 C) another jumper in the same size.
 D) in same jumper.

222. (v14-112-33) When the writer asked what was happening the man and the woman ...

- A) took her to the police station
 B) accused her of stealing
 C) told her they were store detectives
 D) refused to answer her questions

223. (v14-112-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 34-36.

When it is hot and humid outside, most of us use air-conditioning. Although many people believe that conditioning only cools the indoor air, it also controls its nature content and cleanliness. Because human comfort depends on humidity to a large degree, air-conditioning can remove moisture from the air or add it as necessary. Air-conditioning dew also control air circulation by bringing in fresh air and removes polluted air. During winter, it warms the air to a comfort, temperature and pumps clean, moist air into the quarters who people live and work. In business offices, air-conditioning proves the efficiency of workers. In air-conditioned offices, employees become less tired, make fewer mistakes and have few accidents. The same can be said about drivers who may be tired and sleepy while sitting in a warm vehicle. That is driving an air-conditioned car makes one less prone to accident especially in the afternoon or evening.

What is the function of air conditioning?

- A) It sometimes cleans the air.
 B) It changes climatic condition.
 C) It only cools the indoor air.
 D) It controls the indoor environment.

224. (v14-112-35) Why is air-conditioning beneficial for office workers?

- A) They make more mistakes.
- B) They are sleepy and exhausted.
- C) They enjoy fresh air.
- D) They feel active and not so tired.

225. (v14-112-36) The word EMPLOYEE in the text means ...

- A) a person who gives lectures
- B) a person who works for somebody
- C) the owner of the company
- D) a person that employs other people

226. (v14-114-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

Yeast is one of nature's most perfect foods, since it contains more nutrients than any other food. B vitamins, choline, inositol, protein, amino acids – yeast has them all. Indisputably, liver and wheat germ are a prime source of protein and B vitamins. But how many people like the taste of liver or wheat germ? For that matter, yeast has a bitter taste, and not many people enjoy eating it. That's all in the past now. Tasty Mix Yeast Treat, blended with your favorite beverage, tastes so good that children will be clamoring for more. Be creative and add Tasty Mix to your favorite meat or vegetable dish, casserole, bread, soup, practically anything. Easy, convenient Tasty Mix Yeast Treat is one of nature's unique foods.

Take advantage of it now. You can find it at any health food store or at your local supermarket.

According to the passage, wheat germ, liver, and ordinary yeast ...

- A) blend with your favorite drink
- B) taste awful
- C) contain choline and inositol
- D) appeal to most people

227. (v14-114-35) Tasty Mix Yeast Treat is ...

- A) bitter and inedible
- B) an old product on the market for years
- C) pleasant tasting mixed with other foods
- D) a mixture of tasty yeast in powder form

228. (v14-114-36) This passage implies that ...

- A) wheat germ doesn't have as much nutrition as liver
- B) yeast will give you more nutrients than any other source
- C) yeast tastes better than liver
- D) there are substitutes equal to yeast in nutrition

229. (v14-115-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to question 24–26.

The business of tennis clothes has grown astoundingly in the past few years. Over 250 million dollars is spent annually on the trappings of tennis. Apparently everyone wants to look like a pro, even though 20% of the clientele has never even played the game. Manufacturers pay the stars lucrative fees for wearing their brands of clothes and wielding their racquets on center court. Chris Evert-Lloyd, for example, is rumored to have signed a five-year contract for 5 million dollars with Ellesse, a producer of fancy, expensive tennis wear. John McEnroe gets a reported 600,000 dollars for playing with a Dunlop

racquet, 330,000 dollars for sporting Tacchini clothes, and 100,000 dollars for tying his Nike tennis shoes. Obviously, in a bad year, these stars make more as fashion models than as athletes. Not only tennis players get free clothing, but also all the people involved in the game – the referees, lines people, ball boys and girls – are living advertisements for tennis wear producers. Where, traditionally, conservative white clothing was required for the entire tennis coterie, changing times have seen a new vogue in tennis outfits.

Flamboyant colors, designers' nameplates, geometric figures, and bold lines distinguish the new tennis togs from their predecessors. It can be inferred from the passage that ...

- A) bright colors entice people to buy tennis wear
- B) tennis clothing appeals to the wealthy
- C) the price of tennis racquets has remained stable
- D) tennis stars get huge sums for endorsements

230. (v14-115-25) The author's intention is to ...

- A) describe the means of advertising expensive tennis clothes
- B) defend tennis wear manufacturers from complaints about their high prices
- C) describe the new tennis clothing
- D) explain why the cost of tennis clothes has risen

231. (v14-115-26) A good title for this passage would be ...

- A) Tennis Stars' Flamboyant Clothes
- B) The High Cost of Playing Tennis
- C) Big Business in Tennis Wear
- D) The Stars at Play

232. (v15-105-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

I am one of those people who would like to see changes made to current types of punishment in the criminal justice system. It would surely be better to sentence minor offenders to community service of some kind, rather than giving them fines or prison sentences. That way they would at least do something useful, and the justice system would also save money. I would also imagine that this would work better for young offenders, as they wouldn't feel 'cool' or fashionably 'bad' while they helped an old person or cleaned the streets. Of course, a system of this kind wouldn't work effectively without some thought being to the tasks which offenders were asked to perform. There would obviously be more benefit to be gained from work which involved responsibility, and where offenders had to mix with others and communicate with them. Some people also think that offenders should meet and talk to their victims, and be more involved with compensating and even helping them. This would certainly help to make offenders realize the consequence of their actions and that might well stop them offending in the future. Whether it would work for all offenders and for all offences is another matter, but again I believe that this would stop young offenders from becoming career criminals. And that would be an important change for the better.

What punishment does the author recommend for the offenders committing negligible crimes?

- A) The periods of imprisonment need to be changed.
- B) They should be concerned with community service.
- C) It would be better to introduce harsher sentences.
- D) Higher fines must be required which may support the justice system.

233. (v15-105-24) The author states that because of community service ...

- A) offenders would not easily understand their mistake.
- B) young offenders would not learn to respect elderly people.
- C) evidently there would be profit made by neat work.
- D) the justice system would earn a great amount of money.

234. (v15-105-25) What kind of community service is not mentioned in the passage?

- A) To pay the justice system money
- B) To remove the dirt from particular areas
- C) To communicate with victims
- D) To give a hand to older generation

235. (v15-105-26) The author points out that changes to existing punishments ...

- A) would prevent young offenders from being involved in crime again.
- B) would not make people be more responsible for their actions.
- C) would greatly affect the percentage of crime.
- D) would not surely lessen the number of young criminals.

236. (v15-117-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

For the second year in a row, American competitive eater Joey Chestnut defeated his Japanese rival Takeru Kobayashi at the annual Nathan's Hot Dog Eating Contest in New York City. After ten minutes of hot dog eating, two shorter than in previous years, Chestnut and Kobayashi were tied at 59 frankfurters. But after the rare tiebreaker, 24-year-old Chestnut emerged as the winner, claiming a \$10,000 prize and a mustard-yellow belt. Kobayashi, whose loss last year shattered a six-year winning streak, said that a sore jaw and a tooth problem may have altered his performance. He said through a translator that he had lost because he wasn't quick enough in the rematch. This year, the 22 competitors were under a 10-minute time limit, unlike the 12 minutes used for previous contests. The reason for this, according to Nathan's, was the discovery of a document from 1916, which revealed that the original competition was 10 minutes long. Thousands gathered at Coney Island to watch the annual event, which has become one of the more colorful traditions of America's Independence Day.

Who won the contest last year?

- A) Takeru Kobayashi
- B) First there was a tie, then Chestnut won
- C) The text does not say
- D) Joey Chestnut

237. (v15-117-24) Which sentence is true for Kobayashi?

- A) He said he had health problems after the contest.
 B) He acted swiftly than Chestnut.
 C) He said the rematch wasn't fair.
 D) He didn't speak English.

238. (v15-117-25) On what occasion is the contest held?

- A) At an annual tiebreaker day
 B) The discovery of a document in 1916
 C) Coney Island's birthday
 D) Independence Day

239. (v15-117-26) How long did the competition last the previous year?

- A) 10 minutes B) 20 minutes
 C) 12 minutes D) 8 minutes

240. (v15-126-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

In 1948 in an effort to stabilize the currency, the Chinese government announced the issue of a new form of currency, called the Gold Yuan Certificate. This measure was necessary because the people had lost all confidence in the old currency, called the Fa Bi. Inflation had escalated to the point where one US dollar was worth 11 million Fa Bi. Official announcements called for all Chinese to turn in their old banknotes, their gold and silver and their foreign currency. Gold Yuan Certificates would be given in exchange, supposedly backed by gold and each worth four to one American dollar. Immediately there was a gold rush, as most private depositors withdrew their precious metals and foreign currency from local banks, because no one with common sense believed that there was any gold to back those certificates.

According to the text, why did the Chinese government have to issue the Gold Yuan Certificates?

- A) In order to compete with the American dollar on an equa basis.
 B) Because the people had lost faith in the old currency.
 C) Owing to financial pressure from American bankers.
 D) In response to people and banks hoarding foreign currency.

241. (v15-126-35) It is clear from the passage that Gold Yuan Certificates ...

- A) could be readily exchanged for American dollars at most banks.
 B) represented gold actually held by the Chinese government.
 C) were intended by the government to be used alongside the old Fa Bi.
 D) were the invention of the Chinese government's efforts to combat inflation.

242. (v15-126-36) Evidently, people rushed to take their valuables out of the bank ...

- A) so that they could buy Cold Yuan Certificates
 B) because they wanted to buy US dollars
 C) in order to buy more gold in the gold rush
 D) because they believed the certificates were worthless

243. (v15-127-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

In 1782, soon after the United States won its independence, the bald eagle was chosen as the national bird of the new country.

American leaders wanted the eagle to be a symbol of their country because it is a bird of strength and courage. They chose the bald eagle because it was found all over North America.

Presently, the bald eagle has almost disappeared from the country. In 1972 there were only 3,000 bald eagles in the entire United States. The reason for the bird's decreasing population is pollution, especially pollution of the rivers by pesticides.

Pesticides are chemicals used to kill insects and other animals that attack and destroy crops. Unfortunately, rain often washes pesticides into rivers. Pesticides pollute the rivers and poison the fish. Eagles eat these fish and then the eggs eagles lay are not healthy. The eggs have very thin shells and do not hatch. Because many of the eggs did not hatch and produce more eagles, the number of eagles quickly became smaller. Today, the American government and the American people are trying to protect the bald eagle. The number of bald eagles is slowly increasing. It now appears that the American national bird will survive.

Why was the bald eagle chosen as the symbol of the United States?

- A) They began to disappear in the whole United States of America.
 B) There were no other birds to be chosen as the national bird of the new country.
 C) The American people won their independence because of that bird.
 D) It is a bird of strength and courage and was widespread in North America.

244. (v15-127-24) What was the most important cause of the bald eagles' disappearance?

- A) Insects that attack and destroy crops.
 B) Water pollution because of pesticides.
 C) Eggs that have very thin shells.
 D) Rainfalls that often happen.

245. (v15-127-25) The word "hatch" in the passage means ...

- A) fly B) stay
 C) open D) smash

246. (v15-127-26) All of the following statements contradict the text EXCEPT:

- A) The protective actions are effecting positively.
 B) The bald eagles are likely to die out soon.
 C) It is doubtful that pollution will be prevented.
 D) Gradually the amount of the bald eagles is falling.

247. (v16-107-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

William Sydney Porter was the real name of the American short-story writer O. Henry. His stories have been translated into dozen of languages and even today, he remains one of the best-loved American short-story writers. O. Henry was born on September 11th, 1862 in Greensboro, North Carolina. His mother died of tuberculosis when he was three, so he was raised by his grandmother and his aunt. As a child, he loved reading. One of his favorite books was the classic short-story collection, One Thousand and One Nights. Henry's first collection, Cabbages and Kings appeared in 1904. The second, The Four Million, was

published two years later, and included The Gift of the Magi. O. Henry wrote more than 600 short stories. He published ten collections of short stories during his lifetime, and three more were published after his death in 1910.

His stories mainly deal with ordinary people and their lives. Many are based in New York City. A lot of his stories have a surprise or twist at the end. They tend to be humorous and optimistic, and some offer a moral lesson.

What is the name of the short-story collection dearly loved by O. Henry?

- A) The Gift of the Magi
 B) One Thousand and One Nights
 C) Cabbages and Kings
 D) The Four Million

248. (v16-107-22) When was the latter of the two O. Henry's collections mentioned in the passage published?

- A) 1910 B) 1906
 C) 1902 D) 1904

249. (v16-107-23) According to the passage, which statement is conflicting to O. Henry's short stories?

- A) Common people's lives are described.
 B) Stories are gathered into separate collections.
 C) They have unexpected conclusions, often including irony.
 D) Stories are contrary to humorous and optimistic ideas.

250. (v16-107-24) All of the following are mentioned except ...

- A) not all of O. Henry's literary works came out when he was alive.
 B) the readers of O. Henry's books may have them in more than ten languages.
 C) his mother passed away in his early childhood
 D) O. Henry never used his real name as a writer.

251. (v16-109-21) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-23).

One of the strangest sea stories is that of the sailing ship Mary Celeste. On November 5th 1872, she left New York bound for Genoa with a cargo of industrial alcohol and eleven people on board. A month later, she was seen by another ship, but the captain noticed that the Mary Celeste was sailing strangely, and decided to investigate. He found the ship to be completely deserted. The sails were set and in good condition, there was plenty of food and water, all the crew's personal possessions were on board, and there was food and drink on the cabin table. No one has ever been able to explain what happened, though there have been explanations varying from a mutiny among the crew to aliens in a spaceship taking everyone away.

The cause for nobody's existing on board the Mary Celeste ...

- A) has never been found
 B) was discovered by the captain of another ship
 C) is that aliens took the captain and crew away in a spaceship
 D) was the mutiny among the crew

252. (v16-109-22) Which of the following is most likely reason for the ship's sailing strangely?

- A) The ship was too heavy because of the crew's personal possessions.
- B) There was no one on board to sail the ship.
- C) Her cargo of industrial alcohol was above her capacity.
- D) It was not big enough to resist the giant ocean waves.

253. (v16-109-23) We can understand from the passage that ...

- A) the Mary Celeste was not well equipped for a long voyage
- B) the Mary Celeste was one of the finest sailing vessels of her day
- C) the people on board the Mary Celeste disappeared inexplicably
- D) the crew of the Mary Celeste had been hit by an epidemic

254. (v16-117-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

Jane Brown made a once-in-a-lifetime visit to Japan last November and took lots of photographs. When she got back she decided to send away her films for printing one at a time. In this way she would more easily be able to match her photographs to the diary she had kept while she was there. It was a good thing that she did, because the first film she sent to the company for printing was lost. Miss Brown was very upset that she would never see her precious pictures of Tokio and Nagasaki. The company offered her a free roll of film, but Miss Brown refused to accept this offer and wrote back to say that their offer wasn't enough. They then offered her £20 but she refused this too and asked for £75, which she thought was quite fair. When the firm refused to pay she said she would go to court. Before the matter went to court, however, the firm decided to pay Miss Brown £75. This shows what can be done if you make the effort to complain to a firm or manufacturer and insist on getting fair treatment.

Before her visit, Jane had ...

- A) already been to Japan several times.
- B) unforgettable moments of being in Japan.
- C) never been to Japan before.
- D) been to Japan once before.

255. (v16-117-22) It was a good thing that Miss Brown sent her films away one at a time because ...

- A) she was able to complete her diary.
- B) she was paid for her photos.
- C) she was offered a free roll of film.
- D) the films were not lost completely.

256. (v16-117-23) When Miss Brown said she would go to court, the company ...

- A) made the decision to pay £75
- B) said their offer wasn't enough
- C) offered her £20
- D) paid no attention

257. (v16-117-24) What is the main idea of the text?

- A) to give advice on how to complain
- B) to teach her friends to take photos
- C) to inform us about photographic printing
- D) to inform us about legal problems

258. (v16-120-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (35-36).

Chocolate has become one of the most popular food types and flavors in the world, and a vast number of foodstuffs involving chocolate have been created, particularly desserts including cakes, pudding, mousse, chocolate brownies, and chocolate chip cookies. Many candies are filled with or coated with sweetened chocolate, and bars of solid chocolate and candy bars coated in chocolate are eaten as snacks. Gifts of chocolate molded into different shapes (e.g., eggs, hearts) have become traditional on certain Western holidays, such as Easter and Valentine's Day. Chocolate is also used in cold and hot beverages such as chocolate milk and hot chocolate, and in some alcoholic drinks. Although cocoa originated in the Americas, in the 2000s, Western Africa produces almost two-thirds of the world's cocoa, with Ivory Coast growing almost half of it.

Where was cocoa first found?

- A) in Africa
- B) on Ivory Coast
- C) in South and North America
- D) in Western Africa

259. (v16-120-36) Identify true statement

- A) Chocolate has become the most popular food
- B) Presents covered with chocolate became extremely popular in Europe and Americas
- C) Cocoa originated in the Americas in the 2000s
- D) Ivory Coast is growing almost two-thirds of the world's cocoa

260. (v16-123-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

Today the United States' flag has 50 stars. That's one for each state. It has 13 stripes to stand for each of the original 13 colonies. It is unofficially called the Stars and Stripes. But the flag did not always look this way. The Second Continental Congress commissioned the first U.S. flag in 1777. But it did not exist until 1783, after the American Revolution ended. Historians are not sure who designed the Stan and Stripes. Many different flags are believed to have been used during the American Revolution. The flag of 1777 was used until 1795. Then Congress passed an act ordering that a new flag have 15 stripes, alternate red and white, and 15 stars on a blue field. In 1818, Congress directed that the flag have 13 stripes. It also decided that a new star be added for each new state of the Union. The last star was added in 1960 for the state of Hawaii. There are customs for flying the flag add treating it with respect. For example, it should not touch the floor. No other flag should be flown above it, except for the UN flag at UN headquarters.

According to the passage which of the following action is a sign of disrespect to the American flag?

- A) Washing it.
- B) Laying it on the ground.
- C) Folding it.
- D) Flying it above other flags.

261. (v16-123-22) One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) Originally there were 50 states in the USA.
- B) The initial star was added to the US flag in 1960 for the state of Hawaii.

- C) Only the US flag may be flown higher than the flag of the United Nations Organization.
- D) Until 1960 there were 49 stars on the US flag.

262. (v17-101-33) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

In 1974, local farmers in the Shaanxi Province of China made an amazing discovery: a huge army of buried warriors. The soldiers, each a life-size statue, had been hidden for more than 2,200 years, silently protecting their leader's tomb. When uncovered, the statues were standing in the exact position of a real army. Experts have since learned much from them about the fighting strategies of ancient China. Today, this fearless army also stands as a world-famous artistic wonder. Each statue was made by hand and has a unique face. Most likely, their bodies were once entirely painted in bright colours.

The terracotta warriors are part of the giant mausoleum of Emperor Qin Shihuang. The entire structure, 57 square kilometers, is still being unearthed. In addition to his army, experts believe the Emperor had a whole timeless town of people and animals around him in death.

According to the passage, ...

- A) Emperor Qin buried his army to guard his tomb.
- B) Live soldiers were buried 2200 years ago.
- C) The antique finding was disclosed owing to local people.
- D) Local farmers created the statues of warriors.

263. (v17-101-34) According to the passage, all statements are TRUE, EXCEPT:

- A) The discovered sculptures help specialists to know how the ancient army functioned.
- B) The warriors are recognized as an extant cultural heritage of the world.
- C) The soldiers were placed in a certain position.
- D) The features of all figures were alike.

264. (v17-101-35) What does the word «life-size» in the passage mean?

- A) representing actual size
- B) having more energy
- C) not supernatural
- D) unusually large in size

265. (v17-101-36) The author informs that ...

- A) The emperor built these statues in the honour of courageous warriors.
- B) The subterranean construction was dug partially.
- C) The terracotta warriors were taken to the museum of Shihuang.
- D) The emperor of ancient China buried a whole city with population fiercely.

266. (v17-102-29) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

Arid regions in the southwestern United States have become increasingly inviting playgrounds for the growing number of recreation seekers who own vehicles such as motorcycles or powered trail bikes and indulge in hill-climbing contests or in carving new trails in the desert. But recent scientific studies show that these off-road vehicles can cause damage to desert landscapes that has long-range effects on

the area's water-conserving characteristics and on the entire ecology, both plant and animal. Research by scientists in the western Mojave Desert in California revealed that the compaction of the sandy arid soil resulting from the passage of just one motorcycle markedly reduced the infiltration ability of the soil and created a stream of rain runoff water that eroded the hillside surface. In addition, the researchers discovered that the soil compaction caused by the off-road vehicles often killed native plant species and resulted in the invasion of different plant species within a few years. The native perennial species required many more years before they showed signs of returning. The scientists calculated that roughly a century would be required for the infiltration capacity of the Mojave soil to be restored after being compacted by vehicles. According to the passage, the damage to plants is

- A) unnoticeable B) superficial
C) long-lasting D) irreparable

267. (v17-102-30) According to the passage, what happens when the soil is compacted?

- A) Little water seeps through
B) Better roads are made
C) Water is conserved
D) Deserts are expanded

268. (v17-102-31) According to the passage, what is happening to native plants in these areas?

- A) They are becoming more compact
B) They are adapting
C) They are invading other areas
D) They are dying

269. (v17-102-32) It can be inferred that which of the following people would probably be most alarmed by the scientists' findings?

- A) Historians B) Mapmakers
C) Farmer D) Ecologists

270. (v17-103-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (29-33).

There are many kinds of fish. They are big, small, long, and short fish. People know about 25,000 different kinds of fish. There are probably 15,000 kinds of fish that people do not know about. They are of different colours. Fish do not all eat the same things. Some fish eat flies, bugs or other insects. Some eat plants like seaweed. Some eat worms. Some fish eat other fish. The fastest fish can swim almost 112,65 kilometers per hour. That's fast! The heaviest fish weighs 15 tons. That's very heavy! The longest fish are sharks. Sharks can be 15,24 meters long. That's very long! The smallest fish is less than 0,84 cm long. That's very small! Fish can see, feel, and taste. Some fish can smell. Some can hear sounds in the water. Fish can feel pain. When it gets hurt, it feels bad.

How many kinds of fish are known to people?

- A) only 40,000 B) 15,000
C) almost 25,000 D) more than 25,000

271. (v17-103-30) According to the passage, there are many ...

- A) colours of fish
B) tiny sharks
C) flies, bugs or other insects
D) heavy fish

272. (v17-103-31) All of the following statements are False, Except ...

- A) All fish have the same length.
B) Some fish can't swim at all.
C) Fish's tastes are different.
D) Sharks are the largest and fastest fish in the world.

273. (v17-103-32) The word «kinds» in the passage is closest in meaning to the word...

- A) qualities B) types
C) names D) colours

274. (v17-103-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

Tides are the regular rise and fall in water level experienced by seas and oceans in response to the gravitational influences of the Moon and the Sun, and the effects of the Earth's rotation. At any given place, the water rises over the course of the tidal cycle to a maximum height known as «high tide» before ebbing away again to a minimum «low tide» level. As the water recedes, it uncovers more and more of the foreshore or intertidal zone. The difference in height between the high tide and low tide is known as the tidal range or tidal amplitude. Tidal bores can occur at the mouths of rivers, where the force of the incoming tide pushes waves of seawater upstream against the current.

Most places experience two high tides each day, occurring at intervals of about 12 hours and 25 minutes, half the period that it takes for the Earth to make a complete revolution and return the Moon to its previous position relative to an observer. The Moon's mass is some 27 million times smaller than the Sun, but it is 400 times closer to the Earth. Tidal force or tide-raising force decreases rapidly with distance, so the moon has more than twice as great an effect on tides as the Sun. A bulge is formed in the ocean at the place where the Earth is closest to the Moon, because it is also where the effect of the Moon's gravity is stronger. On the opposite side of the Earth, the lunar force is at its weakest and this causes another bulge to form. These bulges rotate around the Earth as the moon does. The Sun's effect is less powerful but, when the Sun, Moon and Earth are all aligned at the full and new moons, the combined effect results in the high «spring tides». In contrast, when the Sun is at 90° from the Moon as viewed from Earth, the combined gravitational effect on tides is correspondingly reduced, causing the lower «neap tides».

What do the tides depend on?

- A) Sun and Moon B) Sun
C) Moon D) Sea level

275. (v17-103-34) Which word from the text can be used with the meaning «Relating to movement towards a center of gravity».

- A) Tides
B) Gravitational
C) Gravitate
D) foreshore

276. (v17-103-35) Choose the title.

- A) The Sun and the Moon B) Sea tides
C) Gravity D) Currents

277. (v17-103-36) What is the writer's purpose?

- A) To inform B) To warn
C) To agree D) To argue

278. (v17-112-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

An architect wanted to build a new office building. He selected some land that seemed perfect. He planned to cut down the trees to make room for the building. But there was a problem ... a big problem.

The land was actually the habitat of several types of birds. Some nature lovers were very upset with the architect. First, they held a rally and told others about the issue. Then, they decided to take legal action because the architect didn't respect the animals' rights. To resolve the problem, they asked a judge to intervene.

The judge could not call any witnesses for the nature lovers, so he first asked the architect to tell his side of the story. «Why are you going to destroy the birds' habitat?» the judge asked. The architect replied, «I have the deed to the land. I want to make a great building there. As you may know, all my buildings become memorable landmarks.»

Then one of the nature lovers spoke.

«We believe that there's no reason to destroy all the trees. We just want to protect the birds.» Then the judge made his decision. «I proclaim that the office building should be built», he said. It is not a crime to remove those trees. I cannot give you a sentence for any offenses, but I feel obliged to make one request, I will only allow you to use half of the land. The other half will remain free, so the birds have a place to live.

The nature lovers could not conceal their gratitude. All of the people cheered.

The architect said, «I have an idea. I will volunteer my time and efforts to design a new type of building. It will provide bushes on the roof where birds can live. There are enough resources in my company's bank account to create the best building ever made.»

The architect did exactly as he promised. He built this new type of building, which was loved by everyone.

Why did the group have a rally?

- A) To ask for more rights
B) To talk about the issue
C) To list names of witnesses
D) To talk to the architect

279. (v17-112-30) Which of the following about the land did the architect NOT tell the judge?

- A) He wanted to make a great building.
B) He had a deed fortheland.
C) He thought nobody lived there.
D) His building would be a memorable landmark.

280. (v17-112-31) What did the group do in order to resolve the problem with the architect?

- A) Ask a judge to intervene
B) Proclaim war on the architect
C) Move the birds to a new habitat
D) Sell the land to the architect

281. (v17-112-32) What did the judge decide to give the architect as a sentencing?

- A) He gave him five years in prison
B) He had to pay the nature lovers money
C) He could not build any more buildings
D) He was not given a sentence.

282. (v17-113-33) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

Some people consider the hardy dandelion to be an annoying weed, despite its sunny yellow blossoms, because it grows quickly and chokes out other plants. These people work hard, therefore, to remove dandelions from their lawns. However, this useful plant has played an important role in American history. And it may even have found its way to your dinner table.

Early settlers brought the dandelion from Europe to North America, and, as a result, the aggressive plant spread. But the settlers had a good reason for bringing the plant with them.

They relied on dandelions for food and medicine. They ate the green leaves and roasted the roots to make a hot drink. Because dandelion greens are a good source of vitamins and minerals, it is likely that dandelions saved lives during times when food was scarce.

Pick the leaves in the spring, before the flowers form. The young leaves are tender and less bitter. You can add the smaller leaves to salads, but larger leaves should be steamed to bring out the flavor. Put a little salt and olive oil on the greens. You'll be surprised by how tasty this common weed can be.

According to the passage ...

- A) Boiled dandelions have an awful flavor.
- B) Dandelions were not American native flower.
- C) People today don't eat dandelions because it's weed.
- D) Settlers got vitamins only from dandelions.

283. (v17-113-34) According to the passage, how did dandelions most likely save lives?

- A) The flowers were a source of food for farm animals.
- B) The roots were a good source of water.
- C) Dandelions were the only healthy food available.
- D) The greens provided vitamins and minerals.

284. (v17-113-35) Dandelion leaves should be picked early in the spring because they ...

- A) they require less salt and olive oil then
- B) they have more vitamins then
- C) they are easier to find growing in lawns
- D) they become bitter as they grow

285. (v17-113-36) Dandelions are weeds because ...

- A) they are sold in the market
- B) they take over where other plants grow
- C) they are a good source of vitamins
- D) people usually grow them as food

286. (v17-116-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

The Taj Mahal is on the list of the Seven Wonders of the Modern World. Historians, tourists, and students of **architecture** and design admire it for two reasons. One is for its beauty. The other is the love story that led to its creation.

The Taj Mahal stands on the banks of the Yamuna River in Agra, India. Its construction

began in 1631 and it was finished in 1653. It is an Islamic tomb built of white marble, which was imported from all over India and neighboring lands. This «Crown Palace» is a monument to love. Shah Jahan was the fifth Mughal emperor of India. When he was a fourteen-year-old prince, he fell in love with a fifteen-year-old Persian princess. Five years later, she became his third wife. This was in 1612. He called her «Mumtaz Mahal», which means «Jewel of the Palace».

They had a happy marriage. However, she died giving birth to their fourteenth child. Heartbroken, her husband ordered the building of the Taj Mahal. This tomb is a tribute to her. It still stands as an enduring symbol of their love.

What reason was the Taj Mahal constructed for?

- A) The emperor of India devoted it to his third wife.
- B) Emperors of India loved beauty.
- C) Shah Jahan wanted to impress students of architecture and design.
- D) There was a need to create an Islamic tomb.

287. (v17-116-34) Historians, tourists and students of architecture and design are amazed by it because ...

- A) it was Shah Jahan who built the greatest tomb in India.
- B) the Emperor of India wanted to memorize his name.
- C) it was created of precious white marble.
- D) of its beauty and the love story.

288. (v17-116-35) Which of the following can be the best title to the passage?

- A) The amazing beauty of India.
- B) The Taj Mahal.
- C) The Great love story.
- D) The Taj Mahal and Seven Wonders.

289. (v17-116-36) Which of the following does the word «architecture» refer to?

- A) creation of beauty symbols
- B) Indian traditions
- C) the design of buildings
- D) religion in India

290. (v17-118-33) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

Janette Flores is a wedding planner in Baltimore, Maryland. Bubby Bride magazine wanted to find out what it takes for a professional to plan one of the most important days of someone's life. Bubby Bride: What happens in a typical day for a wedding planner?

Janette Flores: Planning a wedding involves much more than the wedding day itself. I start at least six months in advance, calling catering companies and arranging flower deliveries and dress fittings.

Bubby Bride: What do you do on the day of the wedding?

Janette Flores: I make sure everything goes smoothly. No matter how carefully you plan, there can often be last-minute problems or surprises.

Bubby Bride: Have you planned any weddings that you think are especially memorable?

Janette Flores: Every wedding I plan is memorable for a different reason. One

couple, both scuba divers, wanted to get married under water. Another couple wanted to exchange vows on the train where they had met. The best weddings reflect the couple's personalities.

According to the passage, which is not a job for a wedding planner?

- A) Exchanging vows on a train.
- B) Arranging flower deliveries.
- C) Calling catering companies.
- D) Solving last-minute problems.

291. (v17-118-34) When does Janette start planning a wedding?

- A) At least half a year before the wedding.
- B) After calling catering companies and florists.
- C) No more than six months in advance.
- D) The day of the wedding.

292. (v17-118-35) Who would probably be most interested in the interview?

- A) a couple that is engaged
- B) a scuba diver
- C) a married couple
- D) a florist

293. (v17-118-36) Choose the best title for the passage.

- A) The Last Interview
- B) Wedding planners in Baltimore
- C) Bubby Bride arranges the wedding
- D) Planning a Beautiful Day

294. (v17-120-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

You probably wouldn't want to visit Deer Cave in Malaysia. The cave is massive—so massive that it can hold more people than the largest football stadium on Earth. However, millions of bats live inside. Each night as dusk falls, hundreds of thousands of bats of different species fly out. They use echolocation to find and swallow up insects in the Malaysian rain forest. Each bat eats about 10 g of insects. Altogether, the bats eat about sixteen tons of insects every night! After the bugs are broken down, the bats produce about five tons of fresh guano. That's the name for bat waste.

The guano falls to the cave floor. It is the largest pile of bat waste in the world. This supplies food to tens of millions of cockroaches, flies, worms, centipedes, and millipedes. It is rich in nutrients. That's why Deer Cave has the biggest population of cockroaches on Earth. There are so many roaches that the cave floor looks like a moving river of roaches. For this reason alone, Deer Cave is not likely to become a tourist attraction any time soon.

When do bats hunt?

- A) At dawn
- B) All the time
- C) In the daytime
- D) At night

295. (v17-120-34) What is the bats' food according to the passage?

- A) Particular flowers.
- B) Forest insects.
- C) Fresh waste.
- D) Small snakes.

296. (v17-120-35) Why does Deer Cave floor look like a moving river?

- A) Because of great number of insects moving there.
- B) Because the floor is unstable.

- C) That's just a visual effect for tourists attraction.
 D) Because there is a great current of water washing down roaches.

297. (v17-120-36) One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) Deer Cave in Malaysia attracts a lot of tourists.
 B) people don't visit Deer Cave because it's situated too far in the forest.
 C) people would be comfortable spending time in Deer Cave.
 D) Deer Cave in Malaysia isn't really worth seeing.

298. (v17-126-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

In spite of its name, The Electoral College is not a college. It is a group of people chosen in each state. The writers of the Constitution did not agree on how a president should be chosen. Some did not trust ordinary people to make a good choice. So they promised. They agreed to have the Electoral College do it. Each state has a number of electors equal to its number of U.S. House member plus two. The District of Columbia also has three electoral votes. The political parties hold primary elections. They choose candidates for president and vice president. When voters pick the candidate of a particular party, they are actually choosing electors from that party. These electors have agreed to vote for their party's candidate.

In almost all states, the party that gets the most votes in November wins all the electoral votes for the state. The electors meet in state capitals in December. In January the electors' votes are opened. This happens in a special session of Congress. What if no candidate wins a majority of these votes? Then the House of Representatives chooses the president. This happened three times during the 1800s.

According to the passage, The Electoral College ...

- A) Is the place where people go to learn how to be politicians
 B) Consists of electors from all the states of USA
 C) George Washington insisted on having it as a safeguard
 D) Was organized by an American president

299. (v17-126-34) The Electoral College meets to vote in ...

- A) December B) July
 C) January D) November

300. (v17-126-35) According to the passage, the number of electors ...

- A) is greater in quantity than the population of each particular state
 B) equals the total population of the particular state
 C) exceeds the number of members of the House of Representatives
 D) is the same as the number of senators for each state

301. (v17-126-36) All the statement are false, except ...

- A) Voters elect the president directly
 B) Electors often vote for rival party's candidate

C) US President isn't elected directly by the voters

D) Electors meet in Washington to choose the President

302. (v17-127-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

I had a difficult geography project to finish by the end of the semester. My teacher wanted it to be typewritten, so I went to the school computer room. But when I got there, all the computers were turned off. Apparently there was a recent problem, and technicians were fixing it. I knew of some private study rooms downstairs. They were small and dark, and the computers were very old, but I had no choice. At least the computers were operating correctly. I typed and highlighted the assignment's title: «Evaluate the Government's Response to Global Warming.» But I didn't know what to write in my essay. Finally I decided to find a book to help me. I went to the library, checked the book indexes and eventually found a useful book. Then I returned to the computer. When I looked at the screen, I saw something so weird that I nearly fainted! The essay was complete! Had somebody in cyberspace written it? I didn't know, but I was very happy. I printed it out and handed it in. I got an «A». After that, I used the computer for all my assignments, I'd type the title, wait awhile, and the computer would do it. Every assignment was perfect; I never had to edit anything. I stopped paying attention to my teacher's lectures and spent my extra time in the gymnasium. And my grades got better and better.

A month later, I was walking into class when my friend said, «Are you prepared for the test?»

«What test?» I asked.

«The geography test!» he replied. «I hope you studied. It's worth seventy percent of our final grade!»

I failed the test, of course. I was completely ignorant about the subject. After that, I made a resolution never to use the magic computer again. The moral of this story is that if you cheat at you won't learn anything.

How did the teacher want the project to be written?

- A) In first person
 B) Handwritten
 C) Typewritten
 D) In black ink

303. (v17-127-30) What was the project about?

- A) Global warming B) Economics
 C) Weird computers D) Computer science

304. (v17-127-31) What did the student NOT have to do in order to use the magic computer?

- A) Type in the essay title
 B) Edit his paper
 C) Plug it in
 D) Wait awhile

305. (v17-127-32) Where did the student spend his free time?

- A) In lectures
 B) In the gymnasium
 C) In the library
 D) In cyberspace

306. (v17-128-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

Every winter, a magical boy with a wild spirit named Jack Frost arrives in town. He wears a white cape, and his role is to cover everything with frost and ice. But Jack Frost also gets pleasure from playing tricks on common folks. One dark winter evening, he was sitting on the rail of a fence near a river, pointing at some trees. When he did so, there was a pop, and the trees were evenly covered in frost.

Then old Tom Muggins came along the path. He was carrying a basket of ingredients for his wife's cake recipe. «I'll have some fun with him!» said Jack Frost. He pointed, and suddenly there was a patch of ice on the path. Poor Tom slipped and fell into the river. The bags of flour, fruit and sugar fell open and got wet. A couple of eggs broke, and a stick of butter shrank in the water. Tom gathered the ingredients and climbed out of the river. The food made an absolute mess of the path. «Alas!» he cried. «There'll be no cake for me!»

Jack Frost laughed at poor Tom because his nice suit got soaked as well. «Are you cold?» he said, «Don't worry, I'll make you warm!» He pointed at the mess in Tom's basket. Suddenly, there was a spark. What was left of the food caught fire! Jack Frost ran off laughing.

Poor Tom sat by the fire. He could only envision how angry his wife would be. He wished he had been more attentive and noticed that Jack was around.

Suddenly, a pleasant smell came from the basket. Tom looked inside. The butter was melting and the eggs were starting to cook! Even the fruit began to simmer. Soon there was a fat, brown pudding in the basket! Tom tasted it. It was delicious! He happily took it home for dessert. Although Jack Frost had tried to make Tom's life difficult, Jack had actually made Tom a wonderful pudding.

What was Tom wearing?

- A) A nice suit B) A wild spirit
 C) A cape D) White trousers

307. (v17-128-30) Which of the following was NOT an ingredient of the wonderful pudding?

- A) a couple of eggs B) fruit
 C) sugar D) chocolate

308. (v17-128-31) What shrank when it got soaked in the river?

- A) Tom's suit
 B) A stick of butter
 C) The basket
 D) The flour

309. (v17-128-32) What happened when there was a pop sound?

- A) Tom fell into the river
 B) The food caught fire
 C) The trees became covered in frost
 D) A patch of ice formed

310. (v17-129-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

The second morning after Christmas I decided to visit my old friend Sherlock Holmes and found him sitting on the sofa with the big, old, torn hat lying on the chair next to him. The mysterious hat looked

like the beginning of an interesting case, but was only something Peterson, the doorman, came across in an extraordinary way. While Peterson was coming home on Christmas morning, he saw a man whose hat had been knocked off his head. He was carrying a big fat goose and when he raised his stick to reach the hat he smashed a shop window. Peterson who saw the whole situation wanted to defend him in case of any accusations, but the stranger, seeing Peterson approaching, ran away, leaving the hat and goose. So Peterson became owner of the Christmas goose, and Sherlock of the old hat.

As it is mentioned in the passage, the hat which Sherlock Holmes owned ...

- A) was a Christmas gift for Sherlock Holmes
- B) was the property of the doorman named Peterson
- C) was bought by a stranger before Christmas
- D) seemed as the start of an appealing case.

311. (v17-129-34) Put events in correct order.

1) the stranger escaped from Peterson;
2) Peterson witnessed a man's dropping his hat; 3) the stranger crashed the window getting his hat; 4) Peterson brought the hat to Sherlock Holmes; 5) Peterson run into a stranger on the way home.

- A) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2
- B) 2, 3, 4, 5, 1
- C) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
- D) 5, 2, 3, 1, 4

312. (v17-129-35) What did Peterson aim to do towards the stranger?

- A) he had a desire to get a goose and a hat
- B) he wanted to justify the stranger in not being a guilty
- C) he hoped that man would defend him from accusations
- D) he intended to blame him for breaking a shop window

313. (v17-129-36) It can be inferred that Holmes ...

- A) bought a goose for Christmas
- B) was about to look into a case.
- C) smashed a shop window
- D) defended Peterson from accusations.

314. (v17-130-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

Janie had constant thoughts about getting a music player. One day, she was late to class. She hurried down the hall but halted when she saw a backpack on the Floor. She looked inside and found nothing but some books. She reached inside the bag and felt a small object at the bottom. It was a music player enclosed in a black case! Janie tended to be honest, and she had no valid reason to take the device. However, her desire for the player influenced her decision. Janie was being sly. She put the device into her own backpack. When she arrived at class, she gave her teacher the bag. «I found this», she said.

Ms. Johnson asked, «Does this backpack belong to anyone?» A girl named Linda claimed the bag. Linda looked inside and yelled, «My music player is missing! Janie took it!» Janie answered, «I did not.» Linda responded, «You were the only one that had access to it! If your version of the story is true, you'll let Ms. Johnson check your bag».

Janie started to perspire as she realized the impending trouble she was in. She gripped her bag tightly.

Ms. Johnson took the bag from Janie. Inside she found the player. «Janie, I never expected this kind of conduct from you», she said. «You've always been such a good student.» Ms. Johnson gave Linda the player. Linda said, «Ms. Johnson, look!» There was a crack along one side. She turned it to the «on» mode, but it wouldn't work. It must've snapped while Janie was holding onto the bag so tightly. Ms. Johnson called Janie's parents. They were very upset. «Stealing is illegal. You have no respect for the law whatsoever», they said. «We bought you a music player, but we're giving it to Linda. It will replace the one you broke.» In the end, Janie's bad behavior left her with nothing at all.

What did Janie find enclosed in the black case?

- A) A musical player
- B) A backpack
- C) A locker
- D) A key

315. (v17-130-30) The reading explains that Janie lied to her teacher about what?

- A) A backpack she found
- B) Taking Linda's music player
- C) The reason she snapped the player
- D) How the player got a crack

316. (v17-130-31) What did Ms. Johnson NOT expect from Janie?

- A) Bad conduct
- B) Her banking information
- C) Poor schoolwork
- D) Her influence

317. (v17-130-32) Janie's parents said she had no respect whatsoever for what?

- A) her impending trouble
- B) the law
- C) her sly behavior
- D) the valid reasons

318. (v18-563) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (563-566).

The fact that most Americans live in urban areas does not mean that they reside in the center of large cities. More Americans live in the suburbs of large metropolitan areas than in the cities. The Bureau of Census regards any area with more than 2500 people as an urban area, and does not consider boundaries of cities and suburbs. According to the Bureau, the political boundaries are less significant than the social and economic relationships and the transportation and communication systems that integrate a locale.

The Bureau recognizes eighteen megapolises, that is, continuous adjacent metropolitan areas. One of the most obvious megapolises includes a chain of hundreds of cities and suburbs across ten states on the East Coast from Massachusetts to Virginia, including Boston, New York, and Washington, D.C. In the Eastern Corridor, as it is called, a population of 45 million inhabitants is concentrated.

Where do most Americans live?

- A) In small towns.
- B) In the center of cities.
- C) In rural areas.
- D) In the suburbs surrounding large cities.

319. (v18-564) According to the Bureau of Census, what is an urban area?

- A) An area with at least 50,000 people.
- B) An area with 2500 people or more.
- C) The eighteen largest cities.
- D) A chain of adjacent cities.

320. (v18-565) Which of the following are NOT consider 3 important in defining an urban area?

- A) Political boundaries
- B) Transportation networks
- C) Social relationships
- D) Economic systems

321. (v18-566) The word «integrate» is closest meaning to ...

- A) define
- B) benefit
- C) unite
- D) restrict

322. (v18-567) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33-36).

Rainforests circle the globe for twenty degrees of latitude on both sides of the equator. In that relatively narrow band of the planet, more than half of all the species of plants and animals in the world make their home.

Several hundred different varieties of trees may grow in a single acre, and just one of those trees may be the habitat for more than ten thousand kinds of spiders, ants, and other insects. More species of amphibians, birds, insects, mammals, and reptiles live in rainforests than anywhere else on earth. Unfortunately, half of the world's rainforests have already been destroyed. Scientists estimate that as many as fifty million acres are destroyed annually. By the time you finish reading this passage, two hundred acres will have been destroyed! Since we aren't able to predict the ramifications of this loss, we don't know what we may be doing to the future of the human species as well.

What is the point of view that the author expresses in this passage?

- A) The author believes that preserving the rainforest is important to the global ecology.
- B) The author believes that the rainforest will survive.
- C) The author believes that the extinction of species is a natural process.
- D) The author believes that he can predict the future of global ecology.

323. (v18-568) What is the current rate of destruction?

- A) one acre per minute
- B) one acre per second
- C) two hundred acres per hour
- D) two hundred acres per year

324. (v18-569) The word «relatively» in the text best be replaced by.

- A) temporarily
- B) comparatively
- C) extremely
- D) typically

325. (v18-570) According to the passage, more than a half of all species of plants and animals.

- A) are spread all over the world
- B) live in several hundred different varieties of trees
- C) live in a forty-degree band of latitude
- D) live in rainforests

326. (v18-571) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (571-574).

The vast majority of people in America work at an office. Among office people may be those who are involved in any kind of business; counselors; doctors (when they see their patients out of the clinic); bookkeepers; managers, vice-presidents; market tellers, and many more. Each of them has their own experience and opinion about working at the office. However, it is a sad state of affairs when the thought of spending another day at work is enough to make any American office worker think of throwing themselves in front of an oncoming car. It's not just the boring paper work or the office politics. It's a little thing, like office etiquette that matters much. If everyone paid more attention to the phone talk topics, the photocopier, the printer, the communal kitchen, which always smells like milk gone bad, work would be certainly a better place. If an American uses the office phone much, he / she will tell you that in the workplace phone calls should be direct, to the point, and kept on a professional level. There are some tips for keeping your phone conversation polite: when you answer the phone, identify yourself by stating your name, keep conversations focused and direct; reply to all voice mail or other phone messages in a timely manner, allow no more than one day to pass; always notify the person on the other end that you are about to put them on speaker phone; when you are going on vacation, indicate the days you will be out of the office to your boss.

What's the main thing in phone conversation?

- A) Direct manner of speaking.
- B) Politeness.
- C) Keeping on a professional level.
- D) Identifying yourself.

327. (v18-572) Why do Americans hate working at offices?

- A) It's difficult to lead all the rules to keep your conversation on the professional level.
- B) There are not enough conditions to do high-quality work.
- C) The atmosphere in a workplace is usually stretched.
- D) There are always a lot of problems with callers.

328. (v18-573) When you're about to put a caller on speaker phone you ...

- A) Hold on the line and make notes about their conversation
- B) Notify your boss about this action
- C) Tell the speaker the number of the person who he is about to talk with
- D) Should tell the speaker that you're going to do this

329. (v18-574) What should you do in case you go on vacation?

- A) Keep answering calls on vacation.
- B) Find somebody to do your work while you're on vacation.
- C) Tell about the time you will be out to your boss.
- D) Identify the days you will be out of office to the callers.

330. (v18-575) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (575-578).

In a real English breakfast you have fried eggs, bacon, sausage, tomato and mushrooms. Then there is toast and marmalade. There's an interesting story about the word «marmalade». It may come from French «Marie est malade» or «Mary is ill». That's because a seventeenth-century queen of Scotland, Mary Queen of Scots, liked it. She always asked for French orange jam when she was ill. British people eat pancakes on Shrove Tuesday in February or March. For pancakes you need flour, eggs and milk. Then you eat them with sugar and lemon. In some parts of Britain there are pancake races on Shrove Tuesday. People race with a pan in one hand. They have to «toss» the pancake, throw it in the air and catch it again in the frying pan. Roast Beef and Yorkshire Pudding is the traditional Sunday lunch from Yorkshire in the north of England. It is now popular all over Britain. Yorkshire pudding is not sweet. It's a simple mixture of eggs, flour and milk, but it's delicious. Two common vegetables with roast beef and Yorkshire pudding are Brussels sprouts and carrots. And of course there's always gravy. That's a thick, brown sauce. You make gravy with the juice from the meat. Haggis is the traditional food from Scotland. You make it with meat, onions, flour salt and pepper. Then you boil it in the skin from a sheep's stomach – yes, a sheep's stomach. In Scotland, people eat haggis on Burns Night. Robert Burns (Scottish people call him «Rabbie» Burns), was a Scottish poet in the eighteenth century. Every year the Scots all over the world remember him and read his poems.

Why is «marmalade» called like this?

- A) Because the Queen of Scotland Mary asked for it when she was ill.
- B) Because the Queen of France asked for it when she was ill.
- C) Because «marmalade» translates as «Mary is ill».
- D) Because «marmalade» healed the Queen Mary.

331. (v18-576) How are cooked pancakes on a Shrove Tuesday?

- A) People organize pancake races and cook them in front of people's eyes.
- B) They are only cooked at home with eggs, oil and flour.
- C) Chiefs at restaurants throw pancakes into the air and then catch them into a pan.
- D) They are not sweet.

332. (v18-577) What is a Yorkshire Pudding?

- A) A traditional vegetable dish.
- B) A gravy for roast beef.
- C) An unsweet mixture of eggs, flour and milk.
- D) A traditional sweet cake.

333. (v18-578) What is haggis?

- A) Baby diapers.
- B) A dish that is mainly cooked on Burns night from a sheep's skin.
- C) A sheep's stomach boiled in a skin of sheep. Is cooked on Burns night.
- D) A dish that is mainly cooked on Burns Night from the skin of a sheep's stomach.

334. (v18-579) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (579-582).

New York is the biggest city in the USA. It is sometimes called «The Big Apple». New York has five major parts: Manhattan, Queens, the Bronx, Staten Island (Richmond) and Brooklyn. The black quarter – Harlem – is in northern part of Manhattan. The city was built on a modern plan of streets and avenues, which are numbered. Streets run east-west and avenues north-south. Only a few of them have their names, e.g. Wall Street and Broadway. Broadway is the centre of cultural life. There is concentrated most of entertainment (é.g. Metropolitan Opera or Carnegie Hall). East Village is a center of many ethnic restaurants, boutiques and jazz clubs. Greenwich Village is the home of artists and writers. New York is famous for its Manhattan skyline – a large number of skyscrapers on a small area. They started to build skyscrapers here because the price of land on the island was very high. The first skyscraper was built in 1903. Today they are built with the help of computers. In fact, the skyscrapers are small towns. We can find here residential quarters, offices, parking lots, restaurants, shops, fitness centers, swimming pools, etc. Living here is very expensive. There are many islands in this area – Roosevelt Island, Coney Island and Liberty Island with the Statue of Liberty. It's a copy of a small statue given to the USA by France as the symbol of the friendship between these two nations. And it is a symbol of freedom. The only quiet place is Central Park where famous rock concerts take place. You can go there to relax by walking or jogging.

What names mainly have streets and avenues in New-York?

- A) They are numbered.
- B) Names of famous celebrities.
- C) Mainly names of famous movies and also numbers.
- D) They are named after US presidents.

335. (v18-580) In what part of New-York do celebrities live?

- A) Broadway
- B) Greenwich Village
- C) Metropolitan Opera
- D) Manhattan

336. (v18-581) Why did Americans build skyscrapers?

- A) Because the air wasn't cheap.
- B) Because the view from windows is great.
- C) They wanted to test a modern technology construction.
- D) Because the land was expensive.

337. (v18-582) What part of New-York city is a center of entertainment?

- A) Metropolitan Opera
- B) Greenwich Village
- C) Broadway
- D) Roosevelt Island

338. (v18-583) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (583-586).

Washington D.C. city and district, is the capital of the United States of America. The city of Washington has the same boundaries as the District of Columbia (D.C.). The District of Columbia is a federal territory, which was established in 1790 as the site of the new nation's permanent capital.

The capital was named after the first U.S. president, George Washington. The city has served since 1800 as the seat of federal government.

The city is located at the confluence of the Potomac and Anacostia rivers. Washington's climate is hot and humid in the summer and cold and damp in the winter.

Washington is home to many famous and interesting public buildings and monuments. Many of these are associated with the federal government. The Capital of the United States consists of two wings. The north wing is occupied by the Senate, and the south wing by the House of Representatives. At the top of it there is a statue of a woman representing Freedom.

What kind of territory is the District of Columbia?

- A) Private B) Commercial
C) Federal D) Public

339. (v18-584) What's the main use of the city?

- A) There are a lot of interesting and public places for tourists.
B) Government is located there.
C) It is the capital.
D) The home for George Washington.

340. (v18-585) Where is located a statue of woman representing freedom?

- A) In the south wing of Washington.
B) The north wing of Washington.
C) In the District of Columbia.
D) The House of Representatives.

341. (v18-586) What air is in Washington D. C.?

- A) cold B) dry
C) wet D) changeable

342. (v18-587) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (587-590).

Although each baby has an individual schedule of development, general patterns of growth have been observed. Three periods of development have been identified, including early infancy, which extends from the first to the sixth month; middle infancy, from the sixth to the ninth month; and late infancy, from the ninth to the fifteenth month. Whereas the newborn is concerned with his or her inner world and responds primarily to hunger and pain, in early in-fancy the baby is already aware of the surrounding world. During the second month, many infants are awake more and can raise their heads to look at things. They also begin to smile at people. By four months, the baby is searching for things but not yet grasping them with its hands. It is also beginning to be wary of strangers and may scream when a visiting relative tries to pick it up. By five months, the baby is grabbing objects and putting them into its mouth. Some babies are trying to feed themselves with their hands. In middle infancy, the baby concentrates on practicing a great many speech sounds. It loves to imitate actions and examine interesting objects. At about seven months, it begins to crawl, a skill that it masters at the end of middle infancy.

What does the passage mainly discuss?

- A) The developmental stages of infancy.
B) The active toddler stage.
C) How a baby learns to walk.
D) Bringing up.

343. (v18-588) When does a baby become frightened of unfamiliar people?

- A) In middle infancy.
B) In early infancy.
C) In late infancy.
D) In the toddler stage.

344. (v18-589) According to the passage, what would a six-month-old baby like to do?

- A) Play simple games.
B) Crawl on the floor.
C) Imitate actions.
D) Raise their hands to look at things.

345. (v18-590) According to the passage, what can be inferred about babies that are standing and balancing?

- A) They are about 5 months.
B) They can walk.
C) They are developing on schedule.
D) They are in the late infancy stage.

346. (v18-591) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (591-594).

If both parents go to work it is wise to take on a nanny. Some nannies live in the house where they work, some come in the morning and leave when one of the parents come back home. Having a nanny is not a new idea, most rich families have always had one, even if mothers don't work. Nannies can also work as cleaning ladies or housekeepers, for additional money, of course. In most European countries there are agencies who send nannies to families. These firms care about their reputation so you practically don't run any risk when you leave your child alone with a new person. Agencies also require some qualifications from the nannies which can be obtained in special colleges or evening classes. Is it good to leave a child in the charge of a nanny? Parents will say it's wonderful as they can work or go out freely without worrying about their child. Nannies must be content, too—they get reasonable money for doing what they like. The only disadvantage of this is that children spend less time with their parents and get less love and affection. But on the other hand, when a qualified nanny brings your child up you can be sure he or she will become more friendly and less spoilt.

Having a nanny in the house can be bad because.

- A) Parents don't see their children very often.
B) Children become more unfriendly.
C) Parents can't go to work without worrying.
D) Children become more spoilt.

347. (v18-592) Agencies which send nannies require qualification because.

- A) They don't like risking.
B) They care about what people say.
C) There is a serious competition between nannies.
D) They don't want to pay more money.

348. (v18-593) Parents employ nannies because.

- A) They go out very often.
B) They have extra money.
C) They want to have more free time.
D) They have to work during the day.

349. (v18-594) Most nannies ...

- A) do the housework as well
B) live with the family they work in
C) have good qualifications
D) only work in rich families

350. (v18-595) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (595-598).

Pantomimes are very popular in Britain at Christmas. Most big towns and cities have their own pantomime. This is a humorous musical play usually performed in the open air. A pantomime is usually based on a traditional story which everyone knows, and the show itself is very exciting, with lots of jokes, songs and dancing. Sometimes the audience takes part in the performance, too. The tradition began over two hundred years ago and has been a part of Christmas celebrations ever since. At first it was merely an entertainment for children, but now adults enjoy it as much. Of course, there have been a lot of changes over the years. Some elements, like joking and singing, were added, so it became more interesting, but the basic plot has remained the same. Every pantomime must have three main characters: a young man, a young lady and a «dame». The first two always marry at the end, and the dame, the comic figure, tries to prevent them from doing it. There are all possible kinds of pantomimes, and a lot of famous singers or comedians take part in them. Thus the old tradition is enriched with modern ideas and fresh forces, which is so typical of the British.

Pantomimes ...

- A) have the same principal characters
B) are the same in every area
C) are a sort of entertainment for children
D) started not so long ago

351. (v18-596) The principal characters ...

- A) are all comic figures for people to laugh at
B) are always played by pop singers
C) are found in every pantomime
D) are always performed by famous comedians

352. (v18-597) New ideas ...

- A) make people feel sorry and sad
B) bring life into old stories that the pantomimes are based on
C) can prevent characters from getting married
D) are something pantomimes can't do without

353. (v18-598) The songs and dances in pantomimes ...

- A) have always been a part of every pantomime from the beginning
B) were added to please children
C) have always been the funniest part of them
D) are one of those new ideas which didn't let pantomimes die

354. (v18-599) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (599-602).

Most British housewives love window shopping. This is a pastime when you just walk round the shops and look at all those beautiful things that are displayed in every shop window. Some women can spend the whole day looking at everything they meet on their way. But it would be a mistake to say that men are against this kind of shopping. You will certainly see a lot of unmarried couples, husbands and wives, or just friends wandering about different stores without

any idea of buying something in the end. Shop managers know about this feature of people's character and try to benefit from it. They usually place the most unusual, most beautiful or most attractive items in their shop windows to attract as many customers as possible. Sometimes you'll see something which has absolutely nothing to do with the things you can buy in the shop. For example, if you see a sheep dummy pretending that it peacefully eats grass, do not expect to buy a nice piece of mutton or, say, a toy sheep. Most probably this shop sells wool and woolen clothes. There is another point about shop windows. As managers make them look better to attract people, streets become more colorful and picturesque

Window shopping ...

- A) is a nice pastime for some people
- B) is not very popular in Europe
- C) is hated by men and older people
- D) is more difficult in the evening

355. (v18-600) A manager must pay special attention to the shop windows because ...

- A) they are colorful and picturesque
- B) they attract customers
- C) everyone likes window shopping
- D) everyone can throw a stone at the glass

356. (v18-601) Things that are displayed in shop windows ...

- A) sometimes look dirty
- B) sometimes frighten nervous customers
- C) sometimes have nothing to do with the goods
- D) sometimes pretend to be something else

357. (v18-602) One of the reasons why window shopping is good is that ...

- A) it keeps managers busy most of the time
- B) it helps to make streets look better
- C) it protects the environment
- D) it is the best pastime for old people

358. (v18-603) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (603–606).

Avatar is a 2009 American epic science fiction film written and directed by James Cameron. The film is set in the mid-22nd century, when humans are mining a precious mineral called unobtainium on Pandora, a lush moon of a gas giant in the Alpha Centauri star system. The expansion of the mining colony threatens the continued existence of a local tribe of Na'vi – a humanoid species indigenous to Pandora. The film's title refers to the genetically engineered Na'vi-human hybrid bodies used by a team of researchers to interact with the natives of Pandora. Development on Avatar began in 1994; due to the prominent actors who took part. Filming was supposed to take place after the completion of Cameron's 1997 film Titanic, for a planned release in 1999, when Cameron wrote an 80-page scriptment for the film, the necessary technology was not yet available to achieve his vision of the film. Avatar premiered in London on December 10, 2009, and was internationally released on December 16 and in the United States and Canada on December 18. The film broke several box office records during its release and became the highest-grossing film of all time in the

U.S. and Canada and also worldwide, surpassing Titanic, which had held the records for the previous 12 years.

What genre does the film have?

- A) science / fiction
- B) adventure
- C) adventure / fiction
- D) epic / science / drama

359. (v18-604) What is «Na'vi»?

- A) Evolved people.
- B) Bodies used by scientists for research.
- C) The colony of people who came to live in Pandora.
- D) The head of the tribe.

360. (v18-605) Why couldn't James Cameron make a movie of Avatar in 1999?

- A) Actors who he wanted to take part in his movie refused to participate.
- B) The Titanic didn't have a success.
- C) There was not enough facilities and not enough money.
- D) The technology wasn't improved well enough.

361. (v18-606) When did the entire world see the Avatar?

- A) December 18 in 2009
- B) December 10 in 2009
- C) December 16 in 2009
- D) In 1999

362. (v18-607) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (607–609).

At the age of sixty-six Harland Sanders had to auction off everything he owned in order to pay his debts. Once the successful proprietor of a large restaurant, Sanders saw his business suffer from the construction of a new freeway that bypassed his establishment and rerouted the traffic that had formerly passed. With an income of only \$105 a month in Social Security, he packed his car with a pressure cooker, some chickens, and sixty of the seasoning that he had developed for frying chicken. He stopped at restaurants, where he cooked chicken for owners to sample. If they liked it, he offered to show them how to cook it. Then he sold them the seasoning and collected a royalty of four cents on each chicken they cooked. The rest is history. Eight years later, there were 638 Kentucky Fried Chicken franchises, and Colonel Sanders had sold his business again – this time for over two million dollars.

How old was Harland Sanders when he had to sell all his stuff?

- A) He was old enough to be called a grandad.
- B) He was young.
- C) He wasn't sixty-six yet.
- D) He was older than sixty-six.

363. (v18-608) What does the word «sample» mean?

- A) sale
- B) piece
- C) example
- D) form

364. (v18-609) What was Harland's reaction to the destruction of his business?

- A) He retired into himself.
- B) He gave up and sold everything he owned to pay his debts.
- C) He continued to work and strive for better outcome.
- D) He didn't lose his heart and tried himself in another sphere of business.

365. (v18-610) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions (610–612).

Carving a jack-o-lantern is a tradition or custom in many American families. Families will go to area stores that sell pumpkins and spend hours just looking for the right one. When the right pumpkin has been chosen, take it home and wash the outside of the pumpkin and dry it completely. An adult will be needed to carefully cut open the top of the pumpkin where the stem is located. Save the stem of the pumpkin. Next, you will need to remove the pulp or stringy part of the pumpkin and the seeds using a large spoon. Place all of the insides of the pumpkin on the sheets of newspaper to keep your area clean. After all the seeds and pulp have been removed, you may want to wash the outside of the pumpkin again to make sure you have a clean surface to work on. Markers can be used to draw the face you want on the outside of the pumpkin. You can make it as scary or as funny as you like. You will need the help of a parent or other adult to help cut out the face you drew on the pumpkin. This may take a few minutes to do because pumpkins can be very thick and their skin can be slick. You must practice safety rules when using a knife or pumpkin carving knife. Then, place a candle inside the pumpkin and light the candle using matches. At this time, place the top with stem back on the pumpkin. Finally, place the jack-o-lantern on your front porch and wait for the trick or treaters. Have a safe and Happy Halloween!

Which of the following statements is true about the text?

- A) You can leave the pulp and seeds inside the pumpkin before carving.
- B) Markers can be used to make funny or scary faces for carving.
- C) It's easy to find just the right pumpkin for this activity.
- D) This is an activity you can do without an adult.

366. (v18-611) Which of the following should you do FIRST in this activity?

- A) clean out the pulp and seeds
- B) wash and dry the pumpkin
- C) draw on the face
- D) choose the pumpkin you want

367. (v18-612) 26. The word STORE in the text means

- A) to keep something for future use
- B) a place for reading books
- C) a place where things are bought and sold
- D) a place for playing hide and seek

368. (v18-613) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (613–614).

The story of silk starts in China over 4000 years ago. One legend says a silk worm's cocoon fell into a woman's teacup. It then opened into a single, unbroken thread. This was an important discovery. The Chinese learned they could use the cocoons to make cloth that was both beautiful to look at and soft to touch. Making silk was protected secret in China for many years. In other countries, silk was very rare and valuable. Often it was worth more than gold. Legend tells us that the secret finally got out when a princess left China to go to

India. In her hair, she secretly carried many silkworms. By the year 1 A.D., silk was sold as far west as Rome, and all along the Silk Road, which connected China with places in the Middle East and the Mediterranean. Eventually, around the year 300, silk also traveled from China to Japan. Centuries later, in 1522, the Spanish brought silkworms to Mexico.

According to the legend, how did people first learn about silk?

- A) A silkworm's cocoon fell into a woman's teacup
- B) An Indian princess told people about it
- C) A man from Rome brought it to China
- D) Someone found it on the Silk Road

369. (v18-614) This passage is mainly about ...

- A) a Chinese legend
- B) different types of silk
- C) how silk is made
- D) the history of silk

370. (v18-615) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (615-617).

About a billion years after the earth had formed, the first signs of life appeared. Three billion years elapsed before creatures became complex enough to leave fossils their descendants could recognize and learn from. These were shelled creatures called trilobites, followed by jawless fish, the first vertebrates. During the Devonian period, great upheavals occurred in the earth's crust, resulting in the formation of mountains and in the ebb and flow of oceans. In the aftermath, beds of mud rich in organic matter nourished vegetation, and insects, scorpions, and spiders appeared. Next developed the amphibians, descendants of fish that had crawled out of fresh water. Between 225 and 65 million years ago, reptiles developed from which many new forms grew until finally evolved the mammal. Dinosaurs were overgrown reptiles. Current theory suggests that dinosaurs were warm blooded and behaved more like mammals than like reptiles. The end of the Mesozoic Era (middle life) saw the inexplicable demise of dinosaurs and large swimming and flying birds. Geological changes were converting the giant land mass into separate continents. Why did the dinosaur disappear?

- A) Large birds killed them
- B) They were undernourished
- C) No one knows
- D) They were reptile

371. (v18-616) What does the word «demise» in bold mean?

- A) appearance
- B) change
- C) evolution
- D) death

372. (v18-617) What would be a good title for this passage?

- A) The Formation of the Earth
- B) How Reptiles Became Dinosaurs
- C) The Ages of Man
- D) The Evolution of Life

373. (v18-618) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (618-621).

The Normans originally came from Scandinavia and were of Viking descent. During the tenth century they invaded and

conquered the northern part of France, which is still called Normandy. In the next century, under William the Conqueror, they invaded and subdued England. This event brought about the end of Saxon England and saw the start of a new era of English history, with new forms of architecture and a new form of social and political order called the feudal system.

It is interesting to note that while William was conquering England, other Norman chiefs sailed down the coast of France and Spain, entered the Mediterranean Sea and conquered Sicily and some parts of southern Italy. Norman knights from France and Italy also played a leading role in the Crusades. According to the passage ...

- A) England was conquered by William in the eleventh century.
- B) the Normans conquered France with the help of the people living in Normandy.
- C) before coming to France, the Normans were peaceful people.
- D) for centuries, there was a war between the Normans and Vikings.

374. (v18-619) In addition to changing the government of England, the Normans ...

- A) incorporated many Saxon words into their language.
- B) forced the Saxons to help them invade Sicily and Italy
- C) altered the way the English constructed buildings.
- D) brought an end to the English feudal system.

375. (v18-620) We can infer from the passage that ...

- A) the Norman chiefs had soldiers of many nationalities.
- B) the Crusades were lost largely because of the Normans.
- C) the Normans were involved in conflicts in many places.
- D) the Sicilians and Italians welcomed the Norman conquerors.

376. (v18-621) The word «originally» in the passage is closest in meaning to ...

- A) in the end
- B) eventually
- C) initially
- D) lastly

377. (v18-622) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (622-625).

The prospectors who braved the Canadian winters to find gold in the Yukon and Klondike Rivers experienced the most difficult conditions to be imagined. Every man who entered the area had to carry a year's supply of food and mining equipment over the steep and frozen mountain passes. In order to do this, each man had to carry 25 kilos of stores about 10 kilometres, leave it there, and return for another load. Therefore to remove all of his stores less than 80 kilometres, each man had to walk nearly 1500 kilometres. It is estimated that of the 100,000 men who set out for the Klondike, fewer than 40,000 actually arrived. Only 4000 ever found gold, and very few of these became rich. The word «prospector» in the text, refers to ...

- A) a chance
- B) a gold mine
- C) a territory
- D) a person

378. (v18-623) According to the passage ...

- A) about 40% of the men who tried to find gold in the Klondike became rich.
- B) more than 60,000 of the people trying to reach the Klondike failed on the way.
- C) nearly everyone who reached the Klondike was able to find some gold.
- D) each of the 40,000 men had to walk about 1500 kilometres just to carry 25 kilos of stores.

379. (v18-624) The conditions around the Yukon and Klondike Rivers were so difficult because ...

- A) the gold mines were all on the steep and frozen mountain passes.
- B) each prospector needed 25 kilos of stores to get him through the winter.
- C) they were nearly 1500 kilometres away from the nearest store.
- D) of a number of reasons including difficult terrain and harsh weather conditions.

380. (v18-625) From the passage we can conclude that ...

- A) searching for gold in the Canadian winter is the quickest way to get rich.
- B) it is less difficult to find gold in Canada than in some other places.
- C) very few of the prospectors actually achieved what they'd aimed for.
- D) there is still plenty of gold waiting to be found in the Yukon and Klondike Rivers.

381. (v18-626) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (626-629).

The central Arctic is an ice mass formed from part of the ocean, whereas the Antarctic is continental. The Arctic is surrounded by land masses which, in most cases, extend southward to the tropics. The Antarctic, on the other hand, is the only continent entirely set off from the rest of the world by great oceans. Furthermore, at some point of man's history, all of the other continents, except Australia, were joined by land bridges. Even Australia had been easy to reach by canoe. However, the only place Antarctica even approaches another continent is the long finger of the Antarctic Peninsula, reaching within 600 miles of Cape Horn, the southernmost tip of South America. In addition to distance, ice and stormy seas kept anyone from seeing this continent until about 1820.

According to the passage the difference between the Arctic and Antarctic is that ...

- A) because the Arctic is much further north, it is much colder than the Antarctic.
- B) it is much easier to sail through the Arctic ocean than the ones around Antarctica.
- C) the Arctic continent is more easily accessible than the one in the Antarctic region.
- D) the Arctic is frozen water surrounded by land, while the Antarctic is land surrounded by water.

382. (v18-627) We can deduce from the passage that ...

- A) throughout man's history canoes have been the most popular means of traveling to Australia.
- B) Antarctica used to be connected to South America by a land bridge.
- C) the coastline of the Antarctic Peninsula is about six-hundred miles long.

D) with the exception of Australia and Antarctica, it used to be possible to walk between the other continents.

383. (v18-628) The text informs us about the fact that ...

- A) Antarctica was discovered in the early nineteenth century
- B) the Antarctic Peninsula is the southernmost point of Antarctica
- C) at its nearest point, Antarctica is visible from the southernmost point of South America
- D) South Americans were the first people to set foot on Antarctica

384. (v18-629) What does the word «tip» in the text mean?

- A) the top or summit
- B) the extreme end of something
- C) a light blow
- D) an extra payment given for services

385. (v18-630) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (630–633).

For many years scientists have been trying to define the nature of human intelligence. However, they have been unable to agree on whether there is one kind of intelligence, or several kinds. In the early 20th century, psychologist Charles Spearman came up with the concept of «g» or «general intelligence». He gave subjects a variety of different tests and found that the people who performed well in the tests used one part of the brain, which he called «g» for all the tests. More recently, research has found that this idea may well be true, as one part of the brain shows increased blood flow during testing. However, some scientists believe that intelligence is a matter of how much people have learned rather than some ability they are born with. They believe that environment also matters. What was the reason for the investigation for many years into the nature of human intelligence?

- A) to know about why humanity is intelligent
- B) to identify if human intelligence varies
- C) to define the difference among several kinds of intelligence
- D) to find out more about «general intelligence»

386. (v18-631) How did Charles Spearman experiment on his concept?

- A) through blood flow
- B) through various subjects
- C) through assorted tests
- D) through one part of the brain

387. (v18-632) According to the passage, some scientists suppose that ...

- A) human being is born with intelligence.
- B) environs don't play as great role as capacity.
- C) surroundings effect on the nature of intelligence.
- D) people can be intelligent only by learning.

388. (v18-633) What is the main topic of the text?

- A) Human's brain and how it works
- B) Charles Spearman's concept
- C) The nature of intelligence
- D) Researches on testing

389. (v18-634) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (634–636).

In Brazil, nature reserves are classified as ecological or biological reserves of the National System of Conservation Units. Their main objectives are preserving fauna and flora and other natural attributes, excluding direct human interference. Visits are allowed only with permission, and only for educational or scientific purposes. Changes to the ecosystems in both types of reserve are allowed to restore and preserve the natural balance, biological diversity and natural ecological processes. Ecological stations are also allowed to change the environment within strictly defined limits (e.g. affecting no more than 3% of the area or 1,500 hectares (3,700 acres), whichever is less) for the purpose of scientific research. A wildlife reserve in Brazil is also protected, and hunting is not allowed, but products and by-products from research may be sold. Which is not included into main preservation subjects?

- A) Flora
- B) Fauna
- C) Natural attributes
- D) Humans

390. (v18-635) Identify false statement.

- A) Visitors are allowed only with scientific purposes
- B) It is possible to achieve natural balance
- C) Ecological stations are also allowed to change the environment
- D) Changes to the ecosystems in both types of reserve are allowed to restore and preserve the natural balance

391. (v18-636) Choose the title.

- A) Recreation
- B) Reservation
- C) Natural balance
- D) Territorial division

106. Reading comprehension

1. (98-12-47) Complete the question.

He had no practice in composing music, ...?

- A) didn't he
- B) had he
- C) does he
- D) has he
- E) doesn't he

2. (02-4-61) Read the text and choose the best answer.

The Pueblo Indians are those who lived in pueblos, a name derived from the Spanish word «village». The pueblo is usually built against the face of a cliff and as a rule consists of connected houses rising in a series of receding terraces. The roof of one house is the yard or patio of the next house. The Kiva, where Pueblo Indians hold their secret ceremonies, is entered by an opening in the roof.

What is the main topic of the passage?

- A) The life of the Pueblo Indians.
- B) The ceremonies held in the village.
- C) The origination of the word «Pueblo».
- D) The structure of pueblo's construction.
- E) The destination of the Kiva.

3. (02-4-62) Read the text of test 61 and choose the best answer.

The Kiva is a ...

- A) terrace
- B) patio
- C) ceremonial room
- D) Pueblo village
- E) cliff

4. (02-4-63) Read the text of test 61 and choose the best answer.

The word «recede» is closest in meaning to.

- A) rise
- B) descend
- C) climb
- D) grow
- E) increase

5. (02-4-64) Read the text of test 61 and choose the best answer.

Which of the following is true?

- A) The pueblo Indians don't dwell in villages
- B) The village is built on the top of a cliff.
- C) The religious ceremonies are held in church.
- D) The hole in the roof makes it possible to get to Kiva.
- E) The yard of the house is on its roof.

6. (04-1-457) Choose the right word.

Are you ... working at the University?

- A) yet
- B) always
- C) already
- D) still
- E) never

7. (04-1-533) Read the text and choose the suitable answer.

Brian Thomas, a finance director from Kenilworth, Warwickshire, was expecting a quiet birthday. He was 41. He planned breakfast in bed and a meal out with his friends. Alison brought him his breakfast and several birthday cards and presents on the tray. He began to open them. Finally, at the bottom of the tray was a plain envelope. Intrigued, he opened it and read: «Congratulations: you have won The Sunday Times BMW Z8 competition». That note was from Alison, his girlfriend. He thought that she was joking. But it wasn't a joke. Alison had been phoned the previous day and told of the result, but had kept the win secret. That was a lucky week for Thomas, as he had also won 10 pounds on the lottery, and been invited for two interviews for new jobs. Brian Thomas was lucky because he ...

- A) had breakfast in bed
- B) had a meal with his friends
- C) won a car on his birthday
- D) his girlfriend was with him
- E) was a finance director

8. (04-1-534) Read the text and choose the suitable answer.

Velma Sims is a fire fighter in Leicester. She is 39. She has a son of 3) Her husband Joseph is a carpenter. He is forty. Velma does two days' duty (8 am – 6 pm) and two nights (6 pm – 8 am) a week. Her husband takes their son to the nursery school and picks up from it. Velma returns home at 6.30 pm. They share household jobs and Velma often prepares meals. They put their son to bed, giving him his milk and telling him a story. They take turns saying goodnight. On the days off they go swimming, to the park, or to the library, in the evening the whole family sometimes goes to a restaurant. She gets two weeks holiday in summer and one in winter. They haven't been away as a family since 2000; they can't afford it. This story is about ...

- A) the work of a fire fighter
- B) weekdays of a family
- C) weekends of a fire fighter
- D) everyday life of a family
- E) looking after the child

9. (04-1-535) Read the text and choose the suitable answer.

As pupils across England are urged to nominate their most inspirational teachers for the Teaching Awards 2003, a youth poll conducted by the Teaching Awards Trust had found that youngsters' ideal teachers are David Beckham or R'n'B star Nelly, who each scored nearly a quarter of the votes.

Rachel from S-club drew the boys' attention with 18% dreaming for her at the front of the classroom, while Tony Blair and Prince Charles scraped 4% between them. More than 1,000 children aged 9–12 from England, Wales and Northern Ireland took part in the survey. The children were asked if they would like to be a teacher themselves. Only 31% of them answered positively. Reasons for not wanting to teach included "it's a stress job", "low pay" and "misbehaving kids". Rebecca Smithers, a journalist, thinks that it is too right. The pupils across England were told to ...

- A) choose the best teacher of 2003
- B) be nominated as a best pupil of the year
- C) choose Tony Blair or Prince Charles
- D) nominate misbehaving kids
- E) be a teacher themselves

10. (04-1-536) Read the text and choose the suitable answer.

In Great Britain the minimum age at which children are legally allowed to work is 14, although some local authorities permit light work from 13. They must not work before 7 am or after 7 pm, during school hours or for more than two hours on a school day. Certain types of work – in commercial kitchens, cinemas, theatres, nightclubs and collecting money door to door – are regarded as unsuitable. Most building societies operate special children's accounts with higher rates of interest to encourage young savers. Children from the age of about 12 can get a card with which to make ATM withdrawals. Like adults, children also have a tax-free allowance of 4,615 pounds on savings. This text is about ...

- A) putting money in the bank with higher rate
- B) special children's accounts with higher rate of interest
- C) children's age limit for legal work and bank account
- D) making ATM withdrawals by cards
- E) a tax-free allowance of 4,615 pounds on savings

11. (v4-114-26) Choose the right reply to the dialogue.

– My parents have just come back from Paris. They say it's a very beautiful city.
– ... ?

- Never. It's my dream. I hope it will come true some day.
- A) Will you go there
- B) Have you ever been there
- C) Do you go there
- D) Were they there last year
- E) Had he gone there

12. (v4-120-8) Complete the question.

Nothing can stop us now, ... ?

- A) can't it B) does it
- C) don't it D) can it
- E) doesn't it

13. (v5-148-24) Find the word that fits in both cases.

Who will ... the garden when you are away? I ... to believe that business will improve.

- A) hope B) look after C) tend
- D) watch E) care

14. (v6-105-33) Read the text. Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

London has more parks and open spaces than most other large cities. So when you've

finished sightseeing, take a walk in a park. You'll be surprised how many animals you can see! Hyde Park is a good place to see squirrels in the trees and people riding horses. There are also ducks and other wild birds in the Serpentine Lake in the middle of the park. Richmond Park has lots of wild animals, including large numbers of red deer. In Regent's Park there is London Zoo, one of the oldest zoos in the world, with lions, tigers, bears, hippos, monkeys, giraffes and many other species. The Zoo works hard to protect wildlife in danger on our planet. London also has several city farms such as the Kentish Town City farm, where you can see sheep, pigs, cows and goats.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Hyde Park is a place where people can ride horses.
- B) London Zoo is the oldest zoo in the world.
- C) Walking in parks is useful for one's health.
- D) One can find a lot of different animals in London's parks.

15. (v6-106-35) Nowadays, some modern 'lollipop ladies' also

- A) help to direct the traffic.
- B) attract more tourists to the UK.
- C) advertise different companies.
- D) Walk children to school.

16. (v6-150-33) Read the text.

Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Dining Out Surely nowhere in the world can match the variety and price range of Tokyo restaurants. As well as delicious, healthy, value-for-money Japanese dishes, the city offers thousands of restaurants specializing in foreign food. These represent nearly every country and culture in the world. Western-style hotels offer first-class food and service with a price to match. On the street, fast food restaurants and quick coffee shops are everywhere as are Japanese fast-food places such as *soba*, *udon*, and *ramen* shops. Slurp those noodles to make the most of them. A careful first-timer may enjoy selecting a box lunch from the vast variety on offer at department store food floors, or even convenience stores.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Western style restaurants are very rare in Tokyo.
- B) Tokyo offers a variety of foods from almost any country in the world.
- C) Noodles are sold in any Japanese fast-food restaurant.
- D) Japanese restaurants are extremely popular with Western visitors.

17. (v6-157-33) Read the text. Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Authentic fragrances from the ill-fated Titanic are to be recreated and used in new perfumes. A container with 80 bottles of scent has been recovered from the wreck of the liner, which sank after striking an iceberg en route to New York in April 1912. The bottles belonged to Adolph Saafeld, a salesman from Manchester who survived the disaster. He planned to market the scents in the United States and return to Britain to have them manufactured in bulk. Graham Jessup, recovery manager for RMS Titanic, the company responsible for the ship's historic preservation, said: "We are having the

perfume analyzed to create a unique Titanic fragrance. It is the smell of that perfume which really captures Titanic for me."

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) The scents found on the wreck of the Titanic will be used to create a new perfume.
- B) Graham Jessup is responsible for the historic preservation of the Titanic.
- C) In New York, a newly created perfume has been called 'Titanic'.
- D) The only person who survived after disaster in April 1912 was Adolph Saafeld.

18. (v6-158-34) Read the text.

Then circle the correct answer

(A, B, C or D) for questions 34–35.

In eighth grade I was diagnosed with epilepsy. Up until that time I was on high honor roll. I never really had to study; learning just came naturally. I would hear information in class and remember it. But when they put me on all these different medications for epilepsy, I didn't grasp information like I used to, so my grades went down. I started ninth grade taking three honors classes and one college prep class, which was well above what everybody else was doing. However, because things didn't come to me the way they used to, I wasn't able to hold on to all of my classes. It was really hard because my classes and my grades – that was me. I thought, Okay, I'm smart, and I have all the potential; but when I couldn't do the work I used to do, it really brought me down. My mom just kept telling me, if you try hard, you can do this. So I kept trying I kept trying, I kept trying. And I have been able to bring my grades back up. Just this past August they took me off my medicine and I'm fine now. What happened to Leslie when doctors put her on medications for her illness?

- A) She didn't understand why she had to study.
- B) She remembered a lot of information.
- C) She began to get lower grades.
- D) She started learning much better.

19. (v6-158-35) When Leslie started ninth grade

- A) she asked to be taken off medicine.
- B) her mother tutored her for college.
- C) doctors found out what was wrong with her.
- D) she took four extra classes.

20. (v6-158-36) Read the text.

Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

TODAY is an important day in Japan. Tens of thousands of senior high school students will sit entrance exams for the country's top state universities. When the students' mothers pack their lunchboxes this morning, they must ensure that the food is not only healthy, but that it sends out the right signals. Thus small chewy sweets called Hi-Lemon are a firm favourite. When read in Japanese, the name sounds like *hairerumon*, which conveniently means 'he can get in'. Nestle, the Swiss food giant, enjoys a roaring trade in Kit-Kats during exams because in Japanese, the phrase *kitto katsu* means 'you will win without fail'. Why do particular products become popular in Japan during entrance exams?

- A) Sweets and chocolates are easy to pack into test takers' lunchboxes.
- B) Some people believe that their names can help them to pass exams.

C) They are healthy and help test takers' brains work much better.
D) They have names that help test takers concentrate on exams.

21. (v6-160-33) Read the text. Then circle the correct answer (A, B, C or D).

Body language or, as it is also known, non-verbal communication, is about all the things that people say and do without using words. Research suggests that more than 70% of communication occurs without people having to say a single word.

Like language, the way we communicate non-verbally varies across cultures. But, unlike language, it can be very difficult to find out what the non-verbal rules are. In Europe, for example, there is great confusion over one way of greeting other people. Kissing is just one of many different aspects of interaction that you need to be aware of. You can get into difficult or embarrassing or even worst situations if you are not aware. Eye contact, tone of voice, how close you can stand, any touching, how many times you kiss, a long handshake, a short handshake, it can go on and on and on. So, you do need to get these correct and you need to have good observation skills.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Kissing is the way of greeting people in some cultures.
- B) Spoken communications are used more often than non-verbal.
- C) Different cultures have different ways of handshaking.
- D) Knowledge of body language can help you avoid embarrassing situations

22. (v7-183-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

There are so many beautiful flowers in the world. The tulip is thought to be probably one of a few very special representatives of the flower kingdom. This wonderful flower is a symbol of love, hope and beauty that brings out the best feelings in the human soul.

Although it is a symbol of the Netherlands, the tulip is not native to this country. It is a flower of the East, a child of Central Asia. Scientists believe that the first tulip came from the slopes of the Pamirs and grew among the foothills and valleys of the Tien Shan Mountains. They were well adapted to survive the winters and hot summers of Central Asia. The flowers of the Tien Shan were much shorter than modern tulips, carrying their petals usually a few inches from the ground. Nearly half of the 120 known species of tulips grow wild in this area. According to some scientists

- A) wild tulips adapt to climate changes easily.
- B) the birthplace of tulips is Central Asia.
- C) the tulip came from the Netherlands.
- D) hot climates are bad for the tulip.

23. (v7-183-32) The Tien Shan tulip was different from modern tulips because it
A) was smaller. B) had a different color.
C) was longer. D) had more petals.

24. (v7-185-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

In a recent survey, 69% of Europeans said they thought everyone should speak English. However, not everyone welcomes this

linguistic situation. The French Ministry of Finance, for instance, recently surprised the international business community by banning terms like

e-mail and Internet. In fact, seven teams of language experts have been employed to come up with French alternatives. Le Web is not acceptable. La toile is.

But what about people who learn foreign languages just for fun? A 37-year-old American, Gregg Cox, has taken this simple pleasure to extremes. He holds the world record for speaking the most foreign languages – 64 at the last count!

What does "come up" mean?

- A) become available B) happen
- C) suggest D) get near

25. (v7-185-32) Why is Gregg Cox famous?

- A) He was employed by the Ministry of Finance.
- B) He uses the Internet and e-mail 64 hours a week.
- C) He does extreme kinds of sport for fun.
- D) He knows a great number of languages.

26. (v7-190-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

When it comes to reading: bookkeepers are at the top.

Perhaps it's the relief from hours spent scrutinizing columns of figures but accountants are among the keenest readers in the country, a survey published yesterday shows. Bookkeepers spend more of their time buried in a work of fiction than many professions more naturally associated with the written word.

On average it's just over five hours a week. The World Book Day survey found that members of the clergy read for an average of two hours and forty minutes a week. This put them at the bottom of the list for the amount of time that people from various professions spend reading. Secretaries came second in the survey with just under five hours reading time per week, followed by MPs. Journalists came fourth, taxi drivers were fifth, lawyers sixth, and teachers and chefs joint seventh. Nearly a quarter of all those questioned read for six hours a week.

According to the article bookkeepers ...

- A) read more than other professions.
- B) read the least of all professions.
- C) read mostly professional literature.
- D) took the fourth place in the survey.

27. (v7-190-36) The survey shows that teachers ...

- A) read for about two hours a week.
- B) read more than other professions.
- C) read as much as bookkeepers do.
- D) read as much as cooks do.

28. (v8-101-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

Is there life beyond planet Earth? Astronomers revealed a new lead in the search for extraterrestrial life last Tuesday. For the first time, they have discovered a planet outside of our solar system that could possibly sustain life. The planet, named Gliese 581c, was found by a European Southern Observatory telescope located in La Silla, Chile. "It's a significant step on the

way to finding possible life in the universe", says Michel Mayor, one of the 11 European astronomers on the team that discovered the planet.

The planet has Earth-like temperatures, even though the star it closely orbits, known as a red dwarf, is much smaller than our sun. Astronomers do not yet know if there is liquid water on Gliese 581c. "Liquid water is critical to life as we know it", says Xavier Delfosse, an astronomer on the discovery team.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Scientists are working hard to find new planets.
- B) A planet should contain liquid water to sustain life.
- C) The newly found planet will attract many scientists.
- D) A new planet, which may contain, life has been found.

29. (v8-101-34) In comparison to the "red dwarf" our Sun is ...

- A) almost the same size B) cooler
- C) much bigger D) much smaller

30. (v8-112-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

Even if you rarely season your food with salt, you are still likely consuming too much salt, say the people at the Institute of Medicine (IOM).

Thanks to processed foods, most of us eat double the upper limit of salt. This may raise the risk of heart attack, stroke, kidney disease and stomach cancer.

The IOM has issued new guidelines.

Currently, the percent daily value of sodium on nutrition labels is based on an upper limit of 2,400 mg a day. The new recommended amount is 1,500 mg for healthy 9-to-50 year olds, and even less for others. But food labels won't reflect this change yet. So look for low-sodium eats, and cut back on foods like dressings and canned soups.

According to the text, eating a lot of salt may lead to

- A) a healthy life.
- B) a good appetite.
- C) different diseases.
- D) overweight problems.

31. (v8-112-34) What is the newly suggested amount of sodium for healthy people?

- A) more than 1,500 mg
- B) less than 2,400 mg
- C) 1,500 mg
- D) 2,400 mg

32. (v8-114-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

Julian Montague's book *The Stray Shopping Carts of Eastern North America* received its first award. It has been named the oddest book title of the year. Montague said: "It started when I noticed stray shopping carts lying around. There's an intersection where I live and there are shopping carts everywhere – in strange positions in people's lawns, abandoned in bushes. People who read the book tell me they now notice shopping carts where they never would have done previously."

What is J. Montague's book about?

- A) Shopping carts left by people in different places.
 B) Dangers of shopping to the natural environment.
 C) Different colours of shopping carts in North America.
 D) Lawns and bushes in Eastern North America.

33. (v8-114-32) What does the word around mean?

- A) In a circle
 B) Round the corner
 C) Everywhere
 D) Approximately

34. (v8-114-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34.

Every year millions of Americans and other people around the world watch the great American football match, the Super Bowl. But what do they (and you) know about the players?

- Big American football players have very big appetites. For breakfast a whole team of 40–45 players sometimes eats 240 eggs, about five kilos of potatoes, more than four kilos of sausages, two kilos of cheese and nine kilos of fruit.
- After a match, a team often drinks more than 45 litres of water and 22 litres of orange juice or milk.
- Some players take special names. For example, Joe Montana is called Jo "The Ice Man" Montana and William Perry is called "The Fridge".

To prepare for the game, American football players ...

- A) travel and talk to people before and after the match.
 B) have to run forty kilometres every day in morning.
 C) read more about sport and football before the match.
 D) eat more in the morning and drink more after the match.

35. (v8-114-34) According to the text who has a nickname?

- A) The Super Bowl.
 B) The American football fans.
 C) Montana and Perry.
 D) The Ice Man.

36. (v8-118-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 35–36.

The peaceful green colour of emerald was believed to have a calming, therapeutic effect on those who wore it. This makes sense, since scientifically speaking, green is the least exhausting colour on the eyes. Used in the Middle Ages to foretell the future, emerald also guarded against evil spirits. People also believed it could cure a range of illnesses. Historically emerald has been closely associated with love, since the ancient Romans dedicated this precious stone to Venus. Emerald has also meant hope new growth and endless life since it is the "colour of spring".

Emerald is mentioned in a lot of Islamic texts that describe the green Garden of Paradise as carpeted in emeralds. But it has its place in the other major world religions too.

According to the text the green colour of emerald ...

- A) is not tiring for the eyes.
 B) denoted the end of spring.
 C) helps doctors in their work.
 D) is not a favourite with sick people.

37. (v8-118-36) In ancient Rome emeralds were ...

- A) described in religious texts.
 B) connected with love.
 C) mentioned in books on history.
 D) used to decorate carpets.

38. (v8-122-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

Sir Phillip Sidney was born in England in 1554. By his mid twenties, Sidney had already worked as Queen Elizabeth's ambassador abroad and had written and published the finest collection of love poems of his age. He composed music and songs. He had the education, the wit and the will to make English itself the subject of some of his poetry. He died when he was thirty-one years old on a battlefield fighting the Spanish in the Netherlands. He became famous for giving his water bottle to another wounded soldier. He said, "Your need is greater than mine". The theme of some of Sir Phillip Sidney's poetry was ...

- A) love and the English language.
 B) battles against the Spanish.
 C) Queen Elizabeth.
 D) music and education.

39. (v8-122-32) Sir Phillip Sidney is remembered by his countrymen because ...

- A) of his achievements as an ambassador.
 B) he fought bravely and was wounded.
 C) of his kindness to his fellow soldier.
 D) he died at a very young age.

40. (v8-122-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 33–34:

Air travel is rising by 4 per cent a year and London Heathrow's new terminal, T5, is urgently needed. Most of the extra demand each year is for holidays. Never before have so many British people travelled abroad so much. What used to be exclusively a rich man's pleasure is now available to all: weddings on a beach in the Seychelles, families flying to Florida, winter breaks in the sun.

Despite being an offshore outpost, London is the biggest airport in Europe. Amsterdam, Paris and Frankfurt are bidding to overtake it. All have plenty of spare capacity, eager to take over any extra business if Britain lets slip. The City fears the knock-on effect to their global finance industry if London no longer remains the key entry airport to Europe.

All these are good reasons why the decision to build T5 is inevitable.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Britain will become the key entry point for those involved in global finance.
 B) London no longer holds the record for being the main European airport.
 C) People in England like to travel on holidays by plane because it is cheaper.
 D) T5 is important as it will help Britain keep its position as number 1 European airport.

41. (v8-122-34) Which airport dreams of becoming the biggest in Europe?

- A) Paris
 B) Rome
 C) Seychelles
 D) Florida

42. (v8-126-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

The giant panda is one of China's beautiful natural treasures. It is one of the most recognizable creatures in the whole animal kingdom. This peaceful black and white bear is often shown on television and in magazines, but did you know it's a rare species? Scientists estimate that there are only 1,600 left in the wild in their forest homelands.

Although they look strong, pandas make a weak sound that's similar to goats and lambs, and they offer little defence when hunted down by humans.

Giant pandas once lived freely around huge areas of southern and eastern China, spending up to 14 hours each day eating their favourite food bamboo.

The panda ...

- A) is not able to produce a loud sound.
 B) is not found in forests.
 C) can defend itself well.
 D) can be found all over the world.

43. (v8-126-32) Pandas like eating and ...

- A) fighting with other animals.
 B) at night they often go hunting.
 C) they normally eat for more than half a day.
 D) they often eat for fourteen hours a week.

44. (v8-129-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for questions 31–32.

If you are staying in London for a while, it is usually best to buy a weekly or monthly pass. (You will need a passport size photograph.) If you want to travel a lot around the London area at weekends or after 9.30 am during the week, buy a one-day travel card from a railway station.

You can use it on the railway, underground and bus system.

When there are three or four of you then it is worth taking a taxi. It will still be a bit more expensive than public transport (and the driver will expect a 10–15% tip) but it can save a great deal of time and frustration.

Finally, it is worth thinking of using the river as a way of getting from A to B instead of just as a pleasure trip.

What is the main idea of the text?

- A) The cheapest way to travel in the city is with a pass.
 B) One-day travel card allows you to use all types of transport in London.
 C) Different types of transport are available in London.
 D) Taxi is the best way of travelling around the city.

45. (v8-129-32) According to the text, what does the word "tip" mean?

- A) A small amount of extra money
 B) An untidy place
 C) The thin pointed end of something
 D) A small piece of advice

46. (v9-126-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 35–36.

We lived in an old, fashionable part of the city, in a big house in which the servants

outnumbered the family. There were four of us, but the houseman, the cook, the parlour maid, the laundry maid, the chauffeur, and the nurse were the majority and dominated. My poor mother, who had never had a servant in her life before her marriage, did not know how to manage such a household. She was naturally kind and somewhat tearful, and was afraid she would not come up to the standards the servants expected. She did not insist that the servants speak of my sister and myself as Miss Caroline and Mr. David, which was what my father wanted. I suppose there were good servants somewhere but we never found any except Netty, my nurse. The author's mother couldn't handle the servants because ...

- A) there was no real help to be had from them.
- B) she grew up in the family which had no servants.
- C) she thought that their servants were afraid of her.
- D) there were too many people in the family

47. (v9-126-36) The author's father ...

- A) and Netty dominated the household.
- B) could not find a good nurse for children to be kind.
- C) was kind and wanted his children to be kind.
- D) insisted his children were called Miss and Mister.

48. (v9-128-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 35–36.

Snakes are found in nearly all parts of the world, both in water and on land. Most snakes live in tropical regions, although some have been found as far north as the Arctic Circle. Many people think that snakes have slimy skins. However, like most reptiles, a snake's skin is dry to the touch. It does not grow with the animal, and have to be shed regularly. Snakes shed their skins all at once, leaving a hollow skin that is an exact copy of their body surface except that it is inside out. Snakes do not have movable eyelids, which gives them a glassy, unblinking stare. Their eyes never close.

Snakes change their skin regularly because ...

- A) they live in dry areas.
- B) they are reptiles.
- C) they have slimy skins.
- D) their skin does not grow with them.

49. (v9-128-36) Snakes cannot close their eyes because ...

- A) they have unblinking stare.
- B) their eyelids do not move.
- C) they live in water in tropical regions.
- D) their skin is dry to the touch.

50. (v9-129-35) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 35–36.

Most schools in Britain are state-controlled. However, some schools are private. It can cost several thousand pounds per year to send a child to one of these schools. Many are boarding establishments. This means that children live as well as study in the school premises. They eat and sleep there. Some of these schools are for girls only or boys only. These are called single-sex schools, but in recent times most parents prefer to send children of all ages to co-

educational schools. In the 1950s and 1960s, teachers in Britain were usually very authoritarian. They were permitted to beat the pupils with a cane. Consequently, they were feared and respected, though some people didn't have real respect for them. Nowadays teachers are more liberal and spend more time giving advice to individual pupils.

Educational institutions where British children live and study are called ...

- A) co-educational schools
- D) boarding schools
- B) single-sex establishments
- C) state-controlled establishments

51. (v9-129-36) In the middle of the 20th century British teachers ...

- A) were very strict and pupils were afraid of them
- B) respected their pupils more than they do now
- C) were controlled by the parents
- D) devoted a lot of time to their work

52. (v15-108-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31–33).

Although the Kilim-Ijim forest in Oku, Cameroon, lies only about six degrees north of the Equator, at an elevation of over 2,500 meters, it has a pleasant climate. After the stifling humidity of the country's main city, Douala, this highland area feels decidedly cool. Kilim-Ijim is the highest and largest forest left in West Africa, with fifteen bird species found only in this mountain area of Cameroon. One, a dazzlingly beautiful bird called the turaco, is found nowhere else on the Earth. Although the turaco is confined almost entirely to the 200,000 hectares of the Kilim-Ijim area, it is not difficult to locate it. From dawn to dusk, its call can be heard. Because of this, the local people call the turaco the timekeeper, announcing the start and end of each working day in the fields.

It is mentioned in the passage that the Kilim-Ijim forest has a nice climate ...

- A) although it is not as cool as it is in Douala.
- B) though it is not as good as the climate in Douala.
- C) even though it can be really quite cold there.
- D) despite the fact that it is near the Equator.

53. (v15-108-32) The author states that the turaco ...

- A) has fifteen different varieties found only in the Kilim-Ijim forest.
- B) is not easy to find in the 200,000 hectares of the forest.
- C) is only found in the Kilim-Ijim forest.
- D) is the only bird species which is native to Cameroon.

54. (v15-108-33) According to the passage the turaco is known as the timekeeper because ...

- A) it calls twice a day – at sunrise and at sunset.
- B) its call is heard in the fields from the start till the end of work day.
- C) it calls as it goes to sleep at dawn and again at dusk, when it wakes up.
- D) its loud, distinctive cry can be heard day and night.

55. (v15-113-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34–36).

The SAT is a test of both verbal and mathematical abilities which is used as part of the process for evaluating applicants for admission to American universities. In 1995, the College Board, which administers the SAT, re-centered the scoring scale for the test. It did so by re-establishing the original average score of 500 on the 200–800 scale. The scale had not been adjusted since 1941, when it reflected the norm of some 10,000 students, frequently from public schools and applying to the nation's most selective universities. Over the years the average score had shifted below 500 as a larger number of students began taking the test, and verbal and maths scores had ceased to become comparable. Now the scores represent a more diverse university-bound population of about 2 million students.

The author of text informs us that the SAT ...

- A) is one of the tests used to evaluate potential university students.
- B) is the only criterion used for university acceptance in America.
- C) has recently evolved into a multi-million-dollar industry the USA.
- D) has ceased to be used by the nation's most selective universities.

56. (v15-113-35) As it's mentioned in the passage ...

- A) the SAT test has become much more difficult over the years.
- B) formerly those who entered for the SAT were often from public schools.
- C) the results of the SAT are no longer important to students.
- D) the average score on the SAT has remained virtually unchanged since 1941.

57. (v15-113-36) The passage informs us that the averages score on the SAT ...

- A) was achieved by approximately 2 million students in 1995.
- B) can be either 200 or 800 in any given year.
- C) rose dramatically in 1995 because of the number of students taking it.
- D) dropped a bit during the period from 1941 to 1995.

58. (v16-103-5) Complete the text.

Insert the necessary sentence

... And they are certainly right. Sunscreen protects your skin from ultraviolet light rays. Too much ultraviolet is bad for your skin. If you spend a long time outside without any sunscreen on, you might get a sunburn because of the ultraviolet rays.

- A) Ultraviolet light can get rid of bacteria in eggs and apple and make them safer to eat
- B) Your parents tell you to wear sunscreen when you're outside in the summer
- C) When we are outdoors, we are exposed to pollens and dust, and other irritants
- D) However, they can also trigger asthma attacks, which are more serious

59. (v16-103-16) Complete the text.

Insert the necessary sentence

You need a total of about 60 minutes of physical activity a day. Here is the good news. ... Five or ten minute sessions of

physical activities throughout the day are just as good for you. These may include walking, jogging, running, and riding a bike.

- A) It will give you lots of ideas for staying fit and healthy
- B) He regularly takes physical education classes at school
- C) You should turn off that television and get moving instead
- D) This does not have to be done all at one time

60. (v16-105-24) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (24–27).

Data from the Pioneer spacecraft of NASA apparently prove the theory that the high surface temperature of Venus is due to an atmospheric greenhouse effect caused mainly by a blanket of carbon dioxide. Such a greenhouse effect is created when energy in the form of sunlight easily passes through a planet's atmosphere, warms its surface, and is converted to heat radiation that is then held in by the atmosphere from top to bottom. Venus has a relatively thin atmosphere like the Earth's, but Venus' atmosphere consists of more than ninety percent carbon dioxide, compared to less than four percent in that of the Earth. Because of its higher percentage of carbon dioxide, Venus' atmosphere traps much more heat radiation than does the Earth's. Thus, the Venus studies are believed to be important to the understanding of possible adverse effects on the Earth's agriculture that could result from the long-term use of fossil fuels, which add carbon dioxide to the atmosphere.

According to the passage

- A) The Venus studies are believed to be important to the understanding of possible adverse effects on the Earth's fossil fuels
- B) Venus' atmosphere traps much less heat radiation than does the Earth's because of its higher percentage of carbon dioxide.
- C) Venus has a relatively thick atmosphere
- D) The high surface temperature of Venus is due to an atmospheric greenhouse effect caused mainly by a blanket of carbon dioxide.

61. (v16-105-25) Choose the correct answer to the question.

What does the atmosphere of Venus do?

- A) causes a greenhouse effect
- B) carbon dioxide
- C) heat radiation
- D) energy in the form of sunlight

62. (v16-105-26) Choose the correct answer to the question.

Why are Venus studies important for scientists on Earth?

- A) because our atmospheres are similar
- B) because scientists want to test their equipment
- C) because scientists want to predict agricultural problems on Earth.
- D) because scientists want to study heat radiation on Earth.

63. (v16-105-27) Choose the correct

- A) Venus' atmosphere traps much more heat radiation than does the Earth's due to the lack of other gases except for carbon dioxide in its atmosphere
- B) there has been the theory that the high surface temperature of Venus is due to an atmospheric greenhouse effect
- C) Venus suffers from the greenhouse effect because its atmosphere consists of more than ninety percent carbon dioxide
- D) 96 percent of the Venus' atmosphere is not carbon dioxide.

64. (v16-106-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

Do you ever wish that your neighbors would turn down their music? Perhaps you are trying to sleep and you wish that the people next-door were not holding an all-night barbecue party in their garden. Or do you feel it is time you moved to an uninhabited island? Don't worry – you are just another victim of noise pollution. Of course, most people would prefer it if cars made no noise at all, neighbors were as quiet as mice and nobody drove about the streets in cars with open windows and high-powered sound systems. You may even wish you could stop children from playing in the street, or planes passing overhead. But in the end, if I were you, I would just get used to it. Close the windows, buy some earplugs, laugh and turn up your own stereo. Just act as if the noise were simply not there! Who knows, perhaps it will go away!

According to the text, noises disturbing people involve all of the following EXCEPT:

- A) Noisy traffic outside the house.
- B) The voice of mice in the house.
- C) Parties that last the whole night.
- D) Aircrafts flying in the sky.

65. (v16-106-34) It is clear from the text that sufferers of noise pollution ...

- A) adore watching kids play out.
- B) have silent neighbors.
- C) own high-powered sound systems.
- D) feel like living on a desert island.

66. (v16-106-35) The author states that if there is much noise around you ...

- A) close the windows and try to sleep.
- B) leave for a lonely island.
- C) just get used to existing conditions.
- D) try to join in barbecue parties.

67. (v16-106-36) Which of the following is the best title for the text?

- A) All-night parties and loud music
- B) Types of noise
- C) Bad effects of noise pollution
- D) Neighbors and noise

68. (v16-109-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the question below (32).

The "Jaguh" from the Modenas stable comes at the right time when interest in the "Easy Rider" or "Chopper" type of motorcycle is on the rise. Powered by a 175 c.c. single cylinder power plant, the "Jaguh" looks big. Anyone who has not told about its engine capacity will think that the "Jaguh" has a 500 c.c. engine, at the very least. It has a 5-speed gearbox.

What type of announcement is this?

- A) a letter
- B) an academic article
- C) an advertisement
- D) an invitation card

69. (v16-110-30) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (30–31).

A stereotype is a fixed idea that people have about what specific social groups or individuals are like, especially an idea that is wrong. Because stereotypes are standardized and simplified ideas of groups, based on some prejudices, they are not derived from objective facts, but rather subjective and often unverifiable ideas. As Sociologist Charles E. Hurst states "One reason for stereotypes is the lack of personal, concrete familiarity that individuals have with persons in other racial or ethnic groups. Lack of familiarity encourages the lumping together of unknown individuals". Stereotypes may affect people negatively. This includes forming inaccurate and distorted images and opinions of people. Stereotypes may also be used for scapegoating or for making general erroneous judgments about people. Some stereotyping people may feel comfortable when they prevent themselves from emotional identification with the stereotyped group, which leads to xenophobic or racist behavior. Finally another serious consequence of stereotypes is the feeling of inferiority that the stereotyped people may have and which may impair their performance.

Which is not the consequence of stereotype?

- A) Deterioration of performance
- B) Feeling of satisfaction
- C) Lack of personal familiarity with the stereotyped object
- D) Emotional identification

70. (v16-110-31) What are stereotypes NOT based on?

- A) Subjective opinion
- B) Prejudice
- C) Unverifiable ideas
- D) Different social groups

71. (v16-111-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (33–36).

Lightning is a dangerous natural disaster that obliges people to go inside whenever they see one. Sometimes, however, this is impossible. But there are some crucial rules to remember if there is a lightning storm while you are outside. First of all. Try to avoid open spaces. Then, stay away from large trees, power lines and other tall constructions. And third, avoid touching metal objects, like fences.

What is the main purpose of the writer?

- A) to convince
- B) to warn
- C) to scare
- D) to argue

72. (v16-111-34) We understand from the passage that...

- A) Lightning is the most dangerous disaster.
- B) People don't need to go inside when they see a lightning.

- C) People must avoid some crucial rules.
D) There are some rules that help to avoid lightning.

73. (v16-111-35) According to the passage, when there is a lightning storm...

- A) people should try to go inside
B) it's absolutely impossible to escape from it.
C) large trees, power lines and other tall constructions must be touched.
D) all fences are metal.

74. (v16-111-36) According to the passage, which object shouldn't be avoided during the lightning storm?

- A) tall trees B) power lines
C) buildings D) metal fences

75. (v16-112-29) Read the text and answer the question below (29-32).

The English actor, comedian, and screenwriter, **Rowan Sebastian Atkinson**, was born on 6 January 1955 in Consett, County Durham, England. He is best known for his work on the sitcoms *Mr. Bean* and *Blackadder*. Atkinson has been listed in *The Observer* as one of the 50 funniest actors in British comedy and amongst the top 50 comedians ever, in a 2005 poll of fellow comedians.

Atkinson got a master's degree in Electrical Engineering at The Queen's College, Oxford. While studying at Oxford Atkinson started writing and performing his first sketches. He first appeared in Oxford revues at the *Edinburgh Festival Fringe*. Later, he started performing in theater clubs and on comedy shows for BBC Radio 3) He reached success in TV performances such as *Not the Nine O'Clock News* (1979-82), *Blackadder* (1983-89) and *The Thin Blue Line* (1995-96), but Atkinson reached worldwide fame by writing and starring the TV sitcom *Mr. Bean* (1990-95). Described by Atkinson himself *Mr. Bean* is a character that is much like "a child in a grown man's body". The series of *Mr. Bean* has enabled his character to secure a place in the popular culture of several countries.

Identify wrong statement.

- A) Atkinson got professional education in acting.
B) Atkinson is a true Englishman.
C) Atkinson was both the author and the actor of his earliest performances.
D) *Mr. Bean* became a popular character in many countries throughout the world.

76. (v16-112-30) Which program brought Atkinson the greatest success?

- A) *Edinburgh Festival Fringe*
B) BBC Radio 3
C) *Mr. Bean*
D) *Not the Nine O'Clock News*

77. (v16-112-31) Which multimedia is not mentioned in the text?

- A) television
B) internet
C) newspapers and magazines
D) radio

78. (v16-112-32) Which is not R. Atkinson's job?

- A) screenwriter
B) actor
C) journalist
D) comedian

79. (v16-113-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

On her first day at the University of Nebraska, Willa Cather was mistaken for a professor. She was only 16, fresh from a small prairie town. Yet, the students were impressed when she peeked around a classroom door and asked, "Is this elementary Greek?" They had been expecting someone like this, with a deep, commanding voice, a solemn face topped with short hair, and a straw hat. So they nodded politely, then burst into laughter when the stranger entered – and proved to be a young girl. Of course, they could not know that she would grow up to be a major American writer.

The author implies that when Willa Cather came to the university for the first time ...

- A) they were impressed by the inherent humour of elementary Greek.
B) everybody liked her bright appearance at once.
C) she was taken for philosophy teacher erroneously.
D) her groupmates' imagination occurred to have drawn a wrong picture of this girl.

80. (v16-113-22) The author of the passage implies that Willa Cather ...

- A) wasn't laughed at by other students.
B) was met with unfriendliness by the students.
C) impressed all other students with her perfect knowledge.
D) could speak fluent Greek when she came to university.

81. (v16-113-23) We can infer from the passage that ...

- A) Willa Cather's first appearance at the university impressed the other students.
B) Willa Cather's writing ability impressed the other students.
C) no one at the University of Nebraska realized Willa Cather's potential.
D) all the students immediately supposed her to become great writer.

82. (v16-113-24) The word "stranger" in the passage is opposite in meaning to ...

- A) a freshman
B) a strange person
C) a very original person
D) a familiar person

83. (v16-121-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (32-33).

The Bermuda Triangle occupies a disturbing and almost unbelievable place in the world's catalog of unexplained mysteries. More than a hundred planes and ships have vanished in this area into the air since 1945, and more than a thousand lives have been lost, without a single body or even a piece wreckage from the vanishing planes or ships having been found. Many of the planes concerned have vanished while in normal radio contact with their base until the very moment of their disappearance, while others have radioed the most extraordinary messages, implying that they could not get their instruments to function, that their compasses were spinning,

that the sky had turned yellow and hazy on a clear day, and the ocean, which was calm nearby, didn't look right without further clarification of what was wrong.

One can infer from the passage that...

- A) the mystery of the Bermuda Triangle is still unknown
B) Not any single person could survive in the Bermuda Triangle
C) Pilots rarely radio the messages about changing ocean
D) a single body or a piece wreckage from the vanishing planes or ships have been found

84. (v16-121-33) Choose the best title.

- A) The Bermuda Triangle
B) World's catalog of unexplained mysteries
C) Disappearance of planes in the Bermuda Triangle
D) Disappearance of ships in the Bermuda Triangle

85. (v16-122-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (32-33).

China has opened the world's longest glass-bottomed bridge. It connects two cliffs and is constructed 300 metres above a canyon in Hunan province. Tourists can enjoy the sight through reinforced glass panels. The total amount of 8.000 people can walk there a day.

What is the main purpose of the writer?

- A) to convince B) to warn
C) to inform D) to argue

86. (v16-122-33) According to the passage...

- A) China has opened the world's first glass-bottomed bridge.
B) The total amount of 8.000 people can drive there a day.
C) The glass-bottomed bridge is available for pedestrians.
D) Visitors can't peer into the abyss through reinforced glass panels.

87. (v16-123-11) Choose the sentence contradicting to the others.

- A) The Great Wall of China was built by different rulers at one time
B) The Great Wall of China was built by different rulers at different time
C) The Great Wall of China was built to defend the country
D) The Great Wall of China is known to be one wall.

88. (v16-123-16) Find the phrase contradicting to the others.

- A) take down B) jot down
C) make notes D) note back

89. (v16-125-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

Technology is relatively simple in many of the developing countries. Farmers work in the fields with their hands or with simple tools. Goods are carried to market in carts drawn by oxen over dirt roads. Villages are often lighted only by oil lamps and not by electricity. In factories, hand labor is more common than machinery. Clerks keep records by hand in a ledger. Schools are equipped only with chairs, desks, and a blackboard. Ships are unloaded at the docks by dozens of men and women using their

hands and not by cranes and forklifts. The reasons for this limited state of technology are evident. Education is inadequate. There is little research and development. Investment is very low. The question is what can be done to introduce modern technology into poorer countries.

According to the passage, ...

- A) many developing countries lack advanced technology.
- B) developing countries have changed notably in the last decade.
- C) poor countries force women to work.
- D) there is lack of electricity and streets in developed countries are lighted by oil lamps.

90. (v16-125-22) Which statement is not true about many developing countries according to the passage?

- A) Elementary tools are used to agriculture.
- B) Records are kept manually.
- C) Education in many cases doesn't meet requirements.
- D) Machines do all kinds of work.

91. (v16-125-23) The word "evident" in the passage is opposite in meaning to

- A) ordinary
- B) patent
- C) unclear
- D) obvious

92. (v16-125-24) It can be inferred from the passage that ...

- A) developing countries can increase their production of goods and services fast enough.
- B) developed countries have a great need for foreign money.
- C) poor countries are trapped in the vicious circle of poverty.
- D) poor countries can develop with the help of modern technology.

93. (v16-126-21) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (21-24).

The first amusement parks appeared in Europe more than 400 years ago. Their attractions included flower gardens, bowling, music, and a few simple rides. The first roller coaster in the U.S. was the Switchback Gravity Pleasure Railway. It opened in Brooklyn's Coney Island in 1884. It went all of 6 miles per hour! In 1893 the George Ferris Great Wheel was built in Chicago. The Ferris wheel weighed over 4 million pounds. It stood 264 feet high. It had 36 cars. Each one could hold 60 people! It revolved about four times an hour. In the 1920s some of the best roller coasters of all time were built. A few reached speeds of 60 miles per hour. The Great Depression in the 1930s caused many to close. But now there are plenty of roller coasters. They are faster and bigger than ever. Today the world's tallest and fastest roller coaster is the Kingda Ka. It towers up in Jackson, New Jersey, US. It goes an amazing 128 miles per hour and reaches a height of 456 feet.

According to the passage, the first roller coaster in the U.S. ...

- A) was as high as 6 miles.
- B) had 36 cars and could hold 60 people.
- C) appeared to 1893 in Brooklyn's Coney Island.
- D) was built nine years before the Great Wheel in Chicago.

94. (v16-126-22) We can understand from the passage that today the world's tallest, fastest roller coaster is in ...

- A) New York
- B) the USA
- C) Europe
- D) Chicago, Illinois

95. (v16-126-23) The Ferris Wheel was named after ...

- A) the place in which it was built.
- B) the fastest roller coaster in the world.
- C) a person.
- D) a famous film.

96. (v16-126-24) What does the word "amusement" in the passage mean?

- A) play
- B) nature
- C) entertainment
- D) surprising

97. (v17-104-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

In the middle of the ocean, there is a small island shaped like an arc. Here, monkeys play on the beach and in the trees. But how did the monkeys get there?

Once, an English admiral was exploring Africa when he found hundreds of monkeys. The admiral's character was mean. He thought, «I could sell these monkeys and become very rich! I'm going to take them to England.»

So the admiral set traps to catch the monkeys. He put stakes in the ground, tied string around them and made loops in the string. When the monkeys ran through the forest, their feet got caught in the loops, and they couldn't escape. Then the admiral put the monkeys in cages on his ship and sailed away.

The cages were small and uncomfortable. There was no soft hay for the monkeys to sleep on. Instead, they slept on branches with sharp thorns that cut into the monkeys' flesh. For dinner, he gave them tiny pieces of sour grapefruit to eat. The monkeys grew hungry and weak.

But one day, the admiral hired a new steward. He was a kind man with a good conscience. He was horrified to see the thin monkeys in the cages. So one night he let them out.

The monkeys ran and played all over the ship! They attacked the admiral and the steward and ate their food. They completely wrecked the ship. One monkey ran into a kerosene lamp, and it fell over. The ship caught fire and began to sink! The whole crew was lost except for the monkeys. After the accident, the monkeys jumped onto a raft. They floated away from the fiery blaze of the ship. In the morning, they saw a little island in the distance. The monkeys used a piece of wood as a paddle, and they went toward it. They found the island shaped like an arc. They felt so happy to find a new home, and they still live there today.

Which adjective describes the admiral's character?

- A) Generous
- B) Mean
- C) Sour
- D) Fiery

98. (v17-104-30) Where did the admiral plan to take the monkeys?

- A) To the wrecked ship
- B) To England
- C) To an island
- D) To Africa

99. (v17-104-31) What did the monkeys eat while they were in the cages?

- A) Thorns
- B) Hay
- C) Grapefruit
- D) Flesh

100. (v17-104-32) What shape was the island that the monkeys found?

- A) A paddle
- B) An arc
- C) A circle
- D) A rope

101. (v17-107-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

Today, some countries are planning to send astronauts back to Earth's closest neighbour: the moon. They want to create space stations there between 2020 and 2030. These stations will prepare humans to visit and later live on Mars or other Earth-like planets.

There are several advantages of colonizing space: for one, sending people to the Moon and Mars will allow us to learn a lot for example, whether there is life on other planets. In addition, the advances we make for space travel in the fields of science, technology, medicine, and health can also benefit us here on Earth.

But not everyone thinks sending humans into space is a smart idea. Many say it's too expensive to send people, even on a short journey. And most space trips are not short. A one-way trip to Mars, for example, would take about six months. People travelling this kind of distance face a number of health problems. Also, for many early space settlers, life would be extremely difficult. On the Moon's surface, for example the air and sun's rays very dangerous. People would have to stay indoors most of the time.

What is the main purpose of the passage?

- A) to describe what life conditions are like on the Moon.
- B) to enumerate pros and cons of human space travels.
- C) to explain the drawbacks of space travels.
- D) to count facilities of living on the Moon.

102. (v17-107-30) Between 2020 and 2030, some countries plan to send astronauts to ...

- A) Mars
- B) other Earth-like planets
- C) another solar system
- D) the Moon

103. (v17-107-31) Why are some countries creating space stations on the Moon?

- A) to prepare humans to live on other planets
- B) to learn more about human society on Earth
- C) to decrease Earth's population
- D) to get rid of some health problems

104. (v17-107-32) It can be understood from the passage that ...

- A) It is not costly journey to travel into space due to its distance.
- B) To dwell on outer space causes emerging some diseases.
- C) It is six-months travel from Mars to the Moon.
- D) All scientists find the idea of living on the Moon brilliant.

105. (v17-108-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (29-32).

A proud young man was looking for a new pastime. He heard about people hiking in

the national parks and decided to try it for himself. As he started his stroll, an old man walked up to him.

«Don't go this way», the old man said. «Beware. The paths are not clear. It's easy to become lost.»

But the young man disagreed with the old man and bragged that he had a perfect understanding of the park. «I studied maps of this area», he told him. «I believe I have a thorough knowledge of these trails. I won't become lost.»

The old man listened to the young man and then admonished him for his pride. «I have walked these trails my entire life», he said. «If you think you will be safe, then go ahead.»

The young man ignored the old man and started along the trail. Whenever he had to choose between an easy or difficult route, he always chose the more difficult option. In addition, he was not conscious of which direction he was going. After a while, he decided to return home. Because his course through the wilderness was so indirect, he had no idea where he was. He looked at his map but could not pinpoint his location. He walked one path after another but soon realized he was lost. The sun was going down, and sudden strong winds gave a hint that it might rain. Immense clouds filled the sky. Awesome sounds of thunder were audible from all directions. It echoed off the mountains. The thought of the eventual storm tormented the young man. He hurried in one direction, but soon switched out of confusion. Luckily, it led him out of the park. When he arrived home, he knew that he had acted like an idiot. He realized he was lucky to be alive. He decided to listen to people with more experience than himself.

What did the young man choose as his new pastime?

- A) Picking trails
- B) Climbing mountains
- C) Talking with old men
- D) Hiking in parks

106. (v17-108-30) Why did the old man admonish the young man?

- A) The young man was awesome
- B) The young man bragged that he was perfect
- C) The young man's route was too indirect
- D) The young man chose difficult trails

107. (v17-108-31) Why did the young man become lost?

- A) He was not conscious of where he went
- B) He pinpointed his location on his map
- C) He did not switch to an easier trail
- D) He listened to the old man's advice

108. (v17-108-32) Which of the following gave a hint of an eventual storm?

- A) The sudden strong winds
- B) The sparse clouds in the sky
- C) The weather getting colder
- D) The lightning flashing in the sky

109. (v17-109-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

In India alone over fifty thousand books come to light every year, but two thirds of them are financial failures. The books are read of course. The prosperity of the

circulating libraries is proof enough of that. But the cultured public while ready enough to borrow books, refuse to buy them. A library buys a couple of copies of a book and five hundred people borrow them. Consequently book sellers are in an unpleasant situation. If the book-selling trade should flourish, all the libraries in the country should be closed for a year. A confused public would be forced to visit the middlemen, book-seller and might discover with the year that the possess of the books is an investment as well as a pleasure. According to the passage, what is the main reason of financial failures?

- A) Fifty thousands books come to existence.
- B) Most readers are accustomed to reading books of libraries.
- C) The frequent delay of the book trade.
- D) The careless success of the circulating libraries.

110. (v17-109-34) The word «flourish» in the passage is closest in meaning to ...

- A) give
- B) borrow
- C) prosper
- D) lend

111. (v17-109-35) We understand from the passage that in India ...

- A) one library buys five hundred books to force people to read.
- B) soon the prosperity of the book-selling will be profitable for libraries.
- C) all the libraries in the country ought to be out of work.
- D) one can have books for a while without outlaying money.

112. (v17-109-36) What is the main idea of the text?

- A) Financial problems of buying books
- B) The reason of failures of selling books
- C) Projections on investing books
- D) Outlaying money on selling books

113. (v17-111-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33-36).

When early humans hunted and gathered food, they were not in control of their environment. They could only interact with their surroundings as lower organisms did. When humans learned to make fire, however, they became capable of altering their environment. To provide themselves with fuel they stripped bark from trees, causing the trees to die. Clearings were burned in forests to increase the growth of grass and to provide a greater grazing area for the wild animals that humans fed upon. This development led to farming and the domestication of animals. Fire also provided the means for cooking plants which had previously been inedible. Only when the process of meeting the basic need for food reached a certain level of sophistication it was possible for humans to follow other pursuits such as the founding of cities. Early humans didn't deal with ...

- A) discovery of fire which changed the development of mankind
- B) providing a greater grazing area for the wild animals
- C) hunting for food and pleasure
- D) farming and the domestication of animals

114. (v17-111-34) Fire also provided means for ...

- A) improving the hunting skills of early humans
- B) cooking various kinds of vegetables and insects
- C) interacting with lower organisms
- D) increasing food options for early humans

115. (v17-111-35) The author of the passage infers that early humans ...

- A) started to make their food using spices
- B) started to found cities before making fire
- C) did ate plants until they learned how to control fire
- D) gained better control of their environment when they learned to make fire

116. (v17-111-36) Choose the best definition to the word «clearing».

- A) the process of cleaning the rooms
- B) small area in a forest where there are no trees or bushes.
- C) the process of making the idea clear
- D) a very clear day or night

117. (v17-112-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (25-28).

The Latin root of the word «science» is scir. It means «to know». There are many kinds of knowledge. But to most people science usually means knowledge that can be discovered and supported. This is done by observation or experiments. All scientists use mathematics.

Math is thought by many to be both an art and a science. The branches of scientific study have four main groups. These are physical science, life science, earth science, and social science. Each branch of science has even more specific areas of study.

For example, one of the life sciences is zoology (study of animals). Zoology includes entomology (study of insects). That includes lepidopterology (study of butterflies and moths)! To answer questions about our lives, our world, and our universe, scientist must often draw from more than one discipline. Biochemists, for example, deal with the chemistry that happens inside living things. Paleontologists study the fossil remains of ancient plants and animals. Astrophysicists study matter and energy in outer space. Which of the following is a branch of life science?

- A) zoology
- B) biochemistry
- C) physics
- D) geology

118. (v17-112-26) One of the four main branch of scientific study is ...

- A) neuroscience
- B) biology
- C) social science
- D) biochemistry

119. (v17-112-27) Who studies insects?

- A) a mathematician
- B) a lepidopterologist
- C) a physicist
- D) a chemist

120. (v17-112-28) Which is not True, according to the passage?

- A) Sciences are often interconnected.
- B) Zoology studies the chemistry that happens inside living things.
- C) Mathematics is used by all scientists.
- D) Fossil remains of animals are studied by paleontologists.

121. (v17-115-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (29-32).

Naval architects never claim that a ship is unsinkable, but the sinking of the passenger-and-car ferry Estonia in the Baltic surely should have never happened. It was well designed and carefully maintained. It carried the proper number of lifeboats. It had been thoroughly inspected the day of its fatal voyage. Yet hours later, the Estonia rolled over and sank in a cold, stormy night. It went down so quickly that most of those on board, caught in their dark, flooding cabins, had no chance to save themselves. As a result only 139 survived. The rest died of hypothermia before the rescuers could pluck them from the cold sea. The final death toll amounted to 912 souls. However, there was an unpleasant number of questions about why the Estonia sank and why so many survivors were men in the prime of life, while most of the dead were women, children and the elderly.

«many survivors were men in the prime of life ...» means that ...

- A) among those survived were only elderly men
- B) among those survived were only men
- C) among those survived were many young men
- D) among those survived were only prosperous men

122. (v17-115-30) One can understand from the passage that the catastrophe of the passenger-and-car ferry Estonia in the Baltic ...

- A) made naval architects test boats better
- B) happened in a cold stormy night
- C) helped naval architects to find out the merits and faults of their work
- D) revealed the lack of lifeboats on the board

123. (v17-115-31) It's clear from the passage, that ...

- A) most of the passengers died of hypothermia
- B) there were 912 passengers on the Estonia
- C) few of the passengers were asleep
- D) there were only 139 passengers on board

124. (v17-115-32) It can be inferred from the passage, that ...

- A) a lot of people died before rescuers could help them.
- B) rescuers saved only 919 people.
- C) rescuers managed to save only women and children.
- D) rescuers managed to save all the people on board.

125. (v17-119-33) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (33–36).

In 1884, a scientist went searching for coal and oil deposits. This was in the mostly unexplored lands of western Canada. He found a huge dinosaur skull along the Red Deer River. Scientists realized it was a new dinosaur. They called it the Albertosaurus. Why? It was found near the city of Alberta. Explorers and scientists soon discovered that the area was a **treasure-house** of dinosaur remains. A mixture of mud, sand, and minerals had perfectly preserved them. More than 150 complete dinosaur skeletons have been found there thousands of individual bones have been uncovered, too. In 1955, the government created Dinosaur

Provincial Park there. This was done to display many of the skeletons and protect the remaining bones. In some parts of the park, scientists still search for bones. Visitors are not allowed to search for bones and remove them.

The park has displays of many dinosaurs, including the Styracosaurus. Its name means «spiked lizard». It was an eighteen-foot-long, six-foot-high horned species. It weighed 600 pounds. Another dinosaur the Albertosaurus was thirty feet long and weighed 4,000 pounds. It walked on two legs.

From the context of the passage, what does the word «**treasure-house**» refer to?

- A) the account where gold deposits were saved
- B) the storehouse where jewelries were kept
- C) the box where worthless junk was kept
- D) the area where fossilized parts of dinosaurs were found

126. (v17-119-34) Why was a new dinosaur called Albertosaurus?

- A) It was found near the river of Alberta.
- B) The scientist's name who found it was Alberta.
- C) It was found in the city of Alberta.
- D) It was found not far from Alberta.

127. (v17-119-35)

A mixture of mud, sand, and minerals had perfectly preserved ...

- A) treasure houses
- B) conditions for removing bones
- C) dinosaur remains
- D) explorers and scientists

128. (v17-119-36)

Where is Dinosaur Provincial Park located?

- A) In Mexico
- B) In Canada
- C) In the United States
- D) In California

129. (v17-123-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (25–28).

Did you know that the idea for trains started in Germany? In 1550, some roads in Germany had wooden rails. They ran along the road. They were called «**wagon ways**». These roads were used for wagons pulled by horses. They were easier than travelling on dirt roads.

In 1776, metal rails were made. The rails were made of iron. They were called «tramways.» They were very popular. They went all over Europe.

A man named William Jesse had an idea. He made wheels with cutout edges. These wheels helped the wagons move faster on the iron rails. The wagons were still pulled by horses. The steam engine came next.

A man named Richard Trevithick wanted to move people and things from place to place without using animals. He made the first steam engine. It could carry 10 tons of iron, 70 men, and five wagons for 9 miles in two hours.

A man named John Stevens put all of these ideas together. He is called the «father of the American railroad.» He showed how steam trains would work. He got the first charter railroad. Each new idea has made traveling easier and faster.

Who was called the «father of the American railroad»?

- A) Richard Trevithick
- B) John Stevens
- C) Orlando Bloom
- D) William Jesse

130. (v17-123-26) Which answer best describes the «**wagon ways**»?

- A) wooden rails
- B) steam engines
- C) fire wagons
- D) iron rails

131. (v17-123-27) The word «**pulled**» in the passage is opposite in meaning to ...

- A) grabbed
- B) pushed
- C) trailed
- D) dragged

132. (v17-123-28) All of the following statements are True, Except ...

- A) metal rails appeared in the second half of the 18th century.
- B) the idea for trains began in Germany.
- C) nowadays trains run very slowly and are pulled by horses.
- D) «tramways» had rails made of iron.

133. (v17-125-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below, according to the text (29–32).

When people in the U.S. moved west in covered wagons, things came slowly. Letters and news took a long time to get from one side of the country to the other. People had to wait for months to hear news from other places. Sometimes the mail took as long as one year, and other times it didn't arrive at all. The Pony Express was established in 1860 to help mail and news move quickly from one place to another. Riders brought mail and messages to people who were willing to pay for it. The Pony Express gave the riders \$100 dollars each month. Each rider had to weigh less than 55 kg. They rode in rain or snow, day or night. They often rode in very dangerous conditions. Mail carriers had to ride very fast. They would change horse every 10–15 miles at a relay station. After 100 miles, a new rider would take over. The Pony Express did not last long because it had many problems. The people who gave money to get it started did not get much money back. The letters cost too much to send. In 1862, the Pony Express ended. The Pony Express was ...

- A) a service delivering mail across the U.S.
- B) a special service using ponies instead of horses.
- C) a special service transporting furniture in the U.S.
- D) a place to keep ponies.

134. (v17-125-30) All of the following statements are True, Except ...

- A) the Pony Express riders had to be slim.
- B) the Pony Express rider had to use the same horse all the way.
- C) the Pony Express service didn't last long.
- D) the Pony Express riders had to ride very fast to deliver the mail.

135. (v17-125-31) The Pony Express riders had to weigh ...

- A) as much as they wanted
- B) less than 50 kg
- C) more than 55 kg
- D) no more than 55 kg

136. (v17-125-32) According to the passage, why was the Pony Express started?

- A) To save ponies in the United States.
- B) To teach pioneers how to ride faster.

- C) To transfer message and information quickly from place to place.
D) To give the riders a change to practice riding across the country.

137. (v17-130-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25-28).

The most famous pyramids are the Egyptian pyramids – huge structures built of brick or stone, some of which are among the world's largest constructions. They are shaped as a reference to the rays of the sun. Most pyramids had a polished, highly reflective white limestone surface, to give them a shining appearance when viewed from a distance. The capstone was usually made of hard stone – granite or basalt – and could be plated with gold, silver, or electrum and would also be highly reflective. After 2700 BC, the ancient Egyptians began building pyramids, until around 1700 B.C. The first pyramid was erected during the Third Dynasty by the Pharaoh Djoser and his architect Imhotep. This step pyramid consisted of six stacked mastabas. The largest Egyptian pyramids are those at the Giza pyramid complex. The Egyptian sun god Ra, considered the father of all pharaohs, was said to have created himself from a pyramid-shaped mound of earth before creating all other gods. What material was not used for the capstone plating?

- A) Granite B) Gold
C) Silver D) Electrum

138. (v17-130-26) Who is considered to be the father of all pharaohs?

- A) Pharaoh Djoser B) God Ra
C) Third dynasty D) All other gods

139. (v17-130-27) What is the writer's purpose?

- A) To inform B) To argue
C) To convince D) To warn

140. (v17-130-28) Choose the title

- A) Pharaoh B) Egyptians
C) God Ra D) Pyramids

141. (v18-637) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (637-669).

Most people are unaware of the fact that a new ailment has developed among subway users. Called «subway syndrome», it causes people to turn pale and cold and even to faint. Commuters misdiagnose the symptoms acute chest pains and nausea and rush to hospital emergency rooms in the belief that they are about to succumb to a heart attack. Hearing that their heart attack is only a case of nerves makes them feel better. What makes people get sick on subways? Various and sundry things. One is that they rush off to work in the morning without having eaten a proper breakfast. Sudden dizziness attacks them. A second cause is the overcrowding and ensuing feeling of claustrophobia, which brings on stress and anxiety. In addition, they are so afraid of mechanical failure, fire, and / or crime that they show signs of panic – men by having chest pains and women by becoming hysterical. Contributing especially to their stress are other factors: overcrowding of both men and women, continual increase in the numbers of passengers, and people's inability to avoid interacting with strangers. Presumably the word commuter refers to

- A) subway B) a person
C) a vehicle D) dizziness

142. (v18-638) Why do subway riders think they might be having a heart attack?

- A) They are overcrowded
B) They suffer from chest pains
C) They don't eat breakfast
D) They are afraid

143. (v18-639) According to the passage, if you don't have a good breakfast, you might get

- A) pale B) dizzy
C) afraid D) cold

144. (v18-640) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (640-642).

Yeast is one of nature's most perfect foods, since it contains more nutrients than any other food. B vitamins, choline, inositol, protein, amino acids – yeast has them all. Indisputably, liver and wheat germ are a prime source of protein and B vitamins. But how many people like the taste of liver or wheat germ? For that matter, yeast has a bitter taste, and not many people enjoy eating it. That's all in the past now. Tasty Mix Yeast Treat, blended with your favorite beverage, tastes so good that children will be clamoring for more. Be creative and add Tasty Mix to your favorite meat or vegetable dish, casserole, bread, soup, practically anything. Easy, convenient Tasty Mix Yeast Treat is one of nature's unique foods. Take advantage of it now. You can find it at any health food store or at your local supermarket.

According to the passage, wheat germ, liver, and ordinary yeast

- A) contain choline and inositol
B) taste awful
C) appeal to most people
D) blend with your favorite drink

145. (v18-641) Tasty Mix Yeast Treat is

- A) pleasant tasting mixed with other foods
B) bitter and inedible
C) an old product on the market for years
D) a mixture of tasty yeast in powder form

146. (v18-642) This passage implies that

- A) yeast tastes better than liver
B) wheat germ doesn't have as much nutrition as liver
C) yeast will give you more nutrients than any other source
D) there are substitutes equal to yeast in nutrition

147. (v18-643) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (643-645).

The Olympic Games were originated in 776 B.C. in Olympia, a small town in Greece. Participants in the first Olympiad were said to have run a 200-yard race, but as the Games were held every four years, they expanded in scope. Only Greek amateurs were allowed to participate in this festival in honor of the god Zeus. The event became a religious, patriotic, and athletic occasion where winners were honored with wreaths and special privileges. There was a profound change in the nature of the Games under the Roman emperors. After they became professional circuses and carnivals, not sport

competitions, they were banned in 394 A.D. by Emperor Theodosius. The modern Olympic Games began in Athens in 1896 as a result of the initiative of Baron Pierre de Coubertin, a French educator whose desire was to promote international understanding through athletics. Nine nations participated in the first Games; over 100 nations currently compete.

Olympic Games are held

- A) every decade
B) perennially
C) biannually
D) every four years

148. (v18-644) The first Olympic Games were held

- A) for political reasons
B) as a religious festival
C) as a professional athletes' competition
D) as an international competition

149. (v18-645) Why were the Games discontinued?

- A) The emperors hated athletes
B) The Romans did not enjoy them
C) They had ceased to be sports events.
D) Winners were getting special privileges

150. (v18-646) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (646-648).

Botulism is a form of poisoning produced by a microorganism called *Clostridium botulinum*. The word botulism originated from the Latin word botulus for sausage, in which botulism was first identified. The spores created by *C. botulinum* are not harmful, as they grow in the soil and are consumed by us regularly when we eat vegetables and fruits. However, once the spores are put in airtight containers, the spores germinate and produce botulin, a deadly poison. Foods in cans and glass or plastic jars provide the environment botulin needs to grow. The spores are averse to low temperatures and will not develop in frozen food. Furthermore, they do not thrive in acidic, salty, sweet, or dry foods. How can consumers protect themselves against botulism? Any can that is swollen at the top may be so because of pressure from gases produced by germinating spores. When opened, if the food sprays out of the can, the contents should be thrown out immediately. You should not taste it, since the tiniest bit could kill you. «If in doubt, throw it out» is the slogan to follow.

The name of this form of food poisoning comes from

- A) poisoned sausage
B) a warning slogan
C) germinating spores
D) airtight food containers

151. (v18-647) Botulism is a form of poisoning that

- A) is common
B) is often fatal
C) is relatively harmless
D) needs low temperatures to grow

152. (v18-648) What should a consumer do with a can that has a raised top?

- A) Put it in the garbage
B) Feed it to the cat
C) Take it back to the store where it was purchased
D) Open it and taste the ingredients

153. (v18-649) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (649–652).

Central heating, available in the US since the early 19th century, became popular only after the Civil War. Typically, coal-burning furnaces fuelled the early systems. The furnaces were warped and cracked, causing gases to escape, and had to be stoked frequently. It took years and countless small improvements, but by the mid-1920s the systems had become reliable and, with the emergence of oil-fired furnaces, more convenient. Natural gas, which became widely available with the building of a pipeline infrastructure after World War II, had developed into the leading fuel by 1960. Its acceptance resulted in part from its versatility – unlike oil, it can power appliances such as clothes washers and dryers, ovens, cookers and outdoor grills. Because it comes primarily from US and Canadian fields, natural gas is also less vulnerable than oil is, to war and embargo. Oil remains the predominant fuel in a few areas, such as New England, where natural gas pipelines have not yet thoroughly penetrated.

Oil users in many regions have the advantage of being able to buy a season's supply in advance at favorable rates and, in contrast to most gas users, can easily change their supplier.

We understand from the passage that the coal-burning furnaces of the early days of central heating in the US ...

- A) were soon improved and became quite convenient to use.
- B) remained exceedingly popular even after oil-fired furnaces were introduced.
- C) gave the people who used them prosperity and quiet life.
- D) caused many problems to the people who used them.

154. (v18-650) According to the passage, once natural gas became available, it rapidly became the favorite form of fuel ...

- A) because electricity is required to work most household appliances.
- B) because many different appliances could be powered by it.
- C) because there are plenty of suppliers to choose from.
- D) as it is obviously much safer and less costly than oil.

155. (v18-651) It is stated in the passage that since most of the natural gas consumed in the US is either home-produced or comes from Canada ...

- A) the system of pipelines to carry it has been easy to develop.
- B) the price is pleasingly low.
- C) people worry that the supplies might run out.
- D) war or embargo does not endanger its supply.

156. (v18-652) It's clear from the passage that oil continues to be the chief fuel in certain areas ...

- A) although it has no advantages over natural gas.
- B) but it is rapidly falling into disfavor.
- C) as it is believed to be less dangerous than natural gas.
- D) where natural gas is unavailable.

157. (v18-653) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (653–656).

In order to overcome the limits of the nine-to-five schedule and to grant workers increased independence, thousands of companies have been experimenting with flexible work hour schedules, or flexitime, with flexitime workers set their own schedules as long as the hours are compatible with company needs and are sufficient to complete assignments. Thus one worker may work from seven to three while another works from ten to six. One variation of flexitime is the four-day work week, in which workers put in four ten-hour days rather than five eight-hour days. When possible, employees are allowed to choose their days off, with many choosing three-day weekends.

The passage tells us that workers with flexitime ...

- A) are free to work whenever they want.
- B) must still complete their work.
- C) usually enjoy working the traditional nine-to-five schedule
- D) always work four days a week instead of five.

158. (v18-654) It is stated in the passage that one advantage of flexitime is ...

- A) to compel workers into working ten-hour days.
- B) to allow a more flexible dress code.
- C) to give workers more free time.
- D) to make workers complete their assignments on time.

159. (v18-655) We can conclude that one reason a worker might choose flexitime is ...

- A) to get a longer weekend in return for longer working days
- B) to be able to work longer hours and impress his or her boss
- C) to earn more money by working more overtime hours
- D) to avoid the rush-hour traffic by commuting at different hours from the majority

160. (v18-656) The word «grant» in the text is closest in meaning to ...

- A) conform
- B) reduce
- C) give
- D) reject

161. (v18-657) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (657–659).

Dolphins are regarded as the friendliest creatures in the sea and stories of them helping drowning sailors have been common since Roman times. The more we learn about dolphins, the more we realize that their society is more complex than people previously imagined. They look after other dolphins when they are ill, care for pregnant mothers and protect the weakest in the community, as we do. Some scientists have suggested that dolphins have a language but it is much more probable that they communicate with each other without needing words. Could any of these mammals be more intelligent than man? Certainly the most common argument in favor of man's superiority over them that we can kill them more easily than they can kill us is the least satisfactory. On the contrary, the more we

discover about these remarkable creatures, the less we appear superior when we destroy them.

It is clear from the passage that dolphins ...

- A) don't want to be with us as much as we want to be with them
- B) are proven to be less intelligent than once thought
- C) have a reputation for being friendly to humans
- D) are the most powerful creatures that live in the oceans

162. (v18-658) The fact that the writer of the passage thinks that we can kill dolphins more easily than they can kill us ...

- A) means that they are better adapted to their environment than we are
- B) shows that dolphins have a very sophisticated form of communication
- C) proves that dolphins are not the most intelligent species at sea
- D) does not mean that we are superior to them

163. (v18-659) One can infer from the reading that ...

- A) dolphins have some social traits that are similar to those of humans
- B) communication is the most fascinating aspect of the dolphins
- C) dolphins have skills that no other living creatures have such as the ability to think
- D) it is not usual for dolphins to communicate with each other

164. (v18-660) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (660–662).

The Bermuda Triangle occupies a disturbing and almost unbelievable place in the world's catalog of unexplained mysteries. More than a hundred planes and ships have vanished in this area into the air since 1945, and more than a thousand lives have been lost, without a single body or even a piece wreckage from the vanishing planes or ships having been found. Many of the planes concerned have vanished while in normal radio contact with their base until the very moment of their disappearance, while others have radioed the most extraordinary messages, implying that they could not get their instruments to function, that their compasses were spinning, that the sky had turned yellow and hazy on a clear day, and the ocean, which was calm nearby, didn't look right without further clarification of what was wrong.

One can infer from the reading that ...

- A) the wrecks of some ships and planes have been found in the Bermuda Triangle
- B) the number of incidents involving lost ships is no larger than that of any other heavily traveled region of the world
- C) the ships, and the planes couldn't contact with their base due to the lack of equipment.
- D) the first mention of disappearances in the area was made in 1945

165. (v18-661) It is pointed out in the passage that ...

- A) thousands of people lost their lives in the Bermuda Triangle in 1945
- B) all of the disappearances happened during the day time
- C) the Bermuda Triangle mystery was solved in 1945

D) most of the missing planes could contact with their base by their own special means until the very moment of disappearing

166. (v18-662) The reading mainly deals with

- A) why so many ships and planes disappear in the Bermuda Triangle
- B) the mysterious disappearances of ships and planes in the Bermuda Triangle
- C) the location of the Bermuda Triangle
- D) the frequency of the disappearances in the Bermuda Triangle

167. (v18-663) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (663-665).

An ultralight airplane is very different from a conventional airplane. It looks like a lawn chair with wings, weighs no more than 254 pounds, flies up to 60 miles an hour, and carries about 5 gallons of fuel. Most ultralights are sold as kits and take about 40 hours to assemble. Flying an ultralight is so easy that a pilot with no experience can fly one. Accidents are rarely fatal or even serious because the ultralight lands so slowly and gently and carries so little fuel. Some models now have parachutes attached, while others have parachute packs which pilots can wear.

According to the passage, pilots

- A) don't need a special training to fly an ultralight airplane
- B) can weigh up to 250 pounds, depending on the model of the ultralight airplane
- C) don't think that their ultralight airplanes are simple to use
- D) are reluctant to put their ultralights together

168. (v18-664) We learn from the passage that an ultra light airplane

- A) provides the only opportunity to fly affordably
- B) doesn't fly very well if it weighs less than 254 pounds
- C) is inexpensive but difficult to fly
- D) can be put together in a short time

169. (v18-665) It is pointed out in the reading that

- A) there is more risk involved in flying ultralight aeroplanes than in flying general aviation aircraft
- B) ultralight airplanes can remain airborne for more than an hour
- C) the risk of injury to a passenger in an ultralight airplane is very low
- D) the gear an ultralight airplane carries can be more fragile than traditional equipment

170. (v18-666) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (666-668).

When early humans hunted and gathered food, they were not in control of their environment. They could only interact with their surroundings as lower organisms did. When humans learned to make fire, however, they became capable of altering their environment. To provide themselves with fuel they stripped bark from trees, causing the trees to die. Clearings were burned in forests to increase the growth of grass and to provide a greater grazing area for the wild animals that humans fed upon.

This development led to farming and the domestication of animals. Fire also provided the means for cooking plants which had previously been inedible. Only when the process of meeting the basic need for food reached a certain level of sophistication was it possible for humans to follow other pursuits such as the founding of cities.

This passage is mainly concerned with

- A) the evolution of farming techniques
- B) the role of hunting as a source of food
- C) how the discovery of fire changed the development of mankind
- D) basic food-gathering techniques of early humans

171. (v18-667) One can infer from the passage that the discovery of how to make fire

- A) improved the hunting skills of early humans
- B) caused early humans to interact with their surroundings as lower organisms did
- C) taught early humans how to live with lower organisms
- D) increased alimentary options for early humans

172. (v18-668) As we understand from the passage, early humans

- A) didn't eat plants before they learned how to control fire
- B) used fire as a tool to alter their surroundings
- C) gained better control of their environment when they learned to live with lower organisms
- D) started to maintain their food supply by hunting and gathering food when they started cooking with fire

173. (v18-669) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (669-671).

The Great Hanshin earthquake, or the Kobe earthquake as it is more commonly known overseas, was an earthquake in Japan that measured 7.2 on the Japanese Scale. It occurred on January 17, 1995 at 5:46 am 52 seconds in the southern part of Hyogo Prefecture and lasted for approximately 20 seconds. The epicenter of the earthquake was on the northern end of Awaji Island, near the cosmopolitan city of Kobe with a population of 1.5 million. A total of 6,433 people, mainly in the city of Kobe, lost their lives. Additionally, it caused approximately ten trillion yen in damage. It is listed in the Guinness Book of Records as the costliest natural disaster. It was the worst earthquake in Japan since the Great Kanto earthquake in 1923, which claimed 140,000 lives. It is stated in the passage that the number of deaths in the city of Kobe

- A) was greater than that of Hurricane Katrina
- B) was not as high as in the Great Kanto earthquake
- C) exceeded that of any known earthquake
- D) was extremely high for an earthquake of this magnitude

174. (v18-670) According to the passage, the Kobe earthquake is listed in the Guinness Book of Records because

- A) it has been the highest magnitude earthquake recorded so far
- B) it lasted less than 20 seconds

C) it caused more financial damage than any other natural disaster in the world
D) the city of Kobe suffered the highest number of deaths among affected regions

175. (v18-671) We understand from the passage that the Kobe earthquake

- A) is internationally known as the Great Hanshin earthquake
- B) didn't cause any damage in the neighborhood of Kobe
- C) was the first to cause widespread and serious damage to modern buildings
- D) is not the deadliest earthquake in the history of Japan

176. (v18-672) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (672-673).

Obese people don't want pity and we don't want anything but a hand up so we can get back to work. Some of us would like to contribute and even pay taxes again but we need some assistance. There are all kinds of programs assisting young people to go to school, like student loans and grants. This really large group of our population could benefit from some sort of program that might involve education, liposuction, special footwear, and a part-time personal trainer who would develop individualized solutions for each person. Let's get some intelligent kind of operation going. Let's develop a war on fat.

According to the passage, the obese people want

- A) a lot of money to live without working
- B) assistance to live a normal life
- C) some hospitals for cosmetic surgeries to remove their fats
- D) to pay taxes for everything that they buy

177. (v18-673) It's understood from the passage that an assistance program

- A) may consist of education, liposuction or special footwear
- B) will provide a lot of money to the fats
- C) will be available next year
- D) is use in all over the country

178. (v18-674) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (674-676).

Parents teach their children to be fearful and cautious of specific dangers, such as fire or crossing the road. Anxiety can be useful, because it helps protect the child from harm. However, children can be fearful of situations or objects that adults don't consider threatening. The sources of fear may change as the child matures; for example, a fear of the dark or monsters under the bed may give way to fears of burglary or violence. Tactics that don't work include teasing the child for being afraid, or compelling them to confront fearful situations. Helping the child to deal with fear includes taking their feelings seriously, encouraging them to talk about their anxieties, telling them the facts, and giving them the opportunity to confront their fears at their own pace and with your support.

It is stated in the article that

- A) the fears of the childhood can lead to some other fears in the adulthood
- B) the best way to avoid fears during childhood is to ignore them

- C) every single child has a fear of burglary and violence
D) making fun of the child's fears is the best way to get rid of them

179. (v18-675) It is clear from the passage that forcing the child to face his fears directly

- A) works when the child isn't eager to talk about his fears
B) helps the child to learn the facts and realities
C) is not a good way to follow
D) can be useful with same trivial fears

180. (v18-676) It can be understood from the article that adults

- A) prefer to cope with difficult situations at their own pace
B) should talk to the child about his fears in an open and honest way
C) may have same fears but may not be aware of them
D) do not want to talk about their own fears unlike children

181. (v18-677) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (677-679).

Many women in Western society, aware of the power of names to influence identity, are aware that choosing how to identify themselves after marriage can be a significant decision. They may follow the tradition of taking their husband's last name, hyphenate their own name and their husband's, or keep their birth name. One fascinating survey reveals that a woman's choice is likely to reveal a great deal about herself and her relationship with her husband. Women who take their husband's name place the most importance on relationships. On the other hand, women who keep their birth names put their personal concerns ahead of relationships and social expectations. Female forms of address influence others' perceptions as well. Research conducted in the late 1980s showed that women who choose the title Ms give the impression of being more achievement oriented, socially self-confident, and dynamic but less interpersonally warm than counterparts who prefer the more traditional forms Miss or Mrs. According to the passage, women who take their husband's name

- A) are achievement oriented
B) give importance to their relationship
C) are considered somewhat selfish by others
D) are usually the dominant partner in the marriage

182. (v18-678) We conclude from the passage that the names and titles women choose after getting married

- A) actually reveal a lot about themselves
B) concern others, especially their husbands, a great deal
C) have nothing to do with how women perceive their relationships with their husbands
D) have caused a great concern in Western societies since 1980s

183. (v18-679) It is stated in the passage that women who use the title Ms

- A) are generally very warm and sensitive
B) tend to be traditional in their outlook regarding marriage

C) like to show that they are more achievement oriented

D) are somewhat considered as selfish by others

184. (v18-680) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (680-682).

Tea had a reputation for being both safe and almost always beneficial. However, scientists are now suggesting that tea may not be as safe as we had previously believed. Tea contains caffeine, and caffeine has been linked to sleeplessness and to the unpleasant jumpy feeling some people get when stressed. More seriously, there is a link between miscarriages, and pregnant women are advised to reduce their intake of tea until after their baby is born. Due to its critical side-effects, some people who like tea choose to be safer and drink a beverage from which the caffeine has been removed, decaffeinated tea, but many claim that it simply doesn't taste right. The reasonable thing to do is probably moderation; continue to enjoy a cup of tea, but don't have too many!

As it is pointed out in the passage, tea used to be considered to be

- A) having no damaging effect on people's health
B) beneficial in moderation
C) more dangerous than alcohol
D) causing jumpy feeling if drunk excessively

185. (v18-681) According to the passage, tea can be dangerous because it

- A) causes people to suffer from stress more than ever
B) makes all drinkers nervous and unable to sleep
C) reduces miscarriages if it is drunk too much by a pregnant woman
D) may cause losing your baby before he / she is born

186. (v18-682) The writer points out that the best solution is to drink

- A) decaffeinated tea
B) instant coffee
C) tea in moderation
D) other beverages like hot chocolate

187. (v18-683) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (683-685).

The sad situation of the homeless remains a problem. It is difficult to estimate how many people are homeless because the number depends on how the homeless are defined. There are street people - those who sleep in bus stations, parks, and other areas. Many of these people are youthful runaways. There are the so-called sheltered homeless - those who sleep in government supported or privately funded shelters. Many of these individuals used to live with their families or friends. While street people are almost always single, the sheltered homeless include numerous families with children. Conservatives argue that many homeless are alcoholics, drug users, or mentally ill. In contrast, many liberals argue that homelessness is caused by a reduction in welfare benefits and by excessively priced housing. They want more shelters to be built for the homeless.

We can understand from the reading that the number of homeless people

- A) is not so great as many people think
B) is on the increase in many countries
C) is counted annually
D) is difficult to know

188. (v18-684) According to the passage, liberals

- A) think that the problem of homelessness cannot be solved
B) want more shelters for the homeless
C) are of the opinion that most homeless people are mentally ill
D) want the government to ban sleeping on park benches

189. (v18-685) It is clearly stated in the reading that the sheltered homeless

- A) are mostly youthful runaways
B) sleep in parks or in bus stations
C) can have families with children
D) are generally drug users and alcoholics

190. (v19/20-101-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

Chess is called the game of kings. It has been around for a long time. People have been playing it for over 500 years. Chess is based on an even older game from India. The chess we play today is from Europe.

Some people think that chess is more than a game. They think that it makes the mind stronger. Good chess players use their brains. They take their time. They think about what will happen next. These skills are useful in life and in chess. Chess is kind of a workout for the mind.

You don't always have lots of time to think where playing chess. There is a type of chess with short time limits. It's called blitz chess. In blitz chess, each player gets ten minutes to use for the whole game. Your clock runs during your turn. You hit the time clock after your move. This stops your clock. It also starts the other player's clock. If you run out of time, you lose. Games of blitz chess are fast-paced.

Where did the game that chess is based on come from?

- A) Not known
B) America
C) India
D) Europe

191. (v19/20-101-20) Which is not a reason that chess is a good workout for the mind according to the text?

- A) Good chess players take their time.
B) Good chess players use their brains.
C) Good chess players take a lot of risks.
D) Good chess players think about what will happen next.

192. (v19/20-101-21) How long have people been playing chess?

- A) Over 5000 years
B) Over 500 years
C) Over 1000 years
D) Over 100 years

193. (v19/20-101-22) How is blitz chess different from regular chess?

- A) Players start from a random position.
B) Players only have ten minutes to play.
C) Players are blindfolded.
D) Each player has two kings.

194. (v19/20-101-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27–30).

The Pilgrims came to the New World to find a new life. They did not know how hard it would be. They did not know they would live in such wilderness.

The land needed clearing. Rocks and trees were pulled from the ground. Logs from the trees were used to make homes and furniture. Scraps became firewood. Crops had to be planted and barns had to be built. The Pilgrims had to build the barns before they built their own homes. Otherwise the animals wouldn't survive the long winter. The first homes were little more than holes dug in the ground. The dirt was cold and damp, and the fires filled the homes with smoke.

Eventually, the Pilgrims made houses out of wood. They used axes to chop trees and strip bark off the logs. They cut notches in the wood to help lock the logs together. Each house was just one room in which the whole family cooked, ate, and slept. The homes all had a fireplace in the room that was used for heat and light. There was no electricity. When the Pilgrims came to America, they faced challenges they had never imagined.

The given passage is mainly about ...

- A) hardships of the Pilgrims
- B) the life of the rich in America
- C) hard life of the Pilgrims in England
- D) the importance of the fireplace

195. (v19/20-101-28) According to the passage, houses of the Pilgrims were ...

- A) made of wood
- B) built by the Native Americans
- C) built of wood and brick
- D) full of guests

196. (v19/20-101-29) It is obvious in the passage that the fireplace was used ...

- A) for decoration
- B) for illumination
- C) for cooking food and cleaning
- D) as a place to make candles

197. (v19/20-101-30) The word «wilderness» in the passage probably means ...

- A) an uninhabited place not yet touched by humans.
- B) hard conditions in modern civilization.
- C) a place in a big city where poor people live.
- D) a wild park full of animals and fish.

198. (v19/20-103-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23–26).

Milpa Alta is a region of twelve villages and towns to the south of Mexico City. In Milpa Alta, traditions are still very important and one of the most famous traditional events is a community meal. It takes place every Christmas and is called La Rejunta. More than a meal, it's a feast, where about sixty thousand tamales and fifteen thousand liters of hot chocolate are made and consumed. Tamales are made from corn. The feast is offered to the people who go on the long walk to El Señor de Chalma about 80 kilometers away. It's an important event on the religious calendar for local people.

The planning and organization of La Rejunta takes the whole year. Every year, different people are given the job of majordomo, which means they're responsible for organizing the meal. There's a waiting list for the opportunity to do this and currently the next available year is 2046. This year's majordomos are Virginia Meza Torres and her husband Fermin Lara Jimenez, who put their names on the list 14 years ago.

What is the article about?

- A) Traditions in Mexico.
- B) Farming in Milpa Alta.
- C) Daily life in Mexico.
- D) Villages of Mexico.

199. (v19/20-103-24) La Rejunta takes place ...

- A) in Mexico City
- B) every fortnight
- C) in several villages
- D) once a year

200. (v19/20-103-25) How do people get to El señor de Chalma?

- A) on a bike
- B) on foot
- C) by bus
- D) by car

201. (v19/20-103-26) According to the text, which sentence is true?

- A) Not many people want to be majordomos.
- B) It takes a week to organize La Rejunta
- C) Virginia Meza Torres has been a majordomo for 14 years.
- D) People wait a long time to be majordomos.

202. (v19/20-104-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19–22).

You may not realize this, but there are more bacteria in your body than stars in our entire galaxy. This fascinating universe of bacteria inside of us is an integral part of our health, and our technology is evolving so rapidly that today we can program these bacteria like we program computers.

The growing colony of bacteria that you see here is about the width of a human hair. Now, what you can't see is that our genetic program instructs these bacteria to each produce small molecules, and these molecules travel between the thousands of individual bacteria telling them when to turn on and off.

And I decided to explore how we can program bacteria to detect and treat diseases in our bodies like cancer. One of the surprising facts about bacteria is that they can naturally grow inside of tumors. This happens because typically tumors are areas where the immune system has no access, and so bacteria find these tumors and use them as a safe haven to grow and thrive. Now, since these bacteria specifically localize to tumors, we've been programming them to not only detect cancer but also to treat cancer by producing therapeutic molecules from within the tumor environment that shrink the existing tumors, and we've been doing this using quorum sensing programs like you saw in the previous movies.

Our ability to program bacteria and program life opens up new horizons in cancer research, and to share this vision, I worked

with artist Vik Muniz to create the symbol of the universe, made entirely out of bacteria or cancer cells. Ultimately, my hope is that the beauty and purpose of this microscopic universe can inspire new and creative approaches for the future of cancer research. (Taken from TEDTALKS, TAL DANINO «Programming bacteria to detect cancer (and maybe treat it)»)

- A) 10000000
- B) 1000000
- C) uncountable number
- D) not so many as the stars in galaxy

203. (v19/20-104-20) Find the sentence that summarizes the main idea

- A) Computer programming can detect or even treat the cancer
- B) Computer program can treat cancer in the nearest future
- C) Computers will program our diseases
- D) Cancer will never be treated fully

204. (v19/20-104-21) What does Vik Muniz do?

- A) this information about him is not given
- B) blue-collar worker
- C) he paints
- D) artist

205. (v19/20-104-22) What can bacteria do inside the tumour?

- A) multiply
- B) grow
- C) die
- D) freeze

206. (v19/20-104-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27–30).

What's ended up happening over the past few decades is the kind of coverage that you had as a head of state or as a great celebrity is now being applied to you every day by all these people who are Tweeting, blogging, following you, watching your credit scores and what you do to yourself. And electronic tattoos also shout.

So lesson number one: Sisyphus. He did a horrible thing, condemned for all time to roll this rock up, it would roll back down, roll back up, roll back down. It's a little like your reputation. Once you get that electronic tattoo, you're going to be rolling up and down for a long time, so as you go through this stuff, just be careful what you post.

Myth number two: Orpheus, wonderful guy, charming to be around, great partier, great singer, loses his beloved, charms his way into the underworld, only person to charm his way into the underworld, charms the gods of the underworld, they release his beauty on the condition he never look at her until they're out.

Lesson number three: Atalanta. Greatest runner. She would challenge anybody if you won, she would marry you. If you lost, you died. How did Hippomenes beat her? Well, he had all these wonderful little golden apples, and she'd run ahead, and he'd roll a little golden apple.

Last lesson, from a Latin American: This is the great poet Jorge Luis Borges. When he was threatened by the thugs of the Argentine military junta, he came back and said, «Oh, come on, how else can you threaten, other than with death?»

(Taken from TEDTALKS, JUAN ENRIQUEZ «Your online life, permanent as a tattoo»)

- A) Both affect our lives
- B) Just he likes tattoos
- C) He likes using web pages
- D) There is no information about that

207. (v19/20-104-28) Find the antonym for the word «permanent»

- A) difficult
- B) long-lasting
- C) easy
- D) short-lasting

208. (v19/20-104-29) How many lessons did the author use?

- A) 2
- B) 3
- C) 4
- D) 1

209. (v19/20-104-30) Which of the Gods the author didn't mention in the text?

- A) Atlanta
- B) Zeus
- C) Orpheus
- D) Sisyphus

210. (v19/20-105-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

A onetime illustrator, Winslow Homer painted in a careful, clear, accurately detailed, and convincing manner Homer worked on "Breezing Up" at intervals over a period of three years. It was the result of intense study, and it grew out of two earlier studies of the scene, a watercolor and a small oil painting. Sun-bronzed boys in their weather beaten clothes were a common sight in New England in Homer's time, as were fishermen like the one in the red jacket, shown crouching as he holds the mainsheet. In the rising wind, the boys have positioned themselves to counter balance the tilt of the boat as it speeds along in a choppy sea. The lad stretched full length by the mast seems oblivious to the spray of the bow waves; the boy beside him, silhouetted against the sky, holds onto the coaming. The light that highlights the figures of the sailors also illuminates the scales of the fish in the bottom of the boat. The picture gives us a sense of the pleasure and independence of sailing.

According to the passage, Winslow Homer's style of painting can best be described as ...

- A) precise
- B) complicated.
- C) abstract
- D) amusing

211. (v19/20-105-20) According to the passage, the painting "Breezing Up" was the result of ...

- A) a short burst of inspiration
- B) periods of work over several years
- C) three years of continuous work
- D) a lifetime of studying the sea

212. (v19/20-105-21) The boys in the painting have assumed their positions to ...

- A) hold onto the fishing nets
- B) enjoy the spray of the waves
- C) prevent the boat from overturning
- D) keep the mast in the correct place

213. (v19/20-105-22) It can be inferred from the passage that the title of the painting refers to the ...

- A) boat's appearance
- B) rising wind
- C) boat's angle
- D) light's source

214. (v19/20-105-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

Chen Lee was a school teacher in Honan, in China. Chen had a beautiful white cat, and he loved her very much. But a very sad thing happened one day. A rich man's car ran over the cat, and that was the end of her. Chen ran out on to the road.

«Oh, you poor, dear!» he cried. «What shall I do without you? You were the light of my life.»

People stopped and cried with Chen. The rich man stopped his car and came back. He put his arms around Chen and said: «I'm very, very sorry about this accident. Please, let me give you some money.»

«You couldn't buy that cat for all the money in China!» Chen exclaimed. «She was a wonderful pupil. I taught her once a day. That cat could talk, sir!»

«Will you forgive me if I give you three hundred pounds. Is it enough? Can we be friends now?» the man said. Chen took the money. «Thank you,» he said. «I'll get another cat.»

The rich man went away in his car.

What was Chen's job?

- A) he bought and sold cats.
- B) he was a rich businessman.
- C) he was a teacher.
- D) he taught cats.

215. (v19/20-105-24) What was «the end» of Chen's cat?

- A) she began to learn
- B) Chen sold her to a rich man
- C) she died in an accident
- D) her lessons stopped

216. (v19/20-105-25) Why did the people stop and cry with Chen? Because ...

- A) his cat was dead.
- B) they didn't like the rich man.
- C) they were poor.
- D) the cat was a wonderful pupil.

217. (v19/20-105-26) How many lessons did the cat have?

- A) one lesson every day
- B) no lessons at all
- C) three hundred
- D) many difficult lessons

218. (v19/20-106-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27-30).

What I want to share with you today is how we've used satellite data to find an ancient Egyptian city, called Ijtawy, missing for thousands of years. Ijtawy was ancient Egypt's capital for over four hundred years, at a period of time called the Middle Kingdom, about four thousand years ago. The site is located in the Faiyum of Egypt, and the site is really important, because in the Middle Kingdom there was this great renaissance for ancient Egyptian art, architecture and religion. Egyptologists have always known the site of Ijtawy was located somewhere near the pyramids of the two kings who built it, indicated within the red circles here, but somewhere within this massive flood plain. This area is huge – it's four miles by three miles in size. The Nile used to flow right next to the city of Ijtawy, and as it shifted and changed and moved

over time to the east, it covered over the city. So we collaborated with Egyptian scientists to do coring work, which you see here. When I say coring, it's like ice coring, but instead of layers of climate change, you're looking for layers of human occupation. And, five meters down, underneath a thick layer of mud, we found a dense layer of pottery. What this shows is that at this possible location of Ijtawy, five meters down, we have a layer of occupation for several hundred years, dating to the Middle Kingdom, dating to the exact period of time we think Ijtawy is. We also found work stone – carnelian, quartz and agate that shows that there was a jeweler's workshop here. These might not look like much, but when you think about the most common stones used in jewelry from the Middle Kingdom, these are the stones that were used.

(Taken from TEDTALKS, SARAH PARCAK «Archaeology from space»)

- A) She found the layer of human occupation.
- B) She found the layer of climate change.
- C) They found the butcher shop.
- D) They found the bones of early people.

219. (v19/20-106-28) What is «Ijtawy» is?

- A) tribe
- B) city
- C) river
- D) castle

220. (v19/20-106-29) What didn't the archeologist find?

- A) quartz
- B) agate
- C) the skeletons
- D) mud

221. (v19/20-106-30) What does the author do?

- A) unemployed
- B) historian
- C) teacher
- D) archeologist

222. (v19/20-107-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27-30).

We are all born with a number of instinctive physical reactions, things we do automatically, which are called primitive reflexes. One of the most interesting is called «grasp reflex». If you touch the palm of a baby's hand, the fingers will close around, whatever object is doing the touching. The baby's grip is so strong that if a baby grasps a rod with both hands, it can be lifted right off the ground.

Some psychologists think that this goes back to our evolutionary past when we had to be able to hang on to tree branches or to our mother's fur as she moved. The reflex disappears at about six months of age.

We understand from the passage that primitive reflexes ...

- A) are a way of lifting babies off the ground.
- B) are concentrated in the palm of a baby's hand.
- C) sometimes disappear after six months.
- D) are things which we do automatically from the time we are born.

223. (v19/20-107-28) It is clear from the passage that ...

- A) only people living in primitive conditions have reflexes.
- B) until six months of age babies think their mothers have fur.

C) some human babies are good at hanging on to tree branches in current time.
D) very young babies are sometimes stronger than we might think.

224. (v19/20-107-29) The word rod can be replaced with ...

- A) metal
- B) a tree branch
- C) a stick
- D) fur

225. (v19/20-107-30) Find the incorrect statement.

- A) Some people maintain the grasp reflex until their old age.
- B) The grasp reflex can be triggered off by touching the baby's palm.
- C) Some of our physical reactions are inborn.
- D) Some primitive reflexes are probably associated with our evolutionary past.

226. (v19/20-108-1) Choose the correct answer.

Saadat's been to the opera ...

- A) last year
- B) many times
- C) 2 days ago
- D) yesterday

227. (v19/20-109-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

I started a collaboration with a friend of mine, Bart Hess – he doesn't normally look like this – and we used ourselves as models. We transformed our apartments into our laboratories, and worked in a very spontaneous and immediate way. We were creating visual imagery provoking human evolution. Whilst I was at Philips, we discussed this idea of a maybe technology, something that wasn't either switched on or off, but in between. A maybe that could take the form of a gas or a liquid. And I became obsessed with this idea of blurring the perimeter of the body, so you couldn't see where the skin ended and the near environment started. I set up my studio in the red-light district and obsessively wrapped myself in plumbing tubing, and found a way to redefine the skin and create this dynamic textile. I was introduced to Robyn, the Swedish pop star, and she was also exploring how technology coexists with raw human emotion. And she talked about how technology with these new feathers, this new face paint, this punk, the way that we identify with the world, and we made this music video. I'm fascinated with the idea of what happens when you merge biology with technology, and I remember reading about this idea of being able to reprogram biology, in the future, away from disease and aging. I worked with a synthetic biologist, and I created a swallowable perfume, which is a cosmetic pill that you eat and the fragrance comes out through the skin's surface when you perspire. It completely blows apart the way that perfume is, and provides a whole new format. It's perfume coming from the inside out. It redefines the role of skin, and our bodies become an atomizer.

(Taken from TEDTALKS, LUCY MCRAE
«How can technology transform the human body?»)

- A) She talks about human evolution
- B) She talks about changes in appearance over time
- C) She talks how it is important to be beautiful
- D) She doesn't give the information about that

228. (v19/20-109-24) What is swallowable perfume?

- A) It is a perfume which is toxic
- B) It the perfume which you drink
- C) It is kind of pill, which gives the scent into your body
- D) None of the answers is right

229. (v19/20-109-25) The author tend to ...

- A) make all people happy and young
- B) find the anti-age treatment
- C) make all people different
- D) find the combination between biology and technology in order to live longer and not becoming old

230. (v19/20-109-26) Find the synonym for the word «perspire»

- A) drink
- B) sweat
- C) swallow
- D) smell

231. (v19/20-110-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

There are wild dogs and pet dogs. Pet dogs are helpers and friends to people. There were no pet dogs 15,000 years ago. Men and women learned how to work with dogs. Dogs helped humans travel from Asia to North America 10,000 years ago by pulling sleds in the snow. People say dogs are «man's best friend». They help with farming, hunting, fishing. They can pull things for people. They can help find things. There are many colors of dogs. A dog's fur can be short or long. They have curly hair or straight fur. There are very small dogs. They are only 20 centimeters tall. There are very big dogs. They are about 95 centimeters tall. Some dogs can see well, some do not see very well. All dogs can hear well. They can hear sounds that people cannot hear. They can hear high sounds and low sounds. They can hear sound very far away. All dogs can smell very well. They can smell 40 times better than humans! Dogs live 5 to 13 years, but some dogs live much longer. One dog lived to be 24 years old! What is True according to the passage?

- A) Wild dogs are helpers and friends to people
- B) Hunters and fishermen use dogs' help
- C) Dogs help people find work
- D) All dogs can smell, hear and see very well

232. (v19/20-110-20) The oldest dog lived ...

- A) thirteen years
- B) about a quarter of a century
- C) 24 years ago
- D) in comfortable conditions for many years

233. (v19/20-110-21) Dogs helped people to ...

- A) see and hear well
- B) find the way from Asia to Australia
- C) move to another continent
- D) pull sleds in the snow of Siberia

234. (v19/20-110-22) Another word for humans is ...

- A) people
- B) person
- C) animal
- D) dog

235. (v19/20-110-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27-30).

Having reached the highest point of our route according to plan, we discovered something the map had not told us. It was impossible to climb down into the King valley. The river lay deep between mountain sides that were almost vertical. We couldn't find any animal tracks, which usually show the best way across country, and the slopes were covered so thickly with bushes that we could not see the nature of the ground. We had somehow to break through to the river which would give us our direction.

Our guide cut a narrow path through the bushes. Progress was slow. There was no path alongside the waterfall and no way round it.

Then the guide saw a fallen tree lying upside down over the waterfall. He climbed down the trunk to show us how easy it was. Having got to the fork of the tree, he moved hand over hand along a branch for four or five feet with his legs hanging in space, then he dropped onto the flat bank the other side, and cheerfully waved us on.

Having reached the highest point on their route, the travelers expected to be able to ...

- A) get down to the river without much difficulty.
- B) approach the river from a different direction.
- C) track animals to the river.
- D) put away the maps they had been using.

236. (v19/20-110-28) The traveler wanted to get to the river because ...

- A) it was a pleasant day to swim.
- B) it was time for them to go fishing.
- C) it would lead them to the waterfall.
- D) it would show them which way to go.

237. (v19/20-110-29) One reason why the travelers took so long to get to the river was that ...

- A) there was no proper path.
- B) they could follow the animal tracks.
- C) they all tried to go different ways.
- D) it was too hot to move quickly.

238. (v19/20-110-30) To get past the waterfall, the guide had to ...

- A) slide down a steep river bank.
- B) swing across the river from a high branch.
- C) use a fallen tree as a kind of bridge.
- D) wave cheerfully.

239. (v19/20-111-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

Have you ever wondered how the land pioneers lived without grocery stores? Trading posts helped families survive. Forts were built along the Oregon Trail. Each fort had a trading post. It was like a grocery store and department store put together. The trading post was a place for the tired travelers to stop and rest. Trading posts stocked things the settlers needed. It was also a place to meet new people and hear any news. The pioneers could buy rifles and bullets at the trading post. Food, such as dried meat, beans, eggs, and coffee could be bought at a trading post. To travel safely, wagons were kept in good repair. Wagon

parts, wood, hammers, saws, ropes, and chains were sold at the trading post. Prices at the trading posts were high. Pioneers were willing to pay for things they needed. Without trading posts, many travelers would never have made it to the end of the trail.

What is this text mainly about?

- A) General stores where people could buy necessary things.
- B) Trading posts stocked with the things scientists needed
- C) Pioneers of the land and their adventures.
- D) Safe traveling in well-equipped wagons.

240. (v19/20-111-20) All of the following statements are False, Except ...

- A) food items in the trading posts were inexpensive for the pioneers.
- B) traders made no profit on the Oregon Trail.
- C) travelers couldn't find needed equipment for wagons.
- D) trading posts were very important for survival on the Oregon Trail.

241. (v19/20-111-21) This passage was probably written to ...

- A) persuade the reader to buy from a trading post.
- B) inform the reader about the prices of items at the trading posts.
- C) give the reader some information about trading posts.
- D) entertain the reader with events which occurred at a trading post.

242. (v19/20-111-22) According to the passage, the travelers on the Oregon Trail were called ...

- A) traders
- B) businessmen
- C) hunters
- D) pioneers

243. (v19/20-111-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

Camping can be lots of fun Activities you might enjoy on a camping trip include hiking, biking, fishing, rafting, canoeing, sailing, horseback riding, and swimming You don't have to go far to enjoy nature Just step out of the tent and you're there If the weather is nice - and there aren't too many bugs - you can even sleep out under the stars Sometimes there is water right on the camp site Sometimes you may have to walk to a water source Bathhouses with showers and toilets are usually nearby There's often a small store in case you forgot something like firewood, matches, or a can opener Private campgrounds or national chains usually have more facilities They often have spaces for trailers or motor homes They may also rent cabins They may have playgrounds, swimming pools, game equipment, and a fully stocked store Some even have water slides!

The most serious campers hike far out into the wilderness using only what they can carry in their backpacks - including tents, sleeping bags, and food In New York State's Lake George, you can camp on islands that you can only get to by boat

One can infer from the passage that the people who hike into the wilderness to camp won't have access to ...

- A) a place to set up the tent
- B) clean water
- C) electricity
- D) firewood

244. (v19/20-111-24) According to the passage, what can you find at a private campground?

- A) Chinese restaurants
- B) water slides
- C) zoos
- D) large supermarkets

245. (v19/20-111-25) What will people probably do on a camping trip?

- A) enjoy nature on TV
- B) watch TV
- C) cycle in the city center
- D) ride a horse

246. (v19/20-111-26) According to the passage, when you are on a camping trip ...

- A) nature is very close to you
- B) you can hardly see stars in the sky
- C) volcanoes are next to you
- D) you are provided with bicycles and cars

247. (v19/20-112-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

Much of the blood on the street is shed essentially because of uncivil behavior of drivers who refuse to respect the legal and moral rights of others. So the shocking traffic accident on the road may be regarded as a social problem. Safety standards for vehicles have been raised both at the point of manufacture and through periodic road-worthiness inspections. In addition, speed limits have been lowered.

Due to these measures, the accident rate has decreased.

But the accident experts still worry because there has been little or no improvement in the way drivers behave.

According to the passage, accidents that happen on the road may be regarded as a social problem since ...

- A) the motor vehicle is a very dangerous invention.
- B) the accidents have more to do with dangerous conditions than risky drivers.
- C) most of the accidents are caused by drivers who don't pay attention to the traffic rules.
- D) traffic accidents can cause serious economic damage.

248. (v19/20-112-20) According to the passage, the number of accidents has fallen because ...

- A) significant advances have been made towards safer driving.
- B) drivers have finally learned how to behave.
- C) many people now know that driving is a skilled task requiring constant care and concentration.
- D) drivers are warned to take extra care on the roads.

249. (v19/20-112-21) It is pointed out in the passage that those who violate traffic regulations ...

- A) don't have prior traffic violations or crashes on their records.
- B) always blame the road conditions.
- C) are the biggest threat to those with whom they share the road.
- D) are the most inexperienced drivers that we have on the roads.

250. (v19/20-112-22) Which of the words cannot replace the word «decrease»?

- A) drop
- B) lessen
- C) decline
- D) grow

251. (v19/20-113-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

Put your hands up. You can continue to put your hands up, aunts and uncles as well. Most of you. OK. We, the adults of the last four generations, have blessed our children with the destiny of a shorter life span than their own parents. Your child will live a life ten years younger than you because of the landscape of food that we've built around them. Two-thirds of this room, today, in America, are statistically overweight or obese. You lot, you're all right, but we'll get you eventually, don't worry.

The statistics of bad health are clear, very clear. We spend our lives being paranoid about death, murder, homicide, you name it; it's on the front page of every paper, CNN. Look at homicide at the bottom, for God's sake.

Every single one of those in the red is a diet-related disease. Any doctor, any specialist will tell you that. Fact: diet-related disease is the biggest killer in the United States, right now, here today.

I know they were close, but not that close. We need a revolution. Mexico, Australia, Germany, India, China, all have massive problems of obesity and bad health. Think about smoking. It costs way less than obesity now. Obesity costs you Americans 10 percent of your health-care bills, 150 billion dollars a year. In 10 years, it's set to double: 300 billion dollars a year. Let's be honest, guys, you haven't got that cash.

(Taken from TEDTALKS, JAMIE OLIVER «Teach every child about food»)

- A) obesity
- B) smoking
- C) death
- D) murder

252. (v19/20-113-24) Answer the question. The author predicts that future generation will have shorter life. How many years will difference be?

- A) half from the average nowadays
- B) 5 years
- C) 10 years
- D) it will stay the same

253. (v19/20-113-25) Which of the next listed countries doesn't have problems with obesity?

- A) Mexico
- B) China
- C) Spain
- D) Australia

254. (v19/20-113-26) How much money does the average American spend on obesity in his / her health-care bill?

- A) a third
- B) all his / her money
- C) half
- D) 10 percent

255. (v19/20-114-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

At 7:45 am, I open the doors to a building dedicated to building, yet only breaks me down I march down hallways cleaned up after me every day by regular janitors, but I never have the decency to honor their names Lockers left open like teenage boys' mouths when teenage girls wear clothes that covers their insecurities but exposes everything else Teachers paid less than what it costs them to be here Oceans of adolescents come here to receive lessons but never learn to swim, part like the Red Sea when the bell rings This is a training ground My high school is Chicago, diverse and segregated on purpose Social lines are barbed wire Labels like «Regulars» and «Honors» resonate This is a training ground to sort out the Regulars from the Honors, a reoccurring cycle built to recycle the trash of this system Trained at a young age to capitalize, letters taught now that capitalism raises you but you have to step on someone else to get there This is a training ground where one group is taught to lead and the other is made to follow No wonder so many of my people spit bars, because the truth is hard to swallow Homework is stressful, but when you go home every day and your home is work, you don't want to pick up any assignments Reading textbooks is stressful, but reading does not matter when you feel your story is already written, either dead or getting booked I hear education systems are failing, but I believe they're succeeding at what they're built to do – to train you, to keep you on track, to track down an American dream that has failed so many of us all

(Taken from TEDTALKS, MALCOLM LONDON «High School Training Ground»)

- A) To change the school system
B) To criticise school system
C) There is no information about that
D) To spend more time with your children

256. (v19/20-114-20) What does the phrase «the truth is hard to swallow» mean?

- A) It is difficult to swallow the dish «truth»
B) The author was hungry
C) It is difficult to understand and accept the truth
D) Better to say «lie» to people

257. (v19/20-114-21) Find the antonym to the word «expose»

- A) appear
B) reveal
C) present
D) hide

258. (v19/20-114-22) Find the synonym to the word «adolescents»

- A) seniors
B) adults
C) immatures
D) youngsters

259. (v19/20-114-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23–26).

Like some other winter sports, snowboarding comes with a certain level of risk.

The injury rate for snowboarding is about four to six per thousand persons per day, which is around double the injury rate for alpine skiing. Injuries are more likely amongst beginners, especially those who do not take lessons with professional instructors.

A quarter of all injuries occur to first-time riders and half of all injuries occur to those with less than a year of experience. Experienced riders are less likely to suffer injury, but the injuries that do occur tend to be more severe. Two thirds of injuries occur to the upper body and one third to the lower body. This contrasts with alpine skiing where two thirds of injuries are to the lower body. The most common types of injuries are sprains, which account for around 40% of injuries. The most common point of injury is the wrists – 40% of all snowboard injuries are to the wrists and 24% of all snowboard injuries are wrist fractures. There are around 100,000 wrist fractures worldwide among snowboarders each year. For this reason the use of wrist guards, either separate or built into gloves, is very strongly recommended. They are often compulsory in beginner's classes and their use reduces the likelihood of wrist injury by half. In addition it is important for snow boarders to learn how to fall without stopping the fall with their hand by trying to "push" the slope away, as landing a wrist which is bent at a 90 degree angle increase the chance of it breaking. Rather, landing with the arms stretched out (like a wing) and slapping the slope with the entire arm is an effective way to break a fall. This is the method used by practitioners of judo and other martial arts to break a fall when they are thrown against the floor by a training partner.

The risk of head injury is two to six times greater for snowboarders than for skiers and injuries follow the pattern of being rarer, but more severe, with experienced riders. Head injuries can occur both as a consequence of a collision and when failing to carry out a heel-side turn. The latter can result in the rider landing on his or her back and slamming the back of his or her head onto the ground, resulting in an occipital head injury. For this reason, helmets are widely recommended. Protective eyewear is also recommended as eye injury can be caused by impact and snow blindness can be a result of exposure to strong ultra-violet light in snow-covered areas. The wearing of ultra-violet-absorbing goggles is recommended even on hazy or cloudy days as ultra-violet light can penetrate clouds.

What percentage of upper-body injuries happens to riders?

- A) More than 40%
B) More than 50%
C) Less than 40%
D) Less than 50%

260. (v19/20-114-24) What is the most common point of injuries?

- A) upper body
B) lower body
C) wrist
D) sprain

261. (v19/20-114-25) Who of the riders are obliged to wear wrist guards?

- A) professional B) seasoned
C) novice D) proficient

262. (v19/20-114-26) Who of the riders get less severe head injuries?

- A) professional
B) seasoned
C) novice
D) proficient

263. (v19/20-115-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19–22).

No meeting was attended by more controversy beforehand than the Mexico Games. The major problem was the high altitude of Mexico City – over 2134 m. above sea level – which meant that no middle or long distance runner from a low – altitude country had any real chance of beating the men of the mountains'. Australia's Ron Clarke, for example, went to Mexico as a multiple record-breaker but came close to collapse during the final stages of the 10.000 meters and had to be revived afterwards with an oxygen mask. On the other hand, the thin air was an advantage in events like the short sprints and hurdles and the long and triple jumps.

The problem that some of the contestants faced was the ...

- A) depth of the sea.
B) remoteness of the area.
C) air density.
D) coldness of the area.

264. (v19/20-115-20) This passage is about ...

- A) playing games.
B) a match.
C) an international event.
D) a race meeting..

265. (v19/20-115-21) The location of the city was a disadvantage in ...

- A) long jumps. B) hurdles.
C) sprints. D) marathons.

266. (v19/20-115-22) The word «advantage» in the passage is opposite in meaning to ...

- A) favourable condition
B) profit
C) trouble
D) record

267. (v19/20-118-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23–26).

For many years now, British girls have performed much better in exams than boys. Most theories about the causes of this gap between the sexes have blamed the education system. However, new research suggests that boys' poor performance has nothing to do with internal practices at schools. Instead external factors, such as different learning styles and how children are brought up, have to be considered. For this reason many educationalists are now studying how boys and girls learn to read. They believe that, since reading is generally taught either by mothers or by female primary school teachers, many boys see reading as a woman's activity and this puts them off it. Another factor could be that boys are generally more competitive than girls. When they can't be the best, they would rather give up on education than be considered average. Girls seem much happier to be second best. According to the passage ...

- A) Reading is considered as boys activity
B) School teachers consider reading as women's activity
C) Reading is not considered as serious women's activity
D) Most boys consider reading as a female activity

268. (v19/20-118-24) All of the following statement are true except ...

- A) Usually women instructors and mothers teach their children to read
- B) There are several reasons for boys' poor performance at exams
- C) External factors have nothing to do with the boys' study
- D) In general girls study better than boys

269. (v19/20-118-25) One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) Girls are not as competitive as boys
- B) Boys and girls are very competitive
- C) Girls are happy to be the best students
- D) The education system is blamed for boys' success

270. (v19/20-118-26) The phrase «give up» in the passage is the opposite in meaning to ...

- A) Lose
- B) Be superior to
- C) Go on
- D) Stop

271. (v19/20-120-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19–22).

So their little wedding video went on to get over 40 million views And instead of Sony blocking, they allowed the upload to occur And they put advertising against it and linked from it to iTunes And the song, 18 months old, went back to number four on the iTunes charts So Sony is generating revenue from both of these And Jill and Kevin, the happy couple, they came back from their honeymoon and found that their video had gone crazy viral And they've ended up on a bunch of talk shows, and they've used it as an opportunity to make a difference The video's inspired over 26,000 dollars in donations to end domestic violence The «JK Wedding [Entrance] Dance» became so popular that NBC parodied it on the season finale of «The Office», which just goes to show, it's truly an ecosystem of culture Because it's not just amateurs borrowing from big studios, but sometimes big studios borrowing back

By empowering choice, we can create a culture of opportunity And all it took to change things around was to allow for choice through rights identification

YouTube's Content ID system addresses all of these cases But the system only works through the participation of rights owners If you have content that others are uploading to YouTube, you should register in the Content ID system, and then you'll have the choice about how your content is used And think carefully about the policies that you attach to that content By simply blocking all reuse, you'll miss out on new art forms, new audiences, new distribution channels and new revenue streams (Taken from TEDTALKS, MARGARET GOULD STEWART «How YouTube thinks about copyright»)

- A) programmer
- B) youtube staff checker
- C) night owner of youtube
- D) Youtube day user

272. (v19/20-120-20) Complete the gap with the information given in the text ID system works only with ...

- A) private owners
- B) day-owners
- C) night owners
- D) only stuff

273. (v19/20-120-21) Find the antonym to the word «violence»

- A) fighting
- B) brutality
- C) clash
- D) will

274. (v19/20-120-22) What is true according to the text?

- A) The you-tube workers don't ban all the videos immediately
- B) You-tube workers choose the videos subjectively
- C) You-tube workers choose the videos objectively
- D) They put all videos with the wedding staff

275. (v19/20-122-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19–22).

Opera refers to a dramatic art form, originating in Europe, in which the emotional content is conveyed to the audience as much through music, both vocal and instrumental, as it is through the lyrics By contrast, in musical theatre an actor's dramatic performance is primary, and the music plays a lesser role The drama in opera is presented using the primary elements of theatre such as scenery, costumes, and acting However, the words of the opera, or libretto, are sung rather than spoken The singers are accompanied by a musical ensemble ranging from a small instrumental ensemble to a full symphonic orchestra It is pointed out in the passage that Opera ...

- A) is the most challenging of all the performing arts
- B) is frequently performed in Europe
- C) is a drama sung with the accompaniment of an orchestra
- D) has been evolved by the influence of musical theatre

276. (v19/20-122-20) We can understand from the passage that ...

- A) musical theatre relies above all in music
- B) opera holds the attention of people much more than musical theatre does
- C) orchestras in operas are considerably various in size
- D) drama in opera is considered to be more vital than the music

277. (v19/20-122-21) It's stated in the passage that ...

- A) it's found that opera is less captivating than musical theatre
- B) music in opera is as so vital as it is in musical theatre
- C) an opera must have a vast orchestra as well as a large choir
- D) opera doesn't have many properties in common with Musical theater

278. (v19/20-122-22) What is the main idea of this text?

- A) Full information about the background of opera
- B) About musical theatre
- C) Some data about opera
- D) The importance of opera

279. (v19/20-122-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23–26).

No sooner had the ice-skater finished her routine programme than the audience began to clap and cheer. Finally they rose to their feet to show their appreciation for a brilliant performance. Is this unusual? Not really – except for the age of the skater. Rita Pandit is just ten years old. Experts are predicting that she will become one of the greatest skaters the world has ever seen. Rita's parents are proud of their gifted daughter. They were crying when she was announced the winner of the competition. Having such a talented child has both benefits and difficulties. «Financially it can be especially tough. We are terrified of getting into debt as we have to pay for equipment, costumes, travelling to competitions and private lessons. We have spent about 5,000 pounds so far» said Maribel, Rita's mother.

According to the passage ...

- A) The audience didn't take into consideration Rita' performance
- B) Rita' performance was success
- C) Rita was the oldest of all participants
- D) Rita Pandit is one of the greatest skaters the world has ever seen

280. (v19/20-122-24) All of the following statements are True, Except ...

- A) Rita fulfilled her program brilliantly
- B) Rita's parents had to borrow money to prepare Rita for competitions
- C) Rita' relatives were pleased with her
- D) The audience was crying when she was announced the winner of the competition

281. (v19/20-122-25) One can infer from the passage that ...

- A) The audience began to cheer Rita just before the end of her program
- B) Rita has got a prize of 5,000
- C) Rita was sure of her victory in the competition
- D) It is costly to bring up the champion

282. (v19/20-122-26) The word gifted in the passage is opposite in meaning.

- A) Showing interest
- B) Presettled
- C) Not talented
- D) Talented

283. (v19/20-123-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19–22).

So the ECM in my skin is different than the ECM in my liver, and the ECM in different parts of the same organ actually vary, so it's very difficult to be able to have a product that will react to the local extracellular matrix, which is exactly what we're trying to do So now, for example, think of the rainforest On top of that, the extracellular matrix is responsible for all wound healing, so if you imagine cutting the body, you actually have to rebuild this very complex ECM in order to get it to form again, and a scar, in fact, is actually poorly formed extracellular matrix So when I was a freshman at NYU, what I discovered was you could actually take small pieces of plant-derived polymers and reassemble them onto the wound So if you have a bleeding wound like the one behind me, you can actually put our material

onto this, and just like Lego blocks, it'll reassemble into the local tissue So now, this has a whole bunch of applications, but basically the idea is, wherever you put this product, you're able to reassemble into it immediately

So now, this type of bleed is incredibly traumatic, and like I said before, would actually take five minutes or more with pressure to be able to stop Now, in the time that it takes me to introduce the bleed itself, our material is able to stop that bleed, and it's because it actually goes on and works with the body to heal, so it reassembles into this piece of meat, and then the blood actually recognizes that that's happening, and produces fibrin, producing a very fast clot in less than 10 seconds

(Taken from TEDTALKS, JOE LANDOLINA «This gel can make you stop bleeding instantly»)

- A) To scare people
- B) To introduce the advantages of his innovation
- C) To be hired to the vacant place
- D) To become famous

284. (v19/20-123-20) Why bleeding brings to death?

- A) there is no medicine to cure the cut
- B) because we can't stop it
- C) because of the blood pressure
- D) people got into panic

285. (v19/20-123-21) How much time do the nurses and doctors have for the first aid?

- A) several minutes
- B) 10 seconds
- C) 10 minutes
- D) plenty of time

286. (v19/20-123-22) How fast do the gel reconstruct the threads?

- A) fast
- B) 10 seconds
- C) there is no information about that
- D) the body does it

287. (v19/20-127-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

We've mapped the afterglow with spectacular precision, and one of the shocks about it is that it's almost completely uniform. Fourteen billion light years that way and 14 billion light years that way, it's the same temperature. Now it's been 14 billion years since that Big Bang, and so it's got faint and cold. It's now 2,7 degrees. It's only 2,7 degrees to about 10 parts in a million. And those small, little, in homogeneities, 20 parts in a million, those were formed by quantum mechanical wiggles in that early universe that were stretched across the size of the entire cosmos. So here's what they found on Monday: Imagine you take a bell, and you whack the bell with a hammer. It rings. But if you wait, that ringing fades and fades and fades until you don't notice it anymore. Now, that early universe was incredibly dense, like a metal, way denser, and if you hit it, it would ring, but the thing ringing would be the structure of space-time itself, and the hammer would be quantum mechanics. What they found on Monday was evidence of the ringing of the space-time of the early universe, what we call gravitational waves from the fundamental

era, and here's how they found it. And on Monday, they announced that they had found it.

And the thing that's so spectacular about that to me is not just the ringing, though that is awesome. The thing that's totally amazing, the reason I'm on this stage, is because what that tells us is something deep about the early universe. It tells us that we and everything we see around us are basically one large bubble – and this is the idea of inflation– one large bubble surrounded by something else.

(Taken from TEDTALKS, ALLAN ADAMS «The discovery that could rewrite physics»)

- A) The main idea is to prove that some of the physics laws are probably not real.
- B) The main idea to persuade people stop believing into phosics laws.
- C) The main idea to identify how people live in North Pole.
- D) The main idea to complete the research about universe.

288. (v19/20-127-24) What does the author mean «fundamental era»?

- A) Ringing fades.
- B) Era, which everything starts.
- C) Era of the beginning of life.
- D) Era of first human on the Earth.

289. (v19/20-127-25) According to the author what is around the Earth?

- A) fundamental era
- B) allowing / crossing
- C) quantum mechanics
- D) big bubble

290. (v19/20-127-26) Find the synonym to the word «afterglow».

- A) difficult moment
- B) moment in the past
- C) sunset
- D) there is no information about that.

107. Make up a story /dialogue / sentence (order of sentence)

1. (96-6-106) Choose the appropriate variant to make up a story.

I. Upset and tired I came back home. II. But when I came to the store it was closed for some unknown reason. III. There was an exhibition of new fashionable goods at the Department Store. IV. My visit was a failure. V. I took some money and went there for I wanted to buy some things for myself.

- A) V, I, II, IV, III
- B) I, IV, II, III, V
- C) II, V, III, I, IV
- D) IV, II, V, III, I
- E) III, V, II, IV, I

2. (96-8-50) Choose the right order of the sentence to make up a story.

1) One day he met a very beautiful girl. 2) He took money from the rich and gave it to the poor. 3) Robin Hood is a legendary hero. 4) Her father wanted to marry her to a rich bid man. 5) He lived in the 12th century.

- A) 5, 4, 2, 1, 3
- B) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
- C) 1, 4, 2, 5, 1
- D) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4
- E) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5

3. (96-9-110) Choose the right order to make up a story.

1) She said she was sorry to be late for class. 2) The teacher said Alice should try not to be late any more. 3) She asked the

teacher if she might come in. 4) Alice was late for class. 5) She said she had to take her sister to the nursery school.

- A) 4, 2, 3, 1, 5
- B) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4
- C) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2
- D) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2
- E) 5, 1, 2, 3, 4

4. (96-13-52) Choose the right order of sentences to make up a story.

1) In the morning when he woke up, the train was in Paris. 2) He asked the conductor to wake him up even if he would protest. 3) Once Mark Twain was travelling in France by train. 4) Mark Twain was angry with the conductor who didn't wake him up at his station. But he said "you are not half angry as the man whom I made get off at your station". 5) He had to get off at a small station at night.

- A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
- B) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5
- C) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1
- D) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2
- E) 5, 2, 3, 4, 1

5. (96-13-105) Choose the right order to make up a story.

1) Our director's speech was very interesting. 2) He said that our younger generation had to study hard. 3) He spoke about the most important tasks of our school. 4) Last week we held a meeting at our school. 5) Our meeting was addressed by our director and some of the teachers.

- A) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3
- B) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2
- C) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1
- D) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5
- E) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3

6. (96-15-102) Choose the right order to make up a story.

1) They have porridge, eggs, bread and butter, tea or coffee for breakfast. 2) Afternoon tea is between 4 and 3) Lunch comes at 1 o'clock. 4) In many English homes people eat 4 meals a day: breakfast, lunch, tea and dinner. 5) Some families have their dinner in the evening.

- A) 1, 3, 4, 2, 5
- B) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
- C) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
- D) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3
- E) 4, 1, 5, 3, 2

7. (97-1-50) Choose the right order to make up a story.

1) They give us much information about history. 2) He wrote about the everyday life of the common people and problems of kings and queens. 3) W. Shakespeare wrote 37 plays, dramas, tragedies and comedies. 4) His plays help us to understand people. 5) For example: Hamlet, King Lear.

- A) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1
- B) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3
- C) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5
- D) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3
- E) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2

8. (97-2-48) Complete the dialogue.

– Why, Ann! Are you reading without light? Turn on the lamp, please.

–

- A) Oh, yes, it's far from here.
- B) Oh, no, I'm too hungry.
- C) Oh, yes, it's too light.
- D) Oh, yes, it's getting dark.
- E) thank you, very well.

9. (97-2-54) Make up a story:

1) Attempts are made to reform the system. 2) But the system remains to this day. 3) Modern English spelling is archaic in many cases. 4) It's a source of difficulty to everybody. 5) Some of them are successful and quite scientific.

- A) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2
- B) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2
- C) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4
- D) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
- E) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3

10. (97-4-60) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) On New Year's Eve people usually have a lot of fun.
 - 2) Today it is observed in the same way as it was observed many centuries ago.
 - 3) In Great Britain and the USA people celebrate many holidays.
 - 4) On this day people show their love by giving presents and sending cards to people they love.
 - 5) New Year is one of the oldest holidays in the world.
- A) 5, 4, 2, 1, 3 B) 1, 2, 4, 5, 3
C) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 D) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
E) 4, 2, 1, 5, 3

11. (97-5-39) Complete the dialogue.
— We went to Samarkand last weekend.

- ...
- A) How did you get there?
 - B) Yes, last weekend was rather rainy.
 - C) And what about you?
 - D) My father says he is always tired after work.
 - E) Sure, your teachers are very good.

12. (97-5-40) Complete the dialogue.
— My brother is going to enter the Institute.

- ...
- A) So is my sister.
 - B) Neither am I.
 - C) So did my brother.
 - D) Nor can I.
 - E) Neither do we.

13. (97-7-40) Complete the dialogue.

- A: My brother thinks that English isn't easy.
B: Why does he think so? A: ...
- A) He learnt either English or French
 - B) Because it was too difficult for them
 - C) He has no time
 - D) Because he has to work very hard
 - E) Because it is one of the easiest languages

14. (97-7-43) Complete the dialogue.

- Oh, it's raining heavily!
— ...
— Let's hide somewhere.
- A) I think it's 20 degrees above zero.
 - B) Cold weather has set in.
 - C) Oh, yes, it's raining cats and dogs.
 - D) The sky is overcast.
 - E) It looks like to rain.

15. (97-9-45) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Who is the woman crossing the street? B:
... A: She is so pretty. B: ...
- A) She is our teacher. / What about you.
 - B) Why are you asking? / I don't know her.
 - C) She is Mrs. Green. / He is coming to us.
 - D) These are Ann and Mary. / You are right.
 - E) She is my friend. / You know him well.

16. (97-9-46) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Do you know the men standing over there? B: Yes, of course. A: What are they?
B: ...
- A) They are famous sportsmen.
 - B) The man is a famous writer.
 - C) They are Pete and Mike.
 - D) This man is John Smith.
 - E) They are kind.

17. (97-9-47) Complete the dialogue.

- A: I say, Sally, are you well?
B: No, I am not ...
- A) my mother will be well.
 - B) it isn't easy.

- C) it's because of the weather.
- D) it isn't, you are right.
- E) pretty well, of course.

18. (97-10-40) Complete the dialogue.

- Mike: What are you doing, Alice? Alice: ...
Mike: Why? Let me see what's the matter with it.
- A) I'm looking for my sister.
 - B) I can't close my bag.
 - C) I'm going home.
 - D) I'm reading a book.
 - E) I've got a bad mark.

19. (97-10-48) Choose the appropriate order to make up a story.

- 1) The girl had no time to look for it.
 - 2) She hurried down the stairs and lost one of her prettiest shoes.
 - 3) At midnight Cinderella ran away from the palace.
 - 4) She hid herself behind a tree.
 - 5) She was so unhappy.
- A) 4, 5, 2, 3, 1 B) 1, 2, 3, 5, 4
C) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 D) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2
E) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4

20. (97-11-48) Choose the appropriate order to make up a story.

- 1) "Look here!" said the farmer "when shall I see the city.
 - 2) A farmer went to Chicago to see the sights of the city.
 - 3) The clerk answered, "We have breakfast from 7 to 11, dinner from 12 to 13, supper from 6 to 8".
 - 4) He asked the clerk about the hours for meals.
 - 5) He engaged a room at a hotel.
- A) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2 B) 2, 5, 4, 3, 1
C) 4, 1, 2, 5, 3 D) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1
E) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4

21. (98-1-39) Which action had already happened before another one?

- A) At nine o'clock that morning we were almost ready to set off for our day in the country
- B) Everything was ready for the party. There were some bottles of wine and some food on the tables
- C) By the time we got there everyone in the street had woken up
- D) When they got there the house was on fire
- E) I was in a panic. I found that the stereo equipment was missing

22. (98-1-42) Make up a story.

- I. And Snickers are my favourite chocolate burs. II. The only problem is they make you fat. III. Sometimes it is difficult enough. IV. I like Snickers very much. V. That's why when I go past the sweet shop I always try to stop myself from going in.
- A) IV, III, V, II, I B) IV, I, II, V, III
C) II, V, I, III, I D) IV, V, I, III, II
E) I, III, V, IV, II

23. (98-2-48) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) In England this is an extremely interesting topic and you must be good at discussing it.
 - 2) Perhaps, a long time ago when you wanted to describe someone as unusually dull, you used to say.
 - 3) "He is the kind of person who always discusses the weather with y... The weather is a very important topic in ... d.
 - 5) Forget it.
- A) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5
B) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1
C) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3
D) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
E) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5

24. (98-3-31) Complete the dialogue.

- 1) Oh, Ann, it was very kind of you to invite us here. You've got a lovely house. When did you buy it. 2) We bought it three years ago. It isn't a bad house, but it's rather cold.
- 1) You're right. Now it's not so warm inside as it is outside.
 - 2) ... 1) He's doing most of the work here, I think. Do sons help him.
 - 2) They've got to help him but they're both too lazy.
- A) There's always some food on the table
B) I always tell Mark he must change clothes on coming home
C) It sounds terrible. I must see that room
D) I always tell James the heating doesn't work properly
E) I'd like to have a look at your sons' room

25. (98-3-38) Which action had, already happened before another one.

- A) The summer season was over by the time they reached the island.
- B) When I returned home for the holidays I found that my parents had made all sorts of changes to the house.
- C) I was in a panic. My guests were to come at 5 but nothing was ready.
- D) By the time they got there the fire brigade was already there.
- E) Everything was ready for the party. The room was clean, the furniture was moved to one side.

26. (98-4-57) Choose the proper order to make up a story.

- I. We didn't know English and couldn't respond to his question. II. We took a trolley-bus to the Central Department Store. III. For the first time in my life I really regretted not having learned English at school properly. IV. My friend and I decided to go shopping. V. In the trolley-bus a foreigner addressed us in good English.
- A) I, III, II, VI, V B) II, V, VI, III, I
C) V, I, III, VI, II D) IV, III, I, II, V
E) IV, II, V, I, III

27. (98-6-50) Choose the appropriate order of the sentences to make up a story.

- 1) Mackintosh rubberised his coat and it became waterproof.
 - 2) It often rained in Scotland and he got wet very often.
 - 3) Since that time people began to call rubberised coats Mackintosh.
 - 4) A lot of people liked it and asked Charles to rubberise their coats.
 - 5) In 1823 in Scotland there lived a man whose name was Charles Mackintosh.
- A) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3 B) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
C) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4 D) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2
E) 1, 4, 3, 5, 2

28. (98-7-15) Choose the appropriate order of sentences to make up a story.

- 1) The teacher said it was bad to hear that.
 - 2) The boy said that it was his father speaking.
 - 3) He wondered who the speaking man was.
 - 4) Jack Smith didn't want to go to school.
 - 5) He phoned to his teacher and said that Jack Smith wouldn't go to school for some days.
- A) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2 B) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4
C) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 D) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4
E) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3

29. (98-7-28) Make up a story.

- 1) Rubber trees grow only in the hottest and dampest countries.
- 2) These countries are near the equator.
- 3) Nowadays rubber is used nearly in all branches of industry.

- 4) Nearly all the world's rubber comes from the forest of America and West-Africa.
5) Rubber was first used to make rubber balls.
A) 1, 2, 5, 3, 4 B) 5, 3, 2, 4, 1
C) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 D) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2
E) 3, 1, 4, 5, 2

30. (98-7-41) Complete the dialogue.

- A: What are you doing, Bob? B: A: What are you writing to him about? B: Don't ask so many questions, you know.
A) I'm writing a letter to Helen / Curious killed the cat
B) I'm going to write a letter / There is time left
C) I'm writing / About the letter I've got from my pen-pal
D) I'm going to visit my uncle / He is ill
E) I'm busy writing a letter to you / Are you going to read it?

31. (98-7-47) Make up a story.

- 1) He behaved so badly that soon everybody in London knew him. 2) In 1830 there lived a man whose name was Hooligan. 3) Do you know that Hooligan was an English name? 4) When somebody behaves badly people call him hooligan. 5) Thus when somebody behaves badly people say he is a hooligan.
A) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5 B) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4
C) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5 D) 1, 4, 2, 5, 3
E) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2

32. (98-7-48) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Are you ready to go? B: A: When will you be ready? B: A: I hurry up, I'm waiting for you.
A) Not yet / In five minutes
B) Yes, of course / I don't know
C) Yes, I think / Why, I've no time to go
D) I'm afraid I can't / Tomorrow morning
E) Why? Shall we go anywhere? / I shan't be ready

33. (98-7-49) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Are you free tonight? B: Why? ...? A: Yes, I've got tickets for "King Lear". B: It's the first night, isn't it? How did you manage to get seats? A: Don't ask me questions, just say whether you're coming or not. B: ... How can I miss a chance like that?
A) Are you going to invite me anywhere / Of course, I am
B) Shall we go anywhere / No, I'm not
C) What can I do for / Yes, I think
D) Can you help me / No I am not
E) What for / Yes, I am

34. (98-9-36) Complete the dialogue.

- Dilbar:
- I don't think English is easy. Botir:
- Dilbar:
- Because I have to work hard learning a lot by heart.
A) So do I B) It is easy
C) Oh, let's speak D) I want to help
E) Why do you think so?

35. (98-9-47) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- I. Ernest Hemingway, an American journalist, novelist and short story writer, was born in Illinois.
II. He received the Nobel Prize for Literature in 1954.
III. When the Civil War broke out in Spain in 1936 he actively supported the Republicans.
IV. After the World War he served as a European correspondent.
V. He entered World War I as a volunteer.

- A) I, V, IV, III, II B) I, III, IV, II, V
C) III, I, IV, II, V D) IV, III, II, I, V
E) I, III, II, V, IV

36. (98-10-51) Complete the dialogue.

- What's the weather like?
- Put on your coat.
- Is it snowing?
- No, it's not but
A) It's warm / it is raining
B) It's fine / it rains
C) It's cold / it's going to
D) It is nice / it rained
E) It is had / it is hot

37. (98-12-53) Complete the dialogue.

- Little Liz came from a birthday party. Her mother asked her, "Did you thank Mrs. Reed for the nice time you had at the party?" "No, I didn't" answered the girl. "Why not?" asked mother. Another girl in front of me thanked Mrs. Reed and she said, "...."
A) Not at all B) Its a pity
C) How nice D) Don't mention it
E) Excuse me

38. (98-12-72) Choose the right order of sentences.

- 1) When he came back to England he brought little forks the Italians used to eat meat with. 2) Thomas Coryate argued with them and explained to them that it was not good to eat meat with fingers because people didn't always have clean hands. 3) In 1608, an Englishman, Thomas Cory- ate by name, visited Italy. 4) They thought the Italians were fools because the forks were very inconvenient. 5) His friends looked at the forks and laughed.
A) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2 B) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5
C) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2 D) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4
E) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2

39. (99-2-43) Complete the dialogue.

- What is the use of quarrelling? Let's forgive and forget.
-
- You aren't right, my darling.
A) That's just the trouble
B) I don't quarrel
C) I couldn't forget
D) you will forget
E) I am always forgiving, and you are always forgetting.

40. (99-2-50) Complete the dialogue.

- You cannot be merry when you have lost the one whom you have loved with your whole heart?
- Well, not exactly merry perhaps; but you may as well recognize ...
A) it is funny B) it is sad
C) it is very serious D) I don't know
E) in our world every dog has his day and so try to be happy

41. (99-2-53) Choose the right order to make up a story.

1. But like the other passengers, he must put his feet on it. 2) The woman asked the conductor, if the dog could have a seat like the other passengers, if she paid for her dog. 3) One wet day a woman with a dog got on a bus. 4) It was a very big dog and its feet were very dirty. 5) The conductor looked at the dog and then he said, "Certainly, madam, he could have a seat".

- A) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5 B) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1
C) 3, 4, 2, 5, 1 D) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2
E) 5, 1, 4, 2, 3

42. (99-3-56) Make up a story.

- 1) Each college is governed by a master. 2) Each college has its name and coat of arms. 3) Oxford and Cambridge Universities consist of a number of colleges. 4) Each college offers teaching in a wide range of subjects. 5) Each college is different, but in many ways they are alike.
A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 B) 4, 1, 2, 5, 3
C) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4 D) 3, 5, 1, 4, 2
E) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4

43. (99-5-50) Complete the dialogue.

- Tom seldom goes on vacation.
-
A) Either do I B) I do too
C) I don't neither D) neither do I
E) Neither have I

44. (99-5-52) Complete the dialogue.

- She has lived in Tashkent for 20 years.
-
A) I do too B) So do I
C) I have too D) So have I
E) Neither have I

45. (99-6-38) Complete the following proverb. If ifs and ands

- A) can die but once
B) were pots and pans
C) are no biters
D) are all thumbs
E) has a silver lining

46. (99-6-39) Complete the following proverb. A bird in the hand ...

- A) is worth two in the bush
B) makes even a cat laugh
C) has brought forth a mouse
D) speaks louder than words
E) changes his spots

47. (99-7-27) Complete the dialogue.

- Sokhib had to stay in bed for 5 days.
-
A) I had to B) So did I C) Aziz had too
D) So had I E) I do too

48. (99-7-59) Complete the following proverb. To know on which side ...

- A) you may lump it
B) must be endured
C) one's bread is buttered
D) were pots and pans
E) they are hatched

49. (99-7-60) Complete the following proverb. When angry ...

- A) do as the Romans do
B) sweep clean
C) you will catch neither
D) you shall mow
E) count a hundred

50. (99-8-57) Make up a story.

- 1) She died herself instead.
2) She wasn't like the other village girls of as she was always more sad than gay.
3) Yet she knew their love would bring nothing but torments, that was why she wouldn't let her own feelings out. 4) Lel loved her with all his heart and so did she.
5) The Snowmaiden was a beautiful girl and a good many village young men swirled other side girl and a good many village young men loved her.

- A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 B) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
 C) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4 D) 3, 4, 2, 5, 1
 E) 5, 2, 4, 3, 1

51. (99-10-47) Complete the dialogue.

- Could I see you on Monday?
 – ... When can you come?
 – At 10 in the morning.
 – ... See you on Monday then. Good-bye.
 A) I'm sorry, I can't / That won't do
 B) Yes / No, I'm busy at 10
 C) No, you can't / Why?
 D) Certainly / Very good
 E) Of course / I'm sorry

52. (00-1-13) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Can you swim? B: Yes, ... A: At times?
 This sounds strange. When? B: Yes, at times
 when I'm ...
 A) at times / in the water
 B) I / can / going to swim
 C) I / can / sent to bathe
 D) I could / twelve years old
 E) he will / sorry of him

53. (00-1-37) Choose the appropriate order to make up a story.

- 1) At a dinner party he was in Jenner's for the first time. 2) Brent had a terrible argument with Jenner's father. 3) Jenner and Brent are terribly in love and hope to get married. 4) What is Brent and Jenner to do now? 5) Brent was thrown out and told never to come.
 A) 3, 1, 4, 5, 2 B) 1, 2, 5, 3, 4
 C) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5 D) 1, 2, 4, 3, 5
 E) 1, 5, 2, 4, 5

54. (00-2-21) Make up a story.

- 1) "Why are you working so hard?" he asked, "come into the sunshine and listen to my merry notes".
 2) "Winter is so far away yet," laughed the grasshopper back.
 3) A lazy grasshopper laughed at a little ant as she was always busy gathering food.
 4) She said, "I am lying in a store for the winter".
 5) But the ant went on with her work.
 A) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5 B) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
 C) 5, 1, 4, 3, 2 D) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2
 E) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5

55. (00-5-54) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Do you think I must take my umbrella? B: ... A: If it begins to rain I'll certainly need it.
 B: ...
 A) No, I don't / No, you won't
 B) I think so / I don't think so
 C) As you like / No doubt, you will need it
 D) I don't know / No, I don't think so
 E) Sure / You won't need it.

56. (00-5-58) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) "Master has gone out."
 2) "She has also gone out, sir."
 3) "The fire has gone out too."
 4) "Never mind. I shall speak to your mistress."
 5) A man knocks at his neighbour's door where he is a frequent but not a welcome visitor.
 6) "Look here! It's rather cold today. I'd like to sit by the fire for a while."
 7) A servant girl opens the door and says
 A) 5, 7, 4, 1, 2, 6, 3 B) 4, 1, 3, 5, 7, 6, 2
 C) 5, 7, 1, 4, 2, 6, 3 D) 7, 1, 5, 6, 4, 3, 2
 E) 3, 4, 6, 5, 7, 1, 2

57. (00-6-40) Choose the right order of sentences to make up a story.

- 1) These happens because of disturbances far below the surface of the earth. 2) We know the most about the earth's outer skin because that is where we live. 3) For thousand of years people have wondered what is inside the earth. 4) It is also where events occur, such as earthquakes and volcanic eruptions. 5) Only recently has it been possible to get some idea of what the earth might look like inside.
 A) 5, 4, 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4
 C) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1 D) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2
 E) 4, 1, 5, 2, 3

58. (00-6-45) Complete the dialogue.

- The soccer player Maradona is internationally known. – ...
 A) The boxer Mohammed Ali either.
 B) Neither is the boxer Mohammed Ali.
 C) So also the boxer, Mohammed Ali.
 D) So is the boxer Mohammed Ali.
 E) So the boxer Mohammed Ali is.

59. (00-6-46) Complete the dialogue.

- Ronald Reagan was elected to the White House twice.
 – ...
 A) So Richard Nixon was.
 B) So did Richard Nixon.
 C) Also Richard Nixon was.
 D) Richard Nixon was either.
 E) So was Richard Nixon.

60. (00-6-49) Complete the dialogue.

- Was your father annoyed when you told him you failed the exam?
 – ...
 A) He was furious
 B) He was very glad
 C) He was excited
 D) He was bored
 E) He was interested

61. (00-8-33) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) In a short time I felt something olive moving on my left leg.
 2) My hair, which was long and thick, was tied down in the same manure. 3) I was lying on my back, and my arms and legs were strongly fastened on each side to the ground.
 4) When I awoke, it was just daylight.
 5) I could only look upwards and could see nothing in the sky.
 A) 4, 5, 1, 2, 3 B) 3, 2, 4, 5, 1
 C) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4 D) 4, 3, 2, 5, 1
 E) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5

62. (00-9-53) Complete the dialogue.

- What do you do?
 – I work as a nurse at the hospital. Do you want to be a nurse, too?
 – ...
 – No, not easy, but helping other people is very rewarding.
 A) I do not want to be a nurse.
 B) I want to be a nurse.
 C) It is a noble job.
 D) It is not an easy job.
 E) It is not difficult to choose a good job.

63. (01-1-91) Complete the dialogue.

- Are you going to watch TV tonight?
 – I'm sorry, I can't...
 – What are you going to do?
 – ...
 A) I have not the time. / Yes, you may.
 B) I have no time. / I have some typing to do.

- C) Can't you stay? / No, he can't.
 D) I'm afraid not. / Why not.
 E) Yes, certainly. / Of course, you can.

64. (01-2-41) Complete the dialogue.

- They went to the circus last night.
 – ...
 A) So do we.
 B) So did my brothers
 C) Neither do they.
 D) Neither did we.
 E) We didn't either.
65. (01-3-42) Complete the dialogue.
 A: Would you like another drink? B: ...? A: Would you like another drink? B: ..., thanks.
 A: But how about some more pizza? B: ..., please. Some minutes later. A: Here you are? B: Thanks.
 A) What / Yes / No
 B) What / No / Yes
 C) With pleasure / No / Yes
 D) What / of course / go out
 E) I hear you / Yes / No

66. (01-3-44) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Have you got change for 5 pounds?
 B: ...
 A) Sorry, I don't understand
 B) Of course, it's in the oven
 C) I'm afraid I haven't any
 D) That's very kind of you
 E) Sorry, I am using it

67. (01-3-62) Complete the dialogue.

- We are planning to go abroad.
 – ...
 A) So does my mother
 B) So do my parents
 C) So do I
 D) So am I
 E) Neither am I

68. (01-4-54) Choose the appropriate order of sentences to make up a story.

- 1) While the pilot was flying off the Australian coast; he saw sharks approaching the swimmers. 2) He brought his helicopter down until he was just over the water. 3) A helicopter pilot saved three, swimmers from shark attack yesterday. 4) After a few minutes the sharks were frightened away. 5) If the pilot hadn't come; the sharks would have had the swimmers. 6) The three men were able to get back safely to the beach.
 A) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5, 6 B) 3, 1, 2, 4, 6, 5
 C) 1, 2, 3, 6, 5, 4 D) 1, 4, 3, 6, 5, 2
 E) 5, 3, 6, 4, 2, 1

69. (01-4-55) Complete the dialogue.

- A. – Excuse me, Barbara! I'm sorry to trouble you, but I'm afraid I have a problem. B: ..., Anne? A. The thing is, I need to go to the doctor's and my car won't start. I wonder if I could borrow yours. B: ... A. Thank you very much
 A) Do you know / No, it's impossible
 B) Shall we leave / All right
 C) What's the matter / Of course, you can
 D) Would you like it / Sure
 E) What happened / I need it myself

70. (01-8-22) Complete the dialogue.

- We had a lovely holiday.
 – ...
 A) Were you?
 B) Has you?
 C) Did you?
 D) Have you?
 E) Do you?

71. (01-9-2) Complete the dialogue.

John: What's for dinner, Mum? I'm so hungry.

Mother: ...

- A) It doesn't matter. B) I don't like it.
C) Fish soup. D) I'm thirsty.
E) A pair of shoes.

72. (01-9-56) Make up a story.

- 1) They made gas from wood and plants instead. 2) The cars didn't go fast, but it was better than nothing. 3) There is not enough petrol on the world for everybody now. 4) In the second World War some people didn't use petrol in their cars. 5) But we cannot cut down all our trees to make gas. 6) They put it in big bags on top of their cars.
A) 3, 6, 2, 1, 4, 5 B) 1, 6, 2, 4, 3, 5
C) 4, 3, 1, 5, 6, 2 D) 3, 4, 1, 6, 2, 5
E) 4, 1, 5, 2, 6, 3

73. (01-9-57) Make up a story.

- 1) Buy some very fresh oranges. 2) Squeeze the halves in a juicer until all the juice is out. 3) Fresh orange juice tastes better than frozen orange juice. 4) Add a little sugar and drink. 5) Cut the oranges in half. 6) It can be made in the following way.
A) 3, 6, 1, 5, 2, 4 B) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3, 6
C) 2, 3, 6, 1, 5, 4 D) 5, 2, 4, 6, 1, 3
E) 1, 2, 4, 5, 3, 6

74. (01-9-58) Make up a story.

- 1) One day the friends went to the zoo in Budapest. 2) The other Australians laughed: "They're Australian, but they only know Hungarian!" 3) Then the Hungarian Australian spoke to the Animals in Hungarian. 4) The Australians were happy because Kangaroos come from Australia. 5) The Hungarian Australian took his friends from Sidney to Budapest. 6) Both the Kangaroos ran to him. 7) They called the animals, but the kangaroos didn't move.
A) 1, 4, 6, 7, 3, 2, 5
B) 4, 2, 7, 3, 6, 1, 5
C) 5, 1, 4, 7, 3, 6, 2
D) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
E) 1, 4, 7, 2, 3, 5, 6

75. (01-10-49) Choose the proper order to make up a story.

- 1) Meat comes from animals. 2) People can not live without food. 3) Where does our food come from? 4) People eat domestic birds too.
A) 4, 2, 3, 1 B) 1, 2, 3, 4
C) 2, 1, 4, 3 D) 2, 3, 1, 4
E) 3, 4, 2, 1

76. (01-11-19) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) He tried to stand up but his leg hurt. 2) Bill, I've hurt my leg. 3) When he stood, he felt a pain and he couldn't move his leg. 4) Suddenly one of the men fell into the water. 5) Help me, said the man.
A) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 B) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
C) 5, 1, 4, 3, 2 D) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5
E) 2, 1, 4, 3, 5

77. (01-11-60) Choose the appropriate order of sentences to make up a story.

- 1) If you are not British or a citizen of the EC, you must fill out a special form before your passport is examined. 2) If you are arriving at London Heathrow Airport, you must pass through Passport Control and

Customs immediately after leaving your plane. 3) This form is called a landing card and should be given to you during the flight to London. 4) Make sure you are in the right channel when you reach Passport Control. 5) Follow the arrivals signs. 6) There is one Channel for holders of European Community passports, and a second channel marked "Other passports".

- A) 1, 2, 4, 3, 6, 5 B) 2, 1, 3, 5, 4, 6
C) 4, 1, 2, 6, 3, 5 D) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3, 6
E) 2, 1, 3, 6, 5, 4

78. (01-12-6) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) In the street he was stopped by a policeman who grabbed him by the shoulder; 2) "What have I done?" asked Brown; 3) Brown was out walking oneday with his large family; 4) "I certainly don't know what you've done," answered the policemen 5) "But I do want to know why the crowd is following you!"
A) 5, 2, 3, 4, 1 B) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5
C) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2 D) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
E) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2

79. (01-12-7) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) He read the letter; 2) One day a man came home; 3) He climbed up to the window and with great difficulty entered the room; 4) He saw that his door was locked; 5) On the dining room table he saw a letter for him; 6) "Dear John, I shall be home late. The key will be under the door."
A) 2, 4, 3, 5, 1, 6 B) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6
C) 2, 5, 6, 4, 1, 3 D) 2, 5, 6, 1, 3, 4
E) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5, 6

80. (01-12-45) Complete the following conversation.

- A: ... anything this weekend? B: No, not really. A: Well, I am going to Wales on Friday. Would you like to come? B: Yes, I'd love to. Wait a minute. Let me look at my diary. I'm afraid I won't be able to come. I ... John at six.
A) Do you do / am meeting
B) Are you doing / will meet
C) Did you do / would meet
D) Have you done / meet
E) Are you doing / met

81. (02-11-17) Make up a story.

- 1) So ice caps are melting causing the water levels of the oceans to rise. 2) The area of the Pacific Ocean is 25 percent larger than that of all the land surfaces of the world together. 3) One reason is that land is washed into the sea by rivers. 4) In fact, land is disappearing all the time. 5) Another reason is that the earth's temperatures are rising.
A) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5 B) 4, 5, 1, 2, 3
C) 2, 4, 3, 5, 1 D) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2
E) 4, 3, 2, 5, 1

82. (02-11-18) Make up a story.

1. In spite of their massive size, elephants are remarkably agile. 2) In the circus they do many tricks. 3) Elephants are animals of many talents with superior brains. 4. They are light on their feet. 5) They spin balls, walk on narrow planks, stand on their heads and dance.
A) 1, 2, 5, 4, 3 B) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5
C) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5 D) 2, 5, 3, 4, 1
E) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2

83. (02-11-43) Make up a story.

- 1) He was an aristocrat and a fashionable man. 2) George Gordon Byron was born on January 22, 1788. 3) But he loved freedom and a simple country life. 4) Byron didn't live a long life; 5) He was the son of John Byron.
A) 1, 2, 5, 3, 4 B) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3
C) 3, 1, 4, 5, 3 D) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3
E) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4

84. (02-11-79) Which sentence must be the fifth?

- 1) L. Salt is the name commonly used for sodium chloride which occurs naturally in food. 2) For thousands of years we have added salt to our food in order to preserve it. 3) Therefore, it makes sense to cut down the salt we eat. 4) Sodium helps to control the fluid balance in our bodies and ensures that muscles and nerves work properly. 5) However too much of sodium may contribute to high blood pressure.
A) 1 B) 3 C) 5
D) 4 E) 2

85. (03-2-6) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) "Ah, he's not so smart," Mike U. replied. 2) He was amazed to find him playing chess with his dog and watched the game for a while. 3) "I've beaten him three games out of five". 4) Alan H. went to visit his friend Mike U. 5) Then he exclaimed: "That's the smartest dog I've ever seen".
A) 4, 2, 5, 1, 3 B) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5
C) 2, 3, 5, 1, 4 D) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3
E) 2, 1, 3, 5, 4

86. (03-9-21) Make up a story.

- 1) "What am I expected to say?" 2) The friend kept silent all the while. 3) "Love is said to be blind." 4) A young man had been talking to his friend about his future bride. 5) When at last the young lover asked him his opinion he said.
A) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4
B) 4, 5, 3, 1, 2
C) 4, 2, 5, 1, 3
D) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4
E) 4, 1, 3, 5, 2

87. (04-1-421) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Did you find it frightening?
B: Yes, it was ...
A) interesting B) amazing
C) terrifying D) thrilling
E) exciting

88. (04-1-432) Complete the dialogue.

- A: Most children haven't arrived yet.
B: Oh, ... ?
A) don't they B) do they
C) haven't they D) had they
E) hasn't he

89. (04-1-438) Complete the dialogue.

- A: He bought a new flat. B: Oh, ... ?
A) did I B) did he
C) did you D) have you
E) didn't I

90. (04-1-439) Complete the dialogue.

- A: His brother is going to the army.
B: Oh, ... ?
A) is he B) does he C) doesn't he
D) isn't she E) is it

91. (04-1-440) Complete the dialogue.

- A: The swimming pool was deep. B: Oh, ... ?
 A) was he B) is he
 C) did it D) was it
 E) isn't it

92. (04-1-441) Complete the dialogue.

- A: We went to Humsan for the weekend.
 B: Oh, ... ?
 A) did we B) didn't we
 C) did you D) did they
 E) didn't they

93. (04-1-444) Complete the dialogue.

- A: There is a letter for you. B: Oh, ... ?
 A) is there B) is he
 C) isn't it D) is it
 E) does it

94. (04-1-520) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) - I'm sorry, I really must go. 2) - Yes, I have a long day tomorrow? 3) - It was lovely. Good bye. 4) - Are you sure? 5) - I'm glad you enjoyed it. 6) - Thanks for the delicious meal. 7) - Good bye, see you.
 A) 1, 4, 2, 6, 5, 3, 7
 B) 1, 6, 4, 5, 2, 3, 7
 C) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3, 6, 7
 D) 1, 3, 4, 6, 2, 5, 7
 E) 1, 5, 4, 6, 3, 2, 7

95. (04-1-521) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) - What was the weather like. 2) - Near Almalik. In a small village. 3) - Really. Where do they live? 4) - Well, pretty awful. It rained all the time. 5) - We went to see my grandparents. 6) - Oh, wasn't it awful.
 A) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4, 6 B) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2, 6
 C) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4, 6 D) 5, 2, 3, 4, 1, 6
 E) 5, 2, 3, 1, 4, 6

96. (04-1-523) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) Shall I give you an aspirin. 2) No, not too well, I've got a splitting headache. 3) Turn out the light and keep quiet, can't you? 4) No, just leave me alone. I want to be all by myself. 5) Why? Aren't you feeling well?
 A) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 B) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4
 C) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4 D) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4
 E) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4

97. (04-1-524) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) Oh, but it isn't all right. Look, I've made you drop your bag. 2) Oh, no, I was - I was just a little startled, that's all. It's quite all right. 3) Oh, dear! Oh! 4) Oh, that doesn't matter, there's nothing breakable in it. 5) I'm so sorry! I do hope I haven't hurt you!
 A) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4 B) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4
 C) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 D) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4
 E) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4

98. (04-1-527) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) Yes, I have to be at home at three thirty. 2) Well, it was good to see you. 3) Are you sure? 4) See you. 5) It was good to see you too. See you next week. 6) Three o'clock? I haven't noticed the time. I must go.
 A) 6, 3, 5, 2, 1, 4
 B) 6, 3, 1, 2, 5, 4
 C) 6, 1, 2, 3, 5, 4
 D) 6, 2, 1, 3, 5, 4
 E) 6, 3, 1, 5, 2, 4

99. (04-1-528) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) Hi. How are you. 2) It's a beautiful day, isn't it? 3) Fine, Thanks. 4) Well, I'm working in the yard. 5) Yes, we're all outside. 6) What are you doing?

- A) 1, 3, 2, 5, 6, 4 B) 1, 5, 2, 3, 6, 4
 C) 1, 6, 3, 2, 5, 4 D) 1, 2, 6, 3, 5, 4
 E) 1, 3, 6, 2, 5, 4

100. (04-1-529) Choose the right answer.

- 1) Nigora lives in Kokand. 2) I'm going to visit my sister next week. 3) How often do you see her? 4) Your sister! You have a sister? Where does she live? 5) Well, have a good time. 6) Not often, only twice a year.
 A) 2, 3, 1, 4, 6, 5
 B) 2, 4, 1, 3, 6, 5
 C) 2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5
 D) 2, 4, 6, 1, 3, 5
 E) 2, 4, 1, 6, 3, 5

101. (04-1-530) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) That's plenty! That'll be more than enough, thank you. Are you sure, you can spare it?
 2) That's very good of you.
 3) Oh, yes. Our little girl is away today.
 4) Could you do me a favour, Mrs. Y., and let me have a drop of milk?
 5) Why, yes, I've got enough and to spare. Will this bottle do?
 A) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2 B) 4, 5, 3, 1, 2
 C) 4, 1, 3, 5, 2 D) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2
 E) 4, 1, 5, 3, 2

102. (05-1-361) Complete the dialogue.

- ...
 - Yes, I went there last week. The tulips were wonderful.
 - ...
 - No, we went by coach.
 A) Have you been to Hampton Court? / Did you go there by car?
 B) Where have you been lately? / Who did you go there with?
 C) Have you finished your work? / Did you do it yourself?
 D) Who has taken you to Hampton Court? / Certainly.
 E) Did you go to Hampton Court? / How did you go there?

103. (05-1-517) Choose the appropriate order to make up a story.

- 1) Upset and tired I came back home.
 2) But when I came to the store it was closed for some unknown reason. 3) There was an exhibition of new fashionable goods at the Department Store. 4) My visit was a failure. 5) I took some money and went there for I wanted to buy some things for myself.
 A) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3 B) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5
 C) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4 D) 4, 2, 5, 3, 1
 E) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1

104. (05-1-524) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) "That isn't news to me", the other man answered.
 2) Two men were speaking about their dogs.
 3) "I've known it for a long time actually".
 4) "My Spot is the cleverest dog I've ever seen, because he switches on the telly and watches it", one of them said.
 5) "My Patch told me about it" was the answer.
 A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 B) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5
 C) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5 D) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
 E) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4

105. (v4-101-10) Complete the dialogue.

- ...
 - Yes, I went there last week. The tulips were wonderful.

- ...
 - No, we went by coach.
 A) Have you finished your work? / Did you do it yourself?
 B) Did you go to Hampton Court? / How did you go there?
 C) Have you been to Hampton Court? / Did you go there by car?
 D) Who has taken you to Hampton Court? / Certainly.
 E) Where have you been lately? / Who did you go there with?

106. (v4-102-10) Complete the dialogue.

- What do you do?
 - ...
 A) Pleased to meet you.
 B) Cheers. See you.
 C) Very well. Thank you.
 D) I'm waiting for a train.
 E) I'm an architect.

107. (v4-103-10) Complete the dialogue.

- ...
 - I went there on business, I had to go to a conference.
 A) Where was the conference?
 B) Did you enjoy yourself?
 C) Did you go there on business or for pleasure?
 D) Have you had your contract signed?
 E) When did you go to the conference?

108. (v4-103-14) Choose the best answer.

- 1) white; 2) cotton; 3) an old; 4) shirt
 A) 2, 1, 3, 4 B) 4, 3, 1, 2
 C) 1, 3, 4, 2 D) 3, 1, 2, 4
 E) 1, 3, 2, 4

109. (v4-104-10) Complete the dialogue.

- Can you spare me a few minutes?
 - ... I'm very busy at the moment. Can you come a little later?
 - ... When shall I come?
 A) No / Of course / Next year
 B) Really? / I think so / A fortnight
 C) Yes, certainly / Yes / Yesterday
 D) Certainly / Yes, I can / Just now
 E) I'm sorry / Certainly / In an hour or so

110. (v4-105-10) Complete the dialogue.

- Why, Tom! Are you reading without the light? Turn on the lamp, please.
 - ...
 A) Oh, yes, it's too light
 B) Thank you, very well
 C) Oh, yes, it's far from here
 D) Oh, yes, it's getting dark
 E) Oh, no, I'm too hungry

111. (v4-107-30) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) It is on the second Saturday in June.
 2) On the queen's official birthday, there is a parade of her guards.
 3) Thousands of Londoners and visitors watch «Horse Guards» Parade.
 4) The queen is the only person in Britain with two birthdays. 5) Her real birthday is on April 21st, but she has an "official" birthday too.
 A) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3 B) 4, 1, 5, 2, 3
 C) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4 D) 4, 5, 1, 2, 3
 E) 4, 1, 5, 3, 2

112. (v4-110-14) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) A man spent his whole Sunday in front of the TV set watching football matches. 2) In the morning his wife saw that her husband

was still asleep in his armchair. 3 A little later he fell asleep in his armchair. 4 The man woke up at once and asked: "Five to seven? And who is winning?" 5 She went to wake him up and said that it was five to seven.

- A) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4 B) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5
C) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 D) 5, 2, 1, 3, 4
E) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2

113. (v4-112-30) Choose the right order of the sentence.

1) When his alarm clock rang, he got out of bed and stepped on a snake. 2) His alarm clock rang at 7:00. 3) Don had a terrible day yesterday. 4) The trouble began early in the morning. 5) He was nearly frightened to death, but the snake slithered away without biting him.

- A) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3 B) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3
C) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4 D) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2
E) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5

114. (v4-113-30) Make up a dialogue.

- 1) – Excuse me, could you tell me where Navol Street is, please?
2) – Oh, yes, Navol Street. Right. It's not far. Go along Usmon Nosir Street and you'll see crossroads, across Navol Street is.
3) – Not at all.
4) – Sorry, I didn't quite catch.
5) – Navol Street. I'm trying to find Navol Street.
6) – Thank you very much.
A) 1, 4, 2, 6, 5, 3 B) 1, 4, 2, 5, 6, 3
C) 1, 4, 5, 2, 6, 3 D) 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 3
E) 1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 6

115. (v4-115-10) Complete the dialogue.

- What bus are you waiting for?
–
– You usually go to work by car, don't you?
A) I was waiting for a doctor. / That's right.
B) What time is it? / Thanks a lot.
C) I was waiting for him. / They belonged to my mother.
D) Do you mind my waiting for a bus? / Oh, yes, my dear.
E) I'm waiting for bus 9 or 14. Yes, but my mother sometimes needs it.

116. (v4-118-14) Choose the appropriate order of sentences to make up a story.

- 1) The teacher said she was sorry to hear that. 2) The boy said that it was his father speaking. 3) She wondered who the man speaking was. 4) Jack Smith didn't want to go to school. 5) He phoned his teacher and said that Jack Smith wouldn't go to school for some days.
A) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 B) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
C) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2 D) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4
E) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4

117. (v4-120-10) Complete the dialogue.

-?
– I need it for my job.
A) Who made you buy this book?
B) Why don't you learn English?
C) Why have you come here?
D) Why are these books on your table?
E) Why are you learning English?

118. (v4-121-26) Complete the dialogue.

- Why didn't you come to the cinema with us, Ann?
A) I still believe him in spite of everything.
B) I had to stay at home to study.
C) I couldn't continue writing.
D) I'll mend it within a week.
E) Thanks to you I've got into the theatre.

119. (v4-122-13) Complete the dialogue.

- Mr. Brown said: "Look, dear, a button has come off my coat." Mrs. Brown: "Have you got the button?" Mr. Brown: ... Mrs. Brown: "Well, bring me my sewing-basket, I'll look for another and sew it on for you."
A) Sorry, dear, but I've lost it.
B) Sorry but it was a joke.
C) Oh, I'd try to find it.
D) I shall help you.
E) Don't worry I find it.

120. (v4-122-26) Complete the dialogue.

- Sam: "What about going to the cinema?"
Ann: ... Sam: «You can do your work after the cinema."
A) With pleasure
B) I like going to the cinema, very much
C) I am afraid I can't
D) I don't feel like going to the cinema
E) I have a lot of things to do

121. (v4-122-30) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) "That isn't news to me", the other man answered. 2) Two men were speaking about their dogs. 3) "I've known it for a long time actually". 4) "My Spot is the cleverest dog I've ever seen, because he switches on the telly and watches it", one of them said. 5) "My Patch told me about it" – was the answer.
A) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5 B) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4
C) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 D) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
E) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5

122. (v4-125-14) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) A man spent his whole Sunday in front of the TV set watching football matches.
2) In the morning his wife saw that her husband was still asleep in his armchair.
3) A little later he fell asleep in his armchair.
4) The man woke up at once and asked: "Five to seven? And who is winning?"
5) She went to wake him up and said that it was five to seven.
A) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4 B) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5
C) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 D) 5, 2, 1, 3, 4
E) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2

123. (v4-127-30) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- I. I had to wait for the next winter. II. They were so nice, new and shining that I wanted to go to skate at once. III. My mother bought me a pair of skates. IV. But alas, the winter was warm and there was not much snow outside to make a skating rink. V. I guessed all my classmates would be envious when they saw my skates.
A) I, V, III, IV, II B) IV, I, V, II, VI
C) II, I, V, III, IV D) III, II, V, IV, I
E) III, II, IV, I, V

124. (v4-128-14) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) A little boy showed his father a new pen-knife. 2) "Are you sure it was lost?" the father asked. 3) "I saw a man looking for it." 4) He said he had found it in the street. 5) "Of course, it was lost!" the boy answered.
A) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5 B) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4
C) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 D) 1, 2, 4, 3, 5
E) 1, 4, 2, 5, 3

125. (v5-102-26) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) When she was 21, she went to Hollywood and began acting in films. 2) In 1956 she married Prince Rainier of Monaco.

3) She appeared in the film "High Noon", and won an Academy Award – "Oscar" for her acting in "A Country Girl".

4) Grace Kelly was born on the east coast of the US in 1929.

5) She then retired from her career in America and devoted herself to her royal duties.

- A) 1, 3, 4, 2, 5
B) 4, 3, 5, 2, 1
C) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
D) 2, 3, 5, 1, 4
E) 4, 2, 5, 3, 1

126. (v5-132-23) Complete the dialogue.

- 1) I say, the basic law of our country is its Constitution. 2) Yes, it is. And how about Britain? Has Britain a written Constitution? 1. ...
2) You are wrong. England is the only country in the world having no constitution as one act.
A) How can a state go without it?
B) I'll see to it.
C) Of course, it was
D) I think, they'll write it?
E) Oh, you could do it

127. (v5-157-26) Choose the right order to make up a story.

- 1) Her mother was executed by her father when the little girl was 2 and half years old. 2) When she was 3 months old she went to live at Rat field, far from the King and the Queen. 3) Queen Elizabeth I was the daughter of Henry VIII and his second wife Ann Boleyn. 4) She was much loved by the people of England and her reign was one of power and glory for her country. 5) She followed her half-brother Edward and half-sister as a strong and independent queen.
A) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4 B) 5, 3, 4, 1, 2
C) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2 D) 5, 4, 3, 1, 2
E) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2

128. (v5-160-26) Choose the right order according to the text.

- 1) The robber suddenly attacked the policemen and run away. 2) The police in the big city one day caught a robber, whom they were looking for long time.
3) A week later a telephone call came from Waterbridge – a small town 100 miles away from the city.
4) The police of the big city immediately sent 4 photos of the robber in the different positions to everywhere.
5) Waterbridge's police informed that they had caught three of the men and hoped to catch the fourth one.
A) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3 B) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2
C) 5, 3, 2, 4, 1 D) 2, 1, 4, 3, 5
E) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5

129. (v13-105-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

- Although they were described as the (27) ... designs in many years, there isn't anything very new about the latest line of shoes from Santorelli. As one of the most famous designers in Italy, Salvatore Santorelli is expected to do more than simply repeat the previous year's (28) ... formula of "smart, but casual" sandals in a range of pastels.
A) Italian first new B) new first Italian
C) first new Italian D) first Italian new

130. (v13-105-28)

- A) successfully B) success
C) successful D) succession

108. Proverb completion. Appropriate equivalent

1. (96-1-50) Choose the appropriate proverb in your mother language.

- Don't count your chicken before they hatched.
- A) Делить шкуру не убитого медведя.
B) Цыплят по осени считают.
C) Худой славы вдру не отделаешься.
D) Сухом земля полнится.
E) Семь раз отмерь один раз отрежь.

2. (96-6-110) Choose the appropriate proverb or saying.

One of our classmates fell ill, and was taken to hospital. In three months he was out and about, but lagged behind the pupils with his studying. He asked many pupils to help him; nobody came to his rescue, but me. After that we became friends and he used to say ...

- A) Facts are stubborn things.
B) Experience is the mother of wisdom.
C) Live and learn.
D) Everything is good in its season.
E) A friend in need is a friend indeed.

3. (96-9-55) Choose the appropriate proverb to the text.

The Lacons lived in the Southern Greece called Laconia, and were known for their bravery. They taught their children to speak briefly using no more words than they were needed. The best example of this is their answer to Philip of Macedon, who wanted to occupy all Greece. In his letter to Lacons he promised to kill all their children and wives and ruin their towns. But he got a letter from them with one word in it "if".

- A) Brevity is the soul of wit.
B) No news is good news.
C) No smoke without fire.
D) Better late than never.
E) What is done cannot be undone.

4. (96-12-42) Complete the dialogue with the appropriate sentence.

- A: Who is that young man?
B: He is a first year student.
A: ... B: More than two weeks, I think.
A) Where was he before?
B) Well, he is very interesting, but where does he come from?
C) How long has he been here?
D) Is he ill?
E) Did he come from Turkey?

5. (96-12-44) Complete the dialogue with the appropriate sentence.

- A Joke** Doctor: What's the matter with you?
Akram: I don't really know but I'm not feeling well.
Doctor: ... Akram: I see.
Doctor: And what do you do?
Akram: A am a letter carrier.
A) You should go to the dentist.
B) Oh, it is the same thing again. You must spend more time in the open air and take long walks every day.
C) Oh, I think you must have a rest at home.
D) Have you a terrible headache?
E) You are tired.

6. (96-12-109) Choose the appropriate proverb. The French king Louis XI had an Italian astrologer whose name was Martious Galeotti. One day the king asked him, "You say that the stars tell you everything, and

that you know the hour of every man's death. But did they also tell you the hour of your own death?

Do you know when you will die?"
"What shall I answer him?" thought the astrologer. "If I say that I shall live long, the king will kill me just to prove (лишь бы доказать) that the stars do not say the truth". Then he remembered that the king was himself afraid of death and he used this fact. "Yes, I can determine the hour of my death, but it is necessary to connect it with another man's death", he said. "I do not understand your answer, Martious. What do you mean?"
"Know then, oh king", said Martious, "That my death will take place exactly twenty-four hours before yours". Since that time the king never discussed that question again.

- A) Life is not all cakes and ale.
B) As you make your bed, so you must lie on it.
C) Two eyes see more than one.
D) Ask no question and you will hear no lies.
E) Let the sleeping dog lie.

7. (96-13-44) Complete the saying. ... makes the world go round.

- A) Love B) Hatred
C) Gravity D) Money
E) Poor mouse.

8. (96-13-50) Choose the appropriate proverb to the given text.

Michael was a bad boy that morning he made a lot of noise when everybody was asleep: he entered his father's room and took his pen and broke it. The boy did many wrong things and mother punished him.

- A) A friend in need is a friend indeed.
B) All is well that ends well.
C) As you make your bed, so you must lie on it.
D) Second thoughts are best.
E) Like mother like daughter.

9. (97-1-51) Choose the right continuation to the proverb.

- "False friends are ..."
A) as clear as day
B) out of mind
C) better than riches
D) worse than open enemies
E) good to be true

10. (97-2-57) Choose the second part of the proverb.

- A good name is better ...
A) than richness
B) than never
C) than in bad company
D) than promise long
E) than a friend

11. (97-4-33) Complete the proverb.

After the long school holidays, Mrs. Hay went to talk to Betty's teacher. "Betty is glad that school has started", she said. "She is as ..."

- A) hungry as a wolf
B) busy as a bee
C) as happy as a lark
D) as slow as a tortoise
E) as clever as an owl

12. (97-7-58) Choose the appropriate proverb.

John was a very lazy pupil. During the school years he didn't learn his lessons and always played truant. When the examination time came he was also to take his exams. But, alas, he didn't pass them and he cried bitterly.

- A) Living dog is better than a dead man
B) The rotten apple injures its neighbours.
C) The appetite comes with eating.
D) A good beginning makes a good ending.
E) You have made your bed and you must lie on it.

13. (98-1-9) Choose the sentence appropriate to the content of the following sentence.

Perhaps you shouldn't take all your money with you when you go shopping.
A) It's necessary to have all the money about you when you go out
B) Perhaps you will spend all your money the first time you go shopping
C) A good thing is to take all the money to spend when you go shopping
D) I think you mustn't take all your money with you when you go shopping
E) You should stop feeling sorry for your-self and do something about your money problem

14. (98-2-51) Choose the appropriate proverb.

While a grasshopper was taking it easy in the shade one hot summer day, an ant struggled in the sun with a grain of rice that he was carrying to his nest. "Hey, Mister Ant", the grasshopper said. "Why don't you take it easy like me? You can work tomorrow". The ant paused. "I'm saving up food now for the cold winter ahead, and if you know what's good for you, you'll do the same", he said. Three or four months later, winter came and it was very cold. While the ant was comfortable in his nest, the starving grasshopper shivered under a pile of dead leaves and wished that he'd paid attention to the ant's advice.

- A) When angry, count a hundred.
B) No sweet without some sweat.
C) Speech is silver but silence is gold.
D) Haste makes waste.
E) East or West home is best.

15. (98-3-45) Complete the proverb.

- Everything is ...
A) shooting without aim
B) better than saying
C) good in its season
D) better to do well than to say well
E) worth two tomorrow

16. (98-5-64) Choose the appropriate proverb.

When faced with a difficult problem, it is better to consult other people.

- A) To kill two birds with one stone
B) Two heads are better than one
C) If you want a thing well done, do it yourself
D) The devil is not so black as he is painted
E) East or West home is best

17. (98-8-53) Choose the appropriate proverb expressing the main idea of the text.

Mr. Smith was rather lazy. He didn't like to work hard and always spared himself. He was sure that his father would support him all his life. But his father died and Mr. Smith had a miserable life.

- A) Don't trouble troubles until trouble troubles you.
B) Speech is silver but silence is gold,
C) No sweet without some sweat.
D) At the tree so the fruit.
E) First think then speak.

18. (98-8-54) Choose the appropriate proverb expressing the main idea of the text.

I don't think she is a good student. She often misses classes and doesn't do her homework in time. She always tries to prepare everything at the last moment. That's why she failed her winter exam. If she had done everything in time she would have passed her exam.

- A) After dinner sleep a while, after supper walk a mile.
- B) East or West home is best.
- C) A sound mind in a sound body.
- D) Haste makes waste.
- E) Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today.

19. (98-12-3) Choose the appropriate proverb to explain the following. Some people use fine words when they talk about what they have done, but their actions may be quite different and not at all fine.

- A) Fine words dress ill deeds.
- B) You can't eat your cake and have it.
- C) Fortune favours the brave.
- D) All work and no play makes Jack a dull boy.
- E) An apple a day keeps the doctor a way.

20. (98-12-4) Choose the appropriate proverb to explain the following. A man mustn't think that his task is too difficult before he begins doing it.

- A) Everything comes to him who waits.
- B) No living man all things can.
- C) Live not to eat but eat to live.
- D) Keep your mouth shut and your ears open.
- E) Don't cross the bridge before you come to it.

21. (99-1-12) Complete the proverb.

Be slow to promise and ...

- A) speak little
- B) life is short
- C) never fell
- D) quick to perform
- E) half is done

22. (99-2-24) Choose the appropriate proverb.

- I am lucky today, your turn will come later on. Tomorrow our positions may be reversed. - Yes, ...

- A) Deeds not words
- B) Every dog has his day
- C) Scratch my back and I'll scratch yours
- D) Everything is good in its season
- E) All is well that ends well

23. (99-2-25) Choose the appropriate proverb. Sasha had a bad tooth, and he had to go to the dentist. Sasha knew that some of his friends were afraid to treat teeth and the boy refused to go to the dentist. But his mother made him go and said not to be afraid, because ...

- A) lost time is never found again
- B) to make a mountain out of a molehill
- C) the devil is not so black as he is painted
- D) never put off till tomorrow what you can do today
- E) barking dogs never bite

24. (99-8-54) Complete the proverb.

Many men, many ...

- A) servants
- B) hands
- C) minds
- D) ways
- E) thoughts

25. (99-10-49) Choose the appropriate proverb.

We have got two neighbours. One of them is a clever and polite man. He is an educated, cultural man. The other is rather selfish and stupid. He thinks he can buy everything as he is rich enough. He is a narrow-minded person. We don't like him. We think "..."

- A) As the tree so the fruit.
- B) Health is above wealth.
- C) No pains, no gains.
- D) It's never too late to learn.
- E) Better short of pence than short of sense.

26. (00-1-21) Choose the appropriate proverb to the passage.

Anton Rubinstein was asked by a friend of his: "Why do you play the piano every day? But you are already an exceptional pianist and you don't have to do it every day". "If I don't practise it one day, I'll notice it myself, if I don't practise it two days, my pupils will notice it. If I don't practise it three days, the audience will notice it".

- A) Practice makes perfect.
- B) If you want a thing well done do it yourself.
- C) What's done can't be undone.
- D) Action speaks louder than words.
- E) Strike the iron while it is hot.

27. (00-5-52) Choose the appropriate proverb to complete the passage.

I've got a friend. She's a nice girl but she's a chatter-box. I ask her to give up this habit but she can't help it. Still I like her very much as she is very kind. I follow the proverb: "..."

- A) A friend in need is a friend indeed.
- B) All that glitters is not gold.
- C) Choose an author as you choose a friend.
- D) A false friend is worse than an open enemy.
- E) What can't be cured must be endured.

28. (01-2-32) Choose the appropriate proverb.

If you want to enter a Higher Educational Establishment you should work very hard and acquire profound knowledge. It is rather difficult but you shouldn't forget the proverb: "...".

- A) Speech is silver but silence is gold.
- B) When it thunders the thief becomes honest.
- C) First think, then speak.
- D) After death - the doctor.
- E) No sweet without some sweat.

29. (01-6-56) Choose the appropriate proverb.

Bill is so depressed now. His only son has recently been arrested. All his friends already know about it as ...

- A) standing pools gather filth.
- B) bad news has wings.
- C) half heart is no heart.
- D) he laughs best who laughs last.
- E) haste makes waste.

30. (02-6-57) Choose sentence with the closest meaning to the given one.

I wish he would stop telling me what to do.

- A) He has stopped telling me what to do, and I am glad.
- B) Do please stop telling me what to do.
- C) I hope he has stopped telling me what to do.
- D) I do like him because he keeps telling me what to do.
- E) He keeps telling me what to do and I don't like it.

31. (02-6-58) Choose sentence with the closest meaning to the given one.

If he had not run, he would have missed the bus.

- A) He'd catch the bus if he ran for it.
- B) He could have caught the bus by running for it.
- C) He'd have caught the bus even if he hadn't run for it.
- D) He was only able to catch the bus by running after it.
- E) He didn't need to run to catch the bus.

32. (02-11-75) Choose the best answer.

Last week my car's door broke, and yesterday the radio stopped working, then the engine failed ...

- A) Look one way and row another
- B) That was the last straw
- C) Put two and two together
- D) No great loss without some small gain
- E) What's lost is lost

33. (03-9-23) Read the following situation and Choose the appropriate proverb.

Mr. Stark was rather rich. He had a lot of friends and relatives. He often arranged parties and his guests enjoyed themselves playing golf and gambling. He never spared his money and was always ready to help his friends in need. But, once, playing cards he lost all his fortune. Now, he was alone and needed money but nobody helped him. He should have remembered the proverb "...".

- A) Grasp all, loose all
- B) Like master like man
- C) Live and learn
- D) We eat to live but don't live to eat
- E) Keep something for a rainy day.

34. (v4-128-29) Choose the sentence appropriate to the content of the following sentence.

I think you should take all your money with you when you go shopping.

- A) A good thing is to take all the money to spend when you go shopping.
- B) You'd better take all the money with you when you go shopping.
- C) It's necessary to have all the money about you when you go out.
- D) It would be better not to take all your money with you when you go shopping.
- E) Perhaps you should spend all your money the first time you go shopping.

35. (v5-147-24) Choose the right answer.

Mr. Marlow insists that the incident should be hushed up.

- A) covered with something
- B) refused
- C) kept in secret
- D) hide out
- E) spread

36. (v15-115-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31-33).

It is ironic that the name of such a corrupt and immoral politician as John Montagu, the fourth Earl of Sandwich, has come down to us, while the names of some of his more honest colleagues are forgotten. He held several important positions in the 18th century, most notoriously as First Lord of the Admiralty. He is thought to have stolen from the Admiralty budget, and to have purchased

inferior equipment for the navy at a profit to himself, causing the British Navy serious problems at sea. But of course what he is most remembered for is the invention of the "sandwich". A confirmed gambler, he is thought to have asked for slices of meat to be put between two pieces of bread and brought to him at the gaming table, so that eating would not cause him to waste any gambling time.

It is said in the passage that the "sandwich" ...

- A) was John Montagu's favorite meat dish he ate with his gambling colleagues.
- B) is a special way of gambling invented by John Montagu.
- C) was invented by John Montagu as a way to be able to eat while gambling.
- D) was invented in England, but is now most popular in the United States.

37. (v15-115-32) According to the passage, in the 18th century, some of the British Navy's problems resulted from ...

- A) the corruption and immorality of the manufacturers.
- B) the economic depression the country was suffering in general.
- C) the dismissal of the honest admirals of the time from the navy.
- D) the bad equipment John Montagu bought for the navy.

38. (v15-115-33) The author finds it ironic that John Montagu, an immoral person, ...

- A) was awarded by the British Navy for his admirable work.
- B) is still remembered today, but some of his more honest contemporaries aren't.
- C) wasn't able to hold such important positions in the navy.
- D) had become one of the four important figures of the region of Sandwich.

39. (v15-117-30) As it is given in the text, the fig tree does not only get nutrition from the host tree, but also ...

- A) it gives minerals to other plants.
- B) it exists at the expense of other plants.
- C) it produces nutrition to the air.
- D) it is food for animals.

40. (v15-118-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

When her grandmother's health began to deteriorate Mary would make the drive every few days. She hated highway driving, finding it ugly and monotonous. She preferred to take meandering back roads to her grandmother's hospital. Along the highway, there was a long stretch of wild flowers. They were thin and delicate and purple, Mary pulled over a bunch from the soil. She carried them into her grandmother's room when she arrived at the hospital and placed them in a water pitcher by her bed. For a moment her grandmother seemed better than usual. She thanked Mary for the flowers, commented on their beauty and asked where she had got them. Mary was overjoyed by the ability of the flowers to wake something up inside her sick grandmother. Afterwards, Mary began carrying flowers to her grandmother. One morning in late October, Mary got a call that her grandmother had taken a turn for the worse. Mary was in such a hurry to

get to her grandmother that she sped past her flower spot to cut a bunch. Mary arrived at the hospital to find her grandmother very weak and unresponsive. She placed the flowers in the pitcher and sat down to hold her grandmother's hand. She felt a squeeze on her fingers. It was the last conversation they had.

As is used at the beginning of the story, which is the best antonym for "deteriorate".

- A) accumulate
- B) increase
- C) improve
- D) adjust

41. (v15-118-28) The meaning of the word "monotonous" in the passage is close to ...

- A) time-consuming
- B) tedious
- C) nerve-wracking
- D) confusing

42. (v15-118-29) In the final paragraph, the author writes, "She felt a squeeze on her fingers. It was the last conversation they had." Which of the following best describes what the author is trying to communicate in these sentences?

- A) Mary's grandmother was too weak to communicate with Mary.
- B) Mary's grandmother liked the flowers that Mary brought.
- C) Mary and her grandmother held hands and had a splendid conversation.
- D) Mary and her grandmother communicated through touch.

43. (v15-118-30) What other title would best fit for this passage?

- A) Living for Tomorrow
- B) Wildflower Power
- C) On the Road
- D) The Fall

44. (v16-103-18) Complete the proverb.

"No man is an ..."

- A) Iron
- B) Ice-cream
- C) Island
- D) Ireland

45. (v16-104-6) Complete the proverb.

"Better ... than ..."

- A) later / never
- B) never / late
- C) late / later
- D) late / never

46. (v16-105-12) Find equivalent.

Sometimes it's important to know when to give up and run away, instead of always acting brave and maybe getting hurt.

- A) "There's no place like home".
- B) "Discretion is the greater part of valor".
- C) "The early bird catches the worm".
- D) "Never look a gift horse in the mouth".

47. (v16-128-18) ... always has its requirements.

- A) Love
- B) The love
- C) Love of theirs
- D) A love

48. (v17-122-2) Complete the proverb.

A bird in hand ...

- A) Never bites
- B) Always turns up
- C) Is worth two in the bush
- D) Is as good as rest

49. (v17-123-8) Complete the proverb.

A bad penny ...

- A) Never bites
- B) Always turns up
- C) Is worth two in the bush
- D) Is as good as rest

50. (v18-686) Which of the following English proverbs corresponds to «Своя рубашка ближе к телу»?

- A) Every cloud has its silver lining.
- B) Clothes make the man.
- C) Every bird likes its own nest.
- D) Charity begins at home

109. Logically correct sentence. Grammatically correct sentence

1. (96-9-97) Complete the given sentence.

Mary is the tallest woman ...

- A) played the piano very well.
- B) we've been to London.
- C) has decorated the house all by herself.
- D) I've ever seen.
- E) hold flowers in her hand.

2. (96-13-208) Choose the sentence, contradicting others.

- A) A national flag is an expression of human hopes and ideals.
- B) The national flag of the USA shows us the number of states.
- C) In Great Britain it combines three crosses representing England, Scotland and Ireland.
- D) USA is federal republic consisting of fifty states.
- E) It symbolises the Union of these countries and called the Union Jack.

3. (96-15-99) Choose the sentence logically completing the given one.

The next day I tried to show him the way of preparing corn for bread making.

- A) They worked much in the field the next day.
- B) Bread is sold at the bakery.
- C) He worked much and he was so happy whenever we understood each other.
- D) Afterwards he helped me to bake the bread.
- E) For a long time he would not eat salt with his food.

4. (97-4-22) Choose the appropriate answer.

Why didn't you go to the circus with your classmates?

- A) I wanted to go there.
- B) I wanted to go there but I was ill.
- C) I am very busy.
- D) I shall be free.
- E) no, I don't but I want to.

5. (97-10-38) Choose the appropriate answer.

Why didn't Bob want to come to the cinema with us?

- A) He didn't train for a long time.
- B) He had seen the film.
- C) He is ill.
- D) He didn't have one at the moment.
- E) He is busy.

6. (97-11-49) Choose the sentence which has the main idea of the poem.

- A) Hold fast to dream.
- B) For if dreams die.
- C) Life is a broken-winged bird.
- D) That cannot fly.
- E) Life is a field frozen with snow if dreams go.

7. (98-1-21) Choose the correct sentence according to the Grammar.

- A) My doctor told me that my tooth needs filling.

- B) My doctor told me I had got an ear infection and I had to take antibiotics three times a day.
 C) My doctor told me I'm all right and I can leave hospital
 D) My doctor told me that my grandfather was ill and he may be operated on.
 E) My doctor told me that I was all right and I can leave the hospital.

8. (98-3-33) Choose the logically correct sentence.

- A) If there are many mistakes in your test I shall go swimming
 B) If it rains I shall climb a tree
 C) If the farmer is angry I shall switch off the light in the bathroom
 D) If you can't find any money have your hair cut short
 E) If he isn't hungry he won't join us

9. (98-11-53) Choose the appropriate answer. Whom do you often write letters to?

- A) To England B) To Moscow
 C) My friends do D) To my pen-friend
 E) My pen-friend does

10. (98-12-52) Complete the joke. –

Tommy, your mother is a teacher and you cannot write a word. – ...

- A) Your father is a dentist and your little brother has no teeth
 B) Your father is an engineer and works at the plant
 C) Your mother is a good housewife
 D) Your aunt can't go to die mountains with us
 E) Your mother wanted to see us both

11. (99-3-23) Choose the correct variant of the sentence.

- A) Your room is twice as large as mine
 B) Your room is twice as larger as mine
 C) Your room is two sizes bigger than mine
 D) Your room is two times largest than mine
 E) Your room is larger than mine two times

12. (00-4-8) Choose grammatically correct phrase that best completes the sentence.

By the time students graduate from high school ... compositions or essays.

- A) they usually able to write
 B) they are capable to write
 C) they are usually able to write
 D) usually capable they are of writing
 E) they usually are able writing

13. (01-1-20) Complete the sentence logically.

Nearly three quarters of the earth is covered with water. Water heats up more slowly than land, but once it is warm it takes longer to cool down. On the moon where there is no water, the temperature at night falls quickly and night is much colder than day
 A) The same can be seen in tropics
 B) That's why we had to take warm clothes
 C) And the travellers preferred to stay in the ship
 D) When the sun shines water boils
 E) This also happens in inland deserts, hundreds of miles from any sea

14. (01-2-39) Complete the situation.

When I met Alice at the entrance to the theatre, she looked excited and her eyes sparkled. ... They were not expensive but we could see the stage rather well.

- A) There were a lot of people there.
 B) She greeted me gaily.
 C) I had booked two tickets.
 D) Our seats were in the pit stalls.
 E) Suddenly I saw two of my group mates.

15. (01-3-27) Which of the following questions requires the given answer?

Bakhtior has worked at the University for 7 years.

- A) How long have you worked at the University?
 B) How long does he work at the University?
 C) Where has he worked for eight years?
 D) How long has he worked at the University?
 E) Has he worked at the University?

16. (02-4-7) Choose the best answer.

The traffic on the highway was so heavy that I ...

- A) got to work in time
 B) could hardly breathe
 C) rang the police
 D) became hungry
 E) didn't get to the office at 8 o'clock

17. (02-11-30) Choose the sentence

which logically completes the paragraph.

America's fruit and vegetable market was not so rich this year. By mid November, fields which line the California-Mexico border are usually full of ripe fruit and vegetables. Unfortunately, 35% of this year's crop been lost or left to rot. America's melon, lettuce, citrus fruit and carrot harvests have all suffered hugely ...

- A) The farmers are advised to cover their crops as means of protection.
 B) Insects have caused serious damage to the crops and have made farming difficult.
 C) California farmers have been fighting sweet potato whiteflies for years.
 D) Farmers cannot destroy the insect easily.
 E) The insects cannot survive in wet climates.

18. (03-10-36) Choose the best answer.

Rustam: How could you get to town so quickly? Akmal: I headed out before dawn. What does Akmal mean?

- A) He began his journey at sunset.
 B) There weren't traffic jams on the road.
 C) It wasn't sunrise when he started.
 D) His car drove at a fast speed.
 E) He started his journey before dusk.

19. (04-1-482) Choose the best answer.

The tram was so overcrowded that ...

- A) they had to stand B) they took seats
 C) we went to the shop D) he cut his finger
 E) he easily found a seat

20. (04-1-486) Choose the best answer.

The coat was so expensive that ...

- A) Halil couldn't afford it
 B) Halil could afford to buy
 C) father bought them for me
 D) I bought it immediately
 E) everybody bought it at once.

21. (v4-107-15) Choose the appropriate answer.

How well does your classmate speak English?

- A) She speaks German well.
 B) They speak English well.
 C) She speaks it very well.
 D) We understand English.
 E) She doesn't tell English stories.

22. (v4-108-36) Choose the suitable words which are equivalents to the underlined ones.

The pupils of our form .

- A) are fond of chess
 B) enjoy playing chess
 C) are very good chess players
 D) are interested in chess
 E) are bad chess players

23. (v4-125-26) What will you say to a man sitting with his legs stretched out in a bus?

- A) Sir, would you mind taking your legs away from the aisle?
 B) The driver is most careless.
 C) Excuse me sir, could you tell us the right way to the circus?
 D) It's too stuffy here.
 E) Certainly, I can.

24. (v4-126-29) Don wants a piece of candy. His mother doesn't want to give him right now. What do you think she says?

- A) Later, dear.
 B) You're honey.
 C) You are not going to eat any.
 D) No, never.
 E) You ate your minimum.

25. (v5-134-11) Choose logically correct answer.

Father sends his son to the doctor and says that the doctor is a very ... and ... man.

- A) kind / impolite B) rude / severe
 C) good / cruel D) good / kind
 E) good / bad

26. (v5-144-25) Choose the best sentence.

Max is puzzled. His key won't unlock the door. The number on the key says 210, but the room is 310. ... He'll have to take the lift down to the second floor.

- A) He must have forgotten his key.
 B) He should change his room.
 C) Apparently Max is on the wrong floor.
 D) He will find the way out.
 E) He should get a new key.

27. (v16-101-25) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (25-28).

The World Health Organization says there's been a fourfold increase in diabetes in the past four decades. Worldwide nearly one-in-11 adults now has the disease. In one of the largest studies to date, it's been found that poor and middle income countries had seen the steepest rise in cases. That's prompted a warning that diabetes has reached levels that could bankrupt some health systems.

Choose the best title for the text

- A) Diabetes increase warning
 B) The past four decades
 C) The World Health Organization
 D) Health systems.

28. (v16-101-26) According to the passage diabetes ...

- A) is the disease of adults.
 B) can be found only in poor and middle income countries.
 C) may be a serious problem to some health systems.
 D) is the largest study to date.

29. (v16-101-27) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

There is a high increase in diabetes in the last...

- A) 4 weeks B) 4 months
C) 4 years D) 4 times

30. (v16-101-28) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

- The word steepest is closest in meaning to
A) precipitous B) easy
C) vertical D) smart

31. (v17-104-24) Choose the sentence which best matches the meaning.

- Don't forget to include Jeremy in the party.
A) Send Jeremy an invitation.
B) Remember to call on Jeremy.
C) Forget about inviting him to the party.
D) Don't invite Jeremy to the party.

32. (v17-119-22) Choose the correct answer.

I was dazzled by the snow glittering on the tree tops.

- A) I was confused
B) I was full of joy
C) I was unable to see
D) I was astonished

33. (v17-124-16) Choose the correct answer.

Strike while the iron is ...

- A) soft B) wild C) hot D) motion

34. (v17-126-21) Choose the one item which best matches the meaning of the main sentence.

He walked to work as usual although it was raining heavily.

- A) since it was raining heavily, he didn't walk to work
B) in spite of the heavy rain, he walked to work as usual
C) The unusually heavy rain prevented him from walking
D) He usually walked to work unless it was raining heavily

35. (v17-127-9) Choose the correct answer.

I usually wear a suit to work but ...

- A) I think I'll apply for that job.
B) I think I'm going to be sick
C) I was talking to my sister on the phone
D) today I'm wearing T-shirt and jeans

36. (v17-130-21) Choose the one item which best matches the meaning of the main sentence.

The play we saw last night wasn't particularly good.

- A) We went to the theater last night and enjoyed ourselves very much
B) The play we saw last night was extremely enjoyable
C) We didn't enjoy the play we saw last night
D) There was a good play in the theater last night

37. (v18-687) She was wearing ... riding boots.

- A) black old Spanish leather
B) old leather black Spanish
C) old black Spanish leather
D) Spanish black old leather

38. (v18-688) Which of these sentences are correct in spoken English?

- A) Seen Ali?
B) Can't come in here, sorry.
C) Lost my key.
D) Have heard of her mother.

39. (v18-689) Do you know who she is? No, she didn't ... her name.

- A) say me B) say to me
C) tell me D) tell to me

40. (v18-690) Choose the correct answer.

I would like to know what ... for this job.

- A) qualifications I need to be applied
B) qualifications I need being applied
C) qualifications to be applied I need
D) I need qualifications to be applied

41. (v19/20-103-16) Choose the correct answer.

Nate was cooking the dinner ... we arrived.

- A) as soon
B) when
C) while
D) since

42. (v19/20-104-18) Choose the correct answer.

... it was really hot outside, I wore shorts.

- A) Unless
B) Although
C) Despite
D) Since

43. (v19/20-121-3) Choose the right answer.

... buying a computer, he installed all suggested software

- A) After
B) On
C) Until
D) Since

44. (v19/20-128-3) Choose the correct answer.

It's improbable for us ... in time.

- A) don't to return
B) not return
C) no return
D) not to return

110. Sentence contradicting the others

1. (96-6-44) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) We stayed at home for the week-end.
B) We had a lot of work.
C) We decided to go to the park.
D) We washed.
E) We looked after our children at home.

2. (96-6-45) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) People like comedy than tragedy.
B) Yesterday a new comedy was on.
C) There were many people in the hall when "Othello" was on the stage.
D) After the comedy people were coming out smiling.
E) He played the main part in this comedy.

3. (96-8-48) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) It's difficult to get tickets on the day of train's departure.
B) You must book a ticket for train beforehand.
C) I'd like a second-class ticket for an overnight train.
D) This slow train arrives at 7 a. m.
E) I took my luggage and left the ship.

4. (96-9-102) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

110. Sentence contradicting the others

A) Canada has an area of nearly ten million square kilometres.

- B) A number of short rivers flow from the Australian Alps into the Pacific Ocean.
C) Its western and eastern coasts are washed by two oceans.
D) There are many islands in the north of Canada.
E) The north of the country near the Arctic is tundra.

5. (96-15-100) Choose the sentence contradicting the given one.

Tomorrow the pupils of our form will go on an excursion out of town.

- A) They want to go to the Tashkent Sea.
B) At 9 o'clock we'll take a bus and start to the Sea.
C) When we come we shall have a good time.
D) We shall see the historical places of the town.
E) Some of us will play volleyball, others will bathe and swim.

6. (96-15-204) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) About 7 million people live in the capital.
B) Its underground is the oldest in the world.
C) The streets are crowded and noisy.
D) There are beautiful flowers and trees all around the valley.
E) New high buildings are being built in the centre.

7. (96-15-205) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) Selfridges's is a very expensive department store.
B) Many people have to go to super cheaper shops.
C) Supermarkets have become very popular.
D) Our markets are very popular all over the world.
E) Shopping centres attract people from all over the world.

8. (97-1-43) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) He joined the library and checked a book out of it.
B) I choose a book of fairy tales.
C) The writer tried to amuse his readers.
D) Every subscriber must return a book in time.
E) There are many books by Uzbek and foreign writers in the library.

9. (97-2-50) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) On Friday evening I was going home by tram.
B) It began to grow dark.
C) There weren't many passengers in the tram.
D) Our voyage wasn't long but we all became friends.
E) It took me twenty minutes to get home.

10. (97-4-26) Choose the appropriate sentence contradicting the others.

- A) Christmas is a religious holiday as well.
B) It is celebrated as the birthday of Christ.
C) Every family tries to have a Christmas-tree.
D) The present for children, relatives, friends are placed under it.
E) This holiday is celebrated on the 31st of December.

11. (97-4-54) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) In 1825 the new railway was opened in Great Britain.
- B) G. Stephenson's name is connected with the first railway in Great Britain.
- C) M. Faraday came to the station when the train had already gone.
- D) He replaced wooden rails by metal ones.
- E) Railway is one of the best means of communication.

12. (97-6-50) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) There is a kind of art exhibition at our school.
- B) Pictures and drawings are on the walls in the corridor.
- C) They were drawn at the camp during the summer holidays last year.
- D) At camps children go to rivers and to forests.
- E) The best picture called "One Summer Morning" was painted by my friend.

13. (97-6-51) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) It's winter, the first days of January.
- B) A little girl is sitting at the window and looking through it.
- C) Some children are playing a noisy game on the green grass not far from their house.
- D) A lot of birds are looking for something to eat.
- E) But it's difficult for them to find food in winter and the girl feels sorry for the birds.

14. (97-9-49) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) Many children come to the Zoo every day.
- B) They like to watch different animals and birds.
- C) Some of them By over the blue sea.
- D) Coming to the Zoo children like to stand near one of the big cages most of all.
- E) A little monkey lives there with its father and mother.

15. (97-9-50) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) Australia has several different climatic regions.
- B) The climate in the West is very dry and more than half of Australia gets little rain.
- C) There are many wild animals in that country.
- D) Most of them such as the kangaroo, the dingo or wild dog and koala are not found in any other country of the world.
- E) The kiwi, a bird which lives in the forest and doesn't fly is the national emblem of the country.

16. (97-11-44) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) Rudyard Kipling, a famous English writer, was born in Bombay.
- B) His parents were English.
- C) Hindi was the first language he spoke.
- D) At 6 he was taken to England to study at a college.
- E) Her books are really interesting.

17. (97-11-45) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

- A) It is clear that man and his activity influence the environment.
- B) The man must study the influence of his activity on nature.

C) The ecological problem is not the problem of environmental pollution.

D) It is the problem of planned interaction of man with nature.

E) A man can find everything he needs.

18. (98-2-44) Choose the suitable sentence to continue the idea.

We are very fond of swimming.

A) We like to play football in fine weather.

B) We did our homework and then played tennis yesterday.

C) She usually likes to play chess.

D) We usually lie on the beach and sunbathe two or three hours a day.

E) The place where we were born is a big, city now.

19. (98-6-48) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) It is shining

B) It is raining cats and dogs

C) It's pouring

D) It's drizzling

E) It's raining

20. (99-10-54) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) All the trees are green.

B) I like spring best of all.

C) You can see flowers everywhere.

D) We often go to the country.

E) Children go to the skating-rink.

21. (00-2-35) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) London is situated on the Thames river.

B) The official residence of the Prime Minister is Number 10, Downing Street.

C) Political meetings take place in Trafalgar square.

D) Eleven million people live in London.

E) The White House is the residence of the President.

22. (00-2-36) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) The USA is situated in the central and southern part of the North American continent.

B) The area of the USA is over nine million square kilometres.

C) The longest river in the world is the Mississippi.

D) The Black Sea washes Turkey and many other countries.

E) In the North the USA borders on Canada and in the South on Mexico.

23. (01-1-19) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) Last year my friend was on a TV programme.

B) But our TV broke down completely.

C) We tried to rent one, but there were none available.

D) So we took it to a jeweller's.

E) Luckily we found a neighbour who let us watch hers.

24. (01-1-22) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) One evening I found a wonderful place to camp high up in the mountains.

B) I parked my car down a track, a hundred metres from the road.

C) Then I pitched my tent in a small wood by a stream.

D) But at last I managed to get to the road and drive down the street out of the snowstorm.

E) I made supper, washed the dishes in the stream and went out for a walk in the moonlight.

25. (01-1-28) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) Americans have always wanted to improve "the quality of life", to make the environment clean.

B) In the past twenty years, the quality of life has come to include the idea of a quality environment.

C) Americans want clean air and water, protection of natural resources.

D) As American industry becomes more and more mechanized, fewer workers are needed to manufacture a product.

E) An important part of the efforts to clean the environment is to recycle waste products.

26. (01-6-54) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) I think, it's high time to have dinner.

B) I am hungry.

C) Let's have some soup.

D) It's delicious.

E) Let's buy a piece of soap.

27. (02-7-46) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) Sports is one of the world's largest industries.

B) Because an athlete succeeds by achievement only sports can be a fast route to wealth.

C) Even the Olympic games themselves have become a huge business.

D) Countries fight to hold the Olympics not only for honour, but for money.

E) Appropriately, the symbol of victory in the Olympic Games is now an olive wreath.

28. (03-10-29) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) Perhaps the greatest navigators in history were the Vikings.

B) Without compasses or other modern instruments, they explored Iceland, Greenland.

C) Moreover they even crossed the Atlantic Ocean to the shores of North America.

D) Using sophisticated instrumentation, experts have learned that lightning travels at one-third the speed of light.

E) To find their way, they stayed close to shore lines or used the position of the sun to plot the latitude.

29. (03-10-30) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

A) Samuel Finley Breese Morse spent 12 years perfecting his own version of Andre Ampere's idea for an electric telegraph.

B) Different letters are used to code the alphabet, the numerals, and some punctuation.

C) The dot represents a very brief depression of telegraph key.

D) The dash represents a depression three times as long as the dot.

E) However this inventor is best known for his Morse code, a system of telegraph signals composed of dots and dashes.

30. (03-10-31) Choose the sentence contradicting the others.

20. (98-2-42) Choose the word logically out of the group.

- A) speak B) say
C) punish D) talk
E) tell

21. (98-3-30) Choose the word which is out of the logic group.

- A) goldfish B) horse
C) fox D) tree
E) mouse

22. (98-3-86) Choose the word logically out of the group.

- A) go B) start
C) arrive D) come
E) congratulate

23. (98-4-55) Continue the logic list.

Wood, metal, brick, glass, ...

- A) ink B) clay
C) sugar D) pepper
E) snow

24. (98-5-53) Continue the logic list.

Teacher, headmaster, form mistress, principal ...

- A) child B) pupil
C) woman D) teenager
E) man

25. (98-6-41) Choose the word out of the logic list.

- A) underground B) box-office
C) bank D) ministry
E) school

26. (98-7-33) Choose the word out of logic list.

- A) applicant B) worker
C) painter D) interpreter
E) builder

27. (98-8-40) Choose the word logically out of the list.

- A) a room B) a flat
C) a street D) a house
E) a parlour

28. (98-8-42) Continue the logic list.

A hat, a cap, a scarf, a shirt, ...

- A) an umbrella B) a shade
C) trousers D) a bag
E) a stick

29. (98-8-43) Continue the logic list.

Bread, butter, sugar, cream, ...

- A) shark B) scholar
C) kids D) cheese
E) steam

30. (98-12-64) Choose the word out of the logic group.

- A) suit B) shoe
C) hat D) pot
E) shirt

31. (98-12-65) Choose the word out of the logic group.

- A) cotton B) butter
C) cheese D) bread
E) milk

32. (98-12-68) Choose the word out of the logic group.

- A) about B) that
C) under D) into
E) within

33. (99-6-15) Choose the word which can't be associated with the given profession. A chef.

- A) a spoon B) a frying-pan
C) to roast D) an oven
E) to edit

34. (00-2-23) Continue the logic list. Well-known, famous, popular, known ...

- A) hard-working B) outstanding
C) clever D) lazy
E) brave

35. (00-2-24) Continue the logic list. Sea, river, lake, channel ...

- A) city B) mountain
C) hill D) ocean
E) forest

36. (00-2-32) Choose the word logically out of the list.

- A) a cup B) a teapot
C) a spoon D) a lemon
E) a milk-jug

37. (00-6-51) Choose the word that doesn't match.

- A) appliance B) dishwasher
C) pants D) television
E) vacuum cleaner

38. (00-9-17) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) carrot B) cucumber
C) potato D) meat
E) tomato

39. (00-9-20) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) dislike B) admire
C) detest D) hate
E) disapprove

40. (01-1-72) Choose the word that doesn't match.

- A) hammer B) screwdriver
C) saw D) truck
E) wrench

41. (01-4-12) Choose the right answer.

What group do they belong to?

A pike, a salmon, a trout, a shark, a herring, a sazan.

- A) fish B) animals
C) insects D) minerals
E) meat

42. (02-11-8) Choose the best answer.

Which of the following does the doctor do?

- A) checks blood pressure
B) takes medical treatment
C) complains about pains
D) overcomes difficulty
E) calls an ambulance

43. (05-1-389) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) tree B) flower
C) bush D) leave
E) plant

44. (v4-107-28) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) Glasgow B) Liverpool
C) Manchester D) Birmingham
E) Los-Angeles

45. (v4-109-18) Four of the five sentences are synonymous; choose the one that is wrong.

- A) The old lady prefers talking to listening.
B) Talking is more preferable for the old lady than listening.
C) The old lady prefers to talk rather than listen.
D) Listening is less preferable for the old lady than talking.
E) Listening is more preferable for the old lady than talking.

46. (v4-114-11) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) boy B) furniture
C) table D) sofa
E) bookcase

47. (v4-116-31) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) a turnip B) a crane
C) a cucumber D) a beet
E) carrots

48. (v4-121-12) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) bush B) plant
C) tree D) leave
E) flower

49. (v4-129-12) Choose the word which does not belong.

- A) grapes B) cabbage
C) plum D) peach
E) pear

50. (v4-129-13) Complete the sentence.

There were different ... about the event. He didn't know which one to believe

- A) styles B) copies
C) methods D) ideas
E) things

51. (v5-142-11) When we found that someone had broken into our house, we called ...

- A) the police B) the jury
C) the fire-brigade D) the staff
E) the army

52. (v7-178-7) When you come to stay, ... some warm clothing. It's very cold here.

- A) feed B) put
C) bring D) carry

53. (v19/20-101-10) Choose the correct answer.

My friend sent me a ... last week. It was very interesting to read.

- A) later
B) writings
C) ladder
D) letter

54. (v19/20-103-5) Choose the correct answer.

Tom crossed the road at a ...

- A) crosser
B) way
C) cross-road
D) crossing

55. (v19/20-104-2) Choose the correct answer.

«I'll tell the teacher what you have done.» He ... to tell the teacher what I had done.

- A) said
B) insisted
C) warns
D) threatened

56. (v19/20-104-8) Choose the correct answer.

Looking back I can say that our students have ... significant progress.

- A) made
B) got
C) did
D) taken

57. (v19/20-105-14) Choose the correct answer.

The severe freeze ... many crops and caused a rise of food prices.

- A) hurt
B) pained
C) injured
D) damaged

58. (v19/20-106-11) Choose the correct answer.

John received a ... from the state to help him pay the university fees.

- A) grant
B) wages
C) salary
D) money

59. (v19/20-106-15) Choose the correct answer.

Our geography teacher brings a ... to the lesson and we study it.

- A) cup
B) tap
C) cap
D) map

60. (v19/20-107-10) Choose the correct answer.

The Johnsons bought a ... house in Liverpool. It has more than 15 rooms.

- A) large
B) cold
C) heavy
D) small

61. (v19/20-108-6) Choose the right adverb of certainty

He was ... frightened. It seemed to him as his nightmare has come true

- A) a little B) really
C) a bit D) very

62. (v19/20-108-8) Choose the correct answer

Without laws, people would live in a state of ...

- A) chaos
B) harmony
C) bungle
D) amity

63. (v19/20-110-7) Choose the correct answer.

The manager was good enough to ... his workers' mistakes.

- A) oversee B) overtake
C) overdo D) overlook

64. (v19/20-111-9) Choose the correct answer.

... all the things in her handbag, there was a photograph of a beautiful house.

- A) Except
B) Among
C) Within
D) Between

65. (v19/20-111-10) Choose the correct answer.

We had a lot of time so we decided to tour the whole United States ... just going to New York.

- A) by
B) from
C) instead of
D) besides

66. (v19/20-111-11) Choose the correct answer.

We know nothing at all about the company's new director ... that he's just celebrated his fiftieth birthday.

- A) in case B) except
C) since D) on condition

67. (v19/20-111-13) Choose the correct answer

From his conversation I ... that he worked in an international organization

- A) deferred
B) deflected
C) denounced
D) deduced

68. (v19/20-112-1) Choose the correct answer.

At the end of the concert, the audience went ... clapping until the singer came back and did an encore.

- A) up
B) into
C) away
D) on

69. (v19/20-112-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27-30).

It might seem that very few things can survive in the desert. Most plants and animals that you see in your town probably wouldn't. But there are many different types of plants and animals that are perfectly suited to the hot, dry climate. In the desert, there is very little water. The plants and animals that live in the desert have special features for living with little water. Plants like the cactus have short leaves. These leaves trap and store water. The cactus also has spikes on its leaves. This is to keep animals from taking its water.

Animals that live in the desert are often nocturnal. This means they sleep during the day. They come out to eat at night when it is cool. Other animals, like the camel, are awake during the heat of the day. They have special eyelashes that keep the sand out of their eyes. They have nostrils that can close to keep the sand out of their noses. They can go for many days without drinking. Many animals that live in the desert can get all the water they need from the foods they eat.

Which definition is closer to the word «desert» according to the passage?

- A) Uninhabited and desolate place in the forest.
B) A waterless, desolate area of land with little or no vegetation.
C) An island where no humans live.
D) A situation or place considered dull and uninteresting.

70. (v19/20-112-28) The author of the passage states that ...

- A) not all animals and plants can live in the desert.
B) all plants and animals can live waterless if they are in the desert.
C) hot, dry climate is perfect for all animals and plants.
D) most animals and plants can adapt to living in the desert easily.

71. (v19/20-112-29) One can understand from the passage that spikes on the cactus leaves serve ...

- A) to protect the plant.
B) to frighten other plants.
C) to keep water from evaporation.
D) to let desert creatures admire them.

72. (v19/20-112-30) What can be the best title for the passage?

- A) Life in the desert.
B) Desert animals.
C) Plants adapted to desert life.
D) What are nocturnal animals?

73. (v19/20-115-3) Choose the correct answer.

In England a good ... gets you a good job.

- A) history
B) year
C) work
D) degree

74. (v19/20-115-13) Choose the correct answer.

Margo is such a beauty. She resembles her ... mother.

- A) evident B) unattractive
C) beautiful D) ugly

75. (v19/20-115-15) Choose the correct answer.

She became conscious that everyone was ... at her.

- A) staring
B) looking for
C) arriving
D) perceiving

76. (v19/20-117-14) Choose the correct answer.

At the community dinner dance, he met many ... people.

- A) grandly
B) celebration
C) fame
D) prominent

77. (v19/20-120-3) Choose the correct answer.

... to play with puppies!

- A) What a fun it is
B) What a fun is it
C) What fun it is
D) How fun it is

78. (v19/20-121-4) Choose the correct answer.

People call abilities they can do as ...

- A) job B) quality
C) skills D) experience

79. (v19/20-121-6) Choose the correct answer.

He ... an excuse and left the office in a hurry.

- A) created
B) made
C) filled
D) did

80. (v19/20-122-12) Choose the correct answer.

It is important that you ... exercise in order to keep fit.

- A) do B) create C) fill D) make

81. (v19/20-130-3) Choose the appropriate synonym.

He opt for healthy life style. So do his friends.

- A) bring
B) buy
C) take
D) choose

82. (v19/20-130-16) Choose the correct answer.

The ship was very small, ..., Columbus crossed the Atlantic in it.

- A) then
B) furthermore
C) nevertheless
D) moreover

112. General meaning. General word

1. (97-3-44) Find the word with the most general meaning.

- A) man
B) woman
C) person
D) boy
E) girl

2. (97-12-60) Choose the word with the most general meaning.

- A) dollars
B) money
C) franks
D) soums
E) pounds

3. (97-12-61) Choose the word with the most general meaning.

- A) brick
B) stone
C) construction materials
D) wood
E) clay

4. (97-12-62) Choose the word with the most general meaning.

- A) cabin
B) palace
C) house
D) hut
E) building

5. (98-10-46) Choose the word with the most general meaning.

- A) men
B) women
C) girls
D) boys
E) people

6. (98-10-47) Choose the word with the most general meaning.

- A) a cow
B) a horse
C) a mule
D) an animal
E) a dog

7. (98-10-48) Choose the word with the most general meaning.

- A) apple
B) fruit
C) pear
D) apricot
E) cherry

8. (00-6-47) Choose a general word.

- A) piano
B) instrument
C) violin
D) drum
E) guitar

9. (01-1-11) Choose the word that best keeps the meaning of the original sentence.

Almost everybody in Braddle became white and thin and sullen because of labour from morning till night.

- A) happy
B) tired
C) gloomy
D) carefree
E) lucky

10. (01-1-12) Choose the word that best keeps the meaning of the original sentence.

"I can't lend you this book now, I need it myself."

- A) borrow
B) give
C) send
D) take
E) pass

11. (01-8-47) What kind of sport is it?

This sport is very beautiful. It gives the sportsmen strength, rhythm and grace. The sportsmen do some exercises or dance to the music. They have skates and beautiful costumes on.

- A) skating
B) ice hockey
C) figure skating
D) ice skating
E) skiing

12. (02-11-59) Choose the answer which fits best according to the text.

The Beverly Hills Hotel is one of Hollywood's most celebrated meeting places for people in the film business. It was here that film director Orson Welles met American journalist John Rosenbaum for a long interview. Their six-hour meeting resulted in one of the finest biographies written about Welles Rosenbaum's book, published in the late 1970s has given us the clearest insight into a complex man. Rosenbaum's book ...
A) deals only with Wells' early life
B) is critical of Wells' character
C) concentrates on Wells' time in Hollywood
D) describes his meetings with Wells
E) creates a portrait of Wells

13. (02-11-60) Read the text of test 59 and choose the best answer. The words "the book has given us the clearest insight into a complex man" mean the book ...

- A) has given the best description of Wells' appearance
B) reflected the ways he made a name for himself
C) has told about the experience of a good producer
D) narrated the hard life of an actor
E) presented accurate and deep understanding of man's character

14. (02-12-42) What kind of reading is this? I'm in Paris on Friday. Please cancel the 11.30 meeting with Mrs. Sellas and find another time.

- A) a message
B) a letter
C) an article
D) a story
E) an advertisement

15. (v4-105-36) Choose the sentence best expressing the idea of the text.

One of the most historic of all sea voyages between Europe and America was made in the year of 1620. A group of families who could not stay any more in England because of their religion left Plymouth on September 6, 1620 to cross the Atlantic and make a home in the New World. After a long voyage in a ship called the Mayflower they landed on the coast of America on December 21, 1620 - at a place named Plymouth Colony.

- A) The "Mayflower" is the historic ship which brought the first English people to North America.
B) Religion accounts for colonization of the New World.
C) Making a new home is not easy.
D) Winter is a very cold season in America.
E) The Plymouth Colony place is named after the English port of Plymouth.

16. (v5-103-7) Choose the best answer.

Most of the goods produced in this factory to foreign countries.

- A) exports
B) are exporting
C) is exported
D) are exported
E) export

17. (v5-126-24) Choose the word.

He was accused of having sold information to firms.

- A) companion
B) strange
C) enemy
D) rival
E) evil

18. (v7-162-7) The ... was built in the sixteenth century to defend the city.

- A) castle
B) church
C) house
D) office

19. (v14-102-32) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32-33.

Not since Americans crossed the continent in covered wagons have they exercised and dieted as strenuously as they are doing today. Consequently, they do not only look younger and slimmer, but feel better. Because of increased physical fitness, life expectancy in the nation has risen to seventy-three years, with fewer people suffering from heart disease, the nation's number one killer.

Jogging, the easiest and cheapest way of improving the body, keeps over 30 million people of all ages on the run. For the price of a good pair of running shoes, anyone anywhere can join the race.

Dieting, too, has become a national pastime. Promoters of fad diets that eliminate eating one thing or another, such as fats or carbohydrates, promise as much as 20-pound weight losses within two weeks. Books describing such miraculous diets consistently head up the best-seller lists because every corpulent person wants to lose weight quickly and easily.

Nevertheless, both jogging and dieting, carried to extremes, can be hazardous. Many confused joggers overdo and ultimately suffer from ankle and foot damage. Fad dieting, fortunately, becomes only a temporary means for shedding a few pounds while the body is deprived of the balanced nutrition it requires, so most dieters cannot persevere on fad.

Choose the alternative sentence that is closest in meaning to the given sentence. Life expectancy in the nation has risen to seventy-three years.

- A) Americans can expect to live about 73 years.
B) Hopefully, with exercise and improved diet, Americans may live to be 73 years old.
C) The nation is 73 years old.
D) Americans now live to be 73 years old.

20. (v14-102-33) Both jogging and dieting can be hazardous.

- A) Both jogging and dieting can improve your health.
B) People should not jog or diet.
C) Jogging and dieting are less injurious.
D) Dieting and jogging can damage your health.

21. (v15-101-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

In 1760, a man named Tiphaigne de la Roche made a bizarre prediction. In an imaginary story called Giphantie, mirror images of scenes from nature could be captured permanently on a canvas covered with a sticky material. After the material dried in darkness, the image would remain on the canvas forever. At the time, the idea was unheard of. It was not until the following century that the concept of photography was born, starting with some experiments by Nicéphore Niépce. Nicéphore Niépce, who was a French inventor, was interested in lithography, which is a printmaking technique. He learned to burn images onto the plates and then print the images on

paper. He shared his findings with Louis Jacques Mandé Daguerre, who improved the process and announced it to the French Academy of Sciences in 1839. The Daguerreotype, the photography method named after Daguerre, met with great success. People called the Daguerreotype a "mirror with a memory." Some portrait artists became Daguerreotypists, now known as photographers.

According to the passage, which of the following statements is true?

- A) Nicéphore Niépce experimented with printmaking.
- B) Mandé Daguerre revealed the secret for the Government.
- C) Louis Jacques Mandé Daguerre invented photography.
- D) Photographic images were shown in de la Roche's book Giphantie.

22. (v15-101-28) The word in bold "bizarre" means ...

- A) Unusual
- B) Humorous
- C) Common
- D) Popular

23. (v15-101-29) What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) The achievement of the French Academy.
- B) The prediction of photography.
- C) The success of Daguerreotypists as photographers.
- D) The invention of photography.

24. (v15-101-30) Who was the first person to apply photography in practice?

- A) Nicéphore Niépce
- B) Tiphaigne de la Roche
- C) Daguerreotypists
- D) Mandé Daguerre

25. (v15-110-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

The concept of a national library is a recent one in the developing countries. In the developed countries, national libraries have existed since at least the sixteenth century. By the nineteenth century, most countries in Europe had already established national libraries. The typical national library is meant to be the finest collection of books in the country, the national book archive, and a source of national pride. Although it is important for a national library in a developing country to collect the national literature, and any other literature pertaining to that country, it is also important for the library to collect a wide range of scholarly literature published in other countries.

It can be implied from the passage that ...

- A) developed countries have had national libraries for longer than developing ones
- B) every country must have a national library
- C) by the nineteenth century most developing countries had established national libraries
- D) national libraries only exist in developed countries

26. (v15-110-35) According to the passage, in the 19th century, there were hardly any ...

- A) libraries in the developing countries owning books published in other countries
- B) libraries having the finest collection of national literature

C) European countries without a national library

D) developing countries that hadn't established a national library

27. (v15-110-36) The author mentions that a national library in a developing country ought to ...

- A) contain foreign scholarly works as well as the country's written works
- B) try to be better than a similar library in a developed country
- C) establish guide-lines for the national literature
- D) develop a concept that has existed for a longer time in developed countries

28. (v15-129-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31-33).

A century ago, the feats of the magician Harry Houdini thrilled audiences in Europe and America. We now remember him for his daring escapes from strait-jackets, chains and locked chests. His astonishing illusions of stage magic are all but extinct in the West, but are alive and thriving in the East.

The reason is simple, Houdini's kind of magic relied on potent chemicals, which were easy to get in Victorian times. Today, however, the people in the West are more safety conscious, and there is little hope, of finding the highly toxic ingredients necessary for Houdini's spells. But if you visit any Indian bazaar, even in the smallest towns, you can buy anything from phosphorus to nitric acid at bargain prices.

It is clear from the passage that Harry Houdini ...

- A) was the least safety-conscious chemist of the Victorian era
- B) was a famous magician who lived about a hundred years ago
- C) used to buy all his chemicals in Indian bazaars
- D) was an Indian who performed his tricks mostly in Europe and the USA

29. (v15-129-32) It is understood from the passage that ...

- A) Houdini cheated his audiences because he did not use chemicals instead of real magic
- B) Houdini's kind of magic died out because it was boring, due to its extreme safety
- C) famous magicians such as Houdini perform in Indian bazaars
- D) the sort of magic Houdini performed a century ago can be seen in India today

30. (v15-129-33) It is implied in the passage that ...

- A) chemicals needed by magicians should be freely available to everyone
- B) Westerners are more interested in their safety now than in the past
- C) Houdini took the secrets of his craft to India before he died
- D) the people in the West no longer like magical performances.

30. (v18-691) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (691-694).

It was the first photograph that I had ever seen, and it fascinated me. I can remember holding it at every angle in order to catch

the flickering light from the oil lamp on the dresser. The man in the photograph was unsmiling, but his eyes were kind. One evening when I was looking at the photograph, as I always did before I went to sleep, I noticed a shadow across the man's thin face. I moved the photograph so that the shadow lay perfectly around his hollow cheeks. How different he looked! I noticed a shadow across the man's thin face. How different he looked!

That night I could not sleep, thinking about the letter that I would write. First, I would tell him that I was eleven years old, and that if he had a little girl my age, she could write to me in-t, stead of him. Then I would explain to him the real purpose of my letter. Four months later when I met him at the train station near my home in Westfield, New York, he was wearing a full beard. He was so much taller than I had imagined from my tiny photograph. «Ladies and gentlemen», he said, «I have no speech to make and no time to make it in. I appear before you that I may see you and that you may see me.» Then he picked me right up and kissed me on both cheeks. The whiskers scratched. «Do you think I look better, my little friend?» he asked me. My name is Grace Bedell, and the man in the photograph was Abraham Lincoln.

The word «fascinated» could best be replaced by.

- A) charmed
- B) frightened
- C) confused
- D) disgusted

31. (v18-692) The man in the photograph ...

- A) was smiling
- B) had a beard
- C) had a round face
- D) looked kind

32. (v18-693) What did Grace Bedell do every night before she went to sleep?

- A) Wrote letters.
- B) Looked at the photograph.
- C) Read stories.
- D) Dreamt.

33. (v18-694) The little girl could not sleep because she was ...

- A) sad
- B) sick
- C) excited
- D) lonely

34. (v18-695) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (695-698).

Everyone agrees that unless the world's tiger population is protected, tigers will eventually become extinct. If it were not for the efforts made by international campaigns over past decades, the extinction would already have become a fact. Tigers can coexist with human beings, provided local people are involved in conservation. However, even if tiger habitats are redeveloped there is no guarantee of success. Government agencies must be involved, and there must be adequate finance: otherwise conservation projects are neglected. An organized programme with safeguards must be introduced. If hot the illegal hunters quickly move back in. Supposing there were no tigers left in the world: how would we all feel? According to some environmentalists, that day may be coming sooner rather than later. According to the passage, no one can deny that ...

- A) If we don't keep tigers safe from loss, finally they will die out
- B) Nobody is going to guarantee to redevelop locations for tigers

C) International campaigns didn't attempt to protect tigers
D) Local people are providing tigers with all necessities

35. (v18-696) According to the text, all of the following statements are TRUE, EXCEPT:

- A) As long as local people are concerned with protection, there is a possibility of people's and tigers' living at the same time.
B) Only the improvement of the areas that are in bad condition for tigers' living can sort out this issue.
C) In order to carry out tiger saving projects, it is essential to have enough investment.
D) But for international campaigns' hard work, tigers would have been wiped out.

36. (v18-697) What supposition is offered by the author?

- A) The improvement of habitats
B) Complete extinction of tigers
C) Tigers' coexisting with mankind
D) Environmentalists' prediction

37. (v18-698) Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A) Illegal fauna hunters
B) Environmental issues
C) The lifestyle of tigers
D) Conservation of tiger skins

38. (v19/20-128-18) Choose the correct answer.

... a beautiful jewelry, ... expensive it must be!

- A) How / what
B) So / how
C) How much / what
D) What / how

113. General knowledge questions

1. (96-13-47) Choose the appropriate answer.

What is the capital of Wales?

- A) Belfast
B) Edinburgh
C) Cardiff
D) Dublin
E) Glasgow

2. (96-13-48) Choose the appropriate answer.

What is the emblem of England?

- A) thistle
B) poppy
C) leek
D) red rose
E) shamrock

3. (97-10-55) Who practises law and has studied law?

- A) a doctor
B) a chemist
C) a teacher
D) a lawyer
E) a milkman

4. (97-10-56) Choose the main character of the text.

"Don't go near the well! Don't play round it" - Mother Hen used to say to her children. And they never came there. But once a little chicken ran to the well and stopped near it. "Why is the well so bad?" he thought. "I'm here and everything is all right with me. Let me see what is there in the well." He jumped up to look at the well and fell into the cold water. "Help, help", cried the silly chicken, but nobody heard him.

- A) Mother Hen.
B) Children.
C) The well.
D) I.
E) A little chicken.

5. (97-11-39) Choose the appropriate answer. When was Uzbekistan's independence proclaimed?

- A) on September 1, 1992
B) on September 1, 1990
C) on September 1, 1991
D) on September 1, 1989
E) on August 31, 1991

6. (98-1-32) Choose the appropriate answer. What is a scarf?

- A) a place where you can pay for washing your clothes in a washing machine
B) a person who sells fish
C) a thing which is used to make watches
D) a thing is worn around one's neck in cold weather
E) a worm which eats books

7. (98-3-14) Which of the five countries is described here? It's richer than Britain but it's not as industrialised as Japan.

- A) Ireland
B) Pakistan
C) India
D) Saudi Arabia
E) Turkey

8. (98-3-40) Choose the appropriate answer.

What English holiday is described here Newspapers, television and radio programmes join in the fun, publishing and broadcasting amusing tales. Once the TV programme presented a serious re about spaghetti growing on trees in Italy.

- A) St. Valentine's Day
B) All Fool's Day
C) Easter
D) Christmas
E) Mother's Day

9. (98-8-44) Choose the appropriate answer.

Where do English kings and queens live?

- A) In Westminster Abbey
B) In the Tower Bridge
C) In Trafalgar Square
D) In Buckingham Palace
E) In the East End

10. (98-8-45) Choose the appropriate answer.

Where are many great Englishmen, such as Newton, Darwin and others buried?

- A) In the East End
B) In Buckingham Palace
C) In the City
D) In the Tower Bridge
E) In Westminster Abbey

11. (98-9-44) Which of the following Geographic names is not a continent?

- A) Africa
B) Australia
C) Alaska
D) North America
E) Euro-Asia

12. (98-11-50) Choose the appropriate answer. How many parts does the United Kingdom consist of?

- A) 2 parts
B) 3 parts
C) 4 parts
D) 5 parts
E) 6 parts

13. (99-2-47) Answer the question.

Why is recycling important?

- A) Recycling saves energy, raw materials and reduces damage
B) Recycling saves raw materials
C) Recycling reduces damage
D) Recycling is important
E) Recycling saves glass, aluminium, cans

14. (99-4-52) Choose the best answer to the question.

- Who is a cashier? - ...

- A) A man who makes things out of wood.
B) A person who has been shipwrecked
C) A man who has his children in the family
D) A companion who likes to spend money
E) Some one who looks after the money in a bank, a shop or an office

15. (99-8-49) Choose the best answer to the question.

What is a palace?

- A) a parcel or bundle sent by post
B) anything that grows up from the earth
C) yellow powder in the middle of flowers
D) a house where a king or queen lives
E) a thin round cake, cooked in a frying pan

16. (99-9-44) Choose the best answer to the question.

What is a chatter-box?

- A) Someone who is always talking.
B) A boy or a man walking.
C) Someone who travels in space.
D) A young dog barking.
E) Someone who serves in a shop.

17. (99-9-45) Choose the best answer to the question.

What is a corner?

- A) Where two walls or roads meet.
B) A sound that comes back to you.
C) A hard try several times.
D) The part of the body you hear with.
E) The joint in the middle of one's arm.

18. (02-11-71) Some languages are not spoken any more.

What do we call such languages?

- A) alive
B) older
C) mixed
D) modern
E) dead

19. (02-11-97) Choose the best answer to the question.

What is Peter saying to the operator?

- A) Can you lend me?
B) Is anything wrong?
C) I think I'd better hang up on.
D) I'm afraid it's serious
E) I'd rather have my money back.

20. (04-1-426) Choose best answer.

A: It's a lovely day, isn't it?

B: Yes, it's absolutely ...

- A) miserable
B) fantastic
C) dreadful
D) terrible
E) awful

21. (v4-102-31) Choose the appropriate answer.

A bank is ...

- A) a building where people save money
B) a thing that you ride to the country
C) a place where we play football
D) a place where you buy something to eat
E) a person who is happy with his family

22. (v15-109-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Mark Twain wrote The Adventures of Tom Sawyer between 1873 and 1875, and all his own children loved it. It is a book that has been read and enjoyed all over the world for its combination of humor and fantasy. The novel gains much of its authenticity from the fact that it is really an exaggerated account of Twain's own youth. For example, there was actually a cave full of bats situated three

miles below the town of Hannibal, and it was well known to the young Samuel Clemens. For this reason the story is particularly interesting as a record of small-town life in Missouri during the middle of the nineteenth century. And in Tom Sawyer and his friend, Huckleberry Finn, Twain has created two of the most enduring characters in American literature.

Why do people all over the world enjoy reading this novel?

- A) Because the author described his own childhood in it
- B) Because it is a mixture of hilarity and imaginations
- C) Because stories about small-town lives impress everybody
- D) Because the novel was previously liked by the author's own children

23. (v15-109-28) According to the passage, what is the fact proving that Samuel Clemens wrote this novel about himself?

- A) Mark Twain lived in a small town.
- B) There was a cave full of bats near the place where Samuel lived.
- C) The events in the story happened in 1850s.
- D) The writer had a friend in his life who had habits as Huck has in the story.

24. (v15-109-29) What does the word "enduring" in bold mean?

- A) immortal
- B) pressing
- C) fascinating
- D) valuable

25. (v15-109-30) Which of the following is the best title for the passage?

- A) The best story in American Literature exaggerated
- B) Mark Twain is a well known story writer
- C) The Adventures of Tom Sawyer and his friend
- D) A wonderful story about Twain's youth

26. (v16-119-10) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence. How do we call patterns of Chinese writing system?

- A) hieroglyphs
- B) signs
- C) characters
- D) digits

27. (v16-121-16) Choose the right answer.

An electronic table where some data is presented is called

- A) word processing
- B) computer networking
- C) spreadsheet
- D) digital board

28. (v16-129-3) Fine arts include ...

- A) painting and sculpture
- B) novels and drama
- C) ceramics and sculpture
- D) opera and theatre

29. (v18-699) Choose the correct answer.

... did they lie in the sun?

- A) What
- B) Which
- C) How many
- D) How long

30. (v19/20-115-2) Choose the correct answer.

There is a time ... and a time ... nets.

- A) fish / dry
- B) to fish / to dry
- C) to fishing / to be drying
- D) to be fishing / to dry

31. (v19/20-120-13) Choose the correct answer.

... are great lovers of tea.

- A) English man
- B) English
- C) The English man
- D) The English

114. Logically correct answers to the question. Logical completion of the sentence

1. (96-6-40) Complete the following.

Where did they spend the vacation?

Tom said ...

- A) they came back.
- B) they had spent it at the Seaside.
- C) they were young.
- D) they left for an hour.
- E) they have spent it at home.

2. (96-8-91) Choose the appropriate answer.

A: Do you like coffee with or without sugar?

B: ...

- A) I like coffee.
- B) I like coffee with sugar.
- C) They don't like coffee with sugar.
- D) You like coffee without sugar.
- E) He likes coffee without sugar.

3. (98-3-27) Which of your offers will your friend choose if he can't do an exercise?

- A) Leave your dictionary here
- B) Would you like me to explain it to your
- C) Shall I tell you a funny story!
- D) Let's go sightseeing
- E) Let's switch on TV-set

4. (99-9-47) Read the text and answer the question. Which sentence is true?

After a visit to a flower, a bee is covered with yellow pollen. Then it "cleans" itself. First the bee brushes its head and eyes with its front legs, and then it brushes its front legs and its body with its middle legs. Then with stiff "combs" on one back leg, it gathers the pollen from its middle legs and from the back part of its body. Finally, it packs the pollen in the tiny "baskets" on its back legs. We call these baskets "shopping baskets". So, the "shopping baskets" are now full of yellow pollen, and the bee flies off to its hive. There in the hive honey-bee unloads the pollen; it brushes the pollen out with its middle legs. It has brought home "bee-bread" for the bees to eat.

- A) Before visiting a flower a bee cleans itself.
- B) A bee packs the pollen in the tiny "baskets" on its sting.
- C) A bee brings home "bee bread" to build its hive.
- D) A bee brings home food for bees.
- E) A bee brushes the pollen out of the "shopping basket" with its wings.

5. (00-1-43) Read the passage and complete the sentence according to the passage.

US zoologists compiled a list of living beings according to their ability to cross the street safely. They claim that the goose is the first on this safety list. It's very seldom that he gets run over. The pig and the cat placed the second and third respectively, then follow the hen and dog. Believe it or not, man is the last on this curious list. ... were the first to observe living beings cross the street safely.

- A) US tax-inspectors
- B) US policemen
- C) UK Prime Ministers
- D) US zoologists
- E) Other zoologists

6. (00-1-45) Read the passage of test 43 and choose the right word to complete the sentence.

... is the least cautious one to cross the street safely.

- A) The hen
- B) The man
- C) The goose
- D) The dog and pig
- E) The cat

7. (00-2-38) Complete the joke.

Mother: - You are five today. Happy birthday to you, Tommy.

Tommy: - Thank you, mummy.

Mother: - Do you like to have a cake with five candles on it for your birthday party?

Tommy ...

- A) I do the same thing every morning.
- B) I'll go to the shop and buy another one.
- C) I'll better have five cakes and one candle.
- D) I like only candles and no cakes.
- E) I prefer to have a cake and 10 candles.

8. (00-4-14) Read the text and choose the appropriate answer.

Conversation with the word "OK" can be heard all over the world. This word is used in the USA at least seven times per day. It has replaced the expression all right or alright, which is still used, although far less frequently than it was hundred years ago. The most significant research into the history of 'O Kay' has been done at Columbia University. OK was first seen in print in the Boston Morning Post of March 23, 1839. When the editor, Charles Gordon Greene, was interviewed, he said it stood for all correct, spelled all korrekt.

What is the main topic of the passage?

- A) Research made by Gordon Greene.
- B) "OK" all over the world.
- C) The origin of the word "OK".
- D) The BMP was the first to print the word "OK".
- E) Ch. G. Greene's mistake.

9. (00-6-38) Choose logically correct sentence.

- A) Before you do the experiment, turn into Lincoln Road.
- B) Take the clothes out of the washer before the students pass the test.
- C) After the United States bought Alaska from Russia in 1867, the slaves were freed.
- D) Many students participated in marches because they were opposed to the war.
- E) Oil was discovered after they crossed the bridge.

10. (00-8-36) Read the text and answer the question. Read the text and choose the sentence which is not tone to the content of the text. What is the main topic of the passage?

A dinosaurs' graveyard found in a remote region of northern China is being hailed as the richest source of fossils in the world. Remains of primitive birds, mammals, insects, plants and dinosaurs have been discovered, apparently frozen at a moment about 135 million years ago when a sudden catastrophe, perhaps a volcanic eruption, wiped them out. Among the most exciting

fossils are more than 200 of a primitive bird and several specimens of a chicken sized dinosaur, one with an egg still in its body waiting to be laid. Chinese palaeontologists suggest that it may be the first true bird

- A) The fossils were found in the North of China.
 B) There was a sudden catastrophe in China.
 C) The fossils found in China are 135 million years old.
 D) The animals were frozen as a result of the change of climate.
 E) The fossils of the first true bird were found in China.

11. (00-9-13) Read the text and choose the best answer to the question.

In some parts of the world, air pollution is a big problem. Pollution is caused by burning fuel in vehicles and buildings. The smoke from burning fuel has poisonous gases and dust that make the air dirty. Why else is pollution bad?

The dirty air hurts people, causing more colds, coughs and diseases of the heart and lungs. It also harms plants and animals and makes clothing and buildings dirty. Which is true to the text?

- A) Air pollution is not much of a problem.
 B) Smoke carries poisonous gases.
 C) Air pollution helps people stay healthy.
 D) Burning fuel comes from dust.
 E) Dirty buildings cause pollution.

12. (01-1-29) Read the text and choose the appropriate answer.

American family traditions differ from those in other countries of the world. American children are taught independence at an early age, so it isn't uncommon for American teenagers to get hired at their first jobs when they are 16 years old. This strong independence can also be seen when young people reach the age of 18. At this age they usually move out of the parent's house if they get accepted at a university or are offered a job. At a later age, it is not uncommon for families to be separated by long distances although this doesn't necessarily mean that a close relationship is not maintained.

By which of the following the phrase "get hired" could best be replaced?

- A) be employed B) be tired
 C) be discharged D) be remoted
 E) be pleased

13. (01-4-77) Read the text and answer the question.

Who is the text about?

The British monarchy is hereditary: it passes from the monarch to the eldest son. If the monarch has no living son, the throne passes to the eldest daughter. The wife of a king becomes a queen, but the husband of a queen doesn't take the title of king. The monarch – the King or Queen – is Head of State in Britain. As head of the government, the Queen invites the leader of the winning party in a General Election to form a government and pass laws in her name; she opens Parliament, and she dissolves Parliament before the next election. However, she cannot be a member of any political party, nor can she vote in an election. The monarch must Sign all Acts of Parliament. The monarch is the Supreme Governor of the Church and Commander-in-Chief of the Army. In fact she has great power in theory, but not in practice.

- A) The King. B) The Queen.
 C) The Prince. D) The monarch.
 E) The Prime Minister.

14. (01-4-79) Read the text and choose the answer to the question.

Which sentence is not true?

In Britain compulsory education begins at 5, and children attend primary school until they are 11. Normally the primary school is divided into Infants (5–7) and Juniors (7–11). During this time each class of children is taught by one teacher a whole year and this teacher takes them for all subjects. At the age of 11 most children go to a comprehensive school, where they stay until they are 16. Nobody is allowed to leave school until they are 16. Some parents, who do not want their children to go to a comprehensive, pay to send their children to independent schools.

Independent schools for pupils aged 11 to 19 are known as "public" schools – but they are private and receive no state funding.

- A) In Britain children go to school at 5.
 B) They may not leave school until they are 16.
 C) In primary schools one teacher takes each class of children for all subjects.
 D) Parents pay to send their children to a comprehensive school.
 E) A comprehensive school and a "public" school are different kinds of secondary schools.

15. (01-8-18) What is it?

A large bird with beautiful long blue and green tail feathers that it can lift up and spread out like a fan.

- A) swallow B) pigeon
 C) peacock D) pheasant
 E) parrot

16. (01-8-36) Read the text of test 35 and complete the sentence. Messages sent electronically via computers are ...

- A) air-mails B) e-mail
 C) surface-mails D) internet
 E) cables

17. (01-11-32) Choose the best answer.

What subject is the boy good at? Peter is good at figures.

- A) geography B) handicrafts
 C) dancing D) mathematics
 E) drawing

18. (01-12-4) Read the text and choose the best answer to the question.

Tom and Jack were on their way to a lake in the mountains. They had to cross a small river. The river had become deeper after the rain. Tom went first. As the stones were wet. Tom fell into the water. As the water was very fast, he asked Jack for help. What do you think Jack did?

- A) He jumped into the water after Tom.
 B) He pushed Tom into the water.
 C) He reached the mountain and helped him.
 D) He jumped from the chair to help him.
 E) He told Tom to pick up a stone.

19. (02-5-32) Read the passage and complete the sentence.

There was silence. Neither Mr. Mayne nor Mr. Bridge spoke. Mr. Mayne looked across at Mr. Bridge and waited. Both wanted the other to speak. Neither of them spoke. It was as if each felt that whoever spoke first would lose. Presently they rose together

and together said: "Well 1 must be going". Then they nodded slightly to each other and did indeed go. So they agreed to separate, but on both sides there was regret, for each was deeply convinced that they could have formed a business partnership that would have given them fame and wealth. Mr. Mayne and Mr. Bridge scarcely spoke to each other because ...

- A) they hated each other
 B) they didn't think it was necessary
 C) there was nothing to say
 D) each wanted the other to start
 E) they didn't want to work together

20. (02-5-33) Read the passage 32 and complete the sentence.

When Mr. Mayne and Mr. Bridge met, they

A) were anxious to talk about their wealth
 B) hoped to solve their financial problems
 C) were both sure that they could have been successful partners in business
 D) found they had nothing to say
 E) disliked each other immediately

21. (02-5-34) The word "regret" in the text 32 means ...

- A) confidence B) glad
 C) pride D) joy
 E) a feeling of sadness

22. (02-5-35) The word "deeply convinced" in the text 32 means ...

- A) to assure B) completely sure
 C) self-assured D) to doubt
 E) completely hesitate

23. (02-5-36) The word "indeed" is used for ... in the text 32.

- A) agreeing with B) showing interest
 C) emphasising D) difficult to believe
 E) real things

24. (02-5-38) Choose the best antonym of "to separate" according to the text 32.

- A) to gather B) mix
 C) to join D) to be apart
 E) to divide

25. (02-5-53) Read the text and choose the best answer.

The phenomenon of a mirage, which is an atmospheric optical illusion in which an observer sees a non-existent body of water, can be explained by two facts. First, light rays are bent in passing between media of differing densities. Second, the boundary between two such media acts as a mirror for rays of light coming in at certain angles. Which of the following is not true?

- A) Light rays are united in one bunch
 B) This phenomenon can't be explained yet
 C) The line between two media works as a reflector
 D) Mirage can be seen only in deserts
 E) The weather influences the appearance of mirage

26. (02-5-54) Read the text of test 53 and choose the best answer.

The word "bent" is closest in the meaning to ...

- A) curved B) straightened
 C) united D) splashed
 E) conducted

27. (02-7-51) Read the text and choose the best answer.

Many years ago the South African government took steps to preserve their wild life. And today there are 49 game and

nature reserves in South Africa. Bird, flower reserves and vast areas of land where enormous herds of antelope and other wild life survive and grow as they did hundreds of years ago. And here you can shoot them. But only with a camera. You could spend several days alone in Kruger National Park and see lions, leopards, cheetahs, elephants, giraffes and other animals, just a window glass away. If you're strictly for birds, then the Mkuzi Game Reserve is for you. Of course, South Africa is more than its wild life. You'll find just about anything you want in South Africa. A warm, friendly country. Where just about everybody speaks English. And every body will go out of their way to make you feel at home.

- A) Hunting in South Africa.
- B) Bird reserves.
- C) Animal lovers.
- D) The defend of wild life.
- E) South Africa speaking English.

28. (02-7-52) Read the text of test 51 and decide on what kind of reading it is.

- A) A scientific article.
- B) An advertisement.
- C) A travel booklet.
- D) A novel.
- E) A story.

29. (02-7-53) Read the text of test 51 and choose the best answer.

In National parks you can ...

- A) shoot animals.
- B) come up to the animals.
- C) watch them through the car window.
- D) feed animals.
- E) walk across vast areas of land.

30. (02-8-57) Read the text and choose the best answer.

A child who gets ill, or has an accident, can miss weeks or months of school. Which may mean having to repeat the whole year? Now there is a special telephone system to help children keep up with their studies, while they recover from their setbacks. The system is called Tele-Class. And it's working in lots of places. In Oakland, California, for example, all the child needs is a telephone, a headset, the right textbooks, and a specially trained teacher like Mrs. Molly Steele. Mrs. Steele used to teach regular elementary school. But now she has a class of ten children. Some ill at home, some in the hospital. Every day she inserts a card into a special telephone and dials her students. Once they are all on the line, class begins. Not only can Mrs. Steele talk to the children, but they can talk among themselves. So they get a classroom atmosphere complete with discussions and question-and-answer sessions. They also get 20 hours a week of education they would have missed before. Tele-class system permits ...

- A) to miss school when a pupil wants to
- B) to speak on the telephone to sick children
- C) sick children to keep up with their studies
- D) to have a telephone, a headset and a good teacher
- E) to train teachers like Mrs. Molly Steele

31. (02-8-58) Read the text of test 57 and choose the best answer.

To begin a lesson in the Tele-Class the teacher needs ...

- A) to gather all the pupils on the line
- B) to visit each pupil at home
- C) so send a message to the pupils
- D) to put on a headset
- E) to find the right textbooks

32. (02-8-59) Read the text of test 57 and choose the best answer.

The text is about ...

- A) tele-class as a modern type of school.
- B) school comes to sick children.
- C) the system of education in the USA.
- D) learning is a fun.
- E) discussions on the telephone.

33. (02-8-60) Read the text of test 57 and the antonym to the underlined word.

Now there's a special telephone system to help children keep up with their studies.

- A) catch up
- B) put off
- C) get behind
- D) find out
- E) win over

34. (02-8-61) Read the text of test 57 and choose the definition to the word "to recover".

- A) to become friends again
- B) to take a turn for the worse
- C) to regain one's health or strength
- D) to think about something good
- E) to become bigger

35. (02-9-47) Read the text and answer the question.

Why couldn't Elizabeth Blackwell become a surgeon?

Elizabeth Blackwell was born in England in 1821 and emigrated to New York City when she was 10. One day she found that she wanted to become a doctor. That was nearly impossible for a woman in the middle of the 19th century. After writing many letters she was finally accepted by a doctor in Philadelphia. She taught school and gave music lessons to earn money for her tuition. In 1849 after graduation from medical school she decided to continue her education in Paris. She wanted to be a surgeon, but a serious eye infection forced her to give up the idea. Upon returning to the US she found it difficult to start her own practice because she was a woman. By 1857 Elizabeth and her sister, also a doctor, along with another female doctor, managed to open a new hospital, the first for women and children. Besides being the first female physician in the US and founding her own hospital, she also, established the first medical school for women.

- A) She wasn't admitted to medical school.
- B) She decided to continue her education in Paris.
- C) It was difficult for her to start a practice in the US.
- D) A serious eye infection made her abandon her dream of becoming a surgeon.
- E) She abandoned her dream of becoming a surgeon because of the high tuition.

36. (02-9-48) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

How old was Elizabeth Blackwell when she opened the first hospital for women and children.

- A) 28
- B) 36
- C) 24
- D) 32
- E) 38

37. (02-9-49) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

What fact nearly destroyed Elizabeth's chances of becoming a doctor?

- A) She was a woman.
- B) She wrote too many letters.
- C) She couldn't graduate from medical school.
- D) She couldn't establish her hospital.
- E) She became a surgeon.

38. (02-9-50) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

This text is about Elizabeth's difficulties in:

- A) emigrating to New York City
- B) becoming a surgeon.
- C) founding a new hospital for women
- D) establishing the first medical school for women
- E) starting her own practice as she was a woman

39. (02-9-51) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

The word "give up" in the text is close in meaning to

- A) continue
- B) look into
- C) abandon
- D) undertake
- E) take up

40. (02-9-52) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

The word "founding" in the text is close in meaning to.

- A) locating
- B) looking for
- C) establishing
- D) buying
- E) finding

41. (02-9-53) Read the text of test 47 and choose the best answer.

All the following sentences correspond to the context of the passage except ...

- A) Elizabeth was the first woman physician in the US.
- B) She was the first woman surgeon in the US.
- C) She established the first medical school for women.
- D) She took part in founding the first hospital for women and children.
- E) She found it difficult to start her own practice.

42. (02-11-26) Choose the best answer.

Who will choose this alarm clock? A talking pocket clock is attached to a key ring. At the touch of a button it speaks the time with its "human voice". Lost your keys? Simply call out or clap your hands and it "answers" repeatedly from anywhere in the room, helping you to find your keys immediately. Someone who ...

- A) wants to know the time.
- B) has poor eyesight.
- C) has insomnia.
- D) always misplaces the keys.
- E) has poor health.

43. (02-11-29) Choose logically correct sentence.

- A) How long we are likely to live depends on genetic programming.
- B) Optimism may be the key to a short life.
- C) The older population is getting younger and younger.
- D) Many people worry about the chances of living longer.
- E) Pessimism can be the key to a longer life.

44. (03-1-1) Read the text and choose the best answer.

Uzbek national knives – pichok – are now one of the most popular souvenirs. A knife has always been one of the most necessary things in a household, and in the past it was every man's companion. However, its social and cultural significance is much broader. First of all, the knife was a regular participant in many traditional rituals. It enjoyed the repute of an amulet by supposedly protecting against injury and evil. The first knives, discovered on the territory of present-day Uzbekistan, are known to have been made during the early Stone Age. Throughout the Middle Ages knives remained a symbol of honour and for this reason great importance was attached to their decoration. The text is about the ...

- A) technique of manufacturing of different kinds of knives
- B) best craftsmen making national knives
- C) demand for national knives
- D) social and cultural significance of Uzbek national knives
- E) traditional rituals in Uzbek wedding parties

45. (03-1-42) Read the text and choose the best answer.

The new constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan was adopted on December 8, 1992. It defines the rights and duties of the people living in Uzbekistan. Article 1 of the Constitution says that Uzbekistan is a sovereign democratic republic. All citizens of the republic men and women of all nationalities enjoy equal rights in all spheres of life. Article 37 guarantees the right to work and to choose profession. All citizens have the right to rest. There is a wide network of sanatoriums, rest homes, holiday centres and clubs where people can have a good rest. Article 39 guarantees pensions for the people who are ill and unable to work. The right to education is guaranteed by Article 41. It gives the right to free secondary education. The students of technical schools, institutes and Universities receive scholarships. At the same time the Constitution imposes some serious duties on the citizens. Our duty is to get good knowledge, to become qualified specialists and worthy citizens of our republic. What is meant by "in all spheres of life"?

- A) in the political life
- B) in business and management
- C) in economy, policy and culture
- D) in the social life
- E) in industry and agriculture

46. (03-1-44) Read the text and choose the best answer.

The first Olympic Games were held in Greece in 776 B.C. They were to honour the Greek's God, Zeus. The warm climate for outdoor games, the need for preparedness for war and their lifestyle made the Greeks create competitive sports. At first only the elite and military could take part in the Olympic Games. But later they were open to all Greeks. Competitions in running, jumping, boxing and horse racing were held in cities and the winners competed in the Olympic Game every 4 years. Winners were honoured by placing olive wreaths on their heads and singing songs about their strength. Originally these sport competitions were the games of friendship and any wars

were stopped to allow the games to take place. They coincided with religious holidays and were a part of an all out effort to please the gods. Those who broke the rules were seriously punished. The first Olympic Games were ...

- A) to make the elite strong
- B) to honour the winners
- C) to stop wars
- D) to prepare for wars
- E) to honour Zeus

47. (03-8-58) Read the text and choose the best answer.

The oldest custom of sending "Valentines" on the 14th of February has nothing whatever to do with St. Valentine. The only connection between the day and the Saint is that, by chance, the Saint was clubbed to death in Rome on that day. Young people for generations before had followed the custom of selecting a lover, and exchanged gifts on the 14th of February, which from time immemorial had been regarded as the day on which birds began their mating. It is probable that the custom, too, had something to do with the Goddess Juno and her worship.

The main idea of the text is ...

- A) the Goddess Juno and her worship
- B) the death of St. Valentine
- C) the custom of selecting a lover
- D) a club of death
- E) the origin of the St. Valentine Day holiday

48. (03-8-59) Read the text of test 58 and choose the best answer.

St. Valentine died in

- A) Russia
- B) England
- C) Spain
- D) Italy
- E) USA

49. (03-8-60) Read the text of test 58 and choose the best answer.

On the 14th of February ...

- A) St. Valentine was born
- B) St. Valentine was admitted to a death club
- C) St. Valentine was beheaded
- D) The Saint was beaten to death with dubs
- E) St. Valentine got love presents

50. (03-8-61) Read the text of test 58 and choose the best answer.

The custom of sending "Valentines" on February the 14th is connected with ...

- A) St. Valentine
- B) the custom of selecting a lover
- C) exchanging gifts on the 14th February
- D) birds mating
- E) the Goddess Athens

51. (03-9-25) Read the text and answer the question.

A Londoner who was going to the West of England for a holiday, arrived by train at a town, and found that it was pouring. He called a porter to carry his bags to a taxi. On the way out of the station, partly to make a conversation and partly to get a local opinion about the weather prospects for his holiday, he asked the porter: "How long has it been raining like this?" "I don't know, sir, I've only been here for fifteen years", was the reply. Why did the Londoner ask the porter about the weather?

- A) He didn't like rainy weather.
- B) He wanted to make friends with him.
- C) He wondered if the porter liked rainy weather.

D) He'd like to begin his talk and know if it often poured there.

E) He wanted to know if he would like his holiday in the West of England.

52. (03-10-43) Read the text and answer the following question.

Scientists may have solved one of nature's most intriguing mysteries: how turtles navigate thousands of miles across the Atlantic Ocean when there are no landmarks in open sea to guide them. Every year, hundreds of green sea turtles set off from Brazil to Ascension island, 2, 300 km away. The island is just 5 km wide, yet the majority hit their target. Paolo Luschi and his colleagues at the University of Pisa surmised that the turtles must be using the Earth's magnetic field to plot their route, so they released 18 turtles up to 450 km from the island, and tracked them using radio transmitters. At first, all the turtles seemed lost, and swam as if carrying out a search. But eventually, most got home, approaching the island in a straight line from the north-west. Zuschi has concluded that the turtles do indeed use the Earth's magnetic field as a guide when they set out, but that cannot help them when they get lost.

Then the turtles rely instead on smells and sounds carried from the island on the wind blowing off shore towards the north-west. What is the main idea of the text?

- A) The turtles route from Brazil to Europe.
- B) Scientists' investigation of green sea turtles.
- C) The influence of magnetic field on turtles route.
- D) The importance of landmarks in finding way home.
- E) The secrete of turtles ability to navigate on the given route.

53. (04-1-539) Read the text and answer the question.

A.B. Nobel, a Swedish inventor, gave most of his vast fortune in trust as a fund from which annual prizes could be awarded to the individuals and organizations who had achieved the greatest benefit to humanity in a particular year, in the field of chemistry, physiology or medicine, literature and international peace. In 1969 a prize for economics was added by Central Bank of Sweden. All candidates for the prizes are selected by the Royal Swedish Academy, and by the norwegian Nobel Committee.

The prizes are usually presented in Stockholm on December 10 with the king of Sweden officiating a tribute to Nobel on the anniversary of his death.

Each prize includes a gold medal, a diploma and a cash award of about one million dollars. How often are the Nobel prizes awarded?

- A) five times a year
- B) once a year
- C) twice a year
- D) once every two years
- E) once a month

54. (04-1-541) Read the text and choose the best answer.

One of the most facilitating things about television is the size of audience. A popular TV show might have 70 mln. viewers. TV can make anything or anyone well-known

overnight. This is the principle behind "quiz" or "game" shows, which put ordinary people on TV to play a game for prizes and money. A quiz show can make anyone a star, and it can give away thousands of dollars just for fun. But all of this money may create problems. For example, quiz shows were very popular in the US half a century ago. Charles Van Doren, an English instructor became rich and famous after winning money on several shows. He even had a career as a television personality. But one of the losers proved that Van Doren was cheating. It turned out that the show's producers gave the answers to the most popular contestants beforehand. Why? Because if the audience didn't like the person who won the game, they made the show stop. The result of this cheating was a huge scandal. Charles Van Doren became well-known by ...

- A) being a producer of quiz show
- B) being a winner in several shows
- C) being a quiz game on TV
- D) stopping a quiz show on TV
- E) writing best sellers for people

55. (04-1-542) Read the text and choose the best answer.

There are many foods that have travelled from South America to the Old World but some others went in the opposite direction. Brazil is now the world's largest grower of coffee, and coffee is an important crop in Colombia and other South American countries. But it is native to Ethiopia. It was first made into a drink by Arabs during 1400's. According to Arabic legend, coffee was discovered when a goatherd named Kaldi noticed that his goats were attracted to the red berries on a coffee bush. He tried one and experienced the "wide-awake" feeling that one-third of the world's population now starts the day with. Around 1600, the Spanish brought potato from Peru to Europe, where it soon was widely grown. This text is about ...

- A) the origin of soft food and drink
- B) the origin of hard and soft drinks
- C) the potato brought from Peru to Spain
- D) the origin of Brazilian coffee
- E) an important crop in Colombia

56. (04-1-548) Read the text and choose the best answer.

Leslie's parents moved to a house in the Hollywood hills in 1943 because they wanted their own home. Her father, Stan, had started his jazz band the same month that she'd been born, in 1941 and over three years he had become so successful that they could afford to buy a place. The house was beautifully built in an American colonial style on three levels. Situated at the top of a mountain, it looked directly over Los Angeles basin. There was a beautiful rose garden by the front door and the back garden was full of fruit and vegetables. The house was very elegant, rather like a New York apartment, and mainly decorated in white. Her mother filled it with antique furniture that she bought cheaply. The living room featured a fireplace and Georgian windows on three sides. The dining room was formal, with a mahogany French-polished table. She loved the house. It became a friend to her and enriched her life. Leslie describes the house ...

- A) which she had bought
- B) her father had bought
- C) her friends had bought
- D) with enormous windows
- E) her husband bought

57. (04-1-557) Read and choose the right answer.

Dilshod aka had been working at the factory for forty years. He takes his job. He has been ill and taken to hospital recently. According to the Constitution of Uzbekistan he enjoys the right to ...

- A) medical care
- B) study
- C) pension
- D) rest
- E) property

58. (v4-103-27) Read the text and choose the answer to the question. "Why didn't the patient come to the doctor to spend an evening with him?" A doctor, whose handwriting was very difficult to understand sent a message to his patient inviting him to spend an evening together. He wrote that there would be music, cards and so on. The patient didn't come. When the doctor met him the following day he asked him if he had received his message. "Yes, thank you", answered the patient. "I took it to the chemist's and bought some medicine with it. I feel much better now."

- A) Because he couldn't understand the doctor's handwriting
- B) Because he didn't like music and cards
- C) Because he was very tired
- D) Because he received the message a week later
- E) Because he didn't like the doctor

59. (v4-107-31) Read the text and answer the questions.

Jeans are very popular with the youth and are widely worn almost on all occasions, but not all of us know that jeans were invented by Levi Strauss who made them out of denim, special material used for making boat sails. He dyed it blue and made trousers. According to the passage choose the right sentence.

- A) He sailed and discovered jeans right out of the blue.
- B) He was the first to dye denim blue and make jeans.
- C) He chose denim blue, made jeans and died while he was sailing away.
- D) He had his trousers made out of denim as he was a salesman.
- E) He bought a sails material, made jeans and them black.

60. (v5-125-24) Choose the right answer.

Where do you think Don is going? Don is going to meet his girl-friend. He has a red rose in his hands.

- A) on a date
- B) to dive
- C) to a birthday
- D) to bathe
- E) to a funeral

61. (v5-137-24) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

All the universities try ... the educational magazines.

- A) to fill up
- B) to call back
- C) to write
- D) to want
- E) to subscribe to

62. (v5-148-4) Choose the suitable pronouns instead of the underlined nouns.

Karima's grandmother went to see Rashid's grandmother

- A) her / her
- B) our / his
- C) her / she
- D) their / him
- E) her / his

63. (v5-148-29) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the answer to replace underlined word.

The pupils ignored their teacher's words.

- A) listened
- B) neglected
- C) obeyed
- D) took no notice
- E) refused

64. (v5-150-24) There are five answers after each sentence. Only one is correct. Choose the most suitable word.

The children ... themselves with their toys.

- A) played
- B) spent
- C) occupied
- D) quiet down
- E) worked

65. (v5-152-11) Choose the right answer.

Miss Don is a telephone operator. She went on duty at ten in the evening and went off duty at five in the morning. How long was she on duty?

- A) twenty hours
- B) much hours
- C) seven hours
- D) a couple hours
- E) twelve hours

66. (v5-153-27) What is it?

an underground room that is used for storing things.

- A) attic
- B) floor
- C) ceiling
- D) landing
- E) cellar

67. (v5-157-29) There are five answers. Only one is correct. Choose the answer to replace underlined word.

The little girls were told to be silent and not to move about restlessly.

- A) fidget
- B) chat
- C) regret
- D) fret
- E) make a noise

68. (v12z-101-32) Read the passage.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32-33.

Carnegie Hall, the famous concert hall in New York City, has again undergone a restoration. While this is not the first, it is certainly the most extensive in the building's history. As a result of this new restoration. Carnegie Hall once again has the quality of sound that it had when it was first built. Carnegie Hall owes its existence to Andrew Carnegie, the wealthy owner of a steel company in the late 1800s. The hall was finished in 1891 and quickly gained a reputation as an excellent performing arts hall where accomplished musicians gained fame. Despite its reputation, however, the concert hall suffered from several renovations over the years. During the Great Depression, when fewer people could afford to attend performances, the directors sold part of the building to commercial businesses. The renovations seriously damaged the acoustical quality of the hall. But now the builders restored the hall to its original appearance and it has never sounded better, and its prospects for the future have never looked more promising. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) the Great Depression year.
 B) changes to Carnegie Hall.
 C) the appearance of Carnegie Hall.
 D) more and more people attending the concert hall

69. (v12z-101-33) Who was Andrew Carnegie?

- A) a steel mill owner
 B) a musician
 C) mayor of New York City
 D) an architect

70. (v12z-103-32) Read the passage. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

Many stolen paintings have a strange history. But one of the strangest was that of a painting by the famous sixteenth-century painter Bruegel, stolen from an art gallery in London in the eighties. The four thieves who had stolen the painting, didn't know how much it cost. The first art expert who came to see the painting said it was priceless. Another art expert said it was worth £2–3 million. Then the thieves tried to sell the painting back to the art gallery from which it had been stolen. The gallery contacted the police and a meeting was arranged. However, the meeting didn't take place. A short time later the thieves were arrested. When they were told that they were arrested in connection with a Bruegel painting, one of them said: "What's a Bruegel? I thought it was rubbish". Why didn't the first expert name the exact price?

- A) He thought it was too valuable to be priced.
 B) He wanted to have the painting for himself.
 C) He didn't want to deal with the gang.
 D) The gallery didn't allow him to do it.

71. (v12z-103-33) What's a Bruegel?

- A) a portrait of Bruegel
 B) the famous sixteenth-century painter
 C) rubbish
 D) a painting by Bruegel

72. (v12z-109-32) Read the passage. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

One day in 1963, a dolphin named Elvar and a famous astronomer, Carl Sagan, were playing a little game. The astronomer was visiting an institute which was looking into the way dolphin communicate with each other. He was standing at the edge of one of the tanks where several of these highly intelligent, friendly creatures were kept. Elvar had just swum up alongside him and had turned on his back. He wanted Sagan to scratch his stomach again, as the astronomer had done twice before. But this time Elvar was too deep in the water for Sagan to reach him. Elvar looked up at Sagan, waiting. Then, after a minute or so, the dolphin leapt up through the water into the air and made a sound just like the word "More!" The astonished astronomer went to the director of the institute and told him about the incident. "Oh, yes. That's one of the words he knows", the director said, showing no surprise at all.

- The dolphin leapt into the air because ...
 A) it was part of the game they were playing,
 B) he wanted Sagan to scratch him again.
 C) Sagan wanted him to do so.
 D) Sagan had turned his back.

73. (v12z-109-33) When Sagan told the director about what the dolphin had done, the director .

- A) told Sagan about other words the dolphin knew.
 B) asked him if he knew other words.
 C) thought Sagan was joking.
 D) didn't think it was unusual.

74. (v12z-124-32) Read the passage. Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

When I was 21, I came to live in London. I shared a damp basement flat with a beautiful ex-art student from Brighton. Her name was Sam. She had long brown hair and a slim figure that I was madly jealous of. She ate three chocolate bars for breakfast every morning. I used to lie in bed looking at her eating and getting dressed, wondering how she could possibly consume so much sugar without losing her teeth, her figure or her complexion. She'd put on her makeup in under a minute, throw on whatever clothes happened to be lying around the room, and rush off to work looking like a model on the cover of a fashion magazine. Like me, she was just an art teacher in a secondary school.

The writer of the passage wished ...

- A) she looked like Sam.
 B) she had Sam's job.
 C) she was called Sam.
 D) she was an art student.

75. (v12z-124-33) In the mornings Sam used to ...

- A) lie around before going to work.
 B) take a long time to put on her make up.
 C) choose her clothes very carefully.
 D) get ready for work very quickly.

76. (v14-101-27) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 27–28 in the text.

In 1938 the Swiss firm Nestle (27) ... instant coffee. This is now the most popular kind of coffee with millions of cups (28) ... every day. However, a true coffee fanatic will avoid instant at almost all costs.

- A) found
 B) cooked
 C) did
 D) invented

77. (v14-101-28)

- A) having drunk B) drinking
 C) to drink D) being drunk

78. (v14-101-29) Read the passage and choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

The Washington National Monument is a tapering shaft or obelisk (29) ... white marble, 555 feet five and one-eighth inches (30) ... In 1833 the Washington National Monument Society was organized "for the purpose of (31) ... a great National Memorial to Washington". Fifteen years later the cornerstone was laid.

- A) of B) to
 C) off D) for

79. (v14-101-30)

- A) highly B) highs
 C) higher D) high

80. (v14-101-31)

- A) erecting B) to erect
 C) erected D) erect

81. (v14-101-34) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions 34–36.

Yeast is one of nature's most perfect foods, since it contains more nutrients than any other food. B vitamins, choline, inositol, protein, amino acids – yeast has them all. Indisputably, liver and wheat germ are a prime source of protein and B vitamins. But how many people like the taste of liver or wheat germ? For that matter, yeast has a bitter taste, and not many people enjoy eating it. That's all in the past now. Tasty Mix Yeast Treat, blended with your favorite beverage, tastes so good that children will be clamoring for more. Be creative and add Tasty Mix to your favorite meat or vegetable dish, casserole, bread, soup, practically anything. Easy, convenient Tasty Mix Yeast Treat is one of nature's unique foods. Take advantage of it now. You can find it at any health food store or at your local supermarket.

According to the passage, wheat germ, liver, and ordinary yeast ...

- A) appeal to most people
 B) blend with your favorite drink
 C) contain choline and inositol
 D) taste awful

82. (v14-101-35) Tasty Mix Yeast Treat is ...

- A) a mixture of tasty yeast in powder form
 B) an old product on the market for years
 C) pleasant tasting mixed with other foods
 D) bitter and inedible

83. (v14-101-36) This passage implies that ...

- A) wheat germ doesn't have as much nutrition as liver
 B) yeast tastes better than liver
 C) yeast will give you more nutrients than any other source
 D) there are substitutes equal to yeast in nutrition

84. (v14-117-29) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for the gaps 29–31 in the text.

Health food addicts have at last gained the support of the National Academy of Sciences in the argument about the relationship ... (29) diet and cancer. The National Academy ... (30) a 500-page report called "Diet, Nutrition and Cancer" that recommends dietary strategies for ... (31) yourself from cancer.

- A) in B) with
 C) of D) between

85. (v14-117-30)

- A) have issued B) has been issued
 C) has issued D) are issuing

86. (v14-117-31)

- A) attack B) support
 C) protection D) shield

87. (v14-117-32) Read the passage.

Then choose the correct answer to questions 32–33.

Somewhere around February it begins. The drizzle is coming down outside and the kids are bored on a Saturday afternoon. It's usually then that my husband decides it is time to plan our summer holiday. Out comes the brochures and the discussion begins.

It's not that we're an argumentative family, but it seems that where we are to spend two weeks in the summer relaxing brings out the worst in us. Before too long, we're all insisting on places and refusing others, the volume steadily increasing. My daughter discovers a lifelong ambition to go to India. Funny how she never mentioned it before. My son isn't going anywhere unless he can bring his dog and my husband doesn't mind where he goes as long as it's within five miles of a golf course.

The writer implies that her family ...

- A) always care about each other's feelings.
- B) don't usually fight over things.
- C) find it hard to agree on anything.
- D) have the same wishes about their plans.

88. (v14-117-33) The writer thinks her daughter's ambition to go to India ...

- A) is strange for someone like her.
- B) is not as strong as she claims.
- C) is a secret she should have shared.
- D) will come true.

89. (v15-101-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31-33).

The word alphabet is made up from the first two letters of the Greek alphabet - alpha and beta - and describes any group of symbols intended to represent the sounds used in speech.

The letters of an alphabet can be assembled in thousands of different combinations to form words, and are therefore much more flexible than other symbols, such as pictograms or ideograms each of which can only stand for one particular object or idea. The origin of alphabets is obscure. Some scholars believe that the first true alphabets developed from Egyptian Hieroglyphics; others contend that the cuneiform scripts of the Sumerians, Babylonians and Assyrians hold the key.

The author informs us that an alphabet is ...

- A) two Greek letters, alpha and beta
- B) a group of signs that stand for vocal sounds
- C) the sounds used when we speak
- D) a group of meaningless symbols

90. (v15-101-32) We can understand from the passage that alphabets are well-suited for writing because ...

- A) they are not as rigid as other symbolic systems
- B) their letters represent specific words or ideas
- C) they derive from ancient hieroglyphics
- D) they can have thousands of different letters

91. (v15-101-33) According to the passage academics disagree about ...

- A) pictograms and ideograms
- B) the disadvantages of alphabets
- C) the origin of alphabets
- D) the key to cuneiform scripts

92. (v15-101-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

The Hindenburg was the last in a series of airships designed to carry passengers and cargo over long distances. It could carry fifty passengers in twenty-five luxury cabins with all the comforts of a first class hotel. Cruising

at 125 km per hour, it could cross the Atlantic in half the time of the great luxury ocean liners, which it had been built to compete with. But in 1937, the Hindenburg came to an unfortunate end in New Jersey just as it was about to land. In spite of extensive safety precautions, the highly flammable hydrogen with which it was filled burst into flames. Remarkably though, sixty-two of the ninety-seven people on board were able to escape. Only one of the following statements is true ...

- A) The Hindenburg had a component containing hydrogen.
- B) The Hindenburg exploded as it was taking off from New Jersey.
- C) None of the passengers survived the disaster.
- D) The Hindenburg was one of the most successful airships on all times.

93. (v15-101-35) According to the descriptions in the passage ...

- A) not only the rich could afford to travel on airships like the Hindenburg.
- B) life aboard the great airships was cramped and uncomfortable.
- C) the luxury ocean liners could cross the Atlantic twice the time that an airship could.
- D) the number of passengers an airship could carry was almost half that of a luxury ocean liner.

94. (v15-101-36) It is said in the passage that ...

- A) the great airships had a passenger capacity of from twenty-five to fifty passengers.
- B) after the Hindenburg disaster, there were no more airship of the same type.
- C) there were sixty-two people on board at the time of the disaster.
- D) ocean liners filled with hydrogen often ended up with explosions.

95. (v15-104-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

Everyone who has studied or written about Agatha Christie agrees on one point. She is very famous - the most famous woman writer ever. During her 85 years of life, she authored 78 crime novels, 150 short stories, 6 conventional novels, 4 non-fiction books, and 19 plays. By one count, more than two billion copies of her books and plays had been sold in 104 languages - outselling even William Shakespeare! More than 7,5 million people have seen her most famous play, *The Mousetrap*, since it first opened in 1952. But, despite all of this fame, Agatha Christie was a complex woman, whom few people fully understand. The public's knowledge of Christie is limited, because she carefully avoided public appearances, said little in public, and never gave public speeches. In her autobiography, Christie wrote how slow-witted she was as a child, and chronically incapable of expressing her feelings. Christie once decided to turn to music, since she was sufficiently talented as a pianist to consider becoming a professional. But, alas, even with small audiences, Christie would freeze up when playing the piano. She wrote, "Inarticulate I shall always be. It is probably one of the causes that have made me a writer".

According to the passage, how many crime and non-crime novels were written by Agatha Christie?

- A) 86
- B) 257
- C) 84
- D) 78

96. (v15-104-28) The author states that because of Agatha's rare appearing in public ...

- A) She could not be able to gain much popularity previously.
- B) People thought that Agatha was a kind of proud women
- C) People were unable to understand her speeches.
- D) There was not enough information about the writer for readers.

97. (v15-104-29) According to Christie's words what was one of the reasons for her becoming a writer?

- A) Her great ambition to be a professional writer as a child.
- B) Her freezing up from cold while playing the piano.
- C) Her being not talented enough to be a pianist.
- D) Not being able to express clearly what she wanted to say.

98. (v15-104-30) Which of the following is true in the passage?

- A) Agatha Christie's plays gained more success than W. Shakespeare's ones.
- B) The number of books written by Agatha Christie and William Shakespeare is equal.
- C) The books by Agatha Christie were bought by more readers than those by W. Shakespeare.
- D) Agatha Christie's books were translated into more languages than W. Shakespeare's books.

99. (v15-110-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31-33).

One of the most famous panics in the United States was begun by a radio broadcast. In 1938, CBS radio broadcast a dramatisation of a science fiction novel by H.G. Wells called "War of the Worlds". It told the story of an invasion from Mars with the Martians landing in New Jersey and taking over New York fifteen minutes later. The story was told in a realistic fashion with the actors playing reporters giving "live" reports from the scene. At the beginning of the broadcast, there was an announcement that the story was fictional, but most people tuned in too late to hear it. As a result, there were traffic jams all over New York and New Jersey as people tried to flee what they thought was a real invasion.

The passage tells us that ...

- A) a panic was caused by people believing a fictional radio broadcast.
- B) Martians landed in New Jersey in 1938.
- C) H.G. Wells was a famous non-fiction author.
- D) a reporter named H.G. Wells spread a fictional story to frighten people.

100. (v15-110-32) According to the passage one reason people panicked was that ...

- A) New Jersey, which was invaded by Martians, was very close to New York.
- B) the television scenes were so realistic that almost anyone would believe them.

- C) people believed that Martians were cruel and frightening creatures.
D) the majority of them missed the announcement that the story was fiction.

101. (v15-110-33) We can conclude from the passage that ...

- A) H.G. Wells wrote stories credible enough to take in everyone.
B) radio stations often broadcast fictional stories deliberately to cause a panic.
C) sometimes people believe things no matter how improbable they are.
D) New York and New Jersey often suffer from traffic jams.

102. (v15-116-23) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23–26).

The White House is the home and office of the President of the United States. It is located at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue in Washington, D.C. The first president to live in the White House was John Adams. He moved into the White House in 1800. Now President Barack Obama lives in the White House. An architect named James Hoban made the plans for the White House. Hoban won a design contest held by Pierre Charles L'Enfant. He was the main architect for the capital city of Washington, D.C. The White House was built between 1792 and 1800. It was built of limestone and painted white. During the War of 1812, the British Army set fire to the White House. President James Madison moved out while the house was rebuilt. In 1817, James Monroe moved into the White House. At first, people called the building the "President's Palace". However, because kings and queens live in palaces, "President's Palace" was not a good name for the house. President Theodore Roosevelt gave the building the name it has today – The White House.

Who was the main person on the construction of the White House?

- A) John Adams
B) James Madison
C) Pierre Charles L'Enfant
D) James Hoban

103. (v15-116-24) Which sentence is true for James Hoban?

- A) He was refused to be awarded by Pierre Charles L'Enfant
B) He set fire to the White House with the order of British Army.
C) He was given a permission to build the White House after reward.
D) He was the first man to move the White House.

104. (v15-116-25) According to the passage, which of the following statements is / are true?

- I) All the Presidents of the United States have lived in the White House.
II) The White House was painted white to cover up marks left from the fire.
III) James Madison was the President of the United States during the War of 1812.
A) I only
B) II only
C) I and II only
D) III only

105. (v15-116-26) What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) The reasons for building the White House.
B) The design and construction of the White House.
C) The main architect of the capital city.
D) The building materials and color of the White House.

106. (v17-102-8) Choose the answer which correctly completes the sentence.

Yen is the ... of Japan.

- A) coin
B) money
C) exchange
D) currency

107. (v19/20-102-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27–30).

The Declaration of Independence was made public on July 4, 1776. Two very important people helped create that document. Their names are Thomas Jefferson and John Adams.

It was read aloud on the steps of Independence Hall. The document lists the reasons why the colonists wanted to break free of British Crown.

John Adams went on to serve as a diplomat to foreign countries. He was also vice – president under George Washington. Then he became the second president of the United States. Jefferson also served as a diplomat to France. He was the governor of Virginia. He was also secretary of state under Washington and vice-president under Adams. Then he became the third president of the United States.

Adams and Jefferson became political opponents during their presidential years. After retiring from public life, they restored their friendship. Both fell ill in 1826. When the 93-year-old Adams died on July 4, 1826, his last words were: «Thomas Jefferson survives.» He didn't know that five hours earlier, the 83-year-old Jefferson had passed away. It seems fitting that two of the great heroes of American freedom died hours apart on the fiftieth anniversary of the United States' birth.

It is stated in the passage, that the Declaration of Independence ...

- A) was created by the President of the country
B) was signed on July 4, 1776 by the Congressional representatives
C) was proclaimed on July 4, 1776
D) was written on July 4, 1776

108. (v19/20-102-28) The Declaration of Independence ...

- A) mentioned two very important people to create the document
B) was read inside the Independence Hall
C) proclaimed the US Independence from the British Crown
D) declared the Independence of British Crown

109. (v19/20-102-29) You can infer from the passage that Adams and Jefferson ...

- A) were enemies during all their lives
B) served as diplomats to the same foreign countries
C) could never be friends because of their political beliefs
D) competed with each other in presidential race

110. (v19/20-102-30) According to the passage, two very important people who helped create that document ...

- A) parted as enemies forever
B) passed away approximately on the same day
C) never renewed their friendship
D) were always political opponents

111. (v19/20-103-27) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (27–30).

The first castles constructed in England were made from earth and timber. Since these castles were constructed from wood, they were highly perceptive to attacks by fire. Wooden castles were gradually replaced by stone, which greatly increased the strength of these fortifications; however, being made from stone did not make these castles entirely fireproof. Attackers could hurl flaming objects into the castle through the windows or set fire to the wooden doors. This led to moving the windows and entrances off of the ground floor and up to the first floor to make them more difficult to access.

As the nobility gathered wealth, England became increasingly attractive to those who sought to plunder. In response to these attacks, castle defenses were updated and improved. Arrow-slits were added. Towers were built, defenders could provide flanking fire from there. These towers were connected to the castle by wooden bridges, so that if one tower fell, the rest of the castle was still easy to defend. Multiple rings of castle walls were constructed, so that even if attackers made it past one wall, they would be caught on a killing ground between inner and outer walls. Advances such as these greatly increased the defense of castles.

Defense mechanisms were modernized ...

- A) in response to the enemy attacks.
B) because of the growing number of casualties.
C) only when it was really necessary.
D) thanks to the wealth gained by the nobility.

112. (v19/20-103-28) Which best explains why wooden castles were converted to stone castles?

- A) Stone castles stay cooler in the summer.
B) Wooden castles are uncomfortable.
C) Stone castles offer better defense.
D) Wooden castles take a long time to build.

113. (v19/20-103-29) Which is not described in the text as an improvement in castle defenses?

- A) Towers attached to the main castle by wooden bridges
B) Windows and entrances raised off of the ground floor
C) Deep ditches dug around the castle walls and filled with water
D) Multiple castle walls providing layers of defenses

114. (v19/20-103-30) Choose the best option to replace the word timber.

- A) Log
B) Concrete
C) Stone
D) Brick

115. (v19/20-110-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23–26).

Some experts believe that robots will be able to do jobs, which at the moment only human beings can do; however, there are also others who disagree. One London Company, UAS has already developed machines that can be employed as «home-helps» for old people unable to look after themselves and who are living on their own. These machines can now carry out such things as cook eggs and clean the floor, and the company says that future models will be directed by simple voice instructions and controlled by a «brain». Yet it is believed that we have a long way to go before we can develop truly intelligent machines.

What does the word «to carry out» in the passage above mean?

- A) to use
- B) to employ
- C) to direct
- D) to do

116. (v19/20-110-24) We understand from the passage that although robots can do certain jobs, ...

- A) there are still many others which can only be done by human beings.
- B) they are satisfactory for all experts.
- C) old people are still unable to look after themselves.
- D) these cannot be done by human beings.

117. (v19/20-110-25) The London company hopes to make a robot soon ...

- A) that will respond to spoken orders.
- B) with a simple voice.
- C) that has a brain to cook eggs.
- D) to clean the floor of old people.

118. (v19/20-110-26) We can infer from the passage that in developing intelligent robots ...

- A) we have few problems left.
- B) there are many problems to overcome.
- C) scientists should agree with each other.
- D) experts have covered a long way.

115. Correct questions to the statement

1. (99-9-49) Choose the best question to the sentence.

The captain ordered the cargo to be unloaded at once.

- A) Why did the crew refuse to do it?
- B) Why were the sailors slow?
- C) Whom did the captain order?
- D) What did the captain order?
- E) What did the customers do?

2. (00-2-33) Choose the best question.

Bill reads newspapers in the kitchen every morning.

- A) Where do they read newspapers?
- B) How many newspapers does Bill have?
- C) Who cooks in the kitchen?
- D) Where does he buy newspapers?
- E) What does Bill do in the kitchen?

3. (02-7-43) Choose the best question to the sentence. She is going to spend the weekend with her friends.

- A) Who is going to spend the weekend with her friends?
- B) Who is she going to spend her weekend with?
- C) Where is she going to spend her weekend?

D) Is she going to spend the weekend with her friends?

E) She is going to spend the weekend with her friends, isn't she?

4. (v4-112-15) Choose the best question to the sentence.

At the entrance to New York Harbour you can see a great statue called the Statue of Liberty.

- A) You told me you'd seen the statue of Liberty, didn't you?
- B) Have you read anything about the famous statues that were found during archaeological excavations in Greece?
- C) What is the first thing that people coming to America by ship see in New York Harbour?
- D) Is it true that the statue is about ninety five meters high?
- E) What means the Statue of Liberty?

5. (v15-115-34) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (34-36).

Cities are a universal symbol of civilization.

They have been found in every country that has gone beyond a simple agricultural economy, regardless of whether there was industrial or technological development.

The history of civilization is the history of the city. From their origins as places where people gathered for mutual safety or defense, cities have gone on to become marketplaces for goods and ideas, seats of government, and centers of religious devotion. By division of labor and by easing communication between people, cities created the opportunity to invent new technologies and new ways of viewing life. While many individual geniuses have come from rural backgrounds, it has been in the cities that they have found inspiration and scope for their talents.

The author states that cities ...

- A) have created more geniuses than have rural areas
- B) have developed in every country that has had a simple agricultural economy
- C) are a worldwide phenomenon and have historical significance
- D) have only arisen in countries that are industrially or technologically developed

6. (v15-115-35) According to the passage, it is clear that in the beginning cities ...

- A) had importance, as governments were located there
- B) functioned as places of safety in times of danger
- C) were centers where people gathered for religious reasons
- D) were primarily marketplaces where goods were traded

7. (v15-115-36) What point does the author make about geniuses?

- A) They have no chance to improve themselves in intellectually uninspiring rural situations.
- B) They visit cities to get ideas and then return to their houses in more peaceful rural places.
- C) They can be born anywhere, but have more opportunity to develop their talents in cities.
- D) They are almost never found in the country as they are of little use in such an environment.

116. Drawing conclusion. Continue the idea

1. (97-5-48) Today's newspaper was ...

- A) sleeping in bed
- B) on the table untouched by anybody
- C) has been looked through
- D) sells hot dogs
- E) going for

2. (98-3-29) Choose what advice people gave Alice. Alice married Mark two years ago. He gave her a very expensive diamond ring before their marriage. When she got back from her holiday she realised that she had lost her ring.

- A) I advised her to take her husband to the theatre
- B) I suggested that Alice should leave the key with the door neighbour
- C) I told Alice to buy another watch
- D) I suggested that Alice should tell her husband the truth
- E) I advised Alice not to tell her mother

3. (00-7-46) Choose the appropriate conclusion which may be taken from the following facts.

Helen refused to keep our company.

- A) He must be very conceited.
- B) I'm sure they have made up their quarrel.
- C) The woman may have done her washing.
- D) Evidently Helen will not return in May.
- E) The weather must be very nice.

4. (00-7-47) Choose the appropriate conclusion which may be taken from the following facts.

He replaced the tyre by himself.

- A) He had to replace the tyre as it was quite good.
- B) He needn't have replaced the tyre as it was good
- C) He may be replacing the tyre
- D) He could have replaced the tyre
- E) He is unlikely to replace the tyre by himself yesterday

5. (02-6-11) Choose the antonym to the word "top" according to test 1.

- A) bottom
- B) foot
- C) low
- D) below
- E) beneath

6. (02-6-63) Read the passage and choose the best answer.

There was silence. Neither Mr. Mayne nor Mr. Bridge spoke. Mr. Mayne looked across at Mr. Bridge and waited. Both wanted the other to speak. Neither spoke. It was as if each felt that whoever spoke first would lose. Presently they rose together and together said: "Well I must be going". Then they nodded slightly to each other and did indeed go. So they agreed to separate, but an both sides there was regret, for each was deeply convinced that they could have formed a business partnership that would have given them fame and wealth. When Mr. Mayne and Mr. Bridge separated, ...

- A) each was confident that the partnership would flourish
- B) they both seemed relieved.
- C) they agreed to meet soon.
- D) both were feeling disappointed.
- E) they were equally pleased with themselves.

7. (02-11-7) Complete the sentence according to the text.

Not many people ...

- A) were burnt down
- B) became homeless
- C) lost their houses
- D) left their houses
- E) lost their lives

8. (03-3-39) Choose the best answer.

Bears may look friendly, but they can be very dangerous. Bears that have been frightened or attacked will fight fiercely. They have sharp claws which they use to fight. They may also use their teeth. Bears are large, strong animals. They can defend themselves well. According to the passage bears ...

- A) can be dangerous at first sight but they are friendly.
- B) are frightened and they run away.
- C) look friendly and are afraid of people.
- D) have sharp claws and weak teeth.
- E) use their teeth or sharp claws and can be dangerous.

9. (v5-149-34) Choose the right continuation. If I had seen her. I ... glad.

- A) is glad
- B) were very glad
- C) was glad
- D) should have been glad
- E) would be glad

10. (v12z-104-29) Read the passage and choose the correct answer for the gaps 29-31 in the text.

I work in a large office with about thirty other people, most of (29) ... I know quite well. In fact, most of my colleagues are so interesting that I (30) ... of writing a book about them. One of the sales representatives, Keith, is (31) ... Betty from overseas department. And plenty of other things are going on.

- A) whom
- B) which
- C) who
- D) whose

11. (v12z-104-30)

- A) thought
- B) am thinking
- C) am thought
- D) think

12. (v12z-104-31)

- A) offering
- B) seeing
- C) sending
- D) marching

13. (v15-102-31) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (31-33).

Our tour group of forty people made the train Journey from Hong Kong to Guangzhou on Christmas Day, 1979. We were taken to the thirty-three storey White Cloud Hotel. Even though it was only two years old, the rooms and furnishings already seemed frayed and old. Tips were not allowed and the hotel staff appeared rude. Breakfast was served promptly at seven forty-five. Forty fried eggs appeared on forty plates laid out at four separate tables, ten to a table. Most of our groups were still asleep in their beds while their eggs awaited them. Metal teapots were banged on to the tables, together with eighty pieces of toast, twenty per table. At nine sharp, breakfast was over. Eggs, tea and toast were taken away by waitresses within five minutes. This was our introduction to life in Communist China.

From the passage one can conclude that the White Cloud Hotel ...

- A) was really quite a small hotel.
- B) had thirty three rooms in total.
- C) was modern but full of antiques.
- D) had rather unfriendly staff.

14. (v15-102-32) As is seen from the passage breakfast at the White Cloud Hotel ...

- A) was generous and delicious with fast service.
- B) was delivered by room service to some guests.
- C) was served whether guests wanted it or not.
- D) could be selected from a wide-ranging menu.

15. (v15-115-27) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (27-30).

For many years scientists have been trying to define the nature of human intelligence. However, they have been unable to agree on whether there is one kind of intelligence, or several kinds. In the early 20th century, psychologist Charles Spearman came up with the concept of 'g' or 'general intelligence'. He gave subjects a variety of different tests and found that the people who performed well in the tests used one part of the brain, which he called 'g', for all the tests. More recently, research has found that this idea may well be true, as one part of the brain shows increased blood flow during testing. However, some scientists believe that intelligence is a matter of how much people have learned rather than some ability they are born with.

They believe that environment also matters. What was the reason for the investigation for many years into the nature of human intelligence?

- A) to define the difference among several kinds of intelligence
- B) to identify if human intelligence varies
- C) to find out more about "general intelligence"
- D) to know about why humanity is intelligent

16. (v15-115-28) How did Charles Spearman experiment on his concept?

- A) through various subjects
- B) through one part of the brain
- C) through blood flow
- D) through assorted tests

17. (v15-115-29) According to the passage, some scientists suppose that ...

- A) surroundings effect on the nature of intelligence.
- B) people can be intelligent only by learning.
- C) environs don't play as great role as capacity.
- D) human being is born with intelligence.

18. (v15-115-30) What is the main topic of the text?

- A) The nature of intelligence
- B) Charles Spearman's concept
- C) Researches on testing
- D) Human's brain and how it works

19. (v15-131-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

Salt is a mineral that consists mostly of sodium chloride (NaCl). It is an essential nutrient for animals, yet it is toxic to most plants.

Saltiness is one of the basic tastes perceived by the tongue, making it an esteemed and ubiquitous food flavoring. It also "retains vegetables" vivid colors when parboiling, removes bitterness from salad greens, freezes ice cream, quickly cools boiling water, maintains the freshness of cut flowers, removes stains on clothing, alleviates pain in your neck, is an ingredient in soap, according to Jo. Darlene McFarlane in her article "Household Uses for Table Salt" recommends testing an egg's freshness by placing it in a cup of salt water. An egg that floats is not fresh. Ants will not venture onto a salt-covered surface, according to Mc Farlane, so she suggests sprinkling it on windowsills and in doorways to repel them from your residence.

The author's purpose is to ...

- A) discuss the use of salt as a pesticide.
- B) describe the harm of salt for flora.
- C) enumerate the myriad uses of salt.
- D) explain the etymology of the word "salt".

20. (v15-131-24) What does the word "venture" in bold mean?

- A) to risk
- B) to attract
- C) to approach
- D) to crawl

21. (v15-131-25) Which sentence is not true according to the passage?

- A) Salt intensifies the ache in your body.
- B) Salt is significant nourishment for animals.
- C) Salt allows food bright appearance.
- D) Salt is a helpful substance in household.

22. (v15-131-26) According to the passage if you want to verify worthiness of an egg you ...

- A) can crack it immediately.
- B) can bring it to boil.
- C) can put on the windowsills.
- D) can put it into saline water.

23. (v18-700) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (700-701).

Samba is one of the Brazil's most popular music and dance styles. There are many different types of samba, and these styles differ throughout Brazil. Today, one of the most popular types of samba comes from Bahia, a state in the eastern part of the country. It's called samba reggae. Today in Bahia, 80 percent of the population is black. Samba from this region of Brazil is heavily influenced by African rhythms. Modern samba reggae is a mix of Rio samba, African drumbeats, and Jamaican reggae. It's a bit slower than Rio samba, and is usually performed in large groups. Bahia's most famous drumming group is Olodum. Many people say, the group invented the samba reggae sound. Its members have also created local organizations to help young people and the poor. Every year in the city of Salvador in Bahia, the lively sounds of samba reggae fill the streets during Carnaval one of the world's greatest parties.

According to the passage, samba reggae ...

- A) is faster and more energetic than Rio samba
- B) started in Jamaica
- C) is most popular in Rio de Janeiro
- D) is a mix of different kinds of music

24. (v18-701) What is the main idea of this passage?

- A) Samba reggae is an important type of music in Brazil
 B) Rio samba is very popular all over the world
 C) Samba is a type of African music
 D) The Rio Carnival is the most important festival in Brazil

25. (v18-702) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (702-703).

Every summer many people, both men and women, try to swim across the English Channel from England to France and from France to England. The distance at the nearest points is only about twenty miles, but because of the strong currents the distance may be twice as far. The first man to succeed in swimming across the Channel was Captain Webb, an Englishman. This was in August, 1875. He landed in France 21 hours 45 minutes after entering the water at Dover. Since then there have been many successful swims and the time has been shortened. A French swimmer crossed the Channel in 11 hours and 5 minutes. Swimming the Channel is not as easy as it might seem because ...

- A) the distance between the two countries is too far.
 B) so few people try to swim it.
 C) there are very strong currents.
 D) it takes too much time.

26. (v18-703) The time Captain Webb needed to swim across the channel ...

- A) was thought to be unreal.
 B) has since been nearly reduced to half.
 C) still remains a record.
 D) was thought to be far too long.

27. (v18-704) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (704-705).

Basic Skills Proficiency - Undergraduate Students Each student must meet standards of proficiency in the basic skills area of reading, writing, and mathematics established by the college. In addition, the board of trustees has mandated that students meet a university-wide minimal level of skills proficiency before entrance to the upper division. Consequently, students will be tested in these areas after admission, but prior to their freshman year, so as to determine whether they meet minimal university standards and the college's standards. Those who fail initially to meet these requirements will be given appropriate remedial instruction to assist them in achieving the required skills-competency levels. Students who fail to achieve the minimal standards of the university by the end of their sophomore year will not be permitted to continue in the university. Students who fail to meet minimal standards upon admission ...

- A) must take remedial courses their first year.
 B) are required to take remedial courses for two years.
 C) will have their admission permits revoked.
 D) are required to take further tests during their freshman year.

28. (v18-705) Students who do not meet minimal standards at the end of two years will ...

- A) have to reapply for admission.
 B) be required to take further remedial courses.

- C) have to take additional tests.
 D) be expelled from the university.

29. (v18-706) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (706-707).

Earthquakes are the most lethal of all natural disasters. What causes them? Geologists explain them in terms of a theory known as plate tectonics. Continents are floating apart from each other; this is referred to as the continental drift. About sixty miles below the surface of the sea, there is a semi molten bed of rock over which plates, or slabs, carry continents and sea floors at a rate of several inches a year. As the plates separate from each other, a new sea floor is formed by the molten matter that was formerly beneath. Volcanic islands and large mountain ranges are created by this type of movement. The plates there are constantly pushing and pulling adjacent plates, thereby creating constant tremors and a potential for earthquakes in the area. Geologists would like to be able to predict earthquakes accurately. Using laser beams, seismographs, gravity-measuring devices, and radio telescopes, they are presently studying the San Andreas Fault to determine the rate of strain and the amount of ground slippage.

Continental drift is the concept that ...

- A) new continents are developing beneath the sea.
 B) continents are separating.
 C) continents are 60 miles apart from each other.
 D) continents are drawing nearer to each other.

30. (v18-707) Geologists are using modern technology to ...

- A) control ground slippage.
 B) measure the accuracy of earthquakes.
 C) enhance their reputations.
 D) help predict earthquakes.

31. (v18-708) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (708-710).

In the town of Lampang in northern Thailand, there is an unusual group of musicians. They play many different kinds of music—everything from traditional Thai songs to music by Beethoven. They are elephants. These musical elephants started at the Thai Elephant Conservation Center (TECC) in Lampang. It protects animals and encourages elephants to paint. Richard Lair works with the TECC. He knows a lot about elephants. But, in fact, elephants hear better than they see. And so he had an idea: if elephants are intelligent and they have good hearing, maybe they can play music. To test his idea, Lair and his friends started the Thai Elephant Orchestra. During a performance, the elephants play a variety of instruments, including the drums and the xylophone. The animals also use their voices and trunks to make sounds. Elephants are very creative. Humans encourage the animals to play, but the elephants make their own songs; they don't just copy their trainers or other people. According the passage, the elephants at the TECC ...

- A) hear better than see.
 B) copy humans to play music.
 C) make their own instruments.
 D) aren't able to paint.

32. (v18-709) Why did Richard Lair start the Thai Elephant Orchestra?

- A) He wanted to be famous in Thailand
 B) He believed elephants could play music
 C) He heard the elephants playing music
 D) He needed to make money for the TECC

33. (v18-710) Choose the best little for this passage.

- A) Elephants in Danger
 B) Teaching Elephants to paint
 C) An Unusual Orchestra
 D) TECC Trainers

34. (v18-711) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to question (711-712).

A few years ago a shortage of natural gas drove prices sky high. Likewise, gasoline prices rose when demands exceeded supplies. A glut in the oil market drove prices back down. The law of supply and demand functioned according to textbook description in the case of oil, but the situation is otherwise in the current natural gas market. Natural gas consumers are finding their Heating bills more of a burden than last year, in spite of a dramatic increase in supplies. There is so much natural gas available that many suppliers are closing down their plants for lack of a market, and it is rumored that some suppliers are even burning off their surplus gas.

You can infer that the law of supply and demand means that prices ...

- A) stay even when supplies are abundant.
 B) rise if supplies are abundant.
 C) rise if supplies are limited.
 D) fall if supplies are limited.

35. (v18-712) You can infer that gas suppliers are burning their surplus gas in order to ...

- A) create a glut in the market.
 B) create a shortage to sustain high prices.
 C) get rid of an inferior product.
 D) lower the prices on their product.

36. (v18-713) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (713-715).

Many people with high IQ scores fail to become successful due to lack of motivation, laziness, or short attention span. In contrast, some people with low IQ succeed with greater personal dedication, systematic effort, and motivation. One can eliminate the disadvantage that comes with a low IQ score by choosing the right career path. For example, one might have special talents for a particular sport while failing to perform as well as the others academically. This can be justified with greater motivation and dedication. Individuals will have greater motivation in pursuing careers they are skilled. They will like it more and put more effort in it. One of the best ways parents can help is to help their children discover themselves and their skills.

Начало формы

Some very intelligent people can have failures because

- A) they have short life span
 B) they focus on details too much
 C) of various factors
 D) they are expected to do so by the society

37. (v18-714) People with low IQ scores may very well be successful

- A) but they lack motivation and personality
- B) as they are praised by their teachers
- C) since they devote themselves to their tasks and perform a great effort
- D) although they have great abilities and intelligence

38. (v18-715) We can infer from the passage that

- A) success is not always an indicator of intelligence
- B) Western cultures focus on ability as the major determinant of success
- C) an athlete can be successful in every sports if he has high IQ scores
- D) infants adopted by privileged families tend to have higher IQs

39. (v18-716) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (716-719).

A onetime illustrator, Winslow Homer painted in a careful, clear, accurately detailed, and convincing manner. Homer worked on "Breezing Up" at intervals over a period of three years. It was the result of intense study, and it grew out of two earlier studies of the scene, a watercolor and a small oil painting. Sun-bronzed boys in their weather beaten clothes were a common sight in New England in Homer's time, as were fishermen like the one in the red jacket, shown crouching as he holds the mainsheet. In the rising wind, the boys have positioned themselves to counter balance the tilt of the boat as it speeds along in a choppy sea. The lad stretched full length by the mast seems oblivious to the spray of the bow waves; the boy beside him, silhouetted against the sky, holds onto the coaming. The light that highlights the figures of the sailors also illuminates the scales of the fish in the bottom of the boat. The picture gives us a sense of the pleasure and independence of sailing.

According to the passage, Winslow Homer's style of painting can best be described as

- A) precise
- B) complicated
- C) abstract
- D) amusing

40. (v18-717) According to the passage, the painting "Breezing Up" was the result of

- A) a short burst of inspiration
- B) periods of work over several years
- C) three years of continuous work
- D) a lifetime of studying the sea

41. (v18-718) The boys in the painting have assumed their positions to

- A) hold onto the fishing nets
- B) enjoy the spray of the waves
- C) prevent the boat from overturning
- D) keep the mast in the correct place

42. (v18-719) It can be inferred from the passage that the title of the painting refers to the

- A) boat's appearance
- B) rising wind
- C) boat's angle
- D) light's source

43. (v18-720) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (720-722).

A tic is a repeated, impulsive action, reflexive in nature, which the actor feels

powerless to control or avoid. Only when the individual performs the tic, is tension and anxiety released within the individual with a tic disorder. Tics can be triggered by an emotional state or sensation, or can happen for no obvious reason. General types of tics include verbal tics, facial tics, and other muscular tics. Physical and psychological therapy and medication can cause tics to go away, often permanently. Muscular tics look something like twitches or quick grimaces, and often affect the eyes and hands. Muscular tics can affect multiple muscles at once. Some forms of stuttering are caused by muscular tics in the throat, tongue, or vocal cords when speaking or preparing to speak.

According to the reading, tics

- A) are nothing to be fearful of
- B) are not voluntary movements and they can't be consciously controlled
- C) can be stopped voluntarily for brief periods
- D) do not need particular treatment

44. (v18-721) As it is pointed out in the passage

- A) there is usually no need to see the health care provider for a tic
- B) a tic can involve only one muscle at a time
- C) people with tics often feel relief after the tic is over
- D) drugs used to treat tics have a low rate of success

45. (v18-722) One can infer from the passage that

- A) anxiety can be a side effect of medication to treat tics
- B) the cause may be harder to detect in the case of a facial tic
- C) most tics are mild and hardly noticeable
- D) psychological support may be helpful for those with tics

46. (v18-723) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (723-725).

Scratchy throats, stuffy noses and body aches all spell misery, but being able to tell if the cause is a cold or flu may make a difference in how long the flu lasts. That's because the prescription drugs available for the flu need to be taken soon after the illness sets in although the symptoms can be eased with over the counter medications. As for colds, the sooner a person starts taking over-the-counter remedy, the sooner relief will come. Cold symptoms such as stuffy nose, runny nose and scratchy throat typically develop gradually, and adults and teens often do not get a fever. On the other hand, fever is one of the characteristic features of the flu for all ages. And in general, flu symptoms including fever and chills, sore throat and body aches come on suddenly and are more severe than cold symptoms.

According to the passage, knowing the cause of scratchy throats, stuffy noses and body aches

- A) reduces the likelihood of catching cold
- B) sometimes doesn't help patients lessen the severity of symptoms
- C) encourages patients to buy over-the-counter medications
- D) will shorten the duration of the flu

47. (v18-724) According to the passage, to combat the flu effectively,

- A) the virus which causes the disease has to be identified
- B) patients should only use over-the-counter medications
- C) one should take the necessary medications upon catching the disease
- D) there is no reason to see a doctor

48. (v18-725) It is pointed out in the reading that

- A) over-the-counter drugs can be taken to ease the misery caused by a cold or the flu
- B) flu symptoms are not as severe as cold symptoms
- C) the flu can be prevented by the flu vaccine
- D) one doesn't need to take any medicine if he has a cold or the flu

49. (v18-726) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (726-728).

The origins of a written literature can be found in most of the civilizations of the ancient world; in India, China, and among the Jewish people whose great work of literature is taken to present. The start of Western literature is the Old Testament of the Bible. Their greatest single contribution was drama, a form of literature that has continued undiminished to the present day. Other literary forms that developed from the time of the Greeks and Romans onwards have been Poetry in its many different styles and forms; the essay; biography and autobiography; and the novel.

According to the passage,

- A) the ancient world was based upon the written literature
- B) Bible is submitted to the Jewish people as their holy book
- C) Western literature is considered to be constructed upon the Greek literature
- D) Greek literature is not the start of western Chinese and Indian literatures

50. (v18-727) Written literature

- A) has existed since the civilizations of the ancient world
- B) is a branch of drama
- C) is established primarily on poetry, biography, autobiography and the novel
- D) is separated into two; oral literature and written literature

41. (v18-728) It can be drawn out of the passage that

- A) holy book Bible is a form of drama
- B) although poetry was invented by Greeks and Romans, it was changed considerably by the Chinese
- C) the origin of drama is based upon the Old Testament
- D) biography and autobiography are the only branches of Roman and Greek literature

42. (v19/20-101-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

John liked chocolates very much. But his mother never gave him any, because she thought they were bad for his teeth. But John had a very nice grandfather. The old man loved his grandson, and sometimes he brought John chocolates when he came to visit him.

Then John's mother let him eat them, because she wanted to make the old man happy.

One evening, a few days before John's seventh birthday, he was saying his wishes in his bedroom before he went to be «Please, God,» he shouted, «make them give me a big box of chocolates for my birthday on Saturday.»

His mother was in the kitchen, but she heard the small boy shouting and went into his room quickly.

«Why are you shouting, John?» she asked her son, «God can hear you when you talk quietly.»

«I know,» answered the boy with a smile on his face. After his mother went out, John said to himself, «My grandfather is in the next room, and he can't.»

According to the passage, John's mother ...

- A) didn't like John's culinary tendencies
- B) swore to God not to give chocolates to her son
- C) gave her son chocolates only once a week
- D) gave no chocolates to his son

43. (v19/20-101-24) How did John's grandfather give him chocolates?

- A) Every time he came to his grandson.
- B) He sent them from time to time by parcel.
- C) Now and then when he came to his grandson.
- D) When he wanted chocolates himself.

44. (v19/20-101-25) Why did John's mother let him eat chocolates then?

- A) She liked chocolates too.
- B) She wanted to do something pleasant to her father.
- C) She wanted God to help him.
- D) She occurred to learn that it would do her son good.

45. (v19/20-101-26) Why was John shouting one evening in his bedroom?

- A) He wanted his grandfather to hear him.
- B) He was full of chocolate and he couldn't eat more.
- C) He dreamt about chocolates.
- D) He wanted his birthday come sooner.

46. (v19/20-102-19) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (19-22).

Happiness means different things to different people. For example, some people believe that if they have much money or many things, they will be happy. They believe that if they are wealthy, they will be able to do everything they want, and so they will be happy. On the other hand, some people believe that money is not the only happiness. These people value their religion, or their intelligence, or their health; these make them happy. For me, happiness is closely tied to my family. I am happy if my wife, my children and I live in harmony. When all members of my family share good and sad times, and when my wife and I communicate with each other and work together, I am happy. Although the definition of happiness depends on each individual, my «wealth» of happiness is in my family.

The writer is happy so long as ...

- A) his family has good and bad times.
- B) there is no disagreement among family members.
- C) his health is good.
- D) he has enough money to live with his family.

47. (v19/20-102-20) According to some people, happiness means ...

- A) sad times.
- B) nothing.
- C) good health.
- D) being unable to do everything.

48. (v19/20-102-21) It is clear in the passage that definition of happiness ...

- A) satisfies no one.
- B) changes from person to person.
- C) is being rich and doing anything one wants.
- D) is the same for all people.

49. (v19/20-102-22) The word «individual» in the passage refers to ...

- A) an insect
- B) an animal
- C) a person
- D) a bird

50. (v19/20-104-23) Read and answer the following four questions about the text (23-26).

In Colonial times, people used animals for many things. Horses moved people from place to place. Plowing the fields was done by oxen because they were strong. Cows and goats gave milk for butter and cheese. Chickens provided eggs and meat. Bees made honey that Colonists used to sweeten food and drinks. They also made beeswax that could be used for candles. Many Colonists built outside stalls to house their larger animals, such as horses and cows. Others built barns with pens inside them. Chickens were put inside coops made of wire and wood, with a door at one end. Pigsties were built for the pigs. These were wooden pens with large flat places for them to sleep or lie down. Beehives were made out of wood or straw. These hives were put in gardens so that the bees could collect pollen from flowers and make honey. Taking care of the animals was needed to take care of one's own family.

Why did the Colonists care for their animals?

- A) so the animals would enjoy summer vacation in special farms
- B) so the animals would provide transportation and food for them
- C) so the animals would grow very large and strong
- D) so the animals would have a nice place to live

51. (v19/20-104-24) According to the passage, a coop ...

- A) provided eggs and honey
- B) was a place where pigs lived
- C) was a type of shelter for birds
- D) could be used for candles

52. (v19/20-104-25) It is clear from the passage that horses ...

- A) were used for getting from one place to another.
- B) were used in agriculture and delivering mail.
- C) were helpful in making milk for butter and cheese,
- D) were used for racing.

53. (v19/20-104-26) All of the statements are False, Except ...

- A) all domestic animals lived with people inside the houses.
- B) domestic animals were very useful for people.
- C) most places for the animals were made of wood and silk.
- D) oxen gave milk for butter and cheese.

117. Identify a mistake/wrong statement

1. (99-5-57) The five underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C) and (D). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

A car crashed / A into a / B wall. A / C driver of the car wasn't / D hurt but the car was quite badly / E damaged.

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D
- E) E

2. (99-5-60) The five underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

I didn't / A need one more suspect at this time Mrs. Munsing couldn't have / B killed the other / C two women as easy / C as / E the others could do.

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D
- E) E

3. (99-5-64) The five underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

Uzbekistan is a / A democratic republic. Executive power is hold / B by / C a president who is elected / D for a five-year / E term.

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D
- E) E

4. (99-5-65) The five underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

The / A region of present day Uzbekistan was the / B site of the ancient Persian province of Sogdiana and was conquered / C by / D Alexander the Great in fourth / E century BC.

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D
- E) E

5. (99-5-66) The five underlined parts of the sentence are marked (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E). Identify the one underlined word or phrase that must be changed in order for the sentence to be correct.

Right now tide is / A low, but when the / B tide come in / C, the / D ship leaves / E the harbour.

- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D
- E) E

6. (01-1-39) Choose the word or phrase that should be corrected.

I am sure (1) nobody works (2) the hardest (3) than my daughter is doing (4) these days (5).

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4
- E) 5

7. (01-1-40) Choose the word or phrase that should be corrected. On arriving (1) in the airport (2) the tourists found out (3) their flight (4) had been delayed (5).

- A) 1
- B) 2
- C) 3
- D) 4
- E) 5

8. (v5-147-11) Choose the mistake.

The six string on guitar are turned in seven.

- A) on
- B) turned
- C) the
- D) are
- E) string

9. (v5-157-25) Choose the wrong statement.

Sarah Gale sells beauty aids. She is a saleswoman. She goes to house and knocks on the door. She tells the woman of the house about her beauty aids. Many women want to be beautiful. They are interested in her beauty aids. Sarah sells ...

- A) Many women want to be beautiful.
- B) Women don't like to buy beauty aids.
- C) Sarah is a saleswoman of beauty aids.
- D) Women are interested in the beauty aids.
- E) She goes to a house and sells beauty aids.

10. (v5-160-35) Choose the mistake.

In ancient times and throughout the Middle Ages, many people believed that the Earth is motionless.

- A) believed
- B) is
- C) throughout
- D) the Earth
- E) many people

11. (v15-109-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

Parents too weak-willed, indulgent or exhausted to insist that their children turn off the television can take hope from a new gadget introduced in the United States. TV Allowance is an electronic disciplinarian that permits each member of the family a specific amount of viewing time and turns off the set when it runs out.

The machine was invented by an amateur scientist from Florida who said that his family life was being destroyed by battles with his children over the amount of time they spent in front of the box. The principle is simple: every member of the family is allotted an individual code which must be punched into the machine to turn the television on; each minute watched deducts a minute from that person's viewing allocation. The inventor, Randal Levenson, said that the machine teaches the young self-discipline and discrimination and, moreover, instills the essentials of capitalism since children can save their viewing time, barter it with each other or team up to maximize their resources.

According to the text, all the statements are TRUE EXCEPT:

- A) The inventor, Randal Levenson, is a professional scientist.
- B) Each member of the family has their own individual number to type in.
- C) By the device children can learn fundamentals of capitalism.
- D) Mr. Levenson used to shout at his children a lot.

12. (v15-109-24) What was Randal Levenson's main purpose of inventing the machine?

- A) To develop his children's knowledge of capitalism.
- B) To prevent his family from frequent quarrels.
- C) To introduce a new gadget and rise to fame.
- D) To economize electricity with the help of this gadget.

13. (v15-109-25) How does the author describe the machine in the passage?

- A) electronic disciplinarian
- B) person's viewing allocation
- C) specific amount of viewing time
- D) team up to maximize recourses

14. (v15-109-26) According to the principle of TV Allowance, when your viewing time is over ...

- A) you must punch your code.
- B) you have to delete your allocation.
- C) your television set switches off.
- D) your parents do not let you watch TV.

15. (v15-110-23) Read the text.

Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

Like many 13 year olds, my son is a computer games hermit, emerging only to be fed and watered. Recently, to reassure me that he was not addicted, he volunteered not to touch the computer for a week. I kept a close eye on him for signs of cold turkey but apart from the fact that he recorded the music of his favorite games, so that he could listen to them on his Walkman, there was not one. On the other hand, both his sister and I suffered as his boredom increased: I hadn't realized how we have created a life without him. Suddenly he was under our feet, muttering obscenities and flicking TV channels in the middle of our favorite programmes. What he seemed to have lost was the sense that there was anything worthwhile to do other than indulge in the challenge of computer games.

Suggestions from me to go and read, swim or play badminton got a grunt and a dark look. I guess the adrenalin rush of moving up a level on Lemmings cannot be compared with a gentle read or a few lengths of the local pool. It may take another 10 years or so before society really knows the mental and physical effects of computer games on the young. Until then, parents can only feel their way in the dark as to how much and how often the games are allowed to be played.

According to the text, all the following statements are true except ...

- A) It will possibly take more than a decade for people to realize the harm of computer games.
- B) Only eating and drinking diverted the boy from playing computer games.
- C) When her son gave up computer games, he got very bored.
- D) The mother notices that there were not any signs of cold turkey for a week.

16. (v15-110-24) According to the text, "Lemmings" is ...

- A) a computer game
- B) the name of a book
- C) a swimming pool
- D) a TV programme

17. (v15-110-25) According to the passage, the mother supposes that ...

- A) The adrenalin rush of the activities she suggests is not similar to computer games.
- B) It is really difficult to cope with her son's irritating behavior.
- C) Her son appreciated that his mother was worrying about him and forcing not to play games.
- D) Her son recorded the music of his preferred games on the personal stereo.

18. (v15-110-26) Which of the following is the best title for the text?

- A) Parents and Children Relations
- B) A Significant Role of Computers
- C) The Problems Among Adults
- D) The Computer Games Addict

19. (v15-128-23) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer for each question below (23-26).

According to the United States Environmental Protection Agency, driving a car is the single most polluting thing that most of us do. This is not a new problem. In the 1950's the Los Angeles smog made head-line news. Car exhaust causes health problems. There are many solutions to the problem.

Laws were enacted as long as twenty years ago to control pollution caused by cars. Since then laws have been made, such as special nozzles on gas pumps that prevent vapor from getting into the air.

We also have more tests on cars to make sure cars are maintained in a way that protects our environment. In cities, laws ask that more people ride on buses, and employees that drive company cars should limit the time they drive and the number of trips that they make.

Cars emit several pollutants that are toxic. This causes many problems. One problem it causes is cancer. Most cars generate hydrocarbons, nitrogen oxides, and carbon monoxide.

Hydrocarbons cause eye irritation, coughing, wheezing, shortness of breath, and lung damage. Nitrogen oxide causes acid rain and leads to water quality problems. Carbon monoxide prevents oxygen from going through the lungs properly. All of these problems can be serious and affect the health of the people who live in the United States.

All of the following statements are TRUE EXCEPT:

- A) Driving a car is considered to be the least polluting thing that people do.
- B) Special nozzles are aimed to stop smog from spreading into the air.
- C) Two decades passed after making a proposal into the laws against car smog.
- D) Cancer is a kind of serious disease that can appear because of car smog.

20. (v15-128-24) The word "exhaust" in the passage is closest in meaning to ...

- A) hazard
- B) tire
- C) engine
- D) emission

21. (v15-128-25) Which of the following laws for the people in the urban areas is not mentioned in the text?

- A) to limit the number of drivers who work in companies
- B) to make fewer business trips where they have to go by car
- C) to lessen the number of hours taken to drive company cars
- D) to use public transport more instead of private cars

22. (v15-128-26) Which of the following bad effects is not mentioned in the text?

- A) cancer
- B) breathing hardly
- C) car sickness
- D) acid rain

23. (v18-729) Read the text. Then choose the correct answer to questions (729-731).

Palmistry is the practice of «reading hands», of gaining knowledge about personality, past individual history, and likely future events by examining the shape and size of the fingers and, most important, the lines and bumps on the palms themselves. There is some evidence that palmistry may have begun in the Stone Age. Hand outlines can be seen in black and red pigments on the walls of the ancient caves of Almira in Spain and in other European caves. Palmistry as it exists today probably had its origins in ancient India long before recorded history and found its way

into western Europe through nomadic bands of Gypsies, who made contact with Europe in the 10th century.

Of the following, the one not mentioned in the passage as part of palmistry is ...

- A) foretelling the future
- B) exploring people's pasts
- C) changing the events of the future
- D) learning about things that may happen

24. (v18-730) It is stated in the passage that the most essential thing for a palm reader to do is ...

117. Identify a mistake/wrong statement

- A) to examine people's past histories
- B) to inspect the fingers carefully
- C) to practice by 'reading' many palms
- D) to look closely at the surface of the palm

25. (v18-731) The passage explains that it is most likely that palmistry as we know it began ...

- A) in various parts of Europe
- B) in India in ancient times
- C) in caves in Spain
- D) in the 15th century

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